LogNormal

Parametrisation

The LogNormal has density

$$f(y) = \frac{1}{y\sqrt{2\pi}}\sqrt{\tau}\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\tau(\log y - \mu)^2\right), \quad y > 0$$

where

 $\tau > 0$ is the precision parameter,

 μ is the mean parameter.

Link-function

The parameter μ is linked to the linear predictor as:

$$\eta = \mu$$

Hyperparameters

The τ parameter is represented as

$$\theta = \log \tau$$

and the prior is defined on θ .

Specification

- family = lognormal
- Required arguments: y (to be given in a format by using inla.surv() function)

Hyperparameter spesification and default values

hyper

theta

 $\mathbf{name} \ \log \ \mathrm{precision}$

short.name prec

initial 2

fixed FALSE

prior loggamma

param 1 5e-05

to.theta function(x) log(x)

from.theta function(x) exp(x)

survival TRUE

discrete FALSE

link default identity

pdf lognormal

Example

In the following example we estimate the parameters in a simulated case

```
n = 1000
x = runif(n)
eta = 1+x
y = exp(rnorm(n, mean = eta, sd = 1))
event = rep(1,n)
data = list(y=y, event=event, x=x)
formula = inla.surv(y, event) ~ 1 + x
r=inla(formula, family ="lognormal", data=data, verbose=T)
```

Notes

- Lognormal model can be used for right censored, left censored, interval censored data.
- A general frame work to represent time is given by inla.surv
- If the observed times y are large/huge, then this can cause numerical overflow in the likelihood routines giving error messages like

```
file: smtp-taucs.c hgid: 891deb69ae0c date: Tue Nov 09 22:34:28 2010 +0100 Function: GMRFLib_build_sparse_matrix_TAUCS(), Line: 611, Thread: 0 Variable evaluates to NAN/INF. This does not make sense. Abort...
```

If you encounter this problem, try to scale the observatios, time = time / max(time) or similar, before running inla().