

## **SITE SPECIFIC Risk Assessment**

## **TRADE:** CARPENTER

Job No:	7653/15	Client:	RYLAND
Address:	30 Marsden Crescent, Bligh Park NSW 2756	Supervisor:	Andrew Cashmore

Key: "1" action	on now   " <b>2</b> " a	ction ASAP	"3" action ASAP
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- **Note 1:** Refer to the general Safety Plan and Safe Work Method Statement.
- **Note 2:** Safe work procedures shall be implemented for the supply and use of a *hazardous chemical / substance/s* on site that complies with the material data sheet recommendations and also complies with the requirements of WHS Regulation 2011 Chapter 3 Part 3.2
- **Note 3:** all *manual tasks* to comply with the requirements of Safe Work Australia National Code of Practice for Manual Handling 2009 or WorkCover NSW Code of Practice Hazardous manual tasks

Note 4: Review of Control Measures - If there are any tasks that may be included by way of variation to the plans or an alternative approach to the set task, it is a requirement to carry out a "Specific Risk Assessment" for the task or tasks.

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Access to site / work areas - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined	Slips, trips and falls		✓			✓		3	Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas	Site Supervisor /all 'workers'	
Stored materials - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined	Slips, trips and falls		<b>√</b>			✓		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to work areas.  Provide and maintain barricades to isolate material and to restrict access  Provide designated waste areas.	Site Supervisor / all 'workers'	
Manual tasks	Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts  Over exertion or repetitive movements		✓			✓		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area  Use mechanical assistance where practicable; provide training in the use of the equipment  Identify the risks and plan the	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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									task in consultation with the 'workers'		
									Ensure one [1] person is appointed to plan and take charge of the task		
									Plan the task in stages - e.g. ensure grip is secure; lift to waist height; place support under load; team 'workers' to re-group then lift load into position		
									Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting - rotate 'workers' and vary tasks		
									Ensure enough space is available for the team 'workers' to safely manoeuvre as a group		
									Where possible, use team 'workers' of a similar height and capability		
									Provide additional team 'workers' to assist that are proportional to the weight and difficulty of the task		
									Ensure load is shared evenly		
									Ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the lift		
									On sloping sites, ensure safe footing is provided		
Exposure to noise Plant / equipment	Hearing damage		✓			✓		2	Isolate plant and equipment Use appropriate PPE	All 'workers'	
Exposure to dust / fibres / chemical vapours -	Dust / fibres inhalation - respiratory problems Skin and eye		✓			<b>✓</b>		2	Apply appropriate procedures necessary to contain dust / fibres / chemical vapours.  Use appropriate PPE - disposable dust / fibres / chemical vapour protection.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
chemicals - Biological -	allergies/ irritations.								Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres		
Exposure to lead based paints - Hazardous	Dust inhalation - respiratory problems		✓			<b>√</b>		2	Identify the risks and plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers'	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Exposure to UV light / weather - UV light - glare Extreme	Skin and eye allergies/ irritations.  Skin cancer / sun burn -  Dehydration - heat stroke or fatigue		✓			<b>✓</b>		2	Apply appropriate procedures necessary to contain dust / flaking paint surfaces.  Use appropriate PPE - disposable contact / dust protection.  Regularly monitor for airborne dust Reduce exposure where possible.  Regularly monitor 'workers' condition  Adequate fluid intake	Contractor / all 'workers'	
temperatures	Sight damage								Use appropriate sun screen. Wear appropriate PPE.		
Protection of other 'workers' and the public - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined - Hazardous chemicals - Biological	Slips, trips and falls Wind- borne dust / fibres Struck by falling objects		✓			<b>&gt;</b>		2	Provide and maintain barricades to materials stored on footpath  Provide and maintain barricades to isolate and to restrict access to work areas  Use of shade cloth around the work area  Wet down dust  Provide "Spotter" to stop others entering work area	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Location of services - Electricity - insulation to old wiring frayed or brittle [conduit] or easily damaged - water pipe electrified Gas - Hazardous chemical Biological	Electric shock or electrocution  Gas service - explosion  Inhalation and exposure to hazardous chemicals.		✓		<b>√</b>			3	Isolate / relocate electrical supply / wiring.  RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator  Isolate / relocate gas supply	Site Supervisor / all 'workers'	
Access to and work in confined space - under floor  Hazardous chemicals -  Biological -	Dust and chemical exposure - respiratory problems Skin and eye irritations / allergies		✓			✓		3	Identify the risks / hazards and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'  Use task specific trained, experienced 'workers' and rotate 'workers'.	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Ergonomic	'Worker' trapped in confined space								Train 'workers' in safe working in confined spaces.		
	Dehydration								Use of appropriate PPE		
									Monitor the air quality for chemical vapours		
									Regularly monitor the condition of the 'workers' within the work area		
									Adequate fluid intake.		
									Adequate ventilation and lighting.		
General working at height - [over 2.0m]									Identify the risks and plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers'		
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -									Assess travel path to work area		
Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform -	Fall from roof edge/ work platform/								Ensure unobstructed access to work areas	Site Supervisor	
Old brittle roofing material /skylight/s	through roof or roof framing		<b>✓</b>		<b>√</b>			1	Provide guardrails, perimeter edge protection / catch scaffold.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Increased traffic on roof surface -	Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries								Scaffold / work platform to outer perimeter.		
walking in the middle of battens -									Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' in safe working at heights - ensure		
Gravity - overbalancing									'workers' know their responsibility during the work process		
Windy and or wet conditions									SWMS		
Working at height- stripping existing tiled roof covering	Slips, trips and falls from work platform.								Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'		
and trussed roof frame -	Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries /								Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior to commencement of the		
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	cuts and abrasions.		✓			✓		2	works	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Inadequate fall prevention system /	Struck by falling object.								Appropriate removal procedures to contain dust		
work platform - Old / brittle roofing	Exposure to ceiling dust and insulation fibres - respiratory								Provide perimeter guardrail / scaffold / work platform to outer perimeter.		
tiles	problems.								Use task specific trained /		

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Increased traffic on roof surface - walking in the middle of battens -	Electric shock or electrocution								experienced 'workers' in safe working at heights - ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the removal process		
Windy and or wet conditions -									Use safety harness		
Gravity - overbalancing -									Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres		
Hazardous chemicals -									Controlled removal / disposal of the roofing tiles - provide debris chute		
Biological - Manual tasks -									Regularly monitor stability of the roof structure / ceiling frame		
Electricity									Provide barricade to restrict access to the work area.		
									Provide "Spotter" to stop others entering work area		
									Don't stack / store tiles on roof or on scaffold.		
									Don't remove roofing tiles on wet or windy days.		
									Use of appropriate PPE plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers'		
									Assess travel path and distance to work area		
									Ensure unobstructed access work areas.		
									Use designated drop areas to restrict traffic across the roof surface		
Removal of eave soffits 'that may'	Inhalation and exposure to ACM / FC fibres / dust -								Assess travel path and distance to work area		
contain asbestos cement [ACM] / fibre-cement [FC]	respiratory problems								Ensure unobstructed access to work areas		
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Slips, trips and falls from work platform /		✓			<b>✓</b>		3	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'	Site Supervisor  Contractor / all 'workers'	
Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform -	through frame Fractures, bruises lacerations and								Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior to commencement of the works		
Windy and or wet conditions -	personal injuries  Exposure to								Adequate consultation with relevant "workers"		

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Gravity - overbalancing - Hazardous chemicals -	ceiling dust - eye and skin irritations - respiratory problems.								Appropriate removal procedures to contain dust / fibres.		
Biological - Manual tasks -									Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres		
Proximity to other 'workers' and public									Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' - ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work / removal process		
									Appropriate warning signage and barricades to restrict access into the work area.		
									Remove eave soffits with minimal breakage		
									Wet down to minimise dust / fibre release.		
									Seal residues of ACM / FC that cannot be removed from timber framed members		
									Wrap all removed material in heavy duty plastic sheeting and seal.		
									Use appropriate PPE SWMS		
Removal of SMF batt insulation 'that may' contain or be contaminated by lead dust - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Windy conditions - Gravity - overbalancing Hazardous chemicals - Biological -	Slips, trips and falls from work platform / through ceiling frame  Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries  Inhalation and exposure to dust / fibres - respiratory problems		<b>√</b>			<b>✓</b>		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to work areas  Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'  Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior to commencement of the works  Appropriate removal procedures to contain dust / fibres  Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres  Use planks as temporary work platform  Use task specific trained /	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
									experienced 'workers' ensure 'workers' know their responsibility associated with the removal process  Appropriate warning signage and barricades to restrict access into the work area  Place removed material in heavy duty plastic bags  Vacuum residual dust / fibres from ceiling area  Use appropriate PPE		
Carry and install tarpaulins to exposed roof space - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls  Back injuries - strains and sprains  Struck by flying object		✓		<b>√</b>			1	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access work area  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting to position tarp.  Additional 'workers' to assist where required  Ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the positioning of the tarp  Ensure all tarps are securely tied down and not weighted with tiles	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Carry materials and tools to ground floor work areas - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls  Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts  Over exertion or repetitive movements		<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas  Ensure openings and voids in floors are fully covered.  Use task specific trained 'workers ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process  Rotate 'workers' and vary tasks.	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Cutting brickwork with petrol driven saw - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Tools and equipment Struck by flying objects	Hearing loss - Inhalation of exhaust fumes/dust - respiratory problems – Exposure to lead based paints - Sight damage		<b>\</b>			<b>✓</b>		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Guards to equipment fully operational  Monitor the air quality for exhaust fumes / dust  Regularly monitor the condition of the 'workers' within the work area  Adequate ventilation and lighting.  Use appropriate PPE.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Removal of internal wall linings 'that may' contain asbestos cement [ACM] / fibre-cement [FC]-Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Manual tasks - Proximity to other 'workers' and public	Inhalation and exposure to ACM/ FC fibres / dust - respiratory problems  Slips, trips and falls through frame  Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries  Exposure to ceiling dust - eye and skin irritations - respiratory problems.  Exposure to lead based paints -		✓			✓		3	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to work areas  Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior to work commencement of the works.  Appropriate removal procedures to contain dust / fibres  Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres  Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' - ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work / removal process  Appropriate warning signage and barricades to restrict access into the work area  Remove wall / ceiling sheets with minimal breakage  Wet down to minimise dust / fibre release  Seal residues of ACM / FC that cannot be removed from timber framed members	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Demolish internal framed walls at ground level - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not	Slips, trips and falls								Wrap all removed material in heavy duty plastic sheeting and seal Use appropriate PPE SWMS  Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access		
clearly defined - Electricity - Exposure to dust - Manual tasks - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Gravity - stability of the structure - Proximity to other 'workers'	Electric shock or electrocution  Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts  Over exertion or repetitive movements.  Inhalation and exposure to dust - skin and eye irritations and allergies.  Exposure to lead based paints -  Injuries due to collapse		✓		✓			2	to work areas  Regularly monitor stability of the structure  Use task specific trained 'workers ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process  Rotate 'workers' and vary tasks  Guards to plant and equipment fully operational  Appropriate warning signage and barricades to restrict access into the work area  Wet down to minimise dust release  Regularly monitor for airborne dust  Use appropriate PPE  SWMS	Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Carrying materials, floor timbers / joists / deep composite beams / joists and sheet flooring up ramp / scaffold - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Slope of ramp Windy and or wet conditions -	Slips, trips and falls  Back injuries - strains and sprains		<b>√</b>			<b>✓</b>		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas  Guardrails to ramp are in place - ramp surface clean and dry.  Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete,	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Manual tasks									clean and dry.  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process  Order timber in short lengths. SWMS  Use crane to deliver / position materials to work area		
Positioning floor timbers / joists / composite beams / joists on to existing walls -  Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -  Inadequate fall arrest system / work platform -  Windy and or wet conditions -  Gravity - overbalancing  Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls  Back injuries - strains and sprains		<b>✓</b>			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team liftingensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process  Use planks as temporary work platform.  SWMS	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Carrying and placing floor sheets to first floor work areas - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls through open floor joists  Back injuries - strains and sprains		<b>✓</b>			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas  Use planks as temporary work platform  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting  Ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the carrying and positioning of the sheets upon the open floor joists	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Carry rolls of poly- fabric up ramp	Slips, trips and falls		<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>			1	Assess travel path and distance to work area	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
/scaffold and install to cover first floor platform - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing- Manual tasks	Back injuries - strains and sprains								Ensure unobstructed access work area  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting to position and to roll out the poly-fabric		
Carrying frames up ramp / scaffold Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Slope of ramp - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls.  Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			<b>✓</b>		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Guardrails to ramp are in place - ramp surface clean and dry.  Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process  Remove guardrail from ramp to allow easy carrying  Have large prefab frames delivered with loose lintels.  Use site cut frames on first floor  Have frames made in smaller lengths.  Use mechanical assistance where practicable - provide training in the use of the equipment  Use crane to deliver / position frames /materials to floor platform	Contractor Contractor / all	
Lifting external walls from floor	Slips, trips and falls.		✓			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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that have been clad - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Back injuries - muscle strain / sprain								'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Use mechanical assistance where practicable - provide training in the use of the equipment  Ensure one person is appointed to plan and take charge of the lift  Plan the lift in stages - e.g. lift to waist height; place saw stools under frame; team 'workers' to re-group then lift frame into position  Ensure enough space is available for the team 'workers' [handlers] to safely manoeuvre as a group  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting  Where possible, use team 'workers' of a similar height and capability  Provide additional team 'workers' to assist that are proportional to the weight and difficulty of the lift  Rehearse the lift including what to do in case of an emergency  Ensure load is shared evenly  Ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the lift  Fabricate frame in approximately final position.  Identify the risks and plan the		
timber frame with power saw - Electricity - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals -	electrocution  Hearing loss -  Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems -  Sight damage		✓			<b>√</b>		2	task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator  Guards to equipment fully operational	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Biological - Tools and equipment Struck by flying objects									Monitor for airborne dust  Use task specific trained 'workers'.  Use appropriate PPE.		
Lifting and placement of roof trusses - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Slips, trips, falls  Back injuries - muscle strain / sprain		<b>✓</b>			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'  Use planks as temporary work platform  Use mechanical assistance to position trusses on top of wall plates  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team liftingensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the lifting and positioning of the roof trusses  Replace truss with cut roof.  Have girder trusses made in two [2] sections i.e.: not nailed together  Use crane to deliver / position trusses to top of wall plates / walls	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Fixing of eaves and windows -  Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -  Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform -  Pitch of roof - roofing material -  Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls from work platform and accessibility.  Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries  Back injuries - strains and sprains.		<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>			1	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting  Guardrails to scaffold, work platform complete, clean and dry  Perimeter guardrail / catch scaffold to roof surfaces when working from roof surface  Use safety harness when working from roof surface  Use of appropriate PPE  Identify the risks and plan the	Contractor / all 'workers' Site Supervisor	
Carry rolls of aluminium breather foil up ramp / scaffold to wrap first floor frame -	folio		✓		<b>√</b>			1	task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing- Manual tasks									work platform complete, clean and dry  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting to position and to roll out and fix breather foil  Additional 'workers' to assist where required		
Cutting and fixing fibre-cement [FC] sheet eaves and wall cladding -  Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -  Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform -  Pitch of roof - roofing material -  Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls from work platform  Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries  Back injuries - strains and sprains  Dust inhalation - respiratory problems		✓			<b>\</b>		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry  Perimeter guardrail / catch scaffold to roof surfaces when working from roof surface  Use task specific trained 'workers'.  Monitor for airborne dust/ fibres  Use of appropriate PPE.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Carry rolls of 'polastic' insulation blanket up ramp /scaffold - fixing of battens and insulation -  Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -  Inadequate fall protection system / work platform -  Slope of ramp -  Windy and or wet conditions -  Manual tasks  Exposure to dust -	Slips, trips and falls from ramp or work platform  Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts  Dust inhalation - respiratory problems  Eye and skin irritations / allergies		✓			<b>\</b>		3	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to work areas Guardrails to ramp are in place - ramp and work platform clean and dry  Scaffold guardrails and work platform is complete - use of toe boards /dust screening  Provide barricades to restrict access to around / under work areas Team lifting and carrying.	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Hazardous chemicals - Biological									Rotate 'workers' and vary tasks Appropriate procedures to contain dust resulting from cutting of the foil backed polystyrene insulation rolls Use appropriate PPE - disposable dust protection. Use task specific trained 'workers'		
Exposure to polystyrene dust	Eye and skin irritations / allergies		<b>✓</b>			<b>√</b>		2	SWMS  Appropriate procedures to contain dust  Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres Use appropriate PPE - disposable dust protection  Provide Safety Data Sheet.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Use of gap filling flexible fillers / sealants - Hazardous chemicals Biological	Inhalation of fumes - respiratory problems. Eye and skin irritations/ allergies	✓			<b>√</b>		3	<b>√</b>	Identify the risks / hazards and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'  Avoid contact with skin and eyes.  Monitor air quality for chemical vapours  Use task specific trained 'workers'.  Use appropriate PPE. Provide SDS.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Stairwell opening - roughed-in stair no guardrail -  Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -  Gravity - overbalancing  Ladder access	Falls through open stairwell  Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries  Fall from ladder		<b>√</b>		✓			1	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'  Prevent access to opening  Provide guardrail / edge protection to stairwell void  Cover stairwell with temporary sheeting / scaffold Identify the risks and plan the	Contractor / all 'workers' Staircase Installer	
to work areas - Slips, trips, falls	Fractures, bruises lacerations and		✓		✓			1	task in consultation with the 'workers'	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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and accessibility - Gravity - overbalancing	personal injuries								Use task specific trained 'workers'.  Use approved ladder.  Limit the use of ladders.		
Work from extension ladder - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing	Fall from ladder Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		<b>√</b>		✓			3	Identify the risks and plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers' Use scaffold as working platform. Ensure ladder is at 4:1 slope. Secure ladder at base and top. Ensure 'workers' face the ladder when climbing up and down ladder. Provide and maintain barricades to restrict access to work area. Limit the use of ladders	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Use of electrical powered / battery operated tools in confined space- Electricity - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological Tools and equipment	Electric shock or electrocution  Hearing loss  Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems  Sight damage		✓			<b>\</b>		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator  Guards to equipment fully operational  Protect power lead from damage - power saw blade / sharp edges / vehicular traffic  Use stands and hooks for leads in trafficable areas  Use task specific trained 'workers' and rotate tasks  Adequate light and ventilation  Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Use of pneumatic operated tools and equipment -  Compressed air -  Exposure to noise -  Exposure to dust -	Impact injury from projectiles  Hearing loss  Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems.		<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>		2	Use of appropriate PPE.  Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'  Appropriate warning signage and barricades to restrict access into the work area  Ensure unobstructed access	Contractor / all 'workers'	

		Lil	keliho	od		Resul	t				
Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Hazardous chemicals Biological - Plant / equipment	Eye and skin irritations / allergies - Sight damage								work areas  Regularly monitor that air hoses are securely engaged and not damaged  Guards to tools fully operational  Protect air line from damage - power saw blade / sharp edges / vehicular traffic  Use of appropriate PPE.  Use task specific trained 'workers'.		
Carrying laundry cabinet to ground floor work area - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls  Back injuries - strains and sprains		<b>✓</b>			<b>\</b>		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access work area  Ensure openings and voids in floors are fully covered.  Use task specific trained and experienced 'workers' and team lifting	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Carrying vanity units and bath up ramp / scaffold or up stairs - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Slope of ramp - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Slips, trips, falls and accessibility. Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			<b>✓</b>		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access work areas  Guardrails to ramp are in place. Ramp surface clean and dry.  Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting.	Contractor  Contractor / all 'workers'	
Building in bath - Manual tasks	Back injuries - strains and sprains		<b>✓</b>			<b>✓</b>		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'	Carpenter / Plumber	

		Lil	keliho	od		Resul	t				
Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
									Use trained and experienced 'workers' and team lifting		
Cutting chemically treated timber, pine and particleboard / MDF sheets -  Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological Equipment	Hearing loss Inhalation of dust – respiratory problems Sight damage		<b>√</b>			<b>✓</b>		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator  Guards to plant and equipment fully operational. Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres  Train 'workers' in the safe handling and cutting of hazardous materials  Monitor for airborne dust/ fibres  Adequate ventilation  Use of appropriate PPE  Provide SDS for product.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Site clean up on completion of work Manual tasks Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals Biological -	Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems.  Eye and skin irritations / allergies  Personal injuries - cuts and abrasions.		<b>✓</b>			<b>✓</b>		3	Place all building waste and rubbish in the designated waste area / skip bin  Leave site / work areas in a clean and tidy condition  Remove any temporary barricades if no longer required	Contractor / all 'workers'	

Company Name:

Signed by:

for and on behalf of: Cape Cod Australia Pty. Limited
ABN: 54 000 605 407
Builder's Licence No.: 5519

ABN:
Address:

Phone:
Fax:
Email:

I / We have consulted with Cape Cod Australia Pty. Limited and have mutually agreed on the above procedures. This risk assessment provides details on how I/we will manage my/our work on this Cape Cod

Australia Pty. Limited work site.