Example random variable

Consider 5 flips of a coin which comes up heads with probability p. Each coin flip is an independent trial. Let Y = # of heads on 5 flips.

- 1. What is the support of Y? In other words, what are the values that Y can take on with non-zero probability? $\{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$
- 2. Define the event Y = 2. What is P(Y = 2)? $P(Y = 2) = {5 \choose 2} p^2 (1 p)^3$
- 3. What is the PMF of Y? In other words, what is P(Y = k), for k in the support of Y? $P(Y = k) = {5 \choose k} p^k (1-p)^{5-k}$

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Lying with statistics



A school has 3 classes with 5, 10, and 150 students. What is the average class size?

- 1. Interpretation #1
- Randomly choose a class with equal probability.
- X =size of chosen class

$$E[X] = 5\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) + 10\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) + 150\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$$
$$= \frac{165}{3} = 55$$

- Interpretation #2
- Randomly choose a student with equal probability.
- Y =size of chosen class

$$E[Y] = 5\left(\frac{5}{165}\right) + 10\left(\frac{10}{165}\right) + 150\left(\frac{150}{165}\right)$$
$$= \frac{22635}{165} \approx 137$$

What alumni relations usually reports

Average student perception of class size