



# Microservices on AWS

AWS Summit Berlin 2016

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# Agenda

What are Microservices?

Why Microservices?

Challenges of Microservices

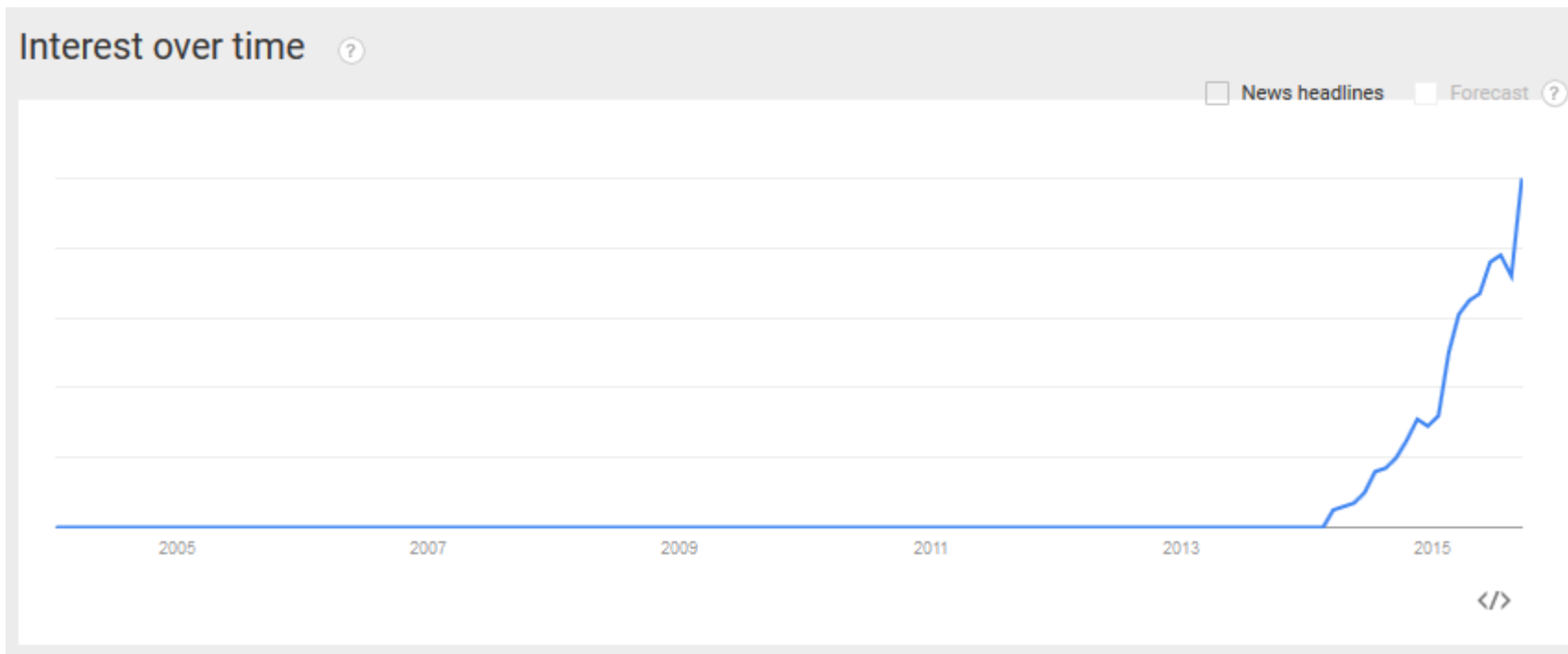
Microservices on AWS

Docker with ECR & ECS - Demo

# **What are Microservices?**

# What are Microservices?

## Google Trends

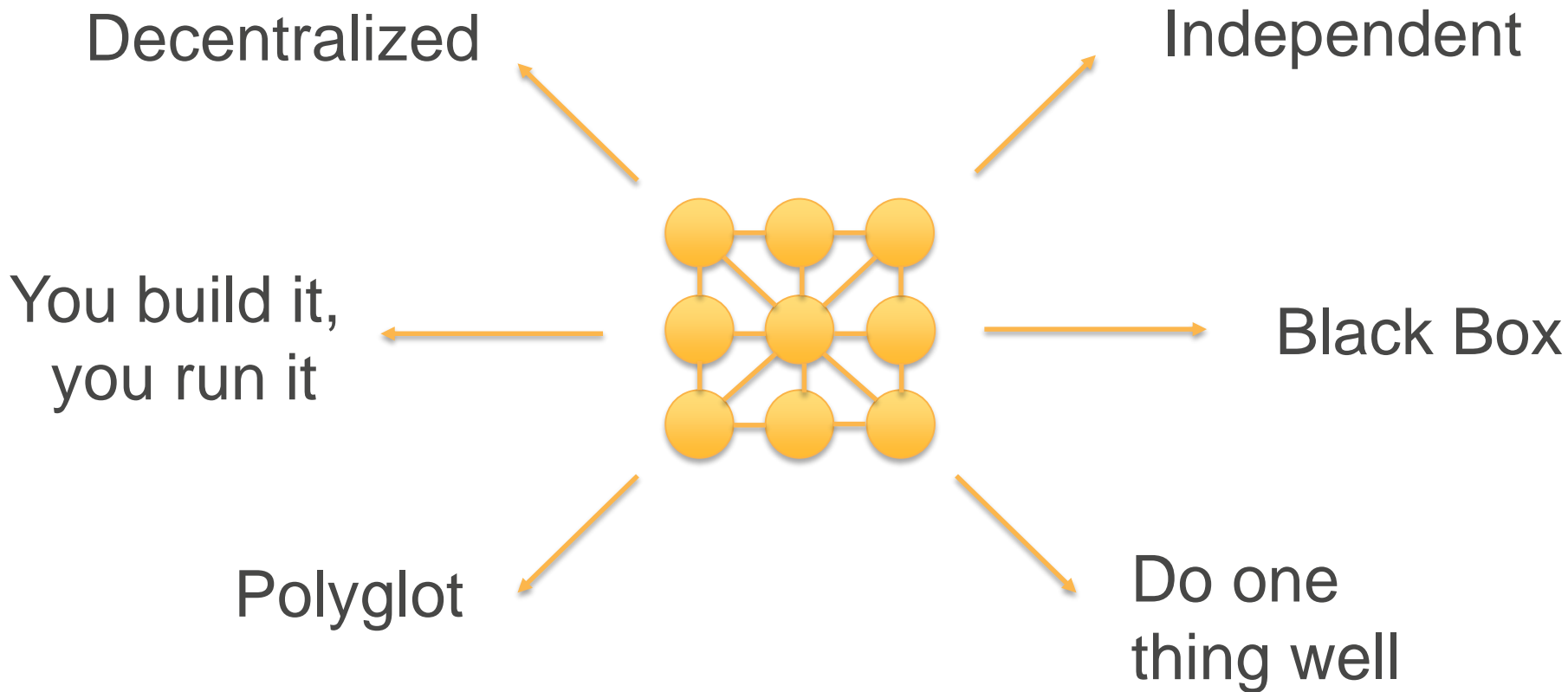


# What are Microservices?

## Related concepts

- Service Oriented Architectures
- API First
- Agile Software Development
- Continuous Delivery
- DevOps

# Characteristics of Microservice Architectures



# Why Microservices?

# Why Microservices?

**Gilt:** “From Monolith Ruby App to Distributed Scala Micro-Services” (*NYC Tech Talks*) [[Link](#)]

**Nike:** “Nike’s Journey to Microservices” (*AWS Re:Invent 2014*) [[Link](#)]

**SoundCloud:** “Building Products at SoundCloud - Part III: Microservices in Scala and Finagle” [[Link](#)]

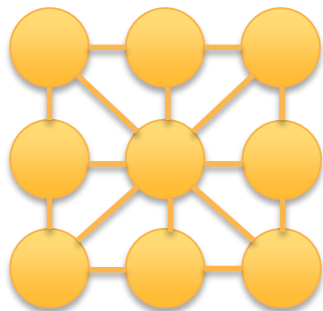
**Capital One:** “Lack Of Legacy Lets Capital One Build Nimble Infrastructure” [[Link](#)]

**Hailo:** “A Journey into Microservices” [[Link](#)]

**Autoscout24:** “Why Autoscout24 changes its technology” [[Link](#)]

**Zalando:** “From Monolith to Microservices” [[Link](#)]





**vs**



**Microservices**

**Monolith**

# Problems of Monolithic Architectures

Code complexity and maintainability

Deployment becomes the bottleneck

Fear to change

Lack of ownership

Failure dependencies

One size doesn't fit all (ex: relational DB)

Hard to scale out

# Problems of Monolithic Architectures

Code complexity and maintainability

**Deployment** becomes the bottleneck

Fear to change

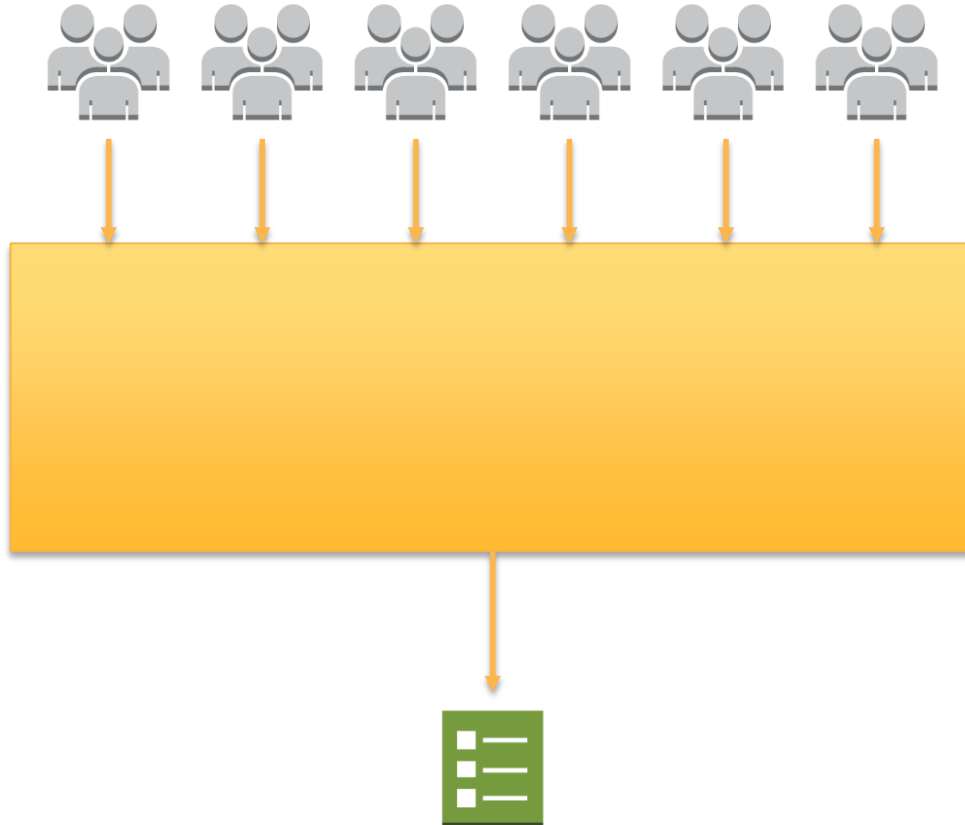
Lack of **ownership**

Failure dependencies

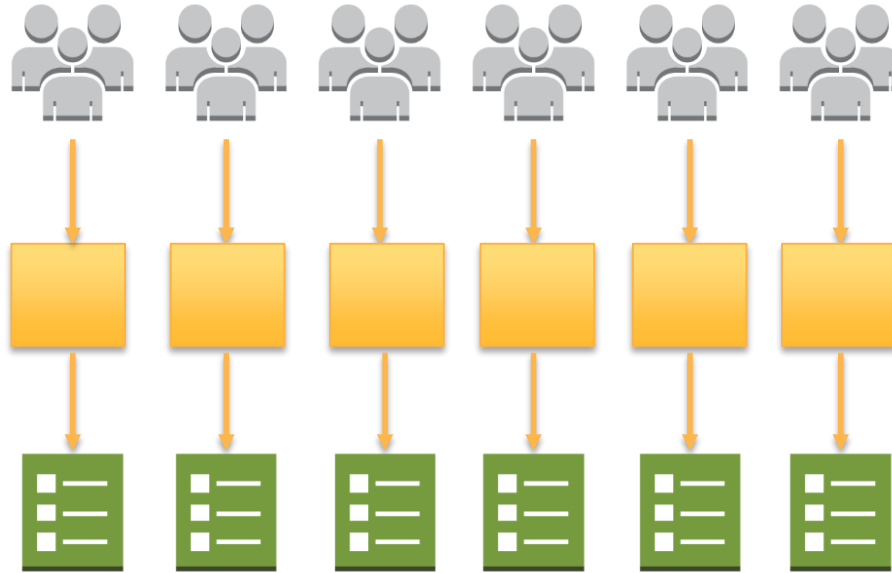
One size doesn't fit all (ex: relational DB)

Hard to **scale** out

# Problems of Monolithic Architectures



# Development Life Cycle with Small Teams



# Benefits of Microservices

## Speed

- Faster development and deployment

## Innovation

- Autonomy of teams, culture of change
- Ownership and DevOps culture

## Quality

- Composability and reusability
- More maintainable code
- Better scaling and optimizations
- Failure Isolation and Resiliency

# What Customers Say

*“Avoid fear to change things”*

*“Applied SE best practices to operations”*

*“Easily switch between synchronous and asynchronous communication”*

*“Easy to start new things from scratch”*

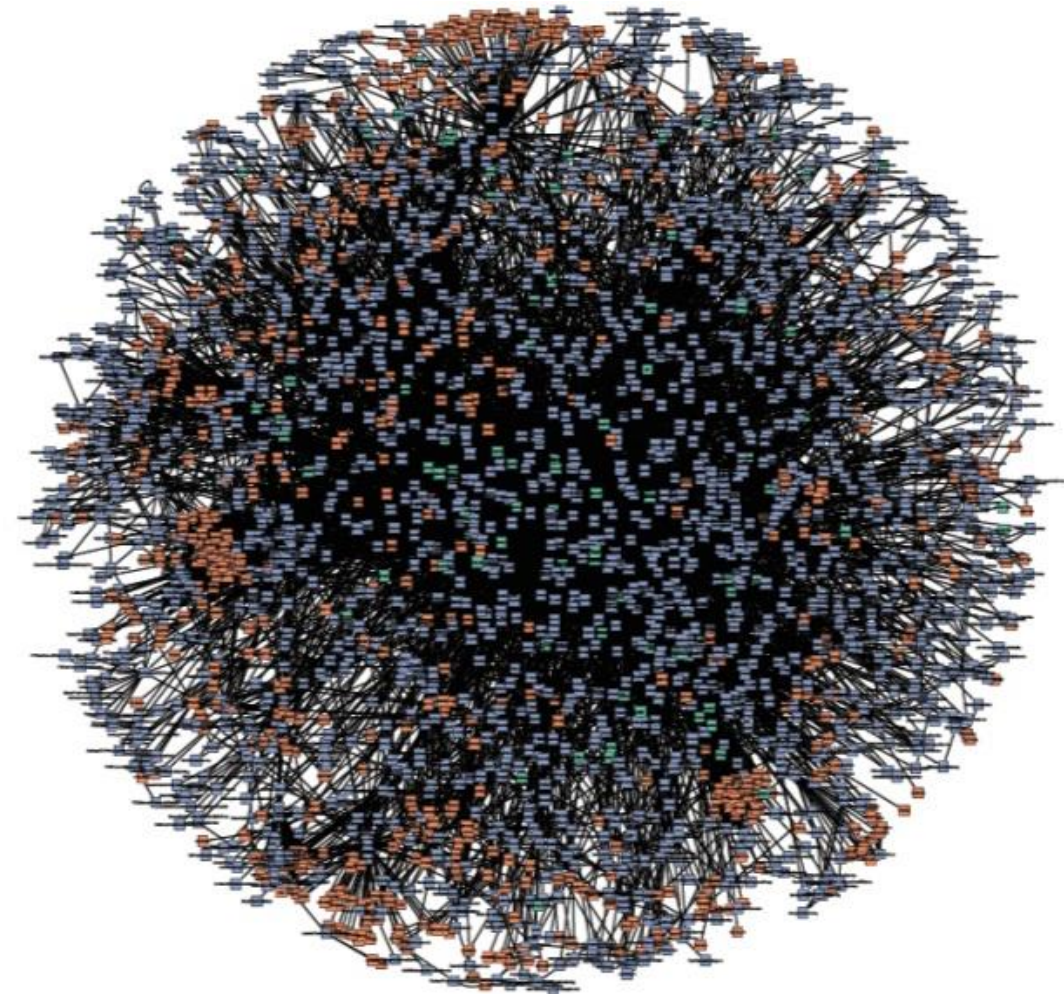
*“People take ownership”*

*“Deploy more – deploy faster – deploy better code”*

# The Amazon DevOps Story







## Service-Oriented Architecture (SOA)

Everything gets a  
service interface

Primitives

“Microservices”





Decentralized

Two-pizza teams

Agility, autonomy,  
accountability, and  
ownership

“DevOps”





Decentralized Ownership

Promote Best Practices

No gatekeepers

Support Agile  
SW Dev Lifecycle

Technology Agnostic

MaDon

# DEPLOYMENTS AT AMAZON.COM

~11.6s

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Mean time between  
deployments (weekday)

~1,079

Max number of  
deployments in a single  
hour

~10,000

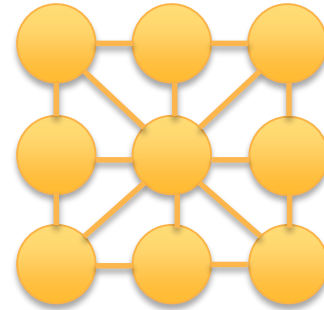
Mean number of hosts  
simultaneously receiving  
a deployment

~30,000

Max number of hosts  
simultaneously receiving  
a deployment

# Challenges of Microservices

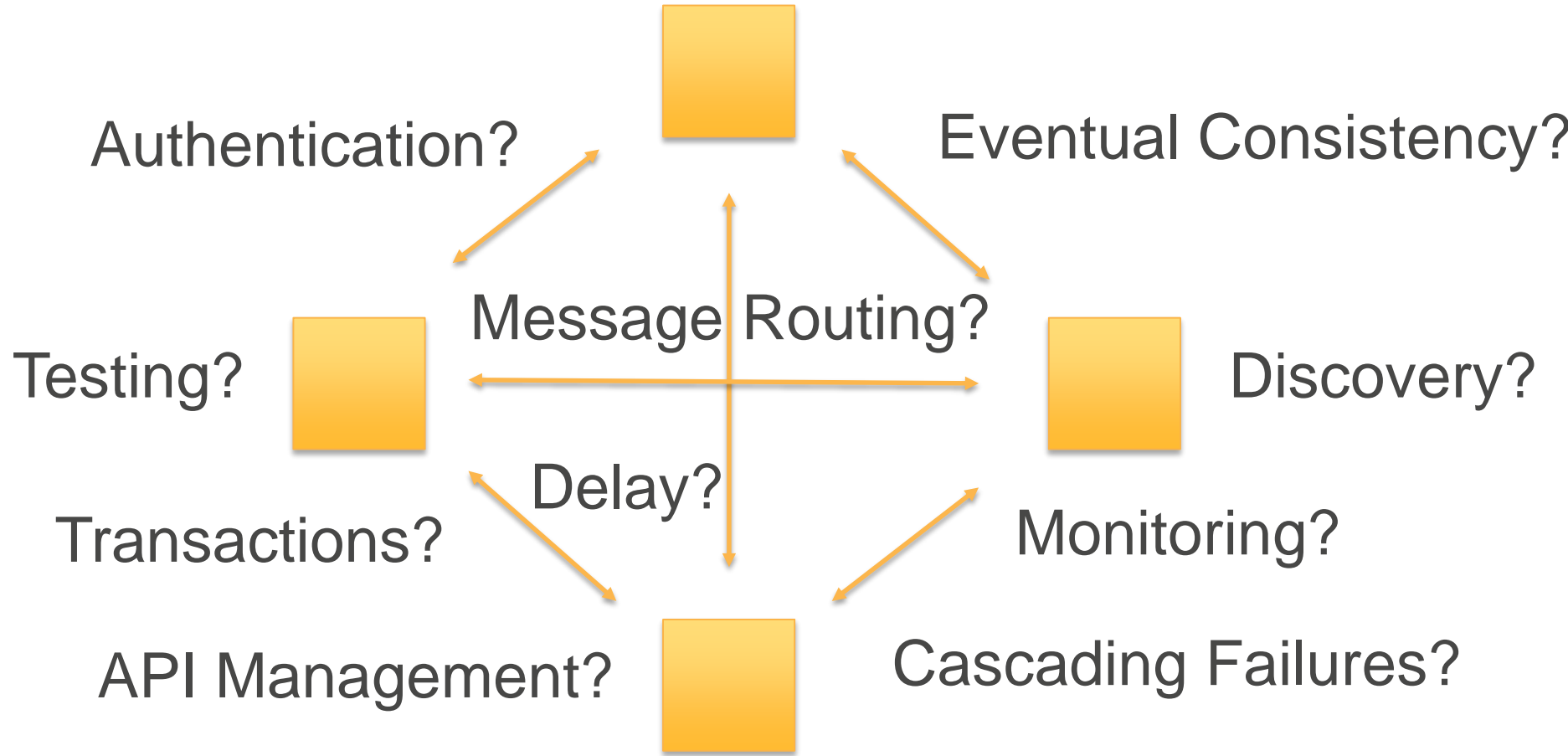
# Challenges of Microservices



**Complexity in  
Code Base**

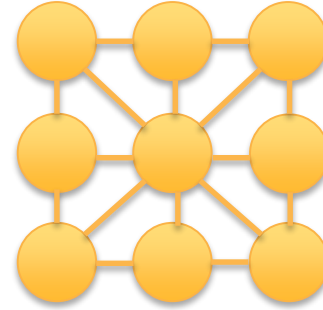
**Complexity in  
Interactions**

# Complexity in Interactions





# Challenges of Microservices



**One size  
doesn't fit all**

**Heterogeneity  
No Standards**

# Challenges

## Organizational Cultural Challenges

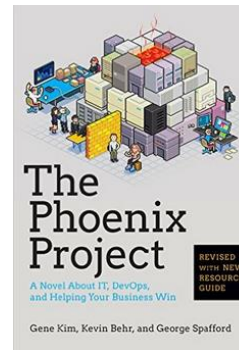
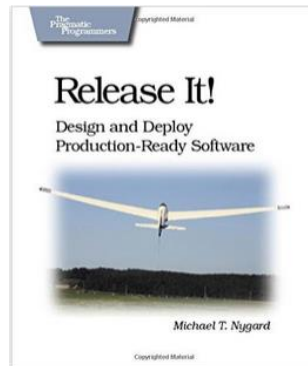
- You built it, you run it

## Architectural Challenges

- Dealing with asynchronicity
- Cascading failures
- Discovery and authentication of services
- Integration Tests

## Operational Challenges

- Duplication of processes and tools
- Complexity moves from components to interactions
- Debugging across components
- Deployment



# Microservices on AWS

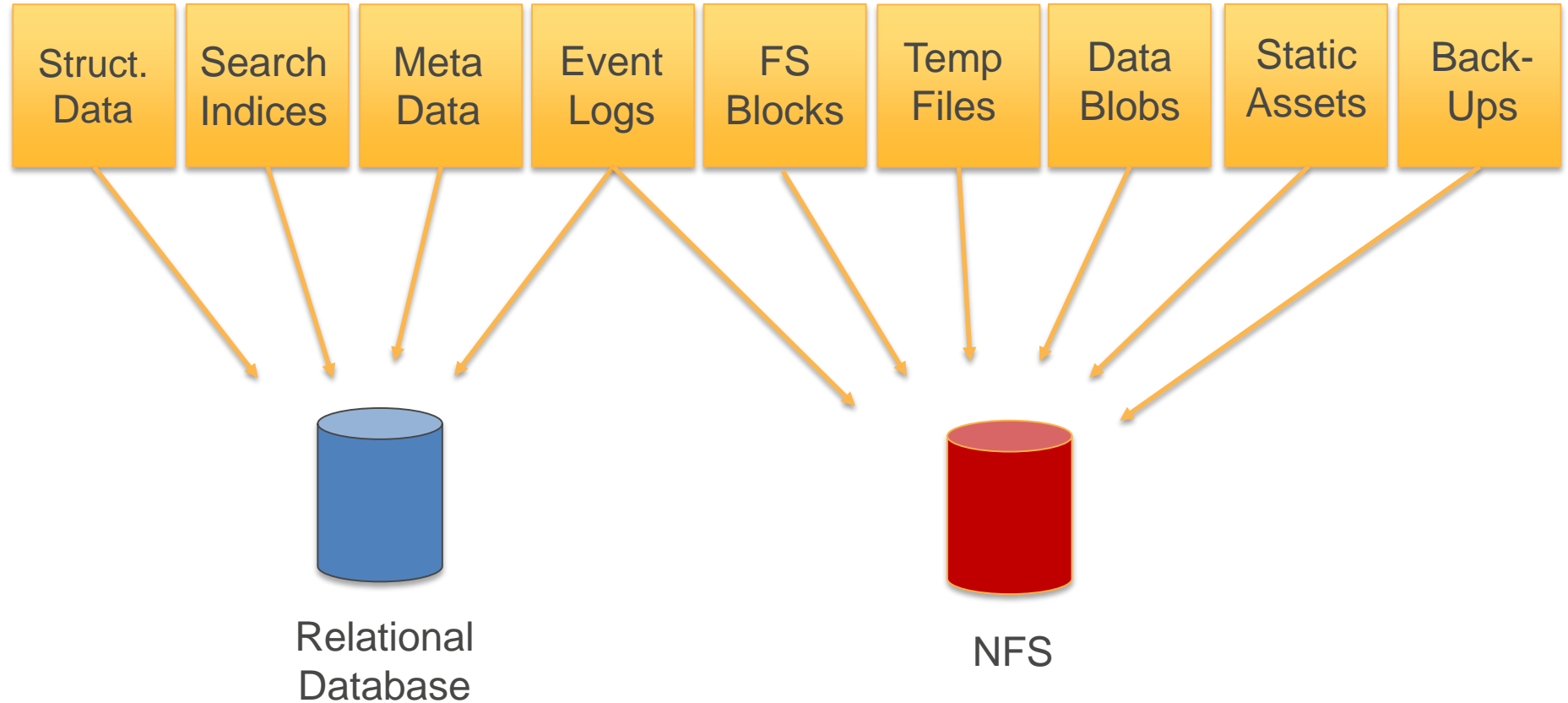
# How Can AWS Help with **Operational Complexity**?

- **On Demand Resources**
  - no capacity guessing
  - resources in any size
  - parallel environments

# How Can AWS Help with **Operational Complexity**?

- On Demand Resources
- **Managed Services**

# Storage Options in the Traditional World



# Storage Options in the Cloud

Struct.  
Data

Search  
Indices

Meta  
Data

Event  
Logs

FS  
Blocks

Temp  
Files

Data  
Blobs

Static  
Assets

Back-  
Ups



Amazon RDS



Amazon  
CloudSearch



DynamoDB



Amazon  
Kinesis



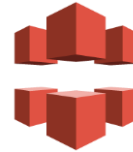
Amazon EBS



Ephemeral  
EC2 Storage



Amazon S3



CloudFront



Amazon Glacier

# Don't Reinvent the Wheel

If you find yourself writing your own...

Notification system

E-Mail component

Search engine

Workflow engine

Queue

Transcoding system

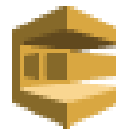
Monitoring system



Amazon SNS



Amazon  
CloudSearch



Amazon SQS



Amazon SES



Amazon SWF



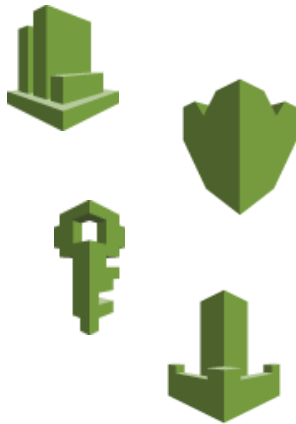
Amazon Elastic  
Transcoder

**...take a deep breath and stop it now!**



# How Can AWS Help with **Operational Complexity**?

- On Demand Resources
- Managed Services
- **Built-in features**
  - Monitoring via CloudWatch
  - Security: IAM, CloudTrail, KMS, ...
  - Logging: CloudWatch Logs
  - Scalability: Auto-Scaling, ELB, S3, ...
  - Availability: multiple Availability Zones





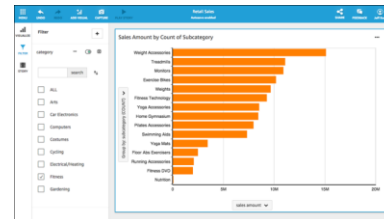
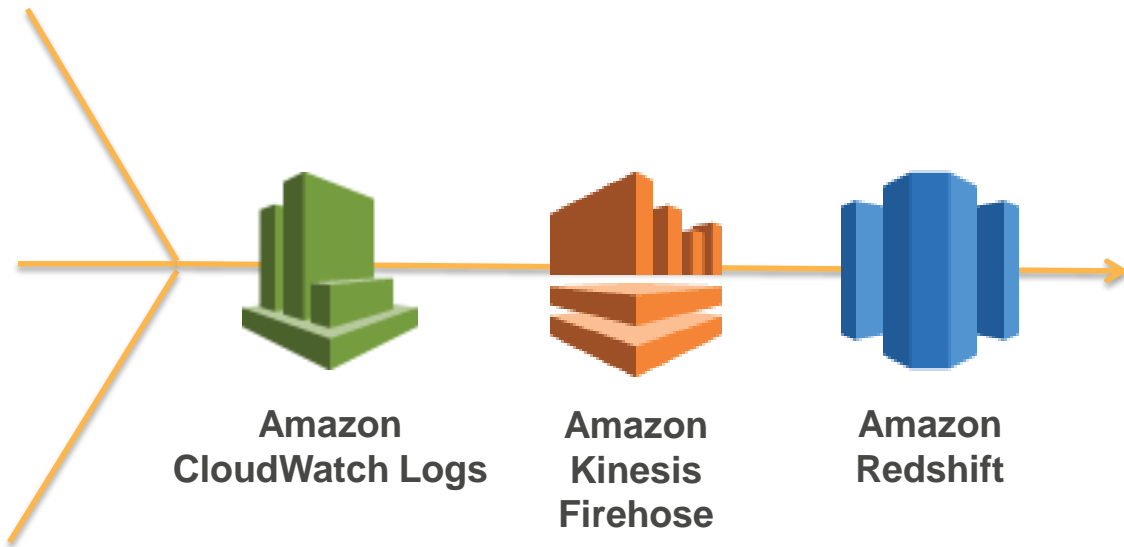
Amazon  
ECS



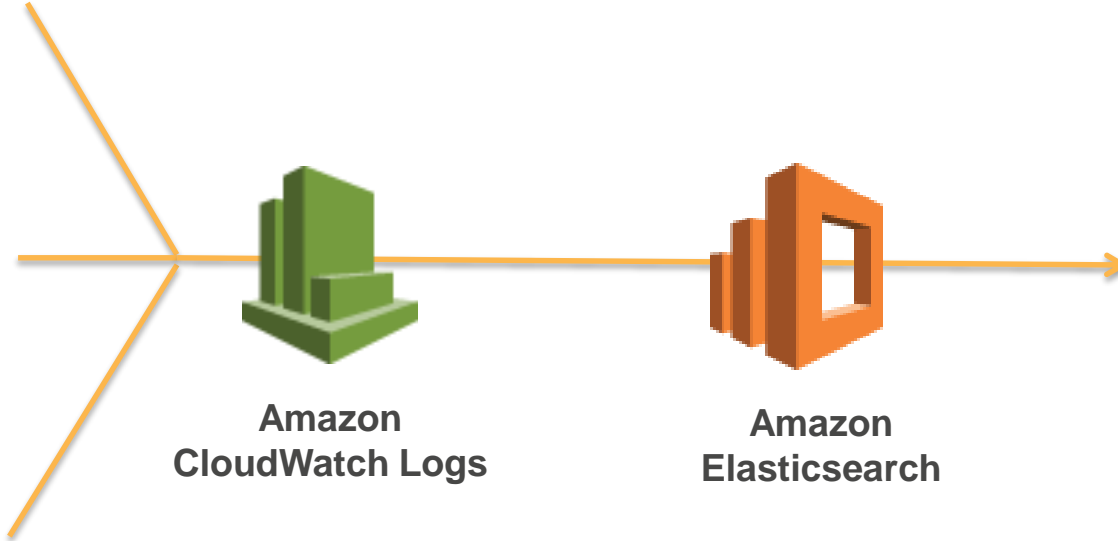
AWS  
Lambda



Amazon  
EC2



Amazon  
QuickSight



# How Can AWS Help with **Operational Complexity**?

- On Demand Resources
- Managed Services
- Built-in features
  - monitoring, security, logging, ...
  - scalability, availability, ...
- **Everything Programmable**



AWS CLI & SDKs

# How Can AWS Help with **Operational Complexity**?

- On Demand Resources
- Managed Services
- Built-in features
  - monitoring, security, logging, ...
  - scalability, availability, ...
- Everything Programmable
- **Infrastructure as Code**



# How Can AWS Help with **Operational Complexity**?

- On Demand Resources
- Managed Services
- Built-in features
  - monitoring, security, logging, ...
  - scalability, availability, ...
- Everything Programmable
- Infrastructure as Code
- **No Servers**



AWS Lambda

# How Can AWS Help with **Operational Complexity**?

- Run code without infrastructure
- Backend at any scale
- No administration
- JavaScript, Java, and Python



AWS Lambda

# How Can AWS Help with **Managing APIs**?

- Managing multiple versions and stages?
- Monitoring 3<sup>rd</sup> party developer access?
- Access authorization?
- Traffic spikes ?
- Caching ?



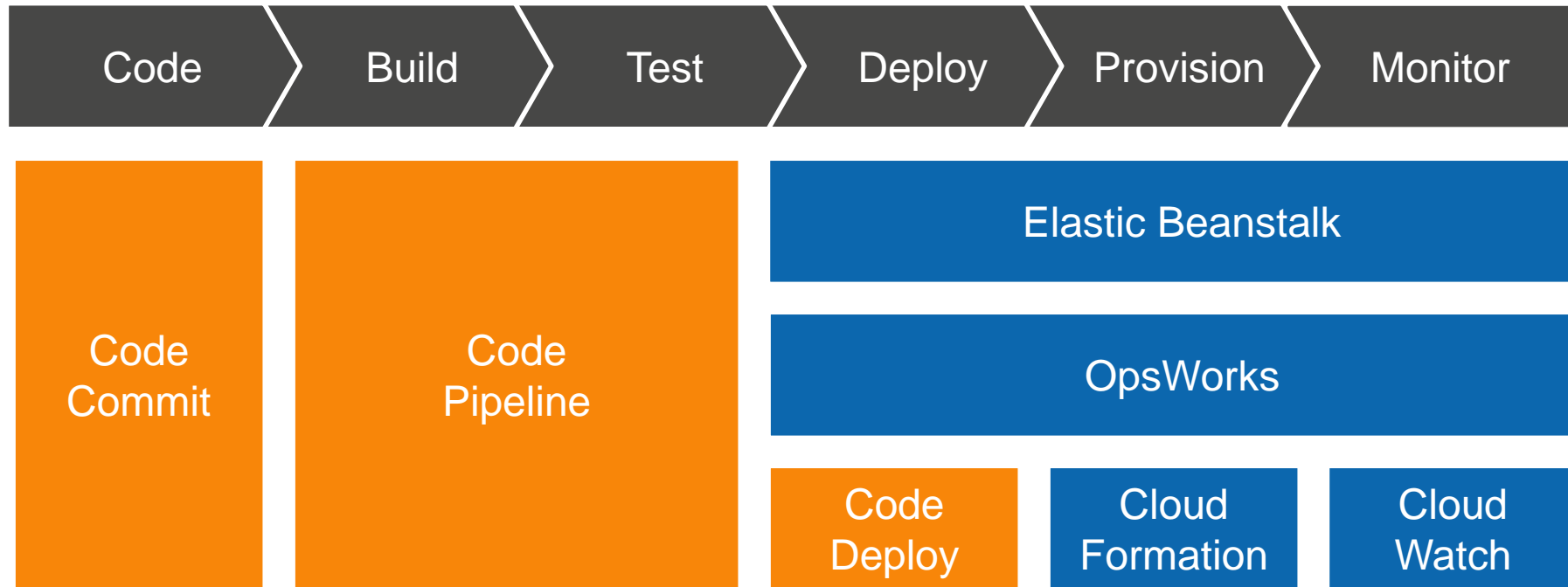
# How Can AWS Help with **Managing APIs**?

- Managing multiple versions and stages
- Monitoring 3<sup>rd</sup> party developer access
- Access authorization
- Traffic spikes
- Caching
- Swagger Support
- Request/Response Transformation
- API Mocking



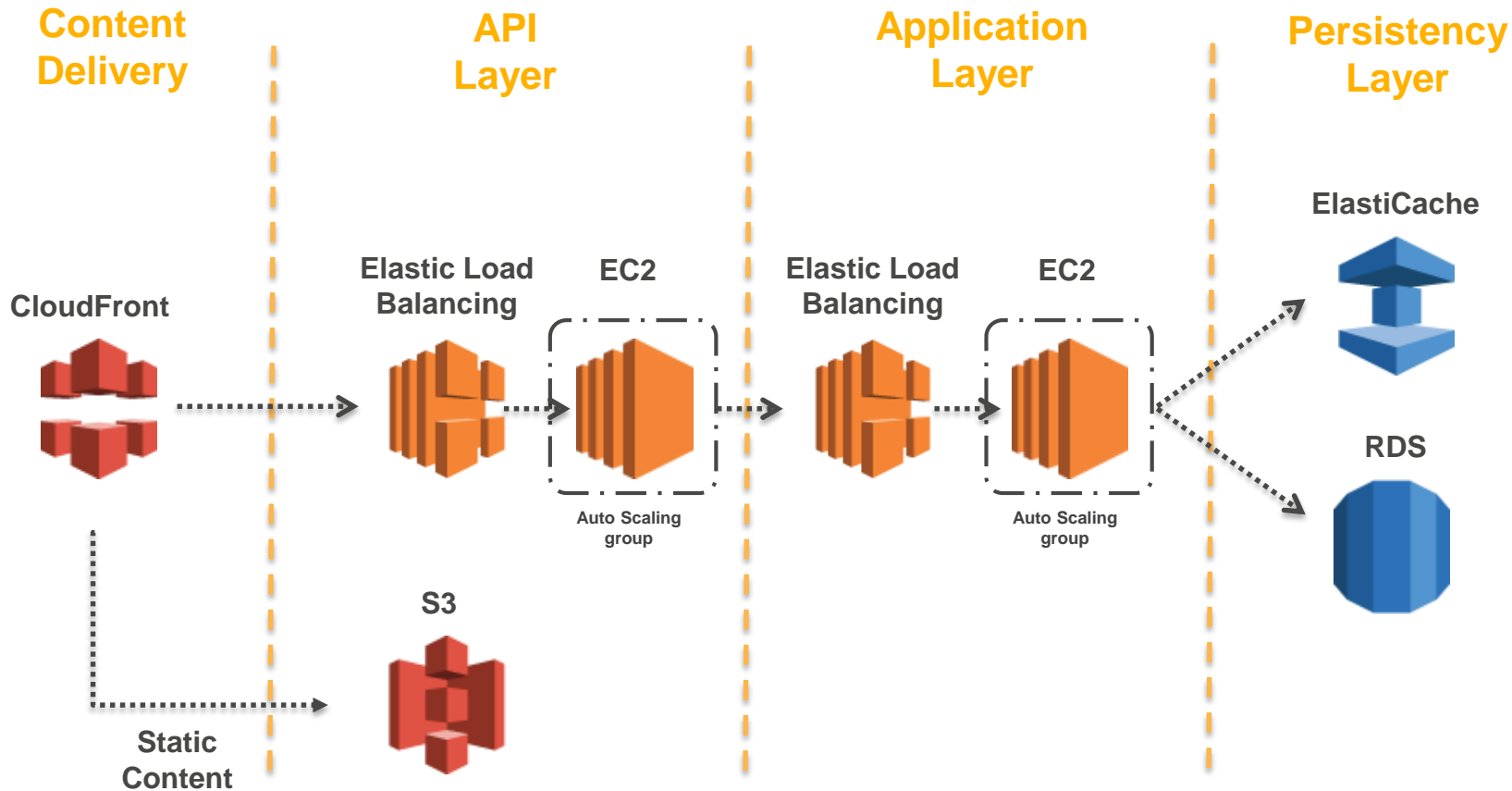
API Gateway

# How Can AWS Help with **Scaling Deployments**?

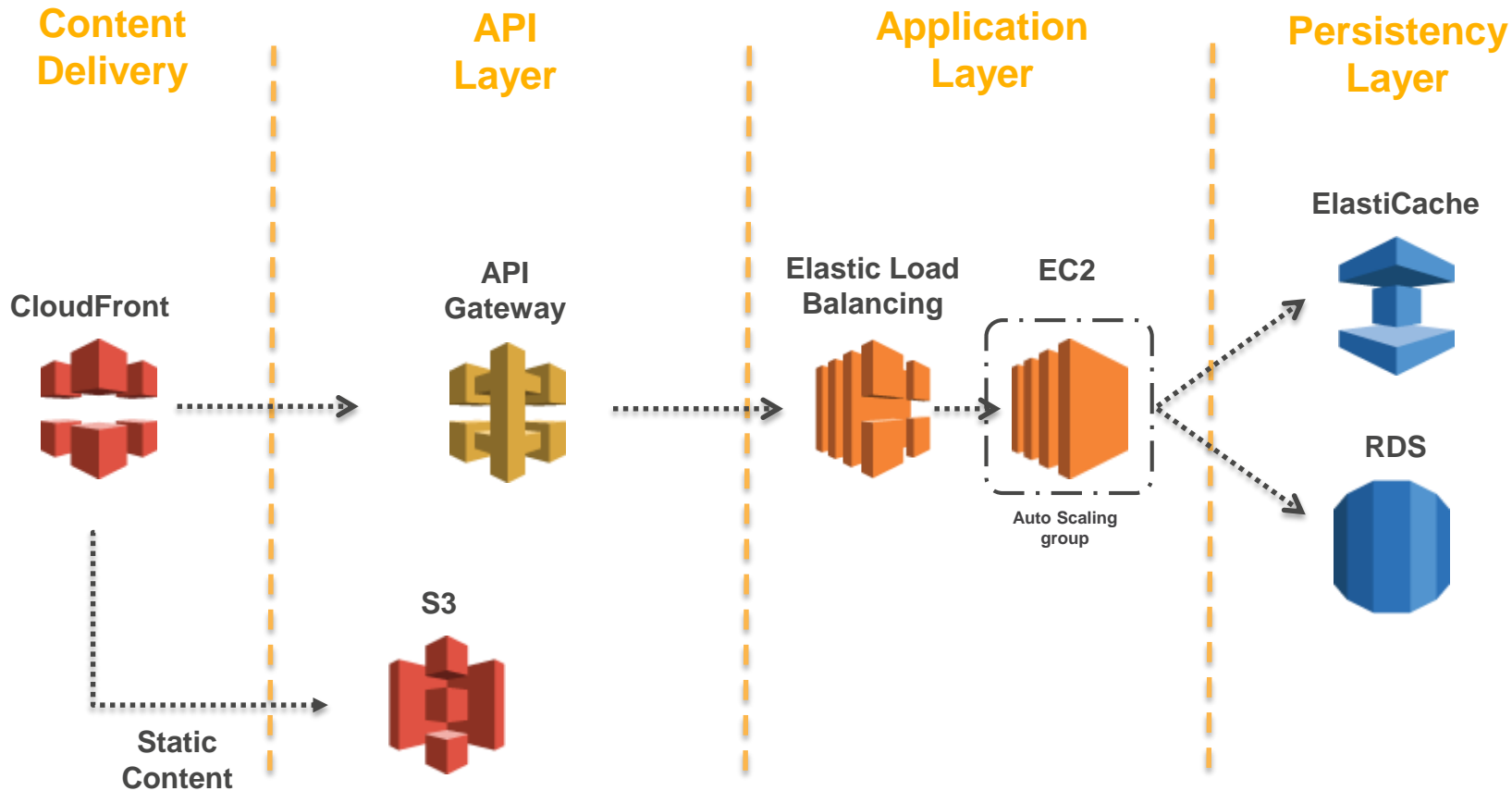


# Microservice Architectures

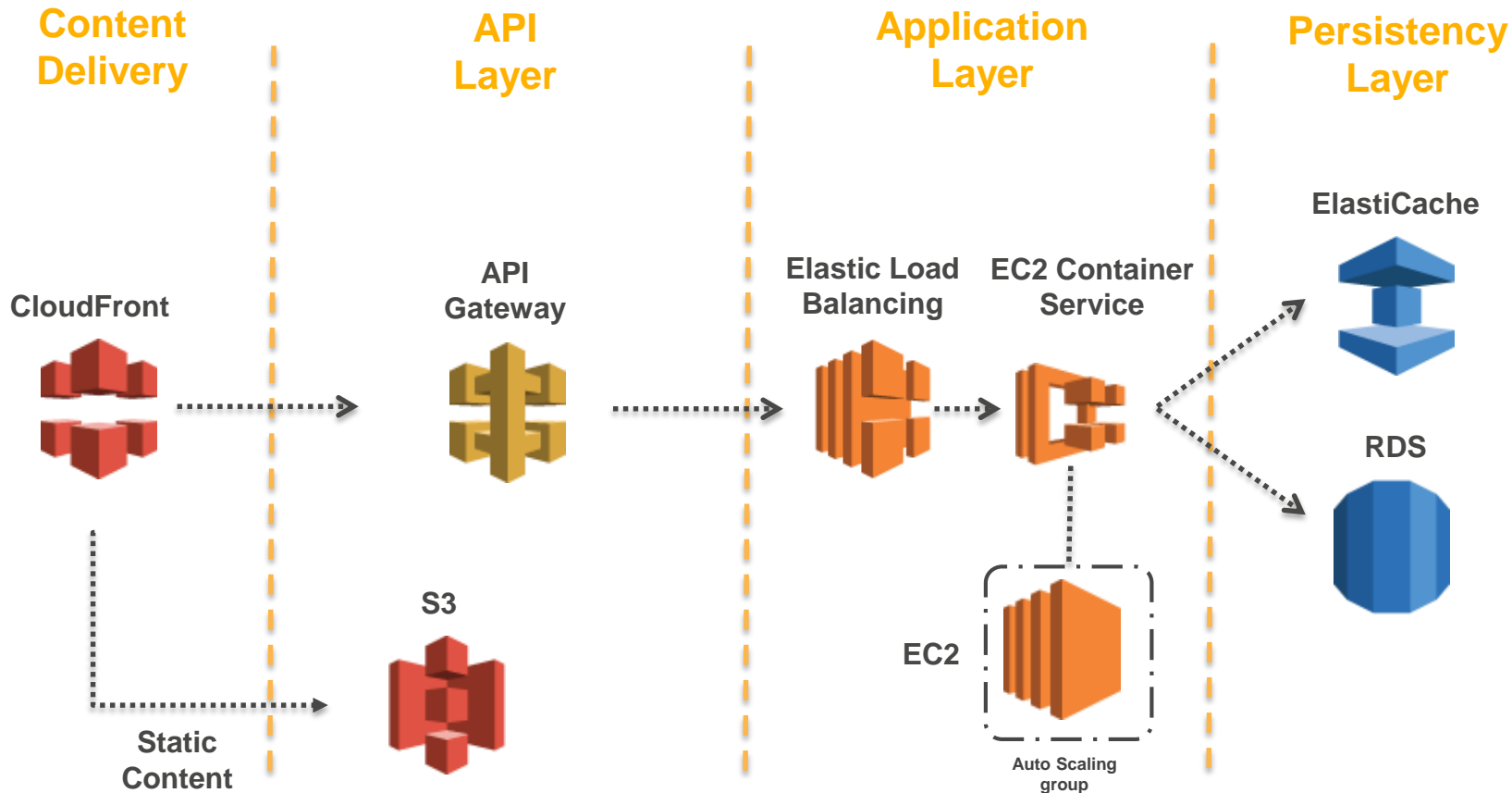
# A Typical Microservice Architecture on AWS



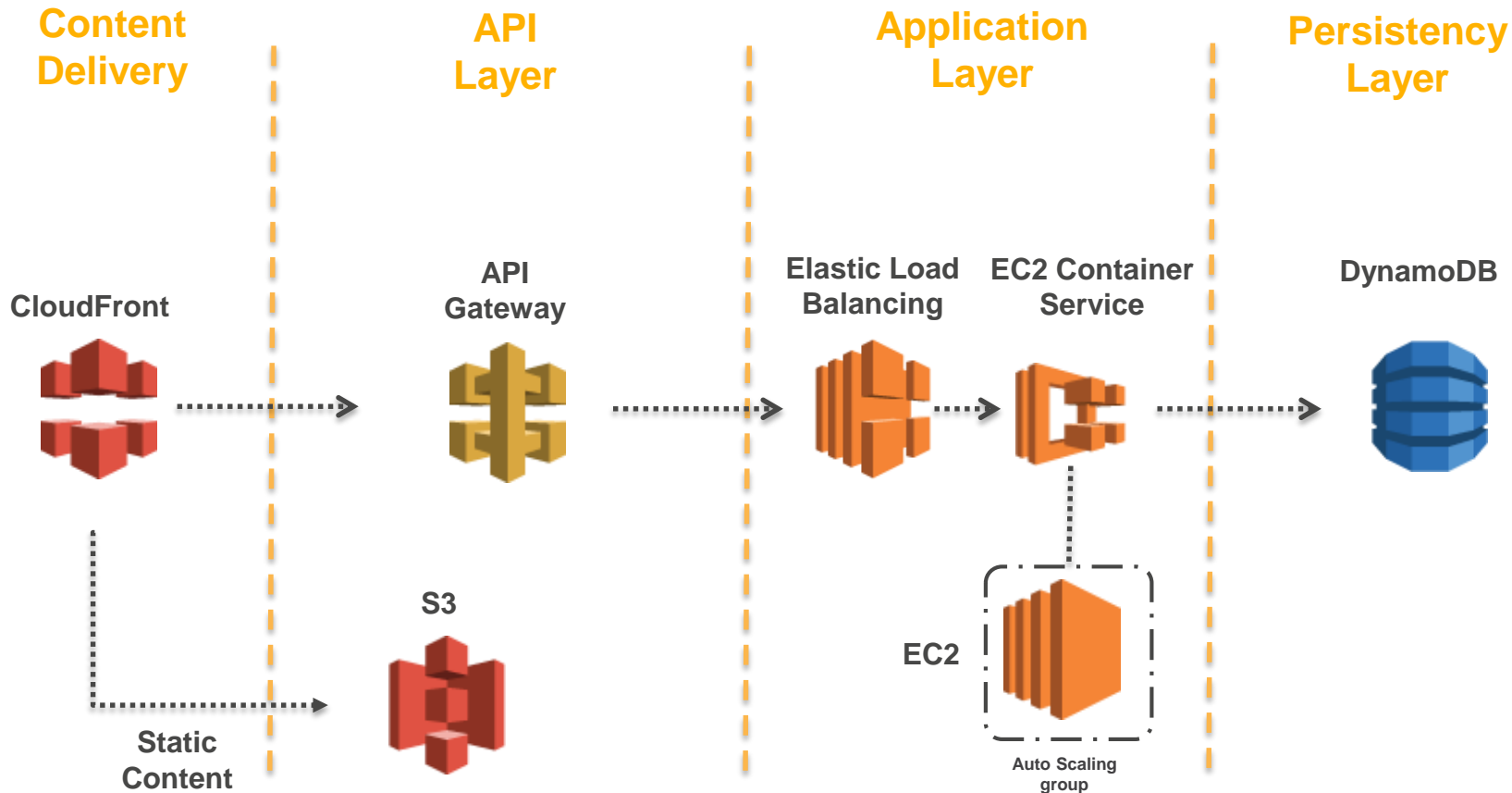
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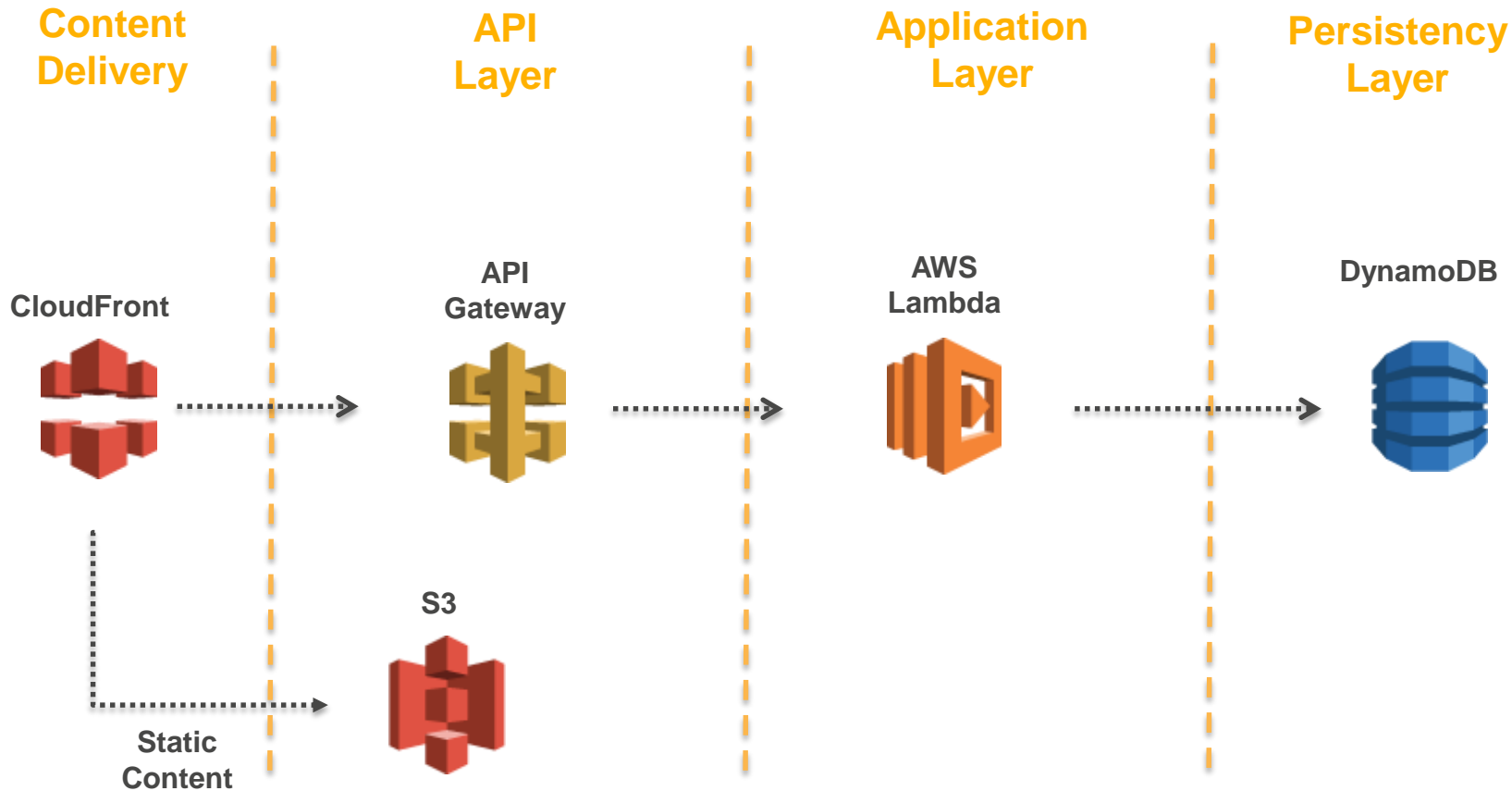
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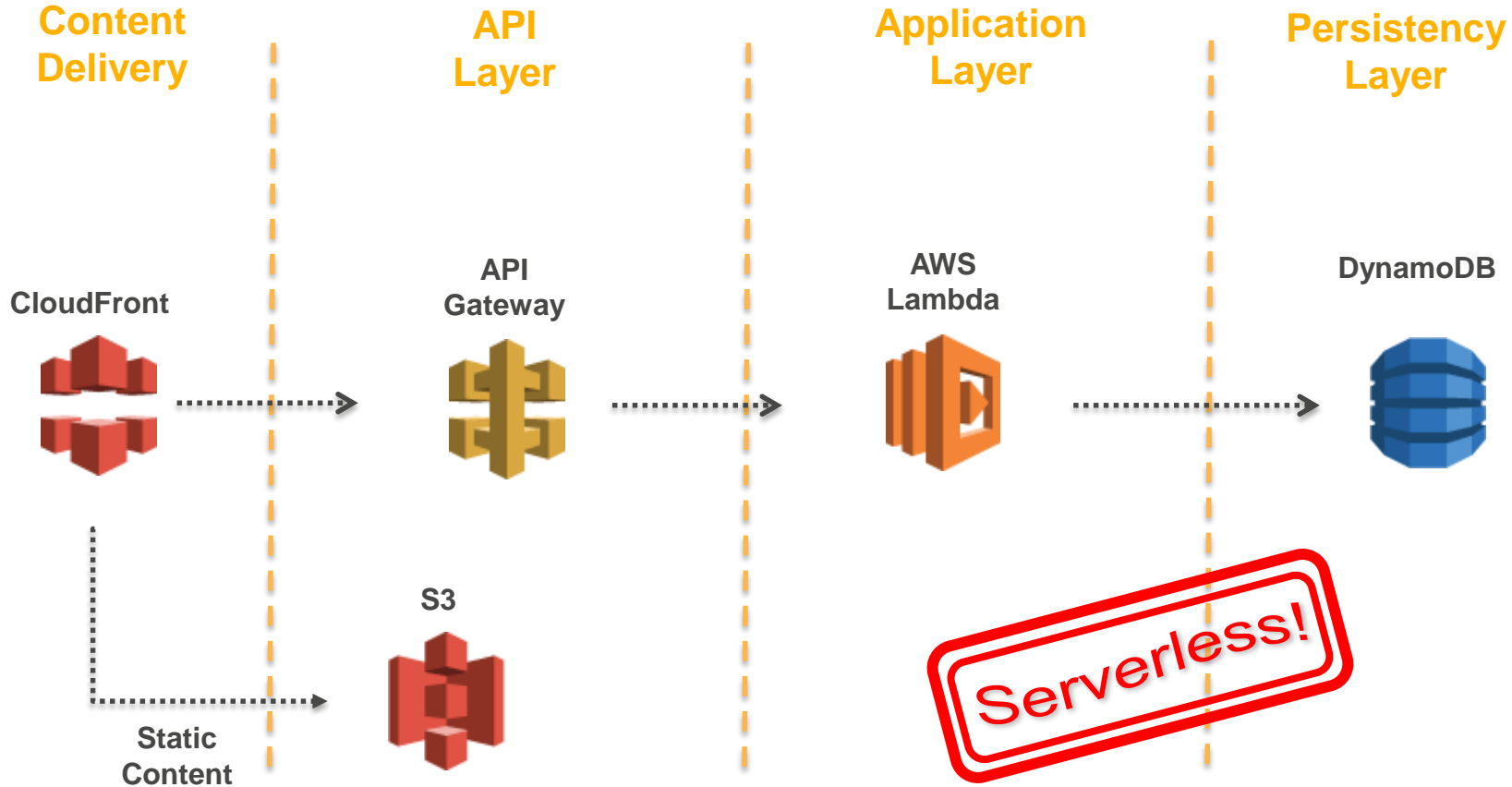


# A Typical Microservice Architecture on AWS





# A Typical Microservice Architecture on AWS



# **Docker with ECR & ECS - Demo**

