

## UNCONSTRAINED QP

$$\min_{\underline{u}} J(\underline{u}) \quad , \quad J(\underline{u}) = \underline{\mathbf{x}}^T \underline{\mathbf{x}}$$

$$\underline{\mathbf{x}} = \hat{\underline{\mathbf{y}}} - \underline{\mathbf{w}} \quad , \quad \hat{\underline{\mathbf{y}}} = G \underline{u} + \underline{f}$$

$\underline{u}$  : vector of unknowns

$G$  : constant matrix

$\underline{f}$  : constant vector

$\underline{w}$  : constant vector

$$J(\underline{u}) = (\underline{\mathbf{w}} - G \underline{u} - \underline{f})^T (\underline{\mathbf{w}} - G \underline{u} - \underline{f}) =$$

$$\cancel{- \underline{\mathbf{w}}^T \underline{\mathbf{w}}} - \cancel{\underline{u}^T G \underline{u}} - \cancel{\underline{u}^T \underline{f}} - \cancel{\underline{u}^T G^T \underline{w}} + \cancel{\underline{u}^T G^T G \underline{u}} + \cancel{\underline{u}^T G^T \underline{f}} +$$

$$\cancel{- \underline{f}^T \underline{\mathbf{w}}} + \cancel{\underline{f}^T G \underline{u}} + \cancel{\underline{f}^T \underline{f}} = \underline{u}^T G^T G \underline{u} + 2 (\underline{f}^T \underline{\mathbf{w}}) \cancel{G \underline{u}} + \cancel{\underline{\mathbf{w}}^T \underline{\mathbf{w}}} - 2 \underline{w}^T \underline{f} + \cancel{\underline{f}^T \underline{f}}$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial J(\underline{u})}{\partial \underline{u}} \right|_{\underline{u}^*} = 2 G^T G \underline{u}^* - 2 G^T (\underline{\mathbf{w}} - \underline{f}) = 0$$

$$G^T G \underline{u}^* = G^T (\underline{\mathbf{w}} - \underline{f}) \quad \Rightarrow$$

$$\underline{u}^* = (G^T G)^{-1} G^T (\underline{\mathbf{w}} - \underline{f})$$

Exercise 1. STEP RESPONSE MODEL  $g_1 = 0, g_2 = 0.25, g_3 = 0.375, g_4 = g_5 = \dots = 0.4, 375$

DMC  $\mu(2|2) = ?$

- $m = 2$ , null init. cond.,  $w(t) = r(t) = 1, \forall t$ ,  $J = e^{-r} e$

$$y_m(1) = 0, \quad y_m(2) = 0$$

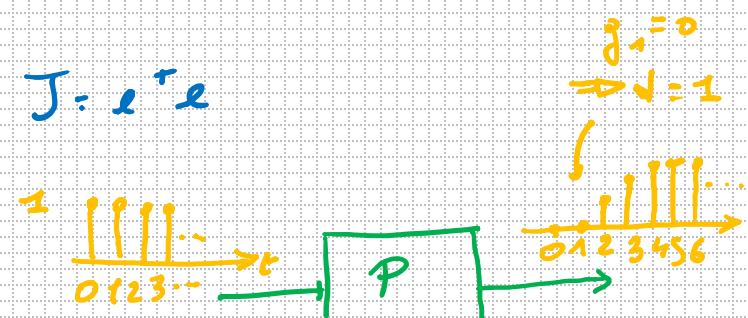
$$\xrightarrow{N=4}$$

$$\cdot \quad g_{i+1} = g_i, \quad i \geq 4 \quad \Rightarrow \boxed{N=4}$$

$$\cdot \quad g_1 = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \boxed{d=0} \quad \Rightarrow \quad p \geq m+d = 3 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \boxed{P=3}$$

$$G = \begin{pmatrix} g_0 & 0 \\ g_1 & g_2 \\ g_2 & g_1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0.25 & 0 \\ 0.375 & 0.25 \end{pmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{P \times m} \Rightarrow (G^T G)^{-1} G^T = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & -6 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mu^* = (G^T G)^{-1} G^T (\underline{w} - \underline{f}) \quad ;$$



•  $\underline{w} =$  ref. time  $t$ :  $\underline{w} = \begin{pmatrix} w(t+1|t) \\ w(t+2|t) \\ w(t+3|t) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \forall t$

$w(t) = r(t) = 1, \forall t$

•  $\underline{g}$ :

$$g(t+k) = y_m(t) + \sum_{i=1, \dots, 4}^{k+1} (g_{k+i} - g_i) \Delta u(t-i), k: 1, 2, 3 \quad \boxed{\begin{array}{l} N=4 \\ p=3 \end{array}}$$

last output measure      past control actions

$t=1 \quad k=1 \quad g(2) = y_m(1) + (g_2 - g_1) \Delta u(t-1) + (g_3 - g_2) \Delta u(t-2) + (g_4 - g_3) \Delta u(t-3) + (g_5 - g_4) \Delta u(t-4) = 0$

$y_m(1) = 0$

$\Delta u(1-i) = 0$

$g_{i+1} = g_4, i \geq 4$

$k=2 \quad g(3) = \dots = 0$

$k=3 \quad g(4) = \dots = 0$

$\underline{u}^* = \begin{bmatrix} \Delta u(t|t) \\ \Delta u(t+1|t) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \Delta u(1|1) \\ \Delta u(2|1) \end{bmatrix} = (G^\top G)^{-1} G^\top (\underline{w} - \underline{g})$

$m=2$

$\uparrow \quad t-1$

$= \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \Delta u(1|1) = 4$

$\uparrow \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} u(1) = u(0) + \Delta u(1|1) = 4 \\ u(0) = 0 \end{array} \right.$

$\boxed{\begin{array}{c} \left[ \begin{array}{c} 0 & 4 & 0 \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{array} \right] - \left[ \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right] = \\ \left[ \begin{array}{c} 0 & -6 & 4 \end{array} \right] \end{array}} \Rightarrow K = \left[ \begin{array}{c} 0 & 4 & 0 \end{array} \right]$

$\Delta u(1|1) = K(\underline{w} - \underline{g}) =$   
 $= [0 \ 4 \ 0] \left[ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{array} \right] - \left[ \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right] =$   
 $= 4$

$$k=2 \quad k=1 \quad f(3) = \cancel{y_m(2)} + (g_2 - g_1) \Delta u(1) + (g_3 - g_2) \cancel{\Delta u(0)} + (g_4 - g_3) \cancel{\Delta u(-1)} + \\ + (g_5 - g_4) \cancel{\Delta u(-2)} = (0.25 - 0) 4 = 1$$

$$y_m(2) = 0$$

$$\Delta u(t) = 0 \\ t \leq 0$$

$$\Delta u(1) = 4 \quad k=2 \quad f(4) = \cancel{y_m(2)} + (g_3 - g_1) \Delta u(1) + (g_4 - g_2) \cancel{\Delta u(0)} + (g_5 - g_3) \cancel{\Delta u(-1)} + \\ + (g_6 - g_4) \cancel{\Delta u(-2)} = (0.375 - 0) 4 = 1.5$$

$$k=3 \quad f(5) = (g_4 - g_1) \Delta u(1) = (0.4375 - 0) 4 = 1.75$$

$$\Delta u(2|2) = k(w - g) = [0 \ 4 \ 0] \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 1.5 \\ 1.75 \\ 1.75 \end{bmatrix} \right) = -2$$

$$\boxed{\mu^*(2) = \mu(1) + \Delta u(2|2) = 4 - 2 = 2}$$

$$\text{Another option: } \underline{f} = F \underline{x}$$

$$F = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & g_2 - g_1 & g_3 - g_2 & g_4 - g_3 \\ 1 & g_3 - g_1 & g_4 - g_2 & g_5 - g_3 \\ 1 & g_4 - g_1 & g_5 - g_2 & g_6 - g_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{x} = \begin{bmatrix} y_m(t) \\ \Delta u(t-1) \\ \Delta u(t-2) \\ \Delta u(t-3) \end{bmatrix}$$

## Exercise 2 (MAC)

Impulse response model  $h_1 = 0.1, h_2 = 0.04, h_3 = 0.016, h_4 = 0.006, h_i \approx 0$

$$a) + b) \quad \text{MAC} \quad \Leftarrow \quad \begin{array}{l} h_1 \neq 0 \\ \Rightarrow \alpha \neq 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} i=5, \dots \\ \text{Process is stable without integration} \end{array}$$

$$\mu(5) = ?$$

$$- m = 3 \quad \Rightarrow \quad p = m \quad (\text{MAC algorithm})$$

$$- y_m(s) = 1.8$$

$$- N = 11 \quad (h_i \approx 0, i \geq 5)$$

$$- \mu(1) = 5, \mu(2) = 4, \mu(3) = 3, \mu(4) = 2.5$$

$$- n(t) = 2, \quad t \geq 0$$

$$- \gamma = \frac{1+\alpha}{1-\alpha}$$

-  $\alpha = 0.5$  for the computation of the predicted trajectory

MAC:

$$w(t+k|t) := \begin{cases} y_m(t), & k=0 \\ \alpha w(t+k-1|t) + \\ -(\alpha-1)n(t+k) \end{cases}$$

$$MAC: \underline{y} = \underbrace{h_1 u_f}_{\text{FORCED RESP.}} + \underbrace{h_2 m - m}_{\text{FREE RESPONSE}}$$

$$\underline{m}_+ = \begin{bmatrix} m(t|t) \\ m(t+1|t) \\ m(t+2|t) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H_1: \begin{bmatrix} h_1 & 0 & 0 \\ h_2 & h_1 & 0 \\ h_3 & h_2 & h_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0.64 & 0.1 & 0 \\ 0.016 & 0.04 & 0.1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{m}_- = \begin{bmatrix} m(t-3) \\ m(t-2) \\ m(t-1) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H_2 = \begin{bmatrix} h_4 & h_3 & h_2 \\ 0 & h_4 & h_3 \\ 0 & 0 & h_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.006 & 0.016 & 0.04 \\ 0 & 0.006 & 0.016 \\ 0 & 0 & 0.006 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{\hat{m}} = \begin{bmatrix} \hat{m}(t+1|t) \\ \hat{m}(t+2|t) \\ \hat{m}(t+3|t) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} m(t|t) \\ m(t|t) \\ m(t|t) \end{bmatrix}, \eta$$

$$MAC: \hat{m}(t+h|t) = \\ = m(t|t)$$

$$MAC: m(t|t) = y_{mn}(t) - \sum_{j=1}^N h_j m(t-j)$$

$$J = \underline{u}^T \underline{g} \Rightarrow \underline{u}^* \leq H_1^{-1}(\underline{w} - \underline{f}) \quad , \quad \underline{f} = H_2 \underline{u} + \underline{m}$$

$$\underline{w}(t+k) = \begin{cases} y_m, & k=0 \\ 0.5 w(t+k-1) + 0.5 r(t+k), & k>0 \end{cases}$$

$$H_1^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0.04 & 0.1 & 0 \\ 0.016 & 0.04 & 0.1 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \boxed{\begin{bmatrix} 10 & 0 & 0 \\ -4 & 10 & 0 \\ 0 & -4 & 10 \end{bmatrix}} = k \quad r(t)=2 \quad y_m(5)=1.8$$

$$\underline{t}=5 \quad k=1$$

$$w(6) = 0.5 y_m(5) + 0.5 r(6) = 2.88$$

$$w(7) = 0.5 w(6) + 0.5 r(7) = 2.44$$

$$w(8) = 0.5 w(7) + 0.5 r(8) = 2.22$$

$$\underline{m} = \begin{pmatrix} m(5) \\ m(4) \\ m(3) \end{pmatrix}, \quad m(5) = y_m(5) - \sum_{j=1}^4 h_j \cdot m(5-j) =$$

$$= 1.8 - h_1 m(4) - h_2 m(3) - h_3 m(2) - h_4 m(1) =$$

$$= 1.361$$

$$H_2 \underline{M}_- = \begin{bmatrix} 0.006 & 0.016 & 0.4 \\ 0 & 0.006 & 0.016 \\ 0 & 0 & 0.006 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} m(2) \\ m(3) \\ m(4) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3.86 \\ 0.056 \\ 0.015 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{f} = H_2 \underline{M}_- + \underline{m} = \begin{bmatrix} 3.86 \\ 0.056 \\ 0.015 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1.34 \\ 1.34 \\ 1.34 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 1.40 \\ 1.35 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{w} = H_1^{-1} (\underline{w} - \underline{f})$$

$$w(515) = K(\underline{w} - \underline{f}) = [w \ 00] \left( \begin{bmatrix} 2.88 \\ 2.44 \\ 2.22 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 1.40 \\ 1.35 \end{bmatrix} \right) =$$

$$= 10 (2.88 - 5) = -21.2$$

$\uparrow$        $\uparrow$   
 $w(6)$        $f(6)$

What if  $\lambda = 0.1$        $J = \underline{x}^\top \underline{x} + \lambda \underline{u}^\top \underline{u}$

\* check what happens to  $u(5)$

$$(u^* = (H_1^\top H_1 + \lambda I)^{-1} H_1^\top (w - 1))$$

Exercice 3

$$\begin{cases} n(t) = M n(t-1) + N u(t-1) & M = 0.5 ; N = 0.1 \\ y(t) = Q n(t) & Q = 1 \end{cases}$$

PFCL :  $u(2) = ?$

-  $m = 3$

-  $p = 3$

-  $n_1 = 1, n_2 = 3$

-  $x(0) = y(0) = 0, y_m(0) = 0, u(0) = 0.1$

-  $n(t) : t \geq 0, w(t) = n(t)$

-  $J = \underline{\underline{e}}^T \underline{\underline{e}}$

-  $y_m(1) = 0.2, y_m(2) = 0.74$

-  $\hat{n}(t+k|t) = \hat{n}(t|t) = y_m(t) - y(t), k = 1, 2, 3.$

Base function response

$$u(t+k|t) = \sum_{i=1}^{m_B} \mu_i(t) B_i(k)$$

$$m_B = 1$$

$$B_1(k) = 1, k \geq 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} y_{B_i}(k) &= Q M^{k-1} N B_i(0) + \\ &+ Q M^{k-2} N B_i(1) + \\ &\dots \\ &+ Q N B_i(k-1) \end{aligned}$$

$$N B_i(0) \Rightarrow$$

$$k = h_1 = 1$$

$$y_{B_1}(1) = Q N B_i(0) = 0.1$$

$$Q = 1, N = 0.5$$

$$N = 0.1$$

$$\leftarrow B_i(k) = 1$$

$$k = h_2 = 3 \quad y_{B_1}(3) = Q M^2 N B_i(2) +$$

$$+ Q M N B_i(1) + Q N B_i(0) =$$

$$= 0.175$$

$$\underline{y}_B(h_1) = y_{B_1}(1) = 0.1$$

$$\underline{y}_B(h_2) = y_{B_1}(3) = 0.175$$

$$Y_B = \begin{bmatrix} \underline{y}_B(h_1) \\ \underline{y}_B(h_2) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1 \\ 0.175 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\therefore (\gamma_B^\top \gamma_B)^{-1} \gamma_B^\top = [2.4 \ 4.31] \Rightarrow \underline{\mu}^* = (\gamma_B^\top \gamma_B)^{-1} \gamma_B^\top \underline{y}$$

$$\therefore \underline{d} = \underline{w} - \underline{\mu}$$

$$\therefore \underline{w} = \begin{bmatrix} \hat{w}(t+h_1|t) \\ \hat{w}(t+h_2|t) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \hat{w}(t+1|t) \\ \hat{w}(t+3|t) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \ c \geq 0$$

$$\therefore f(t+h|t) = QM^h x(t) + \hat{m}(t+h|t)$$

$$t=1, h=h_1=1 \quad f(2|1) = QMx(1) + [y_m(1) - y(1)] = 0.01$$

$$x(1) = M \cancel{x(0)} + NM(0) = 0.01$$

$\uparrow$

$$M(0) = 0.1$$

$$y(1) = Q x(1) = 0.01$$

$$y_m(1) = 0.2$$

$$t=1 \quad h=h_1=3 \quad f(4|1) = Q M^3 n(1) + (y_m(1) - y(1)) = 0.03$$

$$d_1(1) = \left( \underline{w} - \underline{g} \right) = \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 0.51 \\ 0.53 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 0.49 \\ 0.47 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mu(1) = (Y_B^T Y_0)^{-1} Y_B^T d = \begin{pmatrix} 2.4 & 4.31 \end{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 \\ 0.97 \end{bmatrix} = 6.62 \quad \leftarrow m_3=1$$

$$\mu_1(1) = \mu_1(1) B_1(0) = 6.62$$

$$t=2 \quad k = k_1 = 1 \quad f(3|2) = QH_m(2) + (y_m(2) - y(2)) = 0.07$$

$$x(z) = M x(1) + N u(1) = 0.67$$

$$y(z) = Qx(z) = 0.67$$

$$k = h_1 = 3 \quad g(5|2) = Q M^3 n(2) + (g_m(2) - g(2)) = 0.21$$

$$\underline{d}(2) = \underline{w} - \underline{f} = \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 0.03 \\ 0.21 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 0.93 \\ 0.79 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mu^*(2) = (\underline{y}_B^\top \underline{y}_B)^{-1} \underline{y}_B^\top \underline{d} = [2.42 \quad 4.31] \begin{bmatrix} 0.93 \\ 0.79 \end{bmatrix} = 5.9$$

$$\boxed{\mu(2) = \mu^*(2) \beta_1(0) = 5.9}$$