Open Bible Stories

God’s Covenant with David

## 0 Introduction

### 0.1 Key Idea

The story of God’s covenant with David teaches us about God’s promise to send his Messiah to rule his people forever.

### 0.2 Creedal Verse

“And when he had removed him, he raised up David to be their king, of whom he testified and said, ‘I have found in David the son of Jesse a man after my heart, who will do all my will.’ Of this man’s offspring God has brought to Israel a Savior, Jesus, as he promised.” Acts 13:22-23

### 0.3 Metanarrative Summary

The eternal God created all things in six days. He made a good and perfect world. He made humans in his image to fill the earth and rule over creation. But humans rebelled against God and ruined God’s creation. God set to restore his world through his promise. God made a covenant with Abraham. He promised to bless all nations through Abraham. God kept his promises across the generations. God provided Abraham with a promised child, Isaac. God gave Isaac a wife and she bore twins, Jacob and Esau. God blessed Jacob and his sons, and the blessing continued to the next generation. God rescued Joseph, one of Jacob’s sons, and used him to rescue his family. God caused his people, the Israelites, to multiply in the land of Egypt; eventually, they became slaves. But, God raised up a deliverer, Moses, to deliver his people from their slavery. God sent judged the Egyptians with harsh plagues; in the final judgment, he passed over his people who covered their doorposts with the blood of a sacrificed lamb. Then, God delivered the Israelites by bringing them out of Egypt and crossing the Red Sea on dry land. God made a covenant with the Israelites and made them his people. God tested Israel in a series of wilderness wanderings and eventually brought his people into the promised land of Canaan. God raised up deliverers to lead Israel and rescue them from their enemies. God formed Israel into a kingdom. He made a covenant with King David and promised to send a king that would rule his people forever.

## 1 Biblical Interpretation: Observing the Details of the Story

After reading the crafted biblical story, answer the following questions to familiarize yourself with the details of the story.

### 1.1 Observation Questions

#### 17-01

Who was the first king of Israel and what was he like?

Was Saul, the first king of Israel, a good king or a wicked king?

What happened to Saul’s kingdom?

#### 17-02

Who did God choose to be king to replace Saul?

What was David’s occupation before he became king?

How did David defend the sheep under his care?

What was David like?

#### 17-03

Who did David fight against while he was a young man?

Why was it so amazing that David was able to kill Goliath?

Why did the people of Israel praise David?

#### 17-04

What did Saul and the people think about David?

What did David do when Saul wanted to kill him?

Where did David and Saul meet one day?

What did David do when he had a chance to kill Saul in the cave?

What did Saul learn about David from this experience?

#### 17-05

When did David become king of Israel?

How did David become so successful?

What was the city that David conquered and then made his capital?

How long did David rule as king?

#### 17-06

What did David want to build for God?

Where were the Israelites worshiping God before this time?

#### 17-07

What did the prophet Nathan tell David?

Why did God not allow David to build a temple?

Who did God say would build the Temple?

What was the great promise that God gave to David?

What great act would the Messiah do?

#### 17-08

What did David do when he heard Nathan’s message?

What did David not know about God’s promises?

About long would the Israelites have to wait for God to send the Messiah?

#### 17-09

How well did David rule the people of Israel?

#### 17-10

Who did David see when he looked out from his palace?

#### 17-11

What terrible sin did David commit with Bathsheba?

What message did Bathsheba send to David a short time later?

#### 17-12

How did David try to cover up his of making Bathsheba pregnant?

What did David do when Uriah refused to sleep with his wife?

#### 17-13

What did David do after Uriah died in battle?

What did God think of what David had done?

What did David do when Nathan confronted him about his sin?

#### 17-14

How did God punish David for his sin?

Did God still keep his promises to David in spite of David’s unfaithfulness?

What was the name of their son who was born later to David and Bathsheba?

### 1.2 Translation Questions

Use the following translation questions to understand specific details of the passage. Discuss how you might translate these specific elements of the story.

#### 17-01

**the first king of Israel** Saul was the first leader to govern Israel as king. How would you express **the first king of Israel** to mean Saul was the first king to rule over Israel?

  

**one day** The man God chose to take Saul’s place as king over Israel would become king at some time in the future. How would you express **one day** to mean some time in the future or years later?

  

**be king in his place** God chose another person to replace Saul as king. This man would rule as king instead of Saul. How would you express **be king in his place** to mean God chose another man to take Saul’s place as king over Israel?

  

#### 17-02

**God chose a young Israelite named David** God decided he wanted David to be Israel’s next king. David was an Israelite youth. God selected David for this position. How would you express **God chose a young** Israelite named David to mean God selected David to be Israel’s next king?

  

**father’s sheep** The sheep that David watched belonged to his father. How would you express **father’s sheep** to mean the sheep that belonged to David’s father?

  

**watching** At the time David killed a lion and bear he was caring for his father’s sheep. How would you express **watching** to mean David was taking care of and protecting his father’s sheep?

  

**humble** David was not arrogant or proud. He did not think as someone of great importance. How would you express **humble** to mean David was not proud and did not think of himself as better than others?

  

#### 17-03

**a giant named Goliath** A giant is a person who is unusually tall and powerful. Goliath was a huge soldier in an army that was fighting against Israel. How would you express **a giant named Goliath** to mean a person who is unusually tall and strong whose name was Goliath?

  

**He was very strong and about three meters tall!** Goliath was very strong and very tall. How would you express **He was very strong and about three meters tall!** to be a strong statement that Goliath was greatly powerful and extremely tall?

  

**After that** The first enemy of Israel that David defeated was Goliath, but after defeating Goliath, David went on to defeat many other enemies of Israel. How would you express **After that** to mean that David won many victories of Israel’s enemies following/subsequent to his defeat of Goliath?

  

#### 17-04

**that** King Saul became jealous of him The result of the people loving David so much as King Saul became jealous of him. How would you express **that** King Saul became jealous of him to mean the outcome/effect of the people’s love for David was Saul’s jealousy of David?

  

**so** David ran away into the wilderness to hide The result of Saul wanting to kill David was David fleeing to the wilderness and hiding. How would you express **so** David ran away into the wilderness to hide to mean the outcome/effect of Saul wanting to kill David was David running away into the wilderness and hiding?

  

**One day** After explaining that Saul wanting to kill David, the story tells a specific story about a time when Saul was trying to kill David. This event happened in the past, but does not state the specific time. How would you express **One day** to refer to a true even that actually happened in the past (but the specific day is not stated)?

  

#### 17-05

**made him successful** God caused David to be victorious in battle and flourish as a king. How would you express **made him successful** to mean God helped David accomplish the good things he wanted to do?

  

**and** God helped him defeat God’s blessing on David included his military efforts. David won many battles not because he was a great soldier, though he was, but because God helped him defeat Israel’s enemies. How would you express **and** God helped him defeat to mean God enabled David to win the battles he fought against Israel’s enemies?

  

**his capital city** David made Jerusalem the capital city of his kingdom. David lived in Jerusalem and ruled from there. The entire city does not belong to David, but because David is the supreme government leader and because David captured Jerusalem and made it the capital, it is often described as his. A capital city was the center of government for the country of Israel and it had the primary status above all the other cities in Israel. How would you express **his capital city** to mean the central city from which David ruled his kingdom?

  

#### 17-06

**temple** David wanted to construct a permanent building for worshiping God that would replace the portable Tent of Meeting. What words in your language mean **temple** as in a permanent building for worshipping God and offering sacrifices to God?

  

**the Tent of Meeting that Moses had made** The Tent of Meeting was built during the time of Moses. It was a movable tent for worshiping God. Moses did not build the Tent of Meeting himself. Many Israelites worked to construct the Tent of Meeting. Moses was the Israelite leader responsible for making sure the Tent of Meeting was built. How would you express **the Tent of Meeting that Moses had made** to mean the the portable tent for worshiping God which was made while Moses was leader of the Israelites?

  

#### 17-07

**But there was a prophet named Nathan** David’s desire to build a temple for God is different/opposite to the message the prophet Nathan would tell David. How would you express **But there was a prophet named Nathan** to mean the message the prophet Nathan told David was different/opposite to David’s desire to build a temple for God?

  

**so you will not build this Temple** The result of David fighting many wars was God did not allow David to build the Temple. How would you express **so you will not build this Temple** to mean the result of David fighting many wars was God did not allow him to build the temple?

  

**The Messiah was God’s Chosen One** The Messiah means Anointed One. This refers to God’s Son, Jesus Christ. The Messiah was the One God chose to save people from sin and to rule as king over his people forever. How would you express **The Messiah was God’s Chosen One** to mean the Messiah was the One God appointed?

  

**from their sin** The Messiah would rescue people from the effects of sin. How would you express **from their sin** to mean the Messiah would save people from the terrible consequences of their sin?

  

#### 17-08

**When David heard Nathan’s message** David thanked and praised God at the time David heard Nathan’s message. How would you express **When David heard Nathan’s message** to mean reason David thanked and praised God was because he heard Nathan’s message?

  

**God was honoring him** God was causing David to be respectable and honorable to others. This does not mean that God was worshiping or paying reverence to David. Rather, God was causing David to be honored and esteemed by others. How would you express **God was honoring him** to mean God was causing David to be respected and esteemed by others?

  

**Of course** It is obvious to us that it would take many years for God to fulfill his promise of sending his Messiah. This was not so obvious to David. David did not know when God would do these things, since God did not tell him when they would happen. How would you express **Of course** to mean a perspective which is obvious to the readers but not necessary obvious to David?

  

#### 17-09

**However, in his later years** David was faithful to God and obeyed God for many years. When David was older, he sinned against God. The word However contrasts David obeying God for many years with David sinning against God in his later years. How would you express **However, in his later years** to mean David’s sin later on in his life was different/opposite to his faithful obedience many years prior?

  

**sinned greatly** David disobeyed God in a very wicked way. His sin was especially evil. How would you express **sinned greatly** to mean David sinned in a very evil way?

  

#### 17-10

**David looked out from his palace and saw** Bathsheba may have been bathing at her own house, but David’s palace was very high and he was able to see over walls that were lower. How would you express **David looked out from his palace and saw** to mean David saw the woman bathing from his palace?

  

**a beautiful woman bathing** David saw an attractive woman who was taking a bath. How would you express **a beautiful woman bathing** to mean an attractive woman who was in the act of washing herself?

  

**but he found out** David did not know who the woman was. In contrast to this lack of knowledge, David discovered who she was. How would you express **but he found out** to mean David did not know the woman beforehand but intentionally came to learn who the woman was?

  

#### 17-11

**Instead of looking away** David should have looked away from the woman so that he would not be tempted to sleep with her. David did the opposite of this. He sent someone to bring her to him. How would you express **Instead of looking away** to mean rather than David looking away from Bathsheba (which is what he should have done), he sent someone to bring Bathsheba to him (which was the opposite of what he should have done)?

  

**He slept with her** This is a polite way of saying that David had sexual intercourse with Bathsheba. How would you politely express **He slept with her** to mean David had sexual intercourse with Bathsheba?

  

#### 17-12

**go be with his wife** David told Uriah to go home to be intimate with his wife. David wanted people, especially Uriah, to believe that Bathsheba was pregnant with Uriah’s child. How would you politely express **go be with his wife** to mean David told Uriah to go home and have sexual intercourse with his wife?

  

**where the enemy was strongest** David told the general to place Uriah at the location in the battle where the most fighting was going on. How would you express **where the enemy was strongest** to mean the place in the battle where the most fighting was happening and there was the greatest chance Uriah would be killed in battle?

  

**so that he would be killed** David’s purpose in telling the general to put Uriah where the enemy was the strongest was to have Uriah killed. David wanted Uriah killed to cover up his sin with Bathsheba. How would you express **so that he would be killed** to mean the purpose of David sending Uriah to the place where the enemy was the strongest was so that Uriah would be killed?

  

#### 17-13

**what David had done** The great sin that David committed was adultery with Bathsheba and the murder of her husband, Uriah. How would you express **what David had done** to refer to David’s sin of adultery with Bathsheba and his murder of Uriah?

  

**so he sent the prophet Nathan to tell David how evil his sin was** God was angry with David because of his sin. Because God was angry he sent a prophet to tell David that he had done an evil thing. The result of God’s anger was to send a prophet to tell David about his sin. How would you express **so he sent the prophet Nathan to tell David how evil his sin was** to mean the result of God being angry about David’s sin was to sent the prophet Nathan to tell David how wicked his sin was?

  

#### 17-14

**But David’s baby boy died** David repented from his sin and God forgave him. Even though David repented and God forgave him, God punished David by Bathsheba’s baby dying. Even though God forgave David of his sin, David had to bear consequences for his sin. How would you express **But David’s baby boy died** to mean the death of David’s baby was in contrast to David’s act of repentance and God’s forgiveness of David?

  

**some members of his own family rebelled against him** This fighting was very serious. Among other things, one of his sons murdered another son and tried to take David’s place as king while David was still reigning. If possible, use a word that conveys the intensity of this conflict within the family. How would you express **some members of his own family rebelled against him** to mean some of David’s family rose up and fought against him in a violent way that resisted David’s rule as king?

  

## 2 Theological Dialogue: Discussing the Meaning of the Story

Take time to explore the meaning of this story together as a community. Use the following discussions as a way to grasp what truth the story teaches.

### 2.1 Discourse Questions

##### How did God prepare David to be king of Israel? (17-01, 17-02, 17-03, 17-04)

##### What was so great about David’s rule as king of Israel? (17-05, 17-06, 17-07, 17-08, 17-09)

##### How did David fall into great sin and how did he try to cover it up? (17-09, 17-10, 17-11, 17-12)

##### What were the effects of David’s sin and how did David find resolution to his sin? (17-13, 17-14)

### 2.2 Theological Questions

Answer the following theology questions as a community. Discuss what truths this story teaches.

1. What is the nature of God’s kingdom? What is God’s kingdom like? What can we learn about God’s kingdom from the positive and negative examples of Saul and David?
2. How should Christians be servants in God’s kingdom? How does David’s example when he ruled Israel righteously instruct us in how we should service God?
3. What is sin like and what makes it so evil in God’s eyes? How does David’s sin warn us about temptation and sin?
4. How can God’s people find freedom from their sin? What does the story of David teach us about how people can be rescued from sin?

##C:\_obs\_tf//movement\_2\_drafting\_brief.md NOT FOUND!!

## 3 Personal Reflection: Following the Teaching of the Story

Take a moment to allow this story to evaluate your own life and to consider how God would have you respond. After this reflection, use the quality checking questions to check your translation draft among the translation team.

### 3.1 Journal Reflection

Prayerfully think about the following personal reflection questions. Write/Record your answers and/or discuss them as a group.

1. How is God preparing you for his service?
2. How well is your life aligned with God’s kingdom priorities? What would need to change to have your life more in line with God’s kingdom?
3. What temptations to sin are you facing? How can you resist these temptations?
4. In what ways have you experienced God’s forgiveness? If you have not, how does God want to rescue you from your sin?

##C:\_obs\_tf//movement\_3\_checking\_brief.md NOT FOUND!!

##C:\_obs\_tf//movement\_4\_and\_5\_and\_conclusion\_reference.md NOT FOUND!!