ALL STATES

PERIOD TRADE CONTRACT CONDITIONS

COD AUSTRALIA PTY LTD
S PTY LTD
note for trade works whenever asked by the principal contractor; and to pay, on demand by the trade contractor, the sum of \$1, contract conditions overleaf are deemed to be incorporated into eachmonths from the date of this agreement.
I agrees that: ade any representation; and on any representation made by the principal contractor, amber of work orders that will be issued by the principal contractor.
outract the scope of the trade works, the commencement and cl the price of trade works will be set out: or that is accepted by the principal contractor; ncipal contractor that is accepted by the trade contractor; or g and signed by the parties.
does not form a contract to carry out work. The obligation to n of a trade contract as described in paragraph 3 above.
act means a period of 12 weeks/months from the er the head contract.
BY THE TRADE CONTRACTOR
BY THE TRADE CONTRACTOR
Company: NRMA
Policy No. BP2563100 Current to
Policy No. MWN7201896 Current to
Company:
Policy NoCurrent to:
ne indemnity in clause 6(i), seek confirmation whether the <i>principal</i> uilding works insurance policy provides appropriate cross cover for se accordingly.

Gary Klomp – Construction Manager PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR'S SIGNATURE

appear on the next page (see over).

THE PARTIES AGREE that the period trade contract conditions referred to above are those that

PERIOD TRADE CONTRACT CONDITIONS (ALL STATES)

TRADE WORKS

- The trade contractor must carry out and complete the trade works:
 - to the reasonable satisfaction of the principal contractor;
 - (ii) in accordance with the plans, the specifications and the law; and
 - (iii) at the reasonable times directed by the
- principal contractor.
 (b) If the trade contractor discovers any inconsistency, ambiguity or discrepancy in or between the plans and the specifications, the trade contractor must immediately seek the principal contractor's direction as to the interpretation to be followed.
- The trade contractor must supply everything necessary to carry out the trade works.
- (d) The trade contractor may employ or engage others to carry out some or all of the trade works. Use of sub-contractors does not relieve the trade contractor from liability for the trade works.

VARIATIONS

- The trade contractor must not:
 - (i) make any changes to the trade works; (ii) carry out any extra work; or (iii) leave my detail of the *trade work*; unfinished, unless directed in writing by the *principal* cantenctur.
- The principal contractor may, by giving a written direction, require the trade contractor to carry out a variation.
- The price of a variation is:
 (i) that agreed by the parties; or.
 (ii) failing agreement, an amount reasonably decided by the principal contractor.
- (d) The contract price is to be adjusted by the price of a variation at the next payment.

ACCEPTANCE OF BASE WORK

On commencing to carry out the trade works the trade contractor is:

- deemed to have accepted the base work as satisfactory; and
- (ii) not entitled to payment or recompense for other additional work carried out us a result of unsatisfactory base work, unless a competent contractor who had examined, inspected and tested the base work would not have detected or anticipated the unsatisfactory base work.

WARRANTIES

- The trade contractor warrants that:
- the trade works will be carried out in a proper and skilful manner;
 materials supplied by it will be suitable.
- new and free of defects; and (iii) it holds all licences required to carry out
- the trade works.

DEFECTS LIABILITY PERIOD

- (a) The trade contractor must, at its own cost, make good any work that does not conform with the requirements of this trade contract before the end of the defects liability period.
- The principal contractor may direct the trade contractor to correct, remove or replace any non-conforming work before or during the defects liability period.
- If the trade contractor does not comply with such a direction, the principal contractor may have that work carried out by others and the cost is a debt due and payable by the tode contractor to the principal contractor.
- tonnation to the principal contractor.

 In addition to exercising other rights and remedies, the principal contractor may sel-off such debt against a retention held and any amount due or which becomes payable to the trade contractor in connection with this trade contract.

INDEMNITY

- The Irade contractor indemnifies the principal contractor against:
- loss or damage to property (including the trade works);

- claims in respect of personal injury or death, arising out of, connected to or as a consequence of the *inde-contractor*: (A) carrying out or failing to carry out the trade works; or
- (B) breaching this trade contract; and
 (iii) any liability that the principal contractor may suffer or incur under a statutory warranty in connection with the trade works.

INSURANCE

- (a) The trade contractor must take out prior to ommencing, and maintain until completion of the trade works, the following:

 (i) workers compensation or any like insurance as required by law;

 (ii) public liability insurance to an amount not less than \$5,000,000; and

 - not less than \$5,000,000 and

 (iii) except as set out below, personal accident
 and disability insurance providing cover
 at least equivalent to that provided to an
 employee under insurance referred to in sub-clause 7(a)(i).
- (b) Sub-clause 7(a)(iii) does not apply where the trade contractor:
 - does not personally carry out any part of the *inde works* on the site; or
 - establishes, to the principal contractor's satisfaction, that it is covered by the principal contractor's workers compensation insurance.
- The trade contractor must, when asked by the principal contractor, produce evidence of the existence and currency of any insurances.

HEALTH AND SAFETY

- In carrying out the trade tearls, the trade contractor and its agents and employees must observe all relevant occupational health and safety laws.
- The trade contractor must, whenever carrying out the trade works, ensure that:
 - the minimum, ensure main no person (whether employed or not) is exposed to risk to their health and safety; and the trade works are carried out using a safety
 - management system.

DAMAGE AND SITE CLEANING

- DAMAGE AND SITE CLEANING
 The trade contractor is responsible for:
 (1) any damage caused by the trade contractor and its agents or employees;
 (ii) keeping the trade contractor's meas clean at all times; and
- (iii) the removal of its tools, plant and equipment, and if required the removal of debris and refuse, arising out of the trade works.
- (b) If the trade contractor fails to comply with sub-clause 9(a), the principal contractor may rectify the breach and the cost is a debt due and payable by the trade contractor to the principal contractor.

10 PAYMENT

- PAYMENT
 If required, the trade contractor must give
 the principal contractor, as a precondition to
 payment, a signed statutory declaration that
 all its subcontractors and employees have been paid all amounts then due for work under this
- The principal contractor may withhold payment until the trade contractor gives the principal contractor on appropriate statutory declaration regarding payment of all workers compensation premiums and payroll tax in connection with the trade works.
- Any payment, other than a final payment, by the principal contractor to the trade contractor is payment on account only.

EXTENSION OF TIME

The trade contractor is entitled to an extension of time to complete the trade works as reasonably decided by the principal contractor if:
(i) the trade works are delayed by an act,

default or omission of the principal contractor beyond the control of the trade contractor; and

(ii) the trade contractor gives the principal contractor written notice claiming the extension of time within 2 days of the cause occurring.

12 FREEDOM OF ASSOCIATION AND COMPLIANCE WITH INDUSTRIAL LAWS

A party or its agent must not support an industrial organisation to:

- participate in any form of unauthorised industrial action or secondary boycott that
- affects the Imde works; or except as required by law, demand or force any other person carrying out work on the site to:

 - (B) inin a union;
 (B) make contributions to a specified superannuation fund; or
 - (C) make payments for redundancy or long service leave into a specified fund.

- A party is in default of this trade contract if it:

 (i) is in substantial breach of this trade contract;

 (ii) becomes insolvent, bankrupt or makes an assignment of that party's estate for the
- benefit of creditors;
 (iii) makes an arrangement or composition with creditors; or
- (iv) being a company, goes into liquidation.

SUSPENSION

If work under the head contract has been suspended, the principal contractor may, by giving written notice to the trade contractor, immediately suspend the trade works.

ENDING THIS TRADE CONTRACT

If a party remains in default 3 working days after the other party has given it a written notice requiring the default to be remedied then, without prejudice to any other rights or remedies, the other party may, by giving a further written notice, end this trade contract.

HEAD CONTRACT ENDED

If the freed contract is ended for any reason, the principal contractor may, by giving written notice to the trade contractor, end this trade contract and the trade contractor is:

- (i) entitled to be paid for work carried out; and (ii) not entitled to make any claim for loss of profit.

ADMINISTRATION

- ADMINISTRATION
 The trade contractor or its representative must:
 (i) aftend site meetings if called on to do so;
 (ii) observe all directions given by the principal contractor under this trade contract; and (iii) co-operate with all workers and other

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Copyright in any plans or designs supplied by the principal contractor to the trade contractor remains with the principal contractor.

contractors on the site.

The trade contractor must not reproduce or use any plans or designs, in whole or in part, other than for the purpose of completing the imde works.

DEFINITIONS

DEFINITIONS
In this trade contract:
"base work" means the site conditions including work carried out by others in, on or over which the trade contractor is to carry out the trade works; "had contract" means the contract between the principal contractor and its client which includes the trade works as part of its scope of work; "site" as a sense where the works works the trade works as part of its scope of work; "sile" means where the works under the head contract is carried out;

"frade contract" means a contract to curry out the inde vorks between the principal contractor and the trade contractor evidenced by the documents referred to in Clause 3 of the schedule (overleaf); "trade works" means the work to be carried out under the trade contract including variations;

- "turiation" means to vary the trade works by:
 (i) carrying out additional work;
 (ii) omitting any part of the trade works; or
 (iii) changing the scope of the trade works.