# LogLogistic

#### Parametrisation

The LogLogistic distribution has cumulative distribution function

$$F(y) = \frac{1}{1 + (y/\beta)^{-\alpha}}$$

where

 $\alpha > 0$  is the shape parameter.

 $\beta > 0$  is the scale parameter.

#### **Link-function**

The parameter  $\beta$  is linked to the linear predictor as:

$$\beta = \exp(\eta)$$

## Hyperparameters

The  $\alpha$  parameter is represented as

$$\theta = \log \alpha$$

and the prior is defined on  $\theta$ .

## Specification

- family = loglogistic
- Required arguments: y (to be given in a format by using inla.surv() function)

#### Hyperparameter spesification and default values

#### hyper

### theta

hyperid 80001

name log alpha

short.name alpha

initial 1

fixed FALSE

prior loggamma

 $\mathbf{param} \ 25 \ 25$ 

to.theta function(x) log(x)

from.theta function(x) exp(x)

survival TRUE

discrete FALSE

link default log neglog

pdf loglogistic

### Example

In the following example we estimate the parameters in a simulated case

```
rloglogistic = function(n, beta, alpha = 1)
{
    p = runif(n)
    return (beta* (((1-p)/p)^(-1/alpha)))
}

n = 1000
alpha = 2
x = runif(n)
eta = 1+x
beta = exp(eta)
y = rloglogistic(n, beta = beta, alpha = alpha)
event = rep(1,n)
data = list(y=y, event=event, x=x)
formula=inla.surv(y,event) ~ x
r=inla(formula, family ="loglogistic", data=data, verbose=T)
```

#### Notes

- Loglogistic model can be used for right censored, left censored, interval censored data.
- A general frame work to represent time is given by inla.surv
- If the observed times y are large/huge, then this can cause numerical overflow in the likelihood routines giving error messages like

```
file: smtp-taucs.c hgid: 891deb69ae0c date: Tue Nov 09 22:34:28 2010 +0100 Function: GMRFLib_build_sparse_matrix_TAUCS(), Line: 611, Thread: 0 Variable evaluates to NAN/INF. This does not make sense. Abort...
```

If you encounter this problem, try to scale the observatios, time = time / max(time) or similar, before running inla().