

# **CSR SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# **CSR Plaster-Based Cements and Adhesives**

#### **SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER**

Product Name:	CSR Plaster-Based Cements and Adhesives
Other Names:	Gyprock Base Coat 20/45/60/90, Gyprock Cornice Cement, Gyprock Cornice Cement 45/60, Gyprock Drywall Adhesive 100, Gyprock Masonry Adhesive, Gyprock Patching Cement, Gyprock Back Blocking Cement, Gyprock Rapid Patch, Gyprock Rapid Set, Gyprock Ultra-Base 60
Product Codes/Trade Names:	n/a
Recommended Use:	Adhesive, jointing cement, patching compound
Applicable In:	Australia
Supplier:	CSR Building Products Limited ABN 55 008 631 356
Address:	Triniti 3, 39 Delhi Road, North Ryde, NSW 2113, Australia
Telephone:	+61 2 9235 8000 (or 1800 807 668 (available in Australia only))
Email Address:	http://www.gyprock.com.au/Pages/Contact-Us.aspx
Web Site:	http://www.gyprock.com.au/Pages/Resources/MSDS.aspx
Facsimile:	+61 2 9372 5819
Emergency Phone Number:	000 Fire Brigade and Police (available in Australia only)
Poisons Information Centre:	13 11 26 (available in Australia only)

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is issued by the Supplier in accordance with National standards and guidelines from Safe Work Australia (SWA – formerly ASCC/NOHSC). The information in it must not be altered, deleted or added to. The Supplier will not accept any responsibility for any changes made to its SDS by any other person or organization. The Supplier will issue a new SDS when there is a change in product specifications and/or Standards, Codes, Guidelines, or Regulations.

#### **SECTION 2: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

**STATEMENT OF HAZARDOUS NATURE**: Classified as **Non-Hazardous** according to the criteria of Safe Work Australia (SWA – formerly ASCC/NOHSC) Approved Criteria For Classifying Hazardous Substances [NOHSC:1008] 3rd Edition.

Cutting, breaking, drilling, sawing, grinding and finishing may generate dust (calcium sulphate) which is **Hazardous** (as a nuisance dust). Recommendations on Exposure Controls / Personal Protection (see Section 8 below) should be followed.

**CSR Plaster-Based Cements and Adhesives** is classified as **Non-Dangerous** Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.

#### GHS CLASSIFICATION:

**Not classified as Hazardous.** Because this product is classified as Non-Hazardous, a Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is not required under the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) or Australian Regulations. CSR has elected to issue this SDS for the information of users, installers and the community. It has been formatted according to the GHS, as adopted by Safe Work Australia.

CSR SDS Reference: LWS-SDS-15
Date Issued: 19/09/2016

CSR

# **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Chemical Name:	Synonyms:	Proportion:	CAS Number:
Calcium sulphate hemihydrate	Gypsum	65-98%	10034-76-1
Calcium carbonate	Chalk	<31%	1317-65-3
Mica	N/A	<10%	12001-26-2
Perlite	N/A	<10%	93763-70-3
Talc	N/A	<3%	14807-96-6
Ethylene vinyl acetate copolymer	N/A	<2%	24937-78-8
Calcium hydroxide	N/A	<2%	1305-62-0
Polyvinyl alcohol	PVA	<2%	9002-89-5
Starch	N/A	<2%	9005-25-8

Note: The crystalline silica (quartz) content (if any) is less than 0.1%.

# **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

Swallowed:	Rinse mouth and lips with water. Do not induce vomiting.
Eyes:	Flush thoroughly with flowing water, while holding eyelids open, for 15 minutes to remove all traces.
Skin:	Wash off skin thoroughly with water. Use a mild soap if available.
Inhaled:	Remove to fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.
Advice to Doctor:	Treat symptomatically.

# **SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media:	Use carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical or water spray to extinguish, as required for fire in surrounding materials.
Specific hazards:	None
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters:	None
HAZCHEM Code:	None

# **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:	Recommendations on Exposure Controls / Personal Protection (see Section 8 below) should be followed during spill and clean-up.
Environmental precautions:	No specific precautions required.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:	Dust and waste should be cleaned up by bagging, wet sweeping and/or vacuuming.

# **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Precautions for safe handling:	Manual handling should be in accordance with Manual Handling Regulations and Codes.
Conditions for safe storage:	This product should be stored in its factory packaging in a dry area.
Incompatibilities:	Incompatible with aluminium, strong acids.

# **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

	osure Standards:	Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants, Safe Work Australia  Calcium sulphate: TWA - 10 mg/m³ as inspirable dust  Total dust (of any type, or particle size): TWA - 10 mg/m³
NOTE	es on Exposure Standards:	All occupational exposures to atmospheric contaminants should be kept to as low a level as is workable (practicable) and in all cases to below the Workplace Exposure Standard (WES).  TWA (Time Weighted Average): the time-weighted average airborne concentration over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week over an entire working life. According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.
Biol	ogical Limit Values:	No biological limit allocated.
Eng	INEERING CONTROLS	
	Ventilation:	Keep exposures to dust as low as practicable. General room ventilation should be adequate, but local mechanical ventilation may be required if dust is generated, particularly in confined spaces. If engineering controls and work practices are not effective in controlling dust, then personal protective equipment may be required.
	Special Consideration for Repair &/or Maintenance of Contaminated Equipment:	Work areas should be cleaned regularly by damp sweeping or vacuuming. Recommendations on Exposure Control and Personal Protection should be followed.
PER	SONAL PROTECTION	
	Personal Hygiene	Wash work clothes regularly. Wash hands before eating, drinking, using the toilet, or smoking.
	Skin Protection:	Wear loose comfortable clothing. Direct skin contact should be avoided by wearing long sleeved shirts and long trousers, a cap or hat, and gloves (standard duty leather or equivalent AS 2161).
	Eye Protection:	Ventilated non-fogging goggles (dust resistant AS/NZS 1336) should be worn when working in a dusty environment.
	Respiratory Protection:	None required if engineering and handling controls are adequate. Where engineering and handling controls are not enough to minimise exposure to total dust, personal respiratory protection may be required. The type of respiratory protection required depends primarily on the concentration of dust in the air, and the frequency and length of exposure time. Amount of exertion required during the work, and personal comfort are other considerations in choice of respirator. A suitable P1 or P2 particulate respirator chosen and used in accordance with AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716 may be sufficient for many situations, but where high levels of dust are encountered, more efficient

cartridge-type or powered respirators or supplied-air helmets or suits may be necessary. Use only respirators that bear the Australian Standards mark and are fitted and maintained correctly, and kept in clean storage when not in use.

# **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance:	Off white powder
Odour:	Slight plaster odour
Odour threshold:	Not determined
pH:	8 - 12
Melting point:	1450°C (Calcium sulphate)
Initial boiling point and range:	Not determined
Flash point:	Not applicable
Evaporation rate:	Not applicable
Flammability:	Non-flammable
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	Not applicable
Vapour pressure:	Not applicable
Vapour density:	Not applicable
Specific gravity (Relative density):	1.4 - 2.5
Solubility:	Insoluble
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not determined
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not applicable
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined
Viscosity:	Not applicable
% Volatiles:	0%
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) Content:	0%
(as specified by the Green Building Council of Australia)	

# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Chemical Stability:	Stable
Hazardous Reactions:	None
Conditions to avoid:	None
Incompatible Materials:	Incompatible with aluminium, strong acids.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Releases oxides of sulphur when heated to decomposition.

# **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Health Effects: Acute (short term)**

Swallowed:	Unlikely under normal industrial use, but swallowing may result in nausea or abdominal discomfort.
Eyes:	Dust is irritating to the eyes causing watering and redness. Exposure to dust may aggravate pre-existing eye conditions.
Skin:	The dust from this product, particularly in association with heat and sweat, may cause mild irritation and drying to the skin due to its physical characteristics.
Inhaled:	Can cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs resulting in excess mucus and coughing.

## Health Effects: Chronic (long term)

Eyes:	Dust may cause irritation and inflammation of the eyes and aggravate pre-existing eye conditions.
Skin:	Repeated heavy contact with the dust may cause drying of the skin and can result in skin rash (dermatitis) typically affecting the hands. Over time this may become chronic and can also become infected.
Inhaled:	Repeated exposure to the dust may result in increased nasal and respiratory secretions and coughing. Inhaling dust may aggravate pre-existing respiratory conditions.

#### **Toxicity Data**

Not available on this product, but anticipated to be very low with LD50 >5000 mg/kg.

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Eco-toxicity:	The physical and chemical nature of the product, and toxicological data on ingredients, indicate that this product is a relatively low risk.
Persistence and Degradability:	Product is persistent and would have a low degradability.
Bioaccumulative potential:	There is no evidence to suggest bioaccumulation will occur.
Mobility in soil:	A low mobility would be expected in a landfill situation.

# **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste should be placed in containers and disposed of with other construction waste in accordance with local authority guidelines. Measures should be taken to prevent dust generation during disposal and exposure and personal precautions should be observed (see Section 8).

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

UN number:	None allocated
UN Proper Shipping Name:	None allocated
Class and Subsidiary Risk:	None allocated
Packaging Group:	None allocated
Marine Pollutant:	No
Special Precautions for User:	None

HAZCHEM code: None allocated

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Poisons Schedule: Not scheduled

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### For further information on this product, please contact:

CSR Building Products Limited (ABN 55 008 631 356), Triniti 3, 39 Delhi Road, North Ryde, NSW 2113, Australia

**Phone:** +61 2 9372 5888 or 1800 807 668 (available in Australia only)

**Fax:** +61 2 9372 5877

#### **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

#### **Australian Standards References:**

AS 1336	Recommended Practices for Occupational Eye Protection
AS 1715	Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices
AS 1716	Respiratory Protective Devices
AS 2161	Industrial Safety Gloves and Mittens (excluding electrical and medical gloves)

#### Other References:

NOHSC:1008 (2004)	Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances
Model Code of Practice	Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals, December 2011, Safe Work Australia.
Model Code of Practice	Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals, December 2011, Safe Work Australia.
Model Code of Practice	Managing Risks Of Hazardous Chemicals In The Workplace, July 2012, Safe Work Australia.
WHS	Guidance on the Classification of Hazardous Chemicals under the WHS Regulations, April 2012, Safe Work Australia.
ADG Code	Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail, 7 <sup>th</sup> edition, National Transport Commission.
WES	Workplace Exposure Standards For Airborne Contaminants, April 2013, Safe Work Australia.
WES	Guidance On The Interpretation Of Workplace Exposure Standards For Airborne Contaminants, April 2013, Safe Work Australia.
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS), 3 <sup>rd</sup> revised edition, United Nations, New York and Geneva, 2009.
GHS	Understanding the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS), United Nations, New York and Geneva, 2010.
HSIS	Hazardous Substances Information System (HSIS), internet advisory service, Safe Work Australia.
HCIL	GHS Hazardous Chemical Information List (HCIL), internet advisory service, Safe Work Australia.

#### **AUTHORISATION**

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Authorised by:	Peter Tollens
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**END OF SDS**