

SITE SPECIFIC Risk Assessment

Date: New ✓ Revised Page

TRADE: SCAFFOLDER - DISMANTLE

Job No:	7707/15	Client:	GOREY / MEEKAN
Address:	62 Hallam Avenue, Lane Cove West	Supervisor:	Andrew Cashmore

Note 1: Refer to the general Safety Plan and Safe Work Method Statement.

Note 2: All scaffolding to comply with AS/NZS 1576.1-1995 and WorkCover NSW industry standard – *erecting, altering and dismantling scaffolding - Part 1* [or as amended]

Note 3: All *manual tasks* are to comply with the requirements of Safe Work Australia – National Code of Practice for Manual Handling 2009 [or as amended] and /or WorkCover NSW Code of Practice - Hazardous manual tasks

Note 4: Management of the risk of fall from one level to another must comply with Part 3.1 and the requirements of Part 4.4 Falls Clauses 78-80 of WHS Regulation 2011

Note 5: Review of Control Measures - If there are any tasks that may be included by way of variation to the plans or an alternative approach to the set task, it is a requirement to carry out a "specific Risk Assessment" for the task or tasks.

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Access to site / work areas - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined	Slips, trips and falls		√			✓		3	Identify the risks and plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers' Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed all weather access to site and work areas. Unload and move equipment and materials to designated area to keep footpath / work place access clear.	Site Supervisor / all 'workers'	
Stored materials - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined	Slips, trips and falls		✓			✓		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to work areas. Provide and maintain barricades to isolate scaffold components and to restrict access. Provide designated storage areas	Site Supervisor / all 'workers'	
Manual tasks	Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts Over exertion or		√			√		2	Identify the risks and plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers'	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
	repetitive movements								Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting.		
									Rotate 'workers' and vary tasks		
Exposure to noise Plant / equipment	Hearing damage		✓			✓		2	Isolate plant and equipment. Use appropriate PPE	All 'workers'	
Exposure to dust-	Dust inhalation - respiratory problems		✓			✓		2	Appropriate procedures to contain dust.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
chemicals - Biological -	Skin and eye allergies/ irritations.								Use appropriate PPE - disposable dust protection.		
Exposure to UV light / weather -	Skin cancer / sun burn -								Reduce exposure where possible.		
UV light - glare	Dehydration - heat stroke or fatigue		✓			✓		2	Monitor 'workers' condition Adequate fluid intake	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Extreme temperatures	Sight damage								Use appropriate sun screen. Wear appropriate PPE.		
Contact with o/head electrical services / point of attachment - Power lines not isolated, covered or enclosed - Working to close to electrical supply - Strong winds causing power lines to swing close to work area - Wet conditions making 'tiger tails' ineffective	Electric shock or electrocution		\			√		3	Identify that the electrical service is isolated prior to work commencing Provide 'tiger tails' [insulation] - adequately boxed adjacent to scaffold extended an appropriate distance past the boundary	Licensed Electrical Contractor or Approved person Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Dismantle scaffold - general - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system - Gravity - overbalancing / struck by falling objects - Manual tasks - Weather conditions	Slips, trips and falls from work platform Back injuries - muscle sprains and strains Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		✓			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers' Use task specific trained and experienced 'workers' Rotate 'workers' and vary tasks Provide barricades to restrict access to around / under work areas. Set up a clear work area and maintain clear travel path. Dismantling of scaffold to	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
- rain and wind loading on scaffold Scaffold collapse - Proximity to other 'workers'. Dismantle scaffold - kickboards, handrails and deck Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system - Gravity - overbalancing /struck by falling objects - Manual tasks — Weather conditions - rain and wind loading on scaffold Scaffold collapse - Proximity to other 'workers'.	Slips, trips and falls from work platform Back injuries - muscle sprains and strains Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries					✓		3	be undertaken once shade cloth and mesh is removed. Ensure scaffold ties are only removed once shade cloth and mesh is removed and stripping has reached the level of the tie. Use appropriate PPE Use SWMS Identify the risks and plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers' Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to work areas. Use task specific trained and experienced 'workers'rotate 'workers' and vary tasks Ensure 'workers' are harnessed to scaffold at all times when dismantling components. Ensure 'worker' only disconnects when working on two [2] planks and protected by handrail. Scaffolder 'worker' to work back towards scaffold access When access is disconnected dismantle next lift Use appropriate PPE	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Ladder access to work areas - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing	Fall from ladder Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		✓		✓			3	Identify the risks and plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers' Use scaffold as working platform. Ensure ladder is at 4:1 slope. Secure ladder at base and top. Ensure 'workers' face the ladder when climbing up and down ladder. Provide and maintain barricades to restrict access	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
									to work area. Limit the use of ladders		
Site clean up on completion of work Manual tasks Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals Biological -	Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems. Eye and skin irritations / allergies Personal injuries - cuts and abrasions.		✓			✓		3	Place all associated building waste and rubbish in the designated waste area / skip bin Leave site / work area in a clean and tidy condition Remove any temporary barricades if no longer required	Contractor / all 'workers'	

I / We have consulted with Cape Cod Australia Pty. Limited and have mutually agreed on the above procedures. This risk assessment provides details on how I / we will manage my / our work on this Cape Cod Australia Pty. Limited work site.

Company Name:	Signed by:	Jac Sprain
	for and on behalf of:	Cape Cod Australia Pty. Limited
Signed by:		ABN: 54 000 605 407
(Contractor PCBU)		Builder's Licence No.: 5519
ABN:		
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