ASSIGNMENT-2

UNNATI GUPTA

Download all python codes from

https://github.com/unnatigupta2320/Assignment-2/tree/master/codes

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/unnatigupta2320/Assignment-2/tree/master

1 Question No. 2.36

Construct a quadrilateral MIST where MI = 3.5, IS = 6.5, $\angle M = 75^{\circ}$, $\angle I = 105^{\circ}$ and $\angle S = 120^{\circ}$.

2 SOLUTION

For this quadrilateral adjacent side lengths MI =3.5, IS=6.5 and angles, $\angle M = 75^{\circ}, \angle I = 105^{\circ} and \angle S = 120^{\circ}$.

Also, $\angle M = 75^{\circ} and \angle I = 105^{\circ}$,

where $\angle M + \angle I = 75^{\circ} + 105^{\circ} = 180^{\circ}$,

 $\implies MT || IS \text{ (MI being the transversal)}$

As, sum of adjacent angle on same side is 180° only when lines are parallel. Now, considering ST as another transversal on parallel lines MT and IS then $\angle S$ and $\angle T$ being on same side of transversal, we get

$$\implies \angle S + \angle T = 180^{\circ}, \qquad (2.0.1)$$

$$\implies 120^{\circ} + \angle T = 180^{\circ};$$
 (2.0.2)

$$\implies \angle T = 180^{\circ} - 120^{\circ};$$
 (2.0.3)

$$\implies \angle T = 60^{\circ};$$
 (2.0.4)

Now taking sum of all the angles given and $\angle T$ we get

$$\implies \angle M + \angle I + \angle S + \angle T$$
 (2.0.5)

$$\implies 75^{\circ} + 105^{\circ} + 120^{\circ} + 60^{\circ}, \implies 360^{\circ}$$
: (2.0.6)

So construction of given quadrilateral is possible as sum of all the angles is equal to 360°.

Now, Using cosine formula we can find SM:

$$\|\mathbf{S} - \mathbf{M}\|^2 = \|\mathbf{M} - \mathbf{I}\|^2 + \|\mathbf{I} - \mathbf{S}\|^2 - 2 \times \|\mathbf{M} - \mathbf{I}\| \times \|\mathbf{I} - \mathbf{S}\| \cos I;$$

$$\implies S M^2 = 3.5^2 + 6.5^2 - 2 \times 3.5 \times 6.5 \times \cos 105^\circ;$$

 $\implies SM = \sqrt{8.14 * 8.14};$

$$\implies SM = 8.14 \tag{2.0.7}$$

- 1) Let the coordinate of vertices M,I,S be M(0,0); I(3.5,0); S(p,q);
- 2) Using Distance Formula we have

•
$$SM^2 = (p-0)^2 + (q-0)^2$$
;

- $SM^2 = p^2 + q^2$;
- $p^2 + q^2 = 8.14(SM = 8.14);$
- 3) And, $SI^2 = (p-3.5)^2 + (q-0)^2$;
- 4) $(p-3.5)^2 + q^2 = 6.5^2 (SI = 6.5);$
- 5) On solving, these two equations we get(p,q) =(5.46, 6.036); Similarly, we can obtain T as(2.42, 9.03)
- 6) Now,On constructing the given quadrilateral we, get:

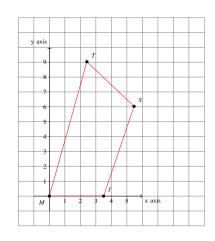


Fig. 2.1: Quadrilateral MIST