## Censored Poisson

#### Parametrisation

The Poisson distribution is

$$Prob(y) = \frac{\lambda^y}{y!} \exp(-\lambda)$$

for responses  $y=0,1,2,\ldots$ , where  $\lambda$  is the expected value. The cencored version is that reponse values in the interval  $L \leq y \leq H$  are cencored (and reported as y=L, say), whereas other values are reported as is.

#### **Link-function**

The mean-parameter is  $\lambda$  and is linked to the linear predictor by

$$\lambda(\eta) = E \exp(\eta)$$

where E > 0 is a known constant (or  $\log(E)$  is the offset of  $\eta$ ).

## **Hyperparameters**

None.

# **Specification**

- family = cenpoisson
- Required arguments: y, E, L and H (family-argument cenpoisson.I=c(L,H)).

## Example

In the following example we estimate the parameters in a simulated example with Poisson responses.

```
n=100
a = 0
b = 1
x = rnorm(n, sd = 0.5)
eta = a + b*x
interval = c(1, 4)
E = sample(1:10, n, replace=TRUE)
lambda = E*exp(eta)
y = rpois(n, lambda = lambda)
censored = (y >= interval[1] & y <= interval[2])</pre>
y[censored] = interval[1]
r = (inla(y ~1 + x,
          family = "cenpoisson",
          control.family = list(cenpoisson.I = interval),
          data = data.frame(y, x),
          E=E)
summary(r)
```

### Notes

For censored values, then y must be one arbitrary value in the interval; NA does not work!!!