

## SITE SPECIFIC Risk Assessment

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## **TRADE: CARPENTER**

Job No:	7730/15	Client:	LAWSON
Address:	48 Bungaloe Avenue, Balgowlah NSW 2093	Supervisor:	Matt Saunders

**Note 1:** Refer to the general Safety Plan and your Safe Work Method Statement prepared in accordance with WHS Regulation 2011 s309-315 Part 6.4

**Note 2:** Safe work procedures shall be implemented for the supply and use of a *hazardous chemical / substance/s* on site that complies with the *current material safety data sheet* recommendations and also complies with the requirements of WHS Regulation 2011 Chapter 3 - Part 3.2

**Note 3:** Removal or disturbance of *materials that may contain* or be *contaminated by asbestos* [ACM] or [ACD] must meet the requirements of WHS Regulation 2011 - Chapter 8 s419-529

**Note 4:** All *manual tasks* are to comply with the requirements of WHS Regulation 2011 - Hazardous manual tasks Part 4.2 or Safe Work Australia - National Code of Practice for Manual Handling 2009 [or as amended] or Safe Work NSW Code of Practice - Hazardous manual tasks

**Note 5:** Management of the risk of fall from one level to another must comply with Part 3.1 and the requirements of WHS Regulation 2011 - Falls s78-80 Part 4.4

Note 6: Review of Control Measures - If there are any tasks that may be included by way of variation to the plans or an alternative approach to the set task, it is a requirement to carry out a "Specific Risk Assessment" for the task or tasks.

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Access to site / work areas - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined	Slips, trips and falls		✓			✓		3	Identify the risks and plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed all weather access to site and work areas.  Unload and move equipment and materials to designated area to keep footpath / work place access clear	Site Supervisor /all 'workers'	
Stored materials - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined	Slips, trips and falls		✓			✓		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to work areas.  Provide and maintain barricades to isolate material and to restrict access  Provide designated waste areas	Site Supervisor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Manual tasks	Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts  Over exertion or repetitive movements		<b>→</b>			✓		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area  Use mechanical assistance where practicable; provide training in the use of the equipment  Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'  Ensure one [1] person is appointed to plan and take charge of the task  Plan the task in stages - e.g. ensure grip is secure; lift to waist height; place support under load; team 'workers' to re-group then lift load into position  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting - rotate 'workers' and vary tasks  Ensure enough space is available for the team 'workers' to safely manoeuvre as a group  Where possible, use team 'workers' of a similar height and capability  Provide additional team 'workers' to assist that are proportional to the weight and difficulty of the task  Ensure load is shared evenly  Ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the lift  On sloping sites, ensure safe footing is provided	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Exposure to noise Plant / equipment	Hearing damage		✓			✓		2	Isolate plant and equipment Use appropriate PPE	All 'workers'	
Exposure to dust / fibres / chemical vapours - Hazardous chemicals - Biological -	Dust / fibres inhalation - respiratory problems Skin and eye allergies/ irritations.		✓			✓		2	Apply appropriate procedures necessary to contain dust / fibres / chemical vapours.  Use appropriate PPE - disposable dust / fibres / chemical vapour protection.  Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Exposure to lead	Dust inhalation -		✓			$\checkmark$		2	Identify the risks and plan the	Contractor / all	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
based paints - Hazardous chemicals - Biological	respiratory problems Skin and eye allergies/ irritations.								tasks in consultation with the 'workers' Apply appropriate procedures necessary to contain dust / flaking paint surfaces. Use appropriate PPE - disposable contact / dust protection. Regularly monitor for airborne dust	'workers'	
Exposure to UV light / weather - UV light - glare Extreme temperatures	Skin cancer / sun burn - Dehydration - heat stroke or fatigue Sight damage		<b>√</b>			<b>✓</b>		2	Reduce exposure where possible.  Regularly monitor 'workers' condition  Adequate fluid intake  Use appropriate sun screen. Wear appropriate PPE.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Contact with o/head electrical services / point of attachment - Power lines not isolated, covered or enclosed - Working to close to electrical supply - Strong winds causing power lines to swing close to work area - Wet conditions making 'tiger tails' ineffective	Electric shock or electrocution		✓			<b>√</b>		3	Identify that the electrical supply is isolated prior to the work commencing  Provide 'tiger tails' [insulation] - adequately boxed adjacent to scaffold - extended an appropriate distance past the boundary	Licensed Electrical Contractor or Approved person Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Protection of other 'workers' and the public - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined - Hazardous chemicals - Biological	Slips, trips and falls Wind- borne dust / fibres Struck by falling objects		✓			1		2	Provide and maintain barricades to materials stored on footpath  Provide and maintain appropriate warning signage and barricades to isolate and to restrict unauthorised / inadvertent access / entry into the work area by others  Provide "Spotter" to stop others entering work area  Use of shade cloth around the work area  Wet down dust	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Location of services - Electricity - insulation to old	Electric shock or electrocution  Gas service - explosion		<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>			3	Isolate / relocate electrical supply / wiring. RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator	Site Supervisor / all 'workers'	

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wiring frayed or brittle [conduit] or easily damaged - water pipe electrified Gas - Hazardous chemical Biological	Inhalation and exposure to hazardous chemicals.								Isolate / relocate gas supply		
Access to and work in confined space - under floor Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Ergonomic	Dust and chemical exposure - respiratory problems  Skin and eye irritations / allergies  'Worker' trapped in confined space  Dehydration		✓			<b>√</b>		3	Identify the risks / hazards and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'  Use task specific trained, experienced 'workers and rotate 'workers'.  Train 'workers' in safe working in confined spaces.  Use of appropriate PPE  Monitor the air quality for chemical vapours  Regularly monitor the condition of the 'workers' within the work area  Adequate fluid intake.  Adequate ventilation and lighting - where required provide for two [2] fan air circulation system.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
General working at height - [over 2.0m]  Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Old brittle roofing tiles  Increased traffic on roof surface - walking in the middle of battens - Gravity - overbalancing  Windy and or wet conditions	Fall from roof edge/ work platform/ through roof or roof framing Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		✓		✓			1	Identify the risks and plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers'  Assess travel path to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to work areas  Provide guardrails, perimeter edge protection / catch scaffold.  Scaffold / work platform to outer perimeter.  Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' in safe working at heights - ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process  SWMS	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Working at height- stripping existing tiled roof covering	Slips, trips and falls from work platform.		✓			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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and frame - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries / cuts and abrasions.								Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior to commencement of the works		
Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform -	Struck by falling object.								Appropriate removal procedures to contain dust		
Old / brittle roofing tiles	Exposure to ceiling dust and insulation fibres - respiratory								Provide perimeter guardrail / scaffold / work platform to outer perimeter.		
Increased traffic on roof surface - walking in the middle of battens -	problems.  Electric shock or electrocution								Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' in safe working at heights - ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the removal process		
Windy and or wet conditions -									Use safety harness		
Gravity - overbalancing -									Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres		
Hazardous chemicals -									Controlled removal / disposal of the roofing tiles - provide debris chute		
Biological -									Regularly monitor stability of		
Manual tasks - Electricity									the roof structure / ceiling frame		
									Provide and maintain appropriate warning signage and barricades to isolate and to restrict unauthorised / inadvertent access / entry into the work area by others		
									Provide "Spotter" to stop others entering work area		
									Don't stack / store tiles on roof or on scaffold.		
									Don't remove roofing tiles on wet or windy days.		
									Use of appropriate PPE plan the tasks in consultation with the 'workers'		
									Assess travel path and distance to work area		
									Ensure unobstructed access work areas.		
									Use designated drop areas to restrict traffic across the roof surface		
Removal or disturbance of	Inhalation and exposure to ACM /								Assess travel path and distance to work area	Site Supervisor	
eave and porch soffits 'that may' contain asbestos cement [ACM] /	FC fibres / dust - respiratory problems		<b>✓</b>			<b>✓</b>		3	Ensure unobstructed access to work areas	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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fibre-cement [FC] Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Brittle roofing material / skylight/s Walking on brittle roofing material - walking in the middle of roofing battens Gravity - overbalancing - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Manual tasks - Proximity to other 'workers' and public	Slips, trips and falls from work platform / through frame  Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries  Exposure to ceiling dust - eye and skin irritations - respiratory problems.								Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior to commencement of the works  Adequate consultation with relevant "workers"  Appropriate removal procedures to contain dust / fibres.  Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres  Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' - ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work / removal process  Provide and maintain appropriate warning signage and barricades to isolate and to restrict unauthorised / inadvertent access / entry into the work area by others  Remove eave / porch soffits with minimal breakage  Wet down to minimise dust / fibre release.  Seal residues of ACM / FC that cannot be removed from timber framed members  Wrap all removed material in heavy duty plastic sheeting and seal.  Use appropriate PPE SWMS		
Removal of foil sarking 'that may' contain or be contaminated by lead dust / asbestos cement [ACM] or [ACD] - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Windy conditions - Gravity -	Slips, trips and falls from work platform / through ceiling frame  Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries  Inhalation and exposure to dust / fibres - respiratory problems		<b>√</b>			✓		2	Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to work areas  Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'  Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior to commencement of the works  Appropriate removal procedures to contain dust / fibres	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
overbalancing									Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres		
Hazardous chemicals -									Use planks as temporary work platform		
Biological -									Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' ensure 'workers' know their responsibility associated with the removal process		
									Provide and maintain appropriate warning signage and barricades to isolate and to restrict unauthorised / inadvertent access / entry into the work area by others		
									Place removed material in heavy duty plastic bags		
									Vacuum residual dust / fibres from ceiling area		
Carry and install tarpaulins to exposed roof space - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls  Back injuries - strains and sprains  Struck by flying object		✓		✓			1	Use appropriate PPE Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access work area  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting to position tarp.  Additional 'workers' to assist where required  Ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the positioning of the tarp  Ensure all tarps are securely tied down and not weighted with tiles  Identify the risks and plan the	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Carry materials, bearers / joists, sheet flooring and tools to ground floor work areas - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls  Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts  Over exertion or repetitive movements		✓			<b>✓</b>		2	task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas  Ensure openings and voids in floors are fully covered.  Use task specific trained 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process	Contractor / all 'workers'	

Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Slips, trips and falls  Electric shock or electrocution  Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts  Over exertion or repetitive movements.  Inhalation and exposure to dust - skin and eye irritations and allergies.  Exposure to lead based paints - Injuries due to collapse		•		✓			2	Rotate 'workers' and vary tasks.  Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to work areas  Ensure openings and voids in floors are fully covered.  Regularly monitor stability of the structure  Use task specific trained 'workers ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process  Rotate 'workers' and vary tasks  Guards to plant and equipment fully operational  Provide and maintain appropriate warning signage and barricades to isolate and to restrict unauthorised / inadvertent access / entry into the work area by others  Wet down to minimise dust release  Regularly monitor airborne dust  Adequate ventilation and lighting - where required provide for two [2] fan air circulation system.	Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Hearing loss - Inhalation of exhaust fumes/dust - respiratory problems –  Exposure to lead based paints -		<b>✓</b>			<b>✓</b>		2	Use appropriate PPE SWMS  Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Guards to equipment fully operational  Monitor the air quality for exhaust fumes / dust  Regularly monitor the condition of the 'workers'	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Holin ex	earing loss - halation of khaust fumes/dust respiratory oblems – kposure to lead	earing loss - halation of khaust fumes/dust respiratory roblems —  kposure to lead ased paints -	earing loss - halation of khaust fumes/dust respiratory roblems —  kposure to lead ased paints -	earing loss - halation of khaust fumes/dust respiratory oblems —  kposure to lead ased paints -	earing loss - halation of khaust fumes/dust respiratory roblems —  kposure to lead ased paints -	earing loss - halation of khaust fumes/dust respiratory roblems —  kposure to lead ased paints -	earing loss - halation of khaust fumes/dust respiratory oblems —  kposure to lead ased paints -	earing loss - halation of khaust fumes/dust respiratory oblems —  Apposure to lead ased paints -	into the work area by others  Wet down to minimise dust release  Regularly monitor airborne dust  Adequate ventilation and lighting - where required provide for two [2] fan air circulation system.  Use appropriate PPE SWMS  Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Guards to equipment fully operational  Amonitor the air quality for exhaust fumes / dust  Regularly monitor the condition of the 'workers'  Regularly monitor the condition of the 'workers'	into the work area by others  Wet down to minimise dust release  Regularly monitor airborne dust  Adequate ventilation and lighting - where required provide for two [2] fan air circulation system.  Use appropriate PPE SWMS  Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Guards to equipment fully operational  Adequate ventilation and lighting - where required provide for two [2] fan air circulation system.  Use appropriate PPE SWMS  Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Guards to equipment fully operational  Adequate ventilation and lighting - where required provide for two [2] fan air circulation system.  Use appropriate PPE SWMS  Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Guards to equipment fully operational  Contractor / all 'workers'  workers'  Apposure to lead ased paints - ght damage

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
objects									lighting - where required provide for two [2] fan air circulation system.		
Use of petrol driven /chainsaw -  Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Tools and equipment Struck by flying objects	Signi damage		✓			✓		2	Use appropriate PPE.  Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Guards to equipment fully operational  Keep others clear of the work area.  Regularly monitor stability of the structure  Maintain a proper balance and secure footing  Keep a firm grip on the chainsaw with both hands, with the thumb of the hand holding the front handle wrapped around the handle  Pay full attention to the operation.  Be aware of the location of the guide bar when the saw chain is in motion. exhaust fumes / dust  Monitor the air quality for dust and fumes  Regularly monitor the condition of the 'workers' within the work area  Use appropriate PPE.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Removal of ceiling linings 'that may' be contaminated by lead dust, asbestos cement ACM dust or fibres-Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Manual tasks - Proximity to other 'workers' and public	Inhalation and exposure to fibres / dust - respiratory problems  Slips, trips and falls through frame  Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries  Exposure to ceiling dust - eye and skin irritations - respiratory problems.  Exposure to lead based paints -		<b>✓</b>			✓		3	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to work areas  Conduct hazardous chemical assessment prior to work commencement of the works.  Appropriate removal procedures to contain dust / fibres  Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	

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									Use task specific trained / experienced 'workers' - ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work / removal process  Provide and maintain appropriate warning signage and barricades to isolate and to restrict unauthorised / inadvertent access / entry into the work area  Remove ceiling sheets with minimal breakage  Wet down to minimise dust / fibre release  Use appropriate PPE		
Demolish external/									SWMS Identify the risks and plan the		
internal framed walls at ground level - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Slips, trips and falls								task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access		
Access ways not clearly defined -	Electric shock								to work areas  Regularly monitor stability of		
Electricity -	or electrocution								the structure		
Exposure to dust -  Manual tasks -	Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts								Use task specific trained 'workers ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process		
Hazardous chemicals -	Over exertion or repetitive movements.		<b>✓</b>		✓			2	Rotate 'workers' and vary tasks	Supervisor Contractor / all	
Biological - Gravity - stability of	Inhalation and exposure to dust								Guards to plant and equipment fully operational	'workers'	
the structure - Proximity to other 'workers'	- skin and eye irritations and allergies.  Exposure to lead based paints - Injuries due to								Provide and maintain appropriate warning signage and barricades to isolate and to restrict unauthorised / inadvertent access / entry into the work area		
	collapse								Wet down to minimise dust release		
									Regularly monitor for airborne dust		
									Use appropriate PPE SWMS		
Carry wall frames, and tools to ground floor work area -	Slips, trips and falls Muscle strain - back injuries and		<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Slips, trips, falls and	cuts								Assess travel path and distance to work area		

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined Manual tasks	Over exertion or repetitive movements								Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas  Ensure openings and voids in floors are fully covered.  Use task specific trained 'workers'- ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process  Rotate 'workers' and vary		
Carrying materials, floor timbers / joists / deep composite beams / joists and sheet flooring up ramp / scaffold - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Slope of ramp Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls  Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas  Guardrails to ramp are in place - ramp surface clean and dry.  Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry.  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team liftingensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process  Order timber in short lengths. SWMS  Use crane to deliver / position materials to work area	Site Supervisor Contractor / all 'workers'	
Positioning floor timbers / joists / composite beams / joists on to existing walls -  Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -  Inadequate fall arrest system / work platform -  Windy and or wet conditions -  Gravity - overbalancing  Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls		<b>✓</b>			<b>√</b>		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team liftingensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process  Use planks as temporary work platform.  SWMS	Contractor / all 'workers'	

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Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Carrying and placing floor sheets to first floor work areas - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls through open floor joists  Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access to site and work areas  Use planks as temporary work platform  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting  Ensure 'workers' know their responsibility during the carrying and positioning of the sheets upon the open floor joists	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Carry rolls of poly- fabric up ramp /scaffold and install to cover first floor platform - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing- Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls  Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓		✓			1	Assess travel path and distance to work area  Ensure unobstructed access work area  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting to position and to roll out the poly-fabric	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Carrying frames up ramp / scaffold Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Slope of ramp - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls.  Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Assess travel path and distance to work area  Guardrails to ramp are in place - ramp surface clean and dry.  Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the work process  Remove guardrail from ramp to allow easy carrying  Have large prefab frames delivered with loose lintels.  Use site cut frames on first	Contractor Contractor / all	

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									floor  Have frames made in smaller lengths.  Use mechanical assistance where practicable - provide training in the use of the equipment  Use crane to deliver / position frames /materials to floor platform		
Cutting brickwork / timber frame with power saw - Electricity - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological - Tools and equipment Struck by flying objects	Electric shock or electrocution  Hearing loss -  Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems -  Sight damage		<b>✓</b>			<b>✓</b>		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator  Guards to equipment fully operational  Monitor for airborne dust  Use task specific trained 'workers'.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Lifting and erection of roof trusses - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks	Slips, trips, falls Back injuries - muscle strain / sprain		<b>✓</b>			<b>✓</b>		2	Use appropriate PPE.  Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'  Use planks as temporary work platform  Use mechanical assistance to position trusses on top of wall plates  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team liftingensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the lifting and positioning of the roof trusses  Replace truss with cut roof.  Have girder trusses made in two [2] sections i.e.: not nailed together  Use crane to deliver / position trusses to top of wall plates / walls	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Fixing of timber fascia / barge boards, eaves, windows and shading devices - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Slips, trips and falls from work platform and accessibility. Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries Back injuries -		✓		<b>√</b>			1	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting  Guardrails to scaffold, work platform complete, clean and dry	Contractor / all 'workers' Site Supervisor	

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Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform -	strains and sprains.								Perimeter guardrail / catch scaffold to roof surfaces when working from roof surface		
Pitch of roof - roofing material -									Use safety harness when working from roof surface		
Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing -									Don't use step ladder to gain extra height from scaffold work platform.		
Manual tasks									Use of appropriate PPE		
Carry rolls of aluminium breather foil up ramp / scaffold to wrap									Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'		
first floor frame - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Slips, trips and falls . Back injuries -		✓		<b>✓</b>			1	Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Windy and or wet conditions -	strains and sprains								Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting to position and to roll out and fix breather foil		
overbalancing-									Additional 'workers' to assist where required		
Cutting and fixing									Identify the risks and plan the		
fibre-cement [FC]									task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'		
sheet eaves and wall cladding - Slips, trips, falls and	Slips, trips and falls from work platform								Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete,		
accessibility -	Fractures, bruises								clean and dry		
Inadequate fall prevention system /	lacerations and personal injuries		<b>√</b>			<b>✓</b>		2	Perimeter guardrail / catch scaffold to roof surfaces when working from roof surface	Contractor / all 'workers'	
work platform -	Back injuries - strains and sprains								Use task specific trained 'workers'.		
Pitch of roof - roofing material -	Dust inhalation - respiratory								Monitor for airborne dust/		
Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing -	problems								Don't use step ladder to gain extra height from scaffold work platform.		
Manual tasks									Use of appropriate PPE.		
Carry packs / rolls of 'polastic' insulation blanket up ramp /scaffold -	Slips, trips and falls from ramp or work platform								Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'	Contractor / all	
fixing of battens and insulation -	Muscle strain - back injuries and cuts		✓			✓		3	Assess travel path and distance to work area	'workers'	
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Dust inhalation - respiratory								Ensure unobstructed access to work areas Guardrails to ramp are in		

		Lil	keliho	od	I	Resul	lt				
Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
Inadequate fall protection system / work platform - Slope of ramp - Windy and or wet conditions - Manual tasks Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological	problems  Eye and skin irritations / allergies								place - ramp and work platform clean and dry  Scaffold guardrails and work platform is complete - use of toe boards /dust screening  Provide barricades to restrict access to around / under work areas Team lifting and carrying. Rotate 'workers' and vary tasks  Appropriate procedures to contain dust resulting from cutting of the foil backed polystyrene insulation rolls  Use appropriate PPE - disposable dust protection.  Use task specific trained 'workers' SWMS		
Exposure to polystyrene dust	Eye and skin irritations / allergies		<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>		2	Appropriate procedures to contain dust  Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres Use appropriate PPE - disposable dust protection  Provide Safety Data Sheet.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Cutting and fixing fibre- cement [FC] cladding/hardboard 'weathertex' shingles - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility - Inadequate fall prevention system / work platform - Pitch of roof - roofing material - Windy and or wet conditions - Gravity - overbalancing - Manual tasks	Slips, trips and falls from work platform  Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries  Back injuries - strains and sprains  Dust inhalation - respiratory problems		~			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry  Perimeter guardrail / catch scaffold to roof surfaces when working from roof surface  Use task specific trained 'workers'.  Monitor for airborne dust/ fibres.  Don't use step ladder to gain extra height from scaffold work platform.  Use of appropriate PPE.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Use of gap filling flexible fillers /	Inhalation of fumes - respiratory	✓			✓		3	✓	Identify the risks / hazards and plan the task in consultation with the	Contractor / all 'workers'	

		Lil	Likelihood		ı	Resul	t				
Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
sealants -	problems.								'workers'		
Hazardous chemicals	1111(ati0115/								Avoid contact with skin and		
Biological	allergies								eyes.		
									Monitor air quality for chemical vapours		
									Use task specific trained 'workers'.		
									Use appropriate PPE. Provide SDS.		
									Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'		
Lifting and placing pre-cast concrete									Assess travel path and distance to work area		
steps - Slips, trips, falls	Slips, trips and falls		<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>		2	Ensure unobstructed access work areas.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
and accessibility - Access ways not clearly defined -	Back injuries - strains and sprains.		V			V		2	Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting - ensure team 'workers' know their responsibility during the	WOINCIS	
Manual tasks									lifting and positioning task  Extra 'workers' on hand to assist when required.		
									SWMS		
	Falls through								Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'	Contractor / all	
no guardrail -	open stairwell Fractures, bruises		<b>✓</b>		<b>√</b>			1	Prevent access to opening	'workers'	
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	lacerations and personal injuries		,		ľ			'	Provide guardrail / edge protection to stairwell void	Staircase Installer	
Gravity - overbalancing									Cover stairwell with temporary sheeting / scaffold		
Ladder access	Fall from ladder								Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'		
to work areas - Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Fractures, bruises lacerations and personal injuries		<b>✓</b>		<b>√</b>			1	Use task specific trained 'workers'.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Gravity - overbalancing									Use approved ladder.		
Work from extension ladder -	Fall from ladder								Limit the use of ladders.  Identify the risks and plan the tasks in consultation with the		
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Fractures, bruises lacerations and		✓		✓			3	'workers' Use scaffold as working platform.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Inadequate work platform -	personal injuries								Ensure ladder is at 4:1 slope. Secure ladder at base and		
Windy and or wet									top. Ensure 'workers' face the		

		Likelihood Result									
Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
conditions - Gravity - overbalancing									ladder when climbing up and down ladder. Provide and maintain appropriate warning signage and barricades to isolate and to restrict unauthorised / inadvertent access / entry into the work area.  Limit the use of ladders		
Use of electrical powered / battery operated tools in confined space - Electricity - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals - Biological Tools and equipment	Electric shock or electrocution  Hearing loss  Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems  Sight damage		<b>\</b>			✓		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator  Guards to equipment fully operational  Protect power lead from damage - power saw blade / sharp edges / vehicular traffic  Use stands and hooks for leads in trafficable areas  Use task specific trained 'workers' and rotate tasks  Adequate light and ventilation  Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres  Use of appropriate PPE.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Use of pneumatic operated tools and equipment -  Compressed air - Exposure to noise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals Biological - Plant / equipment	Impact injury from projectiles  Hearing loss Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems.  Eye and skin irritations / allergies -  Sight damage		<b>✓</b>			<b>✓</b>		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the 'workers'  Provide and maintain appropriate warning signage and barricades to isolate and to restrict unauthorised / inadvertent access / entry into the work area  Ensure unobstructed access work areas  Regularly monitor that air hoses are securely engaged and not damaged  Guards to tools fully operational  Protect air line from damage - power saw blade / sharp edges / vehicular traffic  Use of appropriate PPE.	Contractor / all 'workers'	

		Lil	keliho	I	Result						
Job Step / Hazard	Potential Harm	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Major	Severe	Minor	Priority	Possible Controls	Responsible Person/s	Date
									Use task specific trained 'workers'.		
Carrying vanity units and bath up									Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'		
ramp / scaffold or up stairs -									Assess travel path and distance to work area		
Slips, trips, falls and accessibility -	Slips, trips, falls and accessibility.		<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>		0	Ensure unobstructed access work areas	Contractor / all	
Slope of ramp -	Back injuries - strains and sprains		V			V		2	Guardrails to ramp are in place. Ramp surface clean and dry.	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Windy and or wet conditions -  Manual tasks									Guardrails and toe boards to scaffold are in place and work platform complete, clean and dry		
									Use task specific trained 'workers' and team lifting.		
Building in bath - Manual tasks	Back injuries - strains and sprains		✓			<b>✓</b>		2	Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'  Use trained and experienced	Carpenter / Plumber	
									'workers' and team lifting		
									Identify the risks and plan the task in consultation with the relevant 'workers'		
Cutting chemically									RCD installed on mains supply / portable generator		
treated timber, pine and particleboard / MDF sheets -	Hearing loss Inhalation of dust								Guards to plant and equipment fully operational. Regularly monitor for airborne dust/ fibres	Contractor / all	
Exposure to Hoise - Exposure to dust - Hazardous chemicals -	<ul><li>respiratory problems</li><li>Sight damage</li></ul>		<b>✓</b>			<b>✓</b>		2	Train 'workers' in the safe handling and cutting of hazardous materials	'workers'	
Biological Equipment									Monitor for airborne dust/ fibres		
									Adequate ventilation		
									Use of appropriate PPE		
									Provide SDS for product.		
Site clean up on completion of work	Inhalation of dust - respiratory problems.								Place all building waste and rubbish in the designated waste area / skip bin		
Manual tasks Exposure to dust -	Eye and skin irritations / allergies		✓			<b>√</b>		3	Leave site / work areas in a clean and tidy condition	Contractor / all 'workers'	
Hazardous chemicals Biological -	Personal injuries - cuts and abrasions.								Remove any temporary barricades if no longer required		

Company Name:

Signed by:

for and on behalf of: Cape Cod Australia Pty. Limited

ABN: 54 000 605 407

Builder's Licence No. 5519

Phone:

Email:

I / We have consulted with Cape Cod Australia Pty. Limited and have mutually agreed on the above procedures. This risk assessment provides details on how I/we will manage my/our work on this Cape Cod

Australia Pty. Limited work site.