

SITE SPECIFIC Risk Assessment

TRADE: CARPENTER

Job No:	7611/14	Client:	PAYNE
Address:	5 / 59 Gould Street, Bondi Beach NSW 2026	Supervisor:	David Wahba

Key: "1" action	on now " 2 " a	ction ASAP	"3" action ASAP
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- Note 1: Refer to the general Safety Plan and Safe Work Method Statement.
- **Note 2:** Safe work procedures shall be implemented for the supply and use of a *hazardous chemical / substance/s* on site that complies with the material data sheet recommendations and also complies with the requirements of WHS Regulation 2011 Chapter 3 Part 3.2
- **Note 3:** all *manual tasks* to comply with the requirements of Safe Work Australia National Code of Practice for Manual Handling 2009 or WorkCover NSW Code of Practice Hazardous manual tasks

Note 4: Review of Control Measures - If there are any tasks that may be included by way of variation to the plans or an alternative approach to the set task, it is a requirement to carry out a "Specific Risk Assessment" for the task or tasks.

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Access to site / work areas - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined	Slips, trips and falls		✓			✓		3	Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas Train 'workers' in the safe accessing of the work area using / from a scaffolded access tower [steps]	Site Supervisor /all 'workers'	
Stored materials - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined	Slips, trips and falls		✓			√		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to work areas. Provide and maintain barricades to isolate material and to restrict access Provide designated waste areas.	Site Supervisor / all 'workers'	
Manual tasks	Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts Over exertion or repetitive movements		√			√		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area Use mechanical assistance where practicable; provide training in the use of the equipment Identify the risks and plan the	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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									task in consultation with the 'workers'		
									Ensure one [1] person is appointed to plan and take charge of the task		
									Plan the task in stages - e.g. ensure grip is secure; lift to waist height; place support under load; team 'workers' to re-group then lift load into position		
									Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting - rotate 'workers' and vary tasks		
									Ensure enough space is available for the team 'workers' to safely manoeuvre as a group		
									Where possible, use team 'workers' of a similar height and capability		
									Provide additional team 'workers' to assist that are proportional to the weight and difficulty of the task		
									Ensure load is shared evenly		
									Ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the lift		
									On sloping sites, ensure safe footing is provided		
Exposure to noise Plant / equipment	Hearing damage		✓			✓		2	Isolate plant and equipment Use appropriate PPE	All 'workers'	
Exposure to dust / fibres / chemical vapours - Hazardous	Dust / fibres inhalation - respiratory problems Skin and eye		√			✓		2	Apply appropriate procedures necessary to contain dust / fibres / chemical vapours. Use appropriate PPE - disposable dust / fibres / chemical vapour protection.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
chemicals - Biological -	allergies/ irritations.								Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres		
Exposure to lead based paints - Hazardous	Dust inhalation - respiratory problems		✓			√		2	Identify the risks and plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers'	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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chemicals - Biological	Skin and eye allergies/ irritations.								Apply appropriate procedures necessary to contain dust / flaking paint surfaces. Use appropriate PPE - disposable contact / dust protection. Regularly monitor for airborne dust		
Exposure to UV light / weather - UV light - glare Extreme temperatures	Skin cancer / sun burn - Dehydration - heat stroke or fatigue Sight damage		✓			✓		2	Reduce exposure where possible. Monitor 'workers' condition Adequate fluid intake Use appropriate sun screen. Wear appropriate PPE.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Protection of other 'workers' and the public - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined - Hazardous chemicals - Biological	Slips, trips and falls Wind- borne dust / fibres Struck by falling objects		√			✓		2	Provide and maintain barricades to materials stored on footpath Provide and maintain barricades to isolate and to restrict access to work areas Use of shade cloth around the work area Wet down dust Provide "Spotter" to stop others entering work area	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Location of services - Electricity - insulation to old wiring frayed or brittle [conduit] or easily damaged - water pipe electrified Gas - Hazardous chemical Biological	Electric shock or electrocution Gas service - explosion Inhalation and exposure to hazardous chemicals.		\		✓			3	Isolate / relocate electrical supply / wiring. RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator Isolate / relocate gas supply	Site Supervisor / all 'workers'	
Access to and work in confined roof space - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Ergonomic	Dust and chemical exposure - respiratory problems Skin and eye irritations / allergies 'Worker' trapped		✓			✓		3	Identify the risks / hazards and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' Use task specific trained, experienced 'workers and rotate 'workers'. Train 'workers' in safe	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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	in confined space								working in confined spaces.		
	Dehydration								Use of appropriate PPE		
									Monitor the air quality for chemical vapours		
									Regularly monitor the condition of the 'workers' within the work area		
									Adequate fluid intake.		
									Adequate ventilation and lighting.		
General working at height - [over 2.0m]									Identify the risks and plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers'		
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -									Assess travel path to work area		
Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform -	Fall from roof edge/ work platform/								Ensure unobstructed access to work area	Site Supervisor	
Old / brittle roofing tiles	through roof or roof framing Fractures, bruises		✓		√			1	Perimeter guardrail / catch scaffold to roof surfaces when working from roof surface	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Increased traffic on roof surface -	lacerations and personal injuries								Use safety harness when working from roof surface		
walking in the middle of battens -									Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' in safe working at heights - ensure		
Gravity - overbalancing									'workers' know their responsibility during the work process		
Windy and or wet conditions									SWMS		
Working at height- partial stripping existing tiled roof	Slips, trips and falls from work platform.								Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'		
covering and frame Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries / cuts and abrasions.								Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior to commencement of the works	Contractor / all	
Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform -	Struck by falling object.		V	✓		2	Appropriate removal procedures to contain dust	'workers'			
Old / brittle roofing tiles	Exposure to ceiling dust and insulation fibres - respiratory								Perimeter guardrail / catch scaffold to roof surfaces when working from roof surface		
Increased traffic on roof surface -	problems.								Use safety harness when working from roof surface		

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walking in the middle of battens - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Manual tasks - Electricity	Electric shock or electrocution								Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' in safe working at heights - ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the removal process Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres Controlled removal / disposal of the roofing tiles - provide debris chute Regularly monitor stability of the roof structure / ceiling frame Provide barricade to restrict access to the work area. Provide "Spotter" to stop others entering work area Don't stack materials on roof. Don't remove roofing tiles on wet or windy days. Use of appropriate PPE plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers' Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access work area. Use designated drop areas to restrict traffic across the roof surface Use materials chute or materials hoist to lower		
Pomovol of	Slips, trips and								roofing tiles and debris to ground floor level Assess travel path and		
Removal of disused ceiling mount hot water unit from common	falls from work platform / through ceiling frame								distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to work area	Site Supervisor	
roof space over stairwell - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		✓			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Inadequate fall	Inhalation and exposure to dust /								Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior		

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prevention system / work platform -	fibres - respiratory problems								to commencement of the works		
Windy conditions -									Use planks as temporary work platform		
Gravity - overbalancing									Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' -		
Hazardous chemicals -									ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work / removal process		
Biological -									Appropriate warning signage and barricades to restrict access into the work area		
									Regularly monitor airborne dust/ fibres		
									Use materials hoist to lower tank unit to ground floor level		
									Use appropriate PPE		
									Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'		
Carry and install tarpaulins to									Assess travel path and distance to work area		
exposed roof space - Slips, trips, falls and	Slips, trips and								Use materials hoist to deliver materials to third / fourth floor level work area		
accessibility -	Falls Back injuries -		√		✓			1	Ensure unobstructed access work area	Contractor / all 'workers'	
prevention system / work platform -	strains and sprains Struck by flying object								Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting to position tarp.		
Windy and or wet conditions -									Additional 'workers' to assist where required		
Gravity - overbalancing - Manual tasks									Ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the positioning of the tarp		
									Ensure all tarps are securely tied down and not weighted with tiles		
Delivery of materials and tools to work area -	Talls								Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'		
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts		✓			✓		2	Use crane to deliver materials to third / fourth floor level	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Access ways not	Over exertion or repetitive								Use materials hoist to		

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clearly defined	movements								deliver materials to third / fourth floor level		
Manual tasks									Assess travel path and distance to work area		
									Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas		
									Use task specific trained 'workers ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process		
									Rotate 'workers' and vary tasks.		
									Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'		
Stripping of timber parquet flooring	Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts								Use task specific trained 'workers ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process		
Exposure to dust - Manual tasks -	Over exertion or repetitive								Rotate 'workers' and vary tasks		
Hazardous chemicals -	movements. Inhalation and		√		✓			2	Guards to plant and equipment fully operational		
Biological -	exposure to dust - skin and eye irritations and								Appropriate warning signage and barricades to restrict access into the work area		
	allergies.								Use materials chute or materials hoist to lower materials / debris to ground floor level		
									Use appropriate PPE SWMS		
Hand demolish rendered brickwork	Slips, trips and falls								Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'		
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Electric shock or electrocution								Assess travel path and distance to work area	Supervisor	
Access ways not clearly defined -	Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts		✓		✓			2	Ensure unobstructed access to work area	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Electricity - Exposure to dust -	Over exertion or								Regularly monitor stability of the structure		
Manual tasks -	repetitive movements.								Use task specific trained 'workers ensure 'workers'		

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Hazardous chemicals -	Inhalation and exposure to dust - skin and eye								know their responsibility during the work process Rotate 'workers' and vary		
Biological - Gravity - stability of	irritations and allergies.								tasks		
the structure -	Exposure to lead based paints -								Guards to plant and equipment fully operational		
Proximity to other 'workers'	Injuries due to collapse								Appropriate warning signage and barricades to restrict access into the work area		
									Wet down to minimise dust release		
									Regularly monitor airborne dust		
									Use materials chute or materials hoist to lower materials / debris to ground floor level		
									Use appropriate PPE SWMS		
Cutting brickwork with petrol driven saw -	Hearing loss -								Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'		
Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous	Inhalation of exhaust fumes/dust - respiratory problems –		✓			✓		2	Guards to equipment fully operational	Contractor / all 'workers'	
chemicals - Biological -	Exposure to lead								Monitor for airborne dust Use task specific trained		
Tools and equipment Struck by flying									'workers'.		
objects	Sight damage								Use appropriate PPE.		
Hand demolish concrete Bathroom slab - third floor	Slips, trips and falls								Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'		
level Electricity -	Electric shock or electrocution								Assess travel path and distance to work area		
Exposure to dust -	Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts								Ensure unobstructed access to work area	Supervisor	
Manual tasks -	Over exertion or		✓		✓			2	Regularly monitor stability of the structure	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Hazardous chemicals -	repetitive movements.								Use task specific trained 'workers.'		
Biological -	Inhalation and exposure to dust								know their responsibility during the work process		
Gravity - stability of the structure -	 skin and eye irritations and allergies. 								Rotate 'workers' and vary tasks		

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Proximity to other 'workers'	Exposure to lead based paints - Injuries due to collapse								Guards to plant and equipment fully operational Appropriate warning signage and barricades to restrict access into the work area Wet down to minimise dust release Regularly monitor airborne dust Use materials chute or materials hoist to lower materials / debris to ground floor level Use appropriate PPE SWMS		
Delivery of materials, floor timbers / joists / deep composite beams / joists to roof space work area - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' Use crane to deliver materials to third / fourth floor level work area Use materials hoist to deliver materials to third / fourth floor level work area Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access work area Use task specific trained 'workers' and team liftingensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process Use safety harness -use task specific trained 'workers'.	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Positioning floor timbers / joists / composite joists / beams on existing walls- Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall arrest system / work	Slips, trips and falls Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			√		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' Use crane to deliver materials to third / fourth floor level work area Use materials hoist to deliver materials to third / fourth floor level work area	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
platform – Windy and or wet conditions – Gravity - overbalancing Manual tasks Carrying and positioning of structural steel beams and posts [if required] - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls Back injuries - strains and sprains Damage to ramp or scaffolding		✓			✓		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process Use planks as temporary work platform. SWMS Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' Use crane a to deliver materials to third / fourth floor level work area Use materials hoist to deliver materials to third / fourth floor level work area Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access work area Where practicable use mechanical means to lift and position beams and posts Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting - additional 'workers' to assist- Ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the carrying and positioning of the structural steel beam / post	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Carrying and placing floor sheets Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls through open floor joists Back injuries - strains and sprains		√			√		2	possible SWMS Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' Use crane to deliver flooring materials to third / fourth floor level work area Use materials hoist to deliver flooring materials to third /	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
									fourth floor level work area Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access work area Use planks as temporary work platform within roof space Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting Ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the carrying and positioning of the sheets upon the open floor joists		
Carry rolls of poly- fabric and install to cover floor platform Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing- Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓		√			1	Assess travel path and distance to work area Use materials hoist to deliver rolls of material to third / fourth floor level work area Ensure unobstructed access work area Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting to position and to roll out the poly-fabric	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Delivery of frames to third floor work area Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Slope of ramp - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls. Back injuries - strains and sprains		√			~		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' Use crane assistance where practicable to deliver frames to third floor level work area Use materials hoist to deliver frames to third floor level work area Assess travel path and distance to work area Use task specific trained 'workers' and team liftingensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process Use site cut frames	Contractor / all	
Cutting brickwork /	Electric shock or		✓			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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timber frame with power saw - Electricity - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Tools and equipment Struck by flying	electrocution Hearing loss - Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems - Sight damage								task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator Guards to equipment fully operational Monitor for airborne dust Use task specific trained 'workers'.		
Lifting / placement of roof trusses - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Slips, trips, falls Back injuries - muscle strain / sprain		✓			✓		2	Use appropriate PPE. Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' Use crane assistance where practicable to deliver trusses to third / fourth floor level work area Use materials hoist to deliver trusses to third / fourth floor level work area Use planks as temporary work platform Use mechanical assistance to position trusses on top of wall plates Use task specific trained 'workers' and team liftingensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the lifting and positioning of the roof trusses Replace truss with cut roof.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Lifting large strutting and hanging beams onto top wall plate Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate work platform - Windy and or wet conditions -	Slips, trips and falls Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' Use crane assistance where practicable to deliver materials to third / fourth floor level work area Use materials hoist to deliver materials to third / fourth floor level work area Assess travel path and distance to work area	Contractor / all 'workers' Site Supervisor	

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Manual tasks									Ensure unobstructed access work area.		
									Use planks as temporary work platform		
									Use mechanical assistance where practical to lift and position		
									Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting - additional 'workers' to assist ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work task		
Fixing of windows-									Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the		
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Slips, trips and falls								relevant 'workers' Use materials hoist to deliver		
Inadequate fall prevention system /	from work platform and accessibility.								windows to third floor level work area	Contractor / all	
work platform -	Fractures, bruises lacerations and		✓		✓			1	Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting	'workers'	
Pitch of roof - roofing material -	personal injuries Back injuries -								Perimeter guardrail / catch scaffold to roof surfaces when	Site Supervisor	
Windy and or wet conditions -	strains and sprains.								working from roof surface		
Gravity - overbalancing -									Use safety harness when working from roof surface		
Manual tasks Carry rolls of									Use of appropriate PPE Identify the risks and plan the		
'polastic' insulation blanket - fixing of	Slips, trips and								task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'		
battens and insulation -	falls from ramp or work platform								Use materials hoist to deliver insulation rolls to third floor level work area		
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Muscle strain - back injuries and								Assess travel path and	Contractor / all	
Inadequate fall protection system / work platform -	cuts Dust inhalation -		√			✓		3	distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access	'workers'	
Windy and or wet conditions -	respiratory problems								to work areas Perimeter guardrail / catch		
Manual tasks	Eye and skin								scaffold to roof surfaces when working from roof surface		
Exposure to dust -	irritations / allergies								Use safety harness when working from roof surface		
Hazardous chemicals -									Provide barricades to		

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Biological									restrict access to around / under work areas Team lifting and carrying. Rotate 'workers' and vary tasks Appropriate procedures to contain dust resulting from cutting of the foil backed polystyrene insulation blanket Use appropriate PPE - disposable dust protection. Use task specific trained 'workers' SWMS		
Exposure to polystyrene dust	Eye and skin irritations / allergies		✓			√		2	Appropriate procedures to contain dust Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres Use appropriate PPE - disposable dust protection Provide Safety Data Sheet.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Working at height - balcony / deck Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Gravity - overbalancing Windy and or wet conditions	Fall from balcony / deck edge / work platform Fall through balcony / deck framing Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		✓		✓			1	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access work areas Provide guardrails, perimeter edge protection / catch scaffold Scaffold / work platform to balcony / deck area Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' SWMS	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Working at height - from roof surface to install skylight assemblies - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Slips, trips and falls from scaffold or roof surface - Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		✓			✓		3	Identify the risks and plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers' Use materials hoist to deliver assemblies to third floor level work area	Site Supervisor / Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform -									Assess travel path and distance to work area		
Pitch of roof and									Ensure unobstructed access to work area.		
roofing material - Gravity - overbalancing - Windy and or wet									Perimeter and edge protection / catch scaffold in place when working from roof surface.		
conditions									Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' in safe working at heights - ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work / removal process		
									Use safety harness when working from roof surface - use task specific trained 'workers'		
									Wear appropriate footwear.		
Stairwell opening - roughed-in stair no guardrail - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Falls through open stairwell Fractures, bruises lacerations and		✓		✓			1	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' Prevent access to opening Provide guardrail / edge	Contractor / all workers'	
Gravity - overbalancing	personal injuries								protection to stairwell void Cover stairwell with temporary sheeting / scaffold	Installer	
Ladder access to work areas - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Gravity - overbalancing	Fall from ladder Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		✓		✓			1	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' Use task specific trained 'workers'. Use approved ladder. Limit the use of ladders.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Work from ladder - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate work platform - Windy and or wet conditions -	Fall from ladder Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		√		✓			3	Identify the risks and plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers' Use scaffold as working platform. Ensure ladder is at 4:1 slope. Secure ladder at base and top. Ensure 'workers' face the	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Gravity - overbalancing									ladder when climbing up and down ladder. Provide and maintain barricades to restrict access to work area. Limit the use of ladders		
Use of electrical powered / battery operated tools in confined space- Electricity - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological Tools and equipment	Electric shock or electrocution Hearing loss Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems Sight damage		√			√		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator Guards to equipment fully operational Protect power lead from damage - power saw blade / sharp edges / vehicular traffic Use stands and hooks for leads in trafficable areas Use task specific trained 'workers' and rotate tasks Adequate light and ventilation Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres Use of appropriate PPE.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Use of pneumatic operated tools and equipment - Compressed air - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals Biological - Plant / equipment	Impact injury from projectiles Hearing loss Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems. Eye and skin irritations / allergies - Sight damage		✓			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' Appropriate warning signage and barricades to restrict access into the work area Ensure unobstructed access work areas Regularly monitor that air hoses are securely engaged and not damaged Protect air line from damage - power saw blade / sharp edges / vehicular traffic Guards to tools fully operational Use of appropriate PPE. Use task specific trained 'workers'.	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Carrying vanity unit / laundry cabinet to fourth floor work area - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Slips, trips, falls and accessibility. Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' Use materials hoist to deliver materials to third floor level work area Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access work areas Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting.	Contractor Contractor / all	
Cutting chemically treated timber, pine and particleboard / MDF sheets - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological Equipment	Hearing loss Inhalation of dust – respiratory problems Sight damage		✓			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator Guards to plant and equipment fully operational. Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres Train 'workers' in the safe handling and cutting of hazardous materials Monitor for airborne dust/ fibres Adequate ventilation Use of appropriate PPE Provide SDS for product.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Site clean up on completion of work Manual tasks Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals Biological -	Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems. Eye and skin irritations / allergies Personal injuries - cuts and abrasions.		✓			✓		3	Use materials chute or materials hoist to lower building waste / debris to ground floor level Place all associated waste and rubbish in the designated waste area / skip bin Leave site / work area in a clean and tidy condition Remove any temporary barricades if no longer required	Contractor / all 'workers'	

Company Name:

Signed by:

for and on behalf of: Cape Cod Australia Pty. Limited
ABN: 54 000 605 407
Builder's Licence No.: 5519

ABN:
Address:

Phone:
Fax:
Email:

I / We have consulted with Cape Cod Australia Pty. Limited and have mutually agreed on the above procedures. This risk assessment provides details on how I/we will manage my/our work on this Cape Cod

Australia Pty. Limited work site.