

SITE SPECIFIC Risk Assessment

Date:	New	✓	Revised	Page	

TRADE: CARPENTER

Job No:	7654/15	Client:	MCLINTOCK
Address:	3 Wistaria Place, Blacktown NSW 2148	Supervisor:	Andrew Cashmore

Key: "1" action	on now " 2 " a	ction ASAP	"3" action ASAP
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Note 1: Refer to the general Safety Plan and Safe Work Method Statement.

Note 2: Safe work procedures shall be implemented for the supply and use of a *hazardous chemical / substance/s* on site that complies with the material data sheet recommendations and also complies with the requirements of WHS Regulation 2011 Chapter 3 - Part 3.2

Note 3: all *manual tasks* to comply with the requirements of Safe Work Australia – National Code of Practice for Manual Handling 2009 or WorkCover NSW Code of Practice - Hazardous manual tasks

Note 4: Management of the *risk of fall* from one level to another must comply with Part 3.1 and the requirements of Part 4.4 Falls Clauses 78-80 of WHS Regulation 2011

Note 5: Review of Control Measures - If there are any tasks that may be included by way of variation to the plans or an alternative approach to the set task, it is a requirement to carry out a "Specific Risk Assessment" for the task or tasks.

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Access to site / work areas - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined	Slips, trips and falls		✓			✓		3	Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas	Site Supervisor /all 'workers'	
Stored materials - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined	Slips, trips and falls		√			✓		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to work areas. Provide and maintain barricades to isolate material and to restrict access Provide designated waste areas.	Site Supervisor / all 'workers'	
Manual tasks	Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts Over exertion or repetitive movements		✓			✓		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area Use mechanical assistance where practicable; provide training in the use of the equipment	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
									Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'		
									Ensure one [1] person is appointed to plan and take charge of the task		
									Plan the task in stages - e.g. ensure grip is secure; lift to waist height; place support under load; team 'workers' to re-group then lift load into position		
									Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting - rotate 'workers' and vary tasks		
									Ensure enough space is available for the team 'workers' to safely manoeuvre as a group		
									Where possible, use team 'workers' of a similar height and capability		
									Provide additional team 'workers' to assist that are proportional to the weight and difficulty of the task		
									Ensure load is shared evenly		
									Ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the lift		
									On sloping sites, ensure safe footing is provided		
Exposure to noise Plant / equipment	Hearing damage		√			✓		2	Isolate plant and equipment Use appropriate PPE	All 'workers'	
Exposure to dust / fibres / chemical	Dust / fibres inhalation -								Apply appropriate procedures necessary to contain dust /		
vapours - Hazardous chemicals -	respiratory problems Skin and eye		✓			✓		2	fibres / chemical vapours. Use appropriate PPE - disposable dust / fibres / chemical vapour protection.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Biological -	allergies/ irritations.								Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres		
Exposure to lead based paints - Hazardous	Dust inhalation - respiratory problems		✓			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers'	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
chemicals - Biological	Skin and eye allergies/ irritations.								Apply appropriate procedures necessary to contain dust / flaking paint surfaces. Use appropriate PPE - disposable contact / dust protection. Regularly monitor for		
Exposure to UV light / weather - UV light - glare Extreme temperatures	Skin cancer / sun burn - Dehydration - heat stroke or fatigue Sight damage		√			✓		2	Reduce exposure where possible. Regularly monitor 'workers' condition Adequate fluid intake Use appropriate sun screen. Wear appropriate PPE.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Contact with o/head electrical services / point of attachment - Power lines not isolated, covered or enclosed - Working to close to electrical supply - Strong winds causing power lines to swing close to work area - Wet conditions making 'tiger tails' ineffective	Electric shock or electrocution		✓			✓		3	Identify that the electrical supply is isolated prior to the work commencing Provide 'tiger tails' [insulation] - adequately boxed adjacent to scaffold extended an appropriate distance past the boundary	Licensed Electrical Contractor or Approved person Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Protection of other 'workers' and the public - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined - Hazardous chemicals - Biological	Slips, trips and falls Wind- borne dust / fibres Struck by falling objects Electric shock or		√			✓		2	Provide and maintain barricades to materials stored on footpath Provide and maintain barricades to isolate and to restrict access to work areas Use of shade cloth around the work area Wet down dust Provide "Spotter" to stop others entering work area Isolate / relocate electrical	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Location of services - Electricity -	electrocution Gas service -		✓		✓			3	supply / wiring. RCD installed on mains supply	Site Supervisor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
insulation to old wiring frayed or brittle [conduit] or easily damaged - water pipe electrified Gas - Hazardous chemical Biological	explosion Inhalation and exposure to hazardous chemicals.								/ portable generator Isolate / relocate gas supply		
Access to and work in confined space - under floor Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Ergonomic	Dust and chemical exposure - respiratory problems Skin and eye irritations / allergies 'Worker' trapped in confined space Dehydration		✓			\		3	Identify the risks / hazards and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' Use task specific trained, experienced 'workers and rotate 'workers'. Train 'workers' in safe working in confined spaces. Use of appropriate PPE Monitor the air quality for chemical vapours Regularly monitor the condition of the 'workers' within the work area Adequate fluid intake. Adequate ventilation and lighting.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
General working at height - [over 2.0m] Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Old brittle / corroded roofing material - Increased traffic on roof surface - walking in the middle of battens - Gravity -	Fall from roof edge/ work platform/ through roof or roof framing Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		✓		√			1	Identify the risks and plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers' Assess travel path to work area Ensure unobstructed access to work areas Provide guardrails, perimeter edge protection / catch scaffold. Scaffold / work platform to outer perimeter. Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' in safe working at heights - ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
overbalancing									014/140		
Windy and or wet conditions									SWMS		
Working at height- stripping existing tiled roof covering and frame - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Old / brittle roofing tiles Increased traffic on roof surface - walking in the middle of battens - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Manual tasks - Electricity	Slips, trips and falls from work platform. Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries / cuts and abrasions. Struck by falling object. Exposure to ceiling dust and insulation fibres - respiratory problems. Electric shock or electrocution		✓			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior to commencement of the works Appropriate removal procedures to contain dust Provide perimeter guardrail / scaffold / work platform to outer perimeter. Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' in safe working at heights - ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the removal process Use safety harness Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres Controlled removal / disposal of the roofing tiles - provide debris chute Regularly monitor stability of the roof structure / ceiling frame Provide barricade to restrict access to the work area. Provide "Spotter" to stop others entering work area Don't stack / store tiles on roof or on scaffold. Don't remove roofing tiles on wet or windy days. Use of appropriate PPE plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers' Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access work areas.	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Removal of SMF batt insulation 'that may' contain or be contaminated by lead dust / asbestos cement [ACM] or [ACD] - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Windy conditions - Gravity - overbalancing Hazardous chemicals - Biological -	Slips, trips and falls from work platform / through ceiling frame Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries Inhalation and exposure to dust / fibres - respiratory problems		✓			✓		2	Use designated drop areas to restrict traffic across the roof surface Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to work areas Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior to commencement of the works Appropriate removal procedures to contain dust / fibres Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres Use planks as temporary work platform Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers'ensure 'workers' know their responsibility associated with the removal process Appropriate warning signage and barricades to restrict access into the work area Place removed material in heavy duty plastic bags Vacuum residual dust / fibres from ceiling area Use appropriate PPE	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Carry and install tarpaulins to exposed roof space - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Windy and or wet	Slips, trips and falls Back injuries - strains and sprains Struck by flying object		✓		✓			1	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access work area Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting to position tarp. Additional 'workers' to assist	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
conditions - Gravity - overbalancing - Manual tasks									where required Ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the positioning of the tarp Ensure all tarps are securely tied down and not weighted with tiles		
Carry materials, bearers / joists, sheet flooring and tools to ground floor work areas - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts Over exertion or repetitive movements		\			~		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas Ensure openings and voids in floors are fully covered. Use task specific trained 'workers' ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process Rotate 'workers' and vary tasks.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Cutting brickwork with petrol driven saw - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Tools and equipment Struck by flying objects	Hearing loss - Inhalation of exhaust fumes/dust - respiratory problems – Exposure to lead based paints - Sight damage		\			>		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' Guards to equipment fully operational Monitor the air quality for exhaust fumes / dust Regularly monitor the condition of the 'workers' within the work area Adequate ventilation and lighting. Use appropriate PPE.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Removal of ceiling linings 'that may' be contaminated by lead dust, asbestos cement ACM dust or fibres-Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Hazardous chemicals -	Inhalation and exposure to fibres / dust - respiratory problems Slips, trips and falls through frame Fractures, bruises lacerations and		√			✓		3	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to work areas Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Biological - Manual tasks - Proximity to other 'workers' and public	personal injuries Exposure to ceiling dust - eye and skin irritations - respiratory problems. Exposure to lead based paints -								to work commencement of the works. Appropriate removal procedures to contain dust / fibres Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' - ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work / removal process Appropriate warning signage and barricades to restrict access into the work area Remove ceiling sheets with minimal breakage Wet down to minimise dust / fibre release Use appropriate PPE SWMS		
Removal of internal wall / ceiling linings 'that may' contain asbestos cement [ACM] / fibrecement [FC] - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Manual tasks - Proximity to other 'workers' and public	Inhalation and exposure to ACM/FC fibres / dust - respiratory problems Slips, trips and falls through frame Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries Exposure to ceiling dust - eye and skin irritations - respiratory problems. Exposure to lead based paints -		✓			✓		3	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to work areas Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior to work commencement of the works. Appropriate removal procedures to contain dust / fibres Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' - ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work / removal process Appropriate warning signage and barricades to restrict access into the work area Remove wall / ceiling sheets	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
									with minimal breakage		
									Wet down to minimise dust / fibre release		
									Seal residues of ACM / FC that cannot be removed from timber framed members		
									Wrap all removed material in heavy duty plastic sheeting and seal Use appropriate PPE SWMS		
Demolish internal framed walls at ground level -									Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'		
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Slips, trips and falls								Assess travel path and distance to work area		
Access ways not clearly defined -	Electric shock or electrocution								Ensure unobstructed access to work areas		
Electricity -									Regularly monitor stability of the structure		
Exposure to dust -	Muscle strain - back injuries and										
Manual tasks -	Over exertion or								Use task specific trained 'workers ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process	Supervisor	
Hazardous chemicals -	repetitive movements.		✓		✓			2	Rotate 'workers' and vary	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Biological -	Inhalation and exposure to dust								tasks		
Gravity - stability of the structure -	- skin and eye irritations and								Guards to plant and equipment fully operational		
Proximity to other 'workers'	allergies. Exposure to lead based paints -								Appropriate warning signage and barricades to restrict access into the work area		
	Injuries due to collapse								Wet down to minimise dust release		
	33.14400								Regularly monitor for airborne dust		
									Use appropriate PPE SWMS		
Carry materials and tools to ground floor work area -	Slips, trips and falls								Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'		
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts		✓			✓		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Access ways not clearly defined	Over exertion or repetitive movements								Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas		

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Manual tasks									Ensure openings and voids in floors are fully covered.		
									Use task specific trained 'workers ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process		
									Rotate 'workers' and vary tasks.		
									Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'		
Carrying and placing floor sheets									Assess travel path and distance to work area		
to ground floor work areas -	Slips, trips and falls through open floor joists								Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas	Contractor / all	
Slips, trips, falls and	Back injuries - strains and sprains		√			√		2	Use planks as temporary work platform	'workers'	
accessibility - Manual tasks	onamo ana opramo								Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting		
									Ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the carrying and positioning of the sheets upon the open floor joists		
									Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'		
Carrying									Assess travel path and distance to work area		
materials, floor timbers / joists / deep composite									Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas		
beams / joists and sheet flooring up ramp / scaffold -	Slips, trips and falls								Guardrails to ramp are in place - ramp surface clean and dry.	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Back injuries - strains and sprains		√			✓		2	Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry.		
Slope of ramp Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks									Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process		
									Order timber in short lengths. SWMS		
									Use crane to deliver /		

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
									position materials to work area		
Positioning floor timbers / joists / composite beams / joists on to existing walls - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall arrest system / work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			~		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' Assess travel path and distance to work area Use task specific trained 'workers' and team liftingensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process Use planks as temporary work platform. SWMS	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Carrying and placing floor sheets to first floor work areas - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Manual tasks	falls through open floor joists		√			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas Use planks as temporary work platform Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting Ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the carrying and positioning of the sheets upon the open floor joists	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Carry rolls of poly- fabric up ramp /scaffold and install to cover first floor platform - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity -	Slips, trips and falls Back injuries - strains and sprains		√		✓			1	Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access work area Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting to position and to roll out the poly-fabric	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe		Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Carrying frames up ramp / scaffold Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Slope of ramp - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls. Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' Assess travel path and distance to work area Guardrails to ramp are in place - ramp surface clean and dry. Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process Remove guardrail from ramp to allow easy carrying Have large prefab frames delivered with loose lintels. Use site cut frames on first floor Have frames made in smaller lengths. Use mechanical assistance where practicable - provide training in the use of the equipment Use crane to deliver / position frames /materials to floor platform	Contractor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Cutting brickwork / timber frame with power saw - Electricity - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Tools and equipment Struck by flying objects	Electric shock or electrocution Hearing loss - Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems - Sight damage		✓			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator Guards to equipment fully operational Monitor for airborne dust Use task specific trained 'workers'.	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Lifting and placement of roof trusses - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Slips, trips, falls Back injuries - muscle strain / sprain		✓			✓		2	Use appropriate PPE. Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' Use planks as temporary work platform Use mechanical assistance to position trusses on top of wall plates Use task specific trained 'workers' and team liftingensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the lifting and positioning of the roof trusses Replace truss with cut roof. Have girder trusses made in two [2] sections i.e.: not nailed together Use crane to deliver / position trusses to top of wall plates / walls	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Lifting large strutting and hanging beams onto top wall plate Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access work area. Use planks as temporary work platform Use mechanical assistance where practical to lift and position Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting - additional 'workers' to assist ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work task Use crane to deliver materials to top of wall plates / walls	Contractor / all 'workers' Site Supervisor	
Fixing of eaves and windows -	Slips, trips and falls from work platform and accessibility.		✓		✓			1	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'	Contractor / all 'workers' Site Supervisor	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries								Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting		
Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform -	Back injuries - strains and sprains.								Guardrails to scaffold, work platform complete, clean and dry		
Pitch of roof - roofing material -									Perimeter guardrail / catch scaffold to roof surfaces when working from roof surface		
Windy and or wet conditions -									Use safety harness when working from roof surface		
Gravity - overbalancing - Manual tasks									Use of appropriate PPE		
Carry rolls of aluminium breather foil up ramp /									Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'		
scaffold to wrap first floor frame - Slips, trips, falls and	Slips, trips and falls								Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry	Contractor / all	
accessibility -	Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓		✓			1	Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting to	'workers'	
conditions -									position and to roll out and fix breather foil Additional 'workers' to assist		
overbalancing-									where required		
Cutting and fixing											
fibre-cement [FC] sheet eaves and wall cladding -	Slips, trips and falls from work								Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'		
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	platform Fractures, bruises lacerations and								Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry		
Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform -	personal injuries Back injuries -		√			✓		2	Perimeter guardrail / catch scaffold to roof surfaces when working from roof surface	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Pitch of roof - roofing material -	strains and sprains Dust inhalation -								Use task specific trained 'workers'.		
Windy and or wet conditions -	respiratory problems								Monitor for airborne dust/ fibres		
Gravity - overbalancing - Manual tasks									Use of appropriate PPE.		
Carry rolls of	Slips, trips and falls from ramp or		✓			✓		3	Identify the risks and plan the	Contractor / all	

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'polastic' insulation blanket up ramp	work platform								task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'	'workers'	
/scaffold - fixing of battens and insulation -	Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts								Assess travel path and distance to work area		
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Dust inhalation - respiratory								Ensure unobstructed access to work areas Guardrails to ramp are in		
Inadequate fall protection system / work platform -	problems Eye and skin								place - ramp and work platform clean and dry		
Slope of ramp -	irritations / allergies								Scaffold guardrails and work platform is complete - use of		
Windy and or wet conditions -									toe boards /dust screening Provide barricades to		
Manual tasks Exposure to dust -									restrict access to around / under work areas		
Hazardous chemicals -									Team lifting and carrying. Rotate 'workers' and vary tasks		
Biological									Appropriate procedures to contain dust resulting from		
									cutting of the foil backed polystyrene insulation rolls		
									Use appropriate PPE - disposable dust protection.		
									Use task specific trained 'workers'		
									SWMS		
									Appropriate procedures to contain dust		
Exposure to polystyrene dust	Eye and skin irritations / allergies		✓			✓		2	Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres Use appropriate PPE - disposable dust protection	Contractor / all 'workers'	
									Provide Safety Data Sheet.		
Use of gap filling flexible fillers / sealants -	Inhalation of fumes - respiratory								Identify the risks / hazards and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'	Contractor / all	
Hazardous chemicals	problems. Eye and skin	✓			✓		3	✓	Avoid contact with skin and	'workers'	
Biological	irritations/ allergies								eyes. Monitor air quality for chemical vapours		

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									Use task specific trained 'workers'. Use appropriate PPE. Provide SDS.		
Stairwell opening - roughed-in stair no guardrail - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Gravity - overbalancing	Falls through open stairwell Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		✓		√			1	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' Prevent access to opening Provide guardrail / edge protection to stairwell void Cover stairwell with temporary sheeting / scaffold	Contractor / all 'workers' Staircase Installer	
Ladder access to work areas - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Gravity - overbalancing	Fall from ladder Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		✓		✓			1	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' Use task specific trained 'workers'. Use approved ladder. Limit the use of ladders.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Work from extension ladder - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing	Fall from ladder Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		✓		√			3	Identify the risks and plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers' Use scaffold as working platform. Ensure ladder is at 4:1 slope. Secure ladder at base and top. Ensure 'workers' face the ladder when climbing up and down ladder. Provide and maintain barricades to restrict access to work area. Limit the use of ladders	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Use of electrical powered / battery operated tools in confined space- Electricity - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological	Electric shock or electrocution Hearing loss Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems Sight damage		√			\		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator Guards to equipment fully operational Protect power lead from damage - power saw blade / sharp edges / vehicular traffic	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Tools and equipment									Use stands and hooks for leads in trafficable areas		
									Use task specific trained 'workers' and rotate tasks		
									Adequate light and ventilation		
									Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres		
									Use of appropriate PPE.		
									Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'		
									Appropriate warning signage and barricades to restrict access into the work area		
Use of pneumatic operated tools and	Impact injury from projectiles								Ensure unobstructed access work areas		
equipment -	Hearing loss								Regularly monitor that air		
Compressed air - Exposure to noise -	Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems.		✓			✓		2	hoses are securely engaged and not damaged	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals Biological -	Eye and skin irritations / allergies -								Guards to tools fully operational		
Plant / equipment	Sight damage								Protect air line from damage - power saw blade / sharp edges / vehicular traffic		
									Use of appropriate PPE.		
									Use task specific trained 'workers'.		
Carrying vanity									Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'		
unit and laundry cabinet to ground floor work area -	Slips, trips and								Assess travel path and distance to work area		
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	falls Back injuries -		✓			✓		2	Ensure unobstructed access work area	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Access ways not clearly defined -	strains and sprains								Ensure openings and voids in floors are fully covered.		
Manual tasks									Use task specific trained and experienced 'workers' and team lifting		
Carrying vanity unit up ramp /	Slips, trips, falls and accessibility.		✓			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the	Contractor	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
scaffold or up stairs - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Slope of ramp - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Back injuries - strains and sprains								relevant 'workers' Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access work areas Guardrails to ramp are in place. Ramp surface clean and dry. Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and	Contractor / all 'workers'	
									work platform complete, clean and dry Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting. Identify the risks and plan the		
Cutting chemically treated timber, pine and particleboard / MDF sheets - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological Equipment	Hearing loss Inhalation of dust – respiratory problems Sight damage		√			\		2	task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator Guards to plant and equipment fully operational. Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres Train 'workers' in the safe handling and cutting of hazardous materials Monitor for airborne dust/ fibres Adequate ventilation Use of appropriate PPE Provide SDS for product.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Site clean up on completion of work Manual tasks Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals Biological -	Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems. Eye and skin irritations / allergies Personal injuries - cuts and abrasions.		√			✓		3	Place all building waste and rubbish in the designated waste area / skip bin Leave site / work areas in a clean and tidy condition Remove any temporary barricades if no longer required	Contractor / all 'workers'	

I / We have consulted with Cape Cod Australia Pty. Limited and have mutually agreed on the above procedures. This risk assessment provides details on how I/we will manage my/our work on this Cape Cod Australia Pty. Limited work site.

Company Name:	Signed by:	Jac Sprain
		Cape Cod Australia Pty. Limited
Signed by:		ABN: 54 000 605 407
(Contractor PCBU)		Builder's Licence No.: 5519
ABN:		
Address:		
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Email:		