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# TS Challenge - 1

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# Problem 1

### Let's define a MyReadonly type!

```
interface Todo {
  title: string;
  description: string;
const todo: MyReadonly<Todo> = {
  title: "Hey",
 description: "foobar"
};
todo.title = "Hello"; // Error: cannot reassign a readonly property
todo.description = "barFoo"; // Error: cannot reassign a readonly property
```

```
const todo: MyReadonly<Todo> = {
  title: "Hey",
 description: "foobar"
};
type MyReadonly<Todo> = {
 readonly title: "Hey",
  readonly description: "foobar"
};
```

#### Solution

```
type MyReadonly<T> = {
  readonly [K in keyof T]: T[K]
};
```

- 1. Generics
- 2. keyof operator
- 3. Mapped Types
- 4. index access types

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#### **Generics - Basic**

A way to create reusable code that works with multiple types

```
type Foo<T> = {
  bar: T
};

type FooString = Foo<string>;
type FooNumber = Foo<number>;
```

#### **Generics - Extends**

Extends allows you to limit a generic type to a specific type

```
type Foo<T extends string> = {
  bar: T
};

type FooString = Foo<string>; // OK
type FooNumber = Foo<number>; // NG
```

- 1. Generics
- 2. keyof operator
- 3. Mapped Types
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### keyof

A method to get object keys as a union type

```
interface Todo {
  title: string;
  description: string;
}

type TodoKeys = keyof Todo; // "title" | "description"
```

- 1. Generics
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#### Mapped Types

Can create a new object type based on a union of keys

```
type TodoKeys = "title" | "description";
type Todo = {
  [K in TodoKeys]: string
};
// It is same as follows;
type Todo = {
  title: string;
 description: string;
};
```

### **Mapped Types**

with keyof operator

```
interface Todo {
   title: string;
   description: string;
}

type Todo1 = {
   [K in keyof Todo]: string;
};
```

- 1. Generics
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### index access types

Can get the type of a specific key in object

```
interface Todo = {
  title: string;
  description: string;
}

type Title = Todo["title"]; // string
```

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todo.title = "Hello"; // Error: cannot reassign a readonly property
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#### Solution

```
type MyReadonly<T> = {
  readonly [K in keyof T]: T[K]
};
```

# Related Probelms - 1

# Implement a generic MyReadonly2<T, K> which takes two type argument T and K.

```
interface Todo {
  title: string;
  description: string;
  completed: boolean;
const todo: MyReadonly2<Todo, 'title' | 'description'> = {
  title: "Hey",
 description: "foobar",
 completed: false,
};
todo.title = "Hello"; // Error: cannot reassign a readonly property
todo.description = "barFoo"; // Error: cannot reassign a readonly property
todo.completed = true; // OK
```

#### Solution

- Omit<Type, Keys>
  - Creates a new type by excluding properties K from type T.
- Pick<Type, Keys>
  - Creates a new type by selecting only the properties K from type T.

```
type MyReadonly2<T, K extends keyof T = keyof T> = Omit<T, K> &
Readonly<Pick<T, K>>;
```

# Related Probelms - 2

#### Implement a generic

DeepReadonly<T> which make every parameter of an object and its sub-objects recursively readonly.

```
type X = {
 x: {
    a: 1;
    b: 'hi';
  };
 y: 'hey';
};
type Expected = {
 readonly x: {
    readonly a: 1;
    readonly b: 'hi';
 };
 readonly y: 'hey';
};
type Todo = DeepReadonly<X>; // should be same as Expected
```

#### Solution

- If T is a primitive type
  - it directly returns T with readonly
  - because primitive types don't have properties
- If T is an object type, the type applies recursion
  - It iterates over all properties of T using keyof T.

```
type DeepReadonly<T> = T extends any ? {
  readonly [P in keyof T]: keyof T[P] extends never ? T[P] : DeepReadonly<T[P]>;
} : never;
```