

Besag model for spatial effects

Parametrization

The besag model for random vector $\mathbf{x} = (x_1, \dots, x_n)$ is defined as

$$x_i | x_j, i \neq j, \tau \sim \mathcal{N}\left(\frac{1}{n_i} \sum_{i \sim j} x_j, \frac{1}{n_i \tau}\right) \quad (1)$$

where n_i is the number of neighbours of node i , $i \sim j$ indicates that the two nodes i and j are neighbours.

Hyperparameters

The precision parameter τ is represented as

$$\theta_1 = \log \tau$$

and the prior is defined on θ_1 .

Specification

The besag model is specified inside the `f()` function as

```
f(<whatever>, model="besag", graph=<graph>,  
  hyper=<hyper>, adjust.for.con.comp = TRUE)
```

The neighbourhood structure of \mathbf{x} is passed to the program through the `graph` argument.

The option `adjust.for.con.comp` adjust the model if the graph has more than one connected component, and this adjustment can be disabled setting this option to `FALSE`. This means that `constr=TRUE` is interpreted as a sum-to-zero constraint on *each* connected component and the `rankdef` parameter is set accordingly.

Hyperparameter spesification and default values

hyper

theta

```
name log precision  
short.name prec  
prior loggamma  
param 1 5e-05  
initial 4  
fixed FALSE  
to.theta function(x) log(x)  
from.theta function(x) exp(x)
```

constr TRUE

nrow.ncol FALSE

augmented FALSE

aug.factor 1

aug.constr

n.div.by

n.required TRUE

set.default.values TRUE

pdf besag

Example

For examples of application of this model see the **Bym**, **Munich**, **Zambia** or **Scotland** examples in Volume I.

Notes

The besag model intrinsic with rankdef 1.