Finiteness and Case

Partly based on Koeneman & Zeiljstra (2017)

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COGS 532: Theoretical Linguistics METU, Informatics

Case assignment: Nominative

▶ Do verbs also assign the nominative case?

(1) She loves her.

Case assignment: Nominative

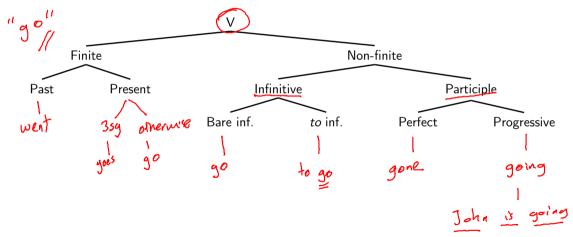
- ► Do verbs also assign the nominative case?
- (1) She loves her.

(2) a. She caused him to quit his job.
b. I saw her dancing.

Non finite -> cannot ussign Nom.

Finiteness

- ▶ Verbal items that carry tense and/or agreement features are finite.
- ▶ Nominative case assignment is closely associated with finiteness.



Auxiliaries Nom

(3) a. He may leave soon. Arec b. She can face the consequences.

c. She must accept the consequences.

L' bore infinitives

Modal auxiliaries are finite.

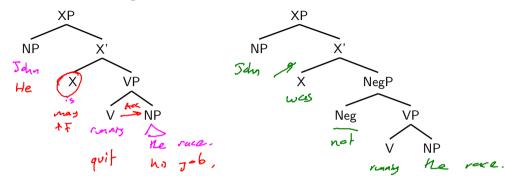
possibility necessi hy ability

For Acc assignment

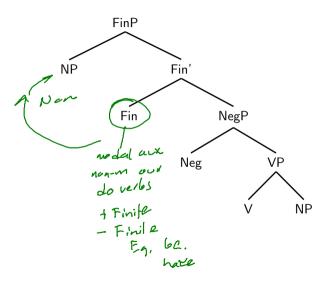
La be an ver P La be adjacent to your angular.

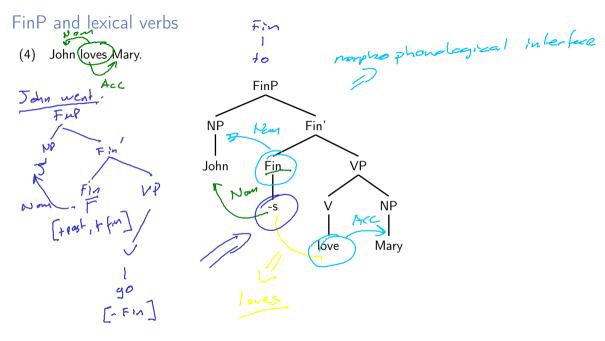
Finiteness specification **Finiteness** Non-modal aux. Lexical verbs Modal aux. **Finite** Non-finite Finite 1 **Finite** Non-finite have be.

Which head assigns the Nominative?



FinP

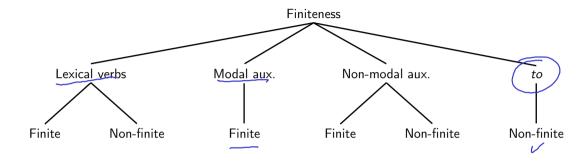




FinP and lexical verbs John Loves Mary. & John loves not Many. FinP x John not laces many * I don don't loves Many. Fin' John NegP FIN NP Joes not love Mary Bare

modal-oux: always[+fie]
to ! always [-Fin] to as non-finite Fin FinP to love Mary

Finiteness specification



The Case Filter

Every nominal argument must be assigned either nominative or accusative case.

Ly Nom is assigned by a [+ Fin] Hem silting at Fig. to the subject.