

Name:

GCE AS Physics Unit 2

Motion Scalars and Vectors Addition Subtraction Equilibrium Resolution	Can you add vectors together?	
	Can you define the difference between a scalar and a vector?	
	Can you resolve (calculate) missing forces on a beam if it is in equilibrium?	
Moments Force Perpendicular Principle of moments Centre of mass Balanced Torque	Can you define a moment?	
	Can you calculate the moment of a force around a pivot?	
	Can you identify the centre of mass for a uniform beam and find its weight using its mass?	
	Can you define the principle of moments and use it to find the forces on a beam?	
Motion in a straight line Displacement Speed Velocity Acceleration Velocity-time graphs Uniform SUVAT equations Terminal Speed Gradient Acceleration due to gravity (g) ms^{-2} Deceleration	Can you interpret a velocity-time graph highlighting when an object is accelerating, decelerating, stationary, or moving at a constant speed.	
	Can you calculate the instantaneous speed of a moving object from a velocity-time graph?	
	Can you calculate the average speed or acceleration of an object from a velocity-time graph?	
	Can you explain what is meant by Terminal Speed and the conditions required for this to happen using ideas about forces?	
	Can you use a variety of SUVAT formulas to calculate missing values in different scenarios?	
	Can you interpret a displacement-time graph and calculate the velocity of an object at any point?	

Projectile Motion Vertical motion Horizontal motion Friction Lift Drag Air Resistance = Velocity ² Trajectory	<p>Can you use the SUVAT equations or acceleration equation to solve how far an object will fall or travel horizontally within a given scenario?</p> <p>Can you describe the effect of friction on a moving object but remember that friction is usually ignored in the test questions?</p> <p>Can you recall the relationship that the air resistance for an object is equal to the velocity squared?</p> <p>Can you recall that the horizontal motion of a projectile is independent of the vertical motion, and explain this idea in a long written paragraph?</p>	<div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div>
Newton's laws of motion Three laws of motion $F = m.a$ Equal and opposite forces Forces acting on an object Balanced Unbalanced Constant mass Resultant	<p>Can you define Newton's three laws of motion?</p> <p>Can you use the relationship $F = m.a$ to find the force, mass or acceleration of a moving object?</p> <p>Can you draw a graph of velocity-time data and interpret</p> <p>Can you calculate the Resultant force acting on an object?</p>	<div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div>
Momentum Mass Velocity Rate of change of momentum Impulse Force-time graphs Impact forces Elastic Collision Inelastic Collision Conservation of momentum	<p>Can you define momentum and give the units?</p> <p>Can you calculate the momentum of an object?</p> <p>Can you explain what happens to momentum during an elastic and an inelastic collision?</p> <p>Can you describe the difference between an elastic and inelastic collision?</p> <p>Can you describe and show mathematically how momentum is conserved in collisions?</p>	<div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div>

Work, Energy and Power Energy Transfers Work done Efficiency Area under displacement-time graph Percentage efficiency Energy conservation Gravitational Potential Energy Joules Kinetic Energy Power	<p>Can you calculate the work done using the relationship $F\cos\theta$?</p> <p>Can you calculate the rate of energy being transferred using $P = \Delta W$?</p> <p>Can you calculate the efficiency and percentage efficiency of a system?</p> <p>Can you recall what the area under a force-displacement graph gives us?</p> <p>Can you recall how energy is conserved when an object transfers it from one use to another?</p>	<div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div>
Properties of Solids Density Hooke's law Tensile Stress and Strain Elastic Stress and Strain Plastic behaviour Brittleness Elastic limit	<p>Can you calculate the density of a material?</p> <p>Can you describe the difference between stress and strain?</p> <p>Can you describe the features on a characteristic curve for stress and strain on a material?</p>	<div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div>
Young Modulus Energy stored Fracture Kinetic Energy Potential Energy Units of stress Pascal's	<p>Can you calculate the Young Modulus for a material?</p> <p>Can you identify on a graph the area where the material behaves according to Hooke's law?</p> <p>Can you recall the units for stress and strain?</p>	<div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div>
Waves Oscillation Medium Amplitude Wavelength	<p>Can you describe what a progressive wave is?</p> <p>Can you define path difference?</p>	<div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div>

Speed Path difference Phase Speed of light Frequency	Can you use the relationships between wavelength and speed to find the frequency of a wave? Can you explain the difference between a transverse and a longitudinal wave? Can you describe the behaviour of a particle at any point on a transverse or longitudinal wave?	<div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div>
Polarisation Polarising materials Transverse waves only Polaroid Transmitter Receiver Vacuum Alignment of aerials	Can you give the characteristics of Transverse waves? Can you explain how the direction of particle movement in a wave is related to the direction that energy travels along it? Can you explain what a polarising material is? Can you explain why aerials need to be aligned a certain way in order to receive a signal?	<div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div>
Stationary Waves Nodes Anti-nodes First Harmonic Frequency Amplitude Fundamental frequency	Can you identify the points on a wave where you would find nodes and anti-nodes? Can you describe how a stationary wave is formed? Can you explain what a harmonic is?	<div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div>
Refraction Refractive index Total internal reflection Core Cladding Optical fibre Critical Angle	Can you calculate the refractive index for a given transparent material? Can you describe the conditions needed for total internal reflection? Can you explain the function of the core and the cladding of a piece of optical fibre? Can you calculate the critical angle of a material? That's it. Again.yeye	<div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div>