

3. INTEGRAL AS A LIMIT OF SUMMATION

SYNOPSIS

Important points to remember :

$$1) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{r=0}^{n-1} f\left(\frac{r}{n}\right) = \int_0^1 f(x) dx$$

$$2) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{r=1}^n f\left(\frac{r}{n}\right) = \int_0^1 f(x) dx$$

$$3) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{r=0}^{a(n-1)} f\left(\frac{r}{n}\right) = \int_0^a f(x) dx$$

$$4) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{r=1}^{an} f\left(\frac{r}{n}\right) = \int_0^a f(x) dx$$

LECTURE SHEET

EXERCISE

$$1. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\frac{1}{na} + \frac{1}{na+1} + \frac{1}{na+2} + \dots + \frac{1}{nb} \right] =$$

$$1) \log\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)$$

$$2) \log\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)$$

$$3) \log a$$

$$4) \log b$$

$$2. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left\{ \frac{n+1}{n^2+1^2} + \frac{n+2}{n^2+2^2} + \dots + \frac{1}{n} \right\} =$$

$$1) \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \log 2$$

$$2) \frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{1}{4} \log 2$$

$$3) \frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \log 2$$

$$4) \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \log 2$$

$$3. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \left[\sin^2 \frac{\pi}{2n} + \sin^2 \frac{2\pi}{2n} + \dots + \sin^2 \frac{n\pi}{2n} \right] =$$

$$1) \frac{1}{2}$$

$$2) \frac{1}{3}$$

$$3) \frac{2}{3}$$

$$4) \frac{3}{2}$$

$$4. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{\sqrt{1} + 2\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{3} + \dots + n\sqrt{n}}{n^{5/2}} \right) =$$

$$1) 1$$

$$2) \frac{5}{2}$$

$$3) 0$$

$$4) \frac{2}{5}$$

$$5. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\frac{\sqrt{n^2-1^2}}{n^2} + \frac{\sqrt{n^2-2^2}}{n^2} + \frac{\sqrt{n^2-3^2}}{n^2} + \dots + n \text{ terms} \right] =$$

$$1) \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$2) \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$3) \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$4) \frac{\pi}{6}$$

6. $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2n-1^2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{4n-2^2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{6n-3^2}} + \dots + \frac{1}{n} \right) =$
 1) $\frac{\pi}{4}$ 2) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ 3) $\frac{\pi}{6}$ 4) $\frac{\pi}{3}$
7. $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+n}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+2n}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+3n}} + \dots + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+n(n-1)}} \right) =$
 1) $2\sqrt{2}$ 2) 2 3) $2-2\sqrt{2}$ 4) $2\sqrt{2}-2$
8. If $S_n = \left\{ \frac{1}{1+\sqrt{n}} + \frac{1}{2+\sqrt{2n}} + \frac{1}{3+\sqrt{3n}} + \dots + \frac{1}{n+\sqrt{n^2}} \right\}$ then $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} S_n =$
 1) $2\log 2$ 2) $\log 2$ 3) $3\log 2$ 4) $\frac{1}{2}\log 2$
9. $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3}{n} \left[1 + \sqrt{\frac{n}{n+3}} + \sqrt{\frac{n}{n+6}} + \sqrt{\frac{n}{n+9}} + \dots + \sqrt{\frac{n}{4n-3}} \right] =$
 1) 1 2) 2 3) 3 4) 4
10. $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n+1} + \dots + \frac{1}{3n} \right) =$
 1) $\log 2$ 2) $\log 3$ 3) $\log 4$ 4) $\log 5$
11. $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \left(\frac{1}{n+1} + \frac{2}{n+2} + \dots + \frac{3}{4} \right) =$
 1) $1 - \log 2$ 2) $2 - \log 3$ 3) $3 + \log 4$ 4) $3 - \log 4$
12. $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\frac{1}{n^3} + \frac{2^2}{n^3} + \frac{3^2}{n^3} + \dots + \frac{n^2}{n^3} \right] =$
 1) $\frac{1}{2}$ 2) $\frac{1}{3}$ 3) $\frac{2}{3}$ 4) $\frac{3}{2}$
13. $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\frac{1}{n^2} \sec^2 \frac{1}{n^2} + \frac{2}{n^2} \sec^2 \frac{4}{n^2} + \dots + \frac{1}{n} \sec^2 1 \right] =$
 1) $\frac{1}{2} \sec 1$ 2) $\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{cosec} 1$ 3) $\tan 1$ 4) $\frac{1}{2} \tan 1$
14. $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\pi}{2n} \left(1 + \cos \frac{\pi}{2n} + \dots + \cos \frac{(n-1)\pi}{2n} \right) =$
 1) -1 2) 1 3) $-\frac{1}{2}$ 4) $\frac{1}{2}$

$$15. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+1^2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+2^2}} + \dots + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+n^2}} \right] =$$

- 1) $\log(\sqrt{2})$ 2) $\log(1+\sqrt{2})$ 3) $\sqrt{2}$ 4) $2\sqrt{2}$

$$16. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2-1^2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2-2^2}} + \dots + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2n-1}} \right] =$$

- 1) π 2) 2π 3) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ 4) $\frac{\pi}{4}$

$$17. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\frac{\sqrt{n+1} + \sqrt{n+2} + \dots + \sqrt{n+n}}{n\sqrt{n}} \right] =$$

- 1) $\frac{2(2\sqrt{2}-1)}{3}$ 2) $\frac{2\sqrt{2}-1}{3}$ 3) $\frac{2\sqrt{2}+1}{3}$ 4) $\frac{2(2\sqrt{2})+1}{3}$

$$18. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1^4}{1^5+n^5} + \frac{2^4}{2^5+n^5} + \frac{3^4}{3^5+n^5} + \dots + \frac{n^4}{n^5+n^5} \right) =$$

- 1) $\frac{1}{4} \log 2$ 2) $\frac{1}{3} \log 2$ 3) $\log 2$ 4) $\frac{1}{5} \log 2$

$$19. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{r=1}^n \frac{1}{n} \sqrt{\frac{n+r}{n-r}} =$$

- 1) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ 2) 2π 3) $\frac{\pi}{2}-1$ 4) $\frac{\pi}{2}+1$

$$20. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{r=1}^n \frac{1}{\sqrt{4n^2-r^2}} =$$

- 1) π 2) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ 3) $\frac{\pi}{3}$ 4) $\frac{\pi}{6}$

$$21. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left\{ \sum_{r=1}^n \frac{1}{n} e^{r/n} \right\} =$$

- 1) $e+1$ 2) $e-1$ 3) $1-e$ 4) e

$$22. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \left\{ f\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) + f\left(\frac{2}{n}\right) + \dots + f(2) \right\} =$$

- 1) $\int_0^1 f\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) dx$ 2) $\int_0^1 f(x) dx$ 3) $\int_0^1 f(2x) dx$ 4) $\int_0^2 f(x) dx$

$$23. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1^m + 2^m + 3^m + \dots + n^m}{n^{m+1}} \right) =$$

- 1) $\frac{1}{m+1}$ 2) $\frac{1}{m+2}$ 3) $\frac{1}{m}$ 4) $\frac{1}{m+3}$

$$24. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1+2^4+3^4+\dots+n^4}{n^5} \right) - \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1+2^3+3^3+\dots+n^3}{n^5} \right) =$$

1) 0

2) $\frac{1}{4}$

3) $\frac{1}{5}$

4) $\frac{1}{30}$

$$25. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\left(1 + \frac{1}{n} \right) \left(1 + \frac{2}{n} \right) \dots \left(1 + \frac{n}{n} \right) \right]^{1/n} =$$

1) $2e$

2) $2/e$

3) $4/e$

4) $4e$

$$26. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\left(1 + \frac{1}{n^2} \right) \left(1 + \frac{2^2}{n^2} \right) \dots \left(1 + \frac{n^2}{n^2} \right) \right]^{1/n} =$$

1) $\frac{2}{e^2} e^{\pi/2}$

2) $\frac{e^2}{2} e^{\pi/2}$

3) $\frac{2}{e^{\pi/2}} e^2$

4) $\frac{e^{\pi/2}}{2e^2}$

$$27. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{(2n)!}{n! n^n} \right)^{\frac{1}{n}} =$$

1) $\frac{2}{e}$

2) $\frac{3}{e}$

3) $\frac{4}{e}$

4) $\frac{1}{e}$

$$28. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{n!}{n^n} \right)^{\frac{1}{n}} =$$

1) e

2) $2e$

3) $\frac{1}{2e}$

4) $\frac{1}{e}$

KEY SHEET (LECTURE SHEET)

EXERCISE

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|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1) 1 | 2) 4 | 3) 1 | 4) 4 | 5) 1 | 6) 2 | 7) 4 | 8) 1 | 9) 2 | 10) 2 |
| 11) 4 | 12) 2 | 13) 4 | 14) 2 | 15) 2 | 16) 3 | 17) 1 | 18) 4 | 19) 4 | 20) 4 |
| 21) 2 | 22) 4 | 23) 1 | 24) 3 | 25) 3 | 26) 1 | 27) 3 | 28) 4 | | |

