Professional skills and group study

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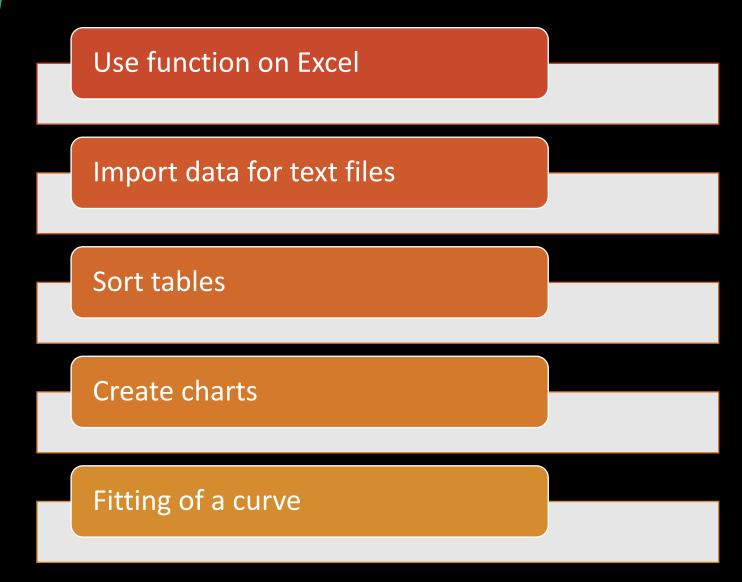
Excel/Word

Note:

Please use the app installed in the desktop/laptop because several features of excel/word do not work with the web version.

Use Professional skills excel tutorial (pdf) to help using excel.

EXCEL PRACTICE



| Α | В | С | D | Е | F |
|--------|---|---|---------|-----|---|
| Number | | | Res | | |
| 1 | | | Sum | 21 | |
| 2 | | | Average | 3.5 | |
| 3 | | | Count | 6 | |
| 4 | | | MAX | 6 | |
| 5 | | | MIN | 1 | |
| 6 | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

Please reproduce the Excel spreadsheet above

To refresh how to use the Math functions:

Sum, Average, Count, Max and Min

• The functions can be found in the Formulas ribbon/insert function.

Please reproduce the Excel table on the side

To refresh how to use the Math functions:

Radians / Degree function to convert degrees angles in Radians.

• The functions can be found in the Formulas ribbon/insert function.

| Degrees | Radians |
|----------|---------|
| 45.0000 | 0.7854 |
| 90.0000 | 1.5708 |
| 135.0000 | 2.3562 |
| 180.0000 | 3.1416 |
| 225.0000 | 3.9270 |
| 270.0000 | 4.7124 |
| 315.0000 | 5.4978 |
| 360.0000 | 6.2832 |
| | |

Please reproduce the Excel table on the side

To refresh how to use the Math functions:

Radians / Degree and the functions sin/cosine and arcsine and arccosine.

The functions can be found in the Formulas ribbon/insert function.

| | Trigonometr | | | | |
|----------|-------------|---------|---------|--------|---------------|
| | SIN | ASIN | COS | ACOS | ACOS (Degree) |
| 10.0000 | 0.1736 | 0.1745 | 0.9848 | 0.1745 | 10.0000 |
| 30.0000 | 0.5000 | 0.5236 | 0.8660 | 0.5236 | 30.0000 |
| 45.0000 | 0.7071 | 0.7854 | 0.7071 | 0.7854 | 45.0000 |
| 60.0000 | 0.8660 | 1.0472 | 0.5000 | 1.0472 | 60.0000 |
| 75.0000 | 0.9659 | 1.3090 | 0.2588 | 1.3090 | 75.0000 |
| 90.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.5708 | 0.0000 | 1.5708 | 90.0000 |
| 120.0000 | 0.8660 | 1.0472 | -0.5000 | 2.0944 | 120.0000 |
| 135.0000 | 0.7071 | 0.7854 | -0.7071 | 2.3562 | 135.0000 |
| 150.0000 | 0.5000 | 0.5236 | -0.8660 | 2.6180 | 150.0000 |
| 165.0000 | 0.2588 | 0.2618 | -0.9659 | 2.8798 | 165.0000 |
| 180.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | -1.0000 | 3.1416 | 180.0000 |
| 210.0000 | -0.5000 | -0.5236 | -0.8660 | 2.6180 | 150.0000 |
| 225.0000 | -0.7071 | -0.7854 | -0.7071 | 2.3562 | 135.0000 |
| 240.0000 | -0.8660 | -1.0472 | -0.5000 | 2.0944 | 120.0000 |
| 270.0000 | -1.0000 | -1.5708 | 0.0000 | 1.5708 | 90.0000 |
| 300.0000 | -0.8660 | -1.0472 | 0.5000 | 1.0472 | 60.0000 |
| 330.0000 | -0.5000 | -0.5236 | 0.8660 | 0.5236 | 30.0000 |
| 360.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |

Please reproduce the Excel table on the side

To refresh how to use the Math functions:

- MMULT(A,B) for matrix multiplications
- MINVERSE(A) for finding the inverse A⁻¹
- MDETERM for finding the determinant.

| Matrix Functions | | | | | | | |
|------------------|---------|--|---------------|-------|----------|----------|---|
| | | | | | | | |
| Multipl | ication | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Matrix A | | | Mati | rix B | Mat | rix C | |
| 2 | 3 | | 1 | 2 | 11 | 16 | 5 |
| 4 | 5 | | 3 | 4 | 19 | 28 | 3 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Inverse | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Matrix A | | | Matrix B | | Matrix A | | |
| -2.5 | 1.5 | | -2 | 1 | 7 | -4 | ŀ |
| 2 | -1 | | 1.5 | -0.5 | -4.75 | 2.75 | 5 |
| | | | _ | | | | |
| Determinant | | | | | | | |
| Determinant A | | | Determinant A | | Determ | ninant A | |
| -2 | | | -2 | | 4 | | |

Refresh sort and filter function of Excel

Aim of this exercise is import txt file in excel.

Instructions:

- 1. Download from Blackboard the file called: Sort-filter.txt
- 2. Click open or double click to import.

Sometimes opens without problems but if not you need following steps:

- 1. The field on the file have a separator, specify delimited (not fixed width), click next.
- 2. The delimiters are commas, so uncheck tab and check commas. Click next and then the finish button.
- 3. On the newly rows 1 add the following headers to the columns: Brand, Type and Hours.
- 4. Save your Excel file named Example4.xlsx

| | Α | В | С | |
|----|-------|--------|-------|--|
| 1 | Brand | Туре | Hours | |
| 2 | Beta | Steel | 563 | |
| 3 | Alpha | Nickel | 720 | |
| 4 | Beta | Nickel | 776 | |
| 5 | Alpha | Nickel | 873 | |
| 6 | Alpha | Nickel | 1000 | |
| 7 | Beta | Steel | 490 | |
| 8 | Alpha | Brass | 301 | |
| 9 | Alpha | Nickel | 709 | |
| 10 | Alpha | Nickel | 758 | |
| 11 | Alpha | Brass | 420 | |
| 12 | Beta | Nickel | 555 | |
| 13 | Alpha | Steel | 614 | |
| 14 | Alpha | Steel | 432 | |
| 15 | Beta | Brass | 765 | |
| 16 | Alpha | Steel | 703 | |
| 17 | Beta | Brass | 930 | |
| 18 | Beta | Steel | 590 | |
| 19 | Alpha | Steel | 922 | |
| 20 | Alpha | Steel | 615 | |
| 21 | Alpha | Steel | 496 | |

To sort the data provide in example Instructions:

- For convenience copy the data to sheet 2. Use the plus sign on the tab list to make a new sheet.
- 2. On sheet 1, click on any cell withing the range A1:C101 and select using CTRL+A. Using shortcuts CTRL+C copy from Sheet 1 and CTRL+V and paste to sheet 2.
- 3. Select any cell column A (Brand) on the data on sheet 2. Click the $A \rightarrow Z$ icon in the Home/Data/Sort & filter group. The data are now sorted with the Alpha records fist followed by Beta records.

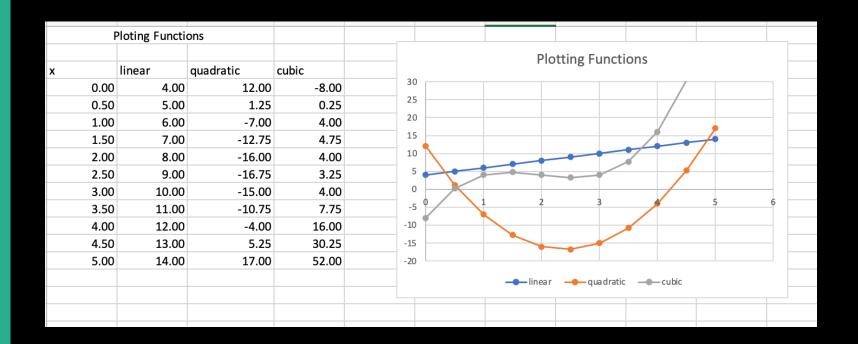
- 4. Select any cell column B (Type) on the data on sheet 2. Click the $A \rightarrow Z$ icon in the Home/Data/Sort & filter group. The data are now sorted in groups Alpha and Brass, Beta and Brass, Alpha and Nickel etc.
- 5. Next, we are going to sort multiple field. Select anywhere in the table on sheet 2. Click the Custom sort command in the Home/ Data/Sort & filter group.
- 6. Using the drop-down arrows, sort first on Brand specifying Values and $A \to Z$, then on add (plus sign) a new level and sort Type specifying Values and $A \to Z$, and finally, add another level to sort on hours specifying Value and Largest to smalles.
- 7. Save the workbook

Make a chart with three functions plotted on it:

- 1. A linear (y=2x+4)
- 2. A quadratic function $(5x^2 24x + 12)$
- 3. A cubic function $(2x^3 13x^2 + 22x 8)$

The aim of the example is to plot functions, using the chart of Excel.

You can find the charts in the insert ribbon.

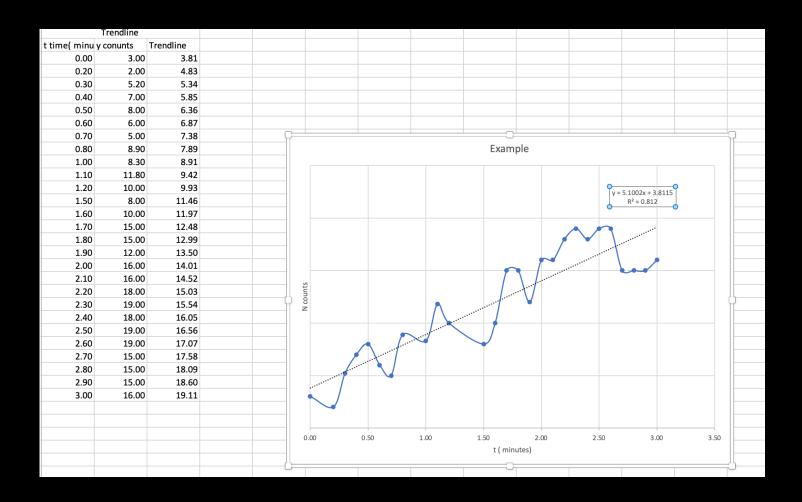


How to do it

- 1. Open an Excel file. Enter the header text in row 1: x, linear, quadratic and cubic. In cells A2 and A3 enter he number 0 and 0.5, respectively. Select the two cells and pull the fill down to A12 to generate the series 0-5.
- 2. In B2:D4 enter the formulas:
 - 1. B4: =3*A2+4
 - 2. C4:=5*A2^2-24*A2+12
 - 3. $D4: =2*A2^3-13*A2^2+22*A2-8$
- 3. Select B4:D4 and double-click to generate all data.
- 4. Click anywhere within A2:D12 and use the formatting tools on Home/Number to give the data two decimal places.
- 5. Click again within A2:D12 and to insert charts, INSERT/ chart select scattered second plot.
- 6. Format the plot as in picture selecting the series (X-axis and Y-axis).

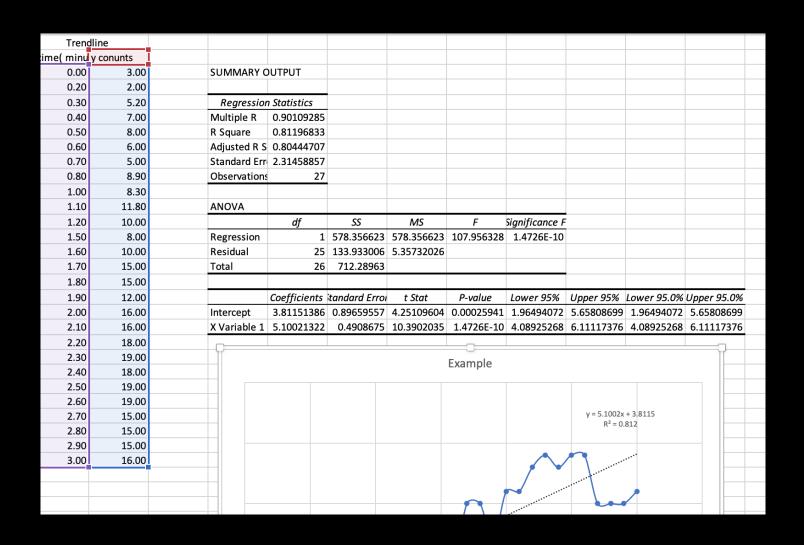
This task aims to refresh how to plot a trendline and regression line using excel.

- Download the filed Trendline from Blackboard
- To Adding the trendline to the plot: right-click on any of the data points then select Add Trendline
- Under Trendline Options, ensure that the trendline is Linear.



Regression line

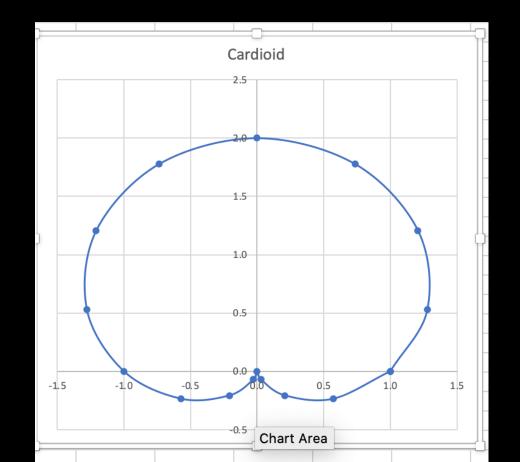
- Click the Data tab,
- then click **Data Analysis** on the right of the tab (the analysis tool pack must be active).
- A window with a list of analysis tools will appear.
 Select Regression and then click OK.



Extra task 1

Plot a cardioid

•
$$\begin{cases} x = (1 + \sin \theta)\cos \theta \\ y = (1 + \sin \theta)\sin \theta \end{cases}$$
 1° < \theta < 360°



Extra task 2

Download from Blackboard the file called Students Marks.xlsx.

- 1) Calculate total mark for each students, considering the weight of each assignment
- 2) Calculate the average Mark.
- 3) Sort the total mark from smallest to largest.
- 4) Calculate the mean for each assignment and overall result.
- 5) Plot a chart with results.