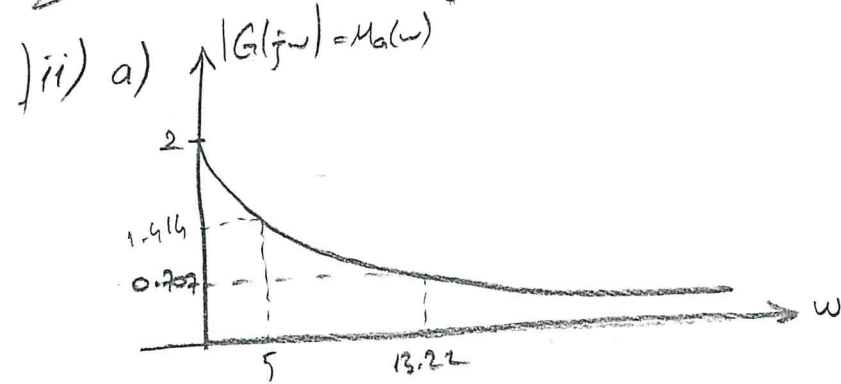


KONTROL TEORISI

1) i) $G(s) = \frac{10}{s+5}$

$$M_G(\omega) = G(s) \Big|_{s=j\omega} = \left| \frac{10}{j\omega+5} \right| = \frac{10}{\sqrt{5^2+\omega^2}} = M_G(\omega)$$

$$\angle G(j\omega) = 0 - \arctan \frac{\omega}{5} = -\arctan \frac{\omega}{5}$$



$$\omega = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{10}{\sqrt{5^2+0^2}} = \frac{10}{5} = 2$$

$$\frac{10}{\sqrt{5^2+\omega^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$10 \cdot \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{5^2+\omega^2}$$

$$200 = 25 + \omega^2$$

$$175 = \omega^2$$

$$\omega = 13.22 \text{ rad/sn.}$$

$$\angle G(j\omega) = -\arctan \frac{\omega}{5}$$

$$-\arctan \frac{\omega}{5} = -90^\circ$$

$$\arctan \frac{\omega}{5} = 90^\circ$$

$$\tan(90^\circ) = \frac{\omega}{5}$$

$$\boxed{\omega = \infty}$$

$$-\arctan \frac{\omega}{5} = -45^\circ$$

$$\arctan \frac{\omega}{5} = 45^\circ$$

$$\tan 45^\circ = \frac{\omega}{5}$$

$$\boxed{\omega = 5}$$

i) b) i) $r(t) = 10 \cos(t+60) \rightarrow |w=1|$

$10 \cos(t+60) \rightarrow \boxed{G(s)} \rightarrow 10 \cdot |G(s)| \cdot \cos(t+60 + \angle G(s))$

$w=1;$
 $10 \cdot \frac{10}{\sqrt{w^2+5^2}} \cdot \cos(t+60 - \arctan \frac{w}{5}) \Rightarrow \underline{w=1} \Rightarrow$

$10 \cdot \frac{10}{\sqrt{1^2+5^2}} \cos(t+60 - \underbrace{\arctan \frac{1}{5}}_{11.3}) \Rightarrow \frac{100}{\sqrt{26}} \cos(t+60 - 11.3^\circ)$

$\Rightarrow \underline{\underline{3.84 \sqrt{26} \cos(t+48.9^\circ)}}$
19.58

ii) $w=10$

$10 \cdot \frac{10}{\sqrt{w^2+5^2}} \cdot \cos(10t+60 - \arctan \frac{w}{5}) \Rightarrow$

$10 \cdot \frac{10}{\sqrt{125}} \cdot \cos(10t+60 - \underbrace{\arctan \frac{10}{5}}_{63.43}) \Rightarrow \frac{4\sqrt{5}}{8.94} \cos(10t - 3.43^\circ)$

iii) $w=20$

$10 \cdot \frac{10}{\sqrt{20^2+5^2}} \cos(20t+60 - \underbrace{\arctan \frac{20}{5}}_{75.96}) \Rightarrow 4.85 \cos(20t - 15.96^\circ)$

iv) $w=50$

$10 \cdot \frac{10}{\sqrt{50^2+5^2}} \cdot \cos(50t+60 - \underbrace{\arctan \frac{50}{5}}_{84.28}) \Rightarrow 1.99 \cos(50t - 24.28^\circ)$

v) $w=100$

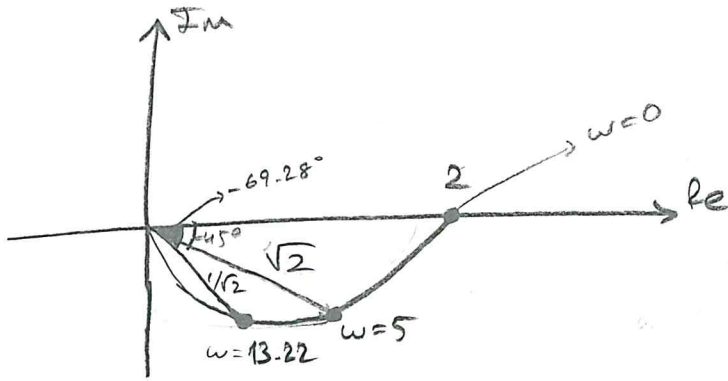
$10 \cdot \frac{10}{\sqrt{100^2+5^2}} \cos(100t+60 - \underbrace{\arctan \frac{100}{5}}_{87.13}) \Rightarrow 0.99 \cos(100t - 27.13^\circ)$

vi) $w=200$

$10 \cdot \frac{10}{\sqrt{200^2+5^2}} \cos(200t+60 - \underbrace{\arctan \frac{200}{5}}_{88.57}) \Rightarrow 0.05 \cos(200t - 28.57^\circ)$

$$iii) G(j\omega) = \frac{10}{\sqrt{\omega^2 + 5^2}}$$

$$\omega = 0 \text{ min} \Rightarrow \frac{10}{5} = 2$$



$$-45^\circ = -\arctan\left(\frac{\omega}{5}\right) \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{\omega = 5}}$$

$$\frac{10}{\sqrt{5^2 + 5^2}} = \frac{10}{8\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{10}{\sqrt{\omega^2 + 5^2}}$$

$$10 \cdot \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{\omega^2 + 5^2}$$

$$200 = \omega^2 + 25$$

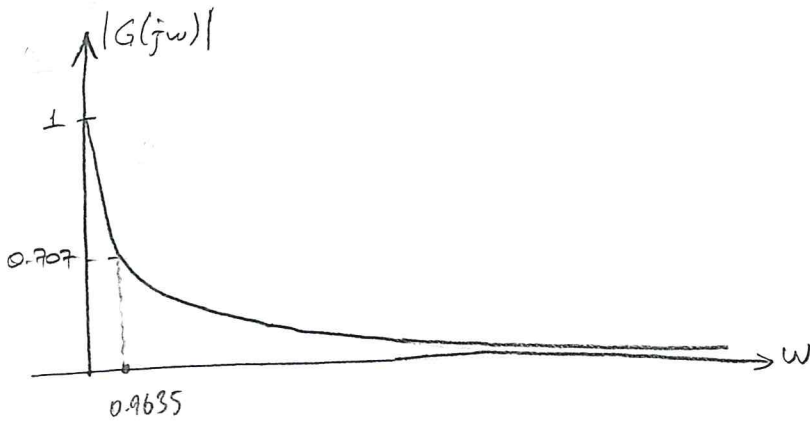
$$\underline{\underline{\omega = 13.22}} \Rightarrow -\arctan\left(\frac{13.22}{5}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow -69.28^\circ$$

iv)

$$2) i) G(s) = \frac{5}{s^2 + 6s + 5} \Rightarrow G(j\omega) = \frac{5}{(j\omega)^2 + 6(j\omega) + 5} = \frac{5}{-\omega^2 + 6j\omega + 5} = \frac{5}{(-\omega^2 + 5) + 6j\omega}$$

$$|G(j\omega)| = \frac{|5|}{\sqrt{(5-\omega^2)^2 + (6\omega)^2}} = \frac{5}{\sqrt{\omega^4 + 26\omega^2 + 25}}$$



$$\frac{5}{\sqrt{\omega^4 + 26\omega^2 + 25}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$(5\sqrt{2})^2 = (\sqrt{\omega^4 + 26\omega^2 + 25})^2$$

$$50 = \omega^4 + 26\omega^2 + 25$$

$$0 = \omega^4 + 26\omega^2 + 25, \quad x = \omega^2 \Rightarrow$$

$$x^2 + 26x - 25 = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$x_1 = 0.9284 = \omega_1^2 \Rightarrow \omega_1 = 0.9635$$

$$x_2 = -26.9284 = \omega_2^2 \text{ (impossible)}$$

$$\angle G(j\omega) = 0 - \arctan\left(\frac{6\omega}{5-\omega^2}\right)$$

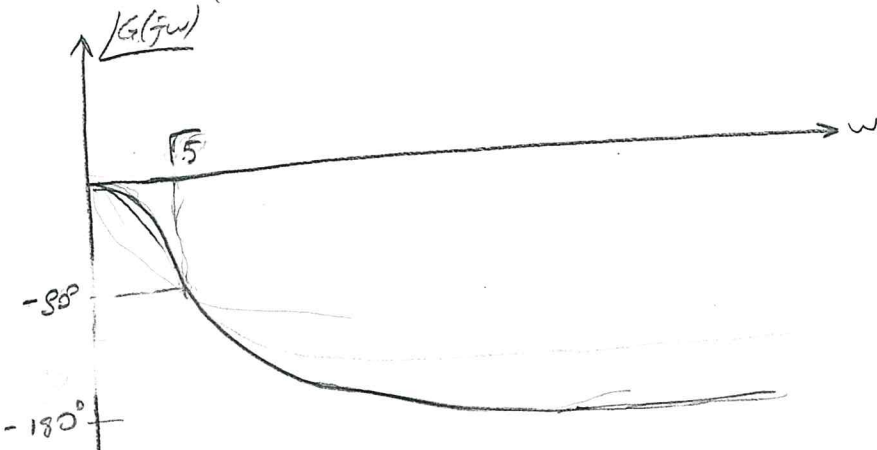
$$\angle G(j\omega) = -\arctan\left(\frac{6\omega}{5-\omega^2}\right) \Rightarrow -\arctan\left(\frac{6\omega}{5-\omega^2}\right) = 45^\circ \Rightarrow \arctan\left(\frac{6\omega}{5-\omega^2}\right) = -45^\circ \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{6\omega}{5-\omega^2} = \tan(-45^\circ) \Rightarrow \frac{6\omega}{5-\omega^2} = -1 \Rightarrow 6\omega = \omega^2 - 5 \Rightarrow \omega^2 - 6\omega - 5 = 0$$

$$\omega_1 = 6.74$$

$$\omega_2 = -0.74 \text{ (impossible)}$$

$$\Rightarrow -\arctan\left(\frac{6\omega}{5-\omega^2}\right) = 90^\circ \Rightarrow \frac{6\omega}{5-\omega^2} = \tan(-90^\circ) \Rightarrow \boxed{\omega = \infty}$$



i) b) i) $r(t) = 10 \cos(t+60) \rightarrow \omega=1$

$$10 \cos(t+60) \rightarrow \boxed{G(s)} \rightarrow 10 \cdot |G(s)| \cdot \cos(t+60 + \angle G(s))$$

$\omega=1;$

$$10 \cdot \frac{5}{\sqrt{\omega^4 + 26\omega^2 + 25}} \cdot \cos\left(t+60 - \arctan\left(\frac{6\omega}{5-\omega^2}\right)\right) \Rightarrow 10 \cdot \frac{5}{\sqrt{52}} \cdot \cos\left(t+60 - \arctan\left(\frac{6}{4}\right)\right)$$

72.11

56.30°

$$\Rightarrow 72.11 \cos(t + 3.69^\circ)$$

ii) $\omega=10;$

$$10 \cdot \frac{5}{\sqrt{10^4 + 26 \cdot 10^2 + 25}} \cos\left(10t+60 - \arctan\left(\frac{60}{-95}\right)\right) \Rightarrow 0.44 \cos(10t - 87.73^\circ)$$

$-32.27^\circ = 147.73^\circ$

0.44

iii) $\omega=20;$

$$10 \cdot \frac{5}{\sqrt{20^4 + 26 \cdot 20^2 + 25}} \cos\left(20t+60 - \arctan\left(\frac{120}{-395}\right)\right) \Rightarrow 0.12 \cos(20t - 103.11^\circ)$$

$-16.89^\circ = 163.11^\circ$

0.12

iv) $\omega=50;$

$$10 \cdot \frac{5}{\sqrt{50^4 + 26 \cdot 50^2 + 25}} \cos\left(50t+60 - \arctan\left(\frac{300}{-2495}\right)\right) \Rightarrow 0.019 \cos(50t - 113.15^\circ)$$

$-6.85^\circ = 173.15^\circ$

0.019

i) $\omega=100;$

$$10 \cdot \frac{5}{\sqrt{100^4 + 26 \cdot 100^2 + 25}} \cos\left(100t+60 - \arctan\left(\frac{600}{-9995}\right)\right) \Rightarrow 4.99 \times 10^{-3} \cos(100t - 116.57^\circ)$$

$-3.43^\circ = 176.57^\circ$

4.99×10^{-3}

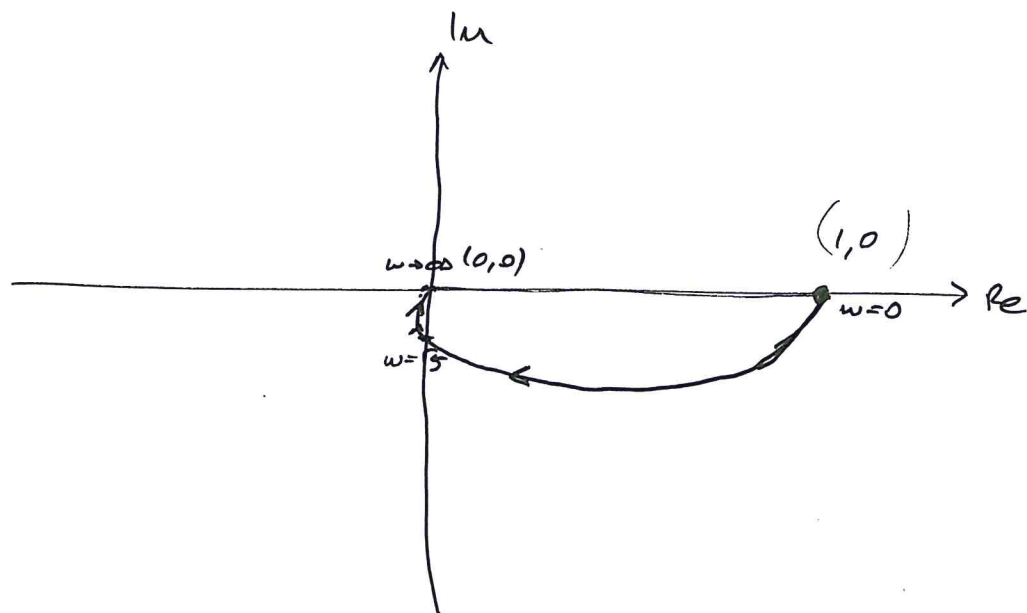
ii) $\omega=200;$

$$10 \cdot \frac{5}{\sqrt{200^4 + 26 \cdot 200^2 + 25}} \cos\left(200t+60 - \arctan\left(\frac{1200}{-39995}\right)\right) \Rightarrow 1.24 \times 10^{-3} \cos(200t - 118.29^\circ)$$

$-1.71^\circ = 178.29^\circ$

$-6-$

$$\text{iii)} \quad G(j\omega) = \frac{5}{\sqrt{\omega^4 + 26\omega^2 + 25}}$$



iv)

$$\text{iii)} G(j\omega) = \frac{5}{\sqrt{\omega^4 - 6\omega^2 + 25}} \Rightarrow, \omega = 0 \Rightarrow G(j\omega) = 1$$

$$\angle G(j\omega) = -\arctan\left(\frac{2\omega}{5-\omega^2}\right)$$

$$-\arctan\left(\frac{2\omega}{5-\omega^2}\right) = -45^\circ$$

$$\text{1)} \frac{2\omega}{5-\omega^2} = \tan(-60) = \frac{-\sin 60}{\cos 60} = \frac{-0.86}{0.5}$$

$$\text{1)} \frac{2\omega}{5-\omega^2} = \tan(-45) = \frac{\sin(-45)}{\cos(-45)} = \frac{-\sin 45}{\cos 45}$$

$$\frac{2\omega}{5-\omega^2} = -1.72 \quad = -1.72$$

$$\frac{2\omega}{5-\omega^2} = -1 \Rightarrow \omega^2 - 2\omega - 5 = 0 \quad = \frac{-0.707}{0.707}$$

$$\omega_1 = 3.4495$$

$$\omega_2 = 1.4495 \quad (\text{impossible})$$

$$= -1$$

$$\Rightarrow 1.72\omega^2 - 2\omega - 8.6 = 0$$

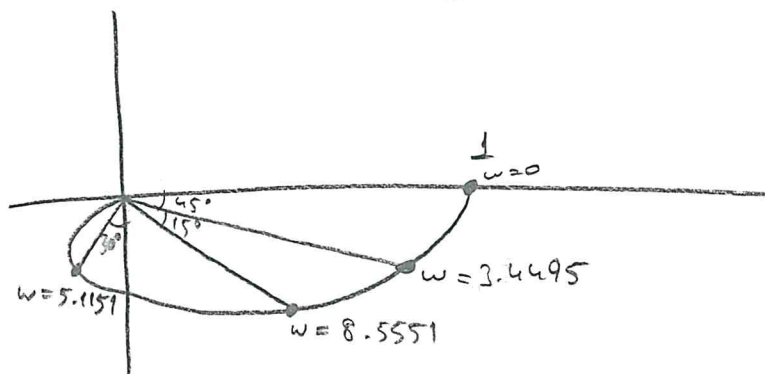
$$\omega_1 = 8.5551$$

$$\omega_2 = -5.1151 \quad (\text{impossible})$$

$$\text{3)} \frac{2\omega}{5-\omega^2} = \frac{-\sin 120}{\cos 120} = \frac{-0.86}{-0.5} = 1.72 \Rightarrow -1.72\omega^2 - 2\omega + 8.6 = 0$$

$$\omega_1 = 5.1151$$

$$\omega_2 = -8.5551 \quad (\text{impossible})$$



$$\text{ii)} \text{ b) i)} r(t) = 10 \cos(t + 60) \rightarrow \omega = 1$$

$$\omega = 1$$

$$10 \cdot \frac{5}{\sqrt{\omega^4 - 6\omega^2 + 25}} \cdot \cos(t + 60 - \arctan\left(\frac{2\omega}{5-\omega^2}\right)) \Rightarrow 11.18 \cos(t + 26.30)$$

$$\text{ii)} \omega = 10; \quad 0.5150 \cos(10t + 48.11^\circ)$$

$$\text{iii)} \omega = 20; \quad 0.1259 \cos(20t + 54.21^\circ)$$

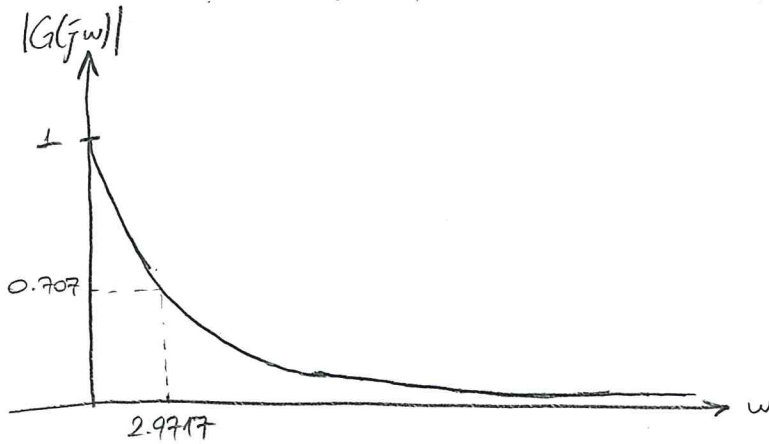
$$\text{iv)} \omega = 50; \quad 0.020 \cos(50t + 57.70^\circ)$$

$$\text{v)} \omega = 100; \quad 5.001 \times 10^{-3} \cos(100t + 58.85^\circ)$$

$$\text{vi)} \omega = 200; \quad 1.25 \times 10^{-3} \cos(200t + 59.42^\circ)$$

$$3) i) G(s) = \frac{5}{s^2 + 2s + 5} \Rightarrow G(j\omega) = \frac{5}{(j\omega)^2 + 2(j\omega) + 5} = \frac{5}{-\omega^2 + 2j\omega + 5} = \frac{5}{(5 - \omega^2) + 2j\omega}$$

$$M_G(\omega) = |G(j\omega)| = \frac{|5|}{\sqrt{(5 - \omega^2)^2 + (2\omega)^2}} = \frac{5}{\sqrt{\omega^4 - 6\omega^2 + 25}}$$



$$\frac{5}{\sqrt{\omega^4 - 6\omega^2 + 25}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$(5 \cdot \sqrt{2})^2 = (\sqrt{\omega^4 - 6\omega^2 + 25})^2$$

$$50 = \omega^4 - 6\omega^2 + 25$$

$$0 = \omega^4 - 6\omega^2 - 25, \quad x = \omega^2 \Rightarrow$$

$$x^2 - 6x - 25 = 0 \Rightarrow x_1 = 8.8310$$

$$x_2 = -2.8310 \text{ (impossible)}$$

$$x_1 = \omega^2 \Rightarrow \omega = 2.9717$$

$$\angle G(j\omega) = 0 - \arctan\left(\frac{2\omega}{5 - \omega^2}\right)$$

$$\angle G(j\omega) = -\arctan\left(\frac{2\omega}{5 - \omega^2}\right)$$

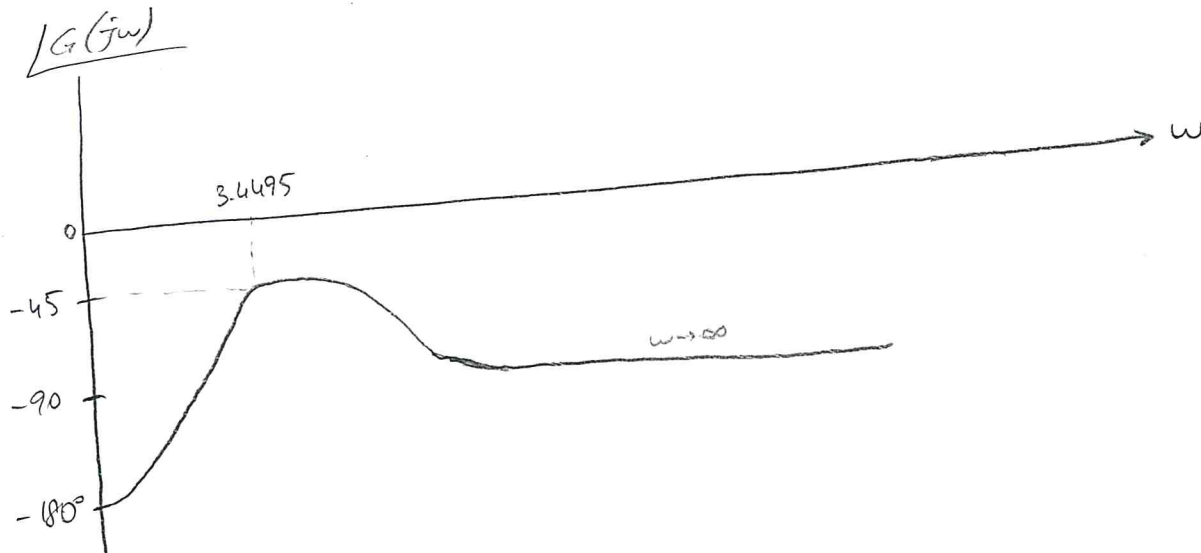
$$-\arctan\left(\frac{2\omega}{5 - \omega^2}\right) = -45^\circ \Rightarrow \arctan\left(\frac{2\omega}{5 - \omega^2}\right) = -45^\circ \Rightarrow \frac{2\omega}{5 - \omega^2} = \tan(-45^\circ)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2\omega}{5 - \omega^2} = -1 \Rightarrow 2\omega = \omega^2 - 5 \Rightarrow \omega^2 - 2\omega - 5 = 0; \quad \omega_1 = 3.4495$$

$$\omega_2 = -1.4495 \text{ (impossible)}$$

$$\Rightarrow -\arctan\left(\frac{2\omega}{5 - \omega^2}\right) = 90^\circ \Rightarrow \omega = \infty$$

$$\Rightarrow -\arctan\left(\frac{2\omega}{5 - \omega^2}\right) = 180^\circ \Rightarrow \omega = 0$$



$$4) \quad G(s) = \frac{52}{(s^2+4s+13)(s+4)} \Rightarrow G(j\omega) = \frac{52}{-j\omega^3 - 8\omega^2 + 29j\omega + 52}$$

3) iv)