```
int findMaxLen(Node root) {
int nMaxLen = 0;
if (root == null)
      return 0:
if (root.left == null)
      root.nMaxLeft = 0:
if (root.right == null)
      root.nMaxRight = 0;
if (root.left != null)
      findMaxLen(root.left);
if (root.right != null)
      findMaxLen(root.right);
if (root.left != null) {
        int nTempMaxLen = 0;
        nTempMaxLen = (root.left.nMaxLeft > root.left.nMaxRight) ?
                 root.left.nMaxLeft: root.left.nMaxRight;
        root.nMaxLeft = nTempMaxLen + 1;
if (root.right != null) {
        int nTempMaxLen = 0;
        nTempMaxLen = (root.right.nMaxLeft > root.right.nMaxRight) ?
                 root.right.nMaxLeft : root.right.nMaxRight;
        root.nMaxRight = nTempMaxLen + 1;
if (root.nMaxLeft + root.nMaxRight > nMaxLen)
        nMaxLen = root.nMaxLeft + root.nMaxRight;
return nMaxLen;
```

Time Complexity: O(n). Space Complexity: O(n).

Problem-19 Give an algorithm for finding the level that has the maximum sum in the binary tree.

Solution: The logic is very much similar to finding the number of levels. The only change is, we