字符串

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后缀数组

倍增

```
void sortAndRank(int *a1, int *a2, int n, int &m, int j) {
   int i;
   memset(C, 0, sizeof(C));
   for(i = 0; i < n; i ++)</pre>
                                  C[a1[i]] ++;
    for(i = 1; i <=m; i ++)</pre>
                                  C[i] += C[i-1];
    for(i = n-1; i >= 0; i --)
                                     sa[--C[a1[a2[i]]]] = a2[i];
   a2[sa[0]] = m = 0;
   for(i = 1; i < n; i ++)</pre>
a2[sa[i]] = a1[sa[i-1]] = a1[sa[i]] && a1[sa[i-1]+j] = a1[sa[i]+j] ?
m : ++ m;
void da(char*str, int n, int m) {
   int *a1 = A, *a2 = B, *tmp;
    int i, j, p;
    for(i = 0; i < n; i ++) {</pre>
       a1[i] = i;
       a2[i] = str[i];
   a1[n] = a2[n] = -1;
   sortAndRank(a2, a1, n, m, 0);
   for (j = 1; m < n-1; j <<= 1) {
       p = 0;
       for(i = n-j; i < n; i ++) a2[p ++] = i;</pre>
       for(i= 0; i < n; i ++)</pre>
                                     if(sa[i]>=j) a2[p ++] = sa[i]-j;
       sortAndRank(a1, a2, n, m, j);
       tmp = a1; a1 = a2; a2 = tmp;
   rank = a1; height = a2;
void calHeight(char *str, int n) {
   int i, j, k;
   sa[-1] = n;
    for(height[0] = k = i = 0; i < n; i ++) {
       for (k ? k-- : 0, j = sa[rank[i]-1]; str[i+k] = str[j+k]; k++);
       height[rank[i]] = k;
   }
}
                                   DC3
//DC3, dc3(<u>str,sa,Len</u> + 1,);calHeight(str,Len);
#define F(x) (x)/3+(x)%3==1.20:tb)
#define G(x) ((x) < tb?(x) *3+1:((x) -tb) *3+2)
//3*maxn!
int wa[maxn], wb[maxn], wv[maxn], ws[maxn], wt[maxn*3];
int *sa=wt+1, *rank, *height;
inline int c0(int *r,int a,int b) {
   return r[a] == r[b] &&r[a+1] == r[b+1] &&r[a+2] == r[b+2];
inline int c12(int k,int *r,int a,int b) {
   if(k==2) return r[a]<r[b]||r[a]==r[b]&&c12(1,r,a+1,b+1);
   else return r[a]<r[b]||r[a]==r[b]&&wv[a+1]<wv[b+1];
void sort(int *r,int *a,int *b,int n,int m) {
   int i;
   for (i=0; i<n; i++) wv[i]=r[a[i]];</pre>
   for (i=0;i<m;i++) ws[i]=0;</pre>
   for (i=0; i<n; i++) ws [wv[i]]++;</pre>
```

```
for (i=1; i<m; i++) ws[i] +=ws[i-1];</pre>
    for (i=n-1;i>=0;i--) b[--ws[wv[i]]]=a[i];
void dc3(int *r,int *sa,int n,int m) {
    int i,j,*san=sa+n,ta=0,tb=(n+1)/3,tbc=0,p,*rn=r+n;
    r[n]=r[n+1]=0;
    for (i=0; i<n; i++) if (i%3!=0) wa [tbc++]=i;</pre>
    sort(r+2, wa, wb, tbc, m);
    sort(r+1, wb, wa, tbc, m);
    sort(r, wa, wb, tbc, m);
    for (p=1, rn [F (wb[0])]=0, i=1; i < tbc; i++)</pre>
    rn[F(wb[i])]=c0(r,wb[i-1],wb[i])?p-1:p++;
    if(p<tbc) dc3(rn,san,tbc,p);</pre>
    else for(i=0;i<tbc;i++) san[rn[i]]=i;</pre>
    for (i=0;i<tbc;i++) if (san[i]<tb) wb[ta++]=san[i]*3;</pre>
    if (n%3==1) wb [ta++]=n-1;
    sort(r,wb,wa,ta,m);
    for(i=0;i<tbc;i++) wv[wb[i]=G(san[i])]=i;</pre>
    for (i=0, j=0, p=0; i < ta && j < tbc; p++)</pre>
        sa[p]=c12(wb[j]%3,r,wa[i],wb[j])?wa[i++]:wb[j++];
    for(;i<ta;p++) sa[p]=wa[i++];</pre>
    for(; j < tbc; p++) sa[p] = wb[j++];</pre>
    rank=wa; height=wb;
void calHeight(int *str, int n) {
    int i, j, k;
    for (i=0;i<n;i++) sa[i]=sa[i+1];</pre>
    for (i=0;i<n;i++) rank[sa[i]]=i;</pre>
    sa[-1]=n;
    for (height[0]=k=i=0;i<n;i++) {</pre>
        for (k ? k-- : 0, j = sa[rank[i]-1]; str[i+k] == str[j+k]; k++);
        height[rank[i]] = k;
}
```

ST查询LCP

```
//Sparse Table RMQ For LCP with SA
int mm[maxn], *rmq; //itrmq=height
int best[14][maxn];
void Init(int n) {
   int i, j, a, b;
   rmq[0] = -999999999;//让rmq[0]取最反向值
   mm[0]=-1;
   for (i=1; i<=n; i++) {</pre>
       mm[i] = ((i&(i-1)) == 0) ?mm[i-1] + 1 :mm[i-1];
       best[0][i]=i;
   for (i=1; i<=mm[n]; i++) {</pre>
       for (j=1; j<=n+1-(1<<i); j++) {</pre>
           a=best[i-1][j];
           b=best[i-1][j+(1<<(i-1))];
           best[i][j]=rmq[a] < rmq[b]?a:b;
   }
int query(int a, int b) {
   if(a > b) return 0;
   int t;
   t=mm[b-a+1];
   a=best[t][a];
   b=best[t][b-(1<< t)+1];
```

```
return rmq[a] < rmq[b] ? a : b;</pre>
int getLCP(int p,int q) {
   if (p>q) return getLCP(q,p);
   return rmq[query(p,q)];
                            最长公共子串
void init() {
   a[N] = ' \setminus 001';
   a[N+1]=0;
   strcat(a,temp);
   Len=strlen(a);
   da(a, Len, 'Z'+1);
   calHeight(a,Len);
void work() {
   int res=-1,begin,end;
   for (int i=0;i<Len-1;i++) {</pre>
       int t=min(sa[i],sa[i+1]);
       int s=max(sa[i],sa[i+1]);
       if (t>=0 && t<N && s>=N+1 && s<Len) {</pre>
           if (res<height[i+1]) {</pre>
               res=height[i+1];
               begin=sa[i];
               end=sa[i]+res-1;
           }
       }
   a[end+1]=0;
   printf("%s\n",a+begin);
}
                            最长回文子串
void init() {
   scanf ("%s", a);
   \overline{N} = strlen(a);
   a[N] = 1;
   int i, j;
   for (i = N - 1, j = N + 1; i >= 0; i--, j++) {
       hash[i] = j;
       a[j] = a[i];
   }
   a[j] = 0;
   Len = strlen(a);
   da(a, Len, 'z' + 1);
   calHeight(a, Len);
   rmq = height;
   Init( Len);
void work() {
   int index = 0, max = 1, type = 1;
    for (int i = 1; i < N; i++) {</pre>
       int t = getLCA(rank[i + 1], rank[hash[i - 1]]);
       int len = 2 * t + 1;
       if (max < len) {</pre>
           max = len;
           index = i;
           type = 1;
```

}

```
for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {</pre>
       int t = getLCA(rank[i + 1], rank[hash[i]]);
       int len = 2 * t;
       if (max < len) {</pre>
           max = len;
           index = i;
           type = 2;
       }
   if (type == 1) {
       int len = (max - 1) / 2;
       for (int i = index - len; i <= index + len; i++)</pre>
          printf("%c", a[i]);
   } else {
       int len = max / 2;
       for (int i = index - len + 1; i <= index + 1 + len - 1; i++)</pre>
           printf("%c", a[i]);
   printf("\n");
}
```

子串计数

```
void init() {
   scanf("%s", a);
   N = strlen(a);
   da(a, N, 'z' + 1);
   calHeight(a, N);
}
void work() {
   int len = 0;
   for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {</pre>
       len += N - i - height[i];
   printf("%d\n", len);
}
```

找每个串最短子串使得不出现在其他串中, Ural 1713

```
void init() {
   scanf("%d", &N);
   char temp[110];
   for (int i = 1; i <= N; i++) {</pre>
       scanf("%s", temp);
       start[i] = Len;
       for (int j = 0; temp[j]; j++) {
           a[Len++] = temp[j];
           len[i]++;
       a[Len++] = i + 1000;
   dc3(a, sa, Len, 1000 + N + 1);
   calHeight(a, Len);
   memcpy(rmq + 1, height + 1, maxn * sizeof(int));
   Init( Len);
   first[0].max = first[0].min = rank[0];
   for (int i = 1; i < Len; i++) {</pre>
       if (rank[i] > first[i - 1].max)
           first[i].max = rank[i];
       else
           first[i].max = first[i - 1].max;
```

```
if (rank[i] < first[i - 1].min)</pre>
           first[i].min = rank[i];
       else
           first[i].min = first[i - 1].min;
   last[Len - 1].max = last[Len - 1].min = rank[Len - 1];
   for (int i = Len - 2; i >= 0; i--) {
       if (rank[i] > last[i + 1].max)
           last[i].max = rank[i];
       else
           last[i].max = last[i + 1].max;
       if (rank[i] < last[i + 1].min)</pre>
           last[i].min = rank[i];
       else
           last[i].min = last[i + 1].min;
   }
}
void work() {
   for (int i = 1; i <= N; i++) {</pre>
       int alen = 1000, astart;
       for (int j = start[i]; j < start[i] + len[i]; j++) {</pre>
           int res = -1;
           if (start[i] >= 1) {
               int p = first[start[i] - 1].min;
               int q = first[start[i] - 1].max;
               if (rank[j] >= p && rank[j] <= q) {</pre>
                  int t;
                  for (t = rank[j]; t <= q && sa[t] >= start[i] &&
sa[t]
                          < start[i] + len[i]; t++)
                  if (res < getLCA(rank[j], t))</pre>
                      res = getLCA(rank[j], t);
                  for (t = rank[j]; t >= p && sa[t] >= start[i] &&
sa[t]
                          < start[i] + len[i]; t--)
                  if (res < getLCA(rank[j], t))</pre>
                      res = getLCA(rank[j], t);
               } else {
                  if (rank[j] < p) {
                      if (res < getLCA(rank[j], p))</pre>
                          res = getLCA(rank[j], p);
                  if (rank[j] > q) {
                      if (res < getLCA(rank[j], q))</pre>
                          res = getLCA(rank[j], q);
                   }
           int p = last[start[i] + len[i]].min;
           int q = last[start[i] + len[i]].max;
           if (rank[j] >= p && rank[j] <= q) {</pre>
              int t;
               for (t = rank[j]; t <= q && sa[t] >= start[i] && sa[t]
                      < start[i] + len[i]; t++)
               if (res < getLCA(rank[j], t))</pre>
                  res = getLCA(rank[j], t);
               for (t = rank[j]; t >= p && sa[t] >= start[i] && sa[t]
                      < start[i] + len[i]; t--)
               if (res < getLCA(rank[j], t))</pre>
```

```
res = getLCA(rank[j], t);
           } else {
               if (rank[j] < p) {
                   if (res < getLCA(rank[j], p))</pre>
                      res = getLCA(rank[j], p);
               if (rank[j] > q) {
                   if (res < getLCA(rank[j], q))</pre>
                       res = getLCA(rank[j], q);
           if (alen > res + 1 && res < start[i] + len[i] - j) {</pre>
               alen = res + 1;
               astart = j;
           }
       for (int j = astart; j < astart + alen; j++)</pre>
           printf("%c", (char) a[j]);
       printf("\n");
}
```

AC自动机可重合,不可重合匹配

```
struct TreeNode {
   TreeNode* next[26];
   TreeNode *jump;
   bool accept;
   int id;
} ;
struct Query {
   char content[8];
   bool overlap;
   int result;
   int last;
   int len;
} ;
Query a[100010];
TreeNode nodes[100010], *root = nodes;
TreeNode* queue[600010];
char source[100010];
int parent[100010];
int N, C;
void build(bool overlap) {
   C = 1;
   memset(nodes, 0, sizeof(nodes));
   for (int i = 1; i <= N; i++) {</pre>
       if (a[i].overlap != overlap)
           continue;
       TreeNode *current = root;
       for (int j = 0; a[i].content[j]; j++) {
           int k = a[i].content[j] - 'a';
           if (!current->next[k]) {
              nodes[C].jump = root;
              current->next[k] = &nodes[C++];
           current = current->next[k];
           if (!a[i].content[j + 1]) {
              current->accept = true;
              if (!current->id)
                  current->id = i;
              parent[i] = current->id;
           }
```

```
}
   int head = 0, rear = 0;
   queue[rear++] = root;
   while (head != rear) {
       TreeNode *current = queue[head++];
       for (int i = 0; i < 26; i++) {</pre>
           if (!current->next[i])
              continue;
           if (current != root) {
              int mark = 0;
              for (TreeNode *t = current->jump; t != root; t = t-
>jump) {
                  if (t->next[i]) {
                      current->next[i]->jump = t->next[i];
                      if (t->next[i]->accept)
                         current->next[i]->accept = true;
                     mark = 1;
                     break;
              if (!mark && root->next[i]) {
                  current->next[i]->jump = root->next[i];
                  if (root->next[i]->accept)
                      current->next[i]->accept = true;
           queue[rear++] = current->next[i];
       }
   }
void match(bool overlap) {
   TreeNode *current = root;
   for (int i = 0; source[i]; i++) {
       int j = source[i] - 'a';
       int flag = 0;
       for (TreeNode *t = current; t; t = t->jump) {
           if (t->next[j]) {
              if (!flag) {
                  flag = 1;
                  current = t->next[j];
              if (t->next[j]->accept) {
                  int index = t->next[j]->id;
                  if (!overlap) {
                      if (i + 1 - a[index].last >= a[index].len) {
                         a[index].result++;
                         a[index].last = i + 1;
                      }
                  } else {
                     a[index].result++;
              }
           }
       if (!flag)
           current = root;
void init() {
   scanf("%d", &N);
   memset(a, 0, sizeof(a));
   for (int i = 1; i <= N; i++) {</pre>
```

```
int p;
       scanf("%d%s", &p, a[i].content);
       if (!p)
           a[i].overlap = true;
       a[i].len = strlen(a[i].content);
}
void work(int num) {
   build(false);
   match (false);
   build(true);
   match(true);
   printf("Case %d\n", num);
   for (int i = 1; i <= N; i++) {</pre>
       printf("%d\n", a[parent[i]].result);
   printf("\n");
}
                         AC自动机状压DP
struct TreeNode {
   TreeNode* next[26];
   TreeNode *jump;
   bool accept;
   int id, index;
};
const int Mod = 20090717;
TreeNode *root = NULL;
TreeNode* nodes[200];
TreeNode* queue[200];
int N, M, K, C;
char temp[100];
int matchState[200][26];
TreeNode* match[200][26];
int ones(int x) {
   x = (x \& 0x55555555) + ((x >> 1) \& 0x55555555);
   x = (x \& 0x33333333) + ((x >> 2) \& 0x33333333);
   x = (x \& 0x0F0F0F0F) + ((x >> 4) \& 0x0F0F0F0F);
   x = (x \& 0x00FF00FF) + ((x >> 8) \& 0x00FF00FF);
   x = (x \& 0x0000FFFF) + ((x >> 16) \& 0x0000FFFF);
   return x;
int one[1 << 11];</pre>
void init() {
   C = 0;
   root = new TreeNode;
   root->id = C;
   nodes[C++] = root;
   root->accept = false;
   root->jump = NULL;
   root->index = 0;
   memset(root->next, NULL, sizeof(root->next));
   for (int i = 0; i < M; i++) {</pre>
       scanf("%s", temp);
       TreeNode *current = root;
       for (int j = 0; temp[j]; j++) {
          int k = temp[j] - 'a';
           if (!current->next[k]) {
              TreeNode *t = new TreeNode;
              t->jump = root;
              t->accept = false;
```

memset(t->next, NULL, sizeof(t->next));

```
t->id = C;
              t->index = 0;
              nodes[C++] = t;
              current->next[k] = t;
           }
           current = current->next[k];
           if (!temp[j + 1]) {
              current->accept = true;
               current->index |= 1 << i;</pre>
           }
       }
   int head = 0, rear = 0;
   queue[rear++] = root;
   while (head != rear) {
       TreeNode *current = queue[head++];
       for (int i = 0; i < 26; i++) {</pre>
           if (!current->next[i])
              continue;
           if (current != root) {
               int mark = 0;
               for (TreeNode *t = current->jump; t != root; t = t-
>jump) {
                  if (t->next[i]) {
                      current->next[i]->jump = t->next[i];
                      if (t->next[i]->accept)
                         current->next[i]->accept = true;
                      mark = 1;
                      break;
              if (!mark && root->next[i]) {
                  current->next[i]->jump = root->next[i];
                  if (root->next[i]->accept)
                      current->next[i]->accept = true;
           queue[rear++] = current->next[i];
       }
   }
   memset(matchState, 0, sizeof(matchState));
   memset(match, NULL, sizeof(match));
   for (int i = 0; i < C; i++) {</pre>
       for (int j = 0; j < 26; j++) {</pre>
           for (TreeNode *current = nodes[i]; current; current =
current->jump)
              if (current->next[j]) {
                  if (!match[i][j])
                      match[i][j] = current->next[j];
                  if (current->next[j]->accept) {
                     matchState[i][j] |= current->next[j]->index;
              }
           }
       }
int dp[(1 << 10) + 1][110][26];</pre>
void DP() {
   memset(dp, 0, sizeof(dp));
   dp[0][0][0] = 1;
   for (int i = 0; i <= N - 1; i++) {</pre>
       for (int j = 0; j < C; j++) {</pre>
```

```
for (int k = 0; k < 1 << M; k++) {</pre>
               if (!dp[k][j][i])
                   continue;
               if (one[k] >= K)
                  continue;
               for (int 1 = 0; 1 < 26; 1++) {</pre>
                   int index = (match[j][l] == NULL) ? 0 : match[j]
[1]->id;
                   dp[k \mid matchState[j][l]][index][i + 1] += dp[k][j]
[i];
                   if (dp[k \mid matchState[j][1]][index][i + 1] >= Mod)
                       dp[k | matchState[j][l]][index][i + 1] %= Mod;
               }
           }
       }
   }
   int result = 0;
   for (int i = 0; i < 1 << M; i++) {</pre>
       if (one[i] < K) {
           for (int j = 0; j < C; j++) {</pre>
               result += dp[i][j][N];
               result %= Mod;
           }
       }
   int p = 1;
   for (int i = 1; i <= N; i++) {</pre>
       p *= 26;
       p %= Mod;
   result = p - result;
   result %= Mod;
   result += Mod;
   result %= Mod;
   printf("%d\n", result);
}
```

AC自动机矩阵递推

```
int hash[128];
const int Mod = 100000;
struct TreeNode {
   TreeNode* next[4];
   TreeNode *jump;
   bool accept;
   int id;
};
TreeNode *root = NULL;
TreeNode nodes[10001];
int M, N, C = 0;
char temp[12];
TreeNode* queue[10010];
void init() {
   memset(nodes, 0, sizeof(nodes));
   hash['A'] = 0;
   hash['G'] = 1;
   hash['C'] = 2;
   hash['T'] = 3;
   root = &nodes[C];
   root->id = C++;
   scanf("%d%d", &M, &N);
   for (int i = 1; i <= M; i++) {</pre>
       scanf("%s", temp);
```

```
TreeNode *current = root;
       for (int j = 0; temp[j]; j++) {
           int k = hash[temp[j]];
           if (!current->next[k]) {
              TreeNode *t = &nodes[C];
              t->jump = root;
              t->id = C++;
              current->next[k] = t;
           }
           current = current->next[k];
           if (!temp[j + 1])
              current->accept = true;
       }
   int head = 0, rear = 0;
   queue[rear++] = root;
   while (head != rear) {
       TreeNode *current = queue[head++];
       for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++) {</pre>
           if (!current->next[i])
              continue;
           if (current != root) {
              int mark = 0;
              TreeNode *t = current->jump;
              while (t != root) {
                  if (t->next[i]) {
                      current->next[i]->jump = t->next[i];
                      if (t->next[i]->accept)
                         current->next[i]->accept = true;
                      mark = 1;
                     break;
                  t = t - > jump;
              if (!mark && root->next[i]) {
                  current->next[i]->jump = root->next[i];
                  if (root->next[i]->accept)
                      current->next[i]->accept = true;
           }
           queue[rear++] = current->next[i];
       }
   }
long long numMat[100][100];
void matMult(long long res[][100], long long a[][100], long long b[]
[100]) {
   for (int i = 0; i < C; i++) {</pre>
       for (int j = 0; j < C; j++) {</pre>
           res[i][j] = 0;
           for (int k = 0; k < C; k++) {</pre>
              res[i][j] += a[i][k] * b[k][j];
           res[i][j] %= Mod;
       }
void fastMult(long long res[100][100], long long a[100][100],
unsigned int n) {
   long long temp[100][100];
   memset(temp, 0, sizeof(temp));
   for (int i = 0; i < 100; i++) {</pre>
       temp[i][i] = 1;
```

```
}
   int flag = 0;
   for (int i = 31; i >= 0; i--) {
       if (flag) {
          matMult(res, temp, temp);
          memcpy(temp, res, sizeof(numMat));
       if (n & (1 << i)) {
          matMult(res, temp, a);
          memcpy(temp, res, sizeof(numMat));
           flag = 1;
       }
   }
}
void work() {
   for (int i = 0; i < C; i++) {</pre>
       for (int j = 0; j < 4; j++) {</pre>
           int flag = 0;
           for (TreeNode *current = nodes + i; current; current
                  = current->jump) {
              if (current->accept)
                  break;
              if (current->next[j]) {
                  flag = 1;
                  if (!current->next[j]->accept) {
                     numMat[current->next[j]->id][i]++;
                  break;
              }
           if (!flag) {
              numMat[0][i]++;
           }
   long long temp[100][100];
   fastMult(temp, numMat, N);
   long long result = 0;
   for (int i = 0; i < C; i++) {</pre>
      result += temp[i][0];
   result %= Mod;
   result += Mod;
   result %= Mod;
   printf("%lld\n", result);
                          KMP自动机DP
int next[10010];
char a[10010];
int N, M, Len;
char source[10010];
void init() {
   memset(next, 0, sizeof(next));
   memset(a, 0, sizeof(a));
   scanf("%s", source + 1);
   scanf("%s", a + 1);
   N = strlen(a + 1);
   M = strlen(source + 1);
   next[1] = 0;
   int k = 0;
   for (int i = 2; i <= N; i++) {</pre>
```

```
while (k > 0 \&\& a[k + 1] != a[i])
           k = next[k];
       if (a[k + 1] == a[i])
           k++;
       next[i] = k;
}
int dp[2][10010];
int trans[1010][30];
void build() {
   for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {</pre>
       for (char k = 'a'; k <= 'z'; k++) {</pre>
           int q = i;
           while (q > 0 \&\& a[q + 1] != k)
              q = next[q];
           if (q + 1 == N) {
              trans[i][k - 'a'] = -1;
              continue;
           if (a[q + 1] == k)
              trans[i][k - 'a'] = q + 1;
           else
              trans[i][k - 'a'] = 0;
       }
   }
}
void work() {
   build();
   memset(dp, 0, sizeof(dp));
   //dp[0][0]=0;
   for (int i = 0; i < M; i++) {</pre>
       int current = i & 1;
       int nex = (i + 1) \& 1;
       memcpy(dp[nex], dp[current], sizeof(dp[0]));
       for (int k = 0; k < N; k++) {
          int t = trans[k][source[i + 1] - 'a'];
           if (t == -1)
              continue;
           dp[nex][t] = max(dp[nex][t], dp[current][k] + 1);
       }
   int res = 0;
   for (int i = 0; i <= N - 1; i++) {</pre>
       res = max(res, dp[M \& 1][i]);
   printf("%d\n", M - res);
}
                              扩展KMP
int A[maxn], B[maxn];
void build(char *T, char *S) {
   int lenT = strlen(T);
   int lenS = strlen(S);
   int j = 0;
   while (j + 1 < lenT \&\& T[j] == T[j + 1])
       j++;
   A[1] = j;
   int k = 1;
   for (int i = 2; i < lenT; i++) {</pre>
       int Len = k + A[k] - 1, L = A[i - k];
       if (L < Len - i + 1)
           A[i] = L;
```

```
else {
           j = max(0, Len - i + 1);
           while (i + j < lenT && T[i + j] == T[j])
           j++;
A[i] = j;
           k = i;
       }
   j = 0;
   while (j < lenS && j < lenT && T[j] == S[j])</pre>
      j++;
   B[0] = j;
   k = 0;
   for (int i = 1; i < lenS; i++) {</pre>
       int Len = k + B[k] - 1, L = A[i - k];
       if (L < Len - i + 1)
           B[i] = L;
       else {
           j = max(0, Len - i + 1);
           while (i + j < lenS && j < lenT && S[i + j] == T[j])
           j++;
B[i] = j;
           k = i;
       }
   }
}
```