

1. Summary

1.1 .Brief instruction

LPPlayer mini module is a serial module provides the perfect integrated module, with hardware decoding. While the software supports TF card driver, supports FAT16, FAT32 file system. Through simple serial commands to specify music playing, as well as how to play music and other functions, without the cumbersome underlying operating, easy to use, stable and reliable are the most important features of this module.

1.2 .Features

- ✓ Support MP3 and WMA decoding
- ✓ Support sampling rate of 8KHz, 11.025KHz, 12KHz, 16KHz, 22.05KHz, 24KHz, 32KHz, 44.1KHz, 48KHz
- ✓ 24-bit DAC output, dynamic range support 96dB, DTR supports 80dB
- ✓ Supports FAT16, FAT32 file system, can also support SDCE TF card
- ✓ A variety of control modes, serial mode, AL key control mode
- ✓ The broadcast language spots feature, you can pause the background music being played
- ✓ Built-in speaker
- ✓ The audio data is sorted by folder; supports up to 100 folders, each folder can be assigned to 1000 songs
- ✓ 30 levels volume adjustable, 10 levels EQ adjustable.

1.3 .Application

- ✓ Car navigation voice broadcast
- ✓ Road transport inspectors, toll stations voice prompts
- ✓ Railway station, bus safety inspection voice prompts
- ✓ Electricity, communications, financial business hall voice prompts
- ✓ Vehicle into and out of the channel verify that the voice prompts
- ✓ The public security border control channel voice prompts
- ✓ Multi-channel voice alarm or equipment operating guide voice
- ✓ The electric tourist car safe driving voice notices
- ✓ Electron mechanical equipment failure alarm
- ✓ Fire alarm voice prompts
- ✓ The automatic broadcast equipment, regular broadcast.

2. Module Application Instruction

2.1. Specification Description

Item	Description
Performance	1、Support 11/12/16/22/32/44.1/48 layers audio decoding
	2、Support sampling rate (KHz):8/11.025/12/16/22.05/24/32/44.1/48
	3、Support Normal, Jazz, Classic, Pop, Rock etc
UART Port	Standard Serial; TTL Level; Baud rate adjustable(default baud rate is 9600)
Working voltage	DC 5.2~5.0V; type :LC4.2V
Standby current	<20mA
Operating temperature	-40~+70
Humidity	20% ~95%

Table 2.1 Specification Description

2.2 Pin Description

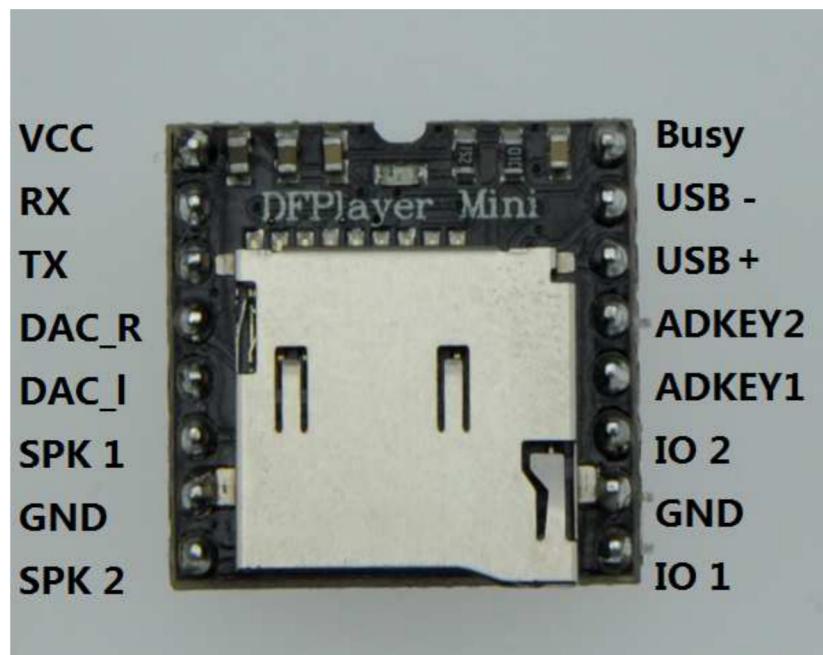


Figure 2.1

No	Pin	Description	Note
1	VCC	Input voltage	DC 5.2~5.0V; type: DC 4.2V
2	RX	UART serial input	
3	TX	UART serial output	
4	DAC_R	Audio output right channel	Drive earphone and an printer
5	DAC_L	Audio output left channel	Drive earphone and an printer
6	SPK 2	Speaker-	Drive speaker less than 5v
7	CNL	C round	Power CNL
8	SPK 1	Speaker+	Drive speaker less than 5v
9	IC 1	trigger port 1	Short press to play previous (long press to decrease volume)
10	CNL	C round	Power CNL
11	IC 2	trigger port 2	Short press to play next (long press to increase volume)
12	ADKEY1	PL Port 1	trigger play first segment
13	ADKEY2	PL Port 2	trigger play min segment
14	USE+	USE+LP	USE Port
15	USE-	USE-LV	USE Port
16	BUSY	Playing Status	Low means playing High means no

Table 2.2 Pin Description

3. Serial Communication Protocol

Serial port as a common communication in the industrial control field, we conducted an industrial level optimization, adding frame checksum, retransmission, error handling, and other measures to significantly strengthen the stability and reliability of communication, and can expand more powerful RS485 for networking functions on this basis, serial communication baud rate can set as you own, the default baud rate is 9600.

3.1. Serial Communication Format

Support for asynchronous serial communication mode via PC serial sending commands

Communication Standard: 9600 bps

Data bits: 8

Checkout: none

Flow Control: none

Format:	SS	VER	Len	CNL	Feedback	para1	para2	checksum	SC
\$S	Start byte UX/E					Each command and feedback begin with \$, that is UX/E			
VER		version				version information			
LEN			the number of bytes after "Len"			Checksums are not counted			
CNL				Commands		Indicate the specific operations, such as play / pause, etc.			
feedback					Command and feedback	If need for feedback, 1: feedback, 0: no feedback			
para1						Query high data byte			
para2						Query low data byte			
checksum						Accumulation and verification [not include start bit \$]			
SC						End bit UXEF			

For example, if we specify play ROCK/POP, you need to send: /E FF 00 09 00 00 00 04 FF L L EF
Length is 8, which are 8 bytes [FF 00 09 00 00 00 04]. Not counting the start, end, and verification.

3.2. Serial Communication Commands

1) Directly send commands, no parameters returned

CNL	FUNCTION DESCRIPTION	PARAMETERS(10 BYT)
UX01	Next	
UX02	Previous	
UX03	Specify tracking(1~IV)	0~999
UX04	Increase volume	
UX05	Decrease volume	
UX06	Specify volume	0~50
UX07	Specify EQ (0/1/2/3/4/5)	0:Original/Pop/Rock/Jazz/Classic/Base
UX08	Specify playback mode (0/1/2/3)	0:Repeat/0:Folder repeat/1:Single repeat/2:Random

UX09	Specify playback source(0/1/2/3/4)	L/TF/PLA/SLEEP/FLPSF
UX0A	Enter into standby - low power loss	
UX0E	Normal working	
UX0C	Reset queue	
UX0L	Playback	
UX0E	Pause	
UX0F	Specify folder to playback	I~IV(need to set by user)
UX10	Volume adjust set	{L F = L: open volume adjust ; L L: set volume gain 0~51}
UX11	Repeat play	{I: start repeat play; O: stop play}

2.4. Query the system parameters

Commands	Function description	Parameters(16 bit)
UX3C	STBY	
UX3L	STBY	
UX3E	STBY	
UX3F	Send initialization parameters	0 - UX0F(each bit represent one device of the low-four bits)
UX40	Returns an error, request retransmission	
UX41	Reply	
UX42	Query the current status	
UX43	Query the current volume	
UX44	Query the current EC	
UX45	Query the current playback mode	
UX46	Query the current software version	
UX47	Query the total number of TF card files	
UX48	Query the total number of C-disk files	
UX49	Query the total number of flash files	
UX4A	Sleep on	
UX4E	Queries the current track of TF card	
UX4C	Queries the current track of C-disk	
UX4L	Queries the current track of flash	

3.3. Returned data of a queue

3.3.1. Returned data of a queue power-on

1). The queue power on, require a certain of time initialization, this time is determined by C-disk, TF card, flash, etc. device's time numbers, general situation in the 1.5 ~ 3sec. If a queue initialization data has not been

sent out within the time, indicating that the module initialization error, please reset the module's power supply, and detect hardware connecting;

2). The module initialization data including online devices, such as sending /E FF 00 3F 00 00 01 XX XX EF, LL = 0X01 describe only the C-disk online during power-on, other data are seen as the table below:

C-LISK online	/E FF 00 3F 00 00 01 XX XX EF	Each device are or relationship
TF Card online	/E FF 00 3F 00 00 02 XX XX EF	
PC online	/E FF 00 3F 00 00 04 XX XX EF	
FLASH online	/E FF 00 3F 00 00 08 XX XX EF	
C-disk & TF card online	/E FF 00 3F 00 00 03 XX XX EF	

3). NCU will not send corresponding control commands until module initialization sending commands or the module will not process the commands sent by NCU, and will also affect the normal initialization of the module.

3.3.2 . Returned data of track finished playing

C-LISK finish playback 1st track	/E FF 00 3C 00 00 01 XX XX EF
C-LISK finish playback 2nd track	/E FF 00 3C 00 00 02 XX XX EF
TF card finish playback 1st track	/E FF 00 3D 00 00 01 XX XX EF
TF card finish playback 2nd track	/E FF 00 3D 00 00 02 XX XX EF
FLASH finish playback 1st track	/E FF 00 3E 00 00 01 XX XX EF
FLASH finish playback 2nd track	/E FF 00 3E 00 00 02 XX XX EF

1. The module will enter into pause status automatically after being specified playing, if customers need such application, they can specify track to play, the module will enter into pause status after finishing playing, and wait for the commands sent by NCU.

- 2) In addition, we opened a dedicated I/C as decoding and pausing status indication. See Pin 10, Busy
- 1). Output high level at playback status;
- 2). Output low level at pause status and module sleep;

3. For continuous playback applications, it can be achieved as below, if it finishes the first tracking of the TF card, it will return

/E FF 00 3L 00 00 01 XX XX EF
 3L ---- C-disk command
 00 01 ---- expressed finished playing tracks.

If the external NCU receives this command, please wait 1000ms. And then sending the playback command [/E FF 00 3L 00 00 00 FF EE EF], because inside the module it will first initialize the next track information. In this case, the module can be played continuously.

4. If the currently finish playing the first song, the track pointer automatically point to second song, if you send a "play the next one" command, then the module will playback the third song. And, if the module finishes playing the last one, the player will automatically jump to the first pointer, and pause.

5. After specifying device, the module play pointer will point to device root directory or the first track, and enters the pause state, and wait NCU sending track playing command.

3.3.3 . Returned data of module response

FLASH finish play the 1st track

/E FF 00 3E 00 00 01 XX XX EF

1). in order to strengthen the stability of the data communication, we have increased response processing; ACK byte is set whether need to reply to response. So that to ensure each communication get handshake signals, which will indicate the queue has been successfully received data sent by the MC and process immediately.

2).For general applications, customers can freely choose, without this response processing is also OK.

3.3.4 .Returned data or queue error

No queue is busy	/E FF 00 40 00 00 00 XX XX EF
A frame data are not all received	/E FF 00 40 00 00 01 XX XX EF
Verification error	/E FF 00 40 00 00 02 XX XX EF

1). In order to strengthen the stability of the data communication, we added data error handling mechanism. No queue will respond information after receiving error data format;

2). In the case of relatively harsh environment, it is strongly recommended that customers process this command. If the application environment in general, you no need handle it;

3).The queue returns busy, basically when queue power-on initialization will return, because the queues need to initialize the system.

3.3.5. Push-in and pull-out information of device

Push in C-disk	/E FF 00 3A 00 00 01 XX XX EF
Push in TF card	/E FF 00 3A 00 00 02 XX XX EF
Pull out C-disk	/E FF 00 3B 00 00 01 XX XX EF
Pull out TF card	/E FF 00 3B 00 00 02 XX XX EF

1).For the flexibility of the queue, we particularly add command and feedback of push-in and pull-out device. Let user know the working status of the queue.

2).When push-in device, we default playback the first track of device root directory as audition, if users do not need this feature, you can wait 100ms after receiving the message of push-in serial device ,and then send pause command.

3.4 Serial Commands

3.4.1. Commands of specify track play

Our instructions are given in support of the specified track is playing, the song selection ranges from 0 to 2999. Actually can support more, because it involves the reasons to the system, support for the song too much, it will cause the system to operate slowly, and usually the application does not need to support so many times. If the customer has unconventional applications, please communicate with us in advance.

1).For example, select the first song played, serial transmission section: /E FF 00 05 00 00 01 FF E0 EF

/E --- Start command

FF --- Version information

05 --- Data length (not including parity)

00 --- Representative ID.

00 --- It need to acknowledge (0x01: need answering, 0x00: do not need to return the response)

01 --- tracks sign byte [L F]

01 --- tracks low byte [L F], represented here is the first song played

FF --- Checksum sign byte

E0 --- Checksum low byte

EF --- End command

2).For selections, if choose the 100th song, first convert 100 to hexadecim al, the default is double-byte, it is UXUU04.

L F = UXUU; L L = UX04

3).If you choose to play the 100th, first convert 100 to hexadecim al, the default is double-byte, it is UXUE8
L F = UXU5; L L = UXE8

4).And so on to the other operations, as in the end address area in hexadecim al is the most convenient method of operating.

3.4.2 .C on n ands or Specif y volum e

1).Our system power-on default volume is 50, if you want to set the volume, then directly send the corresponding commands.

2).For example, specify the volume to 10, serial port to send commands: /E FF 06 06 00 00 00 0F FF L C EF

3).L F = UXUU; L L = UXUF, 10 is converted to hexadecim al UXUU0F, can refer to the instructions of playing track section.

3.4.3 .Specif y device play

1).The module supports four types of playback devices, the device must be online, so it can specify playback. The software will automatically detect without user attention.

2).Refer to the table below to select the appropriate command to send

3).Module will automatically enter the Suspend state after the specified device, waiting for the user to specify a track playing. It will take about 200ms from specifying device to the module initialize the information. Please wait for 200ms and then send the specified track command.

Specify playback device -L -disk	/E FF 06 09 00 00 01 XX XX EF	XX XX: verification
Specify playback device -TF Card	/E FF 06 09 00 00 02 XX XX EF	
Specify playback device -SLEEP	/E FF 06 09 00 00 03 XX XX EF	

3.4.4. Specif y file to play

Specify folder 01 or 001.n ps	/E FF 06 0F 00 01 01 XX XX EF
Specify folder 11 or 100.n ps	/E FF 06 0F 00 0E 04 XX XX EF
Specify folder 99 or 255.n ps	/E FF 06 0F 00 03 FF XX XX EF

1).Specify the folder playback is developed extensions, default folders are named as "01", "11" in this way because our module does not support Chinese characters identify the name of the folder name, in order to stabilize the system switching speeds and songs under each folder default maximum support up to 255 songs, up to 99 folders classification, if customers have special requirements, they need to classify according to the English name, we also can be achieved, but name only is "C:\SFT", "E:\CE" and other English name.

2).For example, specify "01" folder 100.n ps file, serial port to send commands : /E FF 06 0F 00 01 04 XX XX EF

L F : represents the name of the folder, the default support for 99 documents between 01 - 99 named

L L : on behalf of the tracks, the default maximum of 255 songs that UX01 ~ UXFF

Please refer to the above set rules for setting tracks

3).To the standard of the module, you must specify both the folder and the name, to lock a file. Individually specified folder or specify the file name alone is also possible, but the document management will be worse.

4).The following diagram illustrates both the folders and the names are specified.

	01		2014/4/9 15:03	文件夹
	11		2014/4/9 15:00	文件夹
	31		2014/4/9 15:00	文件夹
	99		2014/4/9 15:00	文件夹

Figure 3.1 folder name

	001.mp3	2014/4/9 15:02	MP3 音频
	002.mp3	2014/4/9 15:03	MP3 音频
	255.mp3	2014/4/9 15:03	MP3 音频

Figure 3.2 file name

3.3. Key ports

We use the ADL non tactile keys, instead of the traditional method of matrix keyboard connection, it is to take advantage of increasingly powerful MCAL functionality, Our tactile default configuration is ADL port, 20 key resistance distribution, if used in strong electromagnetic interference or strong inductive, capacitive load of the occasion, please refer to our "Notes."

1) Key diagram

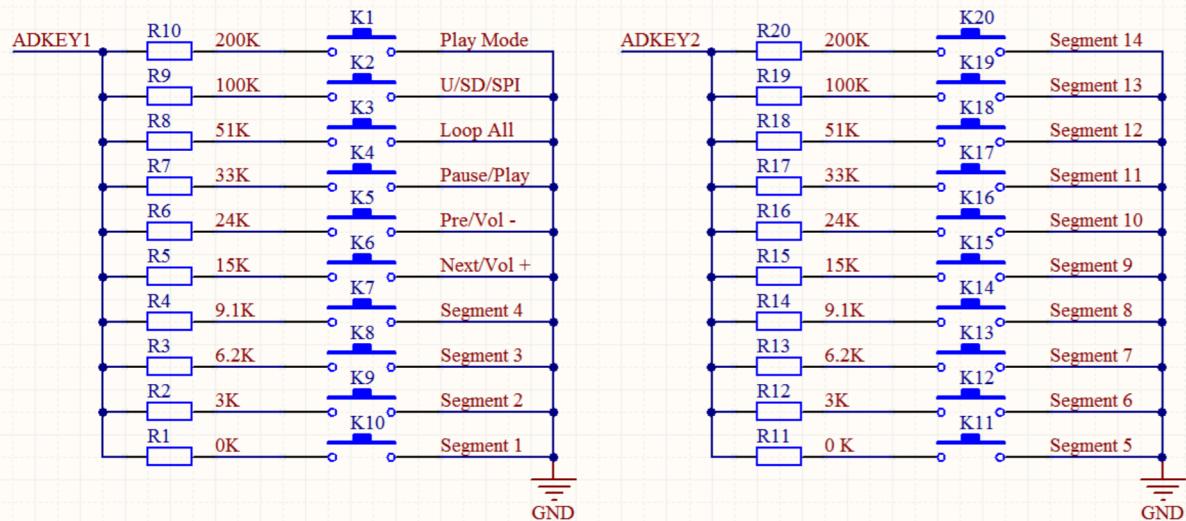


Figure 3.3 ad key refer

2) 20 function keys allocation table

Key	Short Push	Long Push	Description
K 1	Play mode		Switch to interrupt / non interrupted
K 2	Playback device switches		U/TF/SPI/Sleep
K 3	Operating mode		AII cycle
K 4	Play/Pause		
K 5	Previous	VOL+	
K 6	Next	VOL-	
K 7	4	Repeat play tracking 4	Long push always to repeat play
K 8	3	Repeat play tracking 3	Long push always to repeat play

K 9	2	repeat play tracking 2	Long push always to repeat play
K 10	1	repeat play tracking 1	Long push always to repeat play
K 11	3	repeat play tracking 3	Long push always to repeat play
K 12	6	repeat play tracking 6	Long push always to repeat play
K 13	/	repeat play tracking /	Long push always to repeat play
K 14	8	repeat play tracking 8	Long push always to repeat play
K 15	9	repeat play tracking 9	Long push always to repeat play
K 16	10	repeat play tracking 10	Long push always to repeat play
K 17	11	repeat play tracking 11	Long push always to repeat play
K 18	12	repeat play tracking 12	Long push always to repeat play
K 19	13	repeat play tracking 13	Long push always to repeat play
K 20	14	repeat play tracking 14	Long push always to repeat play

4、Application Circuit

4.1 Serial Communication Connect

Module's serial port is 3.3V TTL level, so the default interface level is 3.3V. If the MCU system is 5V, it is recommended to connect a 1K resistor in series.

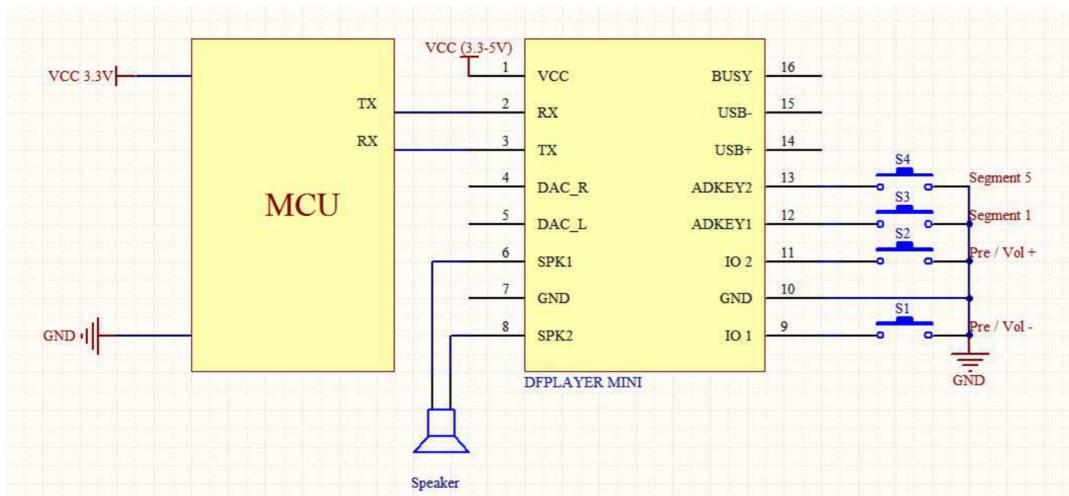


Figure 4.1 Serial Connect (3.3V)

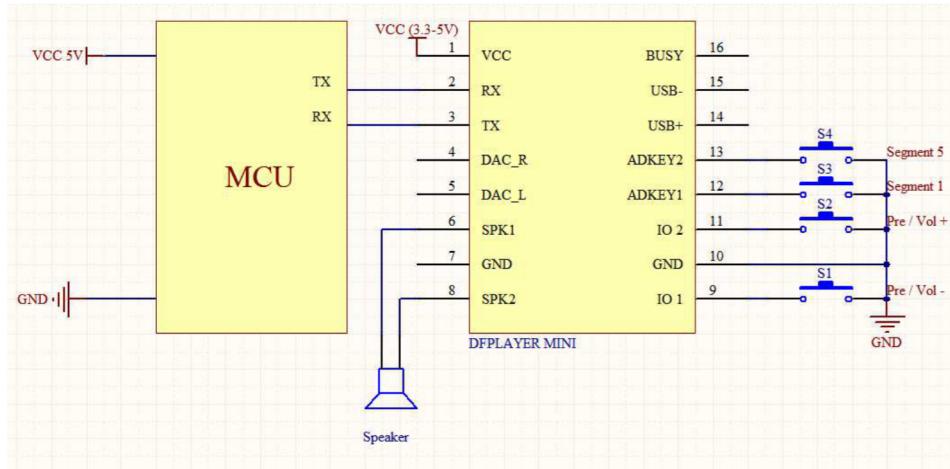


Figure 4.2 Serial Connect (5v)

4.2. Canner Fener Lagram

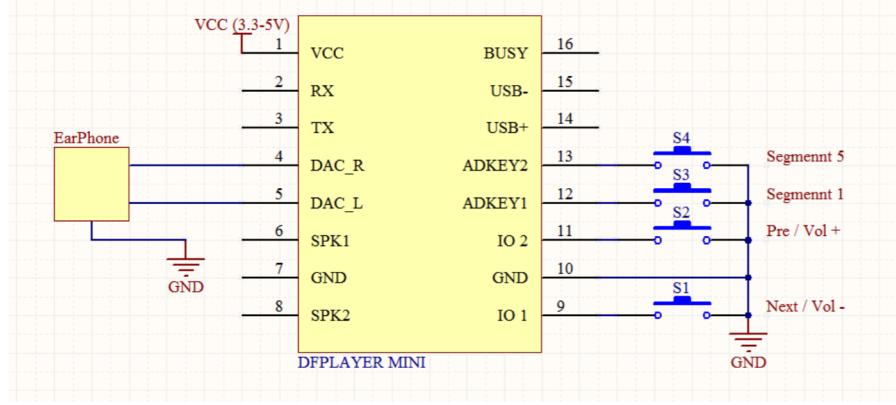


Figure 4.3 headset connect module

Between the headset and the module can string a 100R resistor, make a limiting

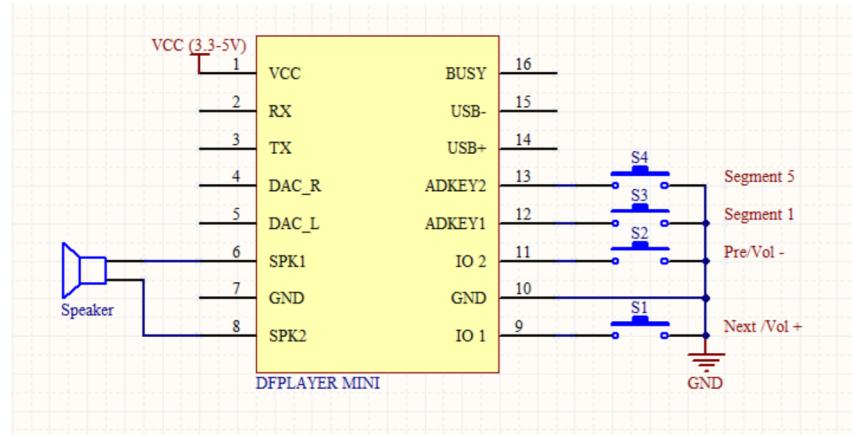


Figure 4.4 speaker connect module

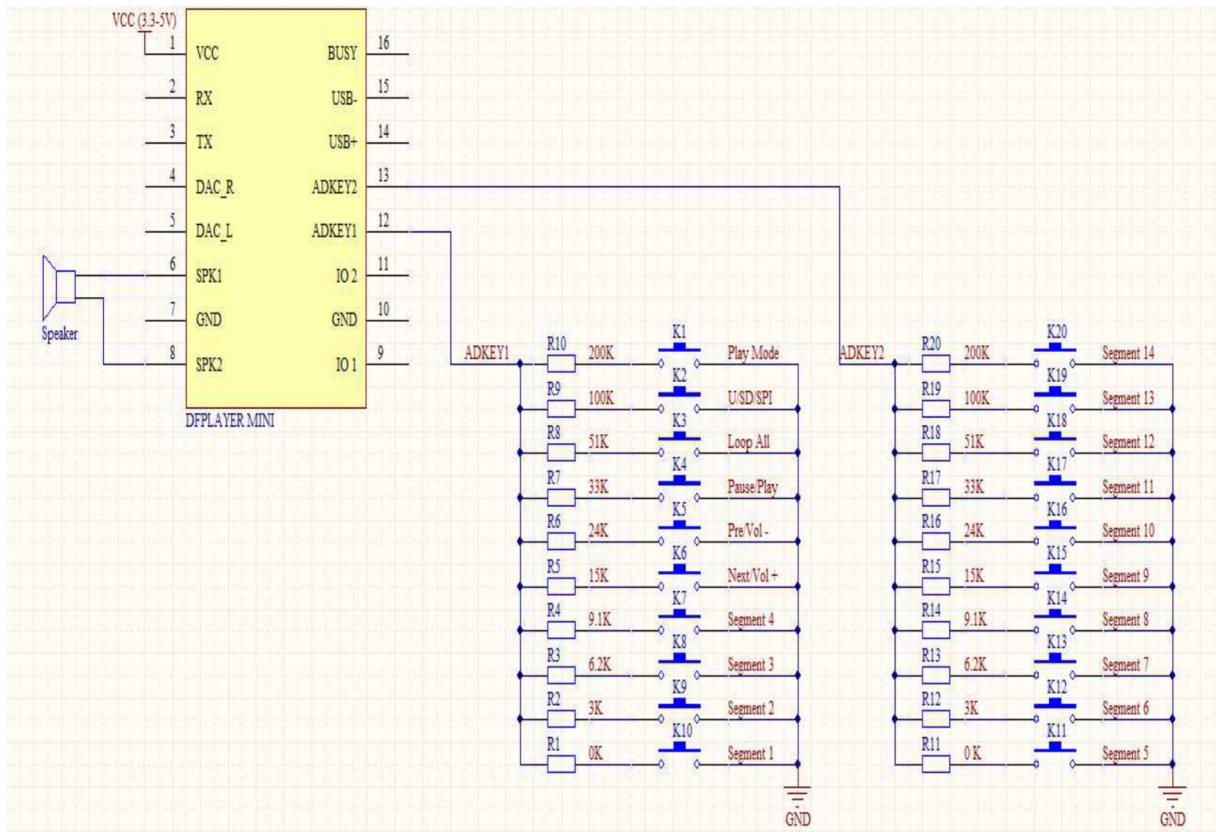


Figure 4.5 Ad key connect refer

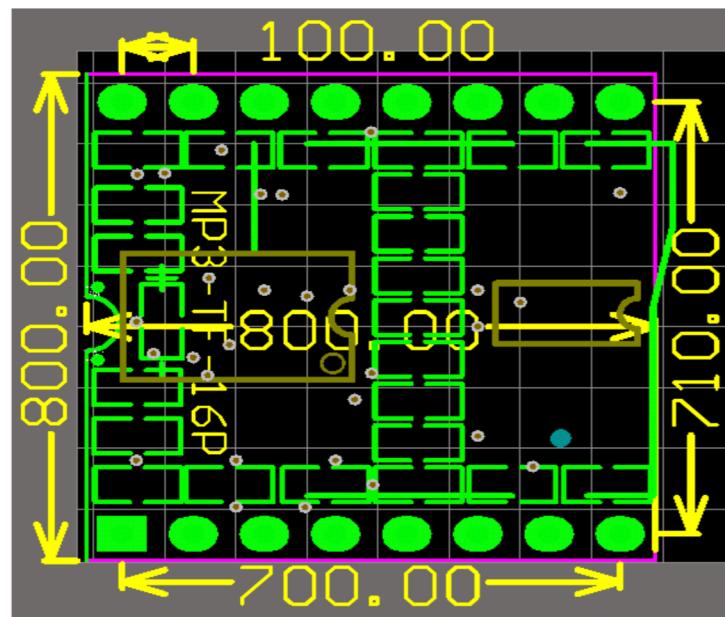
5.1 PCB-1 FOR SIZE (UNIT: mm)

Figure 5.1 pcb size

0. NOTE

I/C Input Specification						
Item	Description	Min	Type	Max	Unit	Test Condition
VIL	Low-Level input voltage	-0.5	-	0.5~VLL	V	VLL=3.3V
VIF	High-Level input voltage	0.1~VLL	-	VLL+0.5	V	VLL=3.3V
I/C Output Specification						
Item	Description	Min	Type	Max	Unit	Test Condition
VCL	Low-Level output voltage	-	-	0.55	V	VLL=3.3V
VCF	High-Level output voltage	2.1	-	-	V	VLL=3.3V

1. The module's external interfaces are 3.3V TTL level, so please note the level conversion during the hardware circuit design, also in strong interference environment, electromagnetic compatibility note some protective measures, CPUIC using opt coupler isolation, increasing TVS etc.

2, PLEASE key values are in accordance with the general use of the environment, if the strong inductive or capacitive load environment, please note that the module power supply is recommended to use a separate isolated power supply, another mounted beads and inductors for power filtering, we must ensure that the input power as much as possible the stability and clean. If you really can not be guaranteed, please contact us to reduce the number of keys to redefine wider voltage distribution.

3. for general serial communication, please pay attention to level conversion. If strong interference environment, or long distance RS485 applications, then please note that signal isolation, in strict accordance with industry standard design communication circuits.