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# TS Challenge - 5

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- Awaited -

If we have a type which is a wrapped type like Promise, how can we get the type which is inside the wrapped type?

```
// For example:
// if we have Promise<ExampleType> how to get ExampleType?
type ExampleType = Promise<string>
type Result = MyAwaited<ExampleType> // string
```

```
type MyAwaited<T> = T extends Promise<infer U> ? U : never;
```

- 1. Conditional Type
- 2. infer

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# **Conditional Type - Basic**

Allow you to define types dynamically based on conditions.

```
// T extends U ? X : Y
type IsString<T> = T extends string ? true : false;
type a = IsString<"a">> // true
type b = IsString<0> // false
```

- 1. Conditional Type
- 2. infer

# infer - Basic

- infer is a type operator used in Conditional Types.
- It means "to infer" and can only be written on the right side of extends

```
const foo = () => ""; // Returns a string
const bar = () => 0; // Returns a number

type Return<T> = T extends () => infer R ? R : never;

type A = Return<typeof foo>; // string
type B = Return<typeof bar>; // number
```

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// For example:
// if we have Promise<ExampleType> how to get ExampleType?
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```
type MyAwaited<T> = T extends Promise<infer U> ? U : never;
```

- First of Array -

Implement a generic First<T> that takes an Array T and returns its first element's type.

```
type arr1 = ['a', 'b', 'c']
type arr2 = [3, 2, 1]
type head1 = First<arr1> // expected to be 'a'
type head2 = First<arr2> // expected to be 3
```

```
// 1
type First<T extends any[]> = T extends [] ? never : T[0]

// 2
type First<T extends any[]> = T['length'] extends 0 ? never : T[0]

// 3
type First<T extends unknown[]> = T extends [infer U, ...unknown[]] ? U : never
```

- 1. Conditional Type
- 2. Spread Syntax
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# **Spread Syntax - Basic**

A syntax that expands elements of arrays and objects

```
const arr = [1, 2, 3];
const arr2 = [...arr, 4]; // expected to be [1, 2, 3, 4]
const arr3 = [0, ...arr]; // expected to be [0, 1, 2, 3]
const arr4 = [0, ...arr, 4]; // expected to be [0, 1, 2, 3, 4]
```

# Spread Syntax - Type

```
type Tuple = [number, boolean]

type ArrayType = [string, ...Tuple]; // [string, number, boolean]
```

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type arr2 = [3, 2, 1]
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type First<T extends any[]> = T extends [] ? never : T[0]

// 2
type First<T extends any[]> = T['length'] extends 0 ? never : T[0]

// 3
type First<T extends unknown[]> = T extends [infer U, ...unknown[]] ? U : never
```

#### **Related Problem**

- Last of Array -

#### Related Problem

Implement a generic Last<T> that takes an Array T and returns its last element.

```
type arr1 = ['a', 'b', 'c']
type arr2 = [3, 2, 1]
type tail1 = Last<arr1> // expected to be 'c'
type tail2 = Last<arr2> // expected to be 1
```

```
type Last<T extends unknown[]> = T extends [...unknown[], infer U] ? U : never

// or

type Last<T extends unknown[]> = [unknown, ...T][T["length"]];
```