

# Introduktion

**Sample space**  $\Omega = \{e_1, \dots, e_n\}$

**Event**  $E \subseteq \Omega$

**Probability function**  $P(E) = x$

$$0 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$\forall E : |E| = i > 1 : P(E) = \sum_i^n P(\{e_i\}), e_i \in E$$

**Probability space**  $(\Omega, P)$

**Bayes Theorem**  $P(S|T) = \frac{P(T|S)P(S)}{P(T)}$

**Total Probability**  $\frac{P(B|A)P(A)}{\sum_r P(B|r)}$

**Conditional Probability**  $\frac{P(B|A)P(A)}{\sum_r P(B|r)P(r)}$

**Axiom 1**  $P(\Omega) = 1$

**Axiom 2**  $0 \leq P(E) \leq 1, \forall E \subseteq \Omega$

**Axiom 3**  $E, F \subseteq \Omega : E \cap F = \emptyset \Rightarrow P(E \cup F) = P(E) + P(F)$

In general  $P(E \cup F) = P(E) + P(F) - P(E \cap F)$  ( $P(\emptyset) = 0$ )

**Conditional Probability**  $P(E|F) = \frac{P(E \cap F)}{P(F)}$  Probability of E occurring when F occurred

# Independence

**Product Rule**  $P(x, y) = P(x|y)P(y)$

**Chain Rule**  $P(x_1, x_2) = P(x_2|x_1) \cdot P(x_1) = P(x_1|x_2) \cdot P(x_2)$

**Independence**  $I_p(A, B) \Leftrightarrow P(a|b) = P(a) \vee (P(a) = 0 \vee P(b) = 0)$

**Conditional Independence**  $I_p(A, B|C) \Leftrightarrow P(a|b, c) = P(a|b)$

**Symmetry**  $I_p(X, Y|Z) \Rightarrow I_p(Y, X|Z)$

**Decomposition**  $I_p(X, \{Y, W\}|Z) \Rightarrow I_p(X, Y|Z)$

**Weak Union**  $I_p(X, \{Y, W\}|Z) \Rightarrow I_p(X, Y|\{Z, W\})$

**Contraction**  $I_p(X, W|Z, Y)$  und  $I_p(X, Y|Z) \Rightarrow I_p(X, \{Y, W\}|Z)$

**Intersection**  $I_p(X, Y|\{Z, W\})$  und  $I_p(X, W|Z, Y) \Rightarrow I_p(X, \{Y, W\}|Z)$

*For positive distributions and for mutually disjoint sets X, Y, Z, W*

## Markov

**DAG**  $G = (V, E)$   
**Nodes**  $V := \{A, B, C, \dots\}$   
**Edge**  $A \rightarrow B := (A, B) \in E \wedge (B, A) \notin E$   
**Parent node**  $PA_X :=$  nodes with a direct path to  $X$   
**Non-Descendants**  $ND_X :=$  nodes that have no path from  $X$   
**Markov Condition**  $I_p(X, ND_X | PA_X)$   
**G satisfies MC**  $\forall X \in V : I_p(X, ND_X | PA_X)$   
**Chain**  $\rho = [X, \dots, Y] := X - \dots - Y \quad X, \dots, Y \in A \subseteq V$   
**Directed Chain**  $X(\leftarrow \vee \rightarrow) \dots (\leftarrow \vee \rightarrow) Y$   
**Blockade by A**  $\exists Z \in A : \leftarrow Z \leftarrow$   
 $\exists Z \in A : \leftarrow Z \rightarrow$   
 $\exists Z \in A : \forall z \in desc_Z : z \notin A \wedge z \notin \rho \wedge \rightarrow Z \leftarrow$   
**d-Separation**  $I_G(X, Y | A) :=$  every chain between  $X$  and  $Y$  is blocked by  $A$   
**Active Chain**  $\rho$  is not blocked by  $A$  given  $A$

## Subjective / Bayesian Probabilities

**Prior Probability** probability of some event prior to updating its probability using new information.

**Posteriori Probability** probability of some event after updating its probability based on new information.

**Join Prob. Distribution**