

SITE SPECIFIC Risk Assessment

Date:	New	✓	Revised	Page	
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TRADE: CARPENTER

Job No:	7722/15	Client:	LE & DIEP
Address:	95 Dawn Street, Greystanes NSW 2145	Supervisor:	Shane Denny

Key:	"1" action now	"2" action ASAP	"3" action ASAP
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Note 1: Refer to the general Safety Plan and Safe Work Method Statement.

Note 2: Safe work procedures shall be implemented for the supply and use of a *hazardous chemical / substance/s* on site that complies with the *current material safety data sheet* recommendations and also complies with the requirements of WHS Regulation 2011 Chapter 3 - Part 3.2

Note 3: All *manual tasks* are to comply with the requirements of Safe Work Australia – National Code of Practice for Manual Handling 2009 [or as amended] or WorkCover NSW Code of Practice - Hazardous manual tasks

Note 4: Management of the risk of fall from one level to another must comply with Part 3.1 and the requirements of Part 4.4 Falls Clauses 78-80 of WHS Regulation 2011

Note 5: Review of Control Measures - If there are any tasks that may be included by way of variation to the plans or an alternative approach to the set task, it is a requirement to carry out a "Specific Risk Assessment" for the task or tasks.

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Access to site / work areas - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined	Slips, trips and falls		✓			✓		3	Identify the risks and plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers' Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed all weather access to site and work areas. Unload and move equipment and materials to designated area to keep footpath / work place access clear	Site Supervisor /all 'workers'	
Stored materials - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined	Slips, trips and falls		✓			√		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to work areas. Provide and maintain barricades to isolate material and to restrict access Provide designated waste areas.	Site Supervisor / all 'workers'	
Manual tasks	Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts		✓			✓		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area Use mechanical assistance	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
	Over exertion or repetitive movements								where practicable; provide training in the use of the equipment		
									Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'		
									Ensure one [1] person is appointed to plan and take charge of the task		
									Plan the task in stages - e.g. ensure grip is secure; lift to waist height; place support under load; team 'workers' to re-group then lift load into position		
									Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting - rotate 'workers' and vary tasks		
									Ensure enough space is available for the team 'workers' to safely manoeuvre as a group		
									Where possible, use team 'workers' of a similar height and capability		
									Provide additional team 'workers' to assist that are proportional to the weight and difficulty of the task		
									Ensure load is shared evenly		
									Ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the lift		
									On sloping sites, ensure safe footing is provided		
Exposure to noise	Hearing damage		√			√		2	Isolate plant and equipment	All 'workers'	
Plant / equipment	_								Use appropriate PPE Apply appropriate procedures		
Exposure to dust / fibres / chemical	Dust / fibres inhalation -								necessary to contain dust /		
vapours -	respiratory								fibres / chemical vapours.	Contractor / all	
Hazardous chemicals -	Skin and eye		√			√		2	Use appropriate PPE - disposable dust / fibres / chemical vapour protection.	'workers'	
Biological -	allergies/ irritations.								Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres		
Exposure to lead based paints - Hazardous	Dust inhalation - respiratory problems		✓			√		2	Identify the risks and plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers'	Contractor / all 'workers'	
chemicals - Biological	Skin and eye								Apply appropriate procedures necessary to contain dust /		

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
	allergies/ irritations.								flaking paint surfaces. Use appropriate PPE - disposable contact / dust protection.		
									Regularly monitor for airborne dust		
Exposure to UV light / weather - UV light - glare Extreme temperatures	Skin cancer / sun burn - Dehydration - heat stroke or fatigue Sight damage		✓			✓		2	Reduce exposure where possible. Regularly monitor 'workers' condition Adequate fluid intake Use appropriate sun screen. Wear appropriate PPE.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Contact with o/head electrical services / point of attachment - Power lines not isolated, covered or enclosed - Working to close to electrical supply - Strong winds causing power lines to swing close to work area - Wet conditions making 'tiger tails' ineffective	Electric shock or electrocution		✓			√		3	Identify that the electrical supply is isolated prior to the work commencing Provide 'tiger tails' [insulation] - adequately boxed adjacent to scaffold - extended an appropriate distance past the boundary	Licensed Electrical Contractor or Approved person Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Protection of other 'workers' and the public - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined - Hazardous chemicals - Biological	Slips, trips and falls Wind- borne dust / fibres Struck by falling objects		√			✓		2	Provide and maintain barricades to materials stored on footpath Provide and maintain barricades to isolate and to restrict access to work areas Use of shade cloth around the work area Wet down dust Provide "Spotter" to stop others entering work area	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Location of services - Electricity - insulation to old wiring frayed or brittle [conduit] or easily damaged - water pipe electrified Gas - Hazardous chemical	Electric shock or electrocution Gas service - explosion Inhalation and exposure to hazardous chemicals.		✓		✓			3	Isolate / relocate electrical supply / wiring. RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator Isolate / relocate gas supply	Site Supervisor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Biological General working at height - [over 2.0m] Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Old brittle / corroded roofing material /skylight/s Increased traffic on roof surface - walking in the middle of battens - Gravity - overbalancing Windy and or wet	Fall from roof edge/ work platform/ through roof or roof framing Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		✓		✓			1	Identify the risks and plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers' Assess travel path to work area Ensure unobstructed access to work areas Provide guardrails, perimeter edge protection / catch scaffold. Scaffold / work platform to outer perimeter. Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' in safe working at heights - ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process SWMS	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Conditions Working at height-stripping existing tiled roof covering and frame - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Old / brittle roofing tiles Increased traffic on roof surface - walking in the middle of battens - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Manual tasks - Electricity	Slips, trips and falls from work platform. Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries / cuts and abrasions. Struck by falling object. Exposure to ceiling dust and insulation fibres - respiratory problems. Electric shock or electrocution		✓			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior to commencement of the works Appropriate removal procedures to contain dust Provide perimeter guardrail / scaffold / work platform to outer perimeter. Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' in safe working at heights - ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the removal process Use safety harness Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres Controlled removal / disposal of the roofing tiles - provide debris chute Regularly monitor stability of the roof structure / ceiling frame Provide barricade to restrict access to the work area. Provide "Spotter" to stop	Contractor / all 'workers'	

Others entering work area Don't stack / store tiles on roof or on scaffold. Don't remove roofing tiles on wet or windy days. Use of appropriate PPE plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers' Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access work areas. Use designated drop areas to restrict traffic across the roof surface Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to roof surface Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to work area Lensure unobstructed access to work areas Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' 'that may' contain or be Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior	ikelihood	Likel	Lik	Lil	L				Lil	celiho	ood	d	F	Resul	t				
Don't stack / store tiles on roof or on scaffold. Don't remove roofing tiles on wet or windy days. Use of appropriate PPE plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers' Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access work areas. Use designated drop areas to restrict traffic across the roof surface Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to rost at raffic across the roof surface Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to work area Ensure unobstructed access to work area Ensure unobstructed access to work area Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior	Possible Unlikely	1	Likely	Likely	Likely	, dodi I	ı	Potential Harm	Step / Hazard Potential Harm	Possible	Halikalı	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls		Date
Wet or windy days. Use of appropriate PPE plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers' Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access work areas. Use designated drop areas to restrict traffic across the roof surface Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to restrict traffic across the roof surface Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to work areas Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior																	Don't stack / store tiles on roof or on scaffold.		
distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access work areas. Use designated drop areas to restrict traffic across the roof surface Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to work area Ensure unobstructed access to work areas Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior																	wet or windy days. Use of appropriate PPE plan the tasks in consultation		
Removal of SMF batt insulation 'that may' contain or be work areas. Use designated drop areas to restrict traffic across the roof surface Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to work areas Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior																	distance to work area		
to restrict traffic across the roof surface Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to work areas Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior																	work areas.		
Removal of SMF batt insulation 'that may' contain or be distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to work areas Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior	+ + +	+															to restrict traffic across the roof surface		
or be chemical assessment prior									insulation								Ensure unobstructed access to work areas Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'		
lead dust / asbestos cement [ACM] or [ACD] - Slips, trips, falls Slips, trips and falls from work platform / through ceiling frame Slips, trips, falls Slips, trips and falls from work platform / through ceiling frame Slips, trips and falls from work platform / through ceiling frame Slips, trips and falls from work platform / through ceiling frame Slips, trips, falls								falls from work platform / through ceiling	aminated by dust / Slips, trips and falls from work platform / through ceiling frame								chemical assessment prior to commencement of the works Appropriate removal procedures to contain dust / fibres	Site Supervisor	
and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries V Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres Use planks as temporary work platform Contractor / all 'workers'	✓	~						lacerations and personal injuries	equate fall ention system / platform -	✓				✓		2	airborne dust/ fibres Use planks as temporary		
Windy conditions - Gravity - overbalancing Inhalation and exposure to dust / fibres - respiratory problems Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' ensure 'workers' know their responsibility associated with the removal process								exposure to dust / fibres - respiratory	y conditions - exposure to dust / fibres - respiratory problems								experienced 'workers' ensure 'workers' know their responsibility associated with		
Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Appropriate warning signage and barricades to restrict access into the work area									nicals -								and barricades to restrict access into the work area		
Place removed material in heavy duty plastic bags Vacuum residual dust / fibres																	heavy duty plastic bags		
from ceiling area Use appropriate PPE																	from ceiling area		
Carry and install tarpaulins to exposed roof space - Slips, trips and falls Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'	✓	v						falls	aulins to falls osed roof	✓			✓			1	task in consultation with the		

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Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing - Manual tasks	strains and sprains Struck by flying object								Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access work area Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting to position tarp. Additional 'workers' to assist where required Ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the positioning of the tarp Ensure all tarps are securely tied down and not weighted		
Removal of ceiling linings 'that may' be contaminated by lead dust, asbestos cement ACM dust or fibres-Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Manual tasks - Proximity to other 'workers' and public	Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries Exposure to ceiling dust - eye and skin irritations - respiratory problems. Exposure to lead based paints -		~			1		3	ldentify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to work areas Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior to work commencement of the works. Appropriate removal procedures to contain dust / fibres Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' - ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work / removal process Appropriate warning signage and barricades to restrict access into the work area Remove ceiling sheets with minimal breakage Wet down to minimise dust / fibre release Use appropriate PPE SWMS Identify the risks and plan the	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Demolish internal framed wall at ground level - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Slips, trips and falls Electric shock or electrocution Muscle strain -		✓		✓			2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' Assess travel path and distance to work area	Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Access ways not clearly defined -	back injuries and cuts								Ensure unobstructed access to work areas		
Electricity -	Over exertion or repetitive								Regularly monitor stability of the structure		
Exposure to dust -	movements.								Use task specific trained		
Manual tasks -	Inhalation and exposure to dust								'workers ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process		
Hazardous chemicals -	- skin and eye irritations and								Rotate 'workers' and vary		
Biological -	allergies.								tasks		
Gravity - stability of the structure -	Exposure to lead based paints -								Guards to plant and equipment fully operational		
Proximity to other 'workers'	Injuries due to collapse								Appropriate warning signage and barricades to restrict access into the work area		
									Wet down to minimise dust release		
									Regularly monitor for airborne dust		
									Use appropriate PPE SWMS		
									Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'		
									Assess travel path and distance to work area		
Carrying materials, floor timbers / joists /									Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas		
deep composite beams / joists and sheet flooring up	Slips, trips and								Guardrails to ramp are in place - ramp surface clean and dry.	Site Supervisor Contractor / all	
ramp / scaffold - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	falls Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			✓		2	Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry.	'workers'	
Slope of ramp Windy and or wet conditions -									Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process		
Manual tasks									Order timber in short lengths. SWMS		
									Use crane to deliver / position materials to work area		
Positioning floor timbers / joists / composite beams /	Slips, trips and falls		√			√		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'	Contractor / all 'workers'	
joists on to existing walls -	Back injuries - strains and sprains							_	Assess travel path and distance to work area		

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall arrest system / work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing Manual tasks									Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process Use planks as temporary work platform. SWMS		
Carrying and placing floor sheets to first floor work areas - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls through open floor joists Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas Use planks as temporary work platform Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting Ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the carrying and positioning of the sheets upon the open floor joists	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Carry rolls of poly- fabric up ramp /scaffold and install to cover first floor platform - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing- Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓		✓			1	Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access work area Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting to position and to roll out the poly-fabric	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Carrying frames up ramp / scaffold Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Slope of ramp - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls. Back injuries - strains and sprains		√			√		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' Assess travel path and distance to work area Guardrails to ramp are in place - ramp surface clean and dry. Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and	Contractor Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
			PC	n		6			work platform complete, clean and dry Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process Remove guardrail from ramp to allow easy carrying Have large prefab frames delivered with loose lintels. Use site cut frames on first floor Have frames made in smaller lengths. Use mechanical assistance		
Cutting timber									where practicable - provide training in the use of the equipment Use crane to deliver / position frames /materials to floor platform Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the		
frame with power saw - Electricity - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Tools and equipment Struck by flying objects	Electric shock or electrocution Hearing loss - Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems - Sight damage		✓			✓		2	relevant 'workers' RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator Guards to equipment fully operational Monitor for airborne dust Use task specific trained 'workers'. Use appropriate PPE.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Lifting and erection of roof trusses - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Slips, trips, falls Back injuries - muscle strain / sprain		✓			√		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' Use planks as temporary work platform Use mechanical assistance to position trusses on top of wall plates Use task specific trained 'workers' and team liftingensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the lifting and positioning of the roof trusses Replace truss with cut roof. Have girder trusses made in two [2] sections i.e.: not nailed together	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
									Use crane to deliver / position trusses to top of wall plates / walls		
Fixing of eaves and windows - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Pitch of roof - roofing material - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls from work platform and accessibility. Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries Back injuries - strains and sprains.		✓		✓			1	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting Guardrails to scaffold, work platform complete, clean and dry Perimeter guardrail / catch scaffold to roof surfaces when working from roof surface Use safety harness when working from roof surface Don't use step ladder to gain extra height from scaffold work platform. Use of appropriate PPE	Contractor / all 'workers' Site Supervisor	
Carry rolls of aluminium breather foil up ramp / scaffold to wrap first floor frame - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing- Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls . Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓		✓			1	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting to position and to roll out and fix breather foil Additional 'workers' to assist where required	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Cutting and fixing fibre-cement [FC] sheet eaves - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Pitch of roof - roofing material - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing -	Slips, trips and falls from work platform Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries Back injuries - strains and sprains Dust inhalation - respiratory problems		✓			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry Perimeter guardrail / catch scaffold to roof surfaces when working from roof surface Use task specific trained 'workers'. Monitor for airborne dust/ fibres. Don't use step ladder to gain extra height from scaffold	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Manual tasks									work platform.		
Carry packs / rolls of 'polastic' insulation blanket up ramp /scaffold - fixing of battens and insulation - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall protection system / work platform - Slope of ramp - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological	Slips, trips and falls from ramp or work platform Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts Dust inhalation - respiratory problems Eye and skin irritations / allergies		✓			✓		3	Use of appropriate PPE. Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to work areas Guardrails to ramp are in place - ramp and work platform clean and dry Scaffold guardrails and work platform is complete - use of toe boards /dust screening Provide barricades to restrict access to around / under work areas Team lifting and carrying. Rotate 'workers' and vary tasks Appropriate procedures to contain dust resulting from cutting of the foil backed polystyrene insulation rolls Use appropriate PPE - disposable dust protection. Use task specific trained 'workers' SWMS Appropriate procedures to	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Exposure to polystyrene dust	Eye and skin irritations / allergies		√			√		2	contain dust Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres Use appropriate PPE - disposable dust protection Provide Safety Data Sheet.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Cutting and fixing fibre- cement [FC] weatherboard cladding - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform -	Slips, trips and falls from work platform Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries Back injuries - strains and sprains Dust inhalation -		√			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry Perimeter guardrail / catch scaffold to roof surfaces when working from roof surface Use task specific trained	Contractor / all 'workers'	

		Likelihood Result				t					
Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Pitch of roof - roofing material - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing - Manual tasks	respiratory problems								'workers'. Monitor for airborne dust/ fibres. Don't use step ladder to gain extra height from scaffold work platform. Use of appropriate PPE.		
Use of gap filling flexible fillers / sealants - Hazardous chemicals Biological	Inhalation of fumes - respiratory problems. Eye and skin irritations/ allergies	~			✓		3	✓	Identify the risks / hazards and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Monitor air quality for chemical vapours Use task specific trained 'workers'. Use appropriate PPE. Provide SDS.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Working at height - balcony / deck Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Gravity - overbalancing Windy and or wet conditions	Fall from balcony / deck edge / work platform Fall through balcony / deck framing Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		\		√			1	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access work areas Provide guardrails, perimeter edge protection / catch scaffold Scaffold / work platform to balcony / deck area Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' SWMS	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Stairwell opening - roughed-in stair no guardrail - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Gravity - overbalancing Ladder access	Falls through open stairwell Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries Fall from ladder		✓		√			1	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' Prevent access to opening Provide guardrail / edge protection to stairwell void Cover stairwell with temporary sheeting / scaffold Identify the risks and plan the	Contractor / all 'workers' Staircase Installer	
to work areas - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		✓		✓			1	task in consultation with the 'workers' Use task specific trained	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Gravity - overbalancing									'workers'. Use approved ladder. Limit the use of ladders.		
Work from extension ladder - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing	Fall from ladder Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		✓		✓			3	Identify the risks and plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers' Use scaffold as working platform. Ensure ladder is at 4:1 slope. Secure ladder at base and top. Ensure 'workers' face the ladder when climbing up and down ladder. Provide and maintain barricades to restrict access to work area. Limit the use of ladders	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Use of electrical powered / battery operated tools in confined space - Electricity - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological Tools and equipment	Electric shock or electrocution Hearing loss Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems Sight damage		✓			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator Guards to equipment fully operational Protect power lead from damage - power saw blade / sharp edges / vehicular traffic Use stands and hooks for leads in trafficable areas Use task specific trained 'workers' and rotate tasks Adequate light and ventilation Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres Use of appropriate PPE.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Use of pneumatic operated tools and equipment - Compressed air - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals Biological - Plant / equipment	Impact injury from projectiles Hearing loss Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems. Eye and skin irritations / allergies - Sight damage		√			\		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers' Appropriate warning signage and barricades to restrict access into the work area Ensure unobstructed access work areas Regularly monitor that air hoses are securely engaged and not damaged Guards to tools fully	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
									operational		
									Protect air line from damage - power saw blade / sharp edges / vehicular traffic		
									Use of appropriate PPE.		
									Use task specific trained 'workers'.		
Carrying vanity									Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'		
unit and bath up ramp / scaffold or									Assess travel path and distance to work area		
up stairs - Slips, trips, falls and	Slips, trips, falls and accessibility.								Ensure unobstructed access work areas	Contractor	
accessibility - Slope of ramp -	Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			✓		2	Guardrails to ramp are in place. Ramp surface clean	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Windy and or wet conditions -									and dry. Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete,		
Manual tasks									clean and dry Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting.		
Building in bath - Manual tasks	Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			√		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers' Use trained and experienced	Carpenter / Plumber	
									'workers' and team lifting		
									Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'		
Cutting chemically treated timber, pine									RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator		
and particleboard / MDF sheets -	Hearing loss Inhalation of dust								Guards to plant and equipment fully operational. Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres	Contractor / all	
Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals -	respiratory problems Sight damage		✓			√		2	Train 'workers' in the safe handling and cutting of hazardous materials	'workers'	
Biological Equipment									Monitor for airborne dust/ fibres		
									Adequate ventilation		
									Use of appropriate PPE		
									Provide SDS for product.		
Site clean up on completion of work	Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems.		√			✓		3	Place all building waste and rubbish in the designated waste area / skip bin	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Manual tasks Exposure to dust -	Eye and skin irritations / allergies		,			•)	Leave site / work areas in a clean and tidy condition		

		Lik	keliho	od	I	Result		,			
Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Hazardous chemicals Biological -	Personal injuries - cuts and abrasions.								Remove any temporary barricades if no longer required		

I / We have consulted with Cape Cod Australia Pty. Limited and have mutually agreed on the above procedures. This risk assessment provides details on how I/we will manage my/our work on this Cape Cod Australia Pty. Limited work site.

Company Name:	Signed by:	Jaa Sprace
		Cape Cod Australia Pty. Limited
Signed by:		ABN: 54 000 605 407
(Contractor PCBU)		Builder's Licence No.: 5519
ABN:		
Address:		
Phone:		
Email:		