

Looping Structure

Steps of the Day



Let's Start

Make a program to showing "I LOVE

ALGORITHM" on the screen as much as 1000

times. WHAT WILL YOU DO?

An Algorithm structure that allow us to **REPEAT** some statements that fulfill **LOOPING CONDITION**.



Looping condition

- Body statement
- Initialization
- Termination

- FOR
- WHILE
- REPEAT



For Structure

Definition and Structures of For Structure

- For structure was used in looping that have specified ending of repetition.
- Number of repetition have been known in the beginning.
- Can be in **ASCENDING** or **DESCENDING** way

Format of For Structure (Ascending)

Algorithm Notation:

```
for variable ← start_value to end_value do
    statement
endfor
```

Pascal Notation I:

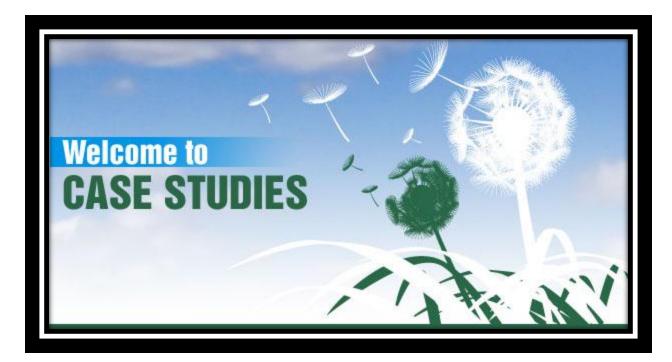
```
for variable := start_value to end_value do
    statement;
```

Format of For Structure (Ascending)

Pascal Notation II:

```
for variable := start_value to end_value do
begin
    statement;
end;
```





Example of For in Ascending Way (Algorithm)

```
1
    Algoritma Deret Bilangan Ganjil
2
    {I.S: Diinputkan satu nilai akhir oleh user}
    {F.S: Menampilkan jumlah deret ganjil}
3
4
5
    Kamus:
6
       x,akhir:integer
7
       jumlah:integer
8
9
    Algoritma:
10
      input(akhir)
      jumlah ← 0
11
12
      for x \leftarrow 1 to akhir do
13
        if x \mod 2 = 1 then
14
          jumlah \leftarrow jumlah + x;
15
      endfor
16
      output('Jumlah deret ganjil dari 1 - ',akhir,' = ',jumlah)
```

Example of For in Ascending Way (Pascal)

```
1
    program Deret Bilangan Ganjil;
2
    uses crt;
4
    var
       x,akhir:integer;
6
       jumlah:integer;
7
8
    begin
       write('Masukan batas akhir angka : ');readln(akhir);
9
10
       jumlah:=0;
11
       for x:=1 to akhir do
12
       begin
13
             if x \mod 2=1 then
14
                jumlah:=jumlah+x;
15
       end;
16
       writeln('Jumlah Deret ganjil dari 1 - ',akhir,' = ',jumlah);
17
       writeln();
18
       write('Tekan sembarang tombol untuk menutup...');
19
       readkey();
20
    end.
```

Format of For Structure (Descending)

Algorithm Notation:

```
for variable ← end_value downto start_value do
    statement
endfor
```

Pascal Notation I:

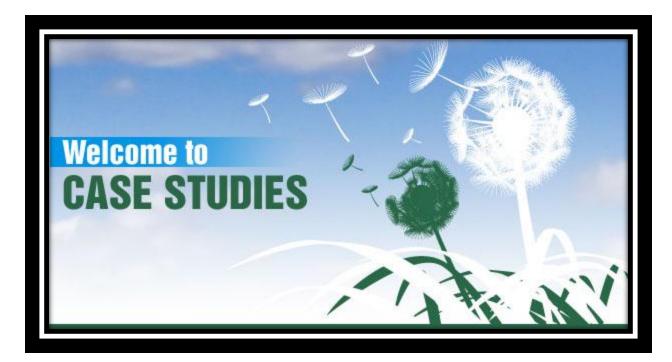
```
for variable := end_value downto start_value do
    statement;
```

Format of For Structure (Ascending)

Pascal Notation II:

```
for variable := end_value downto start_value do
begin
    statement;
end;
```





Example of For in Descending Way (Algorithm)

```
1
   Algoritma Deret Faktorial
   {I.S: Diinputkan satu nilai oleh user}
3
   {F.S: Menampilkan faktorial dari bilangan tersebut}
4
5
   Kamus:
6
       i, nilai: integer
       faktorial:integer
8
9
   Algoritma:
10
       input(nilai)
11
       faktorial←1
12
       for i ← nilai downto 1 do
13
          faktorial + faktorial * i
14
      endfor
       output(nilai,'! = ',faktorial)
15
```

Example of For in Descending Way (Pascal)

```
program Deret Faktorial;
2
   uses crt;
3
4
   var
5
       i, nilai: integer;
6
       faktorial:integer;
8
   begin
9
       write('Masukan nilai = ');readln(nilai);
10
       faktorial:=1;
11
       for i:=nilai downto 1 do
12
           faktorial:=faktorial*i;
13
       writeln(nilai,'! = ',faktorial);
14
       writeln();
15
       write('Tekan sembarang tombol untuk menutup...');
16
       readkey();
17
   end.
```



While Structure

AND MANUAL MANUA

Definition and Structures of For Structure

- While structure always be executed while its condition value is true.
- If the condition value is false, it means stop repetition.
- While structure have condition in the beginning of structure.

Format of While Structure

Algorithm Notation:

```
while kondisi do
    statement
endwhile
```

Pascal Notation I:

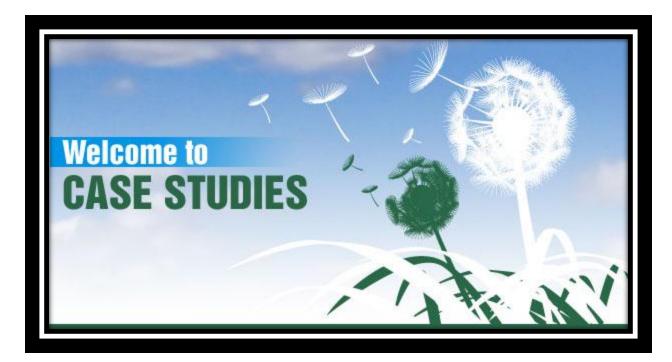
```
while kondisi do
    statement;
```

Format of While Structure

Pascal Notation II:

```
while kondisi do
begin
    statement;
end;
```





Example of While (Algorithm)

```
Algoritma Deret Bilangan
   {I.S: Diinputkan satu angka oleh user}
3
   {F.S: Menampilkan jumlah deret dari 1 sampai angka}
4
5
   Kamus:
6
      i,deret:integer
      angka:integer
8
9
   Algoritma:
10
      input(angka)
11
      deret.←0
12
      i←1
13
      while i<=angka do
14
         deret←deret+i
15
         i←i+1;
16
      endwhile
17
      output('Jumlah deret dari 1 - ',angka,' = ',deret)
```

Example of While (Pascal)

```
1
    program Deret Angka;
2
    uses crt;
3
4
    var
       i, deret: integer;
6
       angka:integer;
8
    begin
9
       write('Masukan angka = ');readln(angka);
10
       deret:=0;
11
       i:=1;
12
       while i<=angka do
13
       begin
14
              deret:=deret+i;
15
              i:=i+1;
16
       end;
17
       writeln('Jumlah deret dari 1 - ',angka,' = ',deret);
18
       writeln();
19
       write('Tekan sembarang tombol untuk menutup...');
20
       readkey();
21
    end.
```



Repeat Structure

AN MANAGEMENT AND MAN

Definition and Structures of For Structure

- Repeat structure always be executed until its condition value is true.
- If the condition value is true, it means stop repetition.
- Repeat structure have condition in the end of structure.

Format of While Structure

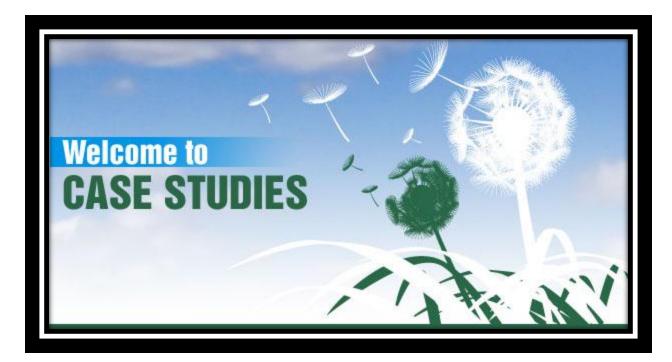
Algorithm Notation:

```
repeat
    statement
until kondisi
```

Pascal Notation:

```
repeat
    statement;
until kondisi;
```





Example of Repeat (Algorithm)

```
Algoritma Coba Password
2
    {I.S: Diinputkan password oleh user}
3
    {F.S: Menampilkan pesan benar atau salah}
4
5
    Kamus:
6
       const
7
           password=1234
8
9
       pass,i,j:integer
10
11
    Algoritma:
       i←1
12
       j←3
13
14
       repeat
15
           input(pass)
16
           if pass=password then
17
              output('Password anda benar!');
18
           else
              i \leftarrow i+1
19
              j←j-1
20
21
              output('Password salah (',j,' kali lagi)!')
22
           endif
23
       until (pass=password) or (i=4)
```

Example of Repeat (Pascal)

```
program Coba Password;
2
     uses crt;
3
      const
           password=1234;
5
      var
8
         pass,i,j:integer;
9
10
     begin
11
         i:=1;
12
         j := 3;
13
         repeat
14
               write('Masukan password (',i,'): ');readln(pass);
15
               if pass=password then
16
               begin
17
                    writeln('Password anda benar!');
                    writeln();
18
                    writeln('Tekan sembarang tombol untuk menutup...');
19
21
                     readkey();
22
               end
23
               else
24
               begin
                     i:=i+1;
25
26
                     j:=j-1;
                    writeln('Password salah (',j,' kali lagi)!');
27
                    readkey();
28
29
               end;
30
               clrscr();
31
         until (pass=password) or (i=4);
32
      end.
```

EXERCISE

Make the algorithm to solve this problem below (Color of stars will be different each row):

```
N=5
```

```
*
```

* *

* * *

* * * *

* * * * *

Make the algorithm to solve this problem below (Color of stars will be different each row):

N=3

*

* *

* * *

* *

*

Make algorithm to count:

$$s = 1 - 2/3 + 3/5 - 4/7 + \dots$$

Make algorithm to count the maximum value and mean value from n students.

THANK YOU

GRACIAS

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