### The Gamma-distribution

#### Parametrisation

The Gamma-distribution has the following density

$$\pi(y) = \frac{b^a}{\Gamma(a)} y^{a-1} \exp(-by), \qquad a > 0, \quad b > 0$$

where  $E(y) = \mu = a/b$  and  $Var(y) = 1/\tau = a/b^2$ , where  $\tau$  is the precision and  $\mu$  is the mean. We will use the following parameterisation for the precision

$$\tau = (s\phi)/\mu^2$$

where  $\phi$  is the precision parameter (or  $1/\phi$  is the dispersion parameter) and s > 0 is a fixed scaling, which gives this density

$$\pi(y) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(s\phi)} \left( \frac{(s\phi)}{\mu} \right)^{(s\phi)} y^{(s\phi)-1} \exp\left( -(s\phi) \frac{y}{\mu} \right)$$

## Link-function

The linear predictor  $\eta$  is linked to the mean  $\mu$  using a default log-link

$$\mu = \exp(\eta)$$

### Hyperparameter

The hyperparameter is the precision parameter  $\phi$ , which is represented as

$$\phi = \exp(\theta)$$

and the prior is defined on  $\theta$ .

## **Specification**

- family = gamma
- Required arguments: y and s (argument scale)

The scalings have default value 1.

#### Hyperparameter spesification and default values

# hyper

#### theta

hyperid 58001 name precision parameter short.name prec initial 4.60517018598809 fixed FALSE prior loggamma param 1 0.01 to.theta function(x) log(x)

```
from.theta function(x) exp(x)
```

survival FALSE

discrete FALSE

link default log

 $\mathbf{pdf}$  gamma

# Example

In the following example we estimate the parameters in a simulated example.

#### Notes

None.