

"Where Can I Find & Share Data?"

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# Repositories: Open Data Infrastructure

Repositories of various types are increasingly important in the preservation, discovery, access, and reuse of research data. This workshop is focused on fostering a discussion around the various interests that are in play in the development, use, and selection of specific repositories - both as sources for discovering and accessing data for reuse, but also for sharing and preservation of research project products.

### Open Data: Why?

Policies and drivers include federal and other funder requirements:

- White House Office of Science and Technology Policy memo, Expanding Public Access to the Results of Federally Funded Research<sup>1</sup>
- Gates Foundation Open Access Policy<sup>2</sup>

The list goes on - NSF, NIH, DoE, DoD...

Policy (sticks) aside, there is likewise research into the cultural, scientific, and social benefits of making data open and reusable (carrots). The Fair Guiding Principles<sup>3</sup> provide a nice overview as well as a pretty useful acronym of what *open* means regarding data:

Findable Accessible Interoperable Reusable

We note the NSF is currently funding projects around research and data re-use.

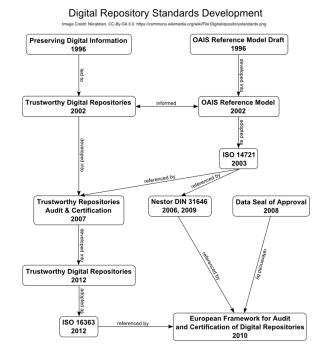
#### **Classes of Repositories**

Repositories may be categorized in a number of different ways, depending upon needs:

Compliance with standards that define trustworthyness, measures of reliability, or other predefined characteristics, such as the

- Trusted Digital Repository (TDR) Checklist<sup>4</sup>, or its successor
- Trustworthy Digital Repositories ISO 16363<sup>5</sup>/CCSDS 652.0-M-1<sup>6</sup>

Data Seal of Approval<sup>7</sup>



Types of content that those repositories focus on:

- **Disciplinary repositories** that specialize in content produced by specific research disciplines such as ICPSR<sup>8</sup> for social science data, the Archaeology Data Service<sup>9</sup> for archaeological data, and GenBank<sup>10</sup> for genetic sequence data.
- General or Interdisciplinary repositories that contain content that cross disciplinary boundaries, and may also contain multiple types of content including data, documents, and multimedia files.

Or, the organizations that host/manage the repositories - frequently as a designated repository for data products produced by or with funds from those organizations. For example:

Data.gov<sup>11</sup> - the discovery portal for data generated and provided by US Federal Government agencies, and some states, municipalities, and universities

- NASA's Distributed Active Archive Centers (DAACS)<sup>12</sup> - the 12 distributed data centers supported by NASA that provide discovery and access to different thematic collections of Earth science data.
- UNM's digital repository<sup>13</sup> the designated institutional repository for the University of New Mexico.

### Open Data: Where?

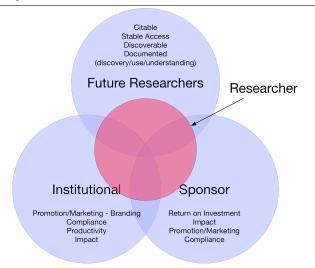
Requirements for repository services will vary from case to case, and there is no one-size-fits-all solution. Relevant factors include:

- Trusted repository status
- Capacity and commitment to preservation
- Provision of permanent identifiers (DOI)
- Format support
- Federation, discovery, and interoperability with other systems

Often these and other repository characteristics and policies are documented. Resources for identifying and assessing repositories include:

- PLOS ONE Data Availability policy (includes a list of recommended repositories<sup>14</sup>)
- Nature Scientific Data Recommended Data Repositories<sup>15</sup>
- Scientific Data recommended repositories<sup>16</sup>
- Registry of Research Data Repositories (re3data.org)<sup>17</sup>

## A Synthesis



## **Further Reading**

- Baker, Karen S., and Lynn Yarmey. "Data Stewardship: Environmental Data Curation and a Web-of-Repositories." *International Journal of Digital Curation* 4, no. 2 (2009): 12-27. https://doi.org/10.2218/ijdc.v4i2.90
- Beagrie, Neil, and John Houghton. "The Value and Impact of Data Sharing and Curation: A Synthesis of Three Recent Studies of UK Research Data Centres." London: JISC, 2014. http://repository.jisc.ac.uk/5568/1/iDF308\_-\_Digital\_Infrastructure\_Directions\_Report%2C\_Jan14, 04.pdf

Download this document: https://unmrds.github.io/bb-discovery/bb-discovery.pdf

Github Repository: https://github.com/unmrds/

Github Repository: https://github.com/unmrds/bb-discovery

#### **Notes**

¹White House Office of Science and Technology Policy (OTSP) (2013). Expanding Public Access to the Results of Federally Funded Research. https://obamawhitehouse.archives.gov/blog/2013/02/22/expanding-public-access-results-federally-funded-research

<sup>2</sup>Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation. *Open Access Policy*. https://www.gatesfoundation.org/how-we-work/general-information/open-access-policy

<sup>3</sup>Nature Scientific Data (2016). The FAIR Guiding Principles for scientific data management and stewardship. https://www.nature.com/articles/sdata201618

<sup>4</sup>RLG-NARA Task Force on Digital Repository and Certification (2007). *Trustworthy Repositories Audit & Certification: Criteria and Checklist*. Version 1, February 2007. Robin L. Dale and Bruce Ambacher, ed. The Center for Research Libraries & OCLC Online Computer Library Center, Inc. http://www.crl.edu/sites/default/files/d6/attachments/pages/trac\_0.pdf

<sup>5</sup>International Organization for Standardization (ISO) (2012). ISO 16363:2012 (CCSDS 652.0-R-1) Space data and information transfer systems – Audit and certification of trustworthy digital repositories. https://www.iso.org/standard/56510.html

<sup>6</sup>The Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems (2011). *Audit and Certification of Trustworthy Digital Repositories Recommended Practice* CCSCS 652.0-M-1. https://public.ccsds.org/pubs/652x0ml.pdf

<sup>7</sup>Data Seal of Approval website (2018). https://www.datasealofapproval.org/en/

<sup>8</sup>Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research (ICPSR). https://www.icpsr.umich.edu/icpsrweb/landing.jsp

 $^9\mathrm{Archaeology}$  Data Service (ADS). http://archaeologydataservice. ac.uk/

#### Bits & Bites

<sup>10</sup>GenBank. http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genbank/

<sup>11</sup>Data.gov (2018). https://catalog.data.gov/dataset

<sup>12</sup>NASA Distributed Active Archive Centers (DAACS) (2018). https://earthdata.nasa.gov/about/daacs

 $^{13}\mbox{UNM's}$  Institutional Repository (2018). http://digitalrepository.unm.edu

<sup>14</sup>PLOS ONE (2014). Data Availability. http://journals.plos.org/

plosone/s/data-availability

<sup>15</sup>Nature Scientific Data (2018). *Recommended Data Repositories*. https://www.nature.com/sdata/policies/repositories

<sup>16</sup>Scientific Data (2018). *Scientific Data Recommended Repositories*. doi:10.6084/m9.figshare.1434640.v11

 $^{17} Registry$  of Research Data Repositories (2018). https://www.re3data.org/

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