UNIT 1 AN INTRODUCTION TO OPERATING SYSTEMS

Application software performs specific task for the user.

System software operates and controls the computer system and provides a platform to run application software.

An **operating system** is a piece of software that manages all the resources of a computer system, both hardware and software, and provides an environment in which the user can execute his/her programs in a convenient and efficient manner by hiding underlying complexity of the hardware and acting as a resource manager.

Why OS? What is the need for OS??

- 1. What if there is no OS?
 - a. Bulky and complex app. (Hardware interaction code must be in app's code base)
 - b. Resource exploitation by 1 App.
 - c. No memory protection.
- 2. What is an OS made up of?
 - a. Collection of system software.

An operating system function -

user/apps don't directly have access to the computer hardware, os has

- Access to the computer hardware the access and it acts as a interface bw apps(/users) and hardware
- interface between the user and the computer hardware
- Resource management (Aka, Arbitration) (memory, device, file, security, process etc)
- Hides the underlying complexity of the hardware. (Aka, Abstraction)
- facilitates execution of application programs by providing isolation and protection.





User

Application programs	
Operating system	_

Computer hardware

The operating system provides the means for proper use of the resources in the operation of the computer system.