

## **SITE SPECIFIC Risk Assessment**

## **TRADE:** CARPENTER

Job No:	7621/14	Client:	DUNN
Address:	7 Warraroon Road, Riverview NSW 2066	Supervisor:	Matt Saunders

Key: "1"	action now	"2" action ASAP	"3" action ASAP
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- **Note 1:** Refer to the general Safety Plan and Safe Work Method Statement.
- **Note 2:** Safe work procedures shall be implemented for the supply and use of a *hazardous chemical / substance/s* on site that complies with the material data sheet recommendations and also complies with the requirements of WHS Regulation 2011 Chapter 3 Part 3.2
- **Note 3:** all *manual tasks* to comply with the requirements of Safe Work Australia National Code of Practice for Manual Handling 2009 or WorkCover NSW Code of Practice Hazardous manual tasks

Note 4: <u>Review of Control Measures</u> - If there are any tasks that may be included by way of variation to the plans or an alternative approach to the set task, it is a requirement to carry out a "Specific Risk Assessment" for the task or tasks.

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Access to site / work areas - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined	Slips, trips and falls		<b>√</b>			✓		3	Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas	Site Supervisor /all 'workers'	
Stored materials - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined	Slips, trips and falls		✓			✓		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to work areas.  Provide and maintain barricades to isolate material and to restrict access  Provide designated waste areas.	Site Supervisor / all 'workers'	
Manual tasks	Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts  Over exertion or repetitive movements		<b>√</b>			✓		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area  Use mechanical assistance where practicable; provide training in the use of the equipment  Identify the risks and plan the	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possibl	Unlikel	Major	Severe	Minor	Prior	task in consultation with the 'workers'  Ensure one [1] person is appointed to plan and take charge of the task  Plan the task in stages - e.g. ensure grip is secure; lift to waist height; place support under load; team 'workers' to re-group then lift load into position  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting - rotate 'workers' and team lifting - rotate 'workers' and vary tasks  Ensure enough space is available for the team 'workers' to safely manoeuvre as a group  Where possible, use team 'workers' of a similar height and capability  Provide additional team 'workers' to assist that are proportional to the weight and difficulty of the task  Ensure load is shared evenly		Date
									Ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the lift  On sloping sites, ensure safe footing is provided		
Exposure to noise Plant / equipment	Hearing damage		✓			✓		2	Isolate plant and equipment Use appropriate PPE	All 'workers'	
Exposure to dust / fibres / chemical vapours - Hazardous chemicals - Biological -	Dust / fibres inhalation - respiratory problems Skin and eye allergies/ irritations.		✓			<b>√</b>		2	Apply appropriate procedures necessary to contain dust / fibres / chemical vapours.  Use appropriate PPE - disposable dust / fibres / chemical vapour protection.  Regularly monitor for	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Exposure to lead based paints - Hazardous	Dust inhalation - respiratory problems		<b>✓</b>			<b>✓</b>		2	airborne dust/ fibres  Identify the risks and plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers'	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
chemicals - Biological	Skin and eye allergies/ irritations.								Apply appropriate procedures necessary to contain dust / flaking paint surfaces.  Use appropriate PPE - disposable contact / dust protection.  Regularly monitor for airborne dust		
Exposure to UV light / weather - UV light - glare Extreme temperatures	Skin cancer / sun burn - Dehydration - heat stroke or fatigue Sight damage		✓			<b>√</b>		2	Reduce exposure where possible.  Regularly monitor 'workers' condition  Adequate fluid intake  Use appropriate sun screen. Wear appropriate PPE.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Contact with o/head electrical services / point of attachment - Power lines not isolated, covered or enclosed - Working to close to electrical supply - Strong winds causing power lines to swing close to work area - Wet conditions making 'tiger tails' ineffective	Electric shock or electrocution		✓			✓		3	Identify that the electrical supply is isolated prior to the work commencing  Provide 'tiger tails' [insulation] - adequately boxed adjacent to scaffold - extended an appropriate distance past the boundary	Licensed Electrical Contractor or Approved person Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Protection of other 'workers' and the public - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined - Hazardous chemicals - Biological	Slips, trips and falls Wind- borne dust / fibres Struck by falling objects		✓			✓		2	Provide and maintain barricades to materials stored on footpath  Provide and maintain barricades to isolate and to restrict access to work areas  Use of shade cloth around the work area  Wet down dust  Provide "Spotter" to stop others entering work area	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Location of services - Electricity -	Electric shock or electrocution		✓		✓			3	Isolate / relocate electrical supply / wiring.  RCD installed on mains supply	Site Supervisor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
insulation to old wiring frayed or brittle [conduit] or easily damaged - water pipe electrified Gas - Hazardous chemical Biological	Gas service - explosion  Inhalation and exposure to hazardous chemicals.								/ portable generator Isolate / relocate gas supply		
Access to and work in confined space - under floor Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Ergonomic	Dust and chemical exposure - respiratory problems  Skin and eye irritations / allergies  'Worker' trapped in confined space  Dehydration		✓			✓		3	Identify the risks / hazards and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'  Use task specific trained, experienced 'workers and rotate 'workers'.  Train 'workers' in safe working in confined spaces.  Use of appropriate PPE  Monitor the air quality for chemical vapours  Regularly monitor the condition of the 'workers' within the work area  Adequate fluid intake.  Adequate ventilation and lighting.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
General working at height - [over 2.0m]  Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Old brittle roofing material  Increased traffic on roof surface - walking in the middle of battens - Gravity - overbalancing	Fall from roof edge/ work platform/ through roof or roof framing Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		<b>✓</b>		✓			1	Identify the risks and plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers'  Assess travel path to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to work areas  Provide guardrails, perimeter edge protection / catch scaffold.  Scaffold / work platform to outer perimeter.  Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' in safe working at heights - ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	

	Likelihood Result										
Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Windy and or wet conditions									SWMS		
Working at height- stripping existing sheet metal roof covering and frame Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -  Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform -  Old / corroded roofing material Increased traffic on roof surface - walking in the middle of battens -  Windy and or wet conditions -  Gravity - overbalancing -  Hazardous chemicals -  Biological - Manual tasks - Electricity	Slips, trips and falls from work platform.  Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries / cuts and abrasions.  Struck by falling object.  Exposure to ceiling dust and insulation fibres - respiratory problems.  Electric shock or electrocution		<b>✓</b>			~		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior to commencement of the works Appropriate removal procedures to contain dust / fibres.  Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres  Scaffold / work platform to outer perimeter.  Provide perimeter guardrail / catch scaffold to roof surface.  Use safety harness  Controlled lowering of sheet metal roofing  Regularly monitor stability of the roof structure / ceiling frame  Provide barricade to restrict access to the work area.  Provide "Spotter" to stop others entering work area  Don't stack materials on roof or on scaffold.  Use trained / experienced 'workers' in safe working at heights - ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the removal process  Don't remove sheet metal roofing on wet or windy days.  Use of appropriate PPE	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Removal of eave soffits 'that may' contain asbestos cement [ACM]	Inhalation and exposure to ACM / FC fibres / dust - respiratory problems		<b>√</b>			✓		3	Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to work areas	Site Supervisor  Contractor / all  'workers'	
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Slips, trips and falls from work								Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the	Workord	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Old / corroded roofing material Walking old / corroded roofing material — walking in the middle of roofing battens Gravity - overbalancing - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Manual tasks - Proximity to other 'workers' and public	platform / through frame  Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries  Exposure to ceiling dust - eye and skin irritations - respiratory problems.								relevant 'workers'  Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior to commencement of the works  Adequate consultation with relevant "workers"  Appropriate removal procedures to contain dust / fibres.  Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres  Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' - ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work / removal process  Appropriate warning signage and barricades to restrict access into the work area.  Remove eave soffits with minimal breakage  Wet down to minimise dust / fibre release.  Seal residues of ACM / FC that cannot be removed from timber framed members  Wrap all removed material in heavy duty plastic sheeting and seal  Use appropriate PPE SWMS		
Removal of gable cladding 'that may' contain asbestos cement [ACM] / fibrecement [FC] - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Windy and or wet conditions -	Inhalation and exposure to ACM /FC fibres / dust - respiratory problems  Exposure to lead based paints -  Slips, trips and falls from work platform / through frame  Fractures, bruises lacerations and		<b>✓</b>			✓		3	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to work areas.  Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior to commencement of the works  Appropriate removal procedures to contain dust /	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Gravity - overbalancing - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Manual tasks - Proximity to other 'workers' and public	personal injuries  Exposure to ceiling dust - eye and skin irritations - respiratory problems.								fibres.  Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres  Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' - ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work / removal process  Appropriate warning signage and barricades to restrict access into the work area.  Remove gable cladding with minimal breakage  Wet down to minimise dust / fibre release  Seal residues of ACM / FC that cannot be removed from timber framed members  Wrap all removed material in heavy duty plastic sheeting and seal  Use appropriate PPE SWMS		
Carry and install tarpaulins to exposed roof space -  Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -  Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform -  Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls  Back injuries - strains and sprains  Struck by flying object		<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>			1	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access work area  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting to position tarp.  Additional 'workers' to assist where required  Ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the positioning of the tarp  Ensure all tarps are securely tied down and not weighted with tiles  Identify the risks and plan the	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Carry materials and tools to ground floor work areas -	Slips, trips and falls Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts		✓			<b>✓</b>		2	task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -  Access ways not	Over exertion or repetitive movements								Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas		
clearly defined									Ensure openings and voids in floors are fully covered.		
Manual tasks									Use task specific trained 'workers ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process		
									Rotate 'workers' and vary tasks.		
Cutting brickwork									Identify the risks and plan the		
with petrol driven saw -	Hearing loss -								task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'		
Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous	Inhalation of exhaust fumes/dust - respiratory		<b>√</b>			✓		2	Guards to equipment fully operational	Contractor / all 'workers'	
chemicals -	problems –							_	Monitor for airborne dust		
Biological - Tools and equipment	Exposure to lead based paints -								Use task specific trained 'workers'.		
Struck by flying objects	Sight damage								Use appropriate PPE.		
Demolish internal framed walls at ground level -	Slips, trips and								Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'		
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	falls Electric shock								Assess travel path and distance to work area		
Access ways not clearly defined -	or electrocution  Muscle strain -								Ensure unobstructed access to work areas		
Electricity -	back injuries and cuts								Regularly monitor stability of the structure		
Exposure to dust -  Manual tasks -	Over exertion or repetitive								Use task specific trained 'workers'	Supervisor	
	movements.		✓		✓			2	know their responsibility during the work process	Contractor / all	
Hazardous chemicals -	Inhalation and exposure to dust								Rotate 'workers' and vary	'workers'	
Biological -	- skin and eye irritations and								tasks		
Gravity - stability of the structure -	allergies.								Guards to plant and equipment fully operational		
Proximity to other 'workers'	Exposure to lead based paints -								Appropriate warning signage and barricades to restrict		
	Injuries due to collapse								access into the work area  Wet down to minimise dust		
									release		

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
									Regularly monitor for airborne dust  Use appropriate PPE SWMS		
Carrying materials, floor timbers / joists / deep composite beams / joists up ramp / scaffold - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Slope of ramp Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls  Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			<b>√</b>		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas  Guardrails to ramp are in place - ramp surface clean and dry.  Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry.  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process  Order timber in short lengths. SWMS  Use crane to deliver / position materials to work area	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Positioning floor timbers / joists / composite beams / joists on to existing wall frames - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall arrest system / work platform – Windy and or wet conditions – Gravity - overbalancing Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls  Back injuries - strains and sprains		<b>√</b>			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team liftingensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process  Use planks as temporary work platform.  SWMS	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Carrying and	falls		✓			<b>√</b>		2	task in consultation with the	'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
positioning of structural steel beams and posts [if required] - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Back injuries - strains and sprains  Damage to ramp or scaffolding								'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas  Guardrails to ramp are in place - ramp surface clean and dry.  Ramp adequate to carry combined load of men and material  Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry.  Where practicable use mechanical means [crane]to lift and position beams and posts  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting - additional 'workers' to assist-  Ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the carrying and positioning of the structural steel beam / post  Use short beams where possible  SWMS  Use crane to deliver and position structural steel components to work area		
Carrying and placing floor sheets Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls through open floor joists  Back injuries - strains and sprains		<b>✓</b>			<b>✓</b>		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas  Use planks as temporary work platform  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting  Ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
									carrying and positioning of the sheets upon the open floor joists		
Carry rolls of poly- fabric up ramp /scaffold and install to cover first floor platform - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing- Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls  Back injuries - strains and sprains		<b>\</b>		✓			1	Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access work area  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting to position and to roll out the poly-fabric	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Carrying frames up ramp / scaffold Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Slope of ramp - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls.  Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			~		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Guardrails to ramp are in place - ramp surface clean and dry.  Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process  Remove guardrail from ramp to allow easy carrying  Have large prefab frames delivered with loose lintels.  Use site cut frames on first floor  Have frames made in smaller lengths.  Use mechanical assistance where practicable - provide training in the use of the equipment	Contractor Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
									Use crane to deliver / position frames /materials to floor platform		
Cutting brickwork / timber frame with power saw - Electricity - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Tools and equipment Struck by flying objects	Electric shock or electrocution  Hearing loss - Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems - Sight damage		✓			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator  Guards to equipment fully operational  Monitor for airborne dust  Use task specific trained 'workers'.  Use appropriate PPE.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Lifting / placement of roof trusses - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Slips, trips, falls  Back injuries - muscle strain / sprain		✓			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'  Use planks as temporary work platform  Use mechanical assistance to position trusses on top of wall plates  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team liftingensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the lifting and positioning of the roof trusses  Replace truss with cut roof.  Have girder trusses made in two [2] sections i.e.: not nailed together  Use crane to deliver / position trusses to top of wall plates / walls	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Lifting large strutting and hanging beams onto top wall plate Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate work platform -	Slips, trips and falls  Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access work area.  Use planks as temporary work platform	Contractor / all 'workers' Site Supervisor	

		Likelihood			ı	Resul	t				
Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
conditions -  Manual tasks									Use mechanical assistance where practical to lift and position		
									Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting - additional 'workers' to assist ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work task		
									Use crane to deliver materials to top of wall plates / walls		
Fixing of eaves and windows -									Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'		
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -  Inadequate fall prevention system /	Slips, trips and falls from work platform and accessibility.								Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting	Contractor / all	
work platform -	Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		<b>✓</b>		<b>✓</b>			1	Guardrails to scaffold, work platform complete, clean and dry	'workers'	
Pitch of roof - roofing material -	Back injuries - strains and sprains.								Perimeter guardrail / catch scaffold to roof surfaces when working from roof surface	Site Supervisor	
Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing -									Use safety harness when working from roof surface Use of appropriate PPE		
Manual tasks Carry rolls of									Identify the risks and plan the		
aluminium breather foil up ramp									task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'		
/scaffold to wrap first floor frame -	Slips, trips and falls								Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete,		
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Back injuries -		<b>√</b>		✓			1	clean and dry  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting to	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Windy and or wet conditions -	strains and sprains								position and to roll out and fix breather foil		
Gravity - overbalancing-									Additional 'workers' to assist where required		
Manual tasks											
Carry rolls of 'polastic' insulation blanket up ramp /scaffold - fixing of	Slips, trips and falls from ramp or work platform		<b>√</b>			<b>✓</b>		3	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'	Contractor / all 'workers'	
battens and	Muscle strain -								Assess travel path and		

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insulation -  Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -  Inadequate fall protection system / work platform -  Slope of ramp -  Windy and or wet conditions -  Manual tasks  Exposure to dust -  Hazardous chemicals -  Biological	back injuries and cuts  Dust inhalation - respiratory problems  Eye and skin irritations / allergies		α.						distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to work areas Guardrails to ramp are in place - ramp and work platform clean and dry  Scaffold guardrails and work platform is complete - use of toe boards /dust screening  Provide barricades to restrict access to around / under work areas Team lifting and carrying. Rotate 'workers' and vary tasks Appropriate procedures to contain dust resulting from cutting of the foil backed polystyrene insulation rolls  Use appropriate PPE - disposable dust protection.  Use task specific trained 'workers'		
Exposure to polystyrene dust  Cutting / fixing fibre-cement [FC] weatherboard cladding- Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform -	Eye and skin irritations / allergies  Slips, trips and falls from work platform  Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries  Back injuries - strains and sprains  Dust inhalation - respiratory		✓ ✓			✓ ✓		2	Appropriate procedures to contain dust  Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres Use appropriate PPE - disposable dust protection  Provide Safety Data Sheet.  Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry  Perimeter guardrail / catch scaffold to roof surfaces when working from roof surface  Use task specific trained	Contractor / all 'workers'  Contractor / all 'workers'	

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material -  Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing - Manual tasks  Working at height - from roof surface to install skylights assemblies -  Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform -  Pitch of roof and roofing material - Gravity - overbalancing -  Windy and or wet conditions	Slips, trips and falls from scaffold or roof surface - Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		✓			✓		3	Monitor for airborne dust/ fibres  Use of appropriate PPE.  Identify the risks and plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers' Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to work area.  Scaffold guard rails and work platform is complete - clean and dry  Perimeter and edge protection / catch scaffold in place when working from roof surface.  Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' in safe working at heights - ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work / removal process  Use safety harness when working from roof surface - use task specific trained	Site Supervisor / Contractor / all 'workers'	
Working at height - balcony / deck Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Gravity - overbalancing Windy and or wet conditions	Fall from balcony / deck edge / work platform  Fall through balcony / deck framing  Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		<b>✓</b>		<b>✓</b>			1	'workers'  Wear appropriate footwear.  Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access work areas  Provide guardrails, perimeter edge protection / catch scaffold  Scaffold / work platform to balcony / deck area	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
									Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' SWMS		
Lifting / placing external staircase Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls  Back injuries - strains and sprains.		✓			V		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access work areas.  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting - ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the lifting and positioning task  Extra 'workers' on hand to assist when required.  SWMS	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Stairwell opening - roughed-in stair no guardrail - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Gravity - overbalancing	Falls through open stairwell Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		<b>&gt;</b>		✓			1	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'  Prevent access to opening  Provide guardrail / edge protection to stairwell void  Cover stairwell with temporary sheeting / scaffold	Contractor / all 'workers'  Staircase Installer	
Ladder access to work areas - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Gravity - overbalancing  Work from	Fall from ladder Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		<b>√</b>		✓			1	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'  Use task specific trained 'workers'.  Use approved ladder.  Limit the use of ladders.  Identify the risks and plan the	Contractor / all 'workers'	
extension ladder - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity -	Fall from ladder Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		✓		✓			3	tasks in consultation with the 'workers' Use scaffold as working platform. Ensure ladder is at 4:1 slope. Secure ladder at base and top. Ensure 'workers' face the ladder when climbing up and down ladder.	Contractor / all 'workers'	

	Likelihood		ı								
Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
overbalancing									Provide and maintain barricades to restrict access to work area.  Limit the use of ladders		
Use of electrical powered / battery operated tools in confined space- Electricity - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological Tools and equipment	Electric shock or electrocution Hearing loss Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems Sight damage		<b>✓</b>			<b>\</b>		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator  Guards to equipment fully operational  Protect power lead from damage - power saw blade / sharp edges / vehicular traffic  Use stands and hooks for leads in trafficable areas  Use task specific trained 'workers' and rotate tasks  Adequate light and ventilation  Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres  Use of appropriate PPE.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Use of pneumatic operated tools and equipment -  Compressed air - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals Biological - Plant / equipment  Carrying vanity	Impact injury from projectiles  Hearing loss Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems.  Eye and skin irritations / allergies -  Sight damage		<b>→</b>			<		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'  Appropriate warning signage and barricades to restrict access into the work area  Ensure unobstructed access work areas  Regularly monitor that air hoses are securely engaged and not damaged  Guards to tools fully operational  Protect air line from damage - power saw blade / sharp edges / vehicular traffic  Use of appropriate PPE.  Use task specific trained 'workers'.  Identify the risks and plan the	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
unit up ramp / scaffold or up stairs - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Slope of ramp - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	and accessibility.  Back injuries - strains and sprains								task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access work areas  Guardrails to ramp are in place. Ramp surface clean and dry.  Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete,	Contractor / all 'workers'	
									clean and dry  Use task specific trained  'workers' and team lifting.		
Cutting chemically treated timber, pine and particleboard / MDF sheets - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological Equipment	Hearing loss Inhalation of dust – respiratory problems Sight damage		<b>√</b>			1		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator  Guards to plant and equipment fully operational. Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres  Train 'workers' in the safe handling and cutting of hazardous materials  Monitor for airborne dust/ fibres  Adequate ventilation  Use of appropriate PPE  Provide SDS for product.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Site clean up on completion of work Manual tasks Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals Biological -	Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems.  Eye and skin irritations / allergies  Personal injuries - cuts and abrasions.		<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>		3	Place all building waste and rubbish in the designated waste area / skip bin  Leave site / work areas in a clean and tidy condition  Remove any temporary barricades if no longer required	Contractor / all 'workers'	

Company Name:

Signed by:

for and on behalf of: Cape Cod Australia Pty. Limited

ABN: 54 000 605 407

Builder's Licence No.: 5519

Address:

Phone:
Fax:
Email:

I / We have consulted with Cape Cod Australia Pty. Limited and have mutually agreed on the above procedures. This risk assessment provides details on how I/we will manage my/our work on this Cape Cod

Australia Pty. Limited work site.