

## SITE SPECIFIC Risk Assessment

Date:	New	✓	Revised	Page	
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## **TRADE: CARPENTER**

Job No:	7697/15	Client:	GUNNER & WILLIAMS
Address:	5 Coniston Place, Castle Hill NSW 2154	Supervisor:	Gary Klomp

Kev:	"1" action now	"2" action ASAP	"3" action ASAP
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**Note 1:** Refer to the general Safety Plan and your Safe Work Method Statement prepared in accordance with WHS Regulation 2011 s309-315 Part 6.4

**Note 2:** Safe work procedures shall be implemented for the supply and use of a *hazardous chemical / substance/s* on site that complies with the *current material safety data sheet* recommendations and also complies with the requirements of WHS Regulation 2011 Chapter 3 - Part 3.2

**Note 3:** Removal or disturbance of *materials that may contain* or be *contaminated by asbestos* [ACM] or [ACD] must meet the requirements of WHS Regulation 2011 - Chapter 8 s419-529

**Note 4:** All *manual tasks* are to comply with the requirements of WHS Regulation 2011 - Hazardous manual tasks Part 4.2 or Safe Work Australia - National Code of Practice for Manual Handling 2009 [or as amended] or Safe Work NSW Code of Practice - Hazardous manual tasks

**Note 5:** Management of the risk of fall from one level to another must comply with Part 3.1 and the requirements of WHS Regulation 2011 - Falls s78-80 Part 4.4

Note 6: Review of Control Measures - If there are any tasks that may be included by way of variation to the plans or an alternative approach to the set task, it is a requirement to carry out a "Specific Risk Assessment" for the task or tasks.

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Access to site / work areas - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined	Slips, trips and falls		✓			✓		3	Identify the risks and plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed all weather access to site and work areas.  Unload and move equipment and materials to designated area to keep footpath / work place access clear	Site Supervisor /all 'workers'	
Stored materials - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined	Slips, trips and falls		<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to work areas.  Provide and maintain barricades to isolate material and to restrict access  Provide designated waste areas.	Site Supervisor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Manual tasks	Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts  Over exertion or repetitive movements		<b>→</b>			✓		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area  Use mechanical assistance where practicable; provide training in the use of the equipment  Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'  Ensure one [1] person is appointed to plan and take charge of the task  Plan the task in stages - e.g. ensure grip is secure; lift to waist height; place support under load; team 'workers' to re-group then lift load into position  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting - rotate 'workers' and team lifting - rotate 'workers' and vary tasks  Ensure enough space is available for the team 'workers' to safely manoeuvre as a group  Where possible, use team 'workers' of a similar height and capability  Provide additional team 'workers' to assist that are proportional to the weight and difficulty of the task  Ensure load is shared evenly  Ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the lift  On sloping sites, ensure safe footing is provided	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Exposure to noise Plant / equipment	Hearing damage		✓			✓		2	Isolate plant and equipment Use appropriate PPE	All 'workers'	
Exposure to dust / fibres / chemical vapours - Hazardous chemicals - Biological -	Dust / fibres inhalation - respiratory problems Skin and eye allergies/ irritations.		✓			<b>✓</b>		2	Apply appropriate procedures necessary to contain dust / fibres / chemical vapours.  Use appropriate PPE - disposable dust / fibres / chemical vapour protection.  Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Exposure to lead	Dust inhalation -		✓			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the	Contractor / all	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
based paints - Hazardous chemicals - Biological	respiratory problems Skin and eye allergies/ irritations.								tasks in consultation with the 'workers' Apply appropriate procedures necessary to contain dust / flaking paint surfaces. Use appropriate PPE - disposable contact / dust protection. Regularly monitor for airborne dust	'workers'	
Exposure to UV light / weather - UV light - glare Extreme temperatures	Skin cancer / sun burn - Dehydration - heat stroke or fatigue Sight damage		<b>√</b>			<b>✓</b>		2	Reduce exposure where possible.  Regularly monitor 'workers' condition  Adequate fluid intake  Use appropriate sun screen. Wear appropriate PPE.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Contact with o/head electrical services / point of attachment - Power lines not isolated, covered or enclosed - Working to close to electrical supply - Strong winds causing power lines to swing close to work area - Wet conditions making 'tiger tails' ineffective	Electric shock or electrocution		✓			<b>√</b>		3	Identify that the electrical supply is isolated prior to the work commencing  Provide 'tiger tails' [insulation] - adequately boxed adjacent to scaffold - extended an appropriate distance past the boundary	Licensed Electrical Contractor or Approved person Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Protection of other 'workers' and the public - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined - Hazardous chemicals - Biological	Slips, trips and falls Wind- borne dust / fibres Struck by falling objects		✓			1		2	Provide and maintain barricades to materials stored on footpath  Provide and maintain appropriate warning signage and barricades to isolate and to restrict unauthorised / inadvertent access / entry into the work area by others  Provide "Spotter" to stop others entering work area  Use of shade cloth around the work area  Wet down dust	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Location of services - Electricity - insulation to old	Electric shock or electrocution  Gas service - explosion		<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>			3	Isolate / relocate electrical supply / wiring. RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator	Site Supervisor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
wiring frayed or brittle [conduit] or easily damaged - water pipe electrified Gas - Hazardous chemical Biological	Inhalation and exposure to hazardous chemicals.								Isolate / relocate gas supply		
General working at height - [over 2.0m] Slips, trips, falls									Identify the risks and plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers'  Assess travel path to work		
and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Old brittle roofing material	Fall from roof edge/ work platform/ through roof or roof framing Fractures, bruises lacerations and		<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>			1	Ensure unobstructed access to work areas  Provide guardrails, perimeter edge protection / catch scaffold.  Scaffold / work platform to	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Increased traffic on roof surface - walking in the middle of battens - Gravity - overbalancing Windy and or wet	personal injuries								outer perimeter.  Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' in safe working at heights - ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process		
conditions									SWMS		
Working at height- stripping existing tiled roof covering and frame - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -  Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform -  Old / brittle roofing tiles  Increased traffic on roof surface - walking in the middle of battens -  Windy and or wet conditions -  Gravity - overbalancing -  Hazardous chemicals -  Biological - Manual tasks -	Slips, trips and falls from work platform.  Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries / cuts and abrasions.  Struck by falling object.  Exposure to ceiling dust and insulation fibres - respiratory problems.  Electric shock or electrocution		✓			<b>✓</b>		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'  Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior to commencement of the works  Appropriate removal procedures to contain dust  Provide perimeter guardrail / scaffold / work platform to outer perimeter.  Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' in safe working at heights - ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the removal process  Use safety harness  Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres  Controlled removal / disposal of the roofing tiles - provide debris chute  Regularly monitor stability of	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Electricity									the roof structure / ceiling frame  Provide and maintain appropriate warning signage and barricades to isolate and to restrict unauthorised / inadvertent access / entry into the work area by others  Provide "Spotter" to stop others entering work area  Don't stack / store tiles on roof or on scaffold.  Don't remove roofing tiles on wet or windy days.  Use of appropriate PPE plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access work areas.  Use designated drop areas to restrict traffic across the roof surface		
Removal or disturbance of eave and porch soffits 'that may' contain asbestos cement [ACM] / fibre-cement [FC] Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Manual tasks - Proximity to other 'workers' and public	Inhalation and exposure to ACM / FC fibres / dust - respiratory problems  Slips, trips and falls from work platform / through frame  Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries  Exposure to ceiling dust - eye and skin irritations - respiratory problems.		✓			✓		3	Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to work areas  Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior to commencement of the works  Adequate consultation with relevant "workers"  Appropriate removal procedures to contain dust / fibres.  Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres  Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' - ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work / removal process  Provide and maintain appropriate warning signage and barricades to isolate and	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
									to restrict unauthorised / inadvertent access / entry into the work area by others		
									Remove soffits with minimal breakage		
									Wet down to minimise dust / fibre release.		
									Seal residues of ACM / FC that cannot be removed from timber framed members		
									Wrap all removed material in heavy duty plastic sheeting and seal.		
									Use appropriate PPE SWMS		
									Assess travel path and distance to work area		
									Ensure unobstructed access to work areas		
									Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'		
Removal of SMF batt, foil sarking 'that may' contain or be contaminated by lead dust / asbestos cement	Slips, trips and falls from work platform /								Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior to commencement of the works Appropriate removal procedures to contain dust / fibres		
[ACM] or [ACD] - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	through ceiling frame								Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres	Site Supervisor	
Inadequate fall prevention system /	Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		<b>√</b>			✓		2	Use planks as temporary work platform	Contractor / all 'workers'	
work platform - Windy conditions - Gravity -	Inhalation and exposure to dust / fibres - respiratory problems								Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' ensure 'workers' know their responsibility associated with the removal process		
overbalancing Hazardous chemicals - Biological -									Provide and maintain appropriate warning signage and barricades to isolate and to restrict unauthorised / inadvertent access / entry into the work area by others		
									Place removed material in heavy duty plastic bags		
									Vacuum residual dust / fibres from ceiling area		
Carry and install	Slips, trips and		<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>			1	Use appropriate PPE Identify the risks and plan the	Contractor / all	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
tarpaulins to exposed roof space - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing - Manual tasks	falls  Back injuries - strains and sprains  Struck by flying object								task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access work area  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting to position tarp.  Additional 'workers' to assist where required  Ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the positioning of the tarp  Ensure all tarps are securely tied down and not weighted	'workers'	
Use of petrol driven saw to cut brickwork / concrete -  Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Tools and equipment Struck by flying objects	Hearing loss - Inhalation of exhaust fumes/dust - respiratory problems –  Exposure to lead based paints -  Sight damage		✓			✓		2	with tiles  Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Guards to equipment fully operational  Monitor the air quality for exhaust fumes / dust  Regularly monitor the condition of the 'workers' within the work area  Adequate ventilation and lighting - where required provide for two [2] fan air circulation system.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Use of petrol driven /chainsaw -  Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Tools and equipment Struck by flying objects	Hearing loss - Inhalation of exhaust fumes/dust - respiratory problems – Sight damage		✓			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Guards to equipment fully operational  Keep others clear of the work area.  Regularly monitor stability of the structure  Maintain a proper balance and secure footing  Keep a firm grip on the chainsaw with both hands, with the thumb of the hand holding the front handle wrapped around the handle  Pay full attention to the	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Removal of ceiling	Inhalation and exposure to fibres / dust - respiratory	רוי	Pos	INU	W .	90	W		operation.  Be aware of the location of the guide bar when the saw chain is in motion. exhaust fumes / dust  Monitor the air quality for dust and fumes  Regularly monitor the condition of the 'workers' within the work area  Use appropriate PPE. Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to work areas  Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior to work commencement of	Personis	
linings 'that may' be contaminated by lead dust, asbestos cement ACM dust or fibres- Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Manual tasks - Proximity to other 'workers' and public	problems  Slips, trips and falls through frame  Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries  Exposure to ceiling dust - eye and skin irritations - respiratory problems.  Exposure to lead based paints -		✓			✓		3	Appropriate removal procedures to contain dust / fibres  Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres  Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' - ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work / removal process  Provide and maintain appropriate warning signage and barricades to isolate and to restrict unauthorised / inadvertent access / entry into the work area  Remove ceiling sheets with minimal breakage  Wet down to minimise dust / fibre release  Use appropriate PPE SWMS	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Demolish internal framed walls at ground level - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not	Slips, trips and falls  Electric shock or electrocution  Muscle strain -		<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>			2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area	Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	

Carrying materials floor timbers / joists / deep composite beams / joists and accessibility - Sipe, rips, falls and accessibility - Sipe of ramp Windy and or wet conditions - Sipe, rips, falls and accessibility - Sipe of ramp Windy and or wet conditions - Sipe, rips, falls and accessibility - Sipe, rips, falls and accessibility - Sipe of ramp Windy and or wet conditions - Sipe, rips, falls and accessibility - Sipe of ramp Windy and or wet conditions - Sipe, rips, falls and accessibility - Sipe of ramp Windy and or wet conditions - Sipe, rips, falls and accessibility - Sipe of ramp Windy and or wet conditions - Sipe, rips, falls and accessibility - Sipe of ramp Windy and or wet conditions - Sipe, rips, falls and accessibility - Sipe of ramp Windy and or wet conditions - Sipe, rips, falls and accessibility - Sipe of ramp Windy and or wet conditions - Sipe, rips, falls and accessibility - Sipe of ramp Windy and or wet conditions - Sipe, rips, falls and accessibility - Sipe of ramp Windy and or wet conditions - Sipe, rips, falls and accessibility - Sipe of ramp Windy and or wet conditions - Sipe, rips, falls and accessibility - Sipe of ramp Windy and or wet conditions - Sipe, rips, falls and rips, falls and rips and distance to work access and accessibility - Sipe of ramp Windy and or wet conditions - Sipe, rips, falls and rips and distance to work access and accessibility - Sipe and falls - Sipe, rips, falls and rips and distance to work access and accessibility - Sipe and falls - Sipe, rips, falls and rips and rips, rips, falls and rips and rips and rips and rips. The rips and rips are rips and rips. The rips and rips are rips and rips and rips and rips and rips			Lil	keliho	od		Resul	lt				
Electricity - Exposure to dust - Manual tasks - Hazardous chemicals - Bloiogical - Gravity - stability of the structure - Proximity to other workers'  Carrying materials, floor timbers / joists / deep composite beams / joists and sheef flooring up ramp / scaffold - Slips, trips and sand scassibility - Slope of ramp Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks  Manual tasks  Cover exertion or repetitive movements.  Inhaliation and exposure to float exposure to lead based paints - Injuries due to collapse  The provider and maintain appropriate warning signage and berricades to isolate and to restrict unauthorised / inadvertent access / entry into the work area  Wet down to minimise dust release Regularly monitor for airlorme dust  Use appropriate PPE SVMS  Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Guardrails and toe boards to solated and not wet conditions -  Manual tasks  Slips, trips and staffs  Slip	Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls		Date
Exposure to dust- Manual tasks - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Gravity - stability of the structure - Proximity to other workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to six and work areas  Guardrails to ramp are in place - ramp surface clean and dry.  Back injuries strains and sprains  Silps, trips and all workers'  Back injuries strains and sprains  Silps, trips and all workers'  Positioning floor timbers / joists /  Position markers' make the today to the structure workers' workers' workers' workers' and vary tasks and plan the technique of the structure of the equipment of the proximal vary tasks and												
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Biological - Gravity - stability of the structure - Proximity to other workers'    Injuries due to collapse   Carrying materials, floor timbers / joists and sheet flooring pur amp / scaffold - Slips, tinps, falls and accessibility - Slope of ramp   Windy and or wet conditions -   Menual tasks   Positioning, floor timbers / joists / Signs, trips and falls   Positioning, floor timbers / joists / Positioning floor timbers / joists / P	Hazardous	exposure to dust								'workers ensure 'workers' know their responsibility		
the structure - Proximity to other Workers'  Injuries due to collapse  Injuries due to collapse  Injuries due to collapse  Provide and maintain appropriate warning signage and barriacades to solate and to restrict unauthorised / inadvertent access / entry into the work area  Wet down to minimise dust release  Regularly monitor for airborne dust  Use appropriate PPE SWMS  Lidentify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas  Guardrails to ramp are in place - ramp surface clean and dry.  Slips, trips falls and accessibility - Slope of ramp Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks  The positioning floor timbers / joists / Use task specific trained workers' and team lifting - ensure team workers' show their responsibility during the work process  Order timber in short lengths.  SWMS  Use crane to deliver / position materials to work area  Carryling materials, floor timbers / joists / deep composite beams / joists and sheet flooring up ramp / Scarffold - Slips, trips and falls  Slips, trips and falls  Slips, trips and falls  Contractor / all workers'  Use task specific trained workers' and team lifting - ensure team workers' know their responsibility during the work process  Order timber in short lengths. SWMS  Use crane to deliver / position materials to work area  Lipurious during the workers'  Lipurious during the workers'  Lipurious during the provide and maintain appropriate warring signage and to restrict unauthorised / inadvertent access / entry into the work area  Lipurious during the provide and to restrict unauthorised / inadvertent access / entry into the work area  Guardrails to ramp are in place - ramp surface clean and dry.  Contractor / all workers'  Lipurious during the work area  Carrying materials, floor timbers / joist / to entry t	Biological -	irritations and								•		
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materials, floor timbers / joists / deep composite beams / joists and sheet flooring up ramp / scaffold - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Slope of ramp Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks  Positioning floor timbers / joists /  Positioning floor timbers / joists /  Slips, trips and falls  Site Supervisor  Contractor / all 'workers'  Site Supervisor  Contractor / all 'workers'  Site Supervisor  Contractor / all 'workers'  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting,-ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process  Order timber in short lengths. SWMS  Use crane to deliver / position materials to work area  Positioning floor timbers / joists /  Slips, trips and falls  V 2 lidentify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'	Coming											
beams / joists and sheet flooring up ramp / scaffold -  Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Slope of ramp  Windy and or wet conditions -  Manual tasks  Slips, trips and falls  Contractor / all 'workers'	materials, floor timbers / joists /											
ramp / scaffold - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Slope of ramp Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks  Positioning floor timbers / joists /  Slips, trips and falls  Back injuries - strains and sprains  A Slips, trips and falls  Back injuries - strains and sprains  A Slips, trips and falls  Back injuries - strains and sprains  A Slips, trips and falls	beams / joists and sheet flooring up									place - ramp surface clean	·	
Windy and or wet conditions -  Manual tasks  Manual tasks  Ose task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting - ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process  Order timber in short lengths. SWMS  Use crane to deliver / position materials to work area  Positioning floor timbers / joists /  Slips, trips and falls  I dentify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'	Slips, trips, falls	Back injuries - strains and		✓			<b>√</b>		2	scaffold are in place and work platform complete,	'workers'	
Manual tasks  Order timber in short lengths. SWMS  Use crane to deliver / position materials to work area  Positioning floor timbers / joists /  Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the workers'	Windy and or wet									'workers' and team lifting ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the		
Positioning floor timbers / joists /  Slips, trips and falls  Positioning floor timbers / joists /  Positioning floor timbers / joists /  Positioning floor timbers / joists /  Position materials to work area  Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the workers'	Manual tasks									Order timber in short lengths.		
Positioning floor timbers / joists /  Slips, trips and falls  Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the workers'										position materials to work		
Login posite negation   Back injuries -				<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>		2	Identify the risks and plan the		

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
joists on to existing walls -  Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -  Inadequate fall arrest system / work platform -  Windy and or wet conditions -  Gravity - overbalancing	sprains								Assess travel path and distance to work area  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process  Use planks as temporary work platform.  SWMS		
Carrying and placing floor sheets to first floor work areas - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls through open floor joists  Back injuries - strains and sprains		<b>✓</b>			<b>✓</b>		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas  Use planks as temporary work platform  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting  Ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the carrying and positioning of the sheets upon the open floor joists	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Carry rolls of poly- fabric up ramp /scaffold and install to cover first floor platform - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing- Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls  Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓		<b>√</b>			1	Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access work area  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting to position and to roll out the poly-fabric	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Carrying frames up ramp / scaffold Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Slope of ramp - Windy and or wet	Slips, trips and falls.  Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			<b>√</b>		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Guardrails to ramp are in place - ramp surface clean	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
conditions -									and dry.		
Manual tasks									Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry		
									Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process		
									Remove guardrail from ramp to allow easy carrying		
									Have large prefab frames delivered with loose lintels.		
									Use site cut frames on first floor		
									Have frames made in smaller lengths.		
									Use mechanical assistance where practicable - provide training in the use of the equipment		
									Use crane to deliver / position frames /materials to floor platform		
Cutting brickwork / timber frame with power saw -	Electric shock or								Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'		
Electricity - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust -	electrocution  Hearing loss -								RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator	Contractor / all	
Hazardous chemicals -	Inhalation of dust - respiratory		<b>√</b>			✓		2	Guards to equipment fully operational  Monitor for airborne dust	'workers'	
Biological - Tools and equipment	problems - Sight damage								Use task specific trained		
Struck by flying objects									'workers'.		
									Use appropriate PPE. Identify the risks and plan the		
Lifting and erection									task in consultation with the 'workers'		
of roof trusses -									Use planks as temporary work platform		
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Slips, trips, falls								Use mechanical assistance	Contractor / all	
Inadequate fall prevention system /	Back injuries - muscle strain /		✓			✓		2	to position trusses on top of wall plates	'workers'	
work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	sprain								Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the lifting and positioning of the roof trusses		
									Replace truss with cut roof.		

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
									Have girder trusses made in two [2] sections i.e.: not nailed together  Use crane to deliver / position trusses to top of wall plates / walls		
Fixing of eaves, and windows - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Pitch of roof - roofing material - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls from work platform and accessibility.  Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries  Back injuries - strains and sprains.		✓		✓			1	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting  Guardrails to scaffold, work platform complete, clean and dry  Perimeter guardrail / catch scaffold to roof surfaces when working from roof surface  Use safety harness when working from roof surface  Don't use step ladder to gain extra height from scaffold work platform.  Use of appropriate PPE	Contractor / all 'workers' Site Supervisor	
Carry rolls of aluminium breather foil up ramp / scaffold to wrap first floor frame - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing- Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls . Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓		✓			1	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting to position and to roll out and fix breather foil  Additional 'workers' to assist where required	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Cutting and fixing fibre-cement [FC] sheet eaves and wall cladding - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Pitch of roof - roofing material -	Slips, trips and falls from work platform  Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries  Back injuries - strains and sprains  Dust inhalation - respiratory problems		<b>✓</b>			<b>√</b>		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry  Perimeter guardrail / catch scaffold to roof surfaces when working from roof surface  Use task specific trained 'workers'.  Monitor for airborne dust/	Contractor / all 'workers'	

		Lil			Result						
Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing - Manual tasks									fibres. Don't use step ladder to gain extra height from scaffold work platform. Use of appropriate PPE.		
Carry packs / rolls of 'polastic' insulation blanket up ramp /scaffold - fixing of battens and insulation - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall protection system / work platform - Slope of ramp - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological	Slips, trips and falls from ramp or work platform  Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts  Dust inhalation - respiratory problems  Eye and skin irritations / allergies		✓			✓		3	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to work areas Guardrails to ramp are in place - ramp and work platform clean and dry  Scaffold guardrails and work platform is complete - use of toe boards /dust screening  Provide barricades to restrict access to around / under work areas Team lifting and carrying. Rotate 'workers' and vary tasks  Appropriate procedures to contain dust resulting from cutting of the foil backed polystyrene insulation rolls  Use appropriate PPE - disposable dust protection.  Use task specific trained 'workers' SWMS	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Exposure to polystyrene dust	Eye and skin irritations / allergies		<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>		2	Appropriate procedures to contain dust  Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres Use appropriate PPE - disposable dust protection  Provide Safety Data Sheet.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Use of gap filling flexible fillers / sealants - Hazardous chemicals Biological	Inhalation of fumes - respiratory problems.  Eye and skin irritations/ allergies	<b>√</b>			✓		3	<b>✓</b>	Identify the risks / hazards and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'  Avoid contact with skin and eyes.  Monitor air quality for	Contractor / all 'workers'	

		Likelihood		ı	Resul	lt					
Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Stairwell opening - roughed-in stair no guardrail - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Gravity - overbalancing	Falls through open stairwell  Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		✓		✓			1	chemical vapours  Use task specific trained 'workers'.  Use appropriate PPE. Provide SDS.  Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'  Prevent access to opening  Provide guardrail / edge protection to stairwell void  Cover stairwell with temporary sheeting / scaffold	Contractor / all 'workers' Staircase Installer	
Ladder access to work areas - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Gravity - overbalancing	Fall from ladder Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		✓		✓			1	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'  Use task specific trained 'workers'.  Use approved ladder.  Limit the use of ladders.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Work from extension ladder - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing	Fall from ladder Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		<b>√</b>		✓			3	Identify the risks and plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers' Use scaffold as working platform. Ensure ladder is at 4:1 slope. Secure ladder at base and top. Ensure 'workers' face the ladder when climbing up and down ladder. Provide and maintain appropriate warning signage and barricades to isolate and to restrict unauthorised / inadvertent access / entry into the work area. Limit the use of ladders	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Use of electrical powered / battery operated tools in confined space - Electricity - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological Tools and equipment	Electric shock or electrocution  Hearing loss  Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems  Sight damage		<b>√</b>			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator  Guards to equipment fully operational  Protect power lead from damage - power saw blade / sharp edges / vehicular traffic  Use stands and hooks for leads in trafficable areas	Contractor / all 'workers'	

		Likelihood Result					lt					
Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date	
Use of pneumatic operated tools and equipment -  Compressed air - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals Biological - Plant / equipment	Impact injury from projectiles Hearing loss Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems. Eye and skin irritations / allergies - Sight damage		✓			✓		2	Use task specific trained 'workers' and rotate tasks  Adequate light and ventilation  Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres  Use of appropriate PPE.  Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'  Provide and maintain appropriate warning signage and barricades to isolate and to restrict unauthorised / inadvertent access / entry into the work area  Ensure unobstructed access work areas  Regularly monitor that air hoses are securely engaged and not damaged  Guards to tools fully operational  Protect air line from damage - power saw blade / sharp edges / vehicular traffic  Use of appropriate PPE.  Use task specific trained 'workers'.	Contractor / all 'workers'		
Carrying vanity unit up ramp / scaffold or up stairs - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Slope of ramp - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Slips, trips, falls and accessibility.  Back injuries - strains and sprains  Hearing loss		✓			<b>√</b>		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access work areas  Guardrails to ramp are in place. Ramp surface clean and dry.  Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting.  Identify the risks and plan the	Contractor Contractor / all		
Cutting chemically treated timber, pine and particleboard / MDF sheets -	Inhalation of dust  - respiratory		✓			✓		2	task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'	Contractor / all 'workers'		

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological Equipment	problems Sight damage								RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator  Guards to plant and equipment fully operational. Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres  Train 'workers' in the safe handling and cutting of hazardous materials  Monitor for airborne dust/ fibres  Adequate ventilation  Use of appropriate PPE  Provide SDS for product.		
Site clean up on completion of work Manual tasks Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals Biological -	Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems.  Eye and skin irritations / allergies  Personal injuries - cuts and abrasions.		<b>√</b>			<b>✓</b>		3	Place all building waste and rubbish in the designated waste area / skip bin  Leave site / work areas in a clean and tidy condition  Remove any temporary barricades if no longer required	Contractor / all 'workers'	

I / We have consulted with Cape Cod Australia Pty. Limited and have mutually agreed on the above procedures. This risk assessment provides details on how I/we will manage my/our work on this Cape Cod Australia Pty. Limited work site.

Company Name:	Signed by:	Jan Sprain
		Cape Cod Australia Pty. Limited
Signed by:		ABN: 54 000 605 407
(Contractor PCBU)		Builder's Licence No. 5519
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Address:		
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