Algorithm template by cxjyxx

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```
0. Interface
______
Suffix_Array
 const int SAmaxn 为字符串最大长度
 const int SAmaxm 为字符串最多字符种数
 void create(string) [s] 传入字符串s 建立s的SA
 void clear() 清空SA
Link_Table
 const int LTmaxn 为最大的最大点编号
 const int LTmaxm 为最多边数
 void makeline(int, int) [u, v] 建立u->v的单向边
 void makeline_double(int, int) [u, v] 建立u、v的双向边
 int be(int) [now] 返回now连出的第一条边
 int next(int) [i] 返回i这条边的下一条边
 int to(int) [i] 返回这条边指向的点
 void clear() 清空链表
______
Link_Table_V
 const int LTmaxn 为最大的最大点编号
 const int LTmaxm 为最多边数
 void makeline(int, int, int) [u, v, va] 建立u->v的权值为va单向边
 void makeline_double(int, int, int) [u, v, va] 建立u->v的权值为va双向边
 int be(int) [now] 返回now连出的第一条边
 int next(int) [i] 返回i这条边的下一条边
 int v(int) [i] 返回i这条边的权值
 int to(int) [i] 返回这条边指向的点
 void clear() 清空链表
Suffix_Auto_Maton
 const int SAMmaxn 为字符从最大长度*2
 void create() 初始化SAM
 void add(char, int) [c, len] 往当前SAM加入字符c len是这个字符在串中的位置 从1开始
 void clear() 清空SAM
______
KMP
 const int KMPmaxn 为字符串最大长度
 void create(string) [s] 建立s的KMP
 void clear() 清空KMP
______
AC Auto Maton
 const int ACAMmaxn 最多节点数
 const int ACAMmaxm 最多字符种数
 void create(char) [c] 传入最小字符c 如'a' 或 'A'
 void add(string) [s] 把该字符串s加入ACAM
```

```
void getfail() 取得ACAM的fail值
 void clear() 清空ACAM
______
Splay
 const int SPLAYmaxn 最多节点数
 const int SPLAYinf 最大权值abs
 void create() 初始化splay
 void clear(int) [u] 清空节点u
 int lower_bound(int) [k] 返回第一个key不小于k的节点编号
 void insert(int) [k] 插入key为k的节点
 int get_lower(int) [k] 返回k的前驱
 int get_upper(int) [k] 返回k的后继
 void del(int, int) [l, r] 删除key为l~r的所有节点
 int get kth(int) [k] 返回key值第k小的节点
______
Link_Cut_Tree
 //这个类内的节点编号和外部的节点边号不一样 一般传入外部编号即可 get_v函数需要传入内部节点编号
to_num函数可以把外部节点转为内部节点编号
 const int LCTmaxn 最大节点数
 void create(int, Link_Table, int[]) [n, L, a[]] 表示有n个节点
                         连接信息存储在L中 权值信息存储在a[]中
                          下标为1~n
 void make_root(int) [u] 把节点u转到根
 void link(int, int) [u, v] 连接两个节点u, v
 void cut(int, int) [u, v] 切断两个节点u, v间的连边
 int query_sum(int, int) [u, v] 返回u, v路径上的节点权值和
 int query_max(int, int) [u, v] 返回u, v路径上有最大权值的节点的内部编号
 int query_max(int, int) [u, v] 返回u, v路径上有最小权值的节点的内部编号
 int root(int) [u] 返回节点u所在树的根
 void modify_sum(int, int, int) [u, v, value] 把u到v路径上所有点的权值+value
 void refresh(int) [u] 刷新节点u的信息
 int get_v(int) [u] /*u为内部节点编号*/ 返回内部节点u对应权值
 int to_num(int) [u] 返回外部节点u对应内部节点编号
 void clear() 清空LCT
______
Segment_Tree
 const int STmaxn 最大节点数 一般为4*n
 const int STinf 最大权值abs
 void create(int, int, int[]) [l, r, a[]] 传入ST的左右范围 和初始权值数组
 void modify_is(int, int, int) [l, r, v] 把l~r的权值都改为v
 void modify_sum(int, int, int) [l, r, v] 把l~r的权值都加v
 int query_max(int, int) [l, r] 返回l~r的最大值
 int query_min(int, int) [l, r] 返回l~r的最小值
 int query_sum(int, int) [l, r] 返回l~r的权值和
 void clear() 清空ST
______
Tree_Chain_Division
 //这里的树链剖分可以采用两种create方法 一种是边权 一种是点权 后面会介绍 调用这个类的时侯 同时也要调
用 Segment_Tree、Link_Table、Link_Table_V
 const int TCDmaxn 最大节点数
```

```
void create(int, Link_Table_V) [n, L] 表示这棵树有n个节点 权值为边权 保证节点1为有效节点 连边
关系及权值关系为L
 void create(int, Link_Table, int[]) [n, L, v[]] 表示这棵树有n个节点 权值为点权 保证节点1为
有效节点 连边关系为L 点权为v[]
 int lca(int, int) [u, v] 返回节点u, v的lca
 void modify_sum(int, int, int) [u, v, value] 把u到v路径上所有点的权值+value
 void modify_is(int, int, int) [u, v, value] 把u到v路径上所有点的权值改为value
 int query_sum(int, int) [u, v] 返回u, v路径上的节点权值和
 int query_max(int, int) [u, v] 返回u, v路径上有最大权值的节点的内部编号
 int query_max(int, int) [u, v] 返回u, v路径上有最小权值的节点的内部编号
 void clear() 清空TCD
_____
KD_Tree
 KDT Point
   xy[KDTmaxp] 点坐标
   num 点编号
   dist 内部使用 无需理解
 const int KDTmaxp 最大维度
 const int KDTmaxn 最大节点数
 const int KDTinf 最大dist值
 void create(int, KDT_Point[], int) [n, k[], p] 表示一共有n个节点要预先建树 节点信息存在k[]
里 下标0~n-1 维度为p
 void insert(KDT_Point) [k] 往KD_Tree里插入节点k
 void query_max(KDT_Point, *KDT_Point[], int) [a, &ans[], k] 返回离点a的k远点 写在ans[]里
 void query_min(KDT_Point, *KDT_Point[], int) [a, &ans[], k] 返回离点a的k近点 写在ans[]里
 int dist(KDT_Point, KDT_Point) [a, b] 返回点a、b的距离
 void clear() 清空KDT
______
Network Flow
 const int NFmaxn 最大节点数
 const int NFmaxm 最大边数
 const int NFinf 最大权值
 void create(int) [n] 一共有n个点
 void makeline(int, int, int) [u, v, va] 建立u->v权值为va的边 会建立反向边
 int query(int, int) [s, t] 以s为源点 以t为汇点 跑最大流 返回流量
 void clear() 清空NF
_____
Network_Cost_Flow_Spfa
//需调用par类
 const int NCFSmaxn 最大节点数
 const int NCFSmaxm 最大边数
 const int NCFSinf_ 最大权值的两位 如(0x7f)
 const int NCFSinf 最大权值必为NCFSinf_的满状态 如(0x7f7f7f7f)
 void create() 无意义
 void makeline(int, int, int, int) [u, v, va, c] 建立u->v权值为va 费用为c的边 会建立反向边
 par query(int, int) [s, t] 以s为源点 以t为汇点 跑最小费用最大流 返回(最大流量, 最小费用)
 void clear() 清空NCFS
______
```

Network_Cost_Flow_Zkw

```
//需调用par类
const int
const int
```

const int NCFZmaxn 最大节点数 const int NCFZmaxm 最大边数

const int NCFSinf_ 最大权值的两位 如(0x7f)

const int NCFSinf 最大权值必为NCFSinf_的满状态 如(0x7f7f7f7f)

void create() 无意义

void makeline(int, int, int, int) [u, v, va, c] 建立u->v权值为va 费用为c的边 会建立反向边 par query(int, int) [s, t] 以s为源点 以t为汇点 跑最小费用最大流 返回(最大流量,最小费用) void clear() 清空NCFZ

Network_Flow_Up_Down //需调用Network_Flow类

NFUDinf 最大权值

void create(int, int, int, int) [n, s, t, ss, tt] n个点 源为s 汇为t 超级源为ss 超级 汇为tt 只要保证ss和tt不会被用到即可

void makeline(int, int, int, int) [u, v, down, up] 建立从u到v的 流量上界为up 下界为down的边 会建立反向边

int query() 返回最大流量 如果无解 返回-1 注意 这个函数建议只调用一次 和不带上下界的不一样 void clear() 清空NFUD

Network_Cost_Flow_Up_Down //需调用Network_Cost_Flow_Zkw、par类

NCFUDinf 最大权值

void create(int, int, int, int) [s, t, ss, tt] 源为s 汇为t 超级源为ss 超级汇为tt 只要保证ss和tt不会被用到即可

void makeline(int, int, int, int, int) [u, v, down, up, c] 建立从u到v的 流量上界为up 下界为down 费用为c的边 会建立反向边

par query() 返回(最大流量,最小费用) 如果无解 返回(-1, -1) 注意 这个函数建议只调用一次 和不带上下界的不一样

void clear() 清空NCFUD

Mergeable_Tree //可并堆 大根堆

MHmaxn 最大节点数

void create() 无意义

int merge(int, int) [u, v] 合并以u,v为根的两个堆 返回新的根

int make_node(int) [v] 建立一个只有一个元素 元素权值为v的堆 返回根的编号

int pop(int) [u] 删除以u为根的堆的根 返回新根

int top(int) [u] 返回以u为根的堆的根的权值

void clear() 清空MT

Hash_Map

HMmaxn 最多元素数

HM_Member_V 存放需保存的值的类 HM_Member 存放须hash的值和对应权值类

MOD 模数

MOD2 hash用的乘数

```
void create() 无意义
 int hash(HM_Member&) [a] 返回a的hash值 可能需要重载
 bool check(HM_Member&) [a] 返回a是否出现在hash表中
 HM_Member_V get(HM_Member&) [a] 返回a对应的权值类 默认a出现在hash表中
 void insert(HM_Member&) [a] 把a插入hash表中 如果a已经出现在hash表中 会把原来a的权值类更新为新
的a的权值类 否则直接插入
 void clear() 清空HM
______
Geometry_Base
 eps 误差保留
 pi π
 point 存放一个点
     double x, y坐标
     point (double, double) 构造函数
     point +(point, point) 向量加
     point -(point, point) 向量减
     point *(point, point) 向量乘
     point /(point, point) 向量除
     double &(point, point) 叉乘
     double |(point, point) 点乘
     point +=(point) 向量加
     point -=(point) 向量减
     point *=(double) [a] x、y都乘a
     point /=(double) [a] x、y都除a
     point ==(point, point) [a, b] 返回(a、b是同一个点)
     point !=(point, point) [a, b] 返回(a、b不是同一个点)
     point <(point, point) [a, b] 如果(a.x < b.x) 或 (a.x == b.x 且 a.y < b.y) 就返回
true 否则返回false
 }
 segment 存放一个线段
 {
     point a, b 线段两个端点
     segment(point, point) 构造函数
     point ==(point, point) [a, b] 返回(a、b是同一线段)
     point !=(point, point) [a, b] 返回(a、b是不同一线段)
 }
 void create() 无意义
 double sqr(double) [a] 返回a * a
 point rotate(point, double) [a, b] 把a作为向量 顺时针旋转b(弧度制)
 segment get_vertical(segment, point) [a, b] 返回点b关于直线a的垂线
 point get_foot(segment, point) [a, b] 求出点b对于直线a的垂足
 point get_mid(segment) [a] 求线段a的中点
 double dist(point, point) [a, b] 返回a、b两点的距离
 double dist(segment, point) [a, b] 返回点b与直线a的距离(注意这里是直线)
 double dist2(segment, point) [a, b] 返回点b与线段a的距离(注意这里是线段)
 int cmp(double, double) [a, b] 返回在eps下 a、b的大小关系 (0 =) (-1 <) (1 >)
 int pos(point, point) [p, q] 把p、q作为向量 返回q关于p的位置关系 (0 平行) (-1 q在p右侧) (1
 int pos(segment, segment) [p, q] 返回两条线段作为向量的q关于p的位置关系(由线段的a点指向b点)
返回值同上
```

```
int pos(segment, point) [p, q] 返回点q关于作为向量的线段p的位置关系 返回值同上
 bool init(segment, point) [a, b] 判断点b是否在线段a内
 int check(segment, segment) [a, b] 判断线段a、b是否相交 (0 无交点) (-1 平行相交<可能无数交
点>) (1 一个交点)
 point cross(segment, segment) [a, b] 返回a、b作为直线的交点 如果平行返回(0, 0)
 double get_k(segment) [s] 返回s的斜率 如果k垂直x轴 返回0
 double get b(segment) [s] 返回s的截距 如果k垂直x轴 返回0
 void clear() 无意义
 typedef Geometry_Base::point gbp; 声明Geometry_Base::point类型可以用GBP 构造函数同理
 typedef Geometry Base::segment gbs; 声明Geometry Base::segment类型可以用GBS 构造函数同理
______
Geometry_Polygon
//需调用Geometry_Base类
 GPmaxn 表示最大顶点数
 int n 记录顶点数
 int a[] 记录顶点
 void create(int, vector<gbp>) [n, a] 建立有n个顶点 分别是a的多边形
 double get_s() 返回多边形面积
 int check(gbp) [a] 返回a是否在多边形内 (-1 边界) (0 外部) (1 内部)
 double get_in_len(gbs) 返回某条线段被多边形覆盖的长度
 void clear() 清除多边形
_____
Geometry_Round
//需调用Geometry_Base类
 void create(gbp, double) [o, r] 建立圆心为o 半径为r的圆
 int check(gbp) [a] 返回a是否在圆内 (-1 边界) (0 外部) (1 内部)
 int check(gbs) [s] 返回直线s与圆的交点个数
 int check2(gbs) [s] 返回线段s与圆的交点个数
 vector<gbp> cross(gbs) [s] 返回直线s与圆的交点集合
_____
Shortest Path
//需调用Link Table V类
//堆优化的dij实现
 SPmaxn 最大点数
 int query(Link_Table_V, int, int) [l, s, t] 返回在l图上 s到t的最短路 如果不联通 返回-1
______
High_Num
 cut 压缩的位数
 HNmaxn 最大位数/cut
 create(int a) [a] 新建值为a的高精数
 create(string a) [a] 新建值为a的高精数 第一个字符如果为'-'则为负数 否则为正 其他字符必须为
101~191
 {
    %
     +=
```

```
-=
     *=
     /=
     ! =
     <
     >
     <=
     对于两个High_Num间的 或 一个High_Num和一个int间的 以上操作符 均支持
 int to_int() 返回这个高精数的int形 爆了自重
 print() 输出高精数
 clear() 清空高精数
______
Discretization
//要引用functional库
 Dmaxn 最大需离散成员数
 Discretization<class T> a; 声明一个为T类型进行离散的离散化类的实例a
 int sau(T*, int, class, class) [a, n, _less = less<class>(), _equal =
equal_to<class>()] 对T类型的a数组的前n位(下标从0开始)进行排序并去重 返回去重后n的大小 注意这里是直
接在传入的数组上进行改变 后两个参数是比较函数 跟sort传入的比较函数一样 这两个函数为bool类型 都需有两
个T类型参数 第一个函数返回第一个参数是否小于第二个参数 第二个函数返回第一个参数是否等于第二个参数
 void query(T*, int, int*, class, class) [a, n, ans, _less = less<class>(), _equal =
equal_to<class>()] 对a数组的前n位进行离散化 结果存入ans数组中 后两个参数同上
 实例:
 //----
 #include <iostream>
 #include <cstdio>
 #include <functional>
 /*
     Discretization类
 */
 Discretization<int> D;
 int n, ans[100], a[100];
 int main()
 {
     READ(a, n); //对a进行读入 这里不实现 下同
     D.query(a, n, ans); //缺省
     n = D.sau(a, n); //缺省 注意这里调用的两个函数是不相关的 只是为了演示如何使用 下同
 //----
 //-----
 #include <iostream>
 #include <cstdio>
 #include <functional>
 /*
     Discretization类
 */
```

```
struct point
     int a, b;
 };
 bool _less(point a, point b)
     return a.a < b.a;
 }
 bool _same(point a, point b)
     return a.b < b.b;
 Discretization<point> D;
 point a[100];
 int n, ans[100];
 int main()
     READ(a, n);
     D.query(a, n, ans, _less, _same);
     n = D.sau(a, n, _less, _same);
 //-----
 //----2----
 #include <iostream>
 #include <cstdio>
 #include <functional>
     Discretization类
 */
 Discretization<double> D;
 bool same(double a, double b)
   return abs(a - b) <= 1e-8;
 double a[100];
 int n, ans[100];
 int main()
     READ(a, n);
     D.query(a, n, ans, less<double>(), same); //这里的less是functional自带的函数 可以直
接这样使用
     n = D.sau(a, n, less<double>(), _same); //同上
 }
 //----2-----
_____
//需调用Link_Table类
 Tmaxn 最大点数
 Tmaxm 最大边数 注意 如果是双向边要乘2
```

void get_cut_node(Link_Table, int, int*) [L, n, b] 在L这张图上 共有n个点(编号为0~n-1 如果有些编号没点没关系) 在b数组中 b[i]==true 表示点i为割点 否则不是 注意b数组下标大于n - 1 的数值不确定 void get_cut_edge(Link_Table, int, int*) [L, n, b] 在L这张图上 共有n个点(同上) 在b数组中 b[i]==true 表示L中的下标为i的边为割边(由于Link_Table中是有向边 一条割边将有两条对应边被记为割边) 注意b数组下标大于n - 1 的数值不确定

```
1. Suffix Array // 后缀数组
const int SAmaxn = 100005;
const int SAmaxm = 100005;
struct Suffix_Array
  int sa[SAmaxn], sa_t[SAmaxn], t[SAmaxn], v[SAmaxn], v_t[SAmaxn], s[SAmaxn],
rank[SAmaxn], h[SAmaxn], cnt[SAmaxm], m, n;
 bool same(int a, int b, int c) { return t[a] == t[b] \&\& t[a + c] == t[b + c]; }
 void geth()
   for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) rank[sa[i]] = i;
   for (int i = 0, k = 0; i < n; h[rank[i++]] = k)
     if (rank[i])
       for (k = k ? k - 1 : k; s[i + k] == s[sa[rank[i] - 1] + k]; ++k);
     else k = 0;
 void getsa()
   for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) ++cnt[v[i] = s[i]];
    for (int i = 1; i < m; ++i) cnt[i] += cnt[i - 1];
    for (int i = n - 1; i \ge 0; --i) sa[--cnt[v[i]]] = i;
    for (int j = 1, p = 0, i; p < n; m = p, j <<= 1)
     for (p = 0, i = n - j; i < n; ++i) sa_t[p++] = i;
     for (i = 0; i < n; ++i) if (sa[i] >= j) sa_t[p++] = sa[i] - j;
     for (i = 0; i < m; ++i) cnt[i] = 0;
     for (i = 0; i < n; ++i) ++cnt[v_t[i] = v[sa_t[i]]];
     for (i = 1; i < m; ++i) cnt[i] += cnt[i - 1];
     for (i = n - 1; i >= 0; --i) sa[--cnt[v_t[i]]] = sa_t[i], t[i] = v[i];
     for (i = 1, p = 1, v[sa[0]] = 0; i < n; ++i)
       v[sa[i]] = same(sa[i], sa[i - 1], j) ? p - 1 : p++;
   }
 }
 void create(int s_t[], int n_t, int m_t)
   n = n_t;
   m = m_t;
   for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) s[i] = s_t[i];
   getsa();
   geth();
 }
 void create(string s_t)
   n = s_t.length();
```

```
m = 300;
   for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) s[i] = s_t[i];
   getsa();
   geth();
 void clear()
   memset(cnt, 0, sizeof(cnt));
};
2. Link Table // 链表
//======LinkTable=======
const int LTmaxm = 1000005;
const int LTmaxn = 1000005;
struct line
 int to, next;
struct Link_Table
 line li[LTmaxm];
 int be_[LTmaxn], l;
 int to(int i) { return li[i].to; }
 int next(int i) { return li[i].next; }
 int be(int i) { return be_[i]; }
 void makeline(int fr, int to)
 {
   ++l;
   li[l].next = be_[fr];
   be_[fr] = l;
   li[l].to = to;
 void makeline_double(int fr, int to)
   makeline(fr, to);
   makeline(to, fr);
 }
 void clear()
   l = 0;
   memset(be_, 0, sizeof(be_));
 }
};
//======LinkTable========
```

```
3. Link Table V // 带权链表
//=======LinkTable_V========
const int LTVmaxm = 200005;
const int LTVmaxn = 200005;
struct LTVline
 int to, next, v;
};
struct Link_Table_V
 LTVline li[LTVmaxm];
 int be_[LTVmaxn], l;
 int next(int i) { return li[i].next; }
 int be(int i) { return be_[i]; }
 int to(int i) { return li[i].to; }
 int v(int i) { return li[i].v; }
 void makeline(int fr, int to, int v)
   ++1;
   li[l].next = be_[fr];
   be_[fr] = l;
   li[l].to = to;
   li[l].v = v;
 void makeline_double(int fr, int to, int v)
   makeline(fr, to, v);
   makeline(to, fr, v);
 void clear()
   l = 0;
   memset(be_, 0, sizeof(be_));
 }
};
//=======LinkTable_V=========
4. Suffix_Auto_Maton // 后缀自动机
//===========SAM=================
const int SAMmaxn = 500005;
struct SAM_Node
 int ch[30], fail, l;
};
struct Suffix_Auto_Maton
```

```
SAM_Node t[SAMmaxn];
 int n, last, tot;
 void add(int c, int l)
   int now = ++tot, p = last;
   last = tot;
   t[now].l = l;
   for (; p && !t[p].ch[c]; p = t[p].fail) t[p].ch[c] = now;
   if (!p) t[now].fail = 1;
   else if (t[p].l + 1 == t[t[p].ch[c]].l) t[now].fail = t[p].ch[c];
   else
   {
     int r = ++tot, k = t[p].ch[c];
     t[r] = t[k];
     t[r].l = t[p].l + 1;
     t[k].fail = t[now].fail = r;
     for (; p && t[p].ch[c] == k; p = t[p].fail) t[p].ch[c] = r;
   }
 }
 void create(string s)
   int n = s.length();
   tot = last = 1;
   for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) add(s[i] - 'a', i + 1);
 void clear()
   memset(t, 0, sizeof(t));
};
5. KMP // 看**
const int KMPmaxn = 100005;
struct KMP
 int fail[KMPmaxn];
 void create(string s)
   fail[0] = -1;
   int n = s.length();
   for (int i = 1, j = -1; i < n; ++i)
     while (j != -1 \&\& s[j + 1] != s[i]) j = fail[j];
     if (s[j + 1] == s[i]) ++j;
     fail[i] = j;
   }
 }
 void clear()
```

```
{
   memset(fail, 0, sizeof(fail));
};
6. AC Auto Maton // AC自动机
const int ACAMmaxn = 500005;
const int ACAMmaxm = 30;
struct ACAM_Node
{
 int ch[ACAMmaxm], fail;
 int num;
};
struct AC_Auto_Maton
 ACAM_Node t[ACAMmaxn];
 int tot, root;
 queue<int> q;
 char base;
 void create(char ba)
   root = tot = 2;
   base = ba;
 void add(string s)
   int n = s.length();
   for (int now = root, i = 0; i < n; ++i)
     if (t[now].ch[s[i] - base]) now = t[now].ch[s[i] - base];
     else t[now].ch[s[i] - base] = ++tot, now = tot;
     if (i == n - 1) ++t[now].num;
   }
 }
 void get_fail()
   q.push(root);
   while (!q.empty())
     int now = q.front();
     q.pop();
     for (int i = 0; i < 26; ++i)
      int to = t[now].ch[i];
       if (!to) continue;
       if (now == root) t[to].fail = root;
       else
        int k;
```

```
for (k = t[now].fail; k != root && !t[k].ch[i]; k = t[k].fail);
         if (t[k].ch[i]) k = t[k].ch[i];
         t[to].fail = k;
       }
       q.push(to);
     }
   }
 }
 void clear()
   memset(t, 0, sizeof(t));
   tot = 0;
};
//============AC_AutoMaton=========
7. Splay // Splay 平衡树
const int SPLAYmaxn = 200005;
const int SPLAYinf = 100000000;
struct Splay_Node
 int l, r, fa, v, sum;
};
struct Splay
 Splay_Node t[SPLAYmaxn];
 int root, tot;
 void clear(int a)
   t[a].l = t[a].r = t[a].fa = t[a].v = t[a].sum = 0;
 void create()
   clear(1), clear(2);
   root = 1, tot = 2;
   t[1].v = -SPLAYinf;
   t[2].v = SPLAYinf;
   t[1].r = t[1].sum = 2;
   t[2].fa = t[2].sum = 1;
 void up(int now)
   t[now].sum = t[t[now].l].sum + t[t[now].r].sum + 1;
 }
 void left(int now)
   int fa = t[now].fa;
   t[now].fa = t[fa].fa;
```

```
if (t[t[fa].fa].l == fa) t[t[fa].fa].l = now;
  if (t[t[fa].fa].r == fa) t[t[fa].fa].r = now;
  t[fa].fa = now;
  t[fa].r = t[now].l;
  t[t[now].l].fa = fa;
  t[now].l = fa;
  up(fa);
}
void right(int now)
  int fa = t[now].fa;
  t[now].fa = t[fa].fa;
  if (t[t[fa].fa].l == fa) t[t[fa].fa].l = now;
  if (t[t[fa].fa].r == fa) t[t[fa].fa].r = now;
  t[fa].fa = now;
  t[fa].l = t[now].r;
  t[t[now].r].fa = fa;
  t[now].r = fa;
  up(fa);
}
void splay(int now, int FA = 0)
 while (t[now].fa != FA)
  {
    int fa = t[now].fa;
    if (t[fa].fa == FA)
      if (t[fa].l == now) right(now);
      else left(now);
    else
      if (t[t[fa].fa].l == fa)
        if (t[fa].l == now) right(fa), right(now);
        else left(now), right(now);
      else
        if (t[fa].l == now) right(now), left(now);
        else left(fa), left(now);
  }
  up(now);
  if (!FA) root = now;
int lower_bound(int v)
  int ans = 0, la = 0;
  for (int now = root; now;)
    la = now;
    if (t[now].v >= v) ans = now, now = t[now].l;
    else now = t[now].r;
  splay(la);
  return ans;
void insert(int v)
  for (int now = root;;)
```

```
{
    ++t[now].sum;
    if (t[now].v >= v)
      if (t[now].l) now = t[now].l;
      else
      {
        t[now].l = ++tot;
        clear(tot);
        t[tot].sum = 1;
        t[tot].fa = now;
        t[tot].v = v;
        splay(tot);
        return;
      }
    else
      if (t[now].r) now = t[now].r;
      else
        t[now].r = ++tot;
        clear(tot);
        t[tot].sum = 1;
        t[tot].fa = now;
        t[tot].v = v;
        splay(tot);
        return;
      }
  }
}
int get_lower(int a)
  splay(a);
  for (a = t[a].l; t[a].r; a = t[a].r);
  return a;
int get_upper(int a)
  splay(a);
  for (a = t[a].r; t[a].l; a = t[a].l);
  return a;
}
int get_rank(int a)
  splay(a);
  return t[t[a].l].sum;
}
void del(int l, int r)
{
  l = get_lower(l);
  r = get_upper(r);
  splay(l);
  splay(r, l);
  t[r].l = 0;
  up(r);
  up(l);
```

```
}
 int get_kth(int k)
 {
   ++k;
   for (int now = root;;)
     if (t[t[now].l].sum == k - 1)
       return now;
     if (t[t[now].l].sum >= k) now = t[now].l;
     else k = t[t[now].l].sum + 1, now = t[now].r;
   }
 }
};
8. Link Cut Tree // 动态树
//=======LinkCutTree=======
const int LCTmaxn = 1000005;
struct LCT_Node
 int l, r, v, fa, lazy_swap, lazy_sum, sum, min, max, min_v, max_v, cnt;
 bool root;
};
struct Link_Cut_Tree
 private:
 LCT_Node t[LCTmaxn];
 int to[LCTmaxn], tot;
 queue<int> q;
 int mi(int a, int b) { return (a && (t[a].v < t[b].v || !b)) ? a : b; }
 int mx(int a, int b) { return (a && (t[a].v > t[b].v || !b)) ? a : b; }
 int mi2(int a, int a_v, int b, int b_v) { return (a && (a_v < b_v \mid \mid !b)) ? a :
b; }
 int mx2(int a, int a_v, int b, int b_v) { return (a && (a_v > b_v || !b)) ? a :
b; }
 int miv2(int a, int a_v, int b, int b_v) { return (a && (a_v < b_v \mid | !b)) ? a_v :
b_v; }
 int mxv2 (int a, int a_v, int b, int b_v) { return (a && (a_v > b_v || !b)) ? a_v :
b_v; }
 void down(int now)
   if (!now) return;
   if (t[now].lazy_swap)
     swap(t[now].l, t[now].r);
     mdf_swap(t[now].l);
     mdf_swap(t[now].r);
     t[now].lazy_swap = 0;
   }
```

```
if (t[now].lazy_sum)
      int k = t[now].lazy_sum;
      t[now].lazy_sum = 0;
      t[now].sum += t[now].cnt * k;
      t[now].min_v += k;
      t[now].max_v += k;
      t[now].v += k;
      mdf_sum(t[now].l, k);
     mdf_sum(t[now].r, k);
   }
 }
 void up(int now)
    if (!now) return;
    down(now), down(t[now].l), down(t[now].r);
    t[now].sum = t[t[now].l].sum + t[t[now].r].sum + t[now].v;
    t[now].cnt = t[t[now].l].cnt + t[t[now].r].cnt + 1;
    int mi = mi2(t[t[now].l].min, t[t[now].l].min_v, t[t[now].r].min,
t[t[now].r].min_v),
        miv = miv2(t[t[now].l].min, t[t[now].l].min_v, t[t[now].r].min,
t[t[now].r].min_v),
        mx = mx2(t[t[now].l].max, t[t[now].l].max_v, t[t[now].r].max,
t[t[now].r].max_v),
        mxv = mxv2(t[t[now].l].max, t[t[now].l].max_v, t[t[now].r].max,
t[t[now].r].max_v);
    t[now].min = mi2(now, t[now].v, mi, miv);
    t[now].min_v = miv2(now, t[now].v, mi, miv);
    t[now].max = mx2(now, t[now].v, mx, mxv);
    t[now].max_v = mxv2(now, t[now].v, mx, mxv);
 void mdf_swap(int now)
    if (!now) return;
    t[now].lazy_swap ^= 1;
 void mdf_sum(int now, int v)
    if (!now) return;
    t[now].lazy_sum += v;
 }
 void left(int now)
    int fa = t[now].fa;
    t[now].fa = t[fa].fa;
    if (t[t[fa].fa].l == fa) t[t[fa].fa].l = now;
    if (t[t[fa].fa].r == fa) t[t[fa].fa].r = now;
    t[fa].fa = now;
    t[fa].r = t[now].l;
    t[t[now].l].fa = fa;
    t[now].l = fa;
    t[now].root = t[fa].root;
    t[fa].root = false;
    up(fa);
```

```
}
  void right(int now)
  {
    int fa = t[now].fa;
    t[now].fa = t[fa].fa;
    if (t[t[fa].fa].l == fa) t[t[fa].fa].l = now;
    if (t[t[fa].fa].r == fa) t[t[fa].fa].r = now;
    t[fa].fa = now;
    t[fa].l = t[now].r;
    t[t[now].r].fa = fa;
    t[now].r = fa;
    t[now].root = t[fa].root;
    t[fa].root = false;
    up(fa);
  }
  void splay(int now)
    if (!now) return;
    down(now);
    while (!t[now].root)
      int fa = t[now].fa;
      if (t[fa].root)
        down(fa), down(now);
        if (t[fa].l == now) right(now);
        else left(now);
      }
      else
      {
        down(t[fa].fa), down(fa), down(now);
        if (t[t[fa].fa].l == fa)
          if (t[fa].l == now) right(fa), right(now);
          else left(now), right(now);
        else
          if (t[fa].l == now) right(now), left(now);
          else left(fa), left(now);
      }
    }
   up(now);
  void bfs(int now, Link_Table &L, int a[])
    to[now] = ++tot;
    q.push(now);
    while (!q.empty())
      int now = q.front();
      q.pop();
      int p = to[now];
      t[p].root = true, t[p].v = t[p].sum = t[p].min_v = t[p].max_v = a[now], t[p].min
= t[p].max = p, t[p].cnt = 1;
      for (int i = L.be(now); i; i = L.next(i))
      {
        int T = L.to(i);
```

```
if (to[T]) continue;
      to[T] = ++tot;
      t[tot].fa = p;
      q.push(T);
    }
 }
}
void cut_imag(int now)
{
  if (!now) return;
  int fa = t[now].fa;
  if (!fa) return;
 down(fa);
  if (t[fa].l == now) t[fa].l = 0;
  if (t[fa].r == now) t[fa].r = 0;
  t[now].root = true;
  up(fa);
}
void access(int now)
  if (!now) return;
  splay(now);
 while (t[now].fa)
    int fa = t[now].fa;
    splay(fa);
    cut_imag(t[fa].r);
    t[fa].r = now;
    t[now].root = false;
    up(fa);
    splay(now);
 cut_imag(t[now].r);
int get_root(int now)
  for (splay(now); t[now].l; now = t[now].l, down(now));
  //splay(now);
  return now;
}
int get_fa(int now)
  for (splay(now), now = t[now].l, down(now); t[now].r; now = t[now].r, down(now));
  //splay(now);
  return now;
}
int lca(int u, int v)
  access(u);
  splay(v);
  while (t[v].fa)
    int fa = t[v].fa;
```

```
splay(fa);
    cut_imag(t[fa].r);
    t[fa].r = v;
    t[v].root = false;
    up(fa);
    v = fa;
  }
  return v;
void mk_root(int now)
  if (!now) return;
  access(now);
 mdf_swap(now);
  splay(now);
public:
void make_root(int now)
 now = to[now];
 mk_root(now);
}
void link(int u, int v)
 u = to[u], v = to[v];
 mk_root(u);
 mk_root(v);
  splay(v);
  splay(u);
  t[v].fa = u;
  access(u);
}
void cut(int u, int v)
 u = to[u], v = to[v];
  int c = lca(u, v);
  if (c == v) swap(u, v);
  access(v);
  splay(u);
  cut_imag(v);
  t[v].fa = 0;
int query_sum(int u, int v)
 u = to[u], v = to[v];
  int c = lca(u, v), ans = 0;
  access(u);
  splay(c);
  down(t[c].r);
  ans += t[t[c].r].sum;
  access(v);
  splay(c);
```

```
down(t[c].r);
  ans += t[t[c].r].sum + t[c].v;
  return ans;
}
int query_max(int u, int v)
 u = to[u], v = to[v];
  int c = lca(u, v), ans = 0, ans_v = 0;
  access(u);
  splay(c);
  down(t[c].r);
  ans = mx2(t[t[c].r].max, t[t[c].r].max_v, c, t[c].v);
  ans_v = mxv2(t[t[c].r].max, t[t[c].r].max_v, c, t[c].v);
  access(v);
  splay(c);
  down(t[c].r);
  ans = mx2(ans, ans_v, t[t[c].r].max, t[t[c].r].max_v);
  return ans;
}
int query_min(int u, int v)
 u = to[u], v = to[v];
  int c = lca(u, v), ans = 0, ans_v = 0;
  access(u);
  splay(c);
  down(t[c].r);
  ans = mi2(t[t[c].r].min, t[t[c].r].min_v, c, t[c].v);
  ans_v = miv2(t[t[c].r].min, t[t[c].r].min_v, c, t[c].v);
  access(v);
  splay(c);
  down(t[c].r);
  ans = mi2(ans, ans_v, t[t[c].r].min, t[t[c].r].min_v);
  return ans;
}
int root(int u)
 u = to[u];
  access(u);
  return get_root(u);
void modify_sum(int u, int v, int value)
 u = to[u], v = to[v];
 mk_root(u);
  access(v);
 mdf_sum(v, value);
void create(int n, Link_Table &L, int a[])
  for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
    if (!to[i])
      bfs(i, L, a);
}
```

```
void refresh(int now)
   now = to[now];
   splay(now);
 void clear()
   memset(t, 0, sizeof(t));
   memset(to, 0, sizeof(to));
   tot = 0;
 }
 int get_v(int now)
   splay(now);
   return t[now].v;
 }
 int to_num(int now)
   return to[now];
 }
};
//=======LinkCutTree=======
9. Segment Tree // 线段树
const int STmaxn = 400005;
const int STinf = 0x7fffffff;
struct ST_node
{
 int min, max, sum, lazy_sum, lazy_is_b, lazy_is;
 ST_node(int _min = 0, int _max = 0, int _sum = 0,
         int _lazy_sum = 0, int _lazy_is_b = 0, int _lazy_is = 0)
         : min(_min), max(_max), sum(_sum), lazy_sum(_lazy_sum),
           lazy_is_b(_lazy_is_b), lazy_is(_lazy_is) {};
};
struct Segment_Tree
 private:
 ST_node t[STmaxn];
 int L, R, num[STmaxn];
 void is(int now, int v)
   if (t[now].lazy_is_b) t[now].lazy_is = v;
   else
     t[now].lazy_sum = 0;
     t[now].lazy_is_b = 1;
     t[now].lazy_is = v;
   }
```

```
t[now].min = t[now].max = v;
  t[now].sum = num[now] * v;
void sum(int now, int v)
  if (t[now].lazy_is_b) t[now].lazy_is += v;
  else t[now].lazy_sum += v;
 t[now].max += v;
  t[now].min += v;
  t[now].sum += num[now] * v;
void lazy(int now)
  if (now * 2 + 1 >= STmaxn) return;
  int l = now * 2, r = now * 2 + 1;
  if (t[now].lazy_sum)
    sum(l, t[now].lazy_sum);
    sum(r, t[now].lazy_sum);
    t[now].lazy_sum = 0;
  if (t[now].lazy_is_b)
    is(l, t[now].lazy_is);
    is(r, t[now].lazy_is);
    t[now].lazy_is_b = 0;
  }
}
void up(int now)
 if (now * 2 + 1 >= STmaxn) return;
  int l = now * 2, r = now * 2 + 1;
 lazy(l), lazy(r);
 t[now].min = min(t[l].min, t[r].min);
 t[now].max = max(t[l].max, t[r].max);
  t[now].sum = t[l].sum + t[r].sum;
}
void mk_tree(int l, int r, int now, int a[])
 num[now] = r - l + 1;
 if (l == r)
    t[now] = ST_node(a[l], a[l], a[l]);
    return;
 int mid = (l + r) / 2;
 mk_tree(l, mid, now * 2, a), mk_tree(mid + 1, r, now * 2 + 1, a);
 up(now);
void my_is(int l, int r, int now, int lf, int rt, int v)
  lazy(now);
  if (l >= lf && r <= rt)
```

```
is(now, v);
    return;
  int mid = (l + r) / 2;
  if (lf <= mid) my_is(l, mid, now * 2, lf, rt, v);</pre>
  if (rt >= mid + 1) my_is(mid + 1, r, now * 2 + 1, lf, rt, v);
 up(now);
void my_sum(int l, int r, int now, int lf, int rt, int v)
  lazy(now);
  if (l >= lf && r <= rt)
    sum(now, v);
    return;
  int mid = (l + r) / 2;
  if (lf <= mid) my_sum(l, mid, now * 2, lf, rt, v);</pre>
  if (rt \ge mid + 1) my_sum(mid + 1, r, now * 2 + 1, lf, rt, v);
  up(now);
}
int qy_max(int l, int r, int now, int lf, int rt)
  lazy(now);
  if (l >= lf && r <= rt) return t[now].max;</pre>
  int mid = (l + r) / 2, ans = -STinf;
  if (lf <= mid) ans = max(ans, qy_max(l, mid, now * 2, lf, rt));
  if (rt \ge mid + 1) ans = max(ans, qy_max(mid + 1, r, now * 2 + 1, lf, rt));
  return ans;
}
int qy_min(int l, int r, int now, int lf, int rt)
  lazy(now);
  if (l >= lf && r <= rt) return t[now].min;</pre>
  int mid = (l + r) / 2, ans = STinf;
  if (lf <= mid) ans = min(ans, qy_min(l, mid, now * 2, lf, rt));</pre>
  if (rt \ge mid + 1) ans = min(ans, qy_min(mid + 1, r, now * 2 + 1, lf, rt));
  return ans;
}
int qy_sum(int l, int r, int now, int lf, int rt)
  lazy(now);
  if (l >= lf && r <= rt) return t[now].sum;</pre>
  int mid = (l + r) / 2, ans = 0;
  if (lf <= mid) ans += qy_sum(l, mid, now * 2, lf, rt);</pre>
  if (rt \ge mid + 1) ans += qy_sum(mid + 1, r, now * 2 + 1, lf, rt);
  return ans;
}
public:
void modify_is(int l, int r, int v)
  my_is(L, R, 1, l, r, v);
```

```
}
 void modify_sum(int l, int r, int v)
   my_sum(L, R, 1, l, r, v);
 int query_max(int l, int r)
   return qy_max(L, R, 1, l, r);
 int query_min(int l, int r)
   return qy_min(L, R, 1, l, r);
 int query_sum(int l, int r)
   return qy_sum(L, R, 1, l, r);
 void create(int l, int r, int a[])
   L = 1;
   R = r;
   mk_tree(L, R, 1, a);
 void clear()
   L = R = 0;
   memset(t, 0, sizeof(t));
};
10. Tree Chain Division // 树链剖分
//======TreeChainDivision======
const int TCDmaxn = 100005;
struct Tree_Chain_Division
 private:
 Segment_Tree t;
 int last[TCDmaxn], d[TCDmaxn], to[TCDmaxn], sum[TCDmaxn], fa[TCDmaxn], p, tot,
a[TCDmaxn], n;
 queue<par> q;
 stack<int> s;
 void build(Link_Table_V &L)
   q.push(par(1, 0));
   d[1] = 1;
   while (!q.empty())
```

```
par now = q.front();
    q.pop();
    s.push(now.a);
    for (int i = L.be(now.a); i; i = L.next(i))
      int to = L.to(i);
      if (to == now.b) continue;
      d[to] = d[now.a] + 1;
      fa[to] = now.a;
      q.push(par(to, now.a));
  }
 while (!s.empty())
    int now = s.top();
    s.pop();
    for (int i = L.be(now); i; i = L.next(i))
      int to = L.to(i);
      if (d[to] == d[now] - 1) continue;
      sum[now] += sum[to];
    ++sum[now];
  }
  q.push(par(1, 1));
  a[to[1] = 1] = 0;
  last[1] = 1;
  while (!q.empty())
    par now = q.front();
    q.pop();
    if (sum[now.a] == 1) continue;
    int mx = 0;
    ++now.b;
    for (int i = L.be(now.a); i; i = L.next(i))
      int to = L.to(i);
      if (d[to] == d[now.a] - 1) continue;
      if (sum[L.to(mx)] < sum[to]) mx = i;</pre>
    a[to[L.to(mx)] = now.b] = L.v(mx);
    q.push(par(L.to(mx), now.b));
    now.b += sum[L.to(mx)];
    last[L.to(mx)] = last[now.a];
    for (int i = L.be(now.a); i; i = L.next(i))
    {
      int _to = L.to(i);
      if (i == mx || d[_to] == d[now.a] - 1) continue;
      a[to[_to] = now.b] = L.v(i);
      q.push(par(_to, now.b));
      now.b += sum[_to];
      last[_to] = _to;
    }
  }
void build(Link_Table &L, int v[])
```

}

```
q.push(par(1, 0));
d[1] = 1;
while (!q.empty())
  par now = q.front();
  q.pop();
  s.push(now.a);
  for (int i = L.be(now.a); i; i = L.next(i))
  {
    int to = L.to(i);
    if (to == now.b) continue;
    d[to] = d[now.a] + 1;
    fa[to] = now.a;
    q.push(par(to, now.a));
  }
}
while (!s.empty())
  int now = s.top();
  s.pop();
  for (int i = L.be(now); i; i = L.next(i))
    int to = L.to(i);
    if (d[to] == d[now] - 1) continue;
    sum[now] += sum[to];
  ++sum[now];
q.push(par(1, 1));
a[to[1] = 1] = v[1];
last[1] = 1;
while (!q.empty())
  par now = q.front();
  q.pop();
  if (sum[now.a] == 1) continue;
  int mx = 0;
  ++now.b;
  for (int i = L.be(now.a); i; i = L.next(i))
    int to = L.to(i);
    if (d[to] == d[now.a] - 1) continue;
    if (sum[L.to(mx)] < sum[to]) mx = i;
  a[to[L.to(mx)] = now.b] = v[L.to(mx)];
  q.push(par(L.to(mx), now.b));
  now.b += sum[L.to(mx)];
  last[L.to(mx)] = last[now.a];
  for (int i = L.be(now.a); i; i = L.next(i))
  {
    int _to = L.to(i);
    if (i == mx || d[_to] == d[now.a] - 1) continue;
    a[to[_to] = now.b] = v[_to];
    q.push(par(_to, now.b));
    now.b += sum[_to];
    last[_to] = _to;
  }
}
```

```
}
 int qy_sum(int u, int num)
    if (!num) return 0;
    if (d[u] - d[last[u]] + 1 \ge num) return t.query_sum(to[u] - num + 1, to[u]);
    else return qy_sum(fa[last[u]], num - (d[u] - d[last[u]] + 1)) +
t.query_sum(to[last[u]], to[u]);
 int qy_max(int u, int num)
    if (!num) return 0;
    if (d[u] - d[last[u]] + 1 >= num) return t.query_max(to[u] - num + 1, to[u]);
    else return max(qy_max(fa[last[u]], num - (d[u] - d[last[u]] + 1)),
t.query_max(to[last[u]], to[u]));
 int qy_min(int u, int num)
    if (!num) return 0;
   if (d[u] - d[last[u]] + 1 >= num) return t.query_min(to[u] - num + 1, to[u]);
    else return min(qy_min(fa[last[u]], num - (d[u] - d[last[u]] + 1)),
t.query_min(to[last[u]], to[u]));
 }
 void my_sum(int u, int num, int va)
    if (!num) return;
    if (d[u] - d[last[u]] + 1 \ge num) t.modify_sum(to[u] - num + 1, to[u], va);
    else my_sum(fa[last[u]], num - (d[u] - d[last[u]] + 1), va),
t.modify_sum(to[last[u]], to[u], va);
 }
 void my_is(int u, int num, int va)
  {
    if (!num) return;
    if (d[u] - d[last[u]] + 1 \ge num) t.modify_is(to[u] - num + 1, to[u], va);
    else my_is(fa[last[u]], num - (d[u] - d[last[u]] + 1), va),
t.modify_is(to[last[u]], to[u], va);
 public:
 int lca(int u, int v)
   while (last[u] != last[v])
      if (d[last[u]] < d[last[v]]) swap(u, v);</pre>
      u = fa[last[u]];
    if (d[u] > d[v]) swap(u, v);
    return u;
 int query_sum(int u, int v)
    int c = lca(u, v);
```

```
if (p)
      return qy_sum(u, d[u] - d[c]) + qy_sum(v, d[v] - d[c]);
    else
      return qy_sum(u, d[u] - d[c]) + qy_sum(v, d[v] - d[c] + 1);
 int query_max(int u, int v)
    int c = lca(u, v);
    if (p)
      return max(qy_max(u, d[u] - d[c]), qy_max(v, d[v] - d[c]));
      return max(qy_max(u, d[u] - d[c]), qy_max(v, d[v] - d[c] + 1));
 }
 int query_min(int u, int v)
    int c = lca(u, v);
    if (p)
      return min(qy_min(u, d[u] - d[c]), qy_min(v, d[v] - d[c]));
      return min(qy_min(u, d[u] - d[c]), qy_min(v, d[v] - d[c] + 1));
 }
 void modify_sum(int u, int v, int va)
    int c = lca(u, v);
    if (p)
      my_sum(u, d[u] - d[c], va), my_sum(v, d[v] - d[c], va);
   else
      my_sum(u, d[u] - d[c], va), my_sum(v, d[v] - d[c] + 1, va);
 }
 void modify_is(int u, int v, int va)
    int c = lca(u, v);
    if (p)
      my_{is}(u, d[u] - d[c], va), my_{is}(v, d[v] - d[c], va);
      my_is(u, d[u] - d[c], va), my_is(v, d[v] - d[c] + 1, va);
 void create(int N, Link_Table_V &L)
   p = 1;
   n = N;
   build(L);
    t.create(1, n, a);
 void create(int N, Link_Table &L, int a[])
   p = 0;
   n = N;
   build(L, a);
   t.create(1, n, a);
};
```

```
//======TreeChainDivision=======
11. KD Tree // kd树
//========KDTree==========
const int KDTmaxp = 5;
const int KDTmaxn = 100005;
const int KDTinf = 0x7fffffff;
int P;
struct KDT_Point
{
  int xy[KDTmaxp], num, dist;
};
struct KDT_Node
{
  KDT_Point p;
  int max[KDTmaxp], min[KDTmaxp], l, r;
  KDT_Node(KDT_Point k)
    l = r = 0;
    p = k;
    for (int i = 0; i < KDTmaxp; ++i)</pre>
     max[i] = min[i] = k.xy[i];
  KDT_Node() {}
};
bool operator<(KDT_Point a, KDT_Point b)</pre>
{
    return a.xy[P] < b.xy[P];</pre>
}
struct KD_Tree
  private:
  KDT_Node t[KDTmaxn];
  int n, tot, root, KDTp;
  int sqr(int a) { return a * a; }
  void up(int now)
    for (int i = 0; i < KDTp; ++i)</pre>
      if (t[now].l)
       t[now].max[i] = max(t[now].max[i], t[t[now].l].max[i]),
        t[now].min[i] = min(t[now].min[i], t[t[now].l].min[i]);
      if (t[now].r)
        t[now].max[i] = max(t[now].max[i], t[t[now].r].max[i]),
        t[now].min[i] = min(t[now].min[i], t[t[now].r].min[i]);
    }
  }
  int build(int l, int r, KDT_Point K[], int p)
```

```
if (l > r) return 0;
  int now = ++tot;
  P = p;
  sort(K + l, K + r + 1);
  int mid = (l + r) / 2;
  t[now] = KDT_Point(K[mid]);
  t[now].l = build(l, mid - 1, K, (p + 1) % KDTp);
  t[now].r = build(mid + 1, r, K, (p + 1) % KDTp);
  up(now);
  return now;
}
void ins(int now, KDT_Point k, int p)
  if (t[now].p.xy[p] > k.xy[p])
  {
    if (!t[now].l)
      t[now].l = ++tot;
      t[tot] = KDT_Point(k);
    else ins(t[now].l, k, (p + 1) \% KDTp);
  }
  else
  {
    if (!t[now].r)
      t[now].r = ++tot;
      t[tot] = KDT_Point(k);
    else ins(t[now].r, k, (p + 1) % KDTp);
  }
 up(now);
void re_min(int now, KDT_Point &a, KDT_Point ans[], int k)
  int i = k;
  int di = dist(t[now].p, a);
  t[now].p.dist = di;
  for (; i >= 1 && ans[i].dist >= di; --i);
  if (i == k) return;
  ++i;
  for (int j = k; j > i; --j) ans[j] = ans[j - 1];
  ans[i] = t[now].p;
void qy_min(int now, KDT_Point &a, KDT_Point ans[], int k, int p)
  if (!now) return;
  KDT_Point P;
  for (int i = 0; i < KDTp; ++i)
    P.xy[i] = (a.xy[i] \le t[now].max[i] && a.xy[i] >= t[now].min[i]) ? a.xy[i]
              : (abs(t[now].max[i] - a.xy[i]) < abs(t[now].min[i] - a.xy[i])</pre>
                 ? t[now].max[i] : t[now].min[i]);
  if (dist(P, a) > ans[k].dist) return;
  re_min(now, a, ans, k);
```

```
if (a.xy[p] > t[now].p.xy[p])
      qy_min(t[now].r, a, ans, k, (p + 1) % KDTp);
      qy_min(t[now].l, a, ans, k, (p + 1) % KDTp);
    else
    {
      qy_min(t[now].l, a, ans, k, (p + 1) % KDTp);
      qy_min(t[now].r, a, ans, k, (p + 1) % KDTp);
    }
  }
  void re_max(int now, KDT_Point &a, KDT_Point ans[], int k)
    int i = k;
    int di = dist(t[now].p, a);
    t[now].p.dist = di;
    for (; i >= 1 && (ans[i].dist < di || (ans[i].dist == di && ans[i].num >
t[now].p.num)); --i);
    if (i == k) return;
    ++i;
    for (int j = k; j > i; --j) ans[j] = ans[j - 1];
    ans[i] = t[now].p;
  }
  void qy_max(int now, KDT_Point &a, KDT_Point ans[], int k, int p)
    if (!now) return;
    KDT_Point P;
    for (int i = 0; i < KDTp; ++i)
      P.xy[i] = abs(t[now].max[i] - a.xy[i]) > abs(t[now].min[i] - a.xy[i])
                ? t[now].max[i] : t[now].min[i];
    if (dist(P, a) < ans[k].dist) return;</pre>
    re_max(now, a, ans, k);
    if (a.xy[p] < t[now].p.xy[p])
      qy_max(t[now].r, a, ans, k, (p + 1) % KDTp);
      qy_max(t[now].l, a, ans, k, (p + 1) % KDTp);
    }
    else
      qy_max(t[now].l, a, ans, k, (p + 1) % KDTp);
      qy_max(t[now].r, a, ans, k, (p + 1) % KDTp);
    }
  }
  public:
  void create(int N, KDT_Point K[], int p)
    n = N;
    KDTp = p;
    root = build(0, n - 1, K, 0);
  void insert(KDT_Point k)
    ins(root, k, 0);
```

```
}
 void query_max(KDT_Point &a, KDT_Point ans[], int k)
   for (int i = 0; i <= k; ++i)
     ans[i].dist = -KDTinf;
   qy_max(root, a, ans, k, 0);
 void query_min(KDT_Point &a, KDT_Point ans[], int k)
   for (int i = 0; i \le k; ++i)
     ans[i].dist = KDTinf;
   qy_min(root, a, ans, k, 0);
 int dist(KDT_Point a, KDT_Point b)
   int ans = 0;
   for (int i = 0; i < KDTp; ++i)
     ans += sqr(a.xy[i] - b.xy[i]);
   return ans;
 void clear()
   n = tot = root = KDTp = 0;
   memset(t, 0, sizeof(t));
};
//=========KDTree========
12. Network Flow // 最大流
const int NFmaxn = 1005;
const int NFmaxm = 1005;
const int NFinf = 0x7fffffff;
struct NF_Line
 int to, next, v, opt;
};
struct Network_Flow
 NF_Line li[NFmaxm];
 int be[NFmaxn], l, s, t, n, num[NFmaxn], note[NFmaxn];
 void makeline(int fr, int to, int v)
   ++l;
   li[l].next = be[fr];
   be[fr] = l;
   li[l].to = to;
   li[l].v = v;
```

```
li[l].opt = l + 1;
  ++l;
  li[l].next = be[to];
  be[to] = l;
  li[l].to = fr;
  li[l].v = 0;
  li[l].opt = l - 1;
void create(int N)
 n = N;
int sap(int now, int maxf)
  if (now == t) return maxf;
  int mi = n, tot = 0;
  for (int i = be[now]; i; i = li[i].next)
    int to = li[i].to;
    if (li[i].v && note[to] + 1 == note[now])
      int k = sap(to, min(maxf - tot, li[i].v));
      li[i].v -= k;
      tot += k;
      li[li[i].opt].v += k;
      if (note[s] >= n || tot == maxf) return tot;
    if (li[i].v) mi = min(mi, note[to]);
  }
  if (!tot)
  {
    if (!--num[note[now]])
      note[s] = n;
      return 0;
    ++num[note[now] = mi + 1];
  return tot;
}
int query(int S, int T)
  s = S, t = T;
  memset(num, 0, sizeof(num));
 memset(note, 0, sizeof(note));
 num[0] = n;
  int ans = 0;
  while (note[s] < n) ans += sap(s, NFinf);</pre>
  return ans;
}
void clear()
  l = s = t = n = 0;
```

```
memset(be, 0, sizeof(be));
   memset(num, 0, sizeof(num));
   memset(note, 0, sizeof(note));
};
13. Network Cost Flow Spfa // 最小费用最大流 spfa版
const int NCFSmaxn = 10005;
const int NCFSmaxm = 100005;
const int NCFSinf_ = 0x7f;
const int NCFSinf = 0x7f7f7f7f;
struct NCFS_Line
 int fr, to, next, v, c, opt;
};
struct Network_Cost_Flow_Spfa
 NCFS_Line li[NCFSmaxm];
 int be[NCFSmaxn], l, s, t, n, dist[NCFSmaxn], fa[NCFSmaxn];
 deque<int> q;
 void makeline(int fr, int to, int v, int c)
   ++l;
   li[l].next = be[fr];
   be[fr] = l;
   li[l].fr = fr;
   li[l].to = to;
   li[l].v = v;
   li[l].c = c;
   li[l].opt = l + 1;
   ++l;
   li[l].next = be[to];
   be[to] = l;
   li[l].fr = to;
   li[l].to = fr;
   li[l].v = 0;
   li[l].c = -c;
   li[l].opt = l - 1;
 }
 void create(int N)
   n = N;
 void clear()
   l = s = t = n = 0;
   memset(be, 0, sizeof(be));
```

```
memset(dist, NCFSinf_, sizeof(dist));
   memset(fa, 0, sizeof(fa));
   dist[t] = 0;
   b[t] = 1;
   q.push_back(t);
   while (!q.empty())
     int now = q.front();
     q.pop_front();
     for (int i = be[now]; i; i = li[i].next)
       int to = li[i].to;
       if (!li[li[i].opt].v || dist[to] <= dist[now] - li[i].c) continue;</pre>
       dist[to] = dist[now] - li[i].c;
       fa[to] = i;
       if (!b[to])
         b[to] = 1;
         if (!q.empty() && dist[to] < dist[q.front()]) q.push_front(to);</pre>
         else q.push_back(to);
       }
     b[now] = 0;
   return dist[s] != NCFSinf;
 par query(int S, int T)
  {
   par ans;
   ans.a = ans.b = 0;
   s = S, t = T;
   while (spfa())
     int mi = NCFSinf;
     for (int i = s; i != t; i = li[fa[i]].fr)
       mi = min(mi, li[li[fa[i]].opt].v);
     for (int i = s; i != t; i = li[fa[i]].fr)
       li[fa[i]].v += mi;
       li[li[fa[i]].opt].v -= mi;
       ans.b -= mi * li[fa[i]].c;
     ans.a += mi;
   }
   return ans;
};
14. Network Cost Flow Zkw // 最小费用最大流 zkw版
const int NCFZmaxn = 10005;
const int NCFZmaxm = 100005;
```

bool spfa()

```
const int NCFZinf_ = 0x7f;
const int NCFZinf = 0x7f7f7f7f;
struct NCFZ_Line
 int fr, to, next, v, c, opt;
struct Network_Cost_Flow_Zkw
 NCFZ_Line li[NCFZmaxm];
 int be[NCFZmaxn], l, s, t, dist[NCFZmaxn], b[NCFZmaxn];
 deque<int> q;
 void makeline(int fr, int to, int v, int c)
   ++l;
   li[l].next = be[fr];
   be[fr] = l;
   li[l].fr = fr;
   li[l].to = to;
   li[l].v = v;
    li[l].c = c;
   li[l].opt = l + 1;
   ++l;
   li[l].next = be[to];
   be[to] = l;
   li[l].fr = to;
   li[l].to = fr;
   li[l].v = 0;
    li[l].c = -c;
   li[l].opt = l - 1;
 void create()
 void clear()
   l = s = t = 0;
   memset(be, 0, sizeof(be));
   memset(b, 0, sizeof(b));
 bool spfa()
   memset(dist, NCFZinf_, sizeof(dist));
   memset(b, 0, sizeof(b));
   dist[t] = 0;
   b[t] = 1;
   q.push_back(t);
   while (!q.empty())
    {
      int now = q.front();
      q.pop_front();
      for (int i = be[now]; i; i = li[i].next)
```

```
{
       int to = li[i].to;
       if (!li[li[i].opt].v || dist[to] <= dist[now] - li[i].c) continue;</pre>
       dist[to] = dist[now] - li[i].c;
       if (!b[to])
       {
         b[to] = 1;
         if (!q.empty() && dist[to] < dist[q.front()]) q.push_front(to);</pre>
         else q.push_back(to);
       }
     }
     b[now] = 0;
   }
   return dist[s] != NCFZinf;
 }
 int sap(int now, int maxf)
   if (now == t) return maxf;
   int tot = 0;
   b[now] = 1;
   for (int i = be[now]; i; i = li[i].next)
     int to = li[i].to;
     if (!b[to] && li[i].v && dist[to] == dist[now] - li[i].c)
       int k = sap(to, min(maxf - tot, li[i].v));
       li[i].v -= k;
       li[li[i].opt].v += k;
       tot += k;
     }
   }
   return tot;
 par query(int S, int T)
   par ans;
   ans.a = ans.b = 0;
   s = S, t = T;
   while (spfa())
     while (int k = sap(s, NCFZinf))
       memset(b, 0, sizeof(b));
       ans.a += k;
       ans.b += k * dist[s];
     }
   return ans;
};
15. Network Flow Up Down // 上下界流
const int NFUDinf = 0x7f7f7f7f;
```

```
struct NFUD_Line
 int fr, to, next, vu, vd, c, opt;
};
struct Network_Flow_Up_Down
 Network_Flow NF;
 int s, t, ss, tt, li, fi;
 void makeline(int fr, int to, int vd, int vu)
   NF.makeline(fr, to, vu - vd);
   NF.makeline(ss, to, vd);
   NF.makeline(fr, tt, vd);
   fi += vd;
 void create(int n, int S, int T, int SS, int TT)
   s = S, t = T, ss = SS, tt = TT;
   NF.create(n);
   NF.makeline(t, s, NFUDinf);
   li = NF.l;
 }
 int query()
   int ans = 0, p;
   p = NF.query(ss, tt);
   if (p != fi) return -1;
   p = NF.query(s, t);
   ans += p;
   return ans;
 void clear()
   s = t = ss = tt = li = 0;
   NF.clear();
 }
};
16. Network Cost Flow Up Down // 上下界费用流
const int NCFUDinf = 0x7f7f7f7f;
struct NCFUD_Line
 int fr, to, next, vu, vd, c, opt;
struct Network_Cost_Flow_Up_Down
 Network_Cost_Flow_Zkw NCFZ;
```

```
int s, t, ss, tt, li, mo, fi;
 void makeline(int fr, int to, int vd, int vu, int c = 0)
   NCFZ.makeline(fr, to, vu - vd, c);
   NCFZ.makeline(ss, to, vd, 0);
   NCFZ.makeline(fr, tt, vd, 0);
   fi += vd;
   mo += vd * c;
 }
 void create(int S, int T, int SS, int TT)
   s = S, t = T, ss = SS, tt = TT;
   NCFZ.create();
   NCFZ.makeline(t, s, NCFUDinf, 0);
   li = NCFZ.l;
 par query()
   par ans, p;
   p = NCFZ.query(ss, tt);
   if (p.a != fi) return par(-1, -1);
   ans.b = mo + p.b;
   ans.a = 0;
   p = NCFZ.query(s, t);
   ans.a += p.a, ans.b += p.b;
   return ans;
 }
 void clear()
   s = t = ss = tt = li = mo = 0;
   NCFZ.clear();
 }
};
17. Mergeable Tree // 可并堆
const int MHmaxn = 100005;
struct MHnode
 int l, r, dis, v;
};
struct MergeableHeap //big first
 MHnode t[MHmaxn];
 int tot;
 void create()
```

```
}
 int merge(int a, int b)
 {
   if (!a) return b;
   if (!b) return a;
   if (t[a].v < t[b].v) swap(a, b);
   t[a].r = merge(t[a].r, b);
   if (t[t[a].l].dis < t[t[a].r].dis) swap(t[a].l, t[a].r);</pre>
   t[a].dis = t[t[a].r].dis + 1;
   return a;
 }
 int make_node(int v)
   ++tot;
   t[tot].l = t[tot].r = t[tot].dis = 0;
   t[tot].v = v;
   return tot;
 }
 int pop(int root)
   return merge(t[root].l, t[root].r);
 int top(int root)
   return t[root].v;
 void clear()
   tot = 0;
};
18. Hash Map // hash
const int HMmaxn = 1000000;
struct HM_Member_V
 int v;
};
struct HM_Member
 int n, a[20];
 HM_Member_V v;
struct HM_Line
 int next;
```

```
HM_Member to;
};
struct Hash_Map
  static const int MOD = 19961107;
  static const int MOD2 = 1234567891;
  HM_Line li[HMmaxn];
  int be[MOD], l;
  void create()
  }
  int hash(const HM_Member& a)
    int ans = a.n;
    for (int i = 0; i < a.n; ++i)
      ans = (((ll)ans) * MOD2 + a.a[i]) % MOD;
    return ans;
  void makeline(int fr, const HM_Member& to)
    ++l;
    li[l].next = be[fr];
    be[fr] = l;
    li[l].to = to;
  bool same(const HM_Member& a, const HM_Member& b)
    bool br = a.n == b.n;
    for (int i = 0; i < a.n; ++i)
      if (a.a[i] != b.a[i])
        br = false;
        break;
    return br;
  }
  bool check(const HM_Member& a)
    int h = hash(a);
    for (int i = be[h]; i; i = li[i].next)
      if (same(li[i].to, a))
        return true;
    return false;
  HM_Member_V get(const HM_Member& a)
    int h = hash(a);
    for (int i = be[h]; i; i = li[i].next)
      if (same(li[i].to, a))
        return li[i].to.v;
```

```
HM_Member_V k;
   return k;
 }
 void insert(const HM_Member& a)
   int h = hash(a);
   if (check(a))
     for (int i = be[h]; i; i = li[i].next)
       if (same(li[i].to, a))
         {
           li[i].to.v = a.v;
           break;
   else makeline(h, a);
 void clear()
   l = 0;
   memset(be, 0, sizeof(be));
};
19. Geometry Base // 几何 基本
struct Geometry_Base
      public:
      static const double eps = 1e-8;
      double pi;
      struct point
      {
            double x, y;
            point(double _x, double _y) : x(_x), y(_y) {}
            point operator-(point a) { return point(x - a.x, y - a.y); }
            point operator+(point a) { return point(x + a.x, y + a.y); }
            point operator*(double a) { return point(x * a, y * a); }
            point operator/(double a) { return point(x / a, y / a); }
            double operator&(point a) { return x * a.y - y * a.x; }
            double operator|(point a) { return x * a.x + y * a.y; }
            bool operator==(point a) { return !cmp(x, a.x) && !cmp(y, a.y); }
            bool operator!=(point a) { return !(!cmp(x, a.x) && !cmp(y, a.y)); }
            bool operator<(point a) const { return cmp(x, a.x) == -1 || (cmp(x, a.x))
== 0 \&\& cmp(y, a.y) == -1); }
            point operator==(point a) { x == a.x, y == a.y; return *this; }
```

```
point operator+=(point a) { x += a.x, y += a.y; return *this; }
             point operator*=(double a) { x *= a, y *= a; return *this; }
             point operator/=(double a) { x /= a, y /= a; return *this; }
      };
      struct segment
      {
             point a, b;
             segment() {};
             segment(point a, point b): a(a), b(b) {};
             bool operator==(segment A) { return (a == A.a && b == A.b) | |  (b == A.a
&& a == A.b); }
             bool operator!=(segment A) { return !((a == A.a && b == A.b) | | (b == A.a
&& a == A.b)); }
      };
      Geometry_Base() { pi = acos(-1.); }
      void create() {}
      double sqr(double a) { return a * a; }
      point rotate(point a, double b) { return point(a.x * cos(b) - a.y * sin(b), a.x
* sin(b) + a.y * cos(b)); }
      double dist(point a, point b) { return sqrt(sqr(a.x - b.x) + sqr(a.y - b.y)); }
      static int cmp(double a, double b) { return abs(a - b) < eps ? 0 : (a < b ? -1 :
1); } // (0 =) (-1 <) (1 >)
      int pos(point a, point b) { return cmp(a & b, 0); } // (0 =) (-1 right) (1 left)
      int pos(segment a, segment b) { return pos(a.b - a.a, b.b - b.a); } // (0 =) (-1
right) (1 left)
      int pos(segment a, point b) { return pos(a, segment(a.a, b)); } // (0 =) (-1
right) (1 left)
                                             return !cmp(dist(a.a, a.b), dist(a.a, b)
      bool init(segment a, point b)
                                      {
+ dist(a.b, b));
      segment get_vertical(segment a, point b) { return segment(b, b + rotate(a.b -
a.a, pi / 2)); }
      point get_foot(segment a, point b) { return cross(a, get_vertical(a, b));}
      point get_mid(segment a) { return (a.a + a.b) / 2; }
      double dist2(segment a, point b) { point p = get_foot(a, b); return init(a, p) ?
dist(p, b) : min(dist(a.a, b), dist(a.b, b)); }
      int check(segment a, segment b)
      {
             if (pos(a, b) == 0)
                   if (pos(a, b.a)) return 0;
                   if (!cmp(a.a.x, a.b.x))
                          if (a.a.y > a.b.y) swap(a.a, a.b);
                          if (b.a.y > b.b.y) swap(b.a, b.b);
                          if (a.a.y > b.a.y) swap(a, b);
                          return cmp(a.b.y, b.a.y) >= 0 ? -1 : 0;
                   }
                   else
                   {
                          if (a.a.x > a.b.x) swap(a.a, a.b);
                          if (b.a.x > b.b.x) swap(b.a, b.b);
                          if (a.a.x > b.a.x) swap(a, b);
                          return cmp(a.b.x, b.a.x) >= 0 ? -1 : 0;
```

```
}
            return pos(a, b.a) * pos(a, b.b) <= 0 && pos(b, a.a) * pos(b, a.b) <= 0 ?
1:0;
      double get_k(segment a)
            if (!cmp(a.a.x, a.b.x)) return 0;
            return (a.b.y - a.a.y) / (a.b.x - a.a.x);
      }
      double get_b(segment a)
            if (!cmp(a.a.x, a.b.x)) return 0;
            return a.a.y - a.a.x * get_k(a);
      }
      point cross(segment a, segment b)
            if (!pos(a, b)) return point(0, 0);
            if (!cmp(b.a.x, b.b.x)) swap(a, b);
            if (!cmp(a.a.x, a.b.x))
                  double k = (b.b.y - b.a.y) / (b.b.x - b.a.x),
                                     b_{-} = b.a.y - b.a.x * k;
                  return point(a.a.x, k * a.a.x + b_);
            }
            else
            {
                  double k1 = (a.b.y - a.a.y) / (a.b.x - a.a.x),
                                     k2 = (b.b.y - b.a.y) / (b.b.x - b.a.x),
                                     b1 = a.a.y - a.a.x * k1,
                                     b2 = b.a.y - b.a.x * k2,
                                          = (b2 - b1) / (k1 - k2),
                                     y = k1 * x + b1;
                  return point(x, y);
            }
      }
};
typedef Geometry_Base::point gbp;
typedef Geometry_Base::segment gbs;
20. Geometry Polygon // 几何 多边形
struct Geometry_Polygon
      static const int GPmaxn = 1005;
      Geometry_Base gb;
      int n;
      gbp a[GPmaxn], mx, t[GPmaxn + 10];
      void create(int _n, vector<gbp> _a)
      {
            n = _n;
            mx = _a[0];
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
             a[i] = _a[i];
             mx.x = max(mx.x, a[i].x);
             mx.y = max(mx.y, a[i].y);
      }
}
void clear()
{
      n = 0;
}
double get_s()
      double ans = a[n - 1] & a[0];
      for (int i = 1; i < n; ++i)
             ans += a[i - 1] & a[i];
      return abs(ans);
}
int check(gbp p) //0外部 -1边界 1内部
      if (gb.init(gbs(a[n - 1], a[0]), p)) return -1;
      for (int i = 1; i < n; ++i)
             if (gb.init(gbs(a[i - 1], a[i]), p))
                    return -1;
      gbs s = gbs(p, mx + gbp(rand(), rand()));
      int ans = gb.check(s, gbs(a[n - 1], a[0])) ? 1 : 0;
      for (int i = 1; i < n; ++i)
             ans += gb.check(s, gbs(a[i - 1], a[i])) ? 1 : 0;
      return (ans & 1) ? 1 : 0;
}
double get_in_len(gbs s)
      int tot = 0;
      t[tot++] = s.a, t[tot++] = s.b;
      if (gb.check(s, gbs(a[n - 1], a[0])) == 1)
             t[tot++] = gb.cross(s, gbs(a[n - 1], a[0]));
      if (gb.init(s, a[0])) t[tot++] = a[0];
      for (int i = 1; i < n; ++i)
      {
             if (gb.init(s, a[i])) t[tot++] = a[i];
             if (gb.check(s, gbs(a[i - 1], a[i])) == 1)
                    t[tot++] = gb.cross(s, gbs(a[i - 1], a[i]));
      sort(t, t + tot);
      tot = unique(t, t + tot) - t;
      double ans = 0;
      for (int i = 0; i < tot - 1; ++i)
             if (check(gb.get_mid(gbs(t[i], t[i + 1]))))
                    ans += gb.dist(t[i], t[i + 1]);
      return ans;
}
vector<gbp> get_convex_hull()
```

```
{
            vector<gbp> ans;
            sort(a, a + n);
            ans.push_back(a[0]);
            for (int i = 1; i < n; ++i)
                  while (ans.size() > 1 && gb.pos(ans.back() - ans[ans.size() - 2],
a[i] - ans[ans.size() - 2]) >= 0)
                         ans.pop_back();
                   ans.push_back(a[i]);
            int p = ans.size();
            for (int i = n - 2; i >= 0; --i)
                   while (ans.size() > p + 1 && gb.pos(ans.back() - ans[ans.size() -
2], a[i] - ans[ans.size() - 2]) >= 0)
                         ans.pop_back();
                   ans.push_back(a[i]);
            ans.pop_back();
            return ans;
      }
};
//========Geometry_Polygon=======
21. Geometry Round // 几何 圆
struct Geometry_Round
      gbp o;
      double r;
      Geometry_Base gb;
      void create(gbp _o, double _r)
      {
            o = _0;
            r = _r;
      };
      int check(gbp p) //里1 边界-1 外0
      {
            int k = gb.cmp(gb.dist(p, o), r);
            if (k == -1) return 1;
            else
            if (k == 0) return -1;
            else return 0;
      }
      int check2(gbs s)
            vector<gbp> v;
            v = cross(s);
            int ans = 0;
            for (int i = 0; i < (int)v.size(); ++i)</pre>
                   if (gb.init(s, v[i]))
                         ++ans;
```

```
return ans;
      }
      int check(gbs s)
            int k = check(gb.get_foot(s, o));
            if (k == -1) return 1;
            else
            if (k == 0) return 0;
            else return 2;
      }
      vector<gbp> cross(gbs s)
            vector<gbp> v;
            int c = check(s);
            if (c == 0) return v;
            if (c == 1)
            {
                   v.push_back(gb.get_foot(s, o));
                   return v;
            s.a -= o, s.b -= o;
            if (!gb.cmp(s.a.x, s.b.x))
                   v.push\_back(gbp(s.a.x, sqrt(r * r - s.a.x * s.a.x)) + o);
                   v.push\_back(gbp(s.a.x, -sqrt(r * r - s.a.x * s.a.x)) + o);
                   return v;
            }
            else
            {
                   double k = gb.get_k(s), b = gb.get_b(s),
                                      oo = 1 + k * k, p = 2 * k * b, q = b * b - r
* r,
                                      delta = sqrt(p * p - 4 * oo * q);
                   double x = (-p + delta) / 2 * oo, y = k * x + b;
                   v.push_back(gbp(x, y) + o);
                   x = (-p - delta) / 2 * oo, y = k * x + b;
                   v.push_back(gbp(x, y) + o);
                   return v;
            return v;
      }
};
22. Shortest Path // 最短路
//=========Shortest_Path========
const int SPmaxn = 50000;
struct Shortest_Path
      struct member
            int n, v;
            member(int a, int b) : n(a), v(b){}
```

```
};
      int dist[SPmaxn], b[SPmaxn];
      priority_queue<member> q;
      int query(Link_Table_V &l, int s, int t)
            memset(dist, 0x3f, sizeof(dist));
            memset(b, 0, sizeof(b));
            dist[s] = 0;
            while (!q.empty()) q.pop();
            q.push(member(s, 0));
            for (;;)
            {
                  int k = -1;
                  while (!q.empty())
                  {
                         k = q.top().n;
                         if (!b[k]) break;
                         k = -1;
                         q.pop();
                  if (k == -1) break;
                  if (k == t) return dist[t];
                  b[k] = 1;
                  for (int i = l.be(k); i; i = l.next(i))
                         int to = l.to(i), v = l.v(i);
                         if (b[to]) continue;
                         if (dist[k] + v >= dist[to]) continue;
                         dist[to] = dist[k] + v;
                         q.push(member(to, dist[to]));
                  }
            return -1;
      }
};
bool operator<(Shortest_Path::member a, Shortest_Path::member b) { return a.v > b.v; }
23. High Num // 高精
//========HighNum===========
struct High_Num
      static const int HNmaxn = 30;
      static const int cut = 10000;
      static const int cut_n = 4;
      bool nag;
      int a[HNmaxn], n;
      inline void create(int t)
      {
            n = 0;
            memset(a, 0, sizeof(a));
```

```
if (t < 0) nag = true, t = -t;
      else nag = false;
      while (t)
      {
             a[n++] = t % cut;
             t /= cut;
      }
}
inline void create(string t)
      int fr = 0, to = t.length() - 1;
      if (t[0] == '-') nag = true, ++fr;
      for (n = 0; to >= fr; ++n, to -= cut_n)
             for (int i = max(fr, to - cut_n + 1); i <= to; ++i)
                    a[n] = a[n] * 10 + t[i] - '0';
}
inline High_Num(int t = 0)
      create(t);
}
inline bool bigger(const High_Num& a, const High_Num& b)
      if (a.n != b.n) return a.n > b.n;
      for (int i = a.n - 1; i >= 0; --i)
             if (a.a[i] < b.a[i])
                    return false;
             if (a.a[i] > b.a[i])
                    return true;
      return false;
}
inline bool smaller(const High_Num& a, const High_Num& b)
      if (a.n != b.n) return a.n < b.n;</pre>
       for (int i = a.n - 1; i >= 0; ---i)
             if (a.a[i] < b.a[i])
                    return true;
             if (a.a[i] > b.a[i])
                    return false;
      return false;
}
inline bool operator==(const High_Num& b)
{
       if (n != b.n || nag != b.nag) return false;
       for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
             if (a[i] != b.a[i])
                    return false;
       return true;
}
```

```
inline bool operator!=(const High_Num& b)
             return !((*this) == b);
      }
       inline bool operator<(const High_Num& b) { return (nag != b.nag) ? nag : (nag ?</pre>
bigger(*this, b) : smaller(*this, b)); }
       inline bool operator>(const High_Num& b) { return (nag != b.nag) ? b.nag :
(nag ? smaller(*this, b) : bigger(*this, b)); }
       inline bool operator<=(const High_Num& b) { return *this < b || *this == b; }</pre>
       inline bool operator>=(const High_Num& b) { return *this > b || *this == b; }
       inline void get_mid(const High_Num& a, High_Num& ans)
             ans.clear();
             for (int i = a.n - 1, t = 0; i >= 0; --i)
                    ans.a[i] = (a.a[i] + t) / 2;
                    t = (a.a[i] \% 2) * cut;
             ans.n = a.n;
             while (ans.n && !ans.a[ans.n - 1]) --ans.n;
      }
       inline void plus(const High_Num& a, const High_Num& b, High_Num& ans)
             ans.clear();
             ans.n = max(a.n, b.n);
             for (int i = 0; i < ans.n; ++i)
                    ans.a[i] += a.a[i] + b.a[i];
                    ans.a[i + 1] = ans.a[i] / cut;
                    ans.a[i] %= cut;
             if (ans.a[ans.n]) ++ans.n;
      }
      inline void minus(const High_Num& a, const High_Num& b, High_Num& ans)
             if (smaller(a, b))
                    minus(b, a, ans);
                    ans.nag = true;
                    return;
             ans.clear();
             ans.n = a.n;
             for (int i = 0; i < ans.n; ++i)
                    ans.a[i] += a.a[i] - b.a[i];
                    if (ans.a[i] < 0)
                           ans.a[i + 1] -= 1, ans.a[i] += cut;
             while (ans.n && !ans.a[ans.n - 1]) --ans.n;
      }
       inline void multiply(const High_Num& a, const High_Num& b, High_Num& ans)
```

```
ans.clear();
      for (int i = 0; i < a.n; ++i)
             for (int j = 0; j < b.n; ++j)
                    ans.a[i + j] += a.a[i] * b.a[j];
                    ans.a[i + j + 1] += ans.a[i + j] / cut;
                    ans.a[i + j] %= cut;
             }
      ans.n = a.n + b.n + 1;
      while (ans.n && !ans.a[ans.n - 1]) --ans.n;
}
inline void divide(const High_Num& a, const High_Num& b, High_Num& ans)
       ans.clear();
      High_Num l = 0, r = 0, mid;
      r = a;
      r = r + 1;
      while (l + 1 < r)
             get_mid(l + r, mid);
             if (mid * b > a) r = mid;
             else l = mid;
      }
      ans = l;
}
inline void divide(const High_Num& a, int b, High_Num& ans)
{
       ans.clear();
      for (int i = a.n - 1, last = 0; i >= 0; --i)
             ans.a[i] = (a.a[i] + last) / b,
             last = ((a.a[i] + last) % b) * a.cut;
      ans.n = a.n;
      while (ans.n && !ans.a[ans.n - 1]) --ans.n;
}
inline High_Num operator+(const High_Num& t)
      High_Num ans;
      if (nag == t.nag)
       {
             plus(*this, t, ans);
             if (nag)
                    ans.nag = !ans.nag;
      }
      else
       {
             if (nag) minus(t, *this, ans);
             else minus(*this, t, ans);
       return ans;
}
inline High_Num operator-(const High_Num& t)
      High_Num ans;
      if (nag != t.nag)
```

```
plus(*this, t, ans);
                    if (nag)
                           ans.nag = !ans.nag;
             else
             {
                    if (nag) minus(t, *this, ans);
                    else minus(*this, t, ans);
             return ans;
      }
      inline High_Num operator*(const High_Num& t)
             High_Num ans;
             multiply(*this, t, ans);
             if (nag != t.nag && ans.n) ans.nag = !ans.nag;
             return ans;
      }
      inline High_Num operator/(const High_Num& t)
             if (!n || !t.n) return High_Num(0);
             High_Num ans;
             divide(*this, t, ans);
             if (nag != t.nag)
                                ans.nag = !ans.nag;
             return ans;
      }
      inline High_Num operator/(int t)
             if (!n || !t) return High_Num(0);
             High_Num ans;
             divide(*this, t, ans);
             if (nag != (t < 0)) ans.nag = !ans.nag;</pre>
             return ans;
      }
      inline High_Num operator%(const High_Num& t)
      {
             return (*this) - (((*this) / t) * t);
      }
      inline High_Num operator%(int t)
             return (*this) - (((*this) / t) * t);
      }
      inline High_Num operator+=(const High_Num& t) { (*this) = (*this) + t; return
*this;}
      inline High_Num operator-=(const High_Num& t) { (*this) = (*this) - t; return
*this;}
      inline High_Num operator*=(const High_Num& t) { (*this) = (*this) * t; return
*this;}
      inline High_Num operator/=(const High_Num& t) { (*this) = (*this) / t; return
*this;}
```

{

```
inline High_Num operator%=(const High_Num& t) { (*this) = (*this) % t; return
*this;}
                                               High_Num t2 = t; return (*this) == t2; }
      inline bool operator==(const int t){
      inline bool operator!=(const int t){
                                               High_Num t2 = t; return (*this) != t2; }
                                               High_Num t2 = t; return (*this) < t2; }</pre>
      inline bool operator<(const int t) {</pre>
      inline bool operator<=(const int t){</pre>
                                               High_Num t2 = t; return (*this) <= t2; }</pre>
      inline bool operator>(const int t)
                                                      High_Num t2 = t; return (*this) >
t2; }
      inline bool operator>=(const int t){
                                               High_Num t2 = t; return (*this) >= t2; }
      inline High_Num operator+(const int t) {
                                                      High_Num t2 = t; return (*this) +
t2; }
      inline High_Num operator-(const int t) {
                                                      High_Num t2 = t; return (*this) -
t2; }
      inline High_Num operator*(const int t) {
                                                      High_Num t2 = t; return (*this) *
t2; }
      inline High_Num operator+=(const int t) {
                                                      High_Num t2 = t; (*this) =
(*this) + t2; return *this;}
      inline High_Num operator-=(const int t) {
                                                      High_Num t2 = t; (*this) =
(*this) - t2; return *this;}
      inline High_Num operator*=(const int t) {
                                                      High_Num t2 = t; (*this) =
(*this) * t2; return *this;}
      inline High_Num operator/=(int t) {
                                               (*this) = (*this) / t; return *this;}
      inline High_Num operator%=(int t) {
                                               (*this) = (*this) % t; return *this;}
      inline void print()
      {
             if (!n)
             {
                    printf("0");
                    return;
             if (nag) printf("-");
             printf("%d", a[n - 1]);
             for (int i = n - 2; i >= 0; --i)
                    printf("%.04d", a[i]);
      }
      inline void clear()
      {
             n = 0;
             nag = false;
             memset(a, 0, sizeof(a));
      }
      inline int to_int()
             int k = 0;
             for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) k = (k * cut) + a[i];
             if (nag) k *= -1;
             return k;
      }
};
//==========HighNum============
```

```
24. Discretization // 离散化
template<typename T>
struct Discretization
   static const int Dmaxn = 1005;
   T t[Dmaxn];
   int sau(T *a, int n)
       sort(a, a + n, less<T>());
       return unique(a, a + n, equal_to<T>()) - a;
   void query(T *a, int n, int *ans)
       for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
          t[i] = a[i];
       sort(t, t + n, less < T > ());
       int m = unique(t, t + n, equal_to<T>()) - t;
       for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
          ans[i] = lower_bound(t, t + m, a[i], less<T>()) - t;
   template<typename _compare, typename __compare>
   int sau(T *a, int n, _compare _less, __compare equal)
       sort(a, a + n, _less);
       return unique(a, a + n, equal) - a;
   template<typename _compare, typename __compare>
   void query(T *a, int n, int *ans, _compare _less = less<T>(), __compare equal =
equal_to<T>())
   {
       for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
          t[i] = a[i];
       sort(t, t + n, _less);
       int m = unique(t, t + n, equal) - t;
       for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
          ans[i] = lower_bound(t, t + m, a[i], _less) - t;
   }
};
25. Tarjan // tarjan
struct Tarjan
{
      static const int Tmaxn = 200005;
      static const int Tmaxm = 200005;
      int low[Tmaxn], dfn[Tmaxn], tot, t[Tmaxm];
      int tarjan(int now, int fa, Link_Table &L, bool *b, int tp)
      {
            dfn[now] = ++tot;
            low[now] = dfn[now];
            int sum = 0, lfa = -1, mi = 0x7ffffffff;
```

```
for (int i = L.be(now); i; i = L.next(i))
             int to = L.to(i);
             if (to == fa)
             {
                    lfa = i;
                    continue;
             if (!dfn[to])
                    int t = tarjan(to, now, L, b, tp);
                    low[now] = min(low[now], low[to]);
                    if (tp)
                           if (low[to] > dfn[now]) b[i] = b[t] = 1;
                    ++sum;
                    if (low[to] >= dfn[now] && fa != -1) b[now] = 1;
                    mi = min(mi, low[to]);
             else low[now] = min(low[now], dfn[to]);
      if (!tp && sum && fa == -1)
             b[now] = sum > 1 ? 1 : 0;
       return lfa;
}
void clear()
{
      memset(low, 0, sizeof(low));
      memset(dfn, 0, sizeof(dfn));
      tot = 0;
}
void get_cut_node(Link_Table &L, int n, bool *b)
{
      clear();
      for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
             b[i] = 0;
      for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
             if (!dfn[i])
                    tarjan(i, -1, L, b, 0);
}
void get_cut_edge(Link_Table &L, int n, bool *b)
{
      clear();
      for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
             b[i] = 0;
       for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
             if (!dfn[i])
                    tarjan(i, -1, L, b, 1);
       for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
             for (int j = L.be(i); j; j = L.next(j))
                    ++t[L.to(j)];
             for (int j = L.be(i); j; j = L.next(j))
                    if (t[L.to(j)] > 1)
                           b[j] = 0;
             for (int j = L.be(i); j; j = L.next(j))
```

```
--t[L.to(j)];
          }
    }
};
//======Tarjan=======
26. Other // par point range
//======other=====
struct par
 int a, b;
 par(int _a = 0, int _b = 0) : a(_a), b(_b) {}
struct point
 int x, y;
 point(int _x = 0, int _y = 0) : x(_x), y(_y) {}
struct range
 int l, r;
 range(int _l = 0, int _r = 0) : l(_l), r(_r) {}
//======other======
```