NSSII Assignment 2

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Part 1, IRC client

Dependencies

The application is dependent on following python modules

- socket
- pickle
- cryptography
- threading
- os
- time
- random
- base64

Running

- Use "make server" to run the server
- Use "make c0" to run the client 0
- Use "make c1" to run the client 1
- Use "make c2" to run the client 2
- Use "make c3" to run the client 3

Configure

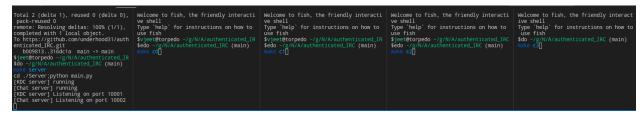
The server and clients are preconfigured.

But if you want to configure again, run "python configure.py" and enter the relevant details and follow the following steps:

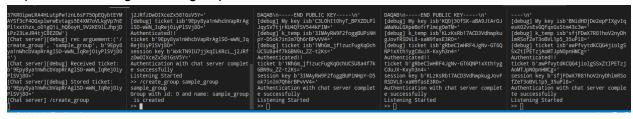
- Move "all_client_listening.info" and "all_client_secrets.info" files generated in root folder to the Server folder.
- Move the respective client config info files to the client folders.

Test Run

Run the programs as instructed in Running section and do the following:



 Run "/create_group sample_group" on client0. A group id will be returned. Following steps are assuming that the group id is 0.



• Enter "/group_invite 0 1" to invite client 1 to group 0. Similarly for client2, and client3



• Run "/init_group_dhxchg 0 1" to do a DH key exchange with client3 for group0. Repeat this for client2 and client3 to update the group key for their DH keys.



Run "/write_group 0 hello" to write the message to the group0, encrypted by their DH key.



Run "/who" to see all those on the server



Run "/write_all message" to broadcast message to all the clients



Run "/request_public_key 3" to get the public key of the client 3



Commands and assumptions

- "/who": Who all are logged in to the chat server, along with a user IDs.
- "/write all": Write message which gets broadcasted to all users.
- "/create_group <grp_name>": Create a group to which users may be added. A group ID and name is returned.
- "/group invite <grp id> <cli>to id>": Send an invite to individual users IDs."
- "/group_invite_accept": Convert acceptance variable to true, all requests will be accepted
- "/group invite decline": Convert acceptance variable to false, all requests will be denied
- "/request public key": Send request for public key to a specific users.
- "/send_public_key": Send back public key back as a response to the above request. This command works internally, the user cannot fill it.
- "/init_group_dhxchg": This process initiates a DH exchange first with any two users and then adds more users to the set..

- "/write_group <grp_id> message": Write messages to a group specifying its group ID.
- "/list_user_files <ip addr> <port>": list the files in the client directory
- "/request_file <ip_addr> <port> <file_name>": loads the file into local client directory

Documentation and Code

Some highlights of the documentation is given below:

Client to KDC server

KDC side:

Client Side:

Session key is the function of K_c, TS and nonce.

Client to Chat server authentication

```
The client should have a valid ticket and session_key before contacting the chat server.

This can be done by calling the authenticate function of this class
```

```
Client

Chat Server

Client

Chat Server

Ch
```

The chat server matches the ticket and authenticates the client.

There is a shared database data structure that keeps track of client session_keys, ports, ip addresses and tickets.

For detailed information on diffie hellman key exchange, read documentation of dh_key_xchange_request, df_xchg_handler and start_listening from client, server_chat and again client documentation from docs folder or the following links.

For detailed documentation and code open HTML files in the docs folder in the submissions or the following links. (Ps, if some comment is not clear, click on the expand code button under to see the raw text that would be clear).

- client.py: https://underhood31.github.io/authenticated IRC/client.html
- Server, main.py: https://underhood31.github.io/authenticated IRC/server main.
- Server, kdc.py: https://underhood31.github.io/authenticated IRC/server kdc
- Server, chat.py: https://underhood31.github.io/authenticated IRC/server chat

Part 2, Return Oriented Programming

Steps:

Disable virtual address space randomization using : sudo bash -c 'echo 0 > /proc/sys/kernel/randomize_va_space'

- Disable stack canaries (canaries prevent stack overflow by adding canaries at return point, if incorrect canaries are found program is terminated) using
 - -fno-stack-protector when compiling.
- From the screen shot below the structure of the stack would be as the following table:

```
ubuntu@ubuntu: ~/NSSII/Assignment_2/return_oriented_programming
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
Dump of assembler code for function main:
                                 0x4(%esp),%ecx
   0x000005ad <+0>:
                         lea
                                  $0xfffffff0,%esp
   0x000005b1 <+4>:
                          and
   0x000005b4 <+7>:
                          pushl -0x4(%ecx)
   0x000005b7 <+10>:
                          push
                                 %ebp
   0x000005b8 <+11>:
                                 %esp,%ebp
                          MOV
   0x000005ba <+13>:
                          push
                                 %ebx
   0x000005bb <+14>:
                          push
                                 %ecx
   0x000005bc <+15>:
                          sub
                                 $0x50,%esp
   0x000005bf <+18>:
                          call
                                 0x4b0 <__x86.get_pc_thunk.bx>
   0x000005c4 <+23>:
                                 $0x1a08,%ebx
                          add
   0x000005ca <+29>:
                         sub
                                 $0x8,%esp
   0x000005cd <+32>:
                                 -0x50(%ebp),%eax
                          lea
  0x000005d0 <+35>: push
0x000005d1 <+36>: lea
0x000005d7 <+42>: push
0x000005d8 <+43>: call
0x000005dd <+48>: add
   0x000005d0 <+35>:
                          push
                                 -0x189c(%ebx),%eax
                                 0x410 <printf@plt>
                                 $0x10,%esp
   0x000005e0 <+51>: sub $0xc,%esp
0x000005e3 <+54>: lea -0x1888(%
                                 -0x1888(%ebx),%eax
   0x000005e9 <+60>: push %eax
   0x000005ea <+61>: call 0x430 <puts@plt>
   0x000005ef <+66>: add
                                 $0x10,%esp
---Type <return> to continue, or q <return> to quit---
```

- 4 Bytes //Return address

 8 Bytes // from pushl instructions

 4 Bytes // %ebp

 4 Bytes // %ebx

 4 Bytes // %ecx

 80 Bytes // from sub \$0x50, %esp instruction
- So in the code, name+80+8 gives the address of the saved ebp pointer value. Thus appropriate logic is applied in code.

Now program is calling shell, use "make sample" and run "./buffover"

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help

ubuntu@ubuntu:~/NSSII/Assignment_2/return_oriented_programming$ make
gcc sample.c -o buffover -fno-stack-protector -w -m32 -g
/tmp/cc5QpOHO.o: In function `main':
/home/ubuntu/NSSII/Assignment_2/return_oriented_programming/sample.c:14: warning
: the `gets' function is dangerous and should not be used.

ubuntu@ubuntu:~/NSSII/Assignment_2/return_oriented_programming$ ./buffover
buffer address: 0xffffd098
Enter text for name:
abcd
content of buffer: abcd
execve of execve: 0xf7e9e2b0
$ | |
```

Bonus

Use "make bonus" to compile and run "./write". This program was similar to the previous part the only difference is the size difference between pointer(4B), unsigned long/size_t(4B) and integers(2B)

```
ubuntu@ubuntu: ~/NSSII/Assignment_2/return_oriented_programming
                                                                            File Edit View Search Terminal Help
ubuntu@ubuntu:~/NSSII/Assignment_2/return_oriented_programming$ make bonus
gcc bonus.c -o write -fno-stack-protector -w -m32 -g
/tmp/ccsMXXHh.o: In function `main':
/home/ubuntu/NSSII/Assignment 2/return oriented programming/bonus.c:14: warning:
the 'gets' function is dangerous and should not be used.
ubuntu@ubuntu:~/NSSII/Assignment_2/return_oriented_programming$ ./write
ouffer address: 0xffffd088
Enter text for name:
abcsa
content of buffer: abcsa
execve of execve: 0xf7e9e2b0
nello world
Segmentation fault (core dumped)
ubuntu@ubuntu:~/NSSII/Assignment_2/return_oriented_programming$
```

References

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