

1/ Given,

2 Versions, Iphone 14 promax & Iphone 14 pro
has 4 different colors so,
 $2 \times 4 = 8$

and, 2 version, Iphone 14 plus & Iphone 14
has 5 different colors so,
 $2 \times 5 = 10$

Therefore, total types of phone available this
year are, $10 + 8 = 18$ Ans

2/ (a) There are 4 possible answers for each question,

Applying product rule, $4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4$
 $= 4^{10}$
 $= 1048576$ ways
Ans

(b) If we take blank as an option there is
5 ways.

Applying product rule, $5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5$
 $= 5^{10}$
 $= 9765625$
Ans

40/ (a) Given, the word is "addresses"
here, d repeated 2 times

e " 2 "

s " 3 "

So, Different 9 letter words can be

formed in, $\frac{9!}{3! 2! 2!} = 1$

$= 15120$ ways
Ans

(b) Different 5-letter words can be

formed in, $\frac{5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1}{2! \times 2! \times 1!} = 60$ ways
Ans

(c) Given, the word has,

3 vowels (a, e, e)

6 consonants (d, d, r, s, s, s)

We can organize them together with
consonant & vowels separately,
 $= \frac{6!}{2! 3!} \times \frac{3!}{2!}$

$= 180$ ways

Ans

① Given, the word has 6 consonants &
3 vowels,

Now, words can be formed with the 2 consonants
placed after consonants
and vowels grouped together separately,

$$\frac{6 \times 5 \times 3 \times 3 \times 4 \times 2 \times 2 \times 1 \times 1}{3! \times 2! \times 2!}$$

= 180 ways Ans

5/ (a) The number of triangle can be made by n sided polygon,

$$Sc 3 = 84 \text{ way}.$$

Ans

(b) If, E, F, G, H are family we are left out with other 4. Assuming, family as a member we get total 5 members. And those 4 family members can also be ~~arranged~~ arranged. Lastly we get,

$$5! \times 4! = 2880 \text{ arrangements}$$

Ans

© If, family stays together they make $4!$ combinations. And with other left out 4 members the family can stay at the end of the line in,

$$4! \times 4! = 576 \text{ arrangements.}$$

Ans

① Without any restriction we can form combination for 9 in $(n-1)!$ ways
 $= 8!$

From (b) we got,

arrangements with 4 family members

staying together in, $8! - 2880$

$$= 40320 - 2880$$

$$= 37440 \text{ permutations}$$

Ans

--|--|--|--|--|

(e) If, no two members of the family are together, 2 member are in a group we can assume other 4 as boundary between the members.
So, there are total 5 positions.

$$\text{Therefore, } 5P_4 \times 4! = 2880 \text{ ways}$$

Ans

(f) Adult = 5
Minors = 3

∴ Combination of 3 adults & 2 minors can be

$${}^5C_3 \times {}^3C_2$$
$$= 30$$

Ans

⑧ from ⑦ we got,

~~given~~ combinations who are allowed for the ride which is 30

If A & B can not be together,

$${}^3C_2 \times {}^2C_2 \times {}^3C_1 = 9$$

Therefore, without A & B staying together

we get, $30 - 9 = 21$ combinations

Ans

6/ Given, $\{20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80\}$

the pairs that gives 100 are,

$\{(20, 80), (30, 70), (40, 60)\}$

Worst case will be if he get two

number of pairs that does not

goes up to 100. In that case

if he select 3 numbers ~~he~~ it

would add up to 100. $\{20, 30, 40, 50\}$

~~Ans~~ Ans: 4

7/ We have three Parties

an 500 500 people

If. we divide 500500 to 3 people they

will get equal votes which is,

$$\frac{500500}{3} = 166833 \text{ votes}$$

And to win any of the party have to
get at least $166833 + 1$ votes

$$= 166834 \text{ votes}$$

Ans

8/ Given, 7 time periods (Pigeon Holes)
597 classes (pigeon)

$$\text{So, } \frac{597}{7} \\ = 86 \text{ classes}$$

9/ Given, district = 64 (Pigeon Hole)
student = 200 (pigeon)

if 200 student come from the
same district,

$$\text{then, } 64 \times 199 + 1 = 12737$$

Ans