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HAZARDOUS MATERIALS ASSESSMENT REPORT

Client: Cape Cod Australia Pty. Limited

Job details: Owner/s: Dr Fogg & Dr Shaw

Location: 13 Cairo Street, South Coogee

Plans for Job No: 7531/14 Revision No: C Dated: 11 - 04 - 14

Council area: RANDWICK

Date of assessment: 14 May 2014

Our reference: HM03010514

The Client acknowledges that:

This report is provided for **the exclusive information of the Client**. It is a term and condition of the terms upon which this report is provided, that if the Client chooses to rely upon the report, that the Company and the Person making this report will not be liable to the Client or to any other Person who suffers personal or property damage or financial loss in respect of any cause of action or tort, contract or however the cause of action is said to arise.

This report is **not a guarantee or warranty** or an all-encompassing report dealing with the above property from every aspect. It is based on the condition of the property and the "**Readily Accessible Areas**" at the time of assessment. It is a reasonable attempt to identify as far as *reasonably practicable*, any significant hazardous materials i.e. materials "that may" contain asbestos [ACM] or [ACD], ceiling dusts "that may" contain lead, paints "that may" contain lead or synthetic mineral fibres [SMF], **visible** at the time of assessment.

This report, based on visual assessment, will not disclose hazardous materials in inaccessible areas, not readily accessible or obstructed at the time of assessment. Areas which are not normally accessible were not assessed and include but are not limited to – inside walls, the interior of a flat roof or beneath a suspended floor filled with earth.

This report is **not** a **Certificate of Compliance** with the requirements of the WHS Act 2011 and WHS Regulations 2011, relevant Codes of Practice or Australian Standards or NSW Office of Environment and Heritage [OEH] Regulations.



Front elevation of 13 Cairo Street, South Coogee

1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE EXISTING RESIDENCE

Estimated age:	Circa 1940
Type of construction:	Single storey cavity / solid brick dwelling with a suspended timber & concrete floor system.
External cladding:	Face brickwork, rendered blockwork and timber cladding
Roof:	Hip & valley with concrete tiles

Occupancy Status: Was the residence occupied at the time of assessment?

Yes	✓ No	Not Applicable	
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Orientation: For the purpose of this report the front of the residence faces:

2. AREAS ASSESSED

This assessment covers the following "Readily Accessible Areas" of the existing residence layout to identify as far as reasonably practicable any significant hazardous materials i.e. materials "that may" contain asbestos [ACM] or [ACD], ceiling dusts "that may" contain lead, paints "that may" contain lead or synthetic mineral fibre insulation [SMF].

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	Under Floor Space	✓	Exterior	~	Roof Surfaces	✓	Roof Cavity	~	Interior	~	Garage	1

3. ASSESSMENT OF THE EXISTING RESIDENCE LAYOUT FOR HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

Area Assessed	Description and Comment	Assessment / Action
Under Floor Space	Timber bearers and joists low to the ground	No work planned to under floor space. No action required
Exterior		
Cladding	Timber lining boards to North, South and East walls Possible Asbestos Cement sheet to part of rear [south] elevation Note: 1. Existing South, East and part North walls to be demolished	7.4m² Remove and dispose of the possible asbestos cement flat sheet [ACM] in a manner approved by NSW OEH and RANDWICK Council Note: See attached
		Safe Work Method Statement for the removal of material that may contain asbestos [ACM]. Appropriate dust suppression measures to be provided.
Eave /soffit lining	Possible Asbestos Cement sheet eave lining to dwelling Note: 1. Existing South, East and North eaves to be demolished including front Porch and awning	Remove and dispose of the possible asbestos cement flat sheet [ACM] in a manner approved by NSW OEH and RANDWICK Council Note: See attached Safe Work Method Statement for the removal of material that may contain asbestos [ACM]. Appropriate dust suppression measures to be provided.
Roofing	Concrete roof tiles Note: All concrete roof tiles to be removed as part of the proposed contract works	Appropriate dust suppression measures to be provided No further action required

Area Assessed	Description and Comment	Assessment / Action
Painting - general	Combination of oil based enamel and acrylic to eave soffits and trims No lead based paints were observed	Appropriate dust suppression measures to be provided No further action required
Interior - Ground floor		
Entry	Painted rendered brickwork Painted fibrous plaster ceiling with ornate cornice Note: 1. Part brickwork to front door to be demolished	Appropriate dust suppression measures to be provided No further action required
Living	Painted rendered brickwork Painted fibrous plaster ceiling with ornate cornice Possible Asbestos Cement sheet used to construct room dividers which are to be removed. Note: 1. Brickwork to sun room and entry to be demolished	Remove and dispose of the possible asbestos cement flat sheet [ACM] in a manner approved by NSW OEH and RANDWICK Council Note: See attached Safe Work Method Statement for the removal of material that may contain asbestos [ACM]. Appropriate dust suppression measures to be provided
Formal Dining	Painted rendered brickwork Painted fibrous plaster ceiling with ornate cornice Note: 1. Brickwork to study and bed3/dining to be demolished	Appropriate dust suppression measures to be provided No further action required
Sun room	Possible Asbestos Cement sheet to lining Stained lining boards to ceiling with timber cornice Note: 1. All existing wall to be demolished	7.4m² Remove and dispose of the possible asbestos cement flat sheet [ACM] in a manner approved by NSW OEH and RANDWICK Council Note: See attached Safe Work Method

Area Assessed	Description and Comment	Assessment / Action
		Statement for the removal of material that may contain asbestos [ACM].
		Appropriate dust suppression measures to be provided
Study	Possible Asbestos Cement sheet to lining Stained lining boards to ceiling with timber cornice Note: 1. All existing walls to be demolished	5.5m ² Remove and dispose of the possible asbestos cement flat sheet [ACM] in a
	recent to the definition of	manner approved by NSW OEH and RANDWICK Council
		Note: See attached Safe Work Method Statement for the removal of material that may contain asbestos [ACM].
		Appropriate dust suppression measures to be provided
Bedroom 3	Possible Asbestos Cement sheet to lining	6m ²
	Painted fibrous plaster ceiling with ornate cornice Note: 1. All existing walls to be demolished	Remove and dispose of the possible asbestos cement flat sheet [ACM] in a manner approved by
		NSW OEH and RANDWICK Council
		Note: See attached Safe Work Method Statement for the removal of material that may contain asbestos [ACM]. Appropriate dust suppression measures to be provided
Dining	Timber lining boards and face brickwork to walls Timber lining boards on exposed timber	Appropriate dust suppression measures to be
	rafters Note: 1. Existing walls to be demolished	provided No further action required
Laundry/Shower/WC	Possible Asbestos Cement sheet to lining	8.2m ²
	Timber lining boards to ceiling with timber	Remove and dispose

Area Assessed	Description and Comment	Assessment / Action
	Note: 1. All walls to be demolished	of the possible asbestos cement flat sheet [ACM] in a manner approved by NSW OEH and RANDWICK Council
		Note: See attached Safe Work Method Statement for the removal of material that may contain asbestos [ACM]. Appropriate dust suppression measures to be provided
Kitchen	Painted rendered brickwork Painted fibrous plaster ceiling with ornate cornice Note: 1. Part brickwork to be demolished	Appropriate dust suppression measures to be provided No further action required
Bedroom 2	Painted rendered brickwork Painted fibrous plaster ceiling with ornate cornice Note: 1. Part brickwork and BIR to be demolished	Appropriate dust suppression measures to be provided No further action required
Bath	Painted rendered brickwork and ceramic tiles to 1800 above FFL Painted fibrous plaster ceiling with ornate cornice Note: 1. Part brickwork to be demolished	Appropriate dust suppression measures to be provided No further action required
Bedroom 1	Painted rendered brickwork Painted fibrous plaster ceiling with ornate cornice Note: 1. Part brickwork and robe to be demolished	Appropriate dust suppression measures to be provided No further action required
Interior – Lower Grou	nd floor	
Garage	Possible Asbestos Cement sheet to ceiling lining Sandstone and concrete block work to walls Note: 1. All blockwork to be demolished	30m ² Remove and dispose of the possible asbestos cement flat sheet [ACM] in a

Area Assessed	Description and Comment	Assessment / Action
		manner approved by NSW OEH and RANDWICK Council
		Note: See attached Safe Work Method Statement for the removal of material that may contain asbestos [ACM].
		Appropriate dust suppression measures to be provided
Basement	Sandstone to walls Exposed bearers and joists to ceiling	No work proposed to this area No further action is required
General		
Painting - general	Acrylic / plastic paint to ceilings, walls. Enamel paint to doors and trims. No lead based paints were observed	Appropriate dust suppression measures to be provided. No further action is required
Roof Cavity	Traditional cut and pitched timber structure with ceiling sheets fixed to underside of ceiling joists Note 1: Minimal ceiling dust was noted Note 2: Sarking is installed under the roof tiles Note 3: Insulating Batts are installed on top of ceiling sheets	In our opinion the air quality will not be affected during the course of the construction of the new upper floor frame Appropriate dust suppression measures to be provided No further action is required
Electrical Meter Board	Located at front of dwelling To be retained in present location.	No work proposed to this area No further action is required
	naterials "that may" contain asbestos [ACM] of the proposed Contract works.	79.9m ²

4. AREAS NOT ASSESSED

All areas assessed.

5. UNDETECTED HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

Due to the level of accessibility including the presence of obstructions the overall degree of risk of **undetected** hazardous materials is considered as far as *reasonably practicable* to be:

Low ✓ Moderate Moderate to High High	
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CERTIFICATION

This document certifies that the existing residence layout described in this report has been assessed as far as *reasonably practicable* for the inclusion of hazardous materials i.e. materials "that may" contain asbestos [ACM] or [ACD], paints "that may" contain lead, ceiling dusts "that may" contain lead or synthetic mineral fibres [SMF] in the existing structure.

This assessment and report was carried out by: Garry Pearce

Builders Licence No. 147214C

Signed for and on behalf of JONSPIN Building Services Pty. Limited

Garry Pearce Date of Issue: 16 May 2014

A1. Use of Asbestos

Only fibro products made before 1987 contain asbestos in NSW, for example the use of asbestos was discontinued in fibro sheets by 1982, in corrugated sheets by 1984 and in other products by 1986. The manufacture and use of asbestos product was banned nationally from 31st December 2003.

A2. What Are The Risks?

"Breathing in asbestos fibre can cause asbestosis, lung cancer and mesothelioma. This does not automatically mean that your health is at risk if you find your home is made from or contains asbestos cement [fibro] products. Studies have shown that these products, if in sound condition and left undisturbed are not a significant health risk. If the asbestos cement fibres remain firmly bound to a solid cement sheet or structure, generally you do not need to remove the asbestos cement [fibro] or even coat it.

Health problems usually occur when people are unaware of the hazards of working with asbestos cement [fibro]. The important point is to use commonsense and follow safety guidelines working with asbestos cement [fibro] products should not be a problem". [Extract from - Fibro & Asbestos – A Renovator and Homeowners Guide – WorkCover NSW 2004]

<u>Safe Work Method Statement – Non friable In-situ Asbestos Cement Sheeting</u>

All work procedures are to be devised as far as *reasonably practicable* to minimise the release of dust and fibres [ACD]. A checklist of safety precautions when working with asbestos cement products [ACM] should include but is not limited to the following:

- Appropriate warning signage and barricades are to be erected to prevent entry of anyone not connected with the removal activity into the work area.
 - The sign must be clearly displayed in a prominent visible position at the front of the site; containing the words "DANGER ASBESTOS REMOVAL IN PROGRESS" and including the details of the licensed Asbestos Removalist Contractor [PCBU].
- When working with products and materials "that may" contain asbestos [ACM] all workers are to wear personal protective equipment [PPE] including coveralls and approved respiratory protection equipment [RPE] in accordance with the requirements of AS/NZS1716 Respiratory Protection devices and AS/NZS1715 Selection, use and maintenance of respiratory protective devices.
- As far as reasonably practicable use non powered hand tools as these generate much less dust [ACD]. Do not use abrasive cutters and sanders on all products and materials "that may" contain asbestos [ACM].
- Wet down or seal the material containing asbestos [ACM] to reduce the release of dust [ACD].
- As far as reasonably practicable work in well ventilated areas.
- Use drop sheets to collect debris containing asbestos [ACM].
- Wet clean or use approved vacuum cleaning equipment [HEPA] which complies with AS/NZS 603335.2.69 Industrial vacuum cleaners. Household vacuum cleaners must never be used where asbestos is or may be present, even if the unit has a HEPA filter.
- Dispose of smaller products and materials "that may" contain asbestos pieces and collected dust in plastic bags which are clearly labelled "asbestos waste".
- Asbestos cement products [ACM] must not be reused.

• **Do not** abrade, scrub or water blast the surface of products and materials "that may" contain asbestos.

DEMOLITION WORK PLAN

The partial demolition of the residence and the removal, storage, handling and disposal of building materials must be carried out as far as *reasonably practicable* in accordance with the following Regulations;

- Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011
- WorkCover NSW Code of Practice How to manage and control asbestos in the workplace
- Safe Work Australia Code of Practice How to safely remove asbestos
- NSW Work Health and Safety (Hazardous Substances) Regulation 2001
- NSW Work Health and Safety (Asbestos Removal Work) Regulation 2001
- Australian Standard AS2601 [2001] Demolition of Structures
- NSW Protection of the Environment Operations Act [1997]
- NSW Protection of the Environment Operations [Waste] Regulation [2005]
- NSW Office of Environment and Heritage [OEH] Regulations and Guidelines

A Demolition Work Plan must be submitted to RANDWICK Council and the Principal Certifying Authority (PCA) if RANDWICK Council is not the PCA, not less than five [5] working days **before commencing any demolition works** involving products or materials "that may" contain asbestos [ACM].

A copy of the Demolition Work Plan must be maintained on site and be made readily accessible to the Council Officer or 'workers' upon request.

ASBESTOS REMOVAL CONTROL PLAN

Safe Work Method Statement - Removal & Disposal of Materials that may contain Asbestos

Any work involving the demolition, storage and disposal of products or materials "that may" contain asbestos [ACM] must be carried out as far as reasonably practicable to minimise the release of airborne asbestos dust and fibres [ACD] in accordance with the following requirements;

- Relevant Work Health and Safety legislation including but not limited to WorkCover NSW Code of Practice How to manage and control asbestos in the workplace; Safe Work Australia Code of Practice How to safely remove asbestos and NSW Office of Environment and Heritage [OEH] requirements.
- RANDWICK Council Asbestos Policy as adopted 13 September 2005
- The person with Management Control of the workplace and the licensed Asbestos Removalist must, so far as reasonably practicable, and before commencing the asbestos [ACM] removal work, consult with and inform the following people about the asbestos [ACM] removal work and when the work will commence, so as to eliminate or minimise the exposure of the risks associated with asbestos:
 - The person who commissioned the asbestos removal work [Site Management]
 - A person conducting a business or undertaking at the workplace [Contractors]

- The occupants of the domestic premises [Owner or Tenant]
- Anyone occupying premises in the immediate vicinity of the workplace [Neighbours]
- All work procedures are to be devised as far as reasonably practicable to minimise the release of dust and fibres [ACD].
- Appropriate warning signage and barricades are to be erected to prevent as far as reasonably practicable, entry of anyone not connected with the removal activity into the work area.
- The sign must be clearly displayed in a prominent visible position at the front of the site; containing the words "DANGER ASBESTOS REMOVAL IN PROGRESS" and including the details of the licensed Asbestos Removal Contractor [PCBU].
- When working with products and materials "that may" contain asbestos [ACM] all 'workers' are to wear personal protective equipment [PPE] including coveralls and approved respiratory protective equipment [RPE] in accordance with the requirements of AS/NZS1716 Respiratory Protection devices and AS/NZS1715- Selection, use and maintenance of respiratory protective devices.
- As far as *reasonably practicable*, use non powered hand tools for the removal of the materials *that may* contain asbestos [ACM] as these generate much less dust [ACD]. **Do not use** abrasive cutters and sanders, scrub or water blast the surface of products and materials "*that may*" contain asbestos [ACM].
- All products and materials "that may" contain asbestos [ACM] are to be kept damp to minimise
 as far as reasonably practicable the generation of airborne asbestos dust and fibres [ACD].
 Prevent and or contain excess run off water.
- Where *reasonably practicable* work in well ventilated areas.
- Use drop sheets to collect debris of materials that may contain asbestos [ACM]. Dispose of smaller products and materials "that may" contain asbestos [ACM] pieces and collected dust [ACD] in recommended heavy duty plastic bags which are clearly labelled "asbestos waste".
- Wet clean or use approved vacuum cleaning equipment [HEPA] which complies with AS/NZS 603335.2.69 Industrial vacuum cleaners. Household vacuum cleaners must never be used where asbestos [ACM] or [ACD] is or may be present, even if the unit has a HEPA filter.
- Wall cladding and ceiling lining sheets "that may" contain asbestos [ACM] are not to be reused.
- All products and materials "that may" contain asbestos [ACM] or [ACD] are to be stored, transported and disposed of in accordance with the NSW Protection of the Environment Operations Act [1997] and NSW Protection of the Environment Operations [Waste] Regulation [2005]
- All products and materials "that may" contain asbestos [ACM] or [ACD] is to be either wrapped
 in recommended heavy duty plastic sheeting or placed in leak proof lined bins or vehicles and
 appropriately covered and sealed.
- All products and materials "that may" contain asbestos [ACM] or [ACD] are to be stored in a secure area and removed from site as soon as reasonably practicable in a covered leak proof vehicle.
- A Clearance Certificate of Statement, prepared by a suitably competent person i.e. an Occupational Hygienist, WorkCover NSW licensed Asbestos Removalist, licensed Asbestos Assessor or a "competent person" must be provided to Council upon completion of the works

prior to an Occupation Certificate being issued, which confirms that the material "that may" contain asbestos [ACM] or [ACD] has been removed appropriately and the relevant Conditions of Consent have been satisfied.

 All products and materials "that may" contain asbestos [ACM] or [ACD] are to be disposed of as soon as reasonably practicable, at a licensed asbestos disposal site and in a manner approved by WorkCover NSW, NSW Office of Environment and Heritage [OEH] or RANDWICK Council.

Safe Work Method Statement - Removal and Disposal of Ceiling Dust that may contain Lead

All Contractors [PCBU] and 'workers' involved in the cleaning, repairing or replacement of ceilings are to follow the following procedures in order to minimise as far as reasonably practicable, health risks from the ceiling dust. These procedures include but are not limited to:

- Appropriate warning signage and barricades are to be erected to prevent as far as reasonably practicable entry of anyone not connected with the removal activity into the work area.
- When working with in ceiling voids containing ceiling dust all 'workers' are to wear personal protective equipment [PPE] including coveralls and approved respiratory protective equipment [RPE] in accordance with the requirements of AS/NZS1716 Respiratory Protection devices and AS/NZS1715 Selection, use and maintenance of respiratory protective devices. Eye protection, complying with AS/NZS1336 and AS/NZS1337 whenever full face respirators are not used
- Ceiling voids are to be cleaned of accumulated dust before commencing any work involving partial or complete removal of the ceiling sheets.
- The property Owner [Client] is to be advised to clear or cover personal effects in adjoining living spaces as far as is *reasonably practicable*.
- Any openings between living areas are to be sealed prior to the commencement of any removal work of ceiling dust "that may" contain lead to prevent as far as reasonably practicable, dust entering the retained living areas.
- Use approved vacuum cleaning equipment [HEPA] which complies with AS/NZS 603335.2.69
 Industrial vacuum cleaners, to prevent the release of dust that may contain lead while it is being removed. Do not use household vacuum cleaners even if the unit has a HEPA filter.
- Dispose of the collected dust in approved plastic bags which are clearly labelled.
- All ceiling dust containing lead or other contaminants is to be disposed of as far as *reasonably practicable* in a manner, and at as site, approved by the WorkCover NSW, NSW Office of Environment and Heritage [OEH], appropriate disposal Authority or RANDWICK Council.
- To minimise as far as is reasonably practicable contamination of living areas of the residence, airless spraying of PVA to seal the cleaned surfaces is recommended whenever the ceiling is removed.

Safe Work Method Statement - Removal and Disposal of Synthetic Mineral Fibre Insulation

All Contractors [PCBU's] and 'workers' involved in the removal of suspected synthetic mineral fibre [SMF] insulation are to follow the following procedures in order to minimise as far as reasonably practicable health risks from synthetic mineral fibre [SMF] insulation. These procedures include but are not limited to:

Appropriate warning signage and barricades are to be erected to prevent as far as reasonably practicable, entry of anyone not connected with the removal activity into the work area.

- When removing synthetic mineral fibre [SMF] insulation all 'workers' are to wear personal protective equipment [PPE] including coveralls and an approved respiratory protective equipment [RPE] in accordance with the requirements of AS/NZS1716 Respiratory Protection devices and AS/NZS1715 Selection, use and maintenance of respiratory protective devices. Eye protection, complying with AS/NZS1336 and AS/NZS1337 whenever full face respirators are not used.
- The property Owner [Client] is to be advised to clear or cover personal effects in adjoining living spaces as far as is *reasonably practicable*.
- Any openings between living areas are to be sealed prior to the commencement of any removal work of synthetic mineral fibre [SMF] insulation to prevent as far as reasonably practicable, dust and fibres entering the retained living areas.
- Use approved vacuum cleaning equipment that complies with AS/NZS 603335.2.69 Industrial vacuum cleaners, to prevent as far as reasonably practicable, the release of dust "that may" contain synthetic mineral fibres [SMF] while it is being removed. Do not use household vacuum cleaners even if the unit has a HEPA filter.
- Dispose of the synthetic mineral fibre [SMF] insulation in sealed approved plastic bags which are clearly labelled.
- All synthetic mineral fibre [SMF] insulation or other contaminants is to be disposed of as far as reasonably practicable in a manner, and at a site, approved by WorkCover NSW, NSW Office of Environment and Heritage [OEH], appropriate licensed disposal Authority or RANDWICK Council.

Safe Work Method Statement - Removal and Disposal of Reconstituted Fibre [Blow in] Insulation

All Contractors [PCBU's] and 'workers' involved in the removal of reconstituted fibre [blow in] insulation are to follow the following procedures in order to minimise health risks from reconstituted fibre [blow in] insulation. These procedures include but are not limited to:

- Appropriate warning signage and barricades are to be erected to prevent entry of anyone not connected with the removal activity into the work area.
- When removing reconstituted fibre [blow in] insulation all 'workers' are to wear personal protective equipment [PPE] including coveralls and an approved respirator in accordance with the requirements of AS/NZS1716 Respiratory Protection devices and AS/NZS1715-Selection, use and maintenance of respiratory protective devices. Eye protection, complying with AS/NZS1336 and AS/NZS1337 whenever full face respirators are not used.
- The property Owner [Client] is to be advised to clear or cover personal effects in adjoining living spaces as much as is practical.
- Any openings between living areas are to be sealed prior to the commencement of any removal work of reconstituted fibre [blow in] insulation to prevent dust entering the retained living areas.
- Use approved vacuum cleaning equipment that complies with AS/NZS 603335.2.69 *Industrial vacuum cleaners*, to prevent as far as *reasonably practicable* the release of dust that *may* contain lead while it is being removed. **Do not use** household vacuum cleaners.
- Dispose of reconstituted fibre [blow in] in sealed approved plastic bags which are clearly labelled.

 All reconstituted fibre [blow in] insulation or other contaminants is to be disposed of in a manner, and at a site, approved by the NSW Office of Environment and Heritage [OEH], appropriate disposal Authority or RANDWICK Council.

<u>Safe Work Method Statement – Lead based Paints</u>

All Contractors [PCBU's] and 'workers' involved in the cleaning, repairing or replacement of suspected lead based paint are to follow the following procedures in order to minimise as far as reasonably practicable, health risks from lead based paints. These procedures include but are not limited to:

- Appropriate warning signage and barricades are to be erected to prevent as far as reasonably practicable, entry of anyone not connected with the removal activity into the work area.
- When working with lead based paints all 'workers' are to wear personal protective equipment [PPE] including coveralls and an approved respiratory protective equipment [RPE] in accordance with the requirements of AS/NZS1716 Respiratory Protection devices and AS/NZS1715 Selection, use and maintenance of respiratory protective devices. Eye protection, complying with AS/NZS1336 and AS/NZS1337 whenever full face respirators are not used.
- The property Owner [Client] is to be advised to clear or cover personal effects in adjoining living spaces as much as is practical.
- Any openings between living areas are to be sealed prior to the commencement of any removal work of lead based paints to prevent as far as reasonably practicable, dust entering the retained living areas.
- Use approved vacuum cleaning equipment [HEPA] which complies with AS/NZS 603335.2.69
 Industrial vacuum cleaners, to prevent the release of dust that may contain lead while it is being removed. Do not use household vacuum cleaners even if the unit has a HEPA filter.
- Dispose of collected lead based paint dust in sealed approved plastic bags which are clearly labelled.
- All dust containing lead or other contaminants is to be disposed of as far as reasonably practicable in a manner, and at a site, approved by WorkCover NSW, NSW Office of Environment and Heritage [OEH], appropriate disposal Authority or RANDWICK Council.