

SITE SPECIFIC Risk Assessment

Date: New ✓ Revised Page

TRADE: CARPENTER

Job No:	7521/13	Client:	RITCHIE
Address:	94 Condamine Street, Balgowlah NSW 2093	Supervisor:	Matt Saunders

- **Note 1:** Refer to the general Safety Plan and Safe Work Method Statement.
- **Note 2:** Safe work procedures shall be implemented for the supply and use of a *hazardous chemical / substance/s* on site that complies with the material data sheet recommendations and also complies with the requirements of WHS Regulation 2011 Chapter 3 Part 3.2
- **Note 3:** all *manual tasks* to comply with the requirements of Safe Work Australia National Code of Practice for Manual Handling 2009 or WorkCover NSW Code of Practice Hazardous manual tasks

Note 4: Review of Control Measures - If there are any tasks that may be included by way of variation to the plans or an alternative approach to the set task, it is a requirement to carry out a "Specific Risk Assessment" for the tasks.

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Access to site / work areas - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined	Slips, trips and falls		✓			✓		3	Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas.	Site Supervisor /all 'workers'	
Stored materials - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined	Slips, trips and falls		✓			✓		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to work areas. Provide and maintain barricades to isolate material and to restrict access. Provide designated waste areas.	Site Supervisor / all 'workers'	
Manual tasks	Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts Over exertion or repetitive movements		√			✓		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area Use mechanical assistance where practicable - provide training in the use of the equipment Identify the risks and plan the	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Like	Possi	Unlik	Maj	Seve	Ming	ig	task in consultation with the 'workers' Ensure one person is appointed to plan and take charge of the task Plan the task in stages - e.g. ensure grip is secure - lift to waist height - place support under load - team 'workers' to re-group then lift load into position Use trained 'workers' and team lifting - rotate 'workers' and vary tasks. Ensure enough space is available for the team 'workers' to safely manoeuvre as a group. Where possible, use team 'workers' of a similar height and capability		Date
									Provide additional team 'workers' to assist that are proportional to the weight and difficulty of the task Ensure load is shared evenly Ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the lift – On sloping sites, ensure safe footing is provided		
Exposure to noise Plant / equipment	Hearing damage		✓			√		2	Isolate plant and equipment Use appropriate PPE	All 'workers'	
Exposure to UV light / weather - UV light - glare Extreme temperatures	Skin cancer / sun burn - Dehydration - heat stroke or fatigue Sight damage		√			√		2	Reduce exposure where possible. Monitor 'workers' condition Adequate fluid intake Use appropriate sun screen. Wear appropriate PPE.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Contact with o/head electrical services / point of attachment - Power lines not	Electric shock or electrocution		✓			✓		3	Identify that the electrical supply is isolated prior to work commencing. Provide 'tiger tails' [insulation] - adequately boxed adjacent to scaffold -	Licensed Electrical Contractor or Approved person	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
isolated, covered or enclosed - Working to close to electrical supply - Strong winds causing power lines to swing close to work area - Wet conditions making 'tiger tails' ineffective									extended an appropriate distance past the boundary	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Protection of other 'workers' and the public - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined - Hazardous chemicals - Biological	Slips, trips and falls Wind- borne dust / fibres Struck by falling objects		✓			√		2	Provide barricades to materials stored on footpath Provide and maintain barricades to isolate and to restrict access to work areas. Use of shade cloth around work area. Wet down dust. Provide "Spotter" to stop others entering work area	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Working at height - [over 3m] Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Old roofing material or skylight/s - brittle Increased traffic on roof surface - walking in the middle of battens - Gravity - overbalancing Windy and or wet conditions	Fall from roof edge/ work platform/ through roof or roof framing Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		✓		✓			1	Assess travel path to work area Ensure unobstructed access to work areas. Provide guardrails, perimeter edge protection / catch scaffold. Scaffold / work platform to outer perimeter. Use trained / experienced 'workers'. SWMS	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Location of services - Electricity - insulation to old wiring frayed or	Electric shock or electrocution Gas service - explosion Inhalation and		✓		✓			3	Isolate / relocate electrical supply / wiring. RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator	Site Supervisor / all 'workers'	

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brittle [conduit] or easily damaged - water pipe electrified Gas - Hazardous chemical Biological	exposure to hazardous chemicals.								Isolate / relocate gas supply		
Stripping existing roof covering and frame - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Old roofing material brittle Increased traffic on roof surface - walking in the middle of battens - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Manual tasks - Electricity	Slips, trips and falls from work platform. Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries / cuts and abrasions. Struck by falling object. Exposure to ceiling dust and insulation fibres - respiratory problems. Electric shock or electrocution		✓			✓		2	Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior to work commencement of works. Adequate consultation with relevant "workers" Appropriate removal procedures to contain dust / fibres. Provide debris chute. Controlled lowering of roofing sheets or tiles Provide barricade to restrict access to the work area. Provide "Spotter" to stop others entering work area Don't stack materials on roof or on scaffold. Use trained 'workersensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process Don't remove metal roof sheeting on windy days. Use of appropriate PPE	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Carry materials and tools to ground floor work areas - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined Manual tasks Hand demolish	Slips, trips and falls Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts Over exertion or repetitive movements		✓			✓		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas. Use trained 'workersensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process Rotate 'workers' and vary tasks.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Hand demolish rendered brickwork	Slips, trips and falls		✓		√			2	Assess travel path and distance to work area	Supervisor	
- ground level -										Contractor / all	

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Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Electric shock or electrocution								Ensure unobstructed access to work areas.	'workers'	
Access ways not clearly defined -	Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts								Use trained 'workers ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work		
Electricity -	Over exertion or								process		
Exposure to dust -	repetitive movements.								Rotate 'workers' and vary tasks		
Manual tasks -	Inhalation and								Guards to plant and		
Hazardous chemicals -	exposure to dust - skin and eye								equipment fully operational		
Biological -	irritations and allergies.								Appropriate warning signage and barricades to restrict access into the work area.		
Gravity - stability of the structure -	Injuries due to collapse								Wet down to minimise dust release.		
Proximity to other 'workers'									Regularly monitor airborne dust		
									Use appropriate PPE SWMS		
									Assess travel path and distance to work area		
Carrying materials									Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas.		
/ floor timbers / joists up ramp / scaffold -									Guardrails to ramp are in place - ramp surface clean and dry.	Site Supervisor	
Slips, trips, falls	Slips, trips and falls								Guardrails and toe boards to	Contractor / all 'workers'	
and accessibility - Slope of ramp	Back injuries - strains and sprains		√			✓		2	scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry.		
Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Sprains								Use trained 'workers' and team lifting ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process		
									Order timber in short lengths. SWMS		
Positioning floor timbers / joists on									Assess travel path and distance to work area		
existing wall frames - Slips, trips, falls and	Slips, trips and falls Back injuries - strains and		✓			✓		2	Use trained 'workers' and team lifting ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work	Contractor / all 'workers'	
accessibility -	sprains								process		
Inadequate fall arrest									Use planks as temporary work platform.		

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system / work platform – Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing Manual tasks Carrying and placing structural steel beams and posts Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined - Windy and or wet conditions -	Slips, trips and falls Back injuries - strains and sprains		~			✓		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas. Where practicable use mechanical means to lift and position beams and posts Use trained 'workers' and team lifting - additional 'workers' to assist Use short beams where possible.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Manual tasks Carrying and placing floor sheets Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls through open floor joists Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			>		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas. Use planks as temporary work platform. Use trained 'workers' and team lifting. Ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the carrying and positioning of the sheets upon the open floor joists	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Carrying frames up ramp / scaffold Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Slope of ramp - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls. Back injuries - strains and sprains		√			√		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area Guardrails to ramp are in place - ramp surface clean and dry. Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry. Use trained 'workers' and	Contractor / Contractor / all 'workers'	

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									team lifting ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process Remove guardrail from ramp to allow easy carrying. Have large prefab frames delivered with loose lintels. Use site cut frames on first floor. Have frames made in smaller lengths. Use mechanical assistance where practicable - provide training in the use of the equipment		
Install tarpaulins to exposed roof space - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls Back injuries - strains and sprains Struck by flying object		✓		√			1	Use trained 'workers' and team lifting to position tarp. Additional 'workers' to assist where required Ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the positioning of the tarp Ensure all tarps are securely tied down and not weighted with tiles.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Install poly-fabric cover to first floor platform - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing- Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls . Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓		✓			1	Use trained 'workers' and team lifting to position and to roll out poly-fabric.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Cutting timber frame with power saw -	Electric shock or electrocution Hearing loss -		✓			✓		2	RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator Guards to equipment fully operational	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Tools and equipment Struck by flying objects	Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems - Sight damage								Use trained 'workers'. Use appropriate PPE.		
Lifting / placement of roof trusses - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Slips, trips, falls Back injuries - muscle strain / sprain		✓			√		2	Use planks as temporary work platform Use mechanical assistance to position trusses on top of wall plates Use trained 'workers' and team lifting ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the lifting and positioning of the roof trusses Replace truss with cut roof. Have girder trusses made in two [2] sections i.e.: not nailed together	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Lifting large strutting and hanging beams onto top wall plate Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			√		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access work area. Use planks as temporary work platform. Use mechanical assistance where practical to lift and position Use trained 'workers' and team lifting - additional 'workers' to assist ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work task	Contractor / all 'workers' Site Supervisor	
Fixing eaves and windows - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Pitch of roof - roofing	Slips, trips and falls from work platform and accessibility. Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries Back injuries - strains and sprains.		✓		✓			1	Use trained 'workers' and team lifting. Guardrails to scaffold, work platform complete, clean and dry. Perimeter guardrail / catch scaffold to roof surfaces when working from roof surface Use safety harness when working from roof surface.	Contractor / all 'workers' Site Supervisor	

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material - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing - Manual tasks									Use of appropriate PPE.		
Install aluminium breather foil to wrap first floor frame - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing- Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls . Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓		✓			1	Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry. Use trained 'workers' and team lifting to position and to roll out and fix breather foil. Additional 'workers' to assist where required	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Stairwell opening - roughed-in stair no guardrail - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Gravity - overbalancing	Falls through open stairwell Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		√		√			1	Prevent access to opening. Provide guardrail / edge protection to void Cover stairwell with temporary sheeting.	Contractor / all 'workers' Staircase Installer	
Carrying fix out materials and tools up stairs - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			√		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area Ensure unobstructed access work areas. Use trained 'workers' and team lifting. SWMS	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Use of power tools in confined space Electricity - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological Tools and equipment	Electric shock or electrocution Hearing loss Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems Sight damage Slips, trips, falls		√			√		2	RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator Guards to plant and equipment fully operational Use trained 'workers' and rotate tasks Adequate light and ventilation Use of appropriate PPE.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Carrying vanity unit up ramp / scaffold or up	and accessibility. Back injuries -		✓			✓		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area	Contractor / all	
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		Likelihood			Result			_			
Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
stairs	strains and sprains								Ensure unobstructed access work areas.	'workers'	
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -									Guardrails to ramp are in place. Ramp surface clean and dry.		
Slope of ramp -									Guardrails and toe boards to		
Windy and or wet conditions -									scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry.		
Manual tasks									Use trained 'workers' and team lifting.		
Cutting chemically treated timber, pine and particleboard / MDF sheets - Exposure to noise -	Hearing loss Inhalation of dust		✓			<		2	RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator Guards to plant and equipment fully operational. Train 'workers' in the safe handling and cutting of	Contractor / all	
Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological Equipment	respiratory problemsSight damage		•			•			hazardous materials. Adequate ventilation Use of appropriate PPE	WOINCIS	
_400									Provide SDS for product.		
Site clean up on completion of work	Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals -								Remove any temporary barricades if no longer required	Contractor / all	
Manual tasks Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals Biological -	Biological – Personal injuries - cuts and abrasions.		√			✓		3	Place all rubbish in appropriate bins Leave site / work area in a clean and tidy condition	'workers'	

I / We have consulted with Cape Cod Australia Pty. Ltd. and have mutually agreed on the above procedures. This risk assessment provides details on how I/we will manage my/our work on this Cape Cod Australia Pty. Ltd. work site.

Company Name:	Signed by:	Jac Sprace
	for and on behalf of:	Cape Cod Australia Pty. Limited
Signed by:		ABN: 54 000 605 407
(Contractor PCBU)		Builder's Licence No.: 5519
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