

# INDR371 - HW1

Umur Berkay Karakaş

October 24, 2022

## Question 1

- $\bar{F}$ : set of open plants
- $F$ : set of new candidate locations
- $q_f$ : capacity of facility  $f$
- $d_k$ : demand of customer  $k$
- $c$ : unit transportation cost per unit distance
- $t_{fk}$  distance between facility  $f$  and customer  $k$
- $K(f)$ : set of customer that facility  $f$  can serve
- $x_f$ : binary for whether facility  $f$  is open or not
- $p_{fk}$ : percentage of the demand of customer  $k$  satisfied by facility  $f$
- $M$ : the number of customers

$$\begin{aligned} \min \quad & \sum_{k \in K} \sum_{f \in F \cup \bar{F}} ct_{fk} p_{fk} d_k \\ \text{s.t.} \quad & \sum_{f \in F \cup \bar{F}} p_{fk} = 1 \quad , \quad \forall k \in K, \\ & \sum_{k \in K} p_{fk} d_k = q_f \quad , \quad \forall f \in F \cup \bar{F}, \\ & \sum_{f \in F} x_f = 2, \\ & \sum_{k \in K} p_{fk} \leq M x_f \quad , \quad \forall f \in F \cup \bar{F}, \\ & p_{fk} = 0 \quad , \quad \forall f \in F \cup \bar{F}, \forall k \notin K(f), \\ & x_f \in \{0, 1\} \quad , \quad \forall f \in F \cup \bar{F}, \\ & p_{fk} \geq 0 \quad , \quad \forall f \in F \cup \bar{F}, \forall k \in K(f) \end{aligned}$$

## Question 2

a)

```
Gurobi Optimizer version 9.5.2 build v9.5.2rc0 (mac64[rosetta2])
Thread count: 8 physical cores, 8 logical processors, using up to 8 threads
Optimize a model with 1 rows, 81 columns and 81 nonzeros
Model fingerprint: 0xa9e17c44
Variable types: 0 continuous, 81 integer (81 binary)
Coefficient statistics:
  Matrix range      [1e+00, 1e+00]
  Objective range   [1e+06, 5e+06]
  Bounds range      [1e+00, 1e+00]
  RHS range         [1e+00, 1e+00]
Found heuristic solution: objective 1666660.7651
Presolve removed 1 rows and 81 columns
Presolve time: 0.00s
Presolve: All rows and columns removed

Explored 0 nodes (0 simplex iterations) in 0.01 seconds (0.00 work units)
Thread count was 1 (of 8 available processors)

Solution count 2: 1.25501e+06 1.66666e+06

Optimal solution found (tolerance 1.00e-04)
Best objective 1.255005784623e+06, best bound 1.255005784623e+06, gap 0.0000%
```

Figure 1: Results of the Gurobi model for Question 2, part A

b)

I have adapted the solution in [this article](#) using "Problem UMApHMP-N". The only difference in the model is instead of limiting the number of hubs with  $p$  using

$$\sum_{k \in N} H_k = p$$

I have used

$$\sum_{k \in N} C_k H_k \leq 2400$$

where  $C_k$  corresponds to the fixed hub cost of hub  $k$  and  $H_k$  corresponds to the binary that represents whether hub  $k$  is open or not.

Other than that, I have solved the problem in 2 ways, one way is using (distance \* fixed link cost) between cities directly. The other one is calculating the shortest (distance \* fixed link cost) between each node and then using that matrix in my optimization model. In order to calculate shortest paths, I have used Floyd-Warshall algorithm.

```

Barrier performed 99 iterations in 100.64 seconds (51.76 work units)
Barrier solve interrupted - model solved by another algorithm

Concurrent spin time: 65.17s (can be avoided by choosing Method=3)

Solved with dual simplex

Root relaxation: objective 6.799391e+06, 38774 iterations, 94.15 seconds (44.94 work units)

  Nodes      | Current Node | Objective Bounds | Work
  Expl Unexpl | Obj  Depth IntInf | Incumbent  BestBd  Gap | It/Node Time
-----
    0      0 6799391.23    0   1      - 6799391.23    -    - 100s
H    0      0      6986410.7891 6799391.23 2.68%    - 102s
    0      0 6800626.28    0   3 6986410.79 6800626.28 2.66%    - 113s
    0      0 6800626.28    0   1 6986410.79 6800626.28 2.66%    - 121s
    0      0 6801466.85    0   3 6986410.79 6801466.85 2.65%    - 122s
    0      0 6801466.85    0   3 6986410.79 6801466.85 2.65%    - 125s
    0      2 6801466.85    0   3 6986410.79 6801466.85 2.65%    - 128s
   10      0 infeasible    4   6986410.79 6936773.12 0.71%  669 130s

Cutting planes:
Flow cover: 6
Flow path: 1
RLT: 1

Explored 14 nodes (58269 simplex iterations) in 130.11 seconds (81.33 work units)
Thread count was 8 (of 8 available processors)

Solution count 2: 6.98641e+06 6.98641e+06

Optimal solution found (tolerance 1.00e-04)
Best objective 6.986410789128e+06, best bound 6.986410789128e+06, gap 0.0000%

```

Figure 2: Results of the Gurobi model for Question 2, part B, without shortest paths

```

Root relaxation: objective 7.655747e+06, 31369 iterations, 79.56 seconds (39.90 work units)

  Nodes      | Current Node | Objective Bounds | Work
  Expl Unexpl | Obj  Depth IntInf | Incumbent  BestBd  Gap | It/Node Time
-----
    0      0 7655746.87    0   3      - 7655746.87    -    - 85s
H    0      0      1.065475e+07 7655746.87 28.1%    - 86s
H    0      0      9974369.5122 7655746.87 23.2%    - 87s
    0      0 7796970.98    0   5 9974369.51 7796970.98 21.8%    - 102s
    0      0 7797848.46    0   5 9974369.51 7797848.46 21.8%    - 106s
    0      0 7801281.41    0   2 9974369.51 7801281.41 21.8%    - 109s
    0      0 7801314.81    0   2 9974369.51 7801314.81 21.8%    - 112s
    0      0 7803841.96    0   2 9974369.51 7803841.96 21.8%    - 118s
    0      0 7804803.02    0   2 9974369.51 7804803.02 21.8%    - 122s
    0      0 7804843.89    0   2 9974369.51 7804843.89 21.8%    - 122s
    0      0 7804886.41    0   2 9974369.51 7804886.41 21.8%    - 123s
    0      0 7804888.52    0   2 9974369.51 7804888.52 21.8%    - 124s
    0      0 7804991.25    0   2 9974369.51 7804991.25 21.7%    - 130s
    0      0 7804992.71    0   2 9974369.51 7804992.71 21.7%    - 133s
    0      0 7805954.27    0   2 9974369.51 7805954.27 21.7%    - 136s
    0      0 7805954.36    0   2 9974369.51 7805954.36 21.7%    - 139s
    0      0 7805955.17    0   2 9974369.51 7805955.17 21.7%    - 141s
    0      0 7805955.72    0   2 9974369.51 7805955.72 21.7%    - 144s
    0      0 7805955.72    0   2 9974369.51 7805955.72 21.7%    - 149s
H    0      0      7807322.0084 7805955.72 0.02%    - 151s

Cutting planes:
Cover: 1
MIR: 9
StrongCG: 1
Flow cover: 32
Flow path: 11

Explored 1 nodes (36564 simplex iterations) in 153.71 seconds (130.69 work units)
Thread count was 8 (of 8 available processors)

Solution count 4: 7.80732e+06 7.80732e+06 9.97437e+06 1.06548e+07

Optimal solution found (tolerance 1.00e-04)
Best objective 7.807322008449e+06, best bound 7.807322008449e+06, gap 0.0000%

```

Figure 3: Results of the Gurobi model for Question 2, part B, with shortest paths