

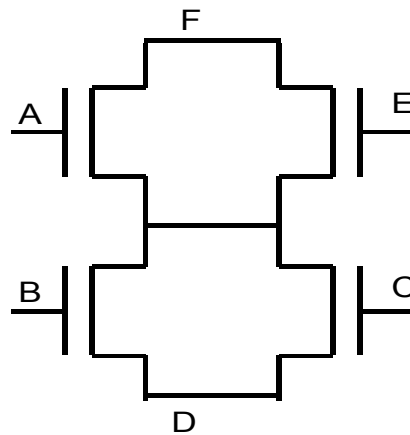
EEM411 DERSİ FİNAL SINAV ÇÖZÜMLERİ

1) (11p) CMOS IC üretim süreci soruları. Aşağıdaki boşlukları bir sözcük ya da sayı ile doldurunuz. Bir yanlış bir doğruyu silmektedir.

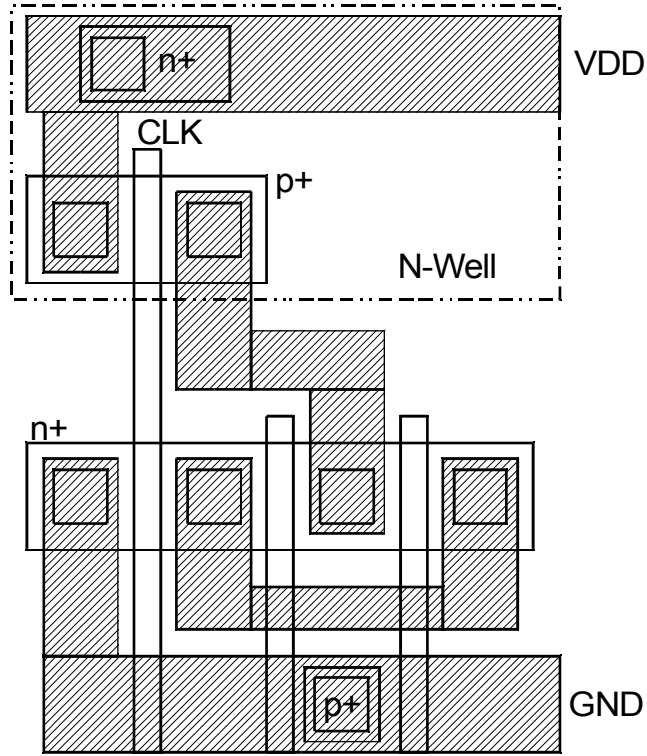
- VDD ve GND bağlantılı tümleşikdevrede P-Well **GND** hattına bağlanır.
- Metal-4 maskesi uygulanmadan önce **VIA** maskesi uygulanır.
- Aktif maske altında **FOX** bulunmaz.
- MOSFET kanal genişliği (channel width) **ACTIVE** maskesi ile belirlenir.
- Poly ile difüzyon bağlantısını **METAL** maskesi sağlar.
- N+ koruma halkası (guard ring) **N** kuyusu (well) içindedir.
- İki metal bağlantısını **VIA** maskesi sağlar.
- $J=2\text{mA}/\mu\text{m}$ olan metal $100\mu\text{m}$ uzunluğunda ve $20\mu\text{m}$ genişliğinde ise toplam **40** mA akım geçirebilir.
- $C_{ja}=10\text{fF}/\mu\text{m}^2$, $C_{jp}=20\text{fF}/\mu\text{m}$ olan n+ difüzyon $60\mu\text{m}$ uzunluğunda ve $10\mu\text{m}$ genişliğinde ise toplam **8.8** pF kapasite değerindedir.
- $R_s=30\Omega/\text{kare}$ olan poly $100\mu\text{m}$ uzun ve $30\mu\text{m}$ genişliğinde ise toplam **100 Ω** direnç değerindedir.
- Koruma halkası (guard ring) **GENİŞ** MOSFET'lerde kullanılmalıdır.
- "Latch-up" sorununun oluşum nedeni CMOS sürecinde oluşan **BJT** yapılarıdır.
- Bir kütüphanede bulunan standart hücrelerin **YÜSEKLİĞİ** aynıdır.
- Standart hücre seriminde (standard-cell layout) bitişik bağlantı kanalları arasında bağlantıyı **FEEDTHROUGH** hücresi sağlar.
- $1000\mu\text{m}$ uzunluğundaki metal teldeki sinyal gecikmesi **0.019** ns'dir. $R_w=0.1\Omega/\mu\text{m}$, $C_w=0.5\text{fF}/\mu\text{m}$ verilmiştir.

2) Yazım hatası nedeniyle sınav soru kağıdında 2 numaralı soru yer almamıştır. Toplam soru sayısı da 19 yerine 18 olmuştur.

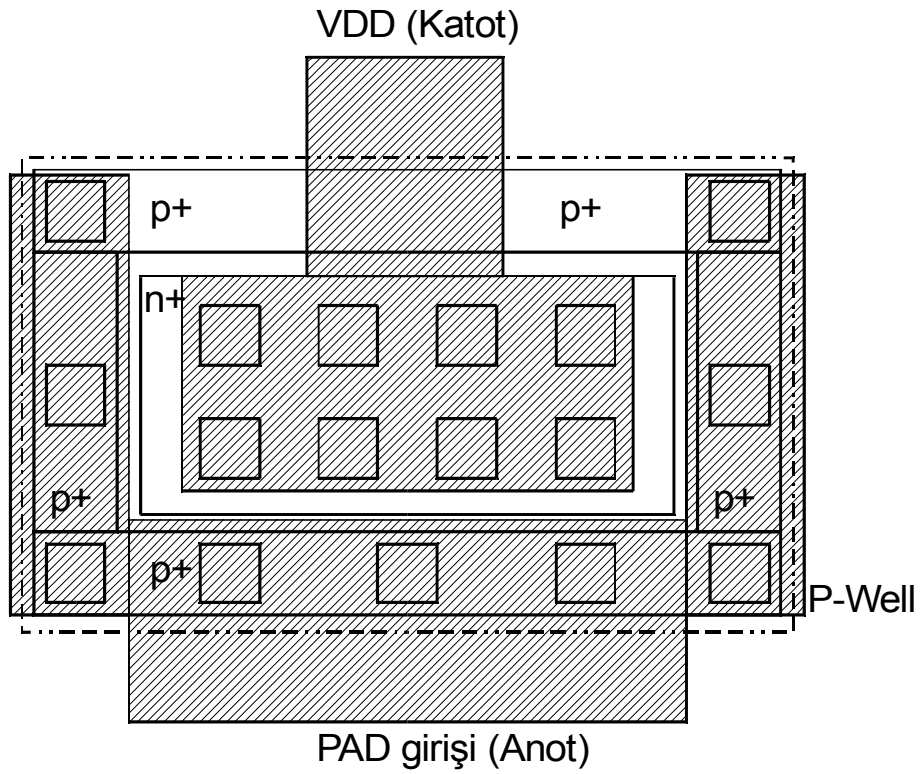
3) (5p)



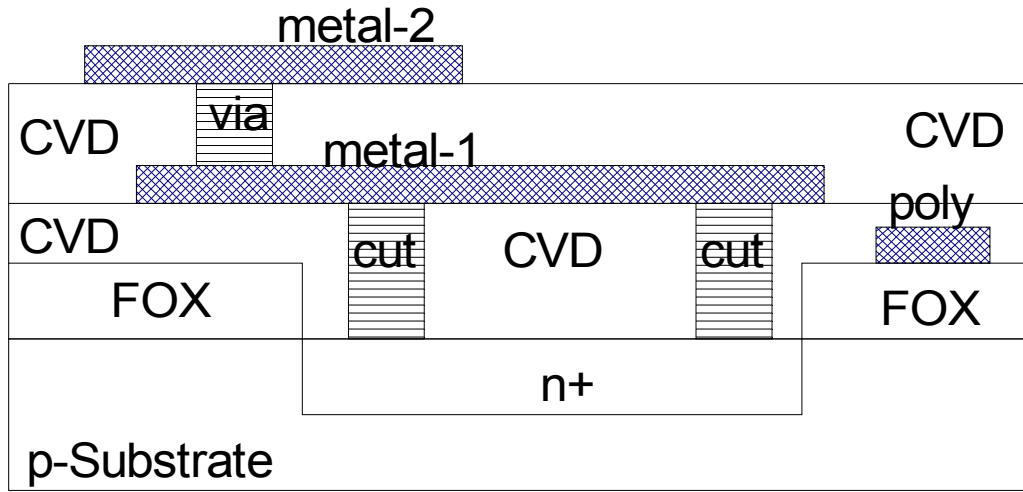
4) (5p)

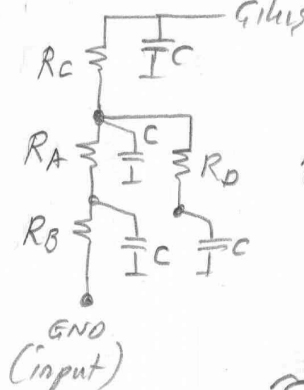


5) (3p)



6) (5p)



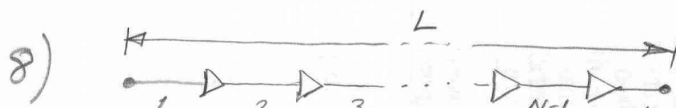
7)  En hızlı durum: $M_E \equiv \text{OFF}$

$$\tau = C(R_B) + C(R_B + R_A) + C(R_B + R_A) + C(R_B + R_A + R_C)$$

$$= RC + 2RC + 2RC + 3RC$$

$$\tau = 8RC = 800 \text{ psec.}$$

$$\Rightarrow t_p = 0.69 \tau \approx \underline{\underline{550 \text{ psec.}}}$$



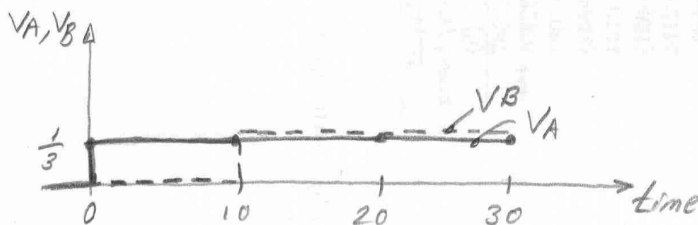
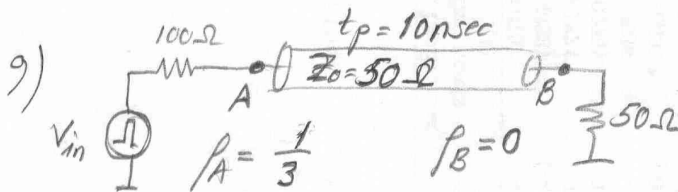
$$t_{d1} = 0.38 \frac{RC}{N^2} = \frac{380}{N^2} \text{ nsec}$$

$$t_{d1} = t_{d2} = \dots = t_{dN}$$

$$t_{d_{\text{toplam}}} = N \frac{380}{N^2} + (N-1) 0.5 = \left(\frac{380}{N} + \frac{N}{2} - 0.5 \right) \text{ nsec}$$

$$\frac{\partial t_{d_{\text{toplam}}}}{\partial N} = 0 = -\frac{380}{N^2} + \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{380}{N^2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow N^2 = 760 \Rightarrow N \approx 27.6 \Rightarrow \text{Choose } N = 28 \text{ for minimum delay.}$$



@ $t = 0^+$: $V_{in} = 1V$

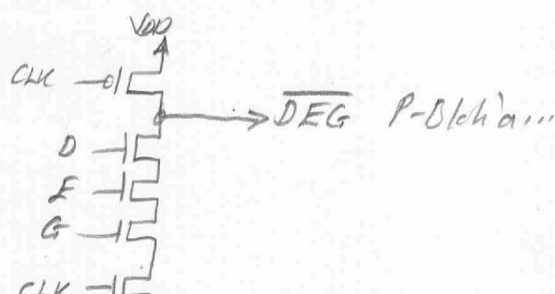
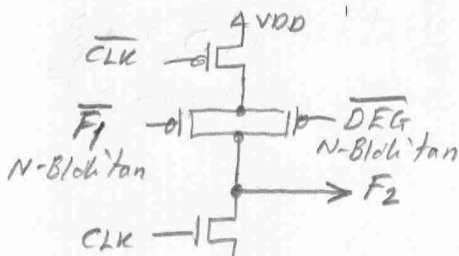
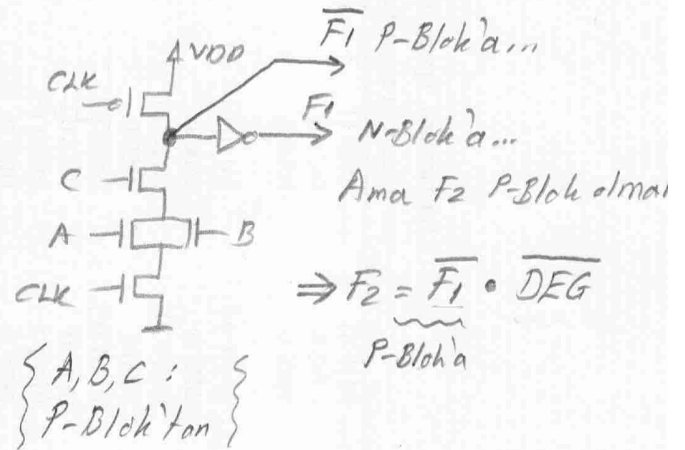
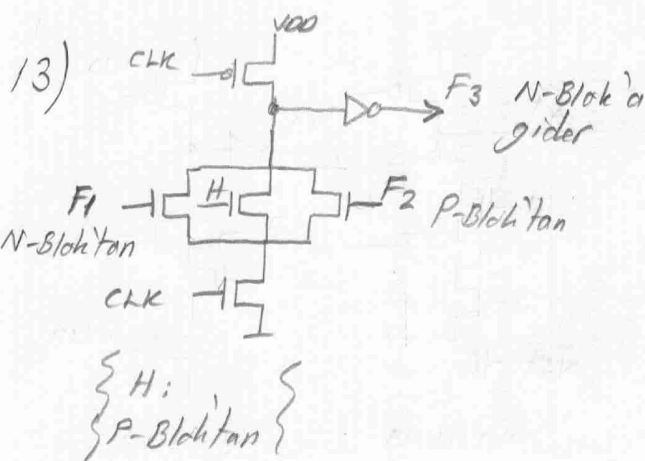
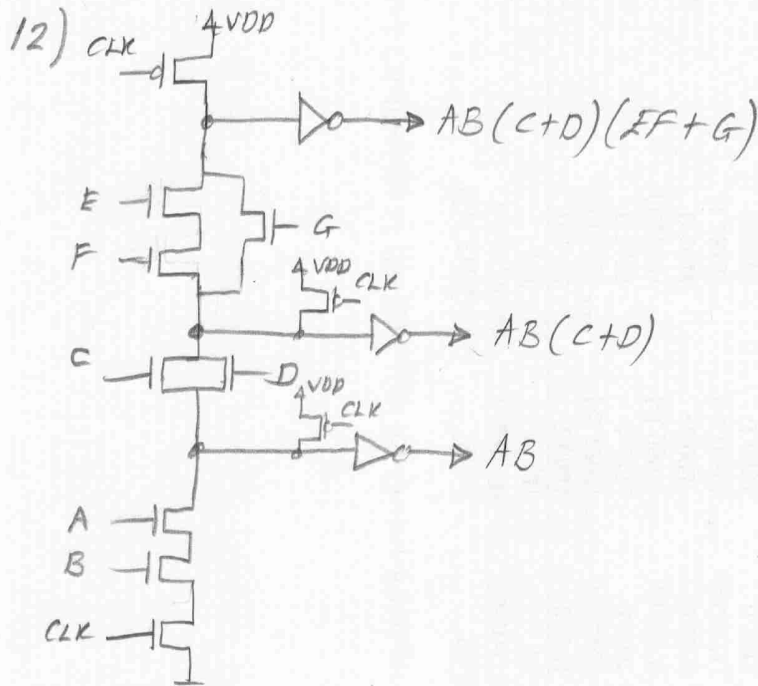
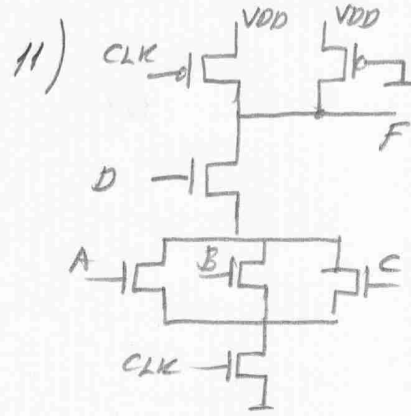
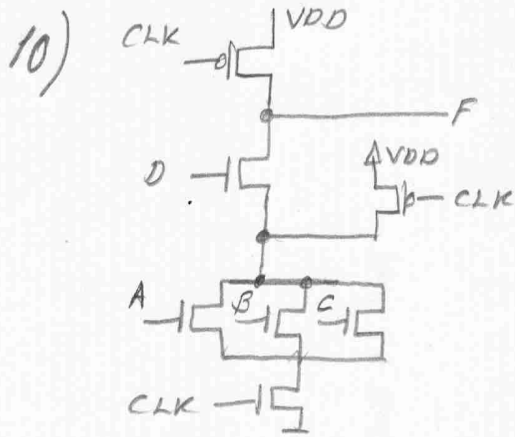
$$V_A = \frac{Z_0}{Z_0 + R_s} = \frac{1}{3} V$$

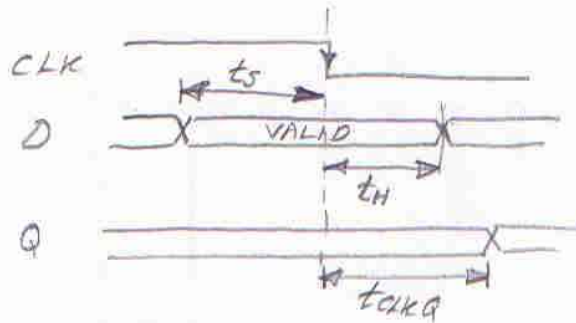
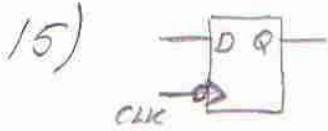
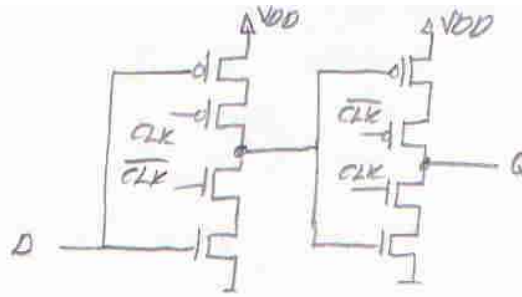
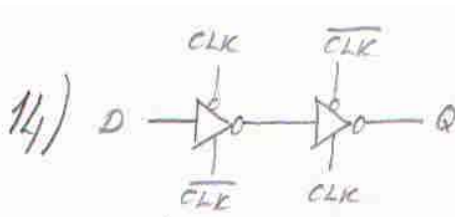
@ $t = 10 \text{ ns}$: $V_B = \frac{1}{3} + V_{\text{reflected}}$

@ $t = 20 \text{ ns}$: $\Gamma_B \frac{1}{3} V = 0$

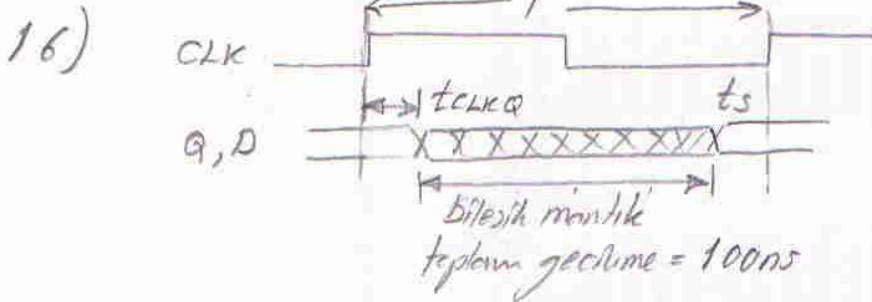
$$V_A = V_{\text{initial}} + V_{\text{incident}} + V_{\text{reflected}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} + \underbrace{\Gamma_B \frac{1}{3}}_0 + \underbrace{\Gamma_B \frac{1}{3} \Gamma_A}_0$$





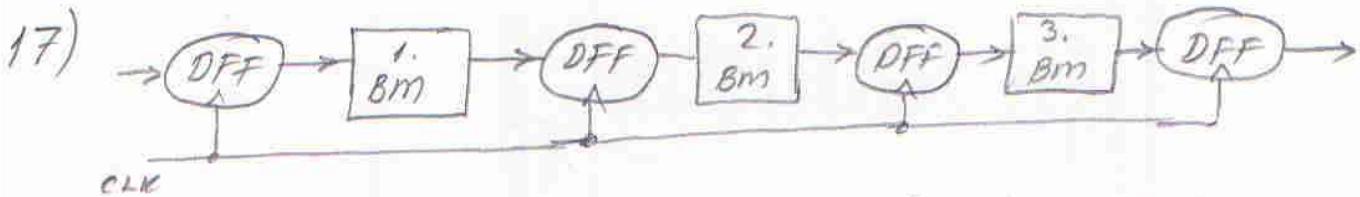
t_s : set-up time
 t_H : hold time
 t_{CLK-Q} : clock to Q delay.



$t_s = 10\text{ns}$
 $t_{CLK-Q} = 15\text{ns}$

$$\Rightarrow T_{\min} = t_{CLK-Q} + 100\text{ns} + t_s = 125\text{ns}$$

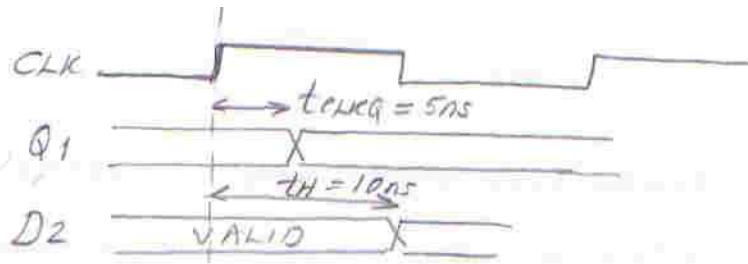
$$\Rightarrow f_{CLK\max} = \frac{1}{T_{\min}} = 8\text{MHz}$$



$$\Rightarrow T'_{\min} = t_{CLK-Q} + \max\{30\text{ns}, 50\text{ns}, 20\text{ns}\} + t_s = 75\text{ns}$$

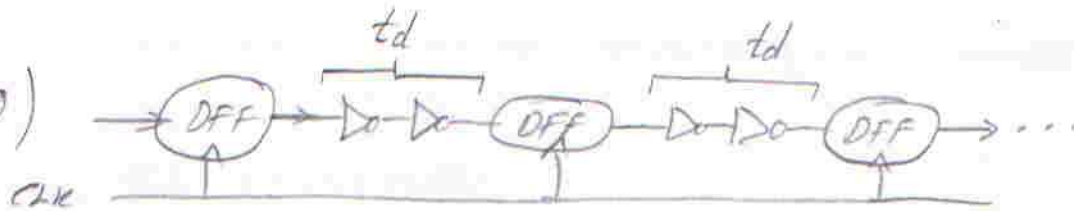
$$\Rightarrow f'_{CLK\max} = \frac{1}{T'_{\min}} \approx 13.3\text{MHz}$$

18)



Ama $D_2 = Q_1 \nabla \Rightarrow$ Hold time uyumsuz ∇

19)



$$t_{d_{min}} = 5ns$$