# Logistic

#### Parametrisation

The logistic distribution is

$$f(y) = \frac{\kappa \exp(-\kappa(y - \mu))}{(1 + \exp(-\kappa(y - \mu)))^2}$$

for continuously responses y where

 $\mu$ : is the mean

 $\kappa = \tau s \pi / \sqrt{3}$ : where  $\tau$  is the precision

s: is a fixed scaling, s > 0.

#### Link-function

The mean and variance of y are given as

$$\mu$$
 and  $\sigma^2 = \frac{1}{s\tau}$ 

and the mean is linked to the linear predictor by

$$\mu = \eta$$

## Hyperparameters

The precision is represented as

$$\theta = \log \tau$$

and the prior is defined on  $\theta$ .

### **Specification**

- $\bullet$  family = logistic
- Required arguments: y and s (keyword scale)

The scalings have default value 1.

### Hyperparameter spesification and default values

doc The Logistic likelihoood

hyper

#### theta

hyperid 72001 name log precision short.name prec initial 1 fixed FALSE prior loggamma param 1 5e-05 to.theta function(x) log(x)

```
from.theta function(x) exp(x)
survival FALSE
discrete FALSE
link default identity
pdf logistic
Example
rlogistic = function(n, mean = 0, sd = 1)
   p = runif(n)
   A = pi/sqrt(3)
   tauA = A/sd^2
    return ((tauA * mean - log((1-p)/p))/tauA)
}
n = 1000
z = rnorm(n, sd=0.1)
eta = 1 + z
y = rlogistic(n, mean = eta, sd = 1)
r = inla(y ~1 + z, data = data.frame(y, z), family = "logistic",
        control.compute = list(cpo=TRUE))
```

Notes

None.