

SITE SPECIFIC Risk Assessment

Date:	New	✓	Revised	Page	

TRADE: CARPENTER

Job No:	7592/14	Client:	BICKNELL & CATTELL
Address:	66 Plowman Street, North Bondi NSW	Supervisor:	David Wahba

- **Note 1:** Refer to the general Safety Plan and Safe Work Method Statement.
- **Note 2:** Safe work procedures shall be implemented for the supply and use of a *hazardous chemical / substance/s* on site that complies with the material data sheet recommendations and also complies with the requirements of WHS Regulation 2011 Chapter 3 Part 3.2
- **Note 3:** all *manual tasks* to comply with the requirements of Safe Work Australia National Code of Practice for Manual Handling 2009 or WorkCover NSW Code of Practice Hazardous manual tasks

Note 4: Review of Control Measures - If there are any tasks that may be included by way of variation to the plans or an alternative approach to the set task, it is a requirement to carry out a "Specific Risk Assessment" for the tasks.

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Access to site / work areas - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined	Slips, trips and falls		✓			√		3	Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas.	Site Supervisor /all 'workers'	
Stored materials - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined	Slips, trips and falls		✓			✓		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to work areas. Provide and maintain barricades to isolate material and to restrict access. Provide designated waste areas.	Site Supervisor / all 'workers'	
Manual tasks	Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts Over exertion or repetitive movements		✓			✓		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area Use mechanical assistance where practicable - provide training in the use of the equipment Identify the risks and plan the	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
									task in consultation with the 'workers' Ensure one person is appointed to plan and take charge of the task Plan the task in stages - e.g. ensure grip is secure - lift to waist height - place support under load - team 'workers' to re-group then lift load into position Use trained 'workers' and team lifting - rotate 'workers' and vary tasks. Ensure enough space is available for the team 'workers' to safely manoeuvre as a group. Where possible, use team 'workers' of a similar height and capability Provide additional team 'workers' to assist that are proportional to the weight and difficulty of the task Ensure load is shared evenly Ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the lift — On sloping sites, ensure safe footing is provided		
Exposure to noise Plant / equipment	Hearing damage		✓			✓		2	Isolate plant and equipment Use appropriate PPE	All 'workers'	
Exposure to UV light / weather - UV light - glare Extreme temperatures	Skin cancer / sun burn - Dehydration - heat stroke or fatigue Sight damage		✓			✓		2	Reduce exposure where possible. Monitor 'workers' condition Adequate fluid intake Use appropriate sun screen. Wear appropriate PPE.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Contact with o/head electrical services / point of attachment - Power lines not	Electric shock or electrocution		✓			✓		3	Identify that the electrical supply is isolated prior to work commencing. Provide 'tiger tails' [insulation] - adequately boxed adjacent to scaffold -	Licensed Electrical Contractor or Approved person	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
isolated, covered or enclosed - Working to close to electrical supply - Strong winds causing power lines to swing close to work area - Wet conditions making 'tiger tails' ineffective									extended an appropriate distance past the boundary	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Protection of other 'workers' and the public - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined - Hazardous chemicals - Biological	Slips, trips and falls Wind- borne dust / fibres Struck by falling objects		√			✓		2	Provide barricades to materials stored on footpath Provide and maintain barricades to isolate and to restrict access to work areas. Use of shade cloth around work area. Wet down dust. Provide "Spotter" to stop others entering work area	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Working at height - [over 3m] Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Old roofing material or skylight/s - brittle Increased traffic on roof surface - walking in the middle of battens - Gravity - overbalancing Windy and or wet conditions	Fall from roof edge/ work platform/ through roof or roof framing Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		✓		✓			1	Assess travel path to work area Ensure unobstructed access to work areas. Provide guardrails, perimeter edge protection / catch scaffold. Scaffold / work platform to outer perimeter. Use trained / experienced 'workers'. SWMS	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Location of services - Electricity - insulation to old wiring frayed or	Electric shock or electrocution Gas service - explosion Inhalation and		✓		✓			3	Isolate / relocate electrical supply / wiring. RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator	Site Supervisor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
brittle [conduit] or easily damaged - water pipe electrified Gas - Hazardous chemical Biological	exposure to hazardous chemicals.								Isolate / relocate gas supply		
Stripping existing roof covering and frame - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Old roofing material - brittle Increased traffic on roof surface - walking in the middle of battens - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Manual tasks - Electricity	Slips, trips and falls from work platform. Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries / cuts and abrasions. Struck by falling object. Exposure to ceiling dust and insulation fibres - respiratory problems. Electric shock or electrocution		•			✓		2	Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior to work commencement of works. Adequate consultation with relevant "workers" Appropriate removal procedures to contain dust / fibres. Provide debris chute. Controlled lowering of roofing sheets and tiles Provide barricade to restrict access to the work area. Provide "Spotter" to stop others entering work area Don't stack materials on roof or on scaffold. Use trained 'workersensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process Don't remove metal roof sheeting on windy days.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Carry materials and tools to ground floor work areas - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined Manual tasks Hand demolish	Slips, trips and falls Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts Over exertion or repetitive movements		✓			\		2	Use of appropriate PPE Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas. Use trained 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process Rotate 'workers' and vary tasks. Assess travel path and	Contractor / all 'workers'	
rendered brickwork	Slips, trips and falls		✓		✓			2	Assess travel path and distance to work area	Supervisor	
- ground level -										Contractor / all	

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Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Electric shock or electrocution								Ensure unobstructed access to work areas.	'workers'	
Access ways not clearly defined -	Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts								Use trained 'workers ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work		
Electricity -	Over exertion or								process		
Exposure to dust -	repetitive movements.								Rotate 'workers' and vary tasks		
Manual tasks -	Inhalation and								Guards to plant and		
Hazardous chemicals -	exposure to dust - skin and eye								equipment fully operational		
Biological -	irritations and allergies.								Appropriate warning signage and barricades to restrict access into the work area.		
Gravity - stability of the structure -	Injuries due to collapse								Wet down to minimise dust release.		
Proximity to other 'workers'									Regularly monitor airborne dust		
									Use appropriate PPE SWMS		
									Assess travel path and distance to work area		
									Ensure unobstructed access to work areas.		
Removal of asbestos cement	Inhalation and exposure to ACM fibres / dust -								Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior to work commencement of works.		
[ACM] internal ceiling linings -	respiratory problems								Adequate consultation with relevant "workers"		
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Slips, trips and falls through								Appropriate removal procedures to contain dust /	Site Supervisor	
Hazardous	frame		✓			✓		3	fibres.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
chemicals - Biological -	Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries								Use trained experienced 'workers'.		
Manual tasks -	Exposure to ceiling dust - eye								Appropriate warning signage and barricades to restrict		
Proximity to other 'workers' and public	and skin irritations - respiratory problems.								access into the work area. Remove sheets with minimal breakage		
									Wet down to minimise dust / fibre release.		
									Seal residues of ACM that cannot be removed from timber framed members		

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
									Wrap all material in heavy duty plastic sheeting and seal.		
									Regularly monitor airborne dust/ fibres		
									Use appropriate PPE SWMS		
									Assess travel path and distance to work area		
Carrying materials									Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas.		
/ floor timbers / joists up ramp / scaffold -	Slips, trips and								Guardrails to ramp are in place - ramp surface clean and dry.	Site Supervisor	
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	falls Back injuries - strains and		✓			✓		2	Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete,	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Slope of ramp Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	sprains								clean and dry. Use trained 'workers' and team lifting ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work		
manual tasks									Order timber in short lengths. SWMS		
Positioning floor timbers / joists on existing wall frames - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility – Inadequate fall arrest system / work platform – Windy and or wet	Slips, trips and falls Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			✓		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area Use trained 'workers' and team lifting ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process Use planks as temporary	Contractor / all 'workers'	
conditions - Gravity - overbalancing									work platform. SWMS		
Manual tasks											
Carrying and placing structural steel beams and posts	Slips, trips and falls Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			√		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas.	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks									Where practicable use mechanical means to lift and position beams and posts Use trained 'workers' and team lifting - additional 'workers' to assist Use short beams where possible. SWMS		
Carrying and placing floor sheets Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls through open floor joists Back injuries - strains and sprains		√			✓		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas. Use planks as temporary work platform. Use trained 'workers' and team lifting. Ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the carrying and positioning of the sheets upon the open floor joists	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Carrying frames up ramp / scaffold Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Slope of ramp - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls. Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			✓		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area Guardrails to ramp are in place - ramp surface clean and dry. Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry. Use trained 'workers' and team lifting ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process Remove guardrail from ramp to allow easy carrying. Have large prefab frames delivered with loose lintels. Use site cut frames on first floor. Have frames made in smaller lengths.	Contractor Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
									Use mechanical assistance where practicable - provide training in the use of the equipment		
Install tarpaulins to exposed roof space - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing - Manual tasks Install poly-fabric cover to first floor platform -	Slips, trips and falls Back injuries - strains and sprains Struck by flying object		✓		✓			1	Use trained 'workers' and team lifting to position tarp. Additional 'workers' to assist where required Ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the positioning of the tarp Ensure all tarps are securely tied down and not weighted with tiles.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing- Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls Back injuries - strains and sprains		√		✓			1	Use trained 'workers' and team lifting to position and to roll out poly-fabric.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Cutting timber frame with power saw - Electricity - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Tools and equipment Struck by flying objects	Electric shock or electrocution Hearing loss - Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems - Sight damage		√			✓		2	RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator Guards to equipment fully operational Use trained 'workers'. Use appropriate PPE.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Lifting / placement of roof trusses - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Slips, trips, falls Back injuries - muscle strain / sprain		✓			✓		2	Use planks as temporary work platform Use mechanical assistance to position trusses on top of wall plates	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks									Use trained 'workers' and team lifting ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the lifting and positioning of the roof trusses Replace truss with cut roof. Have girder trusses made in two [2] sections i.e.: not nailed together		
Lifting large strutting and hanging beams onto top wall plate Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			√		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access work area. Use planks as temporary work platform. Use mechanical assistance where practical to lift and position Use trained 'workers' and team lifting - additional 'workers' to assist ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work task	Contractor / all 'workers' Site Supervisor	
Fixing eaves and windows - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Pitch of roof - roofing material - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls from work platform and accessibility. Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries Back injuries - strains and sprains.		✓		✓			1	Use trained 'workers' and team lifting. Guardrails to scaffold, work platform complete, clean and dry. Perimeter guardrail / catch scaffold to roof surfaces when working from roof surface Use safety harness when working from roof surface. Use of appropriate PPE.	Contractor / all 'workers' Site Supervisor	
Carry rolls of 'polastic' insulation up ramp /scaffold - fixing of the insulation and battens -	Slips, trips and falls from ramp or work platform Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts		√			✓		3	Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to work areas. Guardrails to ramp are in place - ramp and work	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall protection system / work platform - Slope of ramp - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological	Dust inhalation - respiratory problems Eye and skin irritations / allergies								platform clean and dry. Scaffold guardrails and work platform is complete - use of toe boards /dust screening. Provide barricades to restrict access to around / under work areas. Team lifting and carrying. Rotate 'workers' and vary tasks. Limit weights to manageable sizes. Appropriate procedures to contain dust resulting from cutting of panels Use appropriate PPE - disposable dust protection.		
Exposure to polystyrene dust	Dust inhalation - respiratory problems Eye and skin irritations / allergies		√			✓		2	Appropriate procedures to contain dust. Use appropriate PPE - disposable dust protection. Provide Safety Data Sheet.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Stairwell opening - roughed-in stair no guardrail - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Gravity - overbalancing	Falls through open stairwell Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		✓		√			1	Prevent access to opening. Provide guardrail / edge protection to void Cover stairwell with temporary sheeting.	Contractor / all 'workers' Staircase Installer	
Carrying fix out material / tools up stairs - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			✓		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access work areas. Use trained 'workers' and team lifting. SWMS	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Working at height – balcony / deck Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Fall from balcony / deck edge / work platform		✓		✓			1	Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access work areas.	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	

Inadequate fall prevention system / batcony framing prevention system / work platform - Gravity - work problems - work platform - Gravity - work platform -			Likelihood Result									
Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Gravity - Grav	Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls		Date
Use of power tools in confined space Electricity - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological Tools and equipment Carrying vanity unit and bath up ramp / scaffold or up stairs Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Back injuries - strains and sprains Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks Building in bath - Manual tasks Building in bath - Manual tasks Building chemically treated timber, pine and particle board of MDF sheets - Exposure to dust - Hearing loss Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems Signt damage Adequate light and equipment fully operational Use of appropriate PPE. Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access work areas. Guardrails to ramp are in place. Ramp surface clean and dry. Guardrails to ramp are in place. Ramp surface clean and dry. Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry. Use trained 'workers' and team lifting. Cutting chemically treated timber, pine and particle board of MDF sheets - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hearing loss Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems Sight damage Adequate ventilation Use trained workers' and team lifting Contractor / all workers' Contractor / all workers' and team lifting of hazardous materials. Adequate ventilation Use of appropriate PPE. Assess travel path and devance and adventing to ramp are in place. Ramp surface clean and dry. Contractor / all workers' and team lifting. Contractor / all workers' and team lifting of hazardous materials. Adequate ventilation Use of appropriate PPE. Assess travel path and equipment fully operational. Contractor / all workers' Contractor / all workers' in the safe handling and cutting of hazardous materials. Adequate ventilation Use of appropriate PPE	prevention system / work platform - Gravity - overbalancing Windy and or wet	balcony framing Fractures, bruises lacerations and								edge protection / catch scaffold. Scaffold / work platform to balcony / deck area. Use trained / experienced 'workers'.		
Carrying vanity unit and bath up ramp / scaffold or up stairs Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Slope of ramp - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks Building in bath - Manual tasks Building chemically treated timber, pine and particleboard / MDF sheets - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous - Chemicals - Biological Equipment Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access work areas. Contractor Contractor / Contractor / Plumber Cuse trained and experienced workers' and team lifting RCD installed on mains supply / Portable generator Guards to plant and equipment fully operational. Train workers' in the safe handling and cutting of hazardous materials. Adequate ventilation Use of appropriate PPE	in confined space Electricity - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological	electrocution Hearing loss Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems Sight damage		✓			✓		2	RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator Guards to plant and equipment fully operational Use trained 'workers' and rotate tasks Adequate light and ventilation		
Manual tasks Back injuries - strains and sprains V 2 Use trained and experienced 'workers' and team lifting Cutting chemically treated timber, pine and particleboard / MDF sheets - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological Equipment Back injuries - strains and sprains V 2 Use trained and experienced 'workers' and team lifting RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator Guards to plant and equipment fully operational. Train 'workers' in the safe handling and cutting of hazardous materials. Adequate ventilation Use of appropriate PPE	Carrying vanity unit and bath up ramp / scaffold or up stairs Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Slope of ramp - Windy and or wet conditions -	Slips, trips, falls and accessibility. Back injuries -		✓			√		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access work areas. Guardrails to ramp are in place. Ramp surface clean and dry. Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry. Use trained 'workers' and	Contractor / all	
Cutting chemically treated timber, pine and particleboard / MDF sheets - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological Equipment Cutting chemically treated timber, pine and particleboard / MDF sheets - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological Equipment Cutting chemicals - Hearing loss Hearing loss Inhalation of dust respiratory problems Sight damage Adequate ventilation Use of appropriate PPE	•			✓			✓		2		•	
Site clean up on Exposure to dust - Site clean up on Exposure to dus	treated timber, pine and particleboard / MDF sheets - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological	Inhalation of dust – respiratory problems		√						/ portable generator Guards to plant and equipment fully operational. Train 'workers' in the safe handling and cutting of hazardous materials. Adequate ventilation	'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
completion of work Manual tasks Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals Biological -	Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Personal injuries - cuts and abrasions.								barricades if no longer required Place all rubbish in appropriate bins Leave site / work area in a clean and tidy condition	'workers'	

I / We have consulted with Cape Cod Australia Pty. Ltd. and have mutually agreed on the above procedures. This risk assessment provides details on how I/we will manage my/our work on this Cape Cod Australia Pty. Ltd. work site.

Company Name:	Signed by:	Jan Squaen
	for and on behalf of:	Cape Cod Australia Pty. Limited
Signed by:		ABN: 54 000 605 407
(Contractor PCBU)		Builder's Licence No.: 5519
ABN:		
Address:		
Phone:		
Fax:		
Email:		