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#Simulate Data with AR(1) Errors
import numpy as np
def simulate regression with arl errors(n, beta0, beta1, rho, sigma):
    Simulate data for a regression model with AR(1) errors.
    Parameters:
    n (int): Number of observations.
    beta0 (float): Intercept coefficient.
    betal (float): Slope coefficient.
    rho (float): Autoregressive parameter (serial correlation).
    sigma (float): Standard deviation of the errors.
    Returns:
    Tuple (X, y): Simulated data where X is the predictor variable and
y is the response variable.
    # Generate predictor variable
    X = np.random.normal(size=n)
    # Generate errors
    errors = np.zeros(n)
    errors[0] = np.random.normal(scale=sigma) # Initialize the first
error term
    for t in range(1, n):
        errors[t] = rho * errors[t-1] + np.random.normal(scale=sigma)
    # Generate response variable
    y = beta0 + beta1 * X + errors
    return X, y
# Parameters
n = 1000 # Number of observations
beta0 = 1 # Intercept coefficient
beta1 = 0.5 # Slope coefficient
rho = 0.8 # Autoregressive parameter
sigma = 1 # Standard deviation of the errors
X, y = simulate regression with arl errors(n, beta0, beta1, rho,
sigma)
#Estimate Coefficients
from statsmodels.regression.linear model import OLS
from statsmodels.tools.tools import add constant
model = OLS(y, add constant(X)).fit()
beta hat = model.params
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#Calculate bootstrap standard errors
def bootstrap standard errors(X, y, beta hat, num resamples=1000):
    Parameters:
    X (ndarray): Predictor variable.
    y (ndarray): Response variable.
    beta hat (ndarray): Estimated coefficients.
    num resamples (int): Number of bootstrap resamples.
    Returns:
    ndarray: Bootstrap standard errors for the coefficients.
    n = len(y)
    num coeffs = beta hat.shape[0]
    beta boot se = np.zeros(num coeffs)
    for i in range(num resamples):
        resample indices = np.random.choice(range(n), size=n,
replace=True)
        X resample = X[resample indices]
        y_resample = y[resample_indices]
        model = OLS(y_resample, add_constant(X_resample)).fit()
        beta boot se += (model.params - beta_hat) ** 2
    beta boot se = np.sqrt(beta boot se / num resamples)
    return beta boot se
# Bootstrap standard errors
beta boot se = bootstrap standard errors(X, y, beta hat)
from scipy.stats import norm
# Calculate confidence intervals
z \text{ critical} = \text{norm.ppf}(0.975)
ci lower = beta hat[1] - z_critical * beta_boot_se[1]
ci upper = beta hat[1] + z critical * beta boot se[1]
print("95% Confidence Interval for Beta 1:", (ci lower, ci upper))
95% Confidence Interval for Beta 1: (0.39434589021550964,
0.6088141801651503)
#Define Simulation Function for Monte Carlo Simulations
def run simulation(T, beta0, beta1, rho, sigma, z critical):
    X sim, y sim = simulate regression with arl errors(T, beta0,
beta1, rho, sigma)
    model_sim = OLS(y_sim, add_constant(X_sim)).fit()
    beta hat sim = model sim.params
    beta boot se sim = bootstrap standard errors(X sim, y sim,
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beta hat sim)
    ci_lower_sim = beta_hat_sim[1] - z_critical * beta_boot_se_sim[1]
    ci_upper_sim = beta_hat_sim[1] + z_critical * beta_boot_se_sim[1]
    return ci lower sim <= beta1 <= ci upper sim
from joblib import Parallel, delayed
# Monte Carlo simulations
T values = [100, 500]
num runs = 1000
for T in T values:
    results = Parallel(n jobs=-1)(
        delayed(run simulation)(T, beta0, beta1, rho, sigma,
z_critical) for _ in range(num_runs)
    coverage = sum(results) / num runs
    print(f"Empirical Coverage for T={T}: {coverage}")
Empirical Coverage for T=100: 0.937
Empirical Coverage for T=500: 0.953
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