

**January 1 – December 31, 2020**

**Evidence of Coverage:**

**Your Medicare Health Benefits and Services and Prescription Drug Coverage as a Member of Aetna Medicare Plus Plan (HMO)**

This booklet gives you the details about your Medicare health care and prescription drug coverage from January 1 – December 31, 2020. It explains how to get coverage for the health care services and prescription drugs you need. **This is an important legal document. Please keep it in a safe place.**

This plan, *Aetna Medicare Plus Plan (HMO)*, is offered by Aetna Better Health of California Inc.. (When this *Evidence of Coverage* says "we," "us," or "our," it means Aetna Better Health of California Inc.. When it says "plan" or "our plan," it means *Aetna Medicare Plus Plan (HMO)*).

This document is available for free in Spanish.

ATENCIÓN: si habla español, tiene a su disposición servicios gratuitos de asistencia lingüística. Llame al 1-800-282-5366 (TTY: 711).

Please contact our Customer Service number at 1-800-282-5366 for additional information. (TTY users should call 711). Hours are 8 am to 8 pm, 7 days a week.

This document may be made available in other formats such as Braille, large print or other alternate formats.

Benefits, premium, deductible, and/or copayments/coinsurance may change on January 1, 2021.

The formulary, pharmacy network, and/or provider network may change at any time. You will receive notice when necessary.

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# **CHAPTER 1**

***Getting started as a member***

## **Chapter 1. Getting started as a member**

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**Chapter 1. Getting started as a member****SECTION 1      Introduction****Section 1.1      You are enrolled in Aetna Medicare Plus Plan (HMO), which is a Medicare HMO**

You are covered by Medicare, and you have chosen to get your Medicare health care and your prescription drug coverage through *our plan*, Aetna Medicare Plus Plan (HMO).

There are different types of Medicare health plans. *Our plan* is a Medicare Advantage HMO Plan (HMO stands for Health Maintenance Organization) approved by Medicare and run by a private company.

**Coverage under this Plan qualifies as Qualifying Health Coverage (QHC)** and satisfies the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act's (ACA) individual shared responsibility requirement. Please visit the Internal Revenue Services (IRS) website at: <https://www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families> for more information.

**Section 1.2      What is the *Evidence of Coverage* booklet about?**

This *Evidence of Coverage* booklet tells you how to get your Medicare medical care and prescription drugs covered through *our plan*. This booklet explains your rights and responsibilities, what is covered, and what you pay as a member of the plan.

The word "coverage" and "covered services" refers to the medical care and services and the prescription drugs available to you as a member of *our plan*.

It's important for you to learn what the plan's rules are and what services are available to you. We encourage you to set aside some time to look through this *Evidence of Coverage* booklet.

If you are confused or concerned or just have a question, please contact *our plan's* Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

**Section 1.3      Legal information about the *Evidence of Coverage*****It's part of our contract with you**

This *Evidence of Coverage* is part of our contract with you about how *our plan* covers your care. Other parts of this contract include your enrollment form, the *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*, and any notices you receive from us about changes to your coverage or conditions that affect your coverage. These notices are sometimes called "riders" or "amendments."

The contract is in effect for months in which you are enrolled in *our plan* between January 1, 2020 and December 31, 2020.

Each calendar year, Medicare allows us to make changes to the plans that we offer. This means we can change the costs and benefits of *our plan* after December 31, 2020. We can also choose to stop offering the plan, or to offer it in a different service area, after December 31, 2020.

**Chapter 1. Getting started as a member****Medicare must approve *our plan* each year**

Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) must approve *our plan* each year. You can continue to get Medicare coverage as a member of *our plan* as long as we choose to continue to offer the plan and Medicare renews its approval of the plan.

**SECTION 2                    What makes you eligible to be a plan member?****Section 2.1                Your eligibility requirements**

*You are eligible for membership in our plan as long as:*

You have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B (Section 2.2 tells you about Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B)

-- and -- you live in our geographic service area (Section 2.3 below describes our service area)

-- and -- you are a United States citizen or are lawfully present in the United States

-- and -- you do not have End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD), with limited exceptions, such as if you develop ESRD when you are already a member of a plan that we offer, or you were a member of a different plan that was terminated.

**Section 2.2                What are Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B?**

When you first signed up for Medicare, you received information about what services are covered under Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. Remember:

Medicare Part A generally helps cover services provided by hospitals (for inpatient services, skilled nursing facilities, or home health agencies).

Medicare Part B is for most other medical services (such as physician's services and other outpatient services) and certain items (such as durable medical equipment (DME) and supplies).

**Section 2.3                Here is the plan service area for *our plan***

Although Medicare is a Federal program, *Aetna Medicare Plus Plan (HMO)* is available only to individuals who live in *our plan* service area. To remain a member of *our plan*, you must continue to reside in the plan service area. The service area is described below.

Our service area includes these counties in: CA-San Francisco.

If you plan to move out of the service area, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). When you move, you will have a Special Enrollment Period that will allow you to switch to Original Medicare or enroll in a Medicare health or drug plan that is available in your new location.

It is also important that you call Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

**Chapter 1. Getting started as a member****Section 2.4****U.S. Citizen or Lawful Presence**

A member of a Medicare health plan must be a U.S. citizen or lawfully present in the United States. Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) will notify *Aetna Medicare Plus Plan (HMO)* if you are not eligible to remain a member on this basis. *Aetna Medicare Plus Plan (HMO)* must disenroll you if you do not meet this requirement.

**SECTION 3****What other materials will you get from us?****Section 3.1****Your plan membership card – Use it to get all covered care and prescription drugs**

While you are a member of *our plan*, you must use your membership card for *our plan* whenever you get any services covered by this plan and for prescription drugs you get at network pharmacies. You should also show the provider your Medicaid card, if applicable. Here's a sample membership card to show you what yours will look like:



As long as you are a member of *our plan*, in most cases, **you must not use your red, white, and blue Medicare card** to get covered medical services (with the exception of routine clinical research studies and hospice services). You may be asked to show your Medicare card if you need hospital services. Keep your red, white, and blue Medicare card in a safe place in case you need it later.

**Here's why this is so important:** If you get covered services using your red, white, and blue Medicare card instead of using your *Aetna Medicare Plus Plan (HMO)* membership card while you are a plan member, you may have to pay the full cost yourself.

If your plan membership card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Customer Service right away and we will send you a new card. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

**Section 3.2****The Provider and Pharmacy Directory: Your guide to all providers and pharmacies in the plan's network**

The *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* lists our network providers, durable medical equipment suppliers and pharmacies.

**What are “network providers”?**

**Network providers** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, durable medical equipment suppliers, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and any plan cost-sharing as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in *our plan*. The most recent list of providers and suppliers is available on our website at <https://www.aetnamedicare.com/findprovider>.

**Why do you need to know which providers are part of our network?**

It is important to know which providers are part of our network because, with limited exceptions, while you are a member of *our plan* you must use network providers to get your medical care and services. The PCP and/or Medical Group that you choose may determine the specialists and hospitals you can use. This means you may be limited to providers within your Primary Care Provider’s (PCP’s) and/or Medical Group’s network. The only exceptions are emergencies, urgently needed services when the network is not available (generally, when you are out of the area), out-of-area dialysis services, and cases in which *our plan* authorizes use of out-of-network providers. See Chapter 3 (*Using the plan’s coverage for your medical services*) for more specific information about emergency, out-of-network, and out-of-area coverage.

If you don’t have your copy of the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, you can request a copy from Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You may ask Customer Service for more information about our network providers, including their qualifications.

Participating physicians, hospitals and other health care providers are independent contractors and are neither agents nor employees of Aetna. The availability of any particular provider cannot be guaranteed, and provider network composition is subject to change.

**What are “network pharmacies”?**

Network pharmacies are all of the pharmacies that have agreed to fill covered prescriptions for *our plan* members.

**Why do you need to know about network pharmacies?**

You can use the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* to find the network pharmacy you want to use.

The *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* is located on our website at <https://www.aetnamedicare.com/findpharmacy>. You may also call Customer Service for updated provider information or to ask us to mail you a *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*. **We strongly suggest that you review our current *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* to see if your pharmacy is still in our network.** This is important because, with few exceptions, you must get your prescriptions filled at a network pharmacy if you want *our plan* to cover (help you pay for) them.

**Chapter 1. Getting started as a member**

The *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* will also tell you which of the pharmacies in our network have preferred cost-sharing, which may be lower than the standard cost-sharing offered by other network pharmacies for some drugs.

If you don't have the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, you can request a copy from Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). At any time, you can call Customer Service to get up-to-date information about changes in the provider or pharmacy network. We update our online directories whenever providers or pharmacies are added or leave our network. For the most up-to-date list of providers, log on to our website at <https://www.aetnamedicare.com/findprovider>. For the most current pharmacy information, log on to our website at <https://www.aetnamedicare.com/findpharmacy>.

**Section 3.3      The plan's List of Covered Drugs (*Formulary*)**

The plan has a *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*. We call it the "Drug List" for short. It tells which Part D prescription drugs are covered under the Part D benefit included in *our plan*. The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The list must meet requirements set by Medicare. Medicare has approved the *Aetna Medicare Plus Plan (HMO)* Drug List.

The Drug List also tells you if there are any rules that restrict coverage for your drugs.

To get the most complete and current information about which drugs are covered, you can visit the plan's website (<https://www.aetnamedicare.com/formulary>) or call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

**Section 3.4      The *Part D Explanation of Benefits* (the "Part D EOB"): Reports with a summary of payments made for your Part D prescription drugs**

When you use your Part D prescription drug benefits, we will send you a summary report to help you understand and keep track of payments for your Part D prescription drugs. This summary report is called the *Part D Explanation of Benefits* (or the "Part D EOB").

The *Part D Explanation of Benefits* tells you the total amount you, or others on your behalf, have spent on your Part D prescription drugs and the total amount we have paid for each of your Part D prescription drugs during the month. Chapter 6 (*What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs*) gives more information about the *Part D Explanation of Benefits* and how it can help you keep track of your drug coverage.

A *Part D Explanation of Benefits* summary is also available upon request. To get a copy, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

**Chapter 1. Getting started as a member****SECTION 4****Your monthly premium for Aetna Medicare Plus Plan (HMO)****Section 4.1****How much is your plan premium?**

You do not pay a separate monthly plan premium for *our plan*. You must continue to pay your Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

**In some situations, your plan premium could be more**

In some situations, your plan premium could be more than the amount listed above in Section 4.1. This situation is described below.

Some members are required to pay a Part D **late enrollment penalty** because they did not join a Medicare drug plan when they first became eligible or because they had a continuous period of 63 days or more when they didn't have "creditable" prescription drug coverage. ("Creditable" means the drug coverage is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage.) For these members, the Part D late enrollment penalty is added to the plan's monthly premium. Their premium amount will be the monthly plan premium plus the amount of their Part D late enrollment penalty.

- If you are required to pay the Part D late enrollment penalty, the cost of the late enrollment penalty depends on how long you went without Part D or creditable prescription drug coverage. Chapter 1, Section 5 explains the Part D late enrollment penalty.
- If you have a Part D late enrollment penalty and do not pay it, you could be disenrolled from the plan.

**SECTION 5****Do you have to pay the Part D "late enrollment penalty"?****Section 5.1****What is the Part D "late enrollment penalty"?**

**Note:** If you receive "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs, you will not pay a late enrollment penalty.

The late enrollment penalty is an amount that is added to your Part D premium. You may owe a Part D late enrollment penalty if at any time after your initial enrollment period is over, there is a period of 63 days or more in a row when you did not have Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage. "Creditable prescription drug coverage" is coverage that meets Medicare's minimum standards since it is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. The cost of the late enrollment penalty depends on how long you went without Part D or creditable prescription drug coverage. You will have to pay this penalty for as long as you have Part D coverage.

When you first enroll in *Aetna Medicare Plus Plan (HMO)*, we let you know the amount of the penalty. Your Part D late enrollment penalty is considered your plan premium.

**Chapter 1. Getting started as a member****Section 5.2****How much is the Part D late enrollment penalty?**

Medicare determines the amount of the penalty. Here is how it works:

First count the number of full months that you delayed enrolling in a Medicare drug plan, after you were eligible to enroll. Or count the number of full months in which you did not have creditable prescription drug coverage, if the break in coverage was 63 days or more. The penalty is 1% for every month that you didn't have creditable coverage. For example, if you go 14 months without coverage, the penalty will be 14%.

Then Medicare determines the amount of the average monthly premium for Medicare drug plans in the nation from the previous year. For 2020, this average premium amount is \$32.74.

To calculate your monthly penalty, you multiply the penalty percentage and the average monthly premium and then round it to the nearest 10 cents. In the example here it would be 14% times \$32.74, which equals \$4.58. This rounds to \$4.60. This amount would be added **to the monthly premium for someone with a Part D late enrollment penalty.**

There are three important things to note about this monthly Part D late enrollment penalty:

First, **the penalty may change each year**, because the average monthly premium can change each year. If the national average premium (as determined by Medicare) increases, your penalty will increase.

Second, **you will continue to pay a penalty** every month for as long as you are enrolled in a plan that has Medicare Part D drug benefits, even if you change plans.

Third, if you are under 65 and currently receiving Medicare benefits, the Part D late enrollment penalty will reset when you turn 65. After age 65, your Part D late enrollment penalty will be based only on the months that you don't have coverage after your initial enrollment period for aging into Medicare.

**Section 5.3****In some situations, you can enroll late and not have to pay the penalty**

Even if you have delayed enrolling in a plan offering Medicare Part D coverage when you were first eligible, sometimes you do not have to pay the Part D late enrollment penalty.

**You will not have to pay a penalty for late enrollment if you are in any of these situations:**

If you already have prescription drug coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. Medicare calls this "**creditable drug coverage**." Please note:

- Creditable coverage could include drug coverage from a former employer or union, TRICARE, or the Department of Veterans Affairs. Your insurer or your human resources department will tell you each year if your drug coverage is

**Chapter 1. Getting started as a member**

creditable coverage. This information may be sent to you in a letter or included in a newsletter from the plan. Keep this information, because you may need it if you join a Medicare drug plan later.

- Please note: If you receive a “certificate of creditable coverage” when your health coverage ends, it may not mean your prescription drug coverage was creditable. The notice must state that you had “creditable” prescription drug coverage that expected to pay as much as Medicare’s standard prescription drug plan pays.

- The following are *not* creditable prescription drug coverage: prescription drug discount cards, free clinics, and drug discount websites.
- For additional information about creditable coverage, please look in your *Medicare & You 2020 Handbook* or call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

If you were without creditable coverage, but you were without it for less than 63 days in a row.

If you are receiving “Extra Help” from Medicare.

**Section 5.4****What can you do if you disagree about your Part D late enrollment penalty?**

If you disagree about your Part D late enrollment penalty, you or your representative can ask for a review of the decision about your late enrollment penalty. Generally, you must request this review **within 60 days** from the date on the first letter you receive stating you have to pay a late enrollment penalty. If you were paying a penalty before joining *our plan*, you may not have another chance to request a review of that late enrollment penalty. Call Customer Service to find out more about how to do this (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

**SECTION 6****Do you have to pay an extra Part D amount because of your income?****Section 6.1****Who pays an extra Part D amount because of income?**

Most people pay a standard monthly Part D premium. However, some people pay an extra amount because of their yearly income. If your income is \$85,000 or above for an individual (or married individuals filing separately) or \$170,000 or above for married couples, you must pay an extra amount directly to the government for your Medicare Part D coverage.

If you have to pay an extra amount, Social Security, not your Medicare plan, will send you a letter telling you what that extra amount will be and how to pay it. The extra amount will be withheld from your Social Security, Railroad Retirement Board, or Office of Personnel Management benefit check, no matter how you usually pay your plan premium, unless your monthly benefit isn’t enough to cover the extra amount owed. If your benefit check isn’t enough to cover the extra amount, you will get a bill from Medicare. **You must pay**

**Chapter 1. Getting started as a member**

**the extra amount to the government. It cannot be paid with your monthly plan premium.**

**Section 6.2 How much is the extra Part D amount?**

If your modified adjusted gross income (MAGI) as reported on your IRS tax return is above a certain amount, you will pay an extra amount in addition to your monthly plan premium. For more information on the extra amount you may have to pay based on your income, visit <https://www.medicare.gov/part-d/costs/premiums/drug-plan-premiums.html>.

**Section 6.3 What can you do if you disagree about paying an extra Part D amount?**

If you disagree about paying an extra amount because of your income, you can ask Social Security to review the decision. To find out more about how to do this, contact Social Security at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY 1-800-325-0778).

**Section 6.4 What happens if you do not pay the extra Part D amount?**

The extra amount is paid directly to the government (not your Medicare plan) for your Medicare Part D coverage. If you are required by law to pay the extra amount and you do not pay it, you will be disenrolled from the plan and lose prescription drug coverage.

**SECTION 7 More information about your monthly premium****Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums**

Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums. As explained in Section 2 above, in order to be eligible for *our plan*, you must have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. Some plan members (those who aren't eligible for premium-free Part A) pay a premium for Medicare Part A. Most plan members pay a premium for Medicare Part B. **You must continue paying your Medicare premiums to remain a member of the plan.**

If your modified adjusted gross income as reported on your IRS tax return from 2 years ago is above a certain amount, you'll pay the standard premium amount and an Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount, also known as IRMAA. IRMAA is an extra charge added to your premium.

**If you are required to pay the extra amount and you do not pay it, you will be disenrolled from the plan and lose prescription drug coverage.**

If you have to pay an extra amount, Social Security, **not your Medicare plan**, will send you a letter telling you what that extra amount will be.

For more information about Part D premiums based on income, go to Chapter 1, Section 6 of this booklet. You can also visit <https://www.medicare.gov> on the Web or call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. Or you may call Social Security at 1-800-772-1213. TTY users should call 1-800-325-0778.

**Chapter 1. Getting started as a member**

Your copy of *Medicare & You* 2020 gives information about the Medicare premiums in the section called “2020 Medicare Costs.” This explains how the Medicare Part B and Part D premiums differ for people with different incomes. Everyone with Medicare receives a copy of *Medicare & You* each year in the fall. Those new to Medicare receive it within a month after first signing up. You can also download a copy of *Medicare & You* 2020 from the Medicare website (<https://www.medicare.gov>). Or, you can order a printed copy by phone at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

<b>Section 7.1</b>	<b>If you pay a Part D late enrollment penalty, there are several ways you can pay your penalty</b>
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If you pay a Part D late enrollment penalty, there are three ways you can pay the penalty. You may inform us of your premium payment option choice or change your choice by calling Customer Service at the numbers shown on the back cover of this *Evidence of Coverage*.

If you decide to change the way you pay your Part D late enrollment penalty, it can take up to three months for your new payment method to take effect. While we are processing your request for a new payment method, you are responsible for making sure that your Part D late enrollment penalty is paid on time.

**Option 1: You can pay by check**

You may decide to pay your monthly Part D late enrollment penalty to us by check using our coupon book method. Please make your checks payable to *our plan* (which is indicated in your coupon book). Monthly Part D late enrollment penalty payments are due the 1<sup>st</sup> day of each month for coverage of the current month. We must receive your check and corresponding month's coupon in our office between the 10<sup>th</sup> and 15<sup>th</sup> of each month to prevent your account from becoming delinquent. All monthly Part D late enrollment penalty payments should be sent to the address listed on your payment coupons.

If you choose our coupon book payment method, your coupon book should arrive within 30 days of your application or 10 days prior to your effective date, whichever is later. Be sure to include your coupon with your check to ensure the appropriate credit is applied to your account. The Plan reserves the right to charge up to \$35 for any returned bank items. In the event that you need a replacement coupon book or you wish to change your payment method, please call Customer Service for assistance (phone numbers are on the back cover of this booklet).

**Option 2: You can pay by automatic withdrawal**

You may decide to pay your monthly Part D late enrollment penalty by an automatic withdrawal from your bank account by the Electronic Fund Transfer (EFT) option. Your Part D late enrollment penalty will be automatically deducted from your bank account by the 10th calendar day of every month unless it is a weekend or bank holiday, then the deduction will occur the next business day. You may also have your Part D late enrollment penalty charged to a credit card of your choice and the payment will be charged to your credit card by the 10th calendar day of every month unless it is a weekend or bank holiday,

**Chapter 1. Getting started as a member**

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then the charge will occur the next business day. If you are interested in enrolling in these programs, please contact Customer Service at the number listed on the back cover of this *Evidence of Coverage*.

**Option 3: You can have the Part D late enrollment penalty taken out of your monthly Social Security check**

You can have the Part D late enrollment penalty taken out of your monthly Social Security check. Contact Customer Service for more information on how to pay your penalty this way. We will be happy to help you set this up. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

**What to do if you are having trouble paying your Part D late enrollment penalty**

Your Part D late enrollment penalty is due in our office by the first day of each month. If we have not received your Part D late enrollment penalty payment by the 10th day of the month, we will do the following:

For enrollees who are formally receiving "Extra Help" with payment toward their monthly plan premiums or whose premium payments are made up only of Part D late enrollment penalty amounts, we will send you reminder notices of the premium amounts that are due to help you so you can keep your account up-to-date.

For all other enrollees, we will send you a notice telling you that your plan membership may end if we do not receive your Part D late enrollment penalty within three months of the due date. If you are required to pay a late enrollment penalty, you must pay the penalty to keep your prescription drug coverage.

If you are having trouble paying your Part D late enrollment penalty on time, please contact Customer Service to see if we can direct you to programs that will help with your penalty. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

If we end your membership because you did not pay your Part D late enrollment penalty, you will have health coverage under Original Medicare.

If we end your membership with the plan because you did not pay your Part D late enrollment penalty, then you may not be able to receive Part D coverage until the following year if you enroll in a new plan during the annual Medicare open enrollment period. During the annual enrollment period, you may either join a stand-alone prescription drug plan or a health plan that also provides drug coverage. (If you go without "creditable" drug coverage for more than 63 days, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty for as long as you have Part D coverage.)

At the time we end your membership, you may still owe us for the penalty you have not paid. We have the right to pursue collection of the penalty you owe. In the future, if you want to enroll again in *our plan* (or another plan that we offer), you will need to pay the amount you owe before you can enroll.

If you think we have wrongfully ended your membership, you have a right to ask us to reconsider this decision by making a complaint. Chapter 9, Section 10 of this booklet tells how to make a complaint. If you had an emergency circumstance that was out of your

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control and it caused you to not be able to pay your premiums within our grace period, you can ask us to reconsider this decision by calling 1-800-282-5366 between 8 am and 8 pm, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 711. You must make your request no later than 60 days after the date your membership ends.

**Section 7.2      Can we change your monthly plan premium during the year?**

**No.** We are not allowed to begin charging a monthly plan premium during the year. If the monthly plan premium changes for next year we will tell you in September and the change will take effect on January 1.

However, in some cases, you may need to start paying or may be able to stop paying a late enrollment penalty. (The late enrollment penalty may apply if you had a continuous period of 63 days or more when you didn't have "creditable" prescription drug coverage.) This could happen if you become eligible for the "Extra Help" program or if you lose your eligibility for the "Extra Help" program during the year:

If you currently pay the Part D late enrollment penalty and become eligible for "Extra Help" during the year, you would be able to stop paying your penalty.

If you ever lose your low-income subsidy ("Extra Help"), you would be subject to the monthly Part D late enrollment penalty if you have ever gone without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 days or more.

You can find out more about the "Extra Help" program in Chapter 2, Section 7.

**SECTION 8      Please keep your plan membership record up to date****Section 8.1      How to help make sure that we have accurate information about you**

Your membership record has information from your enrollment form, including your address and telephone number. It shows your specific plan coverage including your Primary Care Provider/Medical Group/IPA. A Medical Group is a group of physicians and other healthcare providers under contract to provide services to members of Aetna Medicare. An IPA is an independent group of physicians and other healthcare providers under contract to provide services to members of Aetna Medicare. This means that the PCP and/or Medical Group/IPA that you choose may determine the specialists and hospitals you can use.

The doctors, hospitals, pharmacists, and other providers in the plan's network need to have correct information about you. **These network providers use your membership record to know what services and drugs are covered and the cost-sharing amounts for you.** Because of this, it is very important that you help us keep your information up to date.

**Let us know about these changes:**

Changes to your name, your address, or your phone number

Changes in any other health insurance coverage you have (such as from your employer, your spouse's employer, workers' compensation, or Medicaid)

**Chapter 1. Getting started as a member**

- If you have any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident
- If you have been admitted to a nursing home
- If you receive care in an out-of-area or out-of-network hospital or emergency room
- If your designated responsible party (such as a caregiver) changes
- If you are participating in a clinical research study

If any of this information changes, please let us know by calling Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

It is also important to contact Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

**Read over the information we send you about any other insurance coverage you have**

Medicare requires that we collect information from you about any other medical or drug insurance coverage that you have. That's because we must coordinate any other coverage you have with your benefits under *our plan*. (For more information about how our coverage works when you have other insurance, see Section 10 in this chapter.)

Once each year, we will send you a letter that lists any other medical or drug insurance coverage that we know about. Please read over this information carefully. If it is correct, you don't need to do anything. If the information is incorrect, or if you have other coverage that is not listed, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

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**SECTION 9                    We protect the privacy of your personal health information**

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**Section 9.1                We make sure that your health information is protected**

Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

For more information about how we protect your personal health information, please go to Chapter 8, Section 1.3 of this booklet.

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**SECTION 10                How other insurance works with *our plan***

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**Section 10.1              Which plan pays first when you have other insurance?**

When you have other insurance (like employer group health coverage), there are rules set by Medicare that decide whether *our plan* or your other insurance pays first. The insurance that pays first is called the "primary payer" and pays up to the limits of its coverage. The one that pays second, called the "secondary payer," only pays if there are costs left uncovered by the primary coverage. The secondary payer may not pay all of the uncovered costs.

**Chapter 1. Getting started as a member**

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These rules apply for employer or union group health plan coverage:

If you have retiree coverage, Medicare pays first.

If your group health plan coverage is based on your or a family member's current employment, who pays first depends on your age, the number of people employed by your employer, and whether you have Medicare based on age, disability, or End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD):

- If you're under 65 and disabled and you or your family member is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 100 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 100 employees.
- If you're over 65 and you or your spouse is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 20 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 20 employees.

If you have Medicare because of ESRD, your group health plan will pay first for the first 30 months after you become eligible for Medicare.

These types of coverage usually pay first for services related to each type:

No-fault insurance (including automobile insurance)

Liability (including automobile insurance)

Black lung benefits

Workers' compensation

Medicaid and TRICARE never pay first for Medicare-covered services. They only pay after Medicare, employer group health plans, and/or Medigap have paid.

If you have other insurance, tell your doctor, hospital, and pharmacy. If you have questions about who pays first, or you need to update your other insurance information, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You may need to give your plan member ID number to your other insurers (once you have confirmed their identity) so your bills are paid correctly and on time.

## **CHAPTER 2**

### ***Important phone numbers and resources***

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**Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources****SECTION 1****Aetna Medicare Plus Plan (HMO) contacts**

(how to contact us, including how to reach Customer Service at the plan)

**How to contact our plan's Customer Service**

For assistance with claims, billing, or member card questions, please call or write to *our plan's Customer Service*. We will be happy to help you.

<b>Method</b>	<b>Customer Service - Contact Information</b>
<b>CALL</b>	1-800-282-5366  Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 am to 8 pm, 7 days a week. Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.
<b>TTY</b>	711  Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 am to 8 pm, 7 days a week.
<b>FAX</b>	1-866-759-4415
<b>WRITE</b>	<b>Aetna Medicare</b> PO Box 14088 Lexington, KY 40512
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="https://www.aetnamedicare.com">https://www.aetnamedicare.com</a>

**How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your medical care**

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services. For more information on asking for coverage decisions about your medical care, see Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

You may call us if you have questions about our coverage decision process.

<b>Method</b>	<b>Coverage Decisions For Medical Care - Contact Information</b>
<b>CALL</b>	1-800-282-5366  Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 am to 8 pm, 7 days a week.
<b>TTY</b>	711  Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 am to 8 pm, 7 days a week.

**Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources**

<b>Method</b>	<b>Coverage Decisions For Medical Care – Contact Information</b>
<b>FAX</b>	1-860-754-5468
<b>WRITE</b>	<p><b>Aetna Medicare</b>            Aetna Medicare Precertification Unit            PO Box 14079            Lexington, KY 40512-4079</p>
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="https://www.aetnamedicare.com">https://www.aetnamedicare.com</a>

**How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care**

An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on making an appeal about your medical care, see Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

<b>Method</b>	<b>Appeals For Medical Care – Contact Information</b>
<b>CALL</b>	1-800-282-5366  Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 am to 8 pm, 7 days a week.
<b>TTY</b>	711  Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 am to 8 pm, 7 days a week.
<b>FAX</b>	1-724-741-4953
<b>WRITE</b>	<p><b>Aetna Medicare</b>            Aetna Medicare Part C Appeals &amp; Grievances            PO Box 14067            Lexington, KY 40512</p>
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="https://www.aetnamedicare.com">https://www.aetnamedicare.com</a>

**Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources****How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care**

You can make a complaint about us or one of our network providers, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. (If your problem is about the plan's coverage or payment, you should look at the section above about making an appeal.) For more information on making a complaint about your medical care, see Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

<b>Method</b>	<b>Complaints About Medical Care – Contact Information</b>
<b>CALL</b>	1-800-282-5366  Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 am to 8 pm, 7 days a week.
<b>TTY</b>	711  Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 am to 8 pm, 7 days a week.
<b>FAX</b>	1-724-741-4956
<b>WRITE</b>	<b>Aetna Medicare</b> Aetna Medicare Part C Appeals & Grievances PO Box 14067 Lexington, KY 40512
<b>MEDICARE WEBSITE</b>	You can submit a complaint about <i>our plan</i> directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare go to <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx">https://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx</a> .

**Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources****How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your Part D prescription drugs**

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your prescription drugs covered under the Part D benefit included in your plan. For more information on asking for coverage decisions about your Part D prescription drugs, see Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*)).

<b>Method</b>	<b>Coverage Decisions for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information</b>
<b>CALL</b>	1-800-414-2386  Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 am to 8 pm EST, Monday through Friday.
<b>TTY</b>	711  Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 am to 8 pm EST, Monday through Friday.
<b>FAX</b>	1-800-408-2386
<b>WRITE</b>	<b>Aetna Medicare</b> Aetna Medicare Coverage Determinations PO Box 7773 London, KY 40742
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="https://www.aetnamedicare.com">https://www.aetnamedicare.com</a>

**Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources****How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your Part D prescription drugs**

An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on making an appeal about your Part D prescription drugs, see Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

Method	Appeals for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
<b>CALL</b>	Expedited appeal phone number: 1-877-235-3755  Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
<b>TTY</b>	711  Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
<b>FAX</b>	1-724-741-4954
<b>WRITE</b>	<b>Aetna Medicare</b> Aetna Medicare Part D Appeals & Grievances PO Box 14579 Lexington, KY 40512
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="https://www.aetnamedicare.com">https://www.aetnamedicare.com</a>

**Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources****How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your Part D prescription drugs**

You can make a complaint about us or one of our network pharmacies, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. (If your problem is about the plan's coverage or payment, you should look at the section above about making an appeal.) For more information on making a complaint about your Part D prescription drugs, see Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

<b>Method</b>	<b>Complaints about Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information</b>
<b>CALL</b>	1-800-282-5366 Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 am to 8 pm, 7 days a week.
<b>TTY</b>	711 Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation are 8 am to 8 pm, 7 days a week.
<b>FAX</b>	1-724-741-4956
<b>WRITE</b>	<b>Aetna Medicare</b> Aetna Medicare Part D Appeals & Grievances PO Box 14579 Lexington, KY 40512
<b>MEDICARE WEBSITE</b>	You can submit a complaint about our plan directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare go to <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx">https://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx</a>

**Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources****Where to send a request asking us to pay for our share of the cost for medical care or a drug you have received**

For more information on situations in which you may need to ask us for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider, see Chapter 7 (*Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs*).

**Please note:** If you send us a payment request and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. See Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*) for more information.

Method	Payment Requests for Medical Coverage – Contact Information
FAX	1-866-759-4415
WRITE	<b>Aetna Medicare</b> PO Box 981106 El Paso, TX 79998-1106
WEBSITE	<a href="https://www.aetnamedicare.com">https://www.aetnamedicare.com</a>
Method	Payment Requests for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
WRITE	<b>Aetna Medicare</b> Aetna Pharmacy Management Attn: Medicare Processing PO Box 52446 Phoenix, AZ 85072-2446
WEBSITE	<a href="https://www.aetnamedicare.com">https://www.aetnamedicare.com</a>

**SECTION 2****Medicare**

(how to get help and information directly from the Federal Medicare program)

Medicare is the Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The Federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (sometimes called "CMS"). This agency contracts with Medicare Advantage organizations including us.

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-MEDICARE, or 1-800-633-4227 Calls to this number are free. 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

**Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources**

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
TTY	<p>1-877-486-2048</p> <p>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p>
WEBSITE	<p><u><a href="https://www.medicare.gov">https://www.medicare.gov</a></u></p> <p>This is the official government website for Medicare. It gives you up-to-date information about Medicare and current Medicare issues. It also has information about hospitals, nursing homes, physicians, home health agencies, and dialysis facilities. It includes booklets you can print directly from your computer. You can also find Medicare contacts in your state.</p> <p>The Medicare website also has detailed information about your Medicare eligibility and enrollment options with the following tools:</p> <p><b>Medicare Eligibility Tool:</b> Provides Medicare eligibility status information.</p> <p><b>Medicare Plan Finder:</b> Provides personalized information about available Medicare prescription drug plans, Medicare health plans, and Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) policies in your area. These tools provide an <i>estimate</i> of what your out-of-pocket costs might be in different Medicare plans.</p> <p>You can also use the website to tell Medicare about any complaints you have about <i>our plan</i>:</p> <p><b>Tell Medicare about your complaint:</b> You can submit a complaint about <i>our plan</i> directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to <u><a href="https://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx">https://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx</a></u>. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.</p> <p>If you don't have a computer, your local library or senior center may be able to help you visit this website using its computer. Or, you can call Medicare and tell them what information you are looking for. They will find the information on the website, print it out, and send it to you. (You can call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)</p>

**Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources**

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**SECTION 3****State Health Insurance Assistance Program**

(free help, information, and answers to your questions about Medicare)

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The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state. **Refer to Addendum A at the back of this Evidence of Coverage for the name and contact information of the State Health Insurance Assistance Program in your state.**

A SHIP is independent (not connected with any insurance company or health plan). It is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

SHIP counselors can help you with your Medicare questions or problems. They can help you understand your Medicare rights, help you make complaints about your medical care or treatment, and help you straighten out problems with your Medicare bills. SHIP counselors can also help you understand your Medicare plan choices and answer questions about switching plans.

**SECTION 4****Quality Improvement Organization**

(paid by Medicare to check on the quality of care for people with Medicare)

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There is a designated Quality Improvement Organization for serving Medicare beneficiaries in each state. **Refer to Addendum A at the back of this Evidence of Coverage for the name and contact information of the Quality Improvement Organization in your state.**

A QIO has a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by the Federal government. This organization is paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. The QIO is an independent organization. It is not connected with *our plan*.

You should contact the QIO in any of these situations:

You have a complaint about the quality of care you have received.

You think coverage for your hospital stay is ending too soon.

You think coverage for your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services are ending too soon.

**Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources****SECTION 5 Social Security**

Social Security is responsible for determining eligibility and handling enrollment for Medicare. U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents who are 65 or older, or who have a disability or End-Stage Renal Disease and meet certain conditions, are eligible for Medicare. If you are already getting Social Security checks, enrollment into Medicare is automatic. If you are not getting Social Security checks, you have to enroll in Medicare. Social Security handles the enrollment process for Medicare. To apply for Medicare, you can call Social Security or visit your local Social Security office.

Social Security is also responsible for determining who has to pay an extra amount for their Part D drug coverage because they have a higher income. If you got a letter from Social Security telling you that you have to pay the extra amount and have questions about the amount or if your income went down because of a life-changing event, you can call Social Security to ask for reconsideration.

If you move or change your mailing address, it is important that you contact Social Security to let them know.

Method	Social Security- Contact Information
<b>CALL</b>	1-800-772-1213 Calls to this number are free.  Available 7:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday.  You can use Social Security's automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day.
<b>TTY</b>	1-800-325-0778 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.  Calls to this number are free.  Available 7:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday.
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="https://www.ssa.gov">https://www.ssa.gov</a>

**SECTION 6 Medicaid**

(a joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with limited income and resources)

Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources. Some people with Medicare are also eligible for Medicaid.

**Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources**

In addition, there are programs offered through Medicaid that help people with Medicare pay their Medicare costs, such as their Medicare premiums. These “Medicare Savings Programs” help people with limited income and resources save money each year:

**Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB):** Helps pay Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and other cost-sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments). (Some people with QMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (QMB+).)

**Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB):** Helps pay Part B premiums. (Some people with SLMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (SLMB+).)

**Qualified Individual (QI):** Helps pay Part B premiums.

**Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI):** Helps pay Part A premiums.

To find out more about Medicaid and its programs, contact your state Medicaid agency.

**Refer to Addendum A at the back of this Evidence of Coverage for the name and contact information for the Medicaid agency in your state.**

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**SECTION 7              Information about programs to help people pay for their prescription drugs**

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**Medicare’s “Extra Help” Program**

Medicare provides “Extra Help” to pay prescription drug costs for people who have limited income and resources. Resources include your savings and stocks, but not your home or car. If you qualify, you get help paying for any Medicare drug plan’s monthly premium, yearly deductible, and prescription copayments. This “Extra Help” also counts toward your out-of-pocket costs.

People with limited income and resources may qualify for “Extra Help.” Some people automatically qualify for “Extra Help” and don’t need to apply. Medicare mails a letter to people who automatically qualify for “Extra Help.”

You may be able to get “Extra Help” to pay for your prescription drug premiums and costs. To see if you qualify for getting “Extra Help,” call:

1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048, 24 hours a day/7 days a week;

The Social Security Office at 1-800-772-1213, between 7 am to 7 pm, Monday through Friday. TTY users should call 1-800-325-0778 (applications); or

Your State Medicaid Office (applications) (See **Addendum A** at the back of this booklet for contact information).

If you believe you have qualified for “Extra Help” and you believe that you are paying an incorrect cost-sharing amount when you get your prescription at a pharmacy, *our plan* has established a process that allows you to either request assistance in obtaining evidence of your proper copayment level, or, if you already have the evidence, to provide this evidence to us.

**Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources**

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You can fax your evidence to Aetna at 1-888-665-6296, or mail your documentation to:

Aetna Medicare Department Attention: BAE  
PO Box 14088  
Lexington, KY 40512-4088

You can also email it to: [BAE/LISMAILBOX@aetna.com](mailto:BAE/LISMAILBOX@aetna.com)

Examples of evidence can be any of the following items:

A copy of your Medicaid card that includes your name and an eligibility date during a month after June of the previous calendar year.

A copy of a state document that confirms active Medicaid status during a month after June of the previous calendar year.

A print out from the state electronic enrollment file showing Medicaid status during a month after June of the previous calendar year.

A screen-print from the state's Medicaid systems showing Medicaid status during a month after June of the previous calendar year.

Other documentation provided by the state showing Medicaid status during a month after June of the previous calendar year.

For individuals who are not deemed eligible, but who apply and are found Low Income Subsidy (LIS) eligible, a copy of the Social Security Administration (SSA) award letter.

If you are institutionalized and qualify for zero cost-sharing:

- A remittance from the facility showing Medicaid payment for a full calendar month for that individual during a month after June of the previous calendar year.
- A copy of a state document that confirms Medicaid payment on your behalf to the facility for a full calendar month after June of the previous calendar year.
- A screen print from the state's Medicaid systems showing your institutional status based on at least a full calendar month stay for Medicaid payment purposes during a month after June of the previous calendar year.
- Medicare and additional SSA documents that supports a beneficiary's LIS cost sharing level:
  - Deeming notice – pub.no. 11166 (purple notice)
  - Auto-enrollment notice – Prospective only pub.no.11154 (yellow notice)
  - Auto-enrollment notice – Retroactive and Prospective pub.no.11429 (yellow notice)
  - Full-facilitated notice – pub.no. 11186 (green notice)
  - Partial-facilitated notice – pub.no.11191 (green notice)
  - Copay change notice – pub.no.11199 (orange notice)
  - Reassignment notice – pub.no. 11208 and 11209 (blue notice)

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- MA Reassignment – pub.no. 11443 (blue notice)
- LIS Choosers notice – pub.no. 11267 (tan notice)
- Chooser Reminder notice – pub.no. 11465 (tan notice)

When we receive the evidence showing your copayment level, we will update our system so that you can pay the correct copayment when you get your next prescription at the pharmacy. If you overpay your copayment, we will reimburse you. Either we will forward a check to you in the amount of your overpayment or we will offset future copayments. If the pharmacy hasn't collected a copayment from you and is carrying your copayment as a debt owed by you, we may make the payment directly to the pharmacy. If a state paid on your behalf, we may make payment directly to the state. Please contact Customer Service if you have questions (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

**Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program**

The Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program provides manufacturer discounts on brand name drugs to Part D members who have reached the coverage gap and are not receiving "Extra Help." For brand name drugs, the 70% discount provided by manufacturers excludes any dispensing fee for costs in the gap. Members pay 25% of the negotiated price and a portion of the dispensing fee for brand name drugs.

If you reach the coverage gap, we will automatically apply the discount when your pharmacy bills you for your prescription and your Part D Explanation of Benefits (Part D EOB) will show any discount provided. Both the amount you pay and the amount discounted by the manufacturer count toward your out-of-pocket costs as if you had paid them and move you through the coverage gap. The amount paid by the plan (5%) does not count toward your out-of-pocket costs.

You also receive some coverage for generic drugs. If you reach the coverage gap, the plan pays 75% of the price for generic drugs and you pay the remaining 25% of the price. For generic drugs, the amount paid by the plan (75%) does not count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Only the amount you pay counts and moves you through the coverage gap. Also, the dispensing fee is included as part of the cost of the drug.

The Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program is available nationwide. Because *our plan* offers additional gap coverage during the Coverage Gap Stage, your out-of-pocket costs will sometimes be lower than the costs described here. Please go to Chapter 6, Section 6 for more information about your coverage during the Coverage Gap Stage.

If you have any questions about the availability of discounts for the drugs you are taking or about the Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program in general, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

**What if you have coverage from an AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)?****What is the AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)?**

The AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP) helps ADAP-eligible individuals living with HIV/AIDS have access to life-saving HIV medications. Medicare Part D prescription drugs that are also covered by ADAP qualify for prescription cost-sharing assistance which may

**Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources**

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vary by state. Note: To be eligible for the ADAP operating in your State, individuals must meet certain criteria, including proof of State residence and HIV status, low income as defined by the State, and uninsured/under-insured status.

If you are currently enrolled in an ADAP, it can continue to provide you with Medicare Part D prescription cost-sharing assistance for drugs on the ADAP formulary. In order to be sure you continue receiving this assistance, please notify your local ADAP enrollment worker of any changes in your Medicare Part D plan name or policy number. Refer to **Addendum A** at the back of this *Evidence of Coverage* for the name and contact information of the ADAP in your state.

For information on eligibility criteria, covered drugs, or how to enroll in the program, please call your state ADAP contact. (Refer to **Addendum A** at the back of this *Evidence of Coverage* for the name and contact information of the ADAP in your state).

**What if you get “Extra Help” from Medicare to help pay your prescription drug costs? Can you get the discounts?**

No. If you get “Extra Help,” you already get coverage for your prescription drug costs during the coverage gap.

**What if you don’t get a discount, and you think you should have?**

If you think that you have reached the coverage gap and did not get a discount when you paid for your brand name drug, you should review your next *Part D Explanation of Benefits* (Part D EOB) notice. If the discount doesn’t appear on your *Part D Explanation of Benefits*, you should contact us to make sure that your prescription records are correct and up-to-date. If we don’t agree that you are owed a discount, you can appeal. You can get help filing an appeal from your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) (telephone numbers are in **Addendum A at the back of this Evidence of Coverage**) or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

**Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources**

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**SECTION 8                    How to contact the Railroad Retirement Board**

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The Railroad Retirement Board is an independent Federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation's railroad workers and their families. If you have questions regarding your benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, contact the agency.

If you receive your Medicare through the Railroad Retirement Board, it is important that you let them know if you move or change your mailing address.

Method	Railroad Retirement Board - Contact Information
<b>CALL</b>	1-877-772-5772 Calls to this number are free.  If you press "0," you may speak with an RRB representative from 9:00 am to 3:30 pm, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, and from 9:00 am to 12:00 pm on Wednesday.  If you press "1", you may access the automated RRB HelpLine and recorded information 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays.
<b>TTY</b>	1-312-751-4701 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are <i>not</i> free.
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="https://secure.rrb.gov/">https://secure.rrb.gov/</a>

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**SECTION 9                    Do you have "group insurance" or other health insurance from an employer?**

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If you (or your spouse) get benefits from your (or your spouse's) employer or retiree group as part of this plan, you may call the employer/union benefits administrator or Customer Service if you have any questions. You can ask about your (or your spouse's) employer or retiree health benefits, premiums, or the enrollment period. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.) You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227; TTY: 1-877-486-2048) with questions related to your Medicare coverage under this plan.

If you have other prescription drug coverage through your (or your spouse's) employer or retiree group, please contact **that group's benefits administrator**. The benefits administrator can help you determine how your current prescription drug coverage will work with *our plan*.

## **CHAPTER 3**

***Using the plan's coverage  
for your medical services***

## **Chapter 3. Using the plan's coverage for your medical services**

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**Chapter 3. Using the plan's coverage for your medical services****SECTION 1****Things to know about getting your medical care covered as a member of *our plan***

This chapter explains what you need to know about using the plan to get your medical care covered. It gives definitions of terms and explains the rules you will need to follow to get the medical treatments, services, and other medical care that are covered by the plan.

For the details on what medical care is covered by *our plan* and how much you pay when you get this care, use the benefits chart in the next chapter, Chapter 4 (*Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay*).

**Section 1.1****What are “network providers” and “covered services”?**

Here are some definitions that can help you understand how you get the care and services that are covered for you as a member of *our plan*:

**“Providers”** are doctors and other health care professionals licensed by the state to provide medical services and care. The term “providers” also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.

**“Network providers”** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and your cost-sharing amount as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in *our plan*. The providers in our network bill us directly for care they give you. When you see a network provider, you pay only your share of the cost for their services.

**“Covered services”** include all the medical care, health care services, supplies, and equipment that are covered by *our plan*. Your covered services for medical care are listed in the benefits chart in Chapter 4.

**Section 1.2****Basic rules for getting your medical care covered by the plan**

As a Medicare health plan, *our plan* must cover all services covered by Original Medicare and must follow Original Medicare’s coverage rules.

*Our plan* will generally cover your medical care as long as:

**The care you receive is included in the plan’s Medical Benefits Chart** (this chart is in Chapter 4 of this booklet).

**The care you receive is considered medically necessary.** “Medically necessary” means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

**You have a network primary care provider (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care.** As a member of *our plan*, you must choose a network PCP (for more information about this, see Section 2.1 in this chapter).

**Chapter 3. Using the plan's coverage for your medical services**

- In most situations, your network PCP must give you approval in advance before you can use other providers in the plan's network, such as specialists, hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, or home health care agencies. This is called giving you a "referral." For more information about this, see Section 2.3 of this chapter.
- Referrals from your PCP are not required for emergency care or urgently needed services. There are also some other kinds of care you can get without having approval in advance from your PCP (for more information about this, see Section 2.2 of this chapter).

**You must receive your care from a network provider** (for more information about this, see Section 2 in this chapter). In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider (a provider who is not part of *our plan's* network) will not be covered. *Here are three exceptions:*

- The plan covers emergency care or urgently needed services that you get from an out-of-network provider. For more information about this, and to see what emergency or urgently needed services means, see Section 3 in this chapter.
- If you need medical care that Medicare requires *our plan* to cover and the providers in our network cannot provide this care, you can get this care from an out-of-network provider. You should get prior authorization from the plan prior to seeking care. In this situation, you will pay the same as you would pay if you got the care from a network provider. For information about getting approval to see an out-of-network doctor, see Section 2.4 in this chapter.
- The plan covers kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan's service area.

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**SECTION 2**

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**Use providers in the plan's network to get your medical care****Section 2.1****You must choose a Primary Care Provider (PCP) to provide and oversee your medical care****What is a "PCP" and what does the PCP do for you?**

As a member of *our plan*, you must have a network PCP on file with us. It is very important that you choose a network PCP and tell us who you have chosen. Your PCP can help you stay healthy, treat illnesses and coordinate your care with other health care providers. Your PCP will appear on your ID card. If your ID card does not show a PCP or the PCP on your card is not the one you want to use, please contact us immediately. If you use a PCP that is not printed on your ID card, you may incur a higher cost share or your claims may be denied. The PCP and/or Medical Group that you choose may determine the specialists and hospitals you can use.

Depending on where you live, the following types of providers may act as a PCP:

General Practitioner

**Chapter 3. Using the plan's coverage for your medical services**

Internist  
Family Practitioner  
Geriatrician  
Physician Assistants (Not available in all states)  
Nurse Practitioners (Not available in all states)

Please refer to your *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* or access our website at <https://www.aetnamedicare.com/findprovider> for a complete listing of PCPs in your area.

**What is the role of a PCP in coordinating covered services?**

Your PCP will provide most of your care, and when you need more specialized services, they will coordinate your care with other providers. Your PCP will help you find a specialist and will arrange for covered services you get as a member of *our plan*. Some of the services that the PCP will coordinate include:

x-rays;  
laboratory tests;  
therapies;  
care from doctors who are specialists; and  
hospital admissions

"Coordinating" your services includes consulting with other plan providers about your care and how it is progressing. Since your PCP will provide and coordinate your medical care, we recommend that you have your past medical records sent to your PCP's office. Certain types of covered services may require a referral from your PCP.

In some cases, your PCP may need to get approval in advance from our Medical Management Department for certain types of services or tests (this is called getting "prior authorization"). Services and items requiring prior authorization are listed in Chapter 4.

**How do you choose your PCP?**

You can select your PCP by using the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, or by accessing our website at <https://www.aetnamedicare.com/findprovider>, or getting help from Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

If you have not selected a PCP, a PCP will be selected for you. However, you can change your PCP (as explained later in this section) for any reason, any time by contacting Customer Service at the number on the back cover of this booklet with your PCP choice.

If there is a particular plan specialist or hospital that you want to use, check first to be sure that your PCP makes referrals to that specialist, or uses that hospital. If you select a PCP, the name and/or office telephone number of your PCP is printed on your membership card. If you use a PCP that is not printed on your ID card, you may incur a higher cost share or your claims may be denied.

**Changing your PCP**

You may change your PCP for any reason, at any time. Also, it's possible that your PCP might leave *our plan's* network of providers and you would have to find a new PCP. If you use a PCP that is not printed on your ID card, you may incur a higher cost share or your

**Chapter 3. Using the plan's coverage for your medical services**

claims may be denied. Contact us immediately if your ID card does not show the PCP you want to use. We will update your file and send you a new ID card to reflect the change in PCP.

To change your PCP, call Customer Service at the number on the back of this booklet **before** you set up an appointment with a new PCP. When you call, be sure to tell Customer Service if you are seeing specialists or currently getting other covered services that were coordinated by your PCP (such as home health services and durable medical equipment). They will check to see if the PCP you want to switch to is accepting new patients. Customer Service will change your membership record to show the name of your new PCP, let you know the effective date of your change request, and answer your questions about the change. They will also send you a new membership card that shows the name and/or phone number of your new PCP.

<b>Section 2.2</b>	<b>What kinds of medical care can you get without getting approval in advance from your PCP?</b>
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You can get the services listed below without getting approval in advance from your PCP.

Routine women's health care, which includes breast exams, screening mammograms (x-rays of the breast), Pap tests, and pelvic exams as long as you get them from a network provider.

Flu shots, Hepatitis B vaccinations, and pneumonia vaccinations as long as you get them from a network provider

Emergency services from network providers or from out-of-network providers

Urgently needed services from network providers or from out-of-network providers when network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible (e.g., when you are temporarily outside of the plan's service area)

Kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan's service area. (If possible, please call Customer Service before you leave the service area so we can help arrange for you to have maintenance dialysis while you are away. Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

<b>Section 2.3</b>	<b>How to get care from specialists and other network providers</b>
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A specialist is a doctor who provides health care services for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists. Here are a few examples:

Oncologists care for patients with cancer.

Cardiologists care for patients with heart conditions.

Orthopedists care for patients with certain bone, joint, or muscle conditions.

**What is the role of the PCP in referring members to specialists and other providers?**

Your PCP will provide most of your care and will help arrange or coordinate the rest of the covered services you get as a plan member. If you need certain types of covered services or

**Chapter 3. Using the plan's coverage for your medical services**

supplies, your PCP must give approval in advance (such as giving you a referral to see a specialist). If you use a PCP that is not printed on your ID card or see a specialist without a referral, you may incur a higher cost share or your claims may be denied. For more details about which services require a referral from your PCP, please contact us. Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.

**Prior Authorization Process**

In some cases, your provider may need to get approval in advance from our Medical Management Department for certain types of services or tests that you receive in-network (this is called getting "prior authorization"). Obtaining prior authorization is the responsibility of the PCP or treating provider. Services and items requiring prior authorization are listed in *Medical Benefits Chart* in Chapter 4, Section 2.1.

**What if a specialist or another network provider leaves our plan?**

We may make changes to the hospitals, doctors, and specialists (providers) that are part of your plan during the year. There are a number of reasons why your provider might leave your plan, but if your doctor or specialist does leave your plan you have certain rights and protections that are summarized below:

Even though our network of providers may change during the year, Medicare requires that we furnish you with uninterrupted access to qualified doctors and specialists.

We will make a good faith effort to provide you with at least 30 days' notice that your provider is leaving *our plan* so that you have time to select a new provider.

We will assist you in selecting a new qualified provider to continue managing your health care needs.

If you are undergoing medical treatment you have the right to request, and we will work with you to ensure that the medically necessary treatment you are receiving is not interrupted.

If you believe we have not furnished you with a qualified provider to replace your previous provider or that your care is not being appropriately managed, you have the right to file an appeal of our decision.

If you find out your doctor or specialist is leaving your plan, please contact us so we can assist you in finding a new provider and managing your care.

You may contact Customer Service at the number on the back cover of this *Evidence of Coverage* for assistance in selecting a new PCP or to identify other participating providers. You may also look up participating providers using the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* or on our website at <https://www.aetnamedicare.com/findprovider>.

**Section 2.4****How to get care from out-of-network providers**

As a member of *our plan*, you must use network providers. If you receive unauthorized care from an out-of-network provider, we may deny coverage and you will be responsible for the entire cost. *Here are three exceptions:*

**Chapter 3. Using the plan's coverage for your medical services**

The plan covers emergency care or urgently needed care that you get from an out-of-network provider. For more information about this, and to see what emergency or urgently needed care means, see Section 3 in this chapter.

If you need medical care that Medicare requires *our plan* to cover and the providers in our network cannot provide this care, you can get this care from an out-of-network provider and you will pay the same as you would pay if you got the care from a network provider. You should get prior authorization from the plan prior to seeking care. Your PCP or other network provider will contact us to obtain authorization for you to see an out-of-network provider.

Kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan's service area.

You should ask the out-of-network provider to bill us first. If you have already paid for the covered services or if the out-of-network provider sends you a bill that you think we should pay, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or send us the bill. See Chapter 7 for information on how to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received.

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**SECTION 3                    How to get covered services when you have an emergency or urgent need for care or during a disaster**

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**Section 3.1                Getting care if you have a medical emergency****What is a “medical emergency” and what should you do if you have one?**

A “**medical emergency**” is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

If you have a medical emergency:

**Get help as quickly as possible.** Call 911 for help or go to the nearest emergency room or hospital. Call for an ambulance if you need it. You do *not* need to get approval or a referral first from your PCP.

**As soon as possible, make sure that *our plan* has been told about your emergency.** We need to follow up on your emergency care. You or someone else should call to tell us about your emergency care, usually within 48 hours. Please call Customer Service at the number on your ID card.

**What is covered if you have a medical emergency?**

You may get covered emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the United States or its territories. *Our plan* covers ambulance services in situations where getting to the emergency room in any other way could endanger your health. For more information, see the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this booklet.

### Chapter 3. Using the plan's coverage for your medical services

Our plan also covers emergency medical care if you receive the care outside of the United States. See the *Medical Benefits Chart* in Chapter 4 for more information on this coverage.

If you have an emergency, we will talk with the doctors who are giving you emergency care to help manage and follow up on your care. The doctors who are giving you emergency care will decide when your condition is stable and the medical emergency is over.

After the emergency is over you are entitled to follow-up care to be sure your condition continues to be stable. Your follow-up care will be covered by *our plan*. If your emergency care is provided by out-of-network providers, we will try to arrange for network providers to take over your care as soon as your medical condition and the circumstances allow.

#### What if it wasn't a medical emergency?

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical emergency. For example, you might go in for emergency care – thinking that your health is in serious danger – and the doctor may say that it wasn't a medical emergency after all. If it turns out that it was not an emergency, as long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we will cover your care.

However, after the doctor has said that it was *not* an emergency, we will cover additional care *only* if you get the additional care in one of these two ways:

You go to a network provider to get the additional care.

– or – The additional care you get is considered “urgently needed services” and you follow the rules for getting this urgently needed services (for more information about this, see Section 3.2 below).

### Section 3.2

### Getting care when you have an urgent need for services

#### What are “urgently needed services”?

“Urgently needed services” are non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care. Urgently needed services may be furnished by network providers or by out-of-network providers when network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible. The unforeseen condition could, for example, be an unforeseen flare-up of a known condition that you have.

#### What if you are in the plan's service area when you have an urgent need for care?

You should always try to obtain urgently needed services from network providers. However, if providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible and it is not reasonable to wait to obtain care from your network provider when the network becomes available, we will cover urgently needed services that you get from an out-of-network provider.

If you need to locate an urgent care facility, you can find an in-network urgent care center near you by using the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, going to our website at <https://www.aetnamedicare.com/findprovider>, or getting help from Customer Service (phone numbers are on the back cover of this booklet).

**Chapter 3. Using the plan's coverage for your medical services****What if you are outside the plan's service area when you have an urgent need for care?**

When you are outside the service area and cannot get care from a network provider, *our plan* will cover urgently needed services that you get from any provider.

*Our plan* covers worldwide emergency and urgent care services outside of the United States under emergent and urgent circumstances.

**Section 3.3 Getting care during a disaster**

If the Governor of your state, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the President of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you are still entitled to care from your plan.

Please visit the following website: <https://www.aetnamedicare.com> for information on how to obtain needed care during a disaster.

Generally, if you cannot use a network provider during a disaster, your plan will allow you to obtain care from out-of-network providers at in-network cost-sharing. If you cannot use a network pharmacy during a disaster, you may be able to fill your prescription drugs at an out-of-network pharmacy. Please see Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for more information.

**SECTION 4 What if you are billed directly for the full cost of your covered services?****Section 4.1 You can ask us to pay our share of the cost of covered services**

If you have paid more than your share for covered services, or if you have received a bill for the full cost of covered medical services, go to Chapter 7 (*Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs*) for information about what to do.

**Section 4.2 If services are not covered by *our plan*, you must pay the full cost**

*Our plan* covers all medical services that are medically necessary, are listed in the plan's Medical Benefits Chart (this chart is in Chapter 4 of this booklet), and are obtained consistent with plan rules. You are responsible for paying the full cost of services that aren't covered by *our plan*, either because they are not plan covered services, or they were obtained out-of-network and were not authorized.

If you have any questions about whether we will pay for any medical service or care that you are considering, you have the right to ask us whether we will cover it before you get it. You also have the right to ask for this in writing. If we say we will not cover your services, you have the right to appeal our decision not to cover your care.

Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*) has more information about what to do if you want a coverage decision from us or want to appeal a decision we have already made. You may also call Customer Service to get more information (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

**Chapter 3. Using the plan's coverage for your medical services**

For covered services that have a benefit limitation, you pay the full cost of any services you get after you have used up your benefit for that type of covered service. Any amounts you pay for services after a benefit limit has been reached do not count toward your out-of-pocket maximum. You can call Customer Service when you want to know how much of your benefit limit you have already used.

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**SECTION 5                    How are your medical services covered when you are in a  
                                "clinical research study"?**

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**Section 5.1                What is a "clinical research study"?**

A clinical research study (also called a "clinical trial") is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. They test new medical care procedures or drugs by asking for volunteers to help with the study. This kind of study is one of the final stages of a research process that helps doctors and scientists see if a new approach works and if it is safe.

Not all clinical research studies are open to members of *our plan*. Medicare first needs to approve the research study. If you participate in a study that Medicare has *not* approved, *you will be responsible for paying all costs for your participation in the study*.

Once Medicare approves the study, someone who works on the study will contact you to explain more about the study and see if you meet the requirements set by the scientists who are running the study. You can participate in the study as long as you meet the requirements for the study *and* you have a full understanding and acceptance of what is involved if you participate in the study.

If you participate in a Medicare-approved study, Original Medicare pays most of the costs for the covered services you receive as part of the study. When you are in a clinical research study, you may stay enrolled in *our plan* and continue to get the rest of your care (the care that is not related to the study) through *our plan*.

If you want to participate in a Medicare-approved clinical research study, you do *not* need to get approval from us or your PCP. The providers that deliver your care as part of the clinical research study do *not* need to be part of *our plan's* network of providers.

Although you do not need to get *our plan's* permission to be in a clinical research study, **you do need to tell us before you start participating in a clinical research study.**

If you plan on participating in a clinical research study, contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) to let them know that you will be participating in a clinical trial and to find out more specific details about what your plan will pay.

**Chapter 3. Using the plan's coverage for your medical services****Section 5.2****When you participate in a clinical research study, who pays for what?**

Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, you are covered for routine items and services you receive as part of the study, including:

Room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study.

An operation or other medical procedure if it is part of the research study.

Treatment of side effects and complications of the new care.

Original Medicare pays most of the cost of the covered services you receive as part of the study. After Medicare has paid its share of the cost for these services, *our plan* will also pay for part of the costs. We will pay the difference between the cost-sharing in Original Medicare and your cost-sharing as a member of *our plan*. This means you will pay the same amount for the services you receive as part of the study as you would if you received these services from *our plan*.

*Here's an example of how the cost-sharing works:* Let's say that you have a lab test that costs \$100 as part of the research study. Let's also say that your share of the costs for this test is \$20 under Original Medicare, but the test would be \$10 under *our plan's* benefits. In this case, Original Medicare would pay \$80 for the test and we would pay another \$10. This means that you would pay \$10, which is the same amount you would pay under *our plan's* benefits.

In order for us to pay for our share of the costs, you will need to submit a request for payment. With your request, you will need to send us a copy of your Medicare Summary Notices or other documentation that shows what services you received as part of the study and how much you owe. Please see Chapter 7 for more information about submitting requests for payment.

When you are part of a clinical research study, **neither Medicare nor *our plan* will pay for any of the following:**

Generally, Medicare will *not* pay for the new item or service that the study is testing unless Medicare would cover the item or service even if you were *not* in a study.

Items and services the study gives you or any participant for free.

Items or services provided only to collect data, and not used in your direct health care. For example, Medicare would not pay for monthly CT scans done as part of the study if your medical condition would normally require only one CT scan.

**Do you want to know more?**

You can get more information about joining a clinical research study by reading the publication "Medicare and Clinical Research Studies" on the Medicare website (<https://www.medicare.gov>).

**Chapter 3. Using the plan's coverage for your medical services**

You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

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**SECTION 6                    Rules for getting care covered in a “religious non-medical health care institution”**

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**Section 6.1                What is a religious non-medical health care institution?**

A religious non-medical health care institution is a facility that provides care for a condition that would ordinarily be treated in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against a member’s religious beliefs, we will instead provide coverage for care in a religious non-medical health care institution. You may choose to pursue medical care at any time for any reason. This benefit is provided only for Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services). Medicare will only pay for non-medical health care services provided by religious non-medical health care institutions.

**Section 6.2                What care from a religious non-medical health care institution is covered by our plan?**

To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you are conscientiously opposed to getting medical treatment that is “non-excepted.”

“Non-excepted” medical care or treatment is any medical care or treatment that is *voluntary* and *not required* by any federal, state, or local law.

“Excepted” medical treatment is medical care or treatment that you get that is *not voluntary* or *is required* under federal, state, or local law.

To be covered by *our plan*, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.

*Our plan’s* coverage of services you receive is limited to *non-religious* aspects of care.

If you get services from this institution that are provided to you in a facility, the following conditions apply:

- You must have a medical condition that would allow you to receive covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care.
- – *and* – you must get approval in advance from *our plan* before you are admitted to the facility or your stay will not be covered.

Medicare Inpatient Hospital coverage has unlimited additional days (see *Medical Benefits Chart* in Chapter 4). Medicare coverage limits apply to Skilled Nursing Facility care (see *Medical Benefits Chart* in Chapter 4).

**SECTION 7****Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment****Section 7.1      Will you own the durable medical equipment after making a certain number of payments under *our plan*?**

Durable medical equipment (DME) includes items such as oxygen equipment and supplies, wheelchairs, walkers, powered mattress systems, crutches, diabetic supplies, speech generating devices, IV infusion pumps, nebulizers, and hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home. The member always owns certain items, such as prosthetics. In this section, we discuss other types of DME that you must rent.

In Original Medicare, people who rent certain types of durable medical equipment own the equipment after paying copayments for the item for 13 months. As a member of *our plan*, however, you usually will not acquire ownership of rented durable medical equipment items no matter how many copayments you make for the item while a member of *our plan*. Under certain limited circumstances we will transfer ownership of the DME item to you. Call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) to find out about the requirements you must meet and the documentation you need to provide.

**What happens to payments you made for durable medical equipment if you switch to Original Medicare?**

If you did not acquire ownership of the DME item while in *our plan*, you will have to make 13 new consecutive payments after you switch to Original Medicare in order to own the item. Payments you made while in *our plan* do not count toward these 13 consecutive payments.

If you made fewer than 13 payments for the DME item under Original Medicare *before* you joined *our plan*, your previous payments also do not count toward the 13 consecutive payments. You will have to make 13 new consecutive payments after you return to Original Medicare in order to own the item. There are no exceptions to this case when you return to Original Medicare.

## **CHAPTER 4**

***Medical Benefits Chart  
(what is covered and  
what you pay)***

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

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**SECTION 1                    Understanding your out-of-pocket costs for covered services**

This chapter focuses on your covered services and what you pay for your medical benefits. It includes a Medical Benefits Chart that lists your covered services and shows how much you will pay for each covered service as a member of *our plan*. Later in this chapter, you can find information about medical services that are not covered. It also explains limits on certain services.

**Section 1.1                    Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services**

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know about the types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services.

A “**copayment**” is the fixed amount you pay each time you receive certain medical services. You pay a copayment at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your copayments.)

“**Coinsurance**” is the percentage you pay of the total cost of certain medical services. You pay a coinsurance at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your coinsurance.)

Most people who qualify for Medicaid or for the Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB) program should never pay deductibles, copayments or coinsurance. Be sure to show your proof of Medicaid or QMB eligibility to your provider, if applicable. If you think that you are being asked to pay improperly, contact Customer Service.

**Section 1.2                    What is the most you will pay for covered medical services?**

Because you are enrolled in a Medicare Advantage Plan, there is a limit to how much you have to pay out-of-pocket each year for in-network medical services that are covered by *our plan* (see the Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2, below). This limit is called the maximum out-of-pocket amount for medical services.

As a member of *our plan*, the most you will have to pay out-of-pocket for in-network covered services in 2020 is \$4,200. The amounts you pay for copayments, and coinsurance for in-network covered services count toward this maximum out-of-pocket amount. (The amounts you pay for your Part D prescription drugs do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. In addition, amounts you pay for some services do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. These services are marked with an asterisk in the Medical Benefits Chart.) If you reach the maximum out-of-pocket amount of \$4,200, you will not have to pay any out-of-pocket costs for the rest of the year for in-network covered services. However, you must continue to pay the Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)****Section 1.3*****Our plan does not allow providers to “balance bill” you***

As a member of *our plan*, an important protection for you is that you only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get services covered by *our plan*. We do not allow providers to add additional separate charges, called “balance billing.” This protection (that you never pay more than your cost-sharing amount) applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don’t pay certain provider charges.

Here is how this protection works.

If your cost-sharing is a copayment (a set amount of dollars, for example, \$15.00), then you pay only that amount for any covered services from a network provider.

If your cost-sharing is a coinsurance (a percentage of the total charges), then you never pay more than that percentage. However, your cost depends on which type of provider you see:

- If you receive the covered services from a network provider, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the plan’s reimbursement rate (as determined in the contract between the provider and the plan).
- If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who participates with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for participating providers. (Remember, the plan covers services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral.)
- If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who does not participate with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for non-participating providers. (Remember, the plan covers services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral.)

If you believe a provider has “balance billed” you, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

**SECTION 2*****Use the Medical Benefits Chart to find out what is covered for you and how much you will pay*****Section 2.1*****Your medical benefits and costs as a member of the plan***

The Medical Benefits Chart on the following pages lists the services *our plan* covers and what you pay out-of-pocket for each service. The services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered only when the following coverage requirements are met:

Your Medicare covered services must be provided according to the coverage guidelines established by Medicare.

Your services (including medical care, services, supplies, and equipment) *must* be medically necessary. “Medically necessary” means that the services, supplies, or

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

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drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

You receive your care from a network provider. In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider will not be covered. Chapter 3 provides more information about requirements for using network providers and the situations when we will cover services from an out-of-network provider.

You have a primary care provider (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care. In most situations, your PCP must give you approval in advance before you can see other providers in the plan's network. This is called giving you a "referral." Chapter 3 provides more information about getting a referral and the situations when you do not need a referral.

Some of the services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered *only* if your doctor or other network provider gets approval in advance (sometimes called "prior authorization") from us. Covered services that need approval in advance are marked in the Medical Benefits Chart.

We may also charge you "administrative fees" for missed appointments or for not paying your required cost-sharing at the time of service. Call Customer Service if you have questions regarding these administrative fees. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

Other important things to know about our coverage:

Like all Medicare health plans, we cover everything that Original Medicare covers. For some of these benefits, you pay *more* in *our plan* than you would in Original Medicare. For others, you pay *less*. (If you want to know more about the coverage and costs of Original Medicare, look in your *Medicare & You* 2020 Handbook. View it online at <https://www.medicare.gov> or ask for a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)

For all preventive services that are covered at no cost under Original Medicare, we also cover the service at no cost to you. However, if you also are treated or monitored for an existing medical condition during the visit when you receive the preventive service, a copayment will apply for the care received for the existing medical condition.

Sometimes, Medicare adds coverage under Original Medicare for new services during the year. If Medicare adds coverage for any services during 2020, either Medicare or *our plan* will cover those services.

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

 You will see this apple next to the preventive services in the benefits chart.

**Important information regarding the services listed below in the Medical Benefits Chart:**

If you receive services from:	Your plan services include:	You will pay:
<b>A primary care physician (PCP) or specialist</b> and get more than one covered service during the single visit:  <i>A clinic visit cost share may apply based on the role of the attending physician (PCP or specialist)</i>	Copays only	The highest single copay for all services received.
	Copays and coinsurance	The highest single copay for all services and the coinsurance amounts for each service.
	Coinurance only	The coinsurance amounts for all services received.

If you receive services from:	Your plan services include:	You will pay:
<b>An outpatient facility</b> and get more than one covered service during the single visit:	Copays only	The highest single copay for all services received.
	Copays and coinsurance	The highest single copay for all services and the coinsurance amounts for each service.
	Coinurance only	The coinsurance amounts for all services received.

**Medical Benefits Chart**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
 <b>Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening</b>  A one-time screening ultrasound for people at risk. The plan only covers this screening if you have certain risk factors and if you get a referral for it from your physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for this preventive screening.

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services that are covered for you</b>	<b>What you must pay when you get these services</b>
<p><b>Acupuncture</b></p> <p>In general, acupuncture services are not covered by Original Medicare. We cover: unlimited visits per year</p> <p>Our plan has contracted with American Specialty Health (ASH) to provide your acupuncture services. You must use the ASH network of acupuncture providers. To locate a network provider you may contact Customer Service at the number on the back of your ID card or search our online directory. If you choose to use a provider outside of the ASH network for your acupuncture care, the services you receive will not be covered.</p> <p><b>*Please note that this service does not apply to your In-Network Out-of-Pocket Maximum.</b></p>	\$0 copay* for covered acupuncture services.
<p><b>Ambulance services</b></p> <p>Covered ambulance services include fixed wing, rotary wing, and ground ambulance services, to the nearest appropriate facility that can provide care only if they are furnished to a member whose medical condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health or if authorized by the plan.</p> <p>Non-emergency transportation by ambulance is appropriate if it is documented that the member's condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health and that transportation by ambulance is medically required.</p> <p><b>Prior authorization is required for non-emergency transportation by fixed-wing aircraft.</b></p>	<p>\$275 copay for each Medicare-covered one-way trip via ground ambulance.</p> <p>\$275 copay for each Medicare-covered one-way trip via air ambulance.</p> <p>Ground or air ambulance cost-sharing is <u>not</u> waived if you are admitted to the hospital.</p>

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services that are covered for you</b>	<b>What you must pay when you get these services</b>
<b>Annual routine physical</b>  The annual routine physical is an extensive physical exam including a medical history collection and it may also include any of the following: vital signs, observation of general appearance, a head and neck exam, a heart and lung exam, an abdominal exam, a neurological exam, a dermatological exam, and an extremities exam. Coverage for this non-Medicare benefit is in addition to the Medicare-covered annual wellness visit and the "Welcome to Medicare" Preventive Visit.	\$0 copay for an annual routine physical.
 <b>Annual wellness visit</b>  If you've had Part B for longer than 12 months, you can get an annual wellness visit to develop or update a personalized prevention plan based on your current health and risk factors. Our plan will cover the annual wellness exam once per calendar year.  <b>Note:</b> Your first annual wellness visit can't take place within 12 months of your "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit. However, you don't need to have had a "Welcome to Medicare" visit to be covered for annual wellness visits after you've had Part B for 12 months.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the annual wellness visit.
 <b>Bone mass measurement</b>  For qualified individuals (generally, this means people at risk of losing bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis), the following services are covered every 24 months or more frequently if medically necessary: procedures to identify bone mass, detect bone loss, or determine bone quality, including a physician's interpretation of the results.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered bone mass measurement.

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services that are covered for you</b>	<b>What you must pay when you get these services</b>
 <b>Breast cancer screening (mammograms)</b> One baseline mammogram between the ages of 35 and 39 One screening mammogram every 12 months for women age 40 and older Clinical breast exams once every 24 months	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for covered screening mammograms.
<b>Cardiac rehabilitation services</b> Comprehensive programs of cardiac rehabilitation services that include exercise, education, and counseling are covered for members who meet certain conditions with a doctor's order. The plan also covers intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs that are typically more rigorous or more intense than cardiac rehabilitation programs.	\$20 copay for Medicare-covered cardiac rehabilitation and intensive cardiac rehabilitation services.
 <b>Cardiovascular disease risk reduction visit (therapy for cardiovascular disease)</b> We cover one visit per year with your primary care doctor to help lower your risk for cardiovascular disease. During this visit, your doctor may discuss aspirin use (if appropriate), check your blood pressure, and give you tips to make sure you're eating healthy.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the intensive behavioral therapy cardiovascular disease preventive benefit.
 <b>Cardiovascular disease testing</b> Blood tests for the detection of cardiovascular disease (or abnormalities associated with an elevated risk of cardiovascular disease) once every 5 years (60 months).	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for cardiovascular disease testing that is covered once every 5 years.
 <b>Cervical and vaginal cancer screening</b> Covered services include: For all women: Pap tests and pelvic exams are covered once every 24 months	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered preventive Pap and pelvic exams.

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services that are covered for you</b>	<b>What you must pay when you get these services</b>
If you are at high risk of cervical or vaginal cancer or you are of childbearing age and have had an abnormal Pap test within the past 3 years: one Pap test every 12 months	
<p><b>Chiropractic services</b></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <p>Manual manipulation of the spine to correct subluxation</p> <p>In addition to Medicare-covered benefits, we also offer:</p> <p>Routine chiropractic services: unlimited visits per year</p> <p>Our plan has contracted with American Specialty Health (ASH) to provide your chiropractic services. You must use the ASH network of chiropractic providers. To locate a network provider you may contact Customer Service at the number on the back of your ID card or search our online directory. If you choose to use a provider outside of the ASH network for your chiropractic care, the services you receive will not be covered.</p> <p><b>*Please note that this service does not apply to your In-Network Out-of-Pocket Maximum.</b></p> <p><b>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</b></p>	<p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered chiropractic visit.</p> <p>\$0 copay* for each Non-Medicare-covered routine chiropractic visit.</p>
 <b>Colorectal cancer screening</b> For people 50 and older, the following are covered: Flexible sigmoidoscopy (or screening barium enema as an alternative) every 48 months One of the following every 12 months:	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for a Medicare-covered colorectal cancer screening exam. \$0 copay for each Medicare-covered preventive barium enema.

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p>Guaiac-based fecal occult blood test (gFOBT) Fecal immunochemical test (FIT)</p> <p>DNA based colorectal screening every 3 years</p> <p>For people at high risk of colorectal cancer, we cover: Screening colonoscopy (or screening barium enema as an alternative) every 24 months</p> <p>For people not at high risk of colorectal cancer, we cover: Screening colonoscopy every 10 years (120 months), but not within 48 months of a screening sigmoidoscopy</p> <p>A colonoscopy or sigmoidoscopy conducted for polyp removal or biopsy is a surgical procedure that may be subject to the Outpatient surgery cost-sharing. (See <b>"Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers" for more information.</b>)</p>	
<p><b>Dental services</b></p> <p>In general, preventive dental services (such as cleaning, routine dental exams, and dental x-rays) are not covered by Original Medicare. We cover:</p> <p><b>Medicare-covered dental services</b></p> <p><b>Non-Medicare-covered dental services allowance:</b> \$550 every year for Non-Medicare-covered preventive dental services and Non-Medicare-covered comprehensive dental services combined.</p> <p>You are responsible for any amount above the dental coverage limit.</p>	<p>Medicare-covered dental services: \$0 copay</p> <p>Cost-sharing for non-Medicare-covered preventive dental services is as follows*:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Oral exams: \$0 copay</li> <li>Cleanings: \$0 copay</li> <li>Fluoride treatments: \$0 copay</li> <li>Dental x-rays: \$0 copay</li> </ul> <p>Cost-sharing for non-Medicare-covered comprehensive dental services is as follows*:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Diagnostic services: \$0 copay</li> <li>Endodontic services: \$0 copay</li> <li>Extractions: \$0 copay</li> <li>Non-routine services: \$0 copay</li> <li>Periodontic services: \$0 copay</li> <li>Prosthodontics and maxillofacial services: \$0 copay</li> </ul>

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p><b>Non-Medicare-covered preventive dental services include:</b></p> <p>Oral exams Cleanings Fluoride treatments Dental x-rays</p> <p><b>Non-Medicare-covered comprehensive dental services include:</b></p> <p>Diagnostic services Endodontic services Extractions Non-routine services Periodontic services Prosthodontics and maxillofacial services Restorative services</p> <p>You may see any licensed dental provider who accepts Medicare patients in the U.S. and has not opted out of Original Medicare.</p> <p>To be reimbursed for your dental care, you must:</p> <p>Complete and mail the medical reimbursement form along with the itemized receipt/bill and proof of payment that lists the services that were provided to PO Box 981106 El Paso, TX 79998-1106. Or fax the completed form and your original itemized receipts/bills with proof of payment to 1-866-474-4040. Forms may be obtained by logging into your Aetna account selecting "Forms and documents" and selecting "Claims reimbursements". You may also call Customer Service at the number on the back of your ID card to have a form mailed or faxed to you. The form must be submitted within 365 days from the date of service to be eligible for reimbursement.</p> <p>Remember to make copies of your itemized receipt/bill from your provider and include your member ID on each receipt/bill as mailed materials will not be returned to you.</p>	<p>Restorative services: \$0 copay Up to a maximum allowance of \$550</p>

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services that are covered for you</b>	<b>What you must pay when you get these services</b>
<p>When we have received all necessary information your claim will be evaluated for reimbursement. If approved it can take up to 45 days for you to receive payment. If your request is incomplete you will be notified and missing information will be requested, this will delay the processing time.</p> <p>Notes:</p> <p>If you use a non-licensed provider you will not receive reimbursement.</p> <p>If you use a provider that has opted out of Medicare you will not receive reimbursement.</p> <p><b>*Please note that these services do not apply to your In-Network Out-of-Pocket Maximum</b></p> <p><b>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</b></p>	
<p> <b>Depression screening</b></p> <p>We cover one screening for depression per year. The screening must be done in a primary care setting that can provide follow-up treatment and/or referrals.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual depression screening visit.</p>
<p> <b>Diabetes screening</b></p> <p>We cover this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if you have any of the following risk factors: high blood pressure (hypertension), history of abnormal cholesterol and triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia), obesity, or a history of high blood sugar (glucose). Tests may also be covered if you meet other requirements, like being overweight and having a family history of diabetes.</p> <p>Based on the results of these tests, you may be eligible for up to two diabetes screenings every 12 months.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered diabetes screening tests.</p>

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p> <b>Diabetes self-management training, diabetic services and supplies</b></p> <p>For all people who have diabetes (insulin and non-insulin users). Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supplies to monitor your blood glucose: Blood glucose monitor, blood glucose test strips, lancet devices and lancets, and glucose-control solutions for checking the accuracy of test strips and monitors</li> <li>For people with diabetes who have severe diabetic foot disease: One pair per calendar year of therapeutic custom-molded shoes (including inserts provided with such shoes) and two additional pairs of inserts, or one pair of depth shoes and three pairs of inserts (not including the non-customized removable inserts provided with such shoes). Coverage includes fitting.</li> <li>Diabetes self-management training is covered under certain conditions</li> </ul> <p><b>We exclusively cover diabetic supplies made by OneTouch/LifeScan. Specifically, we cover the OneTouch Verio®, OneTouch Ultra® and OneTouch UltraMini® glucose monitors and test strips. We also cover OneTouch/LifeScan lancets, solutions and lancing devices.</b></p> <p><b>We generally will not cover other brands of monitors and test strips unless you or your provider requests a medical exception. If the exception is approved, a 20% cost-share will apply.</b></p> <p><b>Prior authorization is required for more than one blood glucose monitor per year and/or test strips in excess of 100 strips per 30 days.</b></p>	<p>\$0 copay for Medicare-covered diabetes self-management training.</p> <p>0% coinsurance for OneTouch/LifeScan supplies, including test strips, glucose monitors, solutions, lancets and lancing devices.</p> <p>20% coinsurance for non-OneTouch/LifeScan supplies, including test strips, glucose monitors, solutions, lancets and lancing devices, even with a medical exception.</p> <p>\$0 copay for Medicare-covered diabetic shoes and inserts.</p>

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services that are covered for you</b>	<b>What you must pay when you get these services</b>
<p><b>Prior authorization may be required for diabetic shoes and inserts.</b></p> <p><b>Prior authorization is the responsibility of your provider.</b></p>	
<p><b>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies</b></p> <p>(For a definition of "durable medical equipment," see Chapter 12 of this booklet.)</p> <p>Covered items include, but are not limited to: wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, and walkers.</p> <p>We cover all medically necessary DME covered by Original Medicare. If our supplier in your area does not carry a particular brand or manufacturer, you may ask them if they can special order it for you. The most recent list of suppliers is available on our website at <a href="https://www.aetnamedicare.com/findprovider">https://www.aetnamedicare.com/findprovider</a></p> <p><b>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider</b></p>	20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered item.
<p><b>Emergency care</b></p> <p>Emergency care refers to services that are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Furnished by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services, and</li> <li>Needed to evaluate or stabilize an emergency medical condition</li> </ul> <p>A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms</p>	<p>\$90 copay for emergency care. Cost-sharing is waived if you are admitted to the hospital.</p> <p>\$90 copay for emergency care worldwide (i.e. outside the United States). Cost-sharing is waived if you are admitted to the hospital.</p> <p>\$275 copay for worldwide emergency ambulance services. Cost-sharing is not waived if you are admitted to the hospital.</p> <p>If you receive emergency care at an out-of-network hospital and need inpatient care after your emergency condition is stabilized,</p>

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services that are covered for you</b>	<b>What you must pay when you get these services</b>
<p>may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.</p> <p>Cost-sharing for necessary emergency services furnished out-of-network is the same as for such services furnished in-network.</p> <p>Emergency care is covered worldwide.</p>	<p>you must have your inpatient care at the out-of-network hospital authorized by the plan and your cost is the cost-sharing you would pay at a network hospital.</p>
<p> <b>Health and wellness education programs</b></p> <p>Written health education materials Health club membership/fitness classes: You are covered for a basic membership to a SilverSneakers participating fitness facility. At-home fitness kits are also available for members that do not reside near a participating club or prefer to exercise at home. Nurse Hotline: Talk to a registered nurse 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p>	<p>Written health education materials: \$0 copay Health club membership/fitness classes: \$0 copay Nurse Hotline: \$0 copay</p>
<p><b>Hearing services</b></p> <p>Diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations performed by your provider to determine if you need medical treatment are covered as outpatient care when furnished by a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider.</p> <p>In addition to Medicare-covered benefits, we also offer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Routine hearing exams: one exam every year</li> <li>Hearing aid fitting evaluations: one hearing aid fitting/evaluation every year</li> <li>Hearing aids: two hearing aids every year</li> </ul> <p><b>Maximum Benefit:</b> Plan pays up to \$1,250 per ear for hearing aids every year.</p> <p>You are responsible for any amount above the hearing aid coverage limit.</p>	<p>Medicare-covered hearing exams: \$20 copay</p> <p>Non-Medicare-covered hearing services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Routine hearing exams: \$0 copay*</li> <li>Hearing aid fitting evaluations: \$0 copay*</li> <li>Hearing aids: \$0 copay*</li> </ul>

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p>Our plan has contracted with Hearing Care Solutions (HCS) to provide your hearing exam and hearing aid benefit. All appointments must be scheduled through HCS by calling 1-855-268-6118. Coverage will not be provided for appointments made directly with the provider.</p> <p><b>* Please note that this service does not apply to your In-Network Out-of-Pocket Maximum.</b></p>	
<p> <b>HIV screening</b></p> <p>For people who ask for an HIV screening test or who are at increased risk for HIV infection, we cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>One screening exam every 12 months</li> </ul> <p>For women who are pregnant, we cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Up to three screening exams during a pregnancy</li> </ul>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered preventive HIV screening.</p>
<p><b>Home health agency care</b></p> <p>Prior to receiving home health services, a doctor must certify that you need home health services and will order home health services to be provided by a home health agency. You must be homebound, which means leaving home is a major effort.</p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Part-time or intermittent skilled nursing and home health aide services (To be covered under the home health care benefit, your skilled nursing and home health aide services combined must total fewer than 8 hours per day and 35 hours per week)</li> <li>Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy</li> <li>Medical and social services</li> <li>Medical equipment and supplies</li> </ul>	<p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered home health service.</p> <p>20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered durable medical equipment and supplies. (See "<b>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies</b>" for more information.)</p>

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services that are covered for you</b>	<b>What you must pay when you get these services</b>
<p><b>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</b></p>	
<p><b>Hospice care</b></p> <p>You may receive care from any Medicare-certified hospice program. You are eligible for the hospice benefit when your doctor and the hospice medical director have given you a terminal prognosis certifying that you're terminally ill and have 6 months or less to live if your illness runs its normal course. Your hospice doctor can be a network provider or an out-of-network provider.</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Drugs for symptom control and pain relief</li> <li>Short-term respite care</li> <li>Home care</li> </ul> <p><u>For hospice services and for services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are related to your terminal prognosis:</u> Original Medicare (rather than our plan) will pay for your hospice services and any Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis. While you are in the hospice program, your hospice provider will bill Original Medicare for the services that Original Medicare pays for.</p> <p><u>For services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are not related to your terminal prognosis:</u> If you need non-emergency, non-urgently needed services that are covered under Medicare Part A or B and that are not related to your terminal prognosis, your cost for these services depends on whether you use a provider in our plan's network:</p> <p>If you obtain the covered services from a network provider, you only pay the plan</p>	<p>When you enroll in a Medicare-certified hospice program, your hospice services and your Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis are paid for by Original Medicare, not Aetna Medicare Plus Plan (HMO).</p> <p>Hospice consultations are included as part of inpatient hospital care. Physician service cost-sharing may apply for outpatient consultations.</p>

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services that are covered for you</b>	<b>What you must pay when you get these services</b>
<p>cost-sharing amount for in-network services</p> <p>If you obtain the covered services from an out-of-network provider, you pay the cost-sharing under Fee-for-Service Medicare (Original Medicare)</p> <p><u>For services that are covered by Aetna Medicare Plus Plan (HMO) but are not covered by Medicare Part A or B: Aetna Medicare Plus Plan (HMO)</u> will continue to cover plan-covered services that are not covered under Part A or B whether or not they are related to your terminal prognosis. You pay your plan cost-sharing amount for these services.</p> <p><u>For drugs that may be covered by the plan's Part D benefit:</u> Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time. For more information, please see Chapter 5, Section 9.4 (<i>What if you're in Medicare-certified hospice</i>).</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If you need non-hospice care (care that is not related to your terminal prognosis), you should contact us to arrange the services.</p> <p>Our plan covers hospice consultation services (one time only) for a terminally ill person who hasn't elected the hospice benefit.</p>	
<p> <b>Immunizations</b></p> <p>Covered Medicare Part B services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pneumonia vaccine</li> <li>Flu shots, once each flu season in the fall and winter, with additional flu shots if medically necessary</li> <li>Hepatitis B vaccine if you are at high or intermediate risk of getting Hepatitis B</li> <li>Other vaccines if you are at risk and they meet Medicare Part B coverage rules</li> </ul>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the pneumonia, influenza, and Hepatitis B vaccines.</p>

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services that are covered for you</b>	<b>What you must pay when you get these services</b>
We also cover some vaccines under our Part D prescription drug benefit.	
<p><b>Inpatient hospital care</b></p> <p>Includes inpatient acute, inpatient rehabilitation, long-term care hospitals and other types of inpatient hospital services. Inpatient hospital care starts the day you are formally admitted to the hospital with a doctor's order. The day before you are discharged is your last inpatient day.</p> <p>There is no limit to the number of days covered by our plan.</p> <p>Covered services include but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Semi-private room (or a private room if medically necessary)</li> <li>Meals including special diets</li> <li>Regular nursing services</li> <li>Costs of special care units (such as intensive care or coronary care units)</li> <li>Drugs and medications</li> <li>Lab tests</li> <li>X-rays and other radiology services</li> <li>Necessary surgical and medical supplies</li> <li>Use of appliances, such as wheelchairs</li> <li>Operating and recovery room costs</li> <li>Physical, occupational, and speech language therapy</li> <li>Inpatient substance abuse services</li> <li>Under certain conditions, the following types of transplants are covered: corneal, kidney, kidney-pancreatic, heart, liver, lung, heart/lung, bone marrow, stem cell, and intestinal/multivisceral. If you need a transplant, we will arrange to have your case reviewed by a Medicare-approved transplant center that will decide whether you are a candidate for a transplant. Transplant providers may be local or outside of the service area. If our in-</li> </ul>	<p>\$350 per day, days 1-5; \$0 per day, days 6-90; \$0 copay for additional days.</p> <p>Cost-sharing is charged for each medically necessary covered inpatient stay.</p> <p>If you get authorized inpatient care at an out-of-network hospital after your emergency condition is stabilized, your cost is the cost-sharing you would pay at a network hospital.</p>

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p>network transplant services are outside the community pattern of care, you may choose to go locally as long as the local transplant providers are willing to accept the Original Medicare rate. If Aetna Medicare Plus Plan (HMO) provides transplant services at a location outside the pattern of care for transplants in your community and you choose to obtain transplants at this distant location, we will arrange or pay for appropriate lodging and transportation costs for you and a companion.</p> <p>Blood - including storage and administration. All components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint used.</p> <p>Physician services</p> <p><b>Note:</b> To be an inpatient, your provider must write an order to admit you formally as an inpatient of the hospital. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient." If you are not sure if you are an inpatient or an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.</p> <p>You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called "Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!" This fact sheet is available on the Web at <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2018-09/11435-Are-You-an-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf">https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2018-09/11435-Are-You-an-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf</a> or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p> <p><b>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</b></p>	

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services that are covered for you</b>	<b>What you must pay when you get these services</b>
<p><b>Inpatient mental health care</b></p> <p>Covered services include mental health care services that require a hospital stay. There is a 190-day lifetime limit for inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital. The 190-day limit does not apply to inpatient mental health services provided in a psychiatric unit of a general hospital.</p> <p>Administered by Aetna Behavioral Health at 1-800-424-5679</p> <p><b>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</b></p>	<p>\$350 per day, days 1-5; \$0 per day, days 6-90. Cost-sharing is charged for each medically necessary covered mental health inpatient stay.</p>
<p><b>Inpatient stay: Covered services received in a hospital or SNF during a non-covered inpatient stay</b></p> <p>If you have exhausted your skilled nursing facility (SNF) benefits or if the SNF or inpatient stay is not reasonable and necessary, we will not cover your inpatient stay. However, in some cases, we will cover certain services you receive while you are in the hospital or the skilled nursing facility (SNF). Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Physician services</li> <li>Diagnostic tests (like lab tests)</li> <li>X-ray, radium, and isotope therapy including technician materials and services</li> <li>Surgical dressings</li> <li>Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations</li> <li>Prosthetics and orthotics devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of an internal body organ (including contiguous tissue), or all or part of the function of a permanently inoperative or malfunctioning internal body organ,</li> </ul>	<p>See "<b>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits</b>" for more information on the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary care physician visits: \$0 copay</li> <li>Physician specialist visits: \$20 copay</li> </ul> <p>See "<b>Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies</b>" for more information on the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Diagnostic procedures and tests: \$0 copay</li> <li>Lab services: \$0 copay</li> <li>CT scans: \$0 - \$60 copay</li> <li>Diagnostic radiology other than CT scans: \$0 - \$60 copay</li> <li>X-rays: \$0 copay</li> <li>Therapeutic radiology: \$60 copay</li> </ul> <p>See "<b>Prosthetic devices and related supplies</b>" for more information on the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Medical supplies: \$0 copay</li> <li>Prosthetic devices: 20% coinsurance</li> </ul> <p>See "<b>Outpatient rehabilitation services</b>" for more information on the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Physical and speech therapy: \$25 copay</li> <li>Occupational therapy: \$25 copay</li> </ul>

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services that are covered for you</b>	<b>What you must pay when you get these services</b>
<p>including replacement or repairs of such devices</p> <p>Leg, arm, back, and neck braces; trusses, and artificial legs, arms, and eyes</p> <p>including adjustments, repairs, and replacements required because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in the patient's physical condition</p> <p>Physical therapy, speech therapy, and occupational therapy</p> <p><b>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</b></p>	
<p> <b>Medical nutrition therapy</b></p> <p>This benefit is for people with diabetes, renal (kidney) disease (but not on dialysis), or after a kidney transplant when ordered by your doctor.</p> <p>We cover 3 hours of one-on-one counseling services during your first year that you receive medical nutrition therapy services under Medicare (this includes our plan, any other Medicare Advantage plan, or Original Medicare), and 2 hours each year after that. If your condition, treatment, or diagnosis changes, you may be able to receive more hours of treatment with a physician's order. A physician must prescribe these services and renew their order yearly if your treatment is needed into the next calendar year.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered medical nutrition therapy services.</p>
<p> <b>Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program (MDPP)</b></p> <p>MDPP services will be covered for eligible Medicare beneficiaries under all Medicare health plans.</p> <p>MDPP is a structured health behavior change intervention that provides practical training in long-term dietary change, increased</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the MDPP benefit.</p>

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services that are covered for you</b>	<b>What you must pay when you get these services</b>
physical activity, and problem-solving strategies for overcoming challenges to sustaining weight loss and a healthy lifestyle.	
<b>Medicare Part B prescription drugs</b>  These drugs are covered under Part B of Original Medicare. Members of our plan receive coverage for these drugs through our plan. Covered drugs include:  Drugs that usually aren't self-administered by the patient and are injected or infused while you are getting physician, hospital outpatient, or ambulatory surgical center services Drugs you take using durable medical equipment (such as nebulizers) that were authorized by the plan Clotting factors you give yourself by injection if you have hemophilia Immunosuppressive Drugs, if you were enrolled in Medicare Part A at the time of the organ transplant Injectable osteoporosis drugs, if you are homebound, have a bone fracture that a doctor certifies was related to post-menopausal osteoporosis, and cannot self-administer the drug Antigens Certain oral anti-cancer drugs and anti-nausea drugs Certain drugs for home dialysis, including heparin, the antidote for heparin when medically necessary, topical anesthetics, and erythropoiesis-stimulating agents (such as Epogen®, Procrit®, Epoetin Alfa, Aranesp®, or Darbepoetin Alfa) Intravenous Immune Globulin for the home treatment of primary immune deficiency diseases	20% coinsurance for chemotherapy drugs. 20% coinsurance for all other drugs covered under Medicare Part B.  Covered home infusion drugs are processed under your Part D prescription drug benefits.  Part B drugs may be subject to step therapy requirements.

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p>The following link will take you to a list of Part B Drugs that may be subject to step therapy: <a href="https://www.aetna.com/partb-step">https://www.aetna.com/partb-step</a></p> <p><b>Chapter 5 explains the Part D prescription drug benefit, including rules you must follow to have prescriptions covered.</b></p> <p><b>What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs through our plan is explained in Chapter 6.</b></p> <p>Part B drugs may be subject to step therapy requirements.</p> <p><b>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</b></p>	
<p> <b>Obesity screening and therapy to promote sustained weight loss</b></p> <p>If you have a body mass index of 30 or more, we cover intensive counseling to help you lose weight. This counseling is covered if you get it in a primary care setting, where it can be coordinated with your comprehensive prevention plan. Talk to your primary care doctor or practitioner to find out more.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for preventive obesity screening and therapy.</p>
<p><b>Opioid Treatment Program Services</b></p> <p>Opioid use disorder treatment services are covered under Part B of Original Medicare. Members of our plan receive coverage for these services through our plan. Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FDA-approved opioid agonist and antagonist treatment medications and the dispensing and administration of such medications, if applicable</li> <li>Substance use counseling</li> <li>Individual and group therapy</li> <li>Toxicology testing</li> </ul> <p><b>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</b></p>	<p>\$25 copay for Medicare-covered opioid use disorder treatment services.</p>

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services that are covered for you</b>	<b>What you must pay when you get these services</b>
<p><b>Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies</b></p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>X-rays</li> <li>Radiation (radium and isotope) therapy including technician materials and supplies</li> <li>Surgical supplies, such as dressings</li> <li>Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations</li> <li>Laboratory tests</li> <li>Blood - including storage and administration. All components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint used.</li> <li>Other outpatient diagnostic tests</li> </ul> <p><b>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</b></p>	<p>X-rays: \$0 copay</p> <p>Therapeutic radiology: \$60 copay</p> <p>Medical Supplies: \$0 copay</p> <p>Lab services: \$0 copay</p> <p>Blood: \$0 copay</p> <p>CT scans:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>\$0 copay for services provided by your primary care physician in their office</li> <li>\$60 copay for services performed by a provider other than your primary care physician</li> </ul> <p>Diagnostic radiology other than CT scans:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>\$0 copay for services provided by your primary care physician in their office</li> <li>\$60 copay for services performed by a provider other than your primary care physician</li> </ul> <p>Diagnostic procedures and tests: \$0 copay</p> <p>An additional copayment may apply if you receive services from multiple providers.</p>
<p><b>Outpatient Hospital Observation</b></p> <p>Observation services are hospital outpatient services given to determine if you need to be admitted as an inpatient or can be discharged.</p> <p>For outpatient hospital observation services to be covered, they must meet the Medicare criteria and be considered reasonable and necessary. Observation services are covered only when provided by the order of a physician or another individual authorized by state licensure law and hospital staff bylaws to admit patients to the hospital or order outpatient tests.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the</p>	<p>\$295 copay for outpatient hospital observation services.</p>

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p>cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient." If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.</p> <p>You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called "Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!" This fact sheet is available on the Web at <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2018-09/11435-Are-You-an-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf">https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2018-09/11435-Are-You-an-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf</a> or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p>	
<p><b>Outpatient hospital services</b></p> <p>We cover medically-necessary services you get in the outpatient department of a hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury.</p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Services in an emergency department or outpatient clinic, such as observation services or outpatient surgery</li> <li>Laboratory and diagnostic tests billed by the hospital</li> <li>Mental health care, including care in a partial-hospitalization program, if a doctor certifies that inpatient treatment would be required without it</li> <li>X-rays and other radiology services billed by the hospital</li> <li>Medical supplies such as splints and casts</li> <li>Certain drugs and biologicals that you can't give yourself</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the</p>	<p>Emergency room visits: \$90 copay for emergency care. Cost-sharing is waived if you are admitted to the hospital. (See "<b>Emergency care</b>" for more information.)</p> <p>Outpatient hospital surgery: \$295 copay Services rendered by a physician specialist in an outpatient hospital setting: \$20 copay (See "<b>Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers</b>" for more information.)</p> <p>Outpatient hospital observation services: \$295 copay (See "<b>Outpatient Hospital Observation</b>" for more information.)</p> <p>Ambulatory surgical center: \$295 copay (See "<b>Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers</b>" for more information.)</p>

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p>hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient." If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff. You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called "Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!" This fact sheet is available on the Web at <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2018-09/11435-Are-You-an-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf">https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2018-09/11435-Are-You-an-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf</a> or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p> <p><b>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</b></p>	<p>Diagnostic procedures and tests: \$0 copay  Lab services: \$0 copay  CT scans: \$0 - \$60 copay  Diagnostic radiology other than CT scans: \$0 - \$60 copay  X-rays: \$0 copay  Therapeutic radiology: \$60 copay  (See "<b>Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies</b>" for more information.)</p> <p>Psychiatric services:  \$25 copay for individual sessions provided by a psychiatrist.  \$25 copay for group sessions provided by a psychiatrist.</p> <p>Mental health services:  \$25 copay for individual sessions provided by a mental health professional other than a psychiatrist.  \$25 copay for group sessions provided by a mental health professional other than a psychiatrist.  (See "<b>Outpatient mental health care</b>" for more information.)</p> <p>Partial hospitalization: \$55 copay for each Medicare-covered partial hospitalization day.  (See "<b>Partial hospitalization services</b>" for more information.)</p> <p>Medical supplies: \$0 copay for Medicare-covered medical supplies.  (See "<b>Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies</b>" for more information.)</p> <p>Medicare Part B prescription drugs:  20% coinsurance for chemotherapy drugs.  20% coinsurance for all other drugs covered under Medicare Part B.</p>

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services that are covered for you</b>	<b>What you must pay when you get these services</b>
	(See "Medicare Part B prescription drugs" for more information.)
<p><b>Outpatient mental health care</b></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <p>Mental health services provided by a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical nurse specialist, nurse practitioner, physician assistant, or other Medicare-qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable state laws.</p> <p>Administered by Aetna Behavioral Health at 1-800-424-5679</p> <p><b>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</b></p>	<p>Outpatient mental health services provided by a psychiatrist:</p> <p>Individual sessions: \$25 copay</p> <p>Group sessions: \$25 copay</p> <p>Outpatient mental health services provided by a mental health professional other than a psychiatrist:</p> <p>Individual sessions: \$25 copay</p> <p>Group sessions: \$25 copay</p>
<p><b>Outpatient rehabilitation services</b></p> <p>Covered services include: physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech language therapy.</p> <p>Outpatient rehabilitation services are provided in various outpatient settings, such as hospital outpatient departments, independent therapist offices, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facilities (CORFs).</p> <p><b>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</b></p>	<p>Medicare-covered occupational therapy service: \$25 copay.</p> <p>Medicare-covered physical therapy and speech therapy service: \$25 copay.</p>
<p><b>Outpatient substance abuse services</b></p> <p>Our coverage is the same as Original Medicare which is coverage for services that are provided in the outpatient department of a hospital to patients who, for example, have been discharged from an inpatient stay for the treatment of drug substance abuse or who require treatment but do not require the availability and intensity of services</p>	<p>\$25 copay for each Medicare-covered individual outpatient substance abuse session.</p> <p>\$25 copay for each Medicare-covered group outpatient substance abuse session.</p>

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services that are covered for you</b>	<b>What you must pay when you get these services</b>
<p>found only in the inpatient hospital setting. The coverage available for these services is subject to the same rules generally applicable to the coverage of outpatient hospital services.</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Assessment, evaluation, and treatment for substance use related disorders by a Medicare eligible provider to quickly determine the severity of substance use and identify the appropriate level of treatment.</li> <li>Brief interventions or advice focuses on increasing insight and awareness regarding substance use and motivation toward behavioral change.</li> </ul> <p><b>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</b></p>	
<p><b>Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers</b></p> <p><b>Note:</b> If you are having surgery in a hospital facility, you should check with your provider about whether you will be an inpatient or outpatient. Unless the provider writes an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient surgery. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient."</p> <p><b>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</b></p>	<p>Ambulatory surgical center: \$295 copay for each Medicare-covered outpatient surgery.</p> <p>Outpatient hospital: \$295 copay for each Medicare-covered outpatient surgery.</p>
<p><b>Over-the-Counter (OTC) items</b></p> <p>You are entitled to \$75 every three months for the purchase of covered over-the-counter (OTC) items. You can order items in the OTC catalog as long as the total purchase price is equal to or less than \$75.</p>	<p>Plan pays up to \$75* every three months for covered over-the-counter items.</p>

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p>This plan comes with a quarterly allowance for over the counter (OTC) medications and supplies. Items may be ordered over the phone at 1-833-331-1573 (TTY: 711) M-F 9a-8p or online at <a href="https://www.cvs.com/otchs/myorder">https://www.cvs.com/otchs/myorder</a> to be shipped to your home. For a complete list of covered items please contact the plan.</p> <p>You may place up to two orders and are limited to up to 15 like items per quarter. Orders cannot exceed your quarterly allowance and any unused allowance will not be rolled over into the following quarter.</p> <p>Non-eligible items such as cosmetics and food supplements are not available under the OTC benefit. <b>You cannot pay out-of-pocket for the difference above your allowance.</b></p> <p>OTC Vendor: CVS</p> <p><b>*Please note that this service does not apply to your In-Network Out-of-Pocket Maximum.</b></p>	
<p><b>Partial hospitalization services</b></p> <p>“Partial hospitalization” is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment provided as a hospital outpatient service, or by a community mental health center, that is more intense than the care received in your doctor’s or therapist’s office and is an alternative to inpatient hospitalization.</p> <p><b>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</b></p>	\$55 copay for each Medicare-covered partial hospitalization day.
<p><b>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits</b></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <p>Medically-necessary medical care or surgery services furnished in a physician’s</p>	<p>Primary care physician (PCP) services (including Medicare-covered telehealth or urgently needed services): \$0 copay</p> <p><b>Please Note:</b> If you use a PCP that is not printed on your ID card, you may incur a</p>

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p>office, certified ambulatory surgical center, hospital outpatient department, or any other location</p> <p>Consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a specialist</p> <p>Basic hearing and balance exams performed by your specialist, if your doctor orders it to see if you need medical treatment</p> <p>Certain telehealth services including consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a physician or practitioner for patients in certain rural areas or other locations approved by Medicare</p> <p>Telehealth services for monthly ESRD-related visits for home dialysis members in a hospital-based or critical access hospital-based renal dialysis center, renal dialysis facility, or the member's home</p> <p>Telehealth services for diagnosis, evaluation or treatment of symptoms of an acute stroke</p> <p>Brief virtual (for example, via telephone or video chat) 5-10 minute check-ins with your doctor - if you are an established patient and the virtual check-in is not related to an office visit within the previous 7 days, nor leads to an office visit within the next 24 hours or soonest available appointment</p> <p>Remote evaluation of pre-recorded video and/or images you send to your doctor, including your doctor's interpretation and follow-up within 24 hours - if you are an established patient and the remote evaluation is not related to an office visit within the previous 7 days, nor leads to an office visit within the next 24 hours or soonest available appointment</p> <p>Consultation your doctor has with other physicians via telephone, internet, or</p>	<p>higher cost share or your claims may be denied. If you would like to change your PCP contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).</p> <p>Physician specialist services (including surgery second opinion, Medicare-covered telehealth or urgently needed services): \$20 copay</p> <p>Medicare-covered hearing exams: \$20 copay</p> <p>(See "<b>Hearing services</b>" for more information.)</p> <p>Ambulatory surgical center: \$295 copay</p> <p>Outpatient hospital surgery: \$295 copay</p> <p>(See "<b>Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers</b>" for more information.)</p> <p>Medicare-covered dental services: \$0 copay</p> <p>(See "<b>Dental services</b>" for more information.)</p>

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services that are covered for you</b>	<b>What you must pay when you get these services</b>
<p>electronic health record assessment - if you are an established patient</p> <p>Second opinion by another network provider prior to surgery</p> <p>Non-routine dental care (covered services are limited to surgery of the jaw or related structures, setting fractures of the jaw or facial bones, extraction of teeth to prepare the jaw for radiation treatments of neoplastic cancer disease, or services that would be covered when provided by a physician)</p> <p><b>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</b></p>	
<p><b>Podiatry services</b></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Diagnosis and the medical or surgical treatment of injuries and diseases of the feet (such as hammer toe or heel spurs)</li> <li>Routine foot care for members with certain medical conditions affecting the lower limbs</li> </ul>	\$20 copay for each Medicare-covered podiatry visit.
<p> <b>Prostate cancer screening exams</b></p> <p>For men age 50 and older, covered services include the following - once every 12 months:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Digital rectal exam</li> <li>Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) test</li> </ul>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual PSA test.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each Medicare-covered digital rectal exam.</p>
<p><b>Prosthetic devices and related supplies</b></p> <p>Devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of a body part or function. These include, but are not limited to: colostomy bags and supplies directly related to colostomy care, pacemakers, braces, prosthetic shoes, artificial limbs, and breast prostheses (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy). Includes certain supplies related to prosthetic devices, and repair and/or replacement of prosthetic</p>	<p>20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered prosthetic device.</p> <p>\$0 copay for Medicare-covered medical supplies.</p>

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services that are covered for you</b>	<b>What you must pay when you get these services</b>
<p>devices. Also includes some coverage following cataract removal or cataract surgery – see "Vision Care" later in this section for more detail.</p> <p><b>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</b></p>	
<p><b>Pulmonary rehabilitation services</b></p> <p>Comprehensive programs of pulmonary rehabilitation are covered for members who have moderate to very severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and an order for pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor treating the chronic respiratory disease.</p>	\$20 copay for each Medicare-covered pulmonary rehabilitation service visit.
<p> <b>Screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse</b></p> <p>We cover one alcohol misuse screening for adults with Medicare (including pregnant women) who misuse alcohol, but aren't alcohol dependent.</p> <p>If you screen positive for alcohol misuse, you can get up to four brief face-to-face counseling sessions per year (if you're competent and alert during counseling) provided by a qualified primary care doctor or practitioner in a primary care setting.</p>	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse preventive benefit.
<p> <b>Screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT)</b></p> <p>For qualified individuals, a LDCT is covered every 12 months.</p> <p><b>Eligible members are:</b> people aged 55 – 77 years who have no signs or symptoms of lung cancer, but who have a history of tobacco smoking of at least 30 pack-years and who currently smoke or have quit smoking within the last 15 years, who receive a written order for LDCT during a lung</p>	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered counseling and shared decision making visit or for the LDCT.

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services that are covered for you</b>	<b>What you must pay when you get these services</b>
<p>cancer screening counseling and shared decision making visit that meets the Medicare criteria for such visits and be furnished by a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner.</p> <p><i>For LDCT lung cancer screenings after the initial LDCT screening:</i> the member must receive a written order for LDCT lung cancer screening, which may be furnished during any appropriate visit with a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. If a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner elects to provide a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision making visit for subsequent lung cancer screenings with LDCT, the visit must meet the Medicare criteria for such visits.</p>	
<p> <b>Screening for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and counseling to prevent STIs</b></p> <p>We cover sexually transmitted infection (STI) screenings for chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis, and Hepatitis B. These screenings are covered for pregnant women and for certain people who are at increased risk for an STI when the tests are ordered by a primary care provider. We cover these tests once every 12 months or at certain times during pregnancy.</p> <p>We also cover up to two individual 20 to 30 minute, face-to-face high-intensity behavioral counseling sessions each year for sexually active adults at increased risk for STIs. We will only cover these counseling sessions as a preventive service if they are provided by a primary care provider and take place in a primary care setting, such as a doctor's office.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening for STIs and counseling for STIs preventive benefit.</p>

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services that are covered for you</b>	<b>What you must pay when you get these services</b>
<p><b>Services to treat kidney disease</b></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <p>Kidney disease education services to teach kidney care and help members make informed decisions about their care. For members with stage IV chronic kidney disease when referred by their doctor, we cover up to six sessions of kidney disease education services per lifetime</p> <p>Outpatient dialysis treatments (including dialysis treatments when temporarily out of the service area, as explained in Chapter 3)</p> <p>Inpatient dialysis treatments (if you are admitted as an inpatient to a hospital for special care)</p> <p>Self-dialysis training (includes training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments)</p> <p>Home dialysis equipment and supplies</p> <p>Certain home support services (such as, when necessary, visits by trained dialysis workers to check on your home dialysis, to help in emergencies, and check your dialysis equipment and water supply)</p> <p>Certain drugs for dialysis are covered under your Medicare Part B drug benefit. For information about coverage for Part B Drugs, please go to the section, "Medicare Part B prescription drugs."</p> <p><b>Prior authorization may be required and is the responsibility of your provider.</b></p>	<p>Kidney disease education: \$0 copay.</p> <p>Outpatient dialysis, certain home support services and home dialysis equipment and supplies: 20% coinsurance.</p> <p>Self-dialysis training: 0% coinsurance.</p> <p>Inpatient dialysis: \$350 per day, days 1-5; \$0 per day, days 6-90; \$0 copay for additional days. Cost-sharing is charged for each medically necessary covered inpatient stay.</p> <p>(See "<b>Inpatient hospital care</b>" for more information.)</p>
<p><b>Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care</b></p> <p>(For a definition of "skilled nursing facility care," see Chapter 12 of this booklet. Skilled nursing facilities are sometimes called "SNFs.")</p>	<p>\$0 per day, days 1-20; \$75 per day, days 21-100 for each SNF stay.</p> <p>A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you haven't received any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a</p>

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services that are covered for you</b>	<b>What you must pay when you get these services</b>
<p>You are covered for up to 100 days per benefit period. A prior hospital stay is not required. We will only cover your stay if you meet certain Medicare guidelines and your stay is medically necessary.</p> <p>Covered services include but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Semiprivate room (or a private room if medically necessary)</li><li>Meals, including special diets</li><li>Skilled nursing services</li><li>Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy</li><li>Drugs administered to you as part of your plan of care (This includes substances that are naturally present in the body, such as blood clotting factors.)</li><li>Blood - including storage and administration. All components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint used.</li><li>Medical and surgical supplies ordinarily provided by SNFs</li><li>Laboratory tests ordinarily provided by SNFs</li><li>X-rays and other radiology services ordinarily provided by SNFs</li><li>Use of appliances such as wheelchairs ordinarily provided by SNFs</li><li>Physician/Practitioner services</li></ul> <p>Generally, you will get your SNF care from network facilities. However, under certain conditions listed below, you may be able to pay in-network cost-sharing for a facility that isn't a network provider, if the facility accepts our plan's amounts for payment.</p> <p>A nursing home or continuing care retirement community where you were living right before you went to the hospital (as long as it provides skilled nursing facility care)</p>	<p>SNF) for 60 days in a row. If you go into a hospital or a skilled nursing facility after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods you can have.</p>

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services that are covered for you</b>	<b>What you must pay when you get these services</b>
<p>A SNF where your spouse is living at the time you leave the hospital</p> <p><b>Prior authorization is required and is the responsibility of your provider.</b></p>	
<p> <b>Smoking and tobacco use cessation (counseling to stop smoking or tobacco use)</b></p> <p><u>If you use tobacco, but do not have signs or symptoms of tobacco-related disease:</u> We cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period as a preventive service with no cost to you. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits.</p> <p><u>If you use tobacco and have been diagnosed with a tobacco-related disease or are taking medicine that may be affected by tobacco:</u> We cover cessation counseling services. We cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period, however, you will pay the applicable cost-sharing. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits.</p> <p>In addition to Medicare-covered services, our plan also covers additional individual and group face-to-face intermediate and intensive counseling sessions per year.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered smoking and tobacco use cessation preventive benefits.</p> <p>\$0 copay for each non-Medicare-covered smoking and tobacco use cessation visit.</p>
<p><b>Supervised Exercise Therapy (SET)</b></p> <p>SET is covered for members who have symptomatic peripheral artery disease (PAD) and a referral for PAD from the physician responsible for PAD treatment.</p> <p>Up to 36 sessions over a 12-week period are covered if the SET program requirements are met.</p> <p>The SET program must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Consist of sessions lasting 30-60 minutes, comprising a therapeutic exercise-</li> </ul>	<p>\$20 copay for each Medicare-covered Supervised Exercise Therapy service visit.</p>

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services that are covered for you</b>	<b>What you must pay when you get these services</b>
<p>training program for PAD in patients with claudication</p> <p>Be conducted in a hospital outpatient setting or a physician's office</p> <p>Be delivered by qualified auxiliary personnel necessary to ensure benefits exceed harms, and who are trained in exercise therapy for PAD</p> <p>Be under the direct supervision of a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner/clinical nurse specialist who must be trained in both basic and advanced life support techniques</p> <p>SET may be covered beyond 36 sessions over 12 weeks for an additional 36 sessions over an extended period of time if deemed medically necessary by a health care provider.</p>	
<p><b>Urgently needed services</b></p> <p>Urgently needed services are provided to treat a non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care. Urgently needed services may be furnished by network providers or by out-of-network providers when network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible.</p> <p>Cost-sharing for necessary urgently needed services furnished out-of-network is the same as for such services furnished in-network.</p> <p>Urgently needed services are covered worldwide.</p>	<p>\$20 copay for each Medicare-covered urgent care facility visit. Cost-sharing is not waived if you are admitted to the hospital.</p> <p>(See "<b>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits</b>" for additional information about urgently needed services provided in a physician office.)</p> <p>\$90 copay for each urgent care visit outside the United States. Cost-sharing is not waived if you are admitted to the hospital.</p>
<p> <b>Vision care</b></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <p>Outpatient physician services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye, including treatment</p>	<p>Medicare-covered eye exams:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>\$0 copay for glaucoma screenings</li> <li>\$0 copay for diabetic eye exams</li> <li>\$20 copay for additional diabetic eye exams and all other Medicare-covered eye exams.</li> </ul>

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services that are covered for you</b>	<b>What you must pay when you get these services</b>
<p>for age-related macular degeneration. Original Medicare doesn't cover routine eye exams (eye refractions) for eyeglasses/contacts</p> <p>For people who are at high risk of glaucoma, we will cover one glaucoma screening each year. People at high risk of glaucoma include: people with a family history of glaucoma, people with diabetes, African-Americans who are age 50 and older and Hispanic Americans who are 65 or older</p> <p>For people with diabetes, screening for diabetic retinopathy is covered once per year</p> <p>One pair of eyeglasses or contact lenses after each cataract surgery that includes insertion of an intraocular lens. (If you have two separate cataract operations, you cannot reserve the benefit after the first surgery and purchase two eyeglasses after the second surgery.)</p> <p>In addition to Medicare-covered services, our plan also covers:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Routine eye exams: one exam every year</li> <li>Non-Medicare-covered eyewear: \$175 Allowance every year.</li> </ul> <p>You are responsible for any amount above the eyewear coverage limit.</p> <p>Coverage includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Contact lenses</li> <li>Eyeglasses (lenses and frames)</li> <li>Eyeglass lenses</li> <li>Eyeglass frames</li> <li>Upgrades</li> </ul> <p>You may see any licensed vision provider who accepts Medicare patients in the U.S. and has not opted out of Original Medicare.</p> <p>To be reimbursed for your eyewear, you must:</p>	<p>Medicare-covered eyewear: \$0 copay</p> <p>Non-Medicare-covered routine eye exams: \$0 copay</p> <p>Cost-sharing for Non-Medicare-covered eyewear services is as follows*:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Contact lenses: \$0 copay</li> <li>Eyeglasses (lenses and frames): \$0 copay</li> <li>Eyeglass lenses: \$0 copay</li> <li>Eyeglass frames: \$0 copay</li> <li>Upgrades: \$0 copay</li> </ul> <p>Up to a maximum allowance of \$175</p>

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services that are covered for you</b>	<b>What you must pay when you get these services</b>
<p>Complete and mail the medical reimbursement form along with the itemized receipt/bill and proof of payment that lists the services, exam, and/or eyewear that were provided to PO Box 981106 El Paso, TX 79998-1106. Or fax the completed form and your original itemized receipts/bills with proof of payment to 1-866-474-4040. Forms may be obtained by logging into your Aetna account selecting "Forms and documents" and selecting "Claims reimbursements". You may also call Customer Service at the number on the back of your ID card to have a form mailed or faxed to you. The form must be submitted within 365 days from the date of service to be eligible for reimbursement.</p> <p>Remember to make copies of your itemized receipt/bill from your provider and include your member ID on each receipt/bill as mailed materials will not be returned to you.</p> <p>When we have received all necessary information your claim will be evaluated for reimbursement. If approved it can take up to 45 days for you to receive payment. If your request is incomplete, such as no itemization of services/eyewear, or there is missing information, you will be notified by mail. You will then have to supply the missing information, which will delay the processing time.</p> <p>Notes:</p> <p>If you use a non-licensed provider you will not receive reimbursement.</p> <p>If you use a provider that has opted out of Medicare you will not receive reimbursement.</p> <p><b>* Please note that this service does not apply to your In-Network Out-of-Pocket Maximum.</b></p>	

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services that are covered for you</b>	<b>What you must pay when you get these services</b>
<p> <b>"Welcome to Medicare" Preventive Visit</b></p> <p>The plan covers the one-time "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit. The visit includes a review of your health, as well as education and counseling about the preventive services you need (including certain screenings and shots), and referrals for other care if needed.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> We cover the "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit only within the first 12 months you have Medicare Part B. When you make your appointment, let your doctor's office know you would like to schedule your "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit.</p> <p>\$0 copay for a Medicare-covered EKG following the "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit.</p>

**SECTION 3****What services are not covered by the plan?****Section 3.1****Services we do *not* cover (exclusions)**

This section tells you what services are "excluded" from Medicare coverage and therefore, are not covered by this plan. If a service is "excluded," it means that this plan doesn't cover the service.

The chart below lists services and items that either are not covered under any condition or are covered only under specific conditions.

If you get services that are excluded (not covered), you must pay for them yourself. We won't pay for the excluded medical services listed in the chart below except under the specific conditions listed. The only exception: we will pay if a service in the chart below is found upon appeal to be a medical service that we should have paid for or covered because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a medical service, go to Chapter 9, Section 5.3 in this booklet.)

All exclusions or limitations on services are described in the Benefits Chart or in the chart below.

Even if you receive the excluded services at an emergency facility, the excluded services are still not covered and *our plan* will not pay for them.

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services not covered by Medicare</b>	<b>Not covered under any condition</b>	<b>Covered only under specific conditions</b>
Services considered not reasonable and necessary, according to the standards of Original Medicare	✓	
Experimental medical and surgical procedures, equipment and medications.  Experimental procedures and items are those items and procedures determined by <i>our plan</i> and Original Medicare to not be generally accepted by the medical community.		✓  May be covered by Original Medicare under a Medicare-approved clinical research study or by <i>our plan</i> .  (See Chapter 3, Section 5 for more information on clinical research studies.)
Private room in a hospital.		✓  Covered only when medically necessary.
Personal items in your room at a hospital or a skilled nursing facility, such as a telephone or a television.	✓	
Full-time nursing care in your home.	✓	
*Custodial care is care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not require skilled medical care or skilled nursing care.	✓	
Homemaker services include basic household assistance, including light housekeeping or light meal preparation.	✓	

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services not covered by Medicare</b>	<b>Not covered under any condition</b>	<b>Covered only under specific conditions</b>
Fees charged for care by your immediate relatives or members of your household.	✓	
Cosmetic surgery or procedures		✓ Covered in cases of an accidental injury or for improvement of the functioning of a malformed body member. Covered for all stages of reconstruction for a breast after a mastectomy, as well as for the unaffected breast to produce a symmetrical appearance.
Routine dental care, such as cleanings, fillings or dentures.		✓ Plan provides some coverage for preventive dental services
Non-routine dental care		✓ Plan provides some coverage for non-routine dental care
Routine (limited) chiropractic care		✓ Manual manipulation of the spine to correct a subluxation is covered. Routine chiropractic care (unlimited visits)
Routine foot care		✓ Some limited coverage provided according to

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services not covered by Medicare</b>	<b>Not covered under any condition</b>	<b>Covered only under specific conditions</b>
		Medicare guidelines (e.g., if you have diabetes).
Home-delivered meals	✓	
Orthopedic shoes		✓ If shoes are part of a leg brace and are included in the cost of the brace, or the shoes are for a person with diabetic foot disease.
Supportive devices for the feet		✓ Orthopedic or therapeutic shoes for people with diabetic foot disease.
Routine hearing exams, hearing aids, or exams to fit hearing aids.		✓ Routine hearing exams (one exam every year) Hearing Aid Fitting and Evaluations (one hearing aid fitting/evaluation every year) Hearing aids (\$1,250 maximum benefit per ear, every year)
Routine eye examinations, eyeglasses, radial keratotomy, LASIK surgery, and other low vision aids.		✓ Eye exam and one pair of eyeglasses (or contact lenses) are covered for people after cataract surgery. Routine eye exams (one exam every year) Non-Medicare covered eye wear (\$175 allowance every year)
Reversal of sterilization procedures and or	✓	

**Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services not covered by Medicare</b>	<b>Not covered under any condition</b>	<b>Covered only under specific conditions</b>
non-prescription contraceptive supplies.		
Acupuncture		✓ We cover: unlimited visits
Naturopath services (uses natural or alternative treatments).	✓	

\*Custodial care is personal care that does not require the continuing attention of trained medical or paramedical personnel, such as care that helps you with activities of daily living, such as bathing or dressing.

## **CHAPTER 5**

***Using the plan's coverage for  
your Part D prescription drugs***

## **Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs**

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**Did you know there are programs to help people pay for their drugs?**

The “Extra Help” program helps people with limited resources pay for their drugs. For more information, see Chapter 2, Section 7.

**Are you currently getting help to pay for your drugs?**

If you are in a program that helps pay for your drugs, **some information in this Evidence of Coverage about the costs for Part D prescription drugs may not apply to you.** We sent you a separate insert, called the “Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get Extra Help Paying for Prescription Drugs” (also known as the “Low Income Subsidy Rider” or the “LIS Rider”), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don’t have this insert, please call Customer Service and ask for the “LIS Rider.” (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

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**SECTION 1                  Introduction**

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**Section 1.1                  This chapter describes your coverage for Part D drugs**

This chapter **explains rules for using your coverage for Part D drugs.** The next chapter tells what you pay for Part D drugs (Chapter 6, *What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs*).

In addition to your coverage for Part D drugs, *our plan* also covers some drugs under the plan’s medical benefits. Through its coverage of Medicare Part A benefits, *our plan* generally covers drugs you are given during covered stays in the hospital or in a skilled nursing facility. Through its coverage of Medicare Part B benefits, *our plan* covers drugs including certain chemotherapy drugs, certain drug injections you are given during an office visit, and drugs you are given at a dialysis facility. Chapter 4 (*Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay*) tells about the benefits and costs for drugs during a covered hospital or skilled nursing facility stay, as well as your benefits and costs for Part B drugs.

Your drugs may be covered by Original Medicare if you are in Medicare hospice. *Our plan* only covers Medicare Parts A, B, and D services and drugs that are unrelated to your terminal prognosis and related conditions and therefore not covered under the Medicare hospice benefit. For more information, please see Section 9.4 (*What if you’re in Medicare-certified hospice*). For information on hospice coverage, see the hospice section of Chapter 4 (*Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay*).

The following sections discuss coverage of your drugs under the plan’s Part D benefit rules. Section 9, *Part D drug coverage in special situations* includes more information on your Part D coverage and Original Medicare.

**Section 1.2                  Basic rules for the plan's Part D drug coverage**

The plan will generally cover your drugs as long as you follow these basic rules:

**Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs**

You must have a provider (a doctor, dentist or other prescriber) write your prescription.

Your prescriber must either accept Medicare or file documentation with CMS showing that he or she is qualified to write prescriptions, or your Part D claim will be denied. You should ask your prescribers the next time you call or visit if they meet this condition. If not, please be aware it takes time for your prescriber to submit the necessary paperwork to be processed.

You generally must use a network pharmacy to fill your prescription. (See Section 2, *Fill your prescriptions at a network pharmacy or through the plan's mail-order service.*)

Your drug must be on the plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)* (we call it the "Drug List" for short). (See Section 3, *Your drugs need to be on the plan's "Drug List."*)

Your drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. A "medically accepted indication" is a use of the drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain reference books. (See Section 3 for more information about a medically accepted indication.)

**SECTION 2****Fill your prescription at a network pharmacy or through the plan's mail-order service****Section 2.1****To have your prescription covered, use a network pharmacy**

In most cases, your prescriptions are covered *only* if they are filled at the plan's network pharmacies. (See Section 2.5 for information about when we would cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies.)

A network pharmacy is a pharmacy that has a contract with the plan to provide your covered prescription drugs. The term "covered drugs" means all of the Part D prescription drugs that are covered on the plan's Drug List.

Our network includes pharmacies that offer standard cost-sharing and pharmacies that offer preferred cost-sharing. You may go to either type of network pharmacy to receive your covered prescription drugs. Your cost-sharing may be less at pharmacies with preferred cost-sharing.

**Section 2.2****Finding network pharmacies****How do you find a network pharmacy in your area?**

To find a network pharmacy, you can look in your *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, visit our website (<https://www.aetnamedicare.com/findpharmacy>), or call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

You may go to any of our network pharmacies. However, your costs may be even less for your covered drugs if you use a network pharmacy that offers preferred cost-sharing rather than a network pharmacy that offers standard cost-sharing. The *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* will tell you which of the network pharmacies offer preferred cost-sharing. You can find out more about how your out-of-pocket costs could be different

**Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs**

for different drugs by contacting us. If you switch from one network pharmacy to another, and you need a refill of a drug you have been taking, you can ask either to have a new prescription written by a provider or to have your prescription transferred to your new network pharmacy.

**What if the pharmacy you have been using leaves the network?**

If the pharmacy you have been using leaves the plan's network, you will have to find a new pharmacy that is in the network. Or if the pharmacy you have been using stays within the network but is no longer offering preferred cost-sharing, you may want to switch to a different pharmacy. To find another network pharmacy in your area, you can get help from Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or use the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*. You can also find information on our website at <https://www.aetnamedicare.com/findpharmacy>.

**What if you need a specialized pharmacy?**

Sometimes prescriptions must be filled at a specialized pharmacy. Specialized pharmacies include:

Pharmacies that supply drugs for home infusion therapy.

Pharmacies that supply drugs for residents of a long-term care (LTC) facility. Usually, a LTC facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy. If you are in an LTC facility, we must ensure that you are able to routinely receive your Part D benefits through our network of LTC pharmacies, which is typically the pharmacy that the LTC facility uses. If you have any difficulty accessing your Part D benefits in an LTC facility, please contact Customer Service.

Pharmacies that serve the Indian Health Service / Tribal / Urban Indian Health Program (not available in Puerto Rico). Except in emergencies, only Native Americans or Alaska Natives have access to these pharmacies in our network.

Pharmacies that dispense drugs that are restricted by the FDA to certain locations or that require special handling, provider coordination, or education on their use. (Note: This scenario should happen rarely.)

To locate a specialized pharmacy, look in your *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* or call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

**Section 2.3      Using the plan's mail-order services**

For certain kinds of drugs, you can use the plan's network mail-order services. Generally, the drugs provided through mail order are drugs that you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition. The drugs available through *our plan's* mail-order service are marked as "**mail-order" (MO) drugs**" in our Drug List.

*Our plan's* mail-order service allows you to order **up to a 90-day supply**.

To get order forms and information about filling your prescriptions by mail contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

**Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs**

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Usually a mail-order pharmacy order will get to you in no more than 15 days. In the unlikely event that there is a significant delay with your mail-order prescription drug, our mail order service will work with you and a network pharmacy to provide you with a temporary supply of your mail-order prescription drug.

**New prescriptions the pharmacy receives directly from your doctor's office.**

The pharmacy will automatically fill and deliver new prescriptions it receives from health care providers, without checking with you first, if either:

You used mail order services with this plan in the past, or

You sign up for automatic delivery of all new prescriptions received directly from health care providers. You may request automatic delivery of all new prescriptions now or at any time by calling Customer Service (phone numbers are on your member ID card).

If you receive a prescription automatically by mail that you do not want, and you were not contacted to see if you wanted it before it shipped, you may be eligible for a refund.

If you used mail order in the past and do not want the pharmacy to automatically fill and ship each new prescription, please contact us by calling Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

If you have never used our mail order delivery and/or decide to stop automatic fills of new prescriptions, the pharmacy will contact you each time it gets a new prescription from a health care provider to see if you want the medication filled and shipped immediately. This will give you an opportunity to make sure that the pharmacy is delivering the correct drug (including strength, amount, and form) and, if necessary, allow you to cancel or delay the order before you are billed and it is shipped. It is important that you respond each time you are contacted by the pharmacy, to let them know what to do with the new prescription and to prevent any delays in shipping.

To opt out of automatic deliveries of new prescriptions received directly from your health care provider's office, please contact us by calling Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

**Refills on mail order prescriptions.** For refills of your drugs, you have the option to sign up for an automatic refill program called CVS Caremark mail order. Under this program we will start to process your next refill automatically when our records show you should be close to running out of your drug. The pharmacy will contact you prior to shipping each refill to make sure you are in need of more medication, and you can cancel scheduled refills if you have enough of your medication or if your medication has changed. If you choose not to use our auto refill program, please contact your pharmacy 15 days before you think the drugs you have on hand will run out to make sure your next order is shipped to you in time.

To opt out of CVS Caremark mail order that automatically prepares mail order refills, please contact us by calling Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). So the pharmacy can reach you to confirm your order

**Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs**

before shipping, please make sure to let the pharmacy know the best ways to contact you by calling Customer Service (phone number is on the back cover of this booklet).

For mail-order, you can get prescription drugs shipped to your home through the network mail order delivery program. Typically, mail order drugs arrive within 15 days. You can call 1-800-282-5366 (TTY: 771) 8 am to 8 pm, 7 days a week if you do not receive your mail order drugs within this timeframe. Members may have the option to sign-up for automated mail-order delivery.

**Section 2.4****How can you get a long-term supply of drugs?**

When you get a long-term supply of drugs, your cost-sharing may be lower. The plan offers two ways to get a long-term supply (also called an “extended supply”) of “maintenance” drugs on *our plan’s* Drug List. (Maintenance drugs are drugs that you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition.) You may order this supply through mail order (see Section 2.3) or you may go to a retail pharmacy.

1. **Some retail pharmacies** in our network allow you to get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. Your *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* tells you which pharmacies in our network can give you a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. You can also call Customer Service for more information (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
2. For certain kinds of drugs, you can use the plan’s network **mail-order services**. The drugs available through *our plan’s* mail-order service are marked as **“mail-order” (MO) drugs** in our Drug List. *Our plan’s* mail-order service allows you to order up to a 90-day supply. See Section 2.3 for more information about using our mail-order services.

**Section 2.5****When can you use a pharmacy that is not in the plan’s network?****Your prescription may be covered in certain situations**

Generally, we cover drugs filled at an out-of-network pharmacy *only* when you are not able to use a network pharmacy. To help you, we have network pharmacies outside of our service area where you can get your prescriptions filled as a member of *our plan*. If you cannot use a network pharmacy, here are the circumstances when we would cover prescriptions filled at an out-of-network pharmacy:

If you are unable to obtain a covered prescription drug in a timely manner within our service area because there are no network pharmacies within a reasonable driving distance that provides 24-hour service.

If you are trying to fill a prescription drug that is not regularly stocked at an accessible network retail or mail order pharmacy (these prescription drugs include orphan drugs or other specialty pharmaceuticals).

## Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

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If you are traveling outside your service area (within the United States) and run out of your medication, if you lose your medication, or if you become ill and cannot access a network pharmacy.

If you receive a Part D prescription drug, dispensed by an out-of-network institutional-based pharmacy, while you are in the emergency department, provider-based clinic, outpatient surgery or other outpatient setting.

If you have received your prescription during a state or federal disaster declaration or other public health emergency declaration in which you are evacuated or otherwise displaced from your service area or place of residence.

Out-of-network prescriptions may be limited to a 10-day supply of your drug.

In these situations, **please check first with Customer Service** to see if there is a network pharmacy nearby. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.) You may be required to pay the difference between what you pay for the drug at the out-of-network pharmacy and the cost that we would cover at an in-network pharmacy.

### How do you ask for reimbursement from the plan?

If you must use an out-of-network pharmacy, you will generally have to pay the full cost (rather than your normal share of the cost) at the time you fill your prescription. You can ask us to reimburse you for our share of the cost. (Chapter 7, Section 2.1 explains how to ask the plan to pay you back.)

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## SECTION 3 Your drugs need to be on the plan's "Drug List"

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### Section 3.1 The "Drug List" tells which Part D drugs are covered

The plan has a "*List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*." In this *Evidence of Coverage*, **we call it the "Drug List" for short.**

The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The list must meet requirements set by Medicare. Medicare has approved the plan's Drug List.

The drugs on the Drug List are only those covered under Medicare Part D (earlier in this chapter, Section 1.1 explains about Part D drugs).

We will generally cover a drug on the plan's Drug List as long as you follow the other coverage rules explained in this chapter and the use of the drug is a medically accepted indication. A "medically accepted indication" is a use of the drug that is *either*:

approved by the Food and Drug Administration. (That is, the Food and Drug Administration has approved the drug for the diagnosis or condition for which it is being prescribed.)

-- or -- supported by certain reference books. (These reference books are the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information; the DRUGDEX Information

**Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs**

System; and the USPDI or its successor; and, for cancer, the National Comprehensive Cancer Network and Clinical Pharmacology or their successors.)

**The Drug List includes both brand name and generic drugs**

A generic drug is a prescription drug that has the same active ingredients as the brand name drug. Generally, it works just as well as the brand name drug and usually costs less. There are generic drug substitutes available for many brand name drugs.

**What is *not* on the Drug List?**

The plan does not cover all prescription drugs.

In some cases, the law does not allow any Medicare plan to cover certain types of drugs (for more information about this, see Section 7.1 in this chapter).

In other cases, we have decided not to include a particular drug on the Drug List.

**Section 3.2      There are 5 “cost-sharing tiers” for drugs on the Drug List**

Every drug on the plan's Drug List is in one of 5 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug:

Tier 1 - Preferred Generic - Our lowest cost-share tier includes many lower cost generic drugs

Tier 2 - Generic - Includes higher cost generic drugs

Tier 3 - Preferred Brand - Includes many common cost-effective brand name drugs and some generic drugs that cost as much as brand name drugs

Tier 4 - Non-Preferred Drug - Includes many more higher cost brand name and generic drugs for which a cheaper alternative is typically available

Tier 5 - Specialty - Our highest cost-share tier includes both high cost brand and generic drugs that meet Medicare's definition of a specialty drug

To find out which cost-sharing tier your drug is in, look it up in the plan's Drug List.

The amount you pay for drugs in each cost-sharing tier is shown in Chapter 6 (*What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs*).

**Section 3.3      How can you find out if a specific drug is on the Drug List?**

You have two ways to find out:

1. Visit the plan's website (<https://www.aetnamedicare.com/formulary>). The Drug List on the website is always the most current.
2. Call Customer Service to find out if a particular drug is on the plan's Drug List or to ask for a copy of the list. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

**Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs****SECTION 4****There are restrictions on coverage for some drugs****Section 4.1****Why do some drugs have restrictions?**

For certain prescription drugs, special rules restrict how and when the plan covers them. A team of doctors and pharmacists developed these rules to help our members use drugs in the most effective ways. These special rules also help control overall drug costs, which keeps your drug coverage more affordable.

In general, our rules encourage you to get a drug that works for your medical condition and is safe and effective. Whenever a safe, lower-cost drug will work just as well medically as a higher-cost drug, the plan's rules are designed to encourage you and your provider to use that lower-cost option. We also need to comply with Medicare's rules and regulations for drug coverage and cost-sharing.

**If there is a restriction for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider will have to take extra steps in order for us to cover the drug.** If you want us to waive the restriction for you, you will need to use the coverage decision process and ask us to make an exception. We may or may not agree to waive the restriction for you. (See Chapter 9, Section 6.2 for information about asking for exceptions.)

Please note that sometimes a drug may appear more than once in our drug list. This is because different restrictions or cost-sharing may apply based on factors such as the strength, amount, or form of the drug prescribed by your health care provider (for instance, 10 mg versus 100 mg; one per day versus two per day; tablet versus liquid).

**Section 4.2****What kinds of restrictions?**

*Our plan* uses different types of restrictions to help our members use drugs in the most effective ways. The sections below tell you more about the types of restrictions we use for certain drugs.

**Restricting brand name drugs when a generic version is available**

Generally, a "generic" drug works the same as a brand name drug and usually costs less.

**When a generic version of a brand name drug is available, our network pharmacies will provide you the generic version.** We usually will not cover the brand name drug when a generic version is available. However, if your provider has told us the medical reason that the generic drug will not work for you or has told us the medical reason that neither the generic drug nor other covered drugs that treat the same condition will work for you, then we will cover the brand name drug. (Your share of the cost may be greater for the brand name drug than for the generic drug.)

**Getting plan approval in advance**

For certain drugs, you or your provider need to get approval from the plan before we will agree to cover the drug for you. This is called "**prior authorization**." Sometimes the requirement for getting approval in advance helps guide appropriate use of certain drugs. If you do not get this approval, your drug might not be covered by the plan.

**Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs****Trying a different drug first**

This requirement encourages you to try less costly but just as effective drugs before the plan covers another drug. For example, if Drug A and Drug B treat the same medical condition, the plan may require you to try Drug A first. If Drug A does not work for you, the plan will then cover Drug B. This requirement to try a different drug first is called "**step therapy**."

**Quantity limits**

For certain drugs, we limit the amount of the drug that you can have by limiting how much of a drug you can get each time you fill your prescription. For example, if it is normally considered safe to take only one pill per day for a certain drug, we may limit coverage for your prescription to no more than one pill per day.

**Section 4.3                    Do any of these restrictions apply to your drugs?**

The plan's Drug List includes information about the restrictions described above. To find out if any of these restrictions apply to a drug you take or want to take, check the Drug List. For the most up-to-date information, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or check our website (<https://www.aetnamedicare.com/formulary>).

**If there is a restriction for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider will have to take extra steps in order for us to cover the drug.** If there is a restriction on the drug you want to take, you should contact Customer Service to learn what you or your provider would need to do to get coverage for the drug. If you want us to waive the restriction for you, you will need to use the coverage decision process and ask us to make an exception. We may or may not agree to waive the restriction for you. (See Chapter 9, Section 6.2 for information about asking for exceptions.)

**SECTION 5                    What if one of your drugs is not covered in the way you'd like it to be covered?****Section 5.1                    There are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way you'd like it to be covered**

We hope that your drug coverage will work well for you. But it's possible that there could be a prescription drug you are currently taking, or one that you and your provider think you should be taking that is not on our formulary or is on our formulary with restrictions. For example:

The drug might not be covered at all. Or maybe a generic version of the drug is covered but the brand name version you want to take is not covered.

The drug is covered, but there are extra rules or restrictions on coverage for that drug. As explained in Section 4, some of the drugs covered by the plan have extra rules to restrict their use. For example, you might be required to try a different drug first, to see if it will work, before the drug you want to take will be covered for you. Or there might be limits on what amount of the drug (number of pills, etc.) is

**Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs**

covered during a particular time period. In some cases, you may want us to waive the restriction for you.

The drug is covered, but it is in a cost-sharing tier that makes your cost-sharing more expensive than you think it should be. The plan puts each covered drug into one of 5 different cost-sharing tiers. How much you pay for your prescription depends in part on which cost-sharing tier your drug is in.

There are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way that you'd like it to be covered. Your options depend on what type of problem you have:

If your drug is not on the Drug List or if your drug is restricted, go to Section 5.2 to learn what you can do.

If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier that makes your cost more expensive than you think it should be, go to Section 5.3 to learn what you can do.

**Section 5.2****What can you do if your drug is not on the Drug List or if the drug is restricted in some way?**

If your drug is not on the Drug List or is restricted, here are things you can do:

You may be able to get a temporary supply of the drug (only members in certain situations can get a temporary supply). This will give you and your provider time to change to another drug or to file a request to have the drug covered.

You can change to another drug.

You can request an exception and ask the plan to cover the drug or remove restrictions from the drug.

**You may be able to get a temporary supply**

Under certain circumstances, the plan can offer a temporary supply of a drug to you when your drug is not on the Drug List or when it is restricted in some way. Doing this gives you time to talk with your provider about the change in coverage and figure out what to do.

To be eligible for a temporary supply, you must meet the two requirements below:

**1. The change to your drug coverage must be one of the following types of changes:**

The drug you have been taking is **no longer on the plan's Drug List**.

or -- the drug you have been taking is **now restricted in some way** (Section 4 in this chapter tells about restrictions).

**2. You must be in one of the situations described below:****For those members who are new or who were in the plan last year**

We will cover a temporary supply of your drug **during the first 90 days of your membership in the plan if you were new and during the first 90 days of the calendar year if you were in the plan last year**. This temporary supply will be for a maximum of a 30-day supply. If your prescription is written for fewer days, we will allow multiple fills to provide up to a maximum of a 30-day supply of medication.

**Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs**

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The prescription must be filled at a network pharmacy. (Please note that the long-term care pharmacy may provide the drug in smaller amounts at a time to prevent waste.)

**For those members who have been in the plan for more than 90 days and reside in a long-term care (LTC) facility and need a supply right away:**

We will cover one 31-day supply of a particular drug, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days. This is in addition to the above temporary supply situation.

If you experience a change in your setting of care (such as being discharged or admitted to a long-term care facility), your physician or pharmacy can request a temporary supply of the drug. This temporary supply (up to 30 days) will allow you time to talk with your doctor about the change in coverage.

To ask for a temporary supply, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

During the time when you are getting a temporary supply of a drug, you should talk with your provider to decide what to do when your temporary supply runs out. You can either switch to a different drug covered by the plan or ask the plan to make an exception for you and cover your current drug. The sections below tell you more about these options.

**You can change to another drug**

Start by talking with your provider. Perhaps there is a different drug covered by the plan that might work just as well for you. You can call Customer Service to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider find a covered drug that might work for you. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

**You can ask for an exception**

You and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception for you and cover the drug in the way you would like it to be covered. If your provider says that you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you request an exception to the rule. For example, you can ask the plan to cover a drug even though it is not on the plan's Drug List. Or you can ask the plan to make an exception and cover the drug without restrictions.

If you are a current member and a drug you are taking will be removed from the formulary or restricted in some way for next year, we will allow you to request a formulary exception in advance for next year. We will tell you about any change in the coverage for your drug for next year. You can ask for an exception before next year and we will give you an answer within 72 hours after we receive your request (or your prescriber's supporting statement). If we approve your request, we will authorize the coverage before the change takes effect.

If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 9, Section 6.4 tells what to do. It explains the procedures and deadlines that have been set by Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

**Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs****Section 5.3****What can you do if your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high?**

If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high, here are things you can do:

**You can change to another drug**

If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high, start by talking with your provider. Perhaps there is a different drug in a lower cost-sharing tier that might work just as well for you. You can call Customer Service to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider find a covered drug that might work for you. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

**You can ask for an exception**

You and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception in the cost-sharing tier for the drug so that you pay less for it. If your provider says that you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you request an exception to the rule.

If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 9, Section 6.4 tells what to do. It explains the procedures and deadlines that have been set by Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

Drugs in our Specialty tier are not eligible for this type of exception. We do not lower the cost-sharing amount for drugs in this tier.

**SECTION 6****What if your coverage changes for one of your drugs?****Section 6.1****The Drug List can change during the year**

Most of the changes in drug coverage happen at the beginning of each year (January 1). However, during the year, the plan might make changes to the Drug List. For example, the plan might:

**Add or remove drugs from the Drug List.** New drugs become available, including new generic drugs. Perhaps the government has given approval to a new use for an existing drug. Sometimes, a drug gets recalled and we decide not to cover it. Or we might remove a drug from the list because it has been found to be ineffective.

**Move a drug to a higher or lower cost-sharing tier.**

**Add or remove a restriction on coverage for a drug** (for more information about restrictions to coverage, see Section 4 in this chapter).

**Replace a brand name drug with a generic drug.**

We must follow Medicare requirements before we change the plan's Drug List.

**Section 6.2****What happens if coverage changes for a drug you are taking?****Information on changes to drug coverage**

When changes to the Drug List occur during the year, we post information on our website about those changes. We will update our online Drug List on a regularly scheduled basis to include any changes that have occurred after the last update. Below we point out the times that you would get direct notice if changes are made to a drug that you are then taking. You can also call Customer Service for more information (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

**Do changes to your drug coverage affect you right away?**

Changes that can affect you this year: In the below cases, you will be affected by the coverage changes during the current year:

**A new generic drug replaces a brand name drug on the Drug List (or we change the cost-sharing tier or add new restrictions to the brand name drug)**

- We may immediately remove a brand name drug on our Drug List if we are replacing it with a newly approved generic version of the same drug that will appear on the same or lower cost sharing tier and with the same or fewer restrictions. Also, when adding the new generic drug, we may decide to keep the brand name drug on our Drug List, but immediately move it to a higher cost-sharing tier or add new restrictions.
- We may not tell you in advance before we make that change—even if you are currently taking the brand name drug
- You or your prescriber can ask us to make an exception and continue to cover the brand name drug for you. For information on how to ask for an exception, see Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).
- If you are taking the brand name drug at the time we make the change, we will provide you with information about the specific change(s) we made. This will also include information on the steps you may take to request an exception to cover the brand name drug. You may not get this notice before we make the change.

**Unsafe drugs and other drugs on the Drug List that are withdrawn from the market**

- Once in a while, a drug may be suddenly withdrawn because it has been found to be unsafe or removed from the market for another reason. If this happens, we will immediately remove the drug from the Drug List. If you are taking that drug, we will let you know of this change right away.
- Your prescriber will also know about this change, and can work with you to find another drug for your condition.

**Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs****Other changes to drugs on the Drug List**

- We may make other changes once the year has started that affect drugs you are taking. For instance, we might add a generic drug that is not new to the market to replace a brand name drug or change the cost-sharing tier or add new restrictions to the brand name drug. We also might make changes based on FDA boxed warnings or new clinical guidelines recognized by Medicare. We must give you at least 30 days' advance notice of the change or give you notice of the change and a 30-day refill of the drug you are taking at a network pharmacy.
- After you receive notice of the change, you should be working with your prescriber to switch to a different drug that we cover.
- Or you or your prescriber can ask us to make an exception and continue to cover the drug for you. For information on how to ask for an exception, see Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

**Changes to drugs on the Drug List that will not affect people currently taking the drug:** For changes to the Drug List that are not described above, if you are currently taking the drug, the following types of changes will not affect you until January 1 of the next year if you stay in the plan:

If we move your drug into a higher cost-sharing tier.

If we put a new restriction on your use of the drug.

If we remove your drug from the Drug List

If any of these changes happen for a drug you are taking (but not because of a market withdrawal, a generic drug replacing a brand name drug, or other change noted in the sections above), then the change won't affect your use or what you pay as your share of the cost until January 1 of the next year. Until that date, you probably won't see any increase in your payments or any added restriction to your use of the drug. You will not get direct notice this year about changes that do not affect you. However, on January 1 of the next year, the changes will affect you, and it is important to check the new year's Drug List for any changes to drugs.

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**SECTION 7                    What types of drugs are *not* covered by the plan?**

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**Section 7.1                Types of drugs we do not cover**

This section tells you what kinds of prescription drugs are "excluded." This means Medicare does not pay for these drugs.

If you get drugs that are excluded, you must pay for them yourself. We won't pay for the drugs that are listed in this section. The only exception: If the requested drug is found upon appeal to be a drug that is not excluded under Part D and we should have paid for or covered it because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a drug, go to Chapter 9, Section 6.5 in this booklet.)

**Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs**

Here are three general rules about drugs that Medicare drug plans will not cover under Part D:

*Our plan's* Part D drug coverage cannot cover a drug that would be covered under Medicare Part A or Part B.

*Our plan* cannot cover a drug purchased outside the United States and its territories.

*Our plan* usually cannot cover off-label use. "Off-label use" is any use of the drug other than those indicated on a drug's label as approved by the Food and Drug Administration.

- Generally, coverage for "off-label use" is allowed only when the use is supported by certain reference books. These reference books are the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information, the DRUGDEX Information System, for cancer, the National Comprehensive Cancer Network and Clinical Pharmacology, or their successors. If the use is not supported by any of these reference books, then *our plan* cannot cover its "off-label use."

Also, by law, these categories of drugs are not covered by Medicare drug plans:

Non-prescription drugs (also called over-the-counter drugs)

Drugs when used to promote fertility

Drugs when used for the relief of cough or cold symptoms

Drugs when used for cosmetic purposes or to promote hair growth

Prescription vitamins and mineral products, except prenatal vitamins and fluoride preparations

Drugs when used for the treatment of sexual or erectile dysfunction

Drugs when used for treatment of anorexia, weight loss, or weight gain

Outpatient drugs for which the manufacturer seeks to require that associated tests or monitoring services be purchased exclusively from the manufacturer as a condition of sale

**If you receive "Extra Help" paying for your drugs**, your state Medicaid program may cover some prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare drug plan. Please contact your state Medicaid program to determine what drug coverage may be available to you. (You can find phone numbers and contact information for Medicaid in **Addendum A** in the back of this *Evidence of Coverage*.)

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**SECTION 8                    Show your plan membership card when you fill a prescription**

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**Section 8.1                Show your membership card**

To fill your prescription, show your plan membership card at the network pharmacy you choose. When you show your plan membership card, the network pharmacy will automatically bill the plan for *our* share of your covered prescription drug cost. You will need to pay the pharmacy *your* share of the cost when you pick up your prescription.

**Section 8.2****What if you don't have your membership card with you?**

If you don't have your plan membership card with you when you fill your prescription, ask the pharmacy to call the plan to get the necessary information.

If the pharmacy is not able to get the necessary information, **you may have to pay the full cost of the prescription when you pick it up.** (You can then **ask us to reimburse you** for our share. See Chapter 7, Section 2.1 for information about how to ask the plan for reimbursement.)

**SECTION 9****Part D drug coverage in special situations****Section 9.1****What if you're in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility for a stay that is covered by the plan?**

If you are admitted to a hospital or to a skilled nursing facility for a stay covered by the plan, we will generally cover the cost of your prescription drugs during your stay. Once you leave the hospital or skilled nursing facility, the plan will cover your drugs as long as the drugs meet all of our rules for coverage. See the previous parts of this section that tell about the rules for getting drug coverage. Chapter 6 (*What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs*) gives more information about drug coverage and what you pay.

**Please note:** When you enter, live in, or leave a skilled nursing facility, you are entitled to a Special Enrollment Period. During this time period, you can switch plans or change your coverage. (Chapter 10, *Ending your membership in the plan*, tells when you can leave *our plan* and join a different Medicare plan.)

**Section 9.2****What if you're a resident in a long-term care (LTC) facility?**

Usually, a long-term care (LTC) facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy, or a pharmacy that supplies drugs for all of its residents. If you are a resident of a long-term care facility, you may get your prescription drugs through the facility's pharmacy as long as it is part of our network.

Check your *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* to find out if your long-term care facility's pharmacy is part of our network. If it isn't, or if you need more information, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

**What if you're a resident in a long-term care (LTC) facility and become a new member of the plan?**

If you need a drug that is not on our Drug List or is restricted in some way, the plan will cover a **temporary supply** of your drug during the first 90 days of your membership. The total supply will be for a maximum of a 31-day supply, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days. (Please note that the long-term care (LTC) pharmacy may provide the drug in smaller amounts at a time to prevent waste.) If you have been a member of the plan for more than 90 days and need a drug that is not on our Drug List or if the plan has any restriction on the drug's coverage, we will cover one 31-day supply, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days.

**Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs**

During the time when you are getting a temporary supply of a drug, you should talk with your provider to decide what to do when your temporary supply runs out. Perhaps there is a different drug covered by the plan that might work just as well for you. Or you and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception for you and cover the drug in the way you would like it to be covered. If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 9, Section 6.4 tells what to do.

**Section 9.3      What if you're also getting drug coverage from an employer or retiree group plan?**

Do you currently have other prescription drug coverage through your (or your spouse's) employer or retiree group? If so, please contact **that group's benefits administrator**. He or she can help you determine how your current prescription drug coverage will work with *our plan*.

In general, if you are currently employed, the prescription drug coverage you get from us will be *secondary* to your employer or retiree group coverage. That means your group coverage would pay first.

**Special note about 'creditable coverage':**

Each year your employer or retiree group should send you a notice that tells if your prescription drug coverage for the next calendar year is "creditable" and the choices you have for drug coverage.

If the coverage from the group plan is "**creditable**," it means that the plan has drug coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage.

**Keep these notices about creditable coverage**, because you may need them later. If you enroll in a Medicare plan that includes Part D drug coverage, you may need these notices to show that you have maintained creditable coverage. If you didn't get a notice about creditable coverage from your employer or retiree group plan, you can get a copy from your employer or retiree plan's benefits administrator or the employer or union.

**Section 9.4      What if you're in Medicare-certified hospice?**

Drugs are never covered by both hospice and *our plan* at the same time. If you are enrolled in Medicare hospice and require an anti-nausea, laxative, pain medication or antianxiety drug that is not covered by your hospice because it is unrelated to your terminal illness and related conditions, *our plan* must receive notification from either the prescriber or your hospice provider that the drug is unrelated before *our plan* can cover the drug. To prevent delays in receiving any unrelated drugs that should be covered by *our plan*, you can ask your hospice provider or prescriber to make sure we have the notification that the drug is unrelated before you ask a pharmacy to fill your prescription.

In the event you either revoke your hospice election or are discharged from hospice *our plan* should cover all your drugs. To prevent any delays at a pharmacy when your Medicare hospice benefit ends, you should bring documentation to the pharmacy to verify your

**Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs**

revocation or discharge. See the previous parts of this section that tell about the rules for getting drug coverage under Part D. Chapter 6 (*What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs*) gives more information about drug coverage and what you pay.

**SECTION 10 Programs on drug safety and managing medications****Section 10.1 Programs to help members use drugs safely**

We conduct drug use reviews for our members to help make sure that they are getting safe and appropriate care. These reviews are especially important for members who have more than one provider who prescribes their drugs.

We do a review each time you fill a prescription. We also review our records on a regular basis. During these reviews, we look for potential problems such as:

Possible medication errors

Drugs that may not be necessary because you are taking another drug to treat the same medical condition

Drugs that may not be safe or appropriate because of your age or gender

Certain combinations of drugs that could harm you if taken at the same time

Prescriptions written for drugs that have ingredients you are allergic to

Possible errors in the amount (dosage) of a drug you are taking

Unsafe amounts of opioid pain medications

If we see a possible problem in your use of medications, we will work with your provider to correct the problem.

**Section 10.2 Drug Management Program (DMP) to help members safely use their opioid medications**

We have a program that can help make sure our members safely use their prescription opioid medications, or other medications that are frequently abused. This program is called a Drug Management Program (DMP). If you use opioid medications that you get from several doctors or pharmacies, we may talk to your doctors to make sure your use is appropriate and medically necessary. Working with your doctors, if we decide you are at risk for misusing or abusing your opioid or benzodiazepine medications, we may limit how you can get those medications. The limitations may be:

Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from one pharmacy

Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from one doctor

Limiting the amount of opioid or benzodiazepine medications we will cover for you

If we decide that one or more of these limitations should apply to you, we will send you a letter in advance. The letter will have information explaining the terms of the limitations we

**Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs**

think should apply to you. You will also have an opportunity to tell us which doctors or pharmacies you prefer to use. If you think we made a mistake or you disagree with our determination that you are at-risk for prescription drug abuse or the limitation, you and your prescriber have the right to ask us for an appeal. See Chapter 9 for information about how to ask for an appeal.

The DMP may not apply to you if you have certain medical conditions, such as cancer, or you are receiving hospice, palliative, or end-of-life care, or live in a long-term care facility.

**Section 10.3 Medication Therapy Management (MTM) and other programs to help members manage their medications**

We have programs that can help our members with complex health needs. For example, some members have several medical conditions, take different drugs at the same time, and have high drug costs.

These programs are voluntary and free to members. A team of pharmacists and doctors developed the programs for us. The programs can help make sure that our members get the most benefit from the drugs they take. One program is called a Medication Therapy Management (MTM) program. Some members who take medications for different medical conditions may be able to get services through an MTM program. A pharmacist or other health professional will give you a comprehensive review of all your medications. You can talk about how best to take your medications, your costs, and any problems or questions you have about your prescription and over-the-counter medications. You'll get a written summary of this discussion. The summary has a medication action plan that recommends what you can do to make the best use of your medications, with space for you to take notes or write down any follow-up questions. You'll also get a personal medication list that will include all the medications you're taking and why you take them.

It's a good idea to have your medication review before your yearly "Wellness" visit, so you can talk to your doctor about your action plan and medication list. Bring your action plan and medication list with you to your visit or anytime you talk with your doctors, pharmacists, and other health care providers. Also, keep your medication list with you (for example, with your ID) in case you go to the hospital or emergency room.

If we have a program that fits your needs, we will automatically enroll you in the program and send you information. If you decide not to participate, please notify us and we will withdraw you from the program. If you have any questions about these programs, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

## **CHAPTER 6**

***What you pay for your  
Part D prescription drugs***

**Chapter 6. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs**

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**Did you know there are programs to help people pay for their drugs?**

The “Extra Help” program helps people with limited resources pay for their drugs. For more information, see Chapter 2, Section 7.

**Are you currently getting help to pay for your drugs?**

If you are in a program that helps pay for your drugs, **some information in this Evidence of Coverage about the costs for Part D prescription drugs may not apply to you.** We sent you a separate insert, called the “Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get Extra Help Paying for Prescription Drugs” (also known as the “Low Income Subsidy Rider” or the “LIS Rider”), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don’t have this insert, please call Customer Service and ask for the “LIS Rider.” (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

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**SECTION 1                  Introduction**

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**Section 1.1                  Use this chapter together with other materials that explain your drug coverage**

This chapter focuses on what you pay for your Part D prescription drugs. To keep things simple, we use “drug” in this chapter to mean a Part D prescription drug. As explained in Chapter 5, not all drugs are Part D drugs – some drugs are covered under Medicare Part A or Part B and other drugs are excluded from Medicare coverage by law.

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know the basics of what drugs are covered, where to fill your prescriptions, and what rules to follow when you get your covered drugs. Here are materials that explain these basics:

**The plan’s List of Covered Drugs (Formulary).** To keep things simple, we call this the “Drug List.”

- This Drug List tells which drugs are covered for you.
- It also tells which of the 5 “cost-sharing tiers” the drug is in and whether there are any restrictions on your coverage for the drug.
- If you need a copy of the Drug List, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You can also find the Drug List on our website at <https://www.aetnamedicare.com/formulary>. The Drug List on the website is always the most current.

**Chapter 5 of this booklet.** Chapter 5 gives the details about your prescription drug coverage, including rules you need to follow when you get your covered drugs. Chapter 5 also tells which types of prescription drugs are not covered by *our plan*.

**The plan’s Provider and Pharmacy Directory.** In most situations you must use a network pharmacy to get your covered drugs (see Chapter 5 for the details). The *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* has a list of pharmacies in the plan’s network. It also

**Chapter 6. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs**

tells you which pharmacies in our network can give you a long-term supply of a drug (such as filling a prescription for a three-month's supply).

**Section 1.2 Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for covered drugs**

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know about the types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services. The amount that you pay for a drug is called "cost-sharing" and there are three ways you may be asked to pay.

The "**deductible**" is the amount you must pay for drugs before *our plan* begins to pay its share.

"**Copayment**" means that you pay a fixed amount each time you fill a prescription.

"**Coinsurance**" means that you pay a percent of the total cost of the drug each time you fill a prescription.

**SECTION 2 What you pay for a drug depends on which "drug payment stage" you are in when you get the drug****Section 2.1 What are the drug payment stages for Aetna Medicare Plus Plan (HMO) members?**

As shown in the table below, there are "drug payment stages" for your prescription drug coverage under *our plan*. How much you pay for a drug depends on which of these stages you are in at the time you get a prescription filled or refilled.

**Chapter 6. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs**

<b>Stage 1</b> <i>Yearly Deductible Stage</i>	<b>Stage 2</b> <i>Initial Coverage Stage</i>	<b>Stage 3</b> <i>Coverage Gap Stage</i>	<b>Stage 4</b> <i>Catastrophic Coverage Stage</i>
Because there is no deductible for the plan, this payment stage does not apply to you.	<p>You begin in this stage when you fill your first prescription of the year.</p> <p>During this stage, the plan pays its share of the cost of your drugs and <b>you pay your share of the cost.</b></p> <p>You stay in this stage until your year-to-date <b>"total drug costs"</b> (your payments plus any Part D plan's payments) total \$4,020.</p> <p>(Details are in Section 5 of this chapter.)</p>	<p><i>Our plan</i> offers some drug coverage in the Coverage Gap Stage for drugs on Tier 1 &amp; 2. You pay 25% of the price for brand name drugs (plus a portion of the dispensing fee) and 25% of the price for generic drugs on all other tiers.</p> <p>Cost sharing for a 30-day supply for drugs on each tier on which we provide gap coverage is listed below.</p> <p><b>Standard Cost Sharing</b></p> <p>Tier 1 Preferred Generic: \$15 Tier 2 Generic: \$20</p> <p><b>Preferred Cost Sharing</b></p> <p>Tier 1 Preferred Generic: \$0 Tier 2 Generic: \$0</p> <p>You stay in this stage until your year-to-date <b>"out-of-pocket costs"</b> (your payments) reach a total of \$6,350. This amount and rules for counting costs toward this amount have been set by Medicare.</p> <p>(Details are in Section 6 of this chapter.)</p>	<p>During this stage, <b>the plan will pay most of the cost</b> of your drugs for the rest of the calendar year (through December 31, 2020).</p> <p>(Details are in Section 7 of this chapter.)</p>

**SECTION 3**      **We send you reports that explain payments for your drugs and which payment stage you are in****Section 3.1**      **We send you a monthly report called the “Part D Explanation of Benefits” (the “Part D EOB”)**

*Our plan* keeps track of the costs of your prescription drugs and the payments you have made when you get your prescriptions filled or refilled at the pharmacy. This way, we can tell you when you have moved from one drug payment stage to the next. In particular, there are two types of costs we keep track of:

We keep track of how much you have paid. This is called your **“out-of-pocket” cost**.

We keep track of your **“total drug costs.”** This is the amount you pay out-of-pocket or others pay on your behalf plus the amount paid by the plan.

*Our plan* will prepare a written report called the *Part D Explanation of Benefits* (it is sometimes called the “Part D EOB”) when you have had one or more prescriptions filled through the plan during the previous month. It includes:

**Information for that month.** This report gives the payment details about the prescriptions you have filled during the previous month. It shows the total drug costs, what the plan paid, and what you and others on your behalf paid.

**Totals for the year since January 1.** This is called “year-to-date” information. It shows you the total drug costs and total payments for your drugs since the year began.

**Section 3.2**      **Help us keep our information about your drug payments up to date**

To keep track of your drug costs and the payments you make for drugs, we use records we get from pharmacies. Here is how you can help us keep your information correct and up to date:

**Show your membership card when you get a prescription filled.** To make sure we know about the prescriptions you are filling and what you are paying, show your plan membership card every time you get a prescription filled.

**Make sure we have the information we need.** There are times you may pay for prescription drugs when we will not automatically get the information we need to keep track of your out-of-pocket costs. To help us keep track of your out-of-pocket costs, you may give us copies of receipts for drugs that you have purchased. (If you are billed for a covered drug, you can ask *our plan* to pay our share of the cost. For instructions on how to do this, go to Chapter 7, Section 2 of this booklet.) Here are some types of situations when you may want to give us copies of your drug receipts to be sure we have a complete record of what you have spent for your drugs:

- When you purchase a covered drug at a network pharmacy at a special price or using a discount card that is not part of *our plan’s* benefit.

**Chapter 6. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs**

- When you made a copayment for drugs that are provided under a drug manufacturer patient assistance program.
- Any time you have purchased covered drugs at out-of-network pharmacies or other times you have paid the full price for a covered drug under special circumstances.

**Send us information about the payments others have made for you.** Payments made by certain other individuals and organizations also count toward your out-of-pocket costs and help qualify you for catastrophic coverage. For example, payments made by an AIDS drug assistance program (ADAP), the Indian Health Service, and most charities count toward your out-of-pocket costs. You should keep a record of these payments and send them to us so we can track your costs.

**Check the written report we send you.** When you receive a *Part D Explanation of Benefits* (a “Part D EOB”) in the mail, please look it over to be sure the information is complete and correct. If you think something is missing from the report, or you have any questions, please call us at Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). Be sure to keep these reports. They are an important record of your drug expenses.

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**SECTION 4****There is no deductible for our plan**

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**Section 4.1****You do not pay a deductible for your Part D drugs**

There is no deductible for *our plan*. You begin in the Initial Coverage Stage when you fill your first prescription of the year. See Section 5 for information about your coverage in the Initial Coverage Stage.

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**SECTION 5****During the Initial Coverage Stage, the plan pays its share of your drug costs and you pay your share**

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**Section 5.1****What you pay for a drug depends on the drug and where you fill your prescription**

During the Initial Coverage Stage, the plan pays its share of the cost of your covered prescription drugs, and you pay your share (your copayment or coinsurance amount). Your share of the cost will vary depending on the drug and where you fill your prescription.

**The plan has 5 cost-sharing tiers**

Every drug on the plan’s Drug List is in one of 5 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier number, the higher your cost for the drug:

Tier 1 Preferred Generic has the lowest copayment.

Tier 2 Generic has a copayment that is higher than Tier 1.

Tier 3 Preferred Brand which also includes some generic and preferred brand drugs and has a copayment that is higher than Tiers 1 and 2.

**Chapter 6. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs**

Tier 4 Non-Preferred Drug which also includes some non-preferred generic and non-preferred brand drugs and has a copayment that is probably higher than Tiers 1, 2 and 3.

Tier 5 Specialty includes both high cost brand and generic drugs and has coinsurance that probably results in a higher out-of-pocket cost than drugs on other tiers.

To find out which cost-sharing tier your drug is in, look it up in the plan's Drug List.

**Your pharmacy choices**

How much you pay for a drug depends on whether you get the drug from:

A network retail pharmacy that offers standard cost-sharing

A network retail pharmacy that offers preferred cost-sharing

A pharmacy that is not in the plan's network

The plan's mail-order pharmacy that offers standard cost-sharing

The plan's mail-order pharmacy that offers preferred cost-sharing

For more information about these pharmacy choices and filling your prescriptions, see Chapter 5 in this booklet and the plan's *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*.

Generally, we will cover your prescriptions *only* if they are filled at one of our network pharmacies. Some of our network pharmacies also offer preferred cost-sharing. You may go to either network pharmacies that offer preferred cost-sharing or other network pharmacies that offer standard cost-sharing to receive your covered prescription drugs. Your costs may be less at pharmacies that offer preferred cost-sharing.

Aetna Medicare pharmacy network includes limited lower-cost, preferred pharmacies in **rural areas of Maine, Michigan and Nebraska, suburban areas of Illinois and South Carolina, and urban areas of Michigan**. The lower costs advertised in our plan materials for these pharmacies may not be available at the pharmacy you use. For up-to-date information about our network pharmacies, including whether there are any lower-cost preferred pharmacies in your area, please call Customer Service at 1-800-282-5366 or consult the online pharmacy directory at <https://www.aetnamedicare.com/findpharmacy>.

**Section 5.2****A table that shows your costs for a one-month supply of a drug**

During the Initial Coverage Stage, your share of the cost of a covered drug will be either a copayment or coinsurance.

**"Copayment"** means that you pay a fixed amount each time you fill a prescription.

**"Coinsurance"** means that you pay a percent of the total cost of the drug each time you fill a prescription.

As shown in the table below, the amount of the copayment or coinsurance depends on which cost-sharing tier your drug is in. Please note:

## Chapter 6. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

If your covered drug costs less than the copayment amount listed in the chart, you will pay that lower price for the drug. You pay *either* the full price of the drug *or* the copayment amount, *whichever is lower*.

We cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies in only limited situations. Please see Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for information about when we will cover a prescription filled at an out-of-network pharmacy.

### Your share of the cost when you get a *one-month* supply of a covered Part D prescription drug:

	<b>Standard retail cost- sharing (in- network) (up to a 30-day supply)</b>	<b>Preferred retail cost- sharing (in- network) (up to a 30-day supply)</b>	<b>Standard mail-order cost- sharing (up to a 30-day supply)</b>	<b>Preferred mail-order cost- sharing (up to a 30-day supply)</b>	<b>Long-term care (LTC) cost- sharing (up to a 31-day supply)</b>	<b>Out-of- network cost- sharing (Coverage is limited to certain situations; see Chapter 5 for details.) (up to a 10-day supply)</b>
<b>Cost-Sharing</b>						
<b>Tier 1</b> (Preferred Generic)	\$15	\$0	\$15	\$0	\$15	\$15
<b>Cost-Sharing</b> <b>Tier 2</b> (Generic)	\$20	\$0	\$20	\$0	\$20	\$20
<b>Cost-Sharing</b> <b>Tier 3</b> (Preferred Brand)	\$47	\$47	\$47	\$47	\$47	\$47
<b>Cost-Sharing</b> <b>Tier 4</b> (Non-Preferred Drug)	\$100	\$100	\$100	\$100	\$100	\$100
<b>Cost-Sharing</b> <b>Tier 5</b> (Specialty)	33%	33%	33%	33%	33%	33%

**Chapter 6. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs****Section 5.3****If your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply, you may not have to pay the cost of the entire month's supply**

Typically, the amount you pay for a prescription drug covers a full month's supply of a covered drug. However, your doctor can prescribe less than a month's supply of drugs. There may be times when you want to ask your doctor about prescribing less than a month's supply of a drug (for example, when you are trying a medication for the first time that is known to have serious side effects). If your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply, you will not have to pay for the full month's supply for certain drugs.

The amount you pay when you get less than a full month's supply will depend on whether you are responsible for paying coinsurance (a percentage of the total cost) or a copayment (a flat dollar amount).

If you are responsible for coinsurance, you pay a percentage of the total cost of the drug. You pay the same percentage regardless of whether the prescription is for a full month's supply or for fewer days. However, because the entire drug cost will be lower if you get less than a full month's supply, the amount you pay will be less.

If you are responsible for a copayment for the drug, your copay will be based on the number of days of the drug that you receive. We will calculate the amount you pay per day for your drug (the "daily cost-sharing rate") and multiply it by the number of days of the drug you receive.

- Here's an example: Let's say the copay for your drug for a full month's supply (a 30-day supply) is \$30. This means that the amount you pay per day for your drug is \$1. If you receive a 7 days' supply of the drug, your payment will be \$1 per day multiplied by 7 days, for a total payment of \$7.

Daily cost-sharing allows you to make sure a drug works for you before you have to pay for an entire month's supply. You can also ask your doctor to prescribe, and your pharmacist to dispense, less than a full month's supply of a drug or drugs, if this will help you better plan refill dates for different prescriptions so that you can take fewer trips to the pharmacy. The amount you pay will depend upon the days' supply you receive.

**Section 5.4****A table that shows your costs for a long-term up to a 90-day supply of a drug**

For some drugs, you can get a long-term supply (also called an "extended supply") when you fill your prescription. A long-term supply is up to a 90-day supply. (For details on where and how to get a long-term supply of a drug, see Chapter 5, Section 2.4.)

The table below shows what you pay when you get a long-term up to a 90-day supply of a drug.

Please note: If your covered drug costs are less than the copayment amount listed in the chart, you will pay that lower price for the drug. You pay *either* the full price of the drug *or* the copayment amount, *whichever is lower*.

**Chapter 6. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs**

**Your share of the cost when you get a *long-term supply* of a covered Part D prescription drug:**

	<b>Standard retail cost- sharing (in- network) (up to a 90-day supply)</b>	<b>Preferred retail cost- sharing (in- network) (up to a 90-day supply)</b>	<b>Standard mail- order cost- sharing (up to a 90-day supply)</b>	<b>Preferred mail-order cost-sharing (up to a 90-day supply)</b>
<b>Cost-Sharing Tier 1</b> (Preferred Generic)	\$45	\$0	\$45	\$0
<b>Cost-Sharing Tier 2</b> (Generic)	\$60	\$0	\$60	\$0
<b>Cost-Sharing Tier 3</b> (Preferred Brand)	\$141	\$141	\$141	\$141
<b>Cost-Sharing Tier 4</b> (Non-Preferred Drug)	\$300	\$300	\$300	\$300
<b>Cost-Sharing Tier 5</b> (Specialty)	A long-term supply is not available for drugs in Tier 5	A long-term supply is not available for drugs in Tier 5	A long-term supply is not available for drugs in Tier 5	A long-term supply is not available for drugs in Tier 5

**Section 5.5                    You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until your total drug costs for the year reach \$4,020**

You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until the total amount for the prescription drugs you have filled and refilled reaches the \$4,020 **limit for the Initial Coverage Stage**.

Your total drug cost is based on adding together what you have paid and what any Part D plan has paid:

**What you have paid** for all the covered drugs you have gotten since you started with your first drug purchase of the year. (See Section 6.2 for more information about how Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs.) This includes:

- The total you paid as your share of the cost for your drugs during the Initial Coverage Stage.

**What the plan has paid** as its share of the cost for your drugs during the Initial Coverage Stage. (If you were enrolled in a different Part D plan at any time during 2020, the amount that plan paid during the Initial Coverage Stage also counts toward your total drug costs.)

**Chapter 6. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs**

The *Part D Explanation of Benefits* (Part D EOB) that we send to you will help you keep track of how much you and the plan, as well as any third parties, have spent on your behalf during the year. Many people do not reach the \$4,020 limit in a year.

We will let you know if you reach this \$4,020 amount. If you do reach this amount, you will leave the Initial Coverage Stage and move on to the Coverage Gap Stage.

**SECTION 6****During the Coverage Gap Stage, the plan provides some drug coverage****Section 6.1****You stay in the Coverage Gap Stage until your out-of-pocket costs reach \$6,350**

*Our plan* offers some drug coverage in the Coverage Gap Stage for drugs on Tier 1 & 2.

Cost sharing for a 30-day supply for drugs on each tier on which we provide gap coverage is listed below.

Cost sharing at a network retail pharmacy that offers standard cost-sharing

Tier 1: \$15

Tier 2: \$20

Cost sharing at a network retail pharmacy that offers preferred cost-sharing

Tier 1: \$0

Tier 2: \$0

For drugs on all other tiers when you are in the Coverage Gap Stage, the Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program provides manufacturer discounts on brand name drugs. You pay 25% of the negotiated price and a portion of the dispensing fee for brand name drugs. Both the amount you pay and the amount discounted by the manufacturer count toward your out-of-pocket costs as if you had paid them and moves you through the coverage gap.

You also receive some coverage for generic drugs. You pay no more than 25% of the cost for generic drugs and the plan pays the rest. For generic drugs, the amount paid by the plan (75%) does not count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Only the amount you pay counts and moves you through the coverage gap.

You continue paying the discounted price for brand name drugs and no more than 25% of the costs of generic drugs until your yearly out-of-pocket payments reach a maximum amount that Medicare has set. In 2020, that amount is \$6,350.

Medicare has rules about what counts and what does *not* count as your out-of-pocket costs. When you reach an out-of-pocket limit of \$6,350, you leave the Coverage Gap Stage and move on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

**Chapter 6. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs****Section 6.2****How Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs for prescription drugs**

Here are Medicare's rules that we must follow when we keep track of your out-of-pocket costs for your drugs.

**These payments are included in your out-of-pocket costs**

When you add up your out-of-pocket costs, **you can include** the payments listed below (as long as they are for Part D covered drugs and you followed the rules for drug coverage that are explained in Chapter 5 of this booklet):

The amount you pay for drugs when you are in any of the following drug payment stages:

- The Initial Coverage Stage
- The Coverage Gap Stage

Any payments you made during this calendar year as a member of a different Medicare prescription drug plan before you joined *our plan*.

**It matters who pays:**

If you make these payments **yourself**, they are included in your out-of-pocket costs.

These payments are *also included* if they are made on your behalf by **certain other individuals or organizations**. This includes payments for your drugs made by a friend or relative, by most charities, by AIDS drug assistance programs, or by the Indian Health Service. Payments made by Medicare's "Extra Help" Program are also included.

Some of the payments made by the Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program are included. The amount the manufacturer pays for your brand name drugs is included. But the amount the plan pays for your generic drugs is not included.

**Moving on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage:**

When you (or those paying on your behalf) have spent a total of \$6,350 in out-of-pocket costs within the calendar year, you will move from the Coverage Gap Stage to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

**These payments are not included in your out-of-pocket costs**

When you add up your out-of-pocket costs, you are **not allowed to include** any of these types of payments for prescription drugs:

Drugs you buy outside the United States and its territories.

Drugs that are not covered by *our plan*.

**Chapter 6. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs**

Drugs you get at an out-of-network pharmacy that do not meet the plan's requirements for out-of-network coverage.

Non-Part D drugs, including prescription drugs covered by Part A or Part B and other drugs excluded from coverage by Medicare.

Payments you make toward prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan.

Payments made by the plan for your brand or generic drugs while in the Coverage Gap.

Payments for your drugs that are made by group health plans including employer health plans.

Payments for your drugs that are made by certain insurance plans and government-funded health programs such as TRICARE and the Veterans Affairs.

Payments for your drugs made by a third-party with a legal obligation to pay for prescription costs (for example, Workers' Compensation).

*Reminder:* If any other organization such as the ones listed above pays part or all of your out-of-pocket costs for drugs, you are required to tell *our plan*. Call Customer Service to let us know (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

**How can you keep track of your out-of-pocket total?**

**We will help you.** The *Part D Explanation of Benefits* (Part D EOB) report we send to you includes the current amount of your out-of-pocket costs (Section 3 in this chapter tells about this report). When you reach a total of \$6,350 in out-of-pocket costs for the year, this report will tell you that you have left the Coverage Gap Stage and have moved on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

**Make sure we have the information we need.** Section 3.2 tells what you can do to help make sure that our records of what you have spent are complete and up to date.

**SECTION 7****During the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, the plan pays most of the cost for your drugs****Section 7.1****Once you are in the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, you will stay in this stage for the rest of the year**

You qualify for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage when your out-of-pocket costs have reached the \$6,350 limit for the calendar year. Once you are in the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, you will stay in this payment stage until the end of the calendar year.

During this stage, the plan will pay most of the cost for your drugs.

**Your share** of the cost for a covered drug will be either coinsurance or a copayment, whichever is the *larger* amount:

**Chapter 6. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs**

- – either – coinsurance of 5% of the cost of the drug
- – or – \$3.60 for a generic drug or a drug that is treated like a generic and \$8.95 for all other drugs.

***Our plan* pays the rest** of the cost.

**SECTION 8****What you pay for vaccinations covered by Part D depends on how and where you get them****Section 8.1*****Our plan may have separate coverage for the Part D vaccine medication itself and for the cost of giving you the vaccine***

*Our plan* provides coverage for a number of Part D vaccines. We also cover vaccines that are considered medical benefits. You can find out about coverage of these vaccines by going to the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4, Section 2.1.

There are two parts to our coverage of Part D vaccinations:

The first part of coverage is the cost of **the vaccine medication itself**. The vaccine is a prescription medication.

The second part of coverage is for the cost of **giving you the vaccine**. (This is sometimes called the “administration” of the vaccine.)

**What do you pay for a Part D vaccination?**

What you pay for a Part D vaccination depends on three things:

**1. The type of vaccine** (what you are being vaccinated for).

- Some vaccines are considered medical benefits. You can find out about your coverage of these vaccines by going to Chapter 4, *Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*.
- Other vaccines are considered Part D drugs. You can find these vaccines listed in the plan’s *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*.

**2. Where you get the vaccine medication.****3. Who gives you the vaccine.**

What you pay at the time you get the Part D vaccination can vary depending on the circumstances. For example:

Sometimes when you get your vaccine, you will have to pay the entire cost for both the vaccine medication and for getting the vaccine. You can ask *our plan* to pay you back for our share of the cost.

Other times, when you get the vaccine medication or the vaccine, you will pay only your share of the cost.

To show how this works, here are three common ways you might get a Part D vaccine. Remember you are responsible for all of the costs associated with vaccines (including their administration) during the Coverage Gap Stage of your benefit.

**Chapter 6. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs**

**Situation 1:** You buy the Part D vaccine at the pharmacy and you get your vaccine at the network pharmacy. (Whether you have this choice depends on where you live. Some states do not allow pharmacies to administer a vaccination.)

You will have to pay the pharmacy the amount of your coinsurance or copayment for the vaccine and the cost of giving you the vaccine.

*Our plan* will pay the remainder of the costs.

**Situation 2:** You get the Part D vaccination at your doctor's office.

When you get the vaccination, you will pay for the entire cost of the vaccine and its administration.

You can then ask *our plan* to pay our share of the cost by using the procedures that are described in Chapter 7 of this booklet (*Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs*).

You will be reimbursed the amount you paid less your normal coinsurance or copayment for the vaccine (including administration) less any difference between the amount the doctor charges and what we normally pay. (If you get "Extra Help," we will reimburse you for this difference.)

**Situation 3:** You buy the Part D vaccine at your pharmacy, and then take it to your doctor's office where they give you the vaccine.

You will have to pay the pharmacy the amount of your coinsurance or copayment for the vaccine itself.

When your doctor gives you the vaccine, you will pay the entire cost for this service. You can then ask *our plan* to pay our share of the cost by using the procedures described in Chapter 7 of this booklet.

You will be reimbursed the amount charged by the doctor for administering the vaccine less any difference between the amount the doctor charges and what we normally pay. (If you get "Extra Help," we will reimburse you for this difference.)

**Please note:** Certain vaccines, such as Zostavax (Shingles vaccine) are covered under Part D. For vaccines covered under Part D, please refer to your Drug List for applicable cost sharing. If you have any questions about how your vaccine is covered, you can call Customer Service (phone number is printed on the back cover of this booklet).

**Section 8.2****You may want to call us at Customer Service before you get a vaccination**

The rules for coverage of vaccinations are complicated. We are here to help. We recommend that you call us first at Customer Service whenever you are planning to get a vaccination. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

We can tell you about how your vaccination is covered by *our plan* and explain your share of the cost.

We can tell you how to keep your own cost down by using providers and pharmacies in our network.

If you are not able to use a network provider and pharmacy, we can tell you what you need to do to get payment from us for our share of the cost.

## **CHAPTER 7**

***Asking us to pay our share of a bill you  
have received for covered medical  
services or drugs***

**Chapter 7. Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs**

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**Chapter 7. Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs****SECTION 1                   Situations in which you should ask us to pay our share of the cost of your covered services or drugs****Section 1.1               If you pay *our plan's* share of the cost of your covered services or drugs, or if you receive a bill, you can ask us for payment**

Sometimes when you get medical care or a prescription drug, you may need to pay the full cost right away. Other times, you may find that you have paid more than you expected under the coverage rules of the plan. In either case, you can ask *our plan* to pay you back (paying you back is often called "reimbursing" you). It is your right to be paid back by *our plan* whenever you've paid more than your share of the cost for medical services or drugs that are covered by *our plan*.

There may also be times when you get a bill from a provider for the full cost of medical care you have received. In many cases, you should send this bill to us instead of paying it. We will look at the bill and decide whether the services should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we will pay the provider directly.

Here are examples of situations in which you may need to ask *our plan* to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received:

**1. When you've received emergency or urgently needed medical care from a provider who is not in *our plan's* network**

You can receive emergency services from any provider, whether or not the provider is a part of our network. When you receive emergency or urgently needed services from a provider who is not part of our network, you are only responsible for paying your share of the cost, not for the entire cost. You should ask the provider to bill the plan for our share of the cost.

If you pay the entire amount yourself at the time you receive the care, you need to ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Send us the bill, along with documentation of any payments you have made.

At times you may get a bill from the provider asking for payment that you think you do not owe. Send us this bill, along with documentation of any payments you have already made.

- If the provider is owed anything, we will pay the provider directly.
- If you have already paid more than your share of the cost of the service, we will determine how much you owed and pay you back for our share of the cost.

**2. When a network provider sends you a bill you think you should not pay**

Network providers should always bill the plan directly and ask you only for your share of the cost. But sometimes they make mistakes and ask you to pay more than your share.

**Chapter 7. Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs**

You only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get services covered by *our plan*. We do not allow providers to add additional separate charges, called “balance billing.” This protection (that you never pay more than your cost-sharing amount) applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don’t pay certain provider charges. For more information about “balance billing,” go to Chapter 4, Section 1.3.

Whenever you get a bill from a network provider that you think is more than you should pay, send us the bill. We will contact the provider directly and resolve the billing problem.

If you have already paid a bill to a network provider, but you feel that you paid too much, send us the bill along with documentation of any payment you have made and ask us to pay you back the difference between the amount you paid and the amount you owed under the plan.

**3. If you are retroactively enrolled in *our plan***

Sometimes a person’s enrollment in the plan is retroactive. (Retroactive means that the first day of their enrollment has already passed. The enrollment date may even have occurred last year.)

If you were retroactively enrolled in *our plan* and you paid out-of-pocket for any of your covered services or drugs after your enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back for our share of the costs. You will need to submit paperwork for us to handle the reimbursement.

Please call Customer Service for additional information about how to ask us to pay you back and deadlines for making your request. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

**4. When you use an out-of-network pharmacy to get a prescription filled**

If you go to an out-of-network pharmacy and try to use your membership card to fill a prescription, the pharmacy may not be able to submit the claim directly to us. When that happens, you will have to pay the full cost of your prescription. (We cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies only in a few special situations. Please go to Chapter 5, Section 2.5 to learn more.)

Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost.

**5. When you pay the full cost for a prescription because you don’t have your plan membership card with you**

If you do not have your plan membership card with you, you can ask the pharmacy to call the plan or to look up your plan enrollment information. However, if the pharmacy cannot get the enrollment information they need right away, you may need to pay the full cost of the prescription yourself.

Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost.

**Chapter 7. Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs****6. When you pay the full cost for a prescription in other situations**

You may pay the full cost of the prescription because you find that the drug is not covered for some reason.

For example, the drug may not be on the plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*; or it could have a requirement or restriction that you didn't know about or don't think should apply to you. If you decide to get the drug immediately, you may need to pay the full cost for it.

Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back. In some situations, we may need to get more information from your doctor in order to pay you back for our share of the cost.

All of the examples above are types of coverage decisions. This means that if we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. Chapter 9 of this booklet (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*) has information about how to make an appeal.

**SECTION 2 How to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received****Section 2.1 How and where to send us your request for payment**

Send us your request for payment, along with your bill and documentation of any payment you have made. It's a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records.

To make sure you are giving us all the information we need to make a decision, you can fill out our claim form to make your request for payment.

You don't have to use the form, but it will help us process the information faster.

Either download a copy of the form from our website (<https://www.aetnamedicare.com>) or call Customer Service and ask for the form. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

For medical claims: Mail your request for payment together with any bills or receipts to us at this address:

**Aetna Medicare**  
PO Box 981106  
El Paso, TX 79998-1106

**You must submit your medical claims to us within 12 months** of the date you received the service, item, or Part B drug.

For Part D prescription drug claims: Mail your request for payment together with any bills or receipts to us at this address:

**Aetna Medicare**  
Aetna Pharmacy Management Attn: Medicare Processing  
PO Box 52446  
Phoenix, AZ 85072-2446

**Chapter 7. Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs**

**You must submit your Part D prescription drug claims to us within 36 months** of the date you received the service, item, or Part D drug.

Contact Customer Service if you have any questions (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). If you don't know what you should have paid, or you receive bills and you don't know what to do about those bills, we can help. You can also call if you want to give us more information about a request for payment you have already sent to us.

**SECTION 3 We will consider your request for payment and say yes or no****Section 3.1 We check to see whether we should cover the service or drug and how much we owe**

When we receive your request for payment, we will let you know if we need any additional information from you. Otherwise, we will consider your request and make a coverage decision.

If we decide that the medical care or drug is covered and you followed all the rules for getting the care or drug, we will pay for our share of the cost. If you have already paid for the service or drug, we will mail your reimbursement of our share of the cost to you. If you have not paid for the service or drug yet, we will mail the payment directly to the provider. (Chapter 3 explains the rules you need to follow for getting your medical services covered. Chapter 5 explains the rules you need to follow for getting your Part D prescription drugs covered.)

If we decide that the medical care or drug is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we will not pay for our share of the cost. Instead, we will send you a letter that explains the reasons why we are not sending the payment you have requested and your rights to appeal that decision.

**Section 3.2 If we tell you that we will not pay for all or part of the medical care or drug, you can make an appeal**

If you think we have made a mistake in turning down your request for payment or you don't agree with the amount we are paying, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

For the details on how to make this appeal, go to Chapter 9 of this booklet (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*). The appeals process is a formal process with detailed procedures and important deadlines. If making an appeal is new to you, you will find it helpful to start by reading Section 4 of Chapter 9. Section 4 is an introductory section that explains the process for coverage decisions and appeals and gives definitions of terms such as "appeal." Then after you have read Section 4, you can go to the section in Chapter 9 that tells what to do for your situation:

If you want to make an appeal about getting paid back for a medical service, go to Section 5.3 in Chapter 9.

**Chapter 7. Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs**

If you want to make an appeal about getting paid back for a drug, go to Section 6.5 of Chapter 9.

**SECTION 4****Other situations in which you should save your receipts and send copies to us****Section 4.1****In some cases, you should send copies of your receipts to us to help us track your out-of-pocket drug costs**

There are some situations when you should let us know about payments you have made for your drugs. In these cases, you are not asking us for payment. Instead, you are telling us about your payments so that we can calculate your out-of-pocket costs correctly. This may help you to qualify for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage more quickly.

Here are two situations when you should send us copies of receipts to let us know about payments you have made for your drugs:

**1. When you buy the drug for a price that is lower than our price**

Sometimes when you are in the Coverage Gap Stage you can buy your drug **at a network pharmacy** for a price that is lower than our price.

For example, a pharmacy might offer a special price on the drug. Or you may have a discount card that is outside our benefit that offers a lower price.

Unless special conditions apply, you must use a network pharmacy in these situations and your drug must be on our Drug List.

Save your receipt and send a copy to us so that we can have your out-of-pocket expenses count toward qualifying you for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

**Please note:** If you are in the Coverage Gap Stage, we may not pay for any share of these drug costs. But sending a copy of the receipt allows us to calculate your out-of-pocket costs correctly and may help you qualify for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage more quickly.

**2. When you get a drug through a patient assistance program offered by a drug manufacturer**

Some members are enrolled in a patient assistance program offered by a drug manufacturer that is outside the plan benefits. If you get any drugs through a program offered by a drug manufacturer, you may pay a copayment to the patient assistance program.

Save your receipt and send a copy to us so that we can have your out-of-pocket expenses count toward qualifying you for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

**Please note:** Because you are getting your drug through the patient assistance program and not through the plan's benefits, we will not pay for any share of these drug costs. But sending a copy of the receipt allows us to calculate your out-of-pocket costs correctly and may help you qualify for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage more quickly.

**Chapter 7. Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs**

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Since you are not asking for payment in the two cases described above, these situations are not considered coverage decisions. Therefore, you cannot make an appeal if you disagree with our decision.

## **CHAPTER 8**

### ***Your rights and responsibilities***

## **Chapter 8. Your rights and responsibilities**

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**Chapter 8. Your rights and responsibilities****SECTION 1*****Our plan must honor your rights as a member of the plan*****Section 1.1**

**We must provide information in a way that works for you (in languages other than English, in Braille, in large print, or other alternate formats, etc.)**

To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

*Our plan* has people and free interpreter services available to answer questions from disabled and non-English speaking members. Many documents are also available in Spanish. We can also give you information in Braille, in large print, or other alternate formats at no cost if you need it. We are required to give you information about the plan's benefits in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you. To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or contact our Medicare Civil Rights Coordinator.

If you have any trouble getting information from *our plan* in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you, please call to file a grievance with Customer Service at the number on the back of this booklet. You may also file a complaint with Medicare by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) or directly with the Office for Civil Rights. Contact information is included in this Evidence of Coverage or with this mailing, or you may contact Customer Service for additional information.

**Section 1.1**

**Debemos proporcionar información de una manera que funcione para usted (en idiomas distintos del inglés, en Braille, en letra grande o en otros formatos alternativos, etc.)**

Para obtener información de nosotros de una manera que funcione para usted, llame a Servicios al Cliente (los números de teléfono están impresos en la contraportada de este folleto).

Nuestro plan cuenta con personas y servicios de intérprete gratuitos disponibles para responder preguntas de los miembros con discapacidades o que no hablan inglés. Muchos documentos también están disponibles en español. También podemos ofrecerle información en Braille, en letra grande, u otros formatos alternativos sin costo alguno, si lo necesita. Tenemos que brindarle información sobre los beneficios del plan en un formato que sea accesible y apropiado para usted. Para obtener información de nosotros de una manera que funcione para usted, llame a Servicios al Cliente (los números de teléfono están impresos en la contraportada de este folleto) o comuníquese con el Coordinador de Derechos Civiles de Medicare. Si tiene algún problema para obtener información de

**Chapter 8. Your rights and responsibilities**

nuestro plan en un formato que sea accesible y apropiado para usted, por favor llame para presentar una queja con el departamento de Servicios al Cliente al número que se encuentra en la parte posterior de este folleto. También puede presentar una queja ante Medicare llamando al 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) o directamente ante la Oficina de Derechos Civiles. La información de contacto se incluye en esta Evidencia de Cobertura o en este envío, o puede ponerse en contacto con Servicios al Cliente para obtener información adicional.

**Section 1.2****We must ensure that you get timely access to your covered services and drugs**

As a member of *our plan*, you have the right to choose a primary care provider (PCP) in the plan's network to provide and arrange for your covered services (Chapter 3 explains more about this). Call Customer Service to learn which doctors are accepting new patients (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You also have the right to go to a women's health specialist (such as a gynecologist) without a referral.

As a plan member, you have the right to get appointments and covered services from the plan's network of providers *within a reasonable amount of time*. This includes the right to get timely services from specialists when you need that care. You also have the right to get your prescriptions filled or refilled at any of our network pharmacies without long delays.

If you think that you are not getting your medical care or Part D drugs within a reasonable amount of time, Chapter 9, Section 10 of this booklet tells what you can do. (If we have denied coverage for your medical care or drugs and you don't agree with our decision, Chapter 9, Section 4 tells what you can do.)

**Section 1.3****We must protect the privacy of your personal health information**

Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

Your "personal health information" includes the personal information you gave us when you enrolled in this plan as well as your medical records and other medical and health information.

The laws that protect your privacy give you rights related to getting information and controlling how your health information is used. We give you a written notice, called a "Notice of Privacy Practice," that tells about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your health information.

**How do we protect the privacy of your health information?**

We make sure that unauthorized people don't see or change your records.

In most situations, if we give your health information to anyone who isn't providing your care or paying for your care, *we are required to get written permission from you first*. Written permission can be given by you or by someone you have given legal power to make decisions for you.

There are certain exceptions that do not require us to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law.

- For example, we are required to release health information to government agencies that are checking on quality of care.
- Because you are a member of *our plan* through Medicare, we are required to give Medicare your health information including information about your Part D prescription drugs. If Medicare releases your information for research or other uses, this will be done according to Federal statutes and regulations.

**You can see the information in your records and know how it has been shared with others**

You have the right to look at your medical records held at the plan, and to get a copy of your records. You also have the right to ask us to make additions or corrections to your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we will work with your healthcare provider to decide whether the changes should be made.

You have the right to know how your health information has been shared with others for any purposes that are not routine.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your personal health information, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

## **Notice of Privacy Practices**

*Para recibir esta notificación en español por favor llamar al número gratuito de Customer Service (Servicio al Cliente) que figura en su tarjeta de identificación.*

*To receive this notice in Spanish, please call the toll-free Customer Service number on your ID card.*

This Notice of Privacy Practices applies to Aetna's insured health benefit plans. It does not apply to any plans that are self-funded by an employer. If you receive benefits through a

**Chapter 8. Your rights and responsibilities**

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group health insurance plan, your employer will be able to tell you if your plan is insured or self-funded. If your plan is self-funded, you may want to ask for a copy of your employer's privacy notice.

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***This notice describes how medical information about you may be used and disclosed and how you can get access to this information.  
Please review it carefully.***

Aetna<sup>1</sup> considers personal information to be confidential. We protect the privacy of that information in accordance with federal and state privacy laws, as well as our own company privacy policies.

This notice describes how we may use and disclose information about you in administering your benefits, and it explains your legal rights regarding the information.

When we use the term "personal information," we mean information that identifies you as an individual, such as your name and Social Security Number, as well as financial, health and other information about you that is nonpublic, and that we obtain so we can provide you with insurance coverage. By "health information," we mean information that identifies you and relates to your medical history (i.e., the health care you receive or the amounts paid for that care).

This notice became effective on April 26, 2013.

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### **How Aetna Uses and Discloses Personal Information**

In order to provide you with insurance coverage, we need personal information about you, and we obtain that information from many different sources – particularly you, your employer or benefits plan sponsor if applicable, other insurers, HMOs or third-party administrators (TPAs), and health care providers. In administering your health benefits, we may use and disclose personal information about you in various ways, including:

**Health Care Operations:** We may use and disclose personal information during the course of running our health business – that is, during operational activities such as quality assessment and improvement; licensing; accreditation by independent organizations; performance measurement and outcomes assessment; health services research; and preventive health, disease management, case management and care coordination. For example, we may use the information to provide disease management programs for members with specific conditions, such as diabetes, asthma or heart failure. Other operational activities requiring use and disclosure include administration of reinsurance and stop loss; underwriting and rating; detection and investigation of fraud; administration

<sup>1</sup> For purposes of this notice, "Aetna" and the pronouns "we," "us" and "our" refer to all of the HMO and licensed insurer subsidiaries of Aetna Inc. These entities have been designated as a single affiliated covered entity for federal privacy purposes.

**Chapter 8. Your rights and responsibilities**

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of pharmaceutical programs and payments; transfer of policies or contracts from and to other health plans; facilitation of a sale, transfer, merger or consolidation of all or part of Aetna with another entity (including due diligence related to such activity); and other general administrative activities, including data and information systems management, and customer service.

**Payment:** To help pay for your covered services, we may use and disclose personal information in a number of ways – in conducting utilization and medical necessity reviews; coordinating care; determining eligibility; determining formulary compliance; collecting premiums; calculating cost-sharing amounts; and responding to complaints, appeals and requests for external review. For example, we may use your medical history and other health information about you to decide whether a particular treatment is medically necessary and what the payment should be – and during the process, we may disclose information to your provider. We also mail Explanation of Benefits forms and other information to the address we have on record for the subscriber (i.e., the primary insured). In addition, we make claims information contained on our secure member website and telephonic claims status sites available to the subscriber and all covered dependents. We also use personal information to obtain payment for any mail order pharmacy services provided to you.

**Treatment:** We may disclose information to doctors, dentists, pharmacies, hospitals and other health care providers who take care of you. For example, doctors may request medical information from us to supplement their own records. We also may use personal information in providing mail order pharmacy services and by sending certain information to doctors for patient safety or other treatment-related reasons.

**Disclosures to Other Covered Entities:** We may disclose personal information to other covered entities, or business associates of those entities for treatment, payment and certain health care operations purposes. For example, if you receive benefits through a group health insurance plan, we may disclose personal information to other health plans maintained by your employer if it has been arranged for us to do so in order to have certain expenses reimbursed.

**Additional Reasons for Disclosure**

We may use or disclose personal information about you in providing you with treatment alternatives, treatment reminders, or other health-related benefits and services. We also may disclose such information in support of:

**Plan Administration** – to your employer (if you receive your benefits through a group health insurance plan sponsored by your employer), when we have been informed that appropriate language has been included in your plan documents, or

**Chapter 8. Your rights and responsibilities**

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when summary data is disclosed to assist in bidding or amending a group health plan.

**Research** – to researchers, provided measures are taken to protect your privacy.

**Business Partners** – to persons who provide services to us and assure us they will protect the information.

**Industry Regulation** – to state insurance departments, boards of pharmacy, U.S. Food and Drug Administration, U.S. Department of Labor and other government agencies that regulate us.

**Law Enforcement** – to federal, state and local law enforcement officials.

**Legal Proceedings** – in response to a court order or other lawful process.

**Public Welfare** – to address matters of public interest as required or permitted by law (e.g., child abuse and neglect, threats to public health and safety, and national security).

**Disclosure to Others Involved in Your Health Care**

We may disclose health information about you to a relative, a friend, the subscriber of your health benefits plan or any other person you identify, provided the information is directly relevant to that person's involvement with your health care or payment for that care. For example, if a family member or a caregiver calls us with prior knowledge of a claim, we may confirm whether or not the claim has been received and paid. You have the right to stop or limit this kind of disclosure by calling the toll-free Customer Service number on your ID card.

If you are a minor, you also may have the right to block parental access to your health information in certain circumstances, if permitted by state law. You can contact us using the toll-free Customer Service number on your ID card – or have your provider contact us.

**Uses and Disclosures Requiring Your Written Authorization**

In all situations other than those described above, we will ask for your written authorization before using or disclosing personal information about you. For example, we will get your authorization:

- for marketing purposes that are unrelated to your benefit plan(s),
- before disclosing any psychotherapy notes,
- related to the sale of your health information, and
- for other reasons as required by law.

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If you have given us an authorization, you may revoke it at any time, if we have not already acted on it. If you have questions regarding authorizations, please call the toll-free Customer Service number on your ID card.

**Your Legal Rights**

The federal privacy regulations give you several rights regarding your health information:

You have the right to ask us to communicate with you in a certain way or at a certain location. For example, if you are covered as an adult dependent, you might want us to send health information to a different address from that of your subscriber. We will accommodate reasonable requests.

You have the right to ask us to restrict the way we use or disclose health information about you in connection with health care operations, payment and treatment. We will consider, but may not agree to, such requests. You also have the right to ask us to restrict disclosures to persons involved in your health care.

You have the right to ask us to obtain a copy of health information that is contained in a "designated record set" – medical records and other records maintained and used in making enrollment, payment, claims adjudication, medical management and other decisions. We may ask you to make your request in writing, may charge a reasonable fee for producing and mailing the copies and, in certain cases, may deny the request.

You have the right to ask us to amend health information that is in a "designated record set." Your request must be in writing and must include the reason for the request. If we deny the request, you may file a written statement of disagreement.

You have the right to ask us to provide a list of certain disclosures we have made about you, such as disclosures of health information to government agencies that license us. Your request must be in writing. If you request such an accounting more than once in a 12-month period, we may charge a reasonable fee.

You have the right to be notified following a breach involving your health information.

You have the right to know the reasons for an unfavorable underwriting decision. Previous unfavorable underwriting decisions may not be used as the basis for future underwriting decisions unless we make an independent evaluation of the basic facts. Your genetic information cannot be used for underwriting purposes.

You have the right with very limited exceptions, not to be subjected to pretext interviews.<sup>2</sup>

<sup>2</sup> Aetna does not participate in pretext interviews.

**Chapter 8. Your rights and responsibilities**

You may make any of the requests described above (if applicable), may request a paper copy of this notice, or ask questions regarding this notice by calling the toll-free Customer Service number on your ID card.

You also have the right to file a complaint if you think your privacy rights have been violated. To do so, please send your inquiry to the following address:

HIPAA Member Rights Team  
Aetna Inc.  
151 Farmington Avenue RT65  
Hartford, CT 06156

You also may write to the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. You will not be penalized for filing a complaint.

**Aetna's Legal Obligations**

The federal privacy regulations require us to keep personal information about you private, to give you notice of our legal duties and privacy practices, and to follow the terms of the notice currently in effect.

**Safeguarding Your Information**

We guard your information with administrative, technical, and physical safeguards to protect it against unauthorized access and against threats and hazards to its security and integrity. We comply with all applicable state and federal law pertaining to the security and confidentiality of personal information.

**This Notice is Subject to Change**

We may change the terms of this notice and our privacy policies at any time. If we do, the new terms and policies will be effective for all of the information that we already have about you, as well as any information that we may receive or hold in the future.

Please note that we do not destroy personal information about you when you terminate your coverage with us. It may be necessary to use and disclose this information for the purposes described above even after your coverage terminates, although policies and procedures will remain in place to protect against inappropriate use or disclosure.

**Section 1.4****We must give you information about the plan, its network of providers, and your covered services**

As a member of *our plan*, you have the right to get several kinds of information from us. (As explained above in Section 1.1, you have the right to get information from us in a way that works for you. This includes getting the information in languages other than English and in large print or other alternate formats.)

**Chapter 8. Your rights and responsibilities**

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If you want any of the following kinds of information, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet):

**Information about our plan.** This includes, for example, information about the plan's financial condition. It also includes information about the number of appeals made by members and the plan's performance ratings, including how it has been rated by plan members and how it compares to other Medicare health plans.

**Information about our network providers including our network pharmacies.**

- For example, you have the right to get information from us about the qualifications of the providers and pharmacies in our network and how we pay the providers in our network.
- For a list of the providers and pharmacies in the plan's network, see the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*.
- For more detailed information about our providers or pharmacies, you can call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or visit our website at <https://www.aetnamedicare.com>.

**Information about your coverage and the rules you must follow when using your coverage.**

- In Chapters 3 and 4 of this booklet, we explain what medical services are covered for you, any restrictions to your coverage, and what rules you must follow to get your covered medical services.
- To get the details on your Part D prescription drug coverage, see Chapters 5 and 6 of this booklet plus the plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*. These chapters, together with the *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*, tell you what drugs are covered and explain the rules you must follow and the restrictions to your coverage for certain drugs.
- If you have questions about the rules or restrictions, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

**Information about why something is not covered and what you can do about it.**

- If a medical service or Part D drug is not covered for you, or if your coverage is restricted in some way, you can ask us for a written explanation. You have the right to this explanation even if you received the medical service or drug from an out-of-network provider or pharmacy.

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- If you are not happy or if you disagree with a decision we make about what medical care or Part D drug is covered for you, you have the right to ask us to change the decision. You can ask us to change the decision by making an appeal. For details on what to do if something is not covered for you in the way you think it should be covered, see Chapter 9 of this booklet. It gives you the details about how to make an appeal if you want us to change our decision. (Chapter 9 also tells about how to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, and other concerns.)
- If you want to ask *our plan* to pay our share of a bill you have received for medical care or a Part D prescription drug, see Chapter 7 of this booklet.

**Section 1.5****We must support your right to make decisions about your care****You have the right to know your treatment options and participate in decisions about your health care**

You have the right to get full information from your doctors and other health care providers when you go for medical care. Your providers must explain your medical condition and your treatment choices *in a way that you can understand*.

You also have the right to participate fully in decisions about your health care. To help you make decisions with your doctors about what treatment is best for you, your rights include the following:

**To know about all of your choices.** This means that you have the right to be told about all of the treatment options that are recommended for your condition, no matter what they cost or whether they are covered by *our plan*. It also includes being told about programs *our plan* offers to help members manage their medications and use drugs safely.

**To know about the risks.** You have the right to be told about any risks involved in your care. You must be told in advance if any proposed medical care or treatment is part of a research experiment. You always have the choice to refuse any experimental treatments.

**The right to say “no.”** You have the right to refuse any recommended treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to leave. You also have the right to stop taking your medication. Of course, if you refuse treatment or stop taking medication, you accept full responsibility for what happens to your body as a result.

**To receive an explanation if you are denied coverage for care.** You have the right to receive an explanation from us if a provider has denied care that you believe

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**Chapter 8. Your rights and responsibilities**

you should receive. To receive this explanation, you will need to ask us for a coverage decision. Chapter 9 of this booklet tells how to ask the plan for a coverage decision.

**You have the right to give instructions about what is to be done if you are not able to make medical decisions for yourself**

Sometimes people become unable to make health care decisions for themselves due to accidents or serious illness. You have the right to say what you want to happen if you are in this situation. This means that, *if you want to*, you can:

Fill out a written form to give **someone the legal authority to make medical decisions for you** if you ever become unable to make decisions for yourself.

**Give your doctors written instructions** about how you want them to handle your medical care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself.

The legal documents that you can use to give your directions in advance in these situations are called "**advance directives**." There are different types of advance directives and different names for them. Documents called "**living will**" and "**power of attorney for health care**" are examples of advance directives.

If you want to use an "advance directive" to give your instructions, here is what to do:

**Get the form.** If you want to have an advance directive, you can get a form from your lawyer, from a social worker, or from some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare.

**Fill it out and sign it.** Regardless of where you get this form, keep in mind that it is a legal document. You should consider having a lawyer help you prepare it.

**Give copies to appropriate people.** You should give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form as the one to make decisions for you if you can't. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members as well. Be sure to keep a copy at home.

If you know ahead of time that you are going to be hospitalized, and you have signed an advance directive, **take a copy with you to the hospital**.

If you are admitted to the hospital, they will ask you whether you have signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you.

If you have not signed an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

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**Remember, it is your choice whether you want to fill out an advance directive** (including whether you want to sign one if you are in the hospital). According to law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether or not you have signed an advance directive.

**What if your instructions are not followed?**

If you have signed an advance directive, and you believe that a doctor or hospital did not follow the instructions in it, you may file a complaint with the state agency that oversees advance directives. To find the appropriate agency in your state, contact your SHIP. Contact information is in **Addendum A** at the back of the *Evidence of Coverage*.

**Section 1.6****You have the right to make complaints and to ask us to reconsider decisions we have made**

If you have any problems or concerns about your covered services or care, Chapter 9 of this booklet tells what you can do. It gives the details about how to deal with all types of problems and complaints. What you need to do to follow up on a problem or concern depends on the situation. You might need to ask *our plan* to make a coverage decision for you, make an appeal to us to change a coverage decision, or make a complaint. Whatever you do – ask for a coverage decision, make an appeal, or make a complaint – **we are required to treat you fairly**.

You have the right to get a summary of information about the appeals and complaints that other members have filed against *our plan* in the past. To get this information, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

**Section 1.7****What can you do if you believe you are being treated unfairly or your rights are not being respected?****If it is about discrimination, call the Office for Civil Rights**

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected due to your race, disability, religion, sex, health, ethnicity, creed (beliefs), age, or national origin, you should call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697, or call your local Office for Civil Rights.

**Is it about something else?**

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected, *and* it's *not* about discrimination, you can get help dealing with the problem you are having:

You can **call Customer Service** (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

**Chapter 8. Your rights and responsibilities**

You can **call the State Health Insurance Assistance Program**. For details about this organization and how to contact it, go to Chapter 2, Section 3 or **Addendum A** at the back of this *Evidence of Coverage*.

Or, **you can call Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

**Section 1.8****How to get more information about your rights**

There are several places where you can get more information about your rights:

You can **call Customer Service** (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

You can **call the SHIP**. For details about this organization and how to contact it, go to Chapter 2, Section 3 or **Addendum A** at the back of this *Evidence of Coverage*.

You can contact **Medicare**.

- You can visit the Medicare website to read or download the publication "Your Medicare Rights & Protections." (The publication is available at: <https://www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11534-Medicare-Rights-and-Protections.pdf>)
- Or, you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

**SECTION 2****You have some responsibilities as a member of the plan****Section 2.1****What are your responsibilities?**

Things you need to do as a member of the plan are listed below. If you have any questions, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). We're here to help.

**Get familiar with your covered services and the rules you must follow to get these covered services.** Use this *Evidence of Coverage* booklet to learn what is covered for you and the rules you need to follow to get your covered services.

- Chapters 3 and 4 give the details about your medical services, including what is covered, what is not covered, rules to follow, and what you pay.
- Chapters 5 and 6 give the details about your coverage for Part D prescription drugs.

**Chapter 8. Your rights and responsibilities**

**If you have any other health insurance coverage or prescription drug coverage in addition to our plan, you are required to tell us.** Please call Customer Service to let us know (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

- We are required to follow rules set by Medicare to make sure that you are using all of your coverage in combination when you get your covered services from *our plan*. This is called “**coordination of benefits**” because it involves coordinating the health and drug benefits you get from *our plan* with any other health and drug benefits available to you. We’ll help you coordinate your benefits. (For more information about coordination of benefits, go to Chapter 1, Section 10.)

**Tell your doctor and other health care providers that you are enrolled in our plan.** Show your plan membership card whenever you get your medical care or Part D prescription drugs.

**Help your doctors and other providers help you by giving them information, asking questions, and following through on your care.**

- To help your doctors and other health providers give you the best care, learn as much as you are able to about your health problems and give them the information they need about you and your health. Follow the treatment plans and instructions that you and your doctors agree upon.
- Make sure your doctors know all of the drugs you are taking, including over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
- If you have any questions, be sure to ask. Your doctors and other health care providers are supposed to explain things in a way you can understand. If you ask a question and you don’t understand the answer you are given, ask again.

**Be considerate.** We expect all our members to respect the rights of other patients. We also expect you to act in a way that helps the smooth running of your doctor’s office, hospitals, and other offices.

**Pay what you owe.** As a plan member, you are responsible for these payments:

- In order to be eligible for *our plan*, you must have Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. Some plan members must pay a premium for Medicare Part A. Most plan members must pay a premium for Medicare Part B to remain a member of the plan.
- For most of your medical services or drugs covered by the plan, you must pay your share of the cost when you get the service or drug. This will be a

**Chapter 8. Your rights and responsibilities**

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copayment (a fixed amount) or coinsurance (a percentage of the total cost). Chapter 4 tells what you must pay for your medical services. Chapter 6 tells what you must pay for your Part D prescription drugs.

- If you get any medical services or drugs that are not covered by *our plan* or by other insurance you may have, you must pay the full cost.
  - If you disagree with our decision to deny coverage for a service or drug, you can make an appeal. Please see Chapter 9 of this booklet for information about how to make an appeal.
- If you are required to pay a late enrollment penalty, you must pay the penalty to keep your prescription drug coverage.
- If you are required to pay the extra amount for Part D because of your yearly income, you must pay the extra amount directly to the government to remain a member of the plan.

**Tell us if you move.** If you are going to move, it's important to tell us right away. Call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

- **If you move outside of our plan service area, you cannot remain a member of our plan.** (Chapter 1 tells about our service area.) We can help you figure out whether you are moving outside our service area. If you are leaving our service area, you will have a Special Enrollment Period when you can join any Medicare plan available in your new area. We can let you know if we have a plan in your new area.
- **If you move within our service area, we still need to know** so we can keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
- If you move, it is also important to tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board). You can find phone numbers and contact information for these organizations in Chapter 2.

**Call Customer Service for help if you have questions or concerns.** We also welcome any suggestions you may have for improving *our plan*.

- Phone numbers and calling hours for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.
- For more information on how to reach us, including our mailing address, please see Chapter 2.

## **CHAPTER 9**

***What to do if you have a problem  
or complaint (coverage decisions,  
appeals, complaints)***

## **Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)****BACKGROUND****SECTION 1      Introduction****Section 1.1      What to do if you have a problem or concern**

This chapter explains two types of processes for handling problems and concerns:

For some types of problems, you need to use the **process for coverage decisions and appeals**.

For other types of problems, you need to use the **process for making complaints**.

Both of these processes have been approved by Medicare. To ensure fairness and prompt handling of your problems, each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that must be followed by us and by you.

Which one do you use? That depends on the type of problem you are having. The guide in Section 3 will help you identify the right process to use.

**Section 1.2      What about the legal terms?**

There are technical legal terms for some of the rules, procedures, and types of deadlines explained in this chapter. Many of these terms are unfamiliar to most people and can be hard to understand.

To keep things simple, this chapter explains the legal rules and procedures using simpler words in place of certain legal terms. For example, this chapter generally says "making a complaint" rather than "filing a grievance," "coverage decision" rather than "organization determination," or "coverage determination" or "at-risk determination," and "Independent Review Organization" instead of "Independent Review Entity." It also uses abbreviations as little as possible.

However, it can be helpful – and sometimes quite important – for you to know the correct legal terms for the situation you are in. Knowing which terms to use will help you communicate more clearly and accurately when you are dealing with your problem and get the right help or information for your situation. To help you know which terms to use, we include legal terms when we give the details for handling specific types of situations.

**SECTION 2      You can get help from government organizations that are not connected with us****Section 2.1      Where to get more information and personalized assistance**

Sometimes it can be confusing to start or follow through the process for dealing with a problem. This can be especially true if you do not feel well or have limited energy. Other times, you may not have the knowledge you need to take the next step.

**Get help from an independent government organization**

We are always available to help you. But in some situations, you may also want help or guidance from someone who is not connected with us. You can always contact your **State**

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

**Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP).** This government program has trained counselors in every state. The program is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. The counselors at this program can help you understand which process you should use to handle a problem you are having. They can also answer your questions, give you more information, and offer guidance on what to do.

The services of SHIP counselors are free. You will find phone numbers in **Addendum A** at the back of this *Evidence of Coverage*.

**You can also get help and information from Medicare**

For more information and help in handling a problem, you can also contact Medicare. Here are two ways to get information directly from Medicare:

You can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.  
TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

You can visit the Medicare website (<https://www.medicare.gov>).

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**SECTION 3 To deal with your problem, which process should you use?**

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**Section 3.1 Should you use the process for coverage decisions and appeals?  
Or should you use the process for making complaints?**

If you have a problem or concern, you only need to read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The guide that follows will help.

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To figure out which part of this chapter will help with your specific problem or concern,  
**START HERE**

**Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?**

(This includes problems about whether particular medical care or prescription drugs are covered or not, the way in which they are covered, and problems related to payment for medical care or prescription drugs.)

**Yes.** My problem is about benefits or coverage.

Go on to the next section of this chapter, **Section 4, “A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals.”**

**No.** My problem is not about benefits or coverage.

Skip ahead to **Section 10** at the end of this chapter: **“How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service or other concerns.”**

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**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)****COVERAGE DECISIONS AND APPEALS****SECTION 4            A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals****Section 4.1            Asking for coverage decisions and making appeals: the big picture**

The process for coverage decisions and appeals deals with problems related to your benefits and coverage for medical services and prescription drugs, including problems related to payment. This is the process you use for issues such as whether something is covered or not and the way in which something is covered.

**Asking for coverage decisions**

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services or drugs. For example, your plan network doctor makes a (favorable) coverage decision for you whenever you receive medical care from him or her or if your network doctor refers you to a medical specialist. You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision if your doctor is unsure whether we will cover a particular medical service or refuses to provide medical care you think that you need. In other words, if you want to know if we will cover a medical service before you receive it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you.

We are making a coverage decision for you whenever we decide what is covered for you and how much we pay. In some cases, we might decide a service or drug is not covered or is no longer covered by Medicare for you. If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

**Making an appeal**

If we make a coverage decision and you are not satisfied with this decision, you can "appeal" the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 Appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check to see if we were following all of the rules properly. Your appeal is handled by different reviewers than those who made the original unfavorable decision. When we have completed the review, we give you our decision. Under certain circumstances, which we discuss later, you can request an expedited or "fast coverage decision" or fast appeal of a coverage decision.

If we say no to all or part of your Level 1 Appeal, you can go on to a Level 2 Appeal. The Level 2 Appeal is conducted by an independent organization that is not connected to us. (In some situations, your case will be automatically sent to the independent organization for a Level 2 Appeal. In other situations, you will need to ask for a Level 2 Appeal.) If you are not satisfied with the decision at the Level 2 Appeal, you may be able to continue through additional levels of appeal.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)****Section 4.2****How to get help when you are asking for a coverage decision or making an appeal**

Would you like some help? Here are resources you may wish to use if you decide to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision:

You **can call us at Customer Service** (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

To **get free help from an independent organization** that is not connected with *our plan*, contact your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (see Section 2 of this chapter).

**Your doctor can make a request for you.**

- For medical care, your doctor can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 Appeal on your behalf. If your appeal is denied at Level 1, it will be automatically forwarded to Level 2. To request any appeal after Level 2, your doctor must be appointed as your representative.
- For Part D prescription drugs, your doctor or other prescriber can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 or Level 2 Appeal on your behalf. To request any appeal after Level 2, your doctor or other prescriber must be appointed as your representative.

**You can ask someone to act on your behalf.** If you want to, you can name another person to act for you as your “representative” to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.

- There may be someone who is already legally authorized to act as your representative under State law.
- If you want a friend, relative, your doctor or other provider, or other person to be your representative, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) and ask for the “Appointment of Representative” form. (The form is also available on Medicare’s website at <https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf> or on our website at <https://www.aetnamedicare.com>.) The form gives that person permission to act on your behalf. It must be signed by you and by the person who you would like to act on your behalf. You must give us a copy of the signed form.

**You also have the right to hire a lawyer to act for you.** You may contact your own lawyer, or get the name of a lawyer from your local bar association or other referral service. There are also groups that will give you free legal services if you qualify. However, **you are not required to hire a lawyer** to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)****Section 4.3****Which section of this chapter gives the details for your situation?**

There are four different types of situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Since each situation has different rules and deadlines, we give the details for each one in a separate section:

**Section 5** of this chapter: "Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal"

**Section 6** of this chapter: "Your Part D prescription drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal"

**Section 7** of this chapter: "How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon"

**Section 8** of this chapter: "How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon" (*Applies to these services only*: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services)

If you're not sure which section you should be using, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You can also get help or information from government organizations such as your SHIP (**Addendum A** at the back of this booklet has the phone numbers for this program).

**SECTION 5****Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal**

Have you read Section 4 of this chapter (*A guide to "the basics" of coverage decisions and appeals*)? If not, you may want to read it before you start this section.

**Section 5.1****This section tells what to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or if you want us to pay you back for our share of the cost of your care**

This section is about your benefits for medical care and services. These benefits are described in Chapter 4 of this booklet: *Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*. To keep things simple, we generally refer to "medical care coverage" or "medical care" in the rest of this section, instead of repeating "medical care or treatment or services" every time. The term "medical care" includes medical items and services as well as Medicare Part B prescription drugs. In some cases, different rules apply to a request for a Part B prescription drug. In those cases, we will explain how the rules for Part B prescription drugs are different from the rules for medical items and services.

This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the five following situations:

1. You are not getting certain medical care you want, and you believe that this care is covered by *our plan*.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

2. *Our plan* will not approve the medical care your doctor or other medical provider wants to give you, and you believe that this care is covered by the plan.
3. You have received medical care or services that you believe should be covered by the plan, but we have said we will not pay for this care.
4. You have received and paid for medical care or services that you believe should be covered by the plan, and you want to ask *our plan* to reimburse you for this care.
5. You are being told that coverage for certain medical care you have been getting that we previously approved will be reduced or stopped, and you believe that reducing or stopping this care could harm your health.

**NOTE: If the coverage that will be stopped is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services**, you need to read a separate section of this chapter because special rules apply to these types of care. Here's what to read in those situations:

- Chapter 9, Section 7: *How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon.*
- Chapter 9, Section 8: *How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon.* This section is about three services only: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and CORF services.

For *all other* situations that involve being told that medical care you have been getting will be stopped, use this section (Section 5) as your guide for what to do.

**Which of these situations are you in?**

If you are in this situation:	This is what you can do:
Do you want to find out whether we will cover the medical care or services you want?	You can ask us to make a coverage decision for you. Go to the next section of this chapter, <b>Section 5.2.</b>
Have we already told you that we will not cover or pay for a medical service in the way that you want it to be covered or paid for?	You can make an <b>appeal</b> . (This means you are asking us to reconsider.) Skip ahead to <b>Section 5.3</b> of this chapter.
Do you want to ask us to pay you back for medical care or services you have already received and paid for?	You can send us the bill. Skip ahead to <b>Section 5.5</b> of this chapter.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)****Section 5.2****Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision  
(how to ask *our plan* to authorize or provide the medical care coverage you want)****Legal Terms**

When a coverage decision involves your medical care, it is called an “**organization determination.**”

**Step 1: You ask *our plan* to make a coverage decision on the medical care you are requesting.** If your health requires a quick response, you should ask us to make a “**fast coverage decision.**”

**Legal Terms**

A “fast coverage decision” is called an “**expedited determination.**”

***How to request coverage for the medical care you want***

Start by calling, writing, or faxing *our plan* to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You, your doctor, or your representative can do this.

For the details on how to contact us, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, *How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your medical care.*

***Generally, we use the standard deadlines for giving you our decision***

When we give you our decision, we will use the “standard” deadlines unless we have agreed to use the “fast” deadlines. **A standard coverage decision means we will give you an answer within 14 calendar days** after we receive your request **for a medical item or service.** If your request is for a **Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will give you an answer within 72 hours** after we receive your request.

**However, for a request for a medical item or service we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if you ask for more time, or if we need information (such as medical records from out-of-network providers) that may benefit you. If we decide to take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing. We can’t take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. For

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)

**If your health requires it, ask us to give you a “fast coverage decision”**

**A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 72 hours if your request is for a medical item or service. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will answer within 24 hours.**

- **However**, for a request **for a medical item or service** we can take up to **14 more calendar days** if we find that some information that may benefit you is missing (such as medical records from out-of-network providers), or if you need time to get information to us for the review. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.) We will call you as soon as we make the decision.

**To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:**

- You can get a fast coverage decision *only* if you are asking for coverage for medical care *you have not yet received*. (You cannot get a fast coverage decision if your request is about payment for medical care you have already received.)
- You can get a fast coverage decision *only* if using the standard deadlines could *cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function*.

**If your doctor tells us that your health requires a “fast coverage decision,” we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.**

If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor's support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision.

- If we decide that your medical condition does not meet the requirements for a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that says so (and we will use the standard deadlines instead).
- This letter will tell you that if your doctor asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give a fast coverage decision.
- The letter will also tell how you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)****Step 2: We consider your request for medical care coverage and give you our answer.*****Deadlines for a “fast coverage decision”***

Generally, for a fast coverage decision on a request for a medical item or service, we will give you our answer **within 72 hours**. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will answer **within 24 hours**.

- As explained above, we can take up to 14 more calendar days under certain circumstances. If we decide to take extra days to make the coverage decision, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)
- If we do not give you our answer within 72 hours (or if there is an extended time period, by the end of that period), or 24 hours if your request is for a Part B prescription drug, you have the right to appeal. Section 5.3 below tells how to make an appeal.

**If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must authorize or provide the medical care coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we received your request. If we extended the time needed to make our coverage decision on your request for a medical item or service, we will authorize or provide the coverage by the end of that extended period.

**If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a detailed written explanation as to why we said no.

***Deadlines for a “standard coverage decision”***

Generally, for a standard coverage decision on a request for a medical item or service, we will give you our answer **within 14 calendar days of receiving your request**. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will give you an answer **within 72 hours** of receiving your request.

- For a request for a medical item or service, we can take up to 14 more calendar days (“an extended time period”) under certain circumstances. If we decide to take extra days to make the coverage decision, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)

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- If we do not give you our answer within 14 calendar days (or if there is an extended time period, by the end of that period), or 72 hours if your request is for a Part B prescription drug, you have the right to appeal. Section 5.3 below tells how to make an appeal.

**If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested,** we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 14 calendar days, or 72 hours if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, after we received your request. If we extended the time needed to make our coverage decision on your request for a medical item or service, we will authorize or provide the coverage by the end of that extended period.

**If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested,** we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no.

**Step 3: If we say no to your request for coverage for medical care, you decide if you want to make an appeal.**

If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider – and perhaps change – this decision by making an appeal. Making an appeal means making another try to get the medical care coverage you want.

If you decide to make an appeal, it means you are going on to Level 1 of the appeals process (see Section 5.3 below).

**Section 5.3****Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal  
(how to ask for a review of a medical care coverage decision made by our plan)****Legal Terms**

An appeal to the plan about a medical care coverage decision is called a plan “reconsideration.”

**Step 1: You contact us and make your appeal.** If your health requires a quick response, you must ask for a “**fast appeal**.”

**What to do**

**To start an appeal you, your doctor, or your representative, must contact us.** For details on how to reach us for any purpose related to your appeal, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, *How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care*.

**If you are asking for a standard appeal, make your standard appeal in writing by submitting a request.**

- If you have someone appealing our decision for you other than your doctor, your appeal must include an Appointment of Representative form authorizing this person to represent you. To get the form, call Customer

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Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) and ask for the “Appointment of Representative” form. It is also available on Medicare’s website at <https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf> or on our website at <https://www.aetnamedicare.com>. While we can accept an appeal request without the form, we cannot begin or complete our review until we receive it. If we do not receive the form within 44 calendar days after receiving your appeal request (our deadline for making a decision on your appeal), your appeal request will be dismissed. If this happens, we will send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the Independent Review Organization to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.

**If you are asking for a fast appeal, make your appeal in writing or call us** at the phone number shown in Chapter 2, Section 1 (*How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care*).

**You must make your appeal request within 60 calendar days** from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer to your request for a coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, we may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause for missing the deadline may include if you had a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.

**You can ask for a copy of the information regarding your medical decision and add more information to support your appeal.**

- You have the right to ask us for a copy of the information regarding your appeal.
- If you wish, you and your doctor may give us additional information to support your appeal.

**If your health requires it, ask for a “fast appeal” (you can make a request by calling us)**

Legal Terms
A “fast appeal” is also called an <b>“expedited reconsideration.”</b>

If you are appealing a decision we made about coverage for care you have not yet received, you and/or your doctor will need to decide if you need a “fast appeal.”

The requirements and procedures for getting a “fast appeal” are the same as those for getting a “fast coverage decision.” To ask for a fast appeal, follow the instructions for asking for a fast coverage decision. (These instructions are given earlier in this section.)

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If your doctor tells us that your health requires a “fast appeal,” we will give you a fast appeal.

**Step 2: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.**

When *our plan* is reviewing your appeal, we take another careful look at all of the information about your request for coverage of medical care. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request.

We will gather more information if we need it. We may contact you or your doctor to get more information.

***Deadlines for a “fast appeal”***

When we are using the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours after we receive your appeal**. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to do so.

- However, if you ask for more time, or if we need to gather more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we decide to take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we are required to automatically send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent organization. Later in this section, we tell you about this organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.

**If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.

**If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will automatically send your appeal to the Independent Review Organization for a Level 2 Appeal.

***Deadlines for a “standard appeal”***

If we are using the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer on a request for a medical item or service **within 30 calendar days** after we receive your appeal if your appeal is about coverage for services you have not yet received. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will give you our answer **within 7 calendar days** after we receive your appeal if your appeal is about coverage for a Part B prescription drug you have not yet received. We will give you our decision sooner if your health condition requires us to.

- However, if you ask for more time, or if we need to gather more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar**

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

**days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we decide to take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)
- If we do not give you an answer by the applicable deadline above (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days on your request for a medical item or service), we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent outside organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.

**If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 30 calendar days, or **within 7 calendar days** if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, after we receive your appeal.

**If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will automatically send your appeal to the Independent Review Organization for a Level 2 Appeal.

**Step 3: If our plan says no to part or all of your appeal, your case will automatically be sent on to the next level of the appeals process.**

To make sure we were following all the rules when we said no to your appeal, **we are required to send your appeal to the "Independent Review Organization."** When we do this, it means that your appeal is going on to the next level of the appeals process, which is Level 2.

**Section 5.4****Step-by-step: How a Level 2 Appeal is done**

If we say no to your Level 1 Appeal, your case will *automatically* be sent on to the next level of the appeals process. During the Level 2 Appeal, the **Independent Review Organization** reviews our decision for your first appeal. This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

**Legal Terms**

The formal name for the "Independent Review Organization" is the **"Independent Review Entity."** It is sometimes called the **"IRE."**

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)****Step 1: The Independent Review Organization reviews your appeal.**

**The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare.** This organization is not connected with us and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the Independent Review Organization. Medicare oversees its work.

We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your “case file.” **You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.**

You have a right to give the Independent Review Organization additional information to support your appeal.

Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

***If you had a “fast appeal” at Level 1, you will also have a “fast appeal” at Level 2***

If you had a fast appeal to *our plan* at Level 1, you will automatically receive a fast appeal at Level 2. The review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal **within 72 hours** of when it receives your appeal.

However, if your request is for a medical item or service and the Independent Review Organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days.** The Independent Review Organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

***If you had a “standard appeal” at Level 1, you will also have a “standard appeal” at Level 2***

If you had a standard appeal to our plan at Level 1, you will automatically receive a standard appeal at Level 2. If your request is for a medical item or service, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal **within 30 calendar days** of when it receives your appeal. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal **within 7 calendar days** of when it receives your appeal.

However, if your request is for a medical item or service and the Independent Review Organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days.** The Independent Review Organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

**Step 2: The Independent Review Organization gives you their answer.**

The Independent Review Organization will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.

**If the review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a medical item or service,** we must authorize the medical care coverage within 72 hours

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or provide the service within 14 calendar days after we receive the decision from the review organization for standard requests or within 72 hours from the date the plan receives the decision from the review organization for expedited requests.

**If the review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a Medicare Part B prescription drug,** we must authorize or provide the Part B prescription drug under dispute within **72 hours** after we receive the decision from the review organization for **standard requests** or within **24 hours** from the date we receive the decision from the review organization for **expedited requests**.

**If this organization says no to part or all of your appeal,** it means they agree with us that your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care should not be approved. (This is called “upholding the decision.” It is also called “turning down your appeal.”)

- If the Independent Review Organization “upholds the decision” you have the right to a Level 3 Appeal. However, to make another appeal at Level 3, the dollar value of the medical care coverage you are requesting must meet a certain minimum. If the dollar value of the coverage you are requesting is too low, you cannot make another appeal, which means that the decision at Level 2 is final. The written notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you how to find out the dollar amount to continue the appeals process.

**Step 3: If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.**

There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal).

If your Level 2 Appeal is turned down and you meet the requirements to continue with the appeals process, you must decide whether you want to go on to Level 3 and make a third appeal. The details on how to do this are in the written notice you got after your Level 2 Appeal.

The Level 3 Appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

**Section 5.5****What if you are asking us to pay you for our share of a bill you have received for medical care?**

If you want to ask us for payment for medical care, start by reading Chapter 7 of this booklet: *Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs*. Chapter 7 describes the situations in which you may need to ask for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us for payment.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)****Asking for reimbursement is asking for a coverage decision from us**

If you send us the paperwork that asks for reimbursement, you are asking us to make a coverage decision (for more information about coverage decisions, see Section 4.1 of this chapter). To make this coverage decision, we will check to see if the medical care you paid for is a covered service (see Chapter 4: *Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*). We will also check to see if you followed all the rules for using your coverage for medical care (these rules are given in Chapter 3 of this booklet: *Using the plan's coverage for your medical services*).

**We will say yes or no to your request**

If the medical care you paid for is covered and you followed all the rules, we will send you the payment for our share of the cost of your medical care within 60 calendar days after we receive your request. Or, if you haven't paid for the services, we will send the payment directly to the provider. When we send the payment, it's the same as saying yes to your request for a coverage decision.)

If the medical care is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we will not send payment. Instead, we will send you a letter that says we will not pay for the services and the reasons why in detail. (When we turn down your request for payment, it's the same as saying *no* to your request for a coverage decision.)

**What if you ask for payment and we say that we will not pay?**

If you do not agree with our decision to turn you down, **you can make an appeal**. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the coverage decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

**To make this appeal, follow the process for appeals that we describe in Section 5.3.** Go to this section for step-by-step instructions. When you are following these instructions, please note:

If you make an appeal for reimbursement, we must give you our answer within 60 calendar days after we receive your appeal. (If you are asking us to pay you back for medical care you have already received and paid for yourself, you are not allowed to ask for a fast appeal.)

If the Independent Review Organization reverses our decision to deny payment, we must send the payment you have requested to you or to the provider within 30 calendar days. If the answer to your appeal is yes at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must send the payment you requested to you or to the provider within 60 calendar days.

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**SECTION 6****Your Part D prescription drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal**

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Have you read Section 4 of this chapter (*A guide to "the basics" of coverage decisions and appeals*)? If not, you may want to read it before you start this section.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)****Section 6.1****This section tells you what to do if you have problems getting a Part D drug or you want us to pay you back for a Part D drug**

Your benefits as a member of *our plan* include coverage for many prescription drugs. Please refer to *our plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*. To be covered, the drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. (A "medically accepted indication" is a use of the drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain reference books. See Chapter 5, Section 3 for more information about a medically accepted indication.)

**This section is about your Part D drugs only.** To keep things simple, we generally say "drug" in the rest of this section, instead of repeating "covered outpatient prescription drug" or "Part D drug" every time.

For details about what we mean by Part D drugs, the *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*, rules and restrictions on coverage, and cost information, see Chapter 5 (*Using our plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs*) and Chapter 6 (*What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs*).

**Part D coverage decisions and appeals**

As discussed in Section 4 of this chapter, a coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your drugs.

**Legal Terms**

An initial coverage decision about your Part D drugs is called a "**coverage determination**."

Here are examples of coverage decisions you ask us to make about your Part D drugs:

You ask us to make an exception, including:

- Asking us to cover a Part D drug that is not on the plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*
- Asking us to waive a restriction on the plan's coverage for a drug (such as limits on the amount of the drug you can get)
- Asking to pay a lower cost-sharing amount for a covered drug on a higher cost-sharing tier

You ask us whether a drug is covered for you and whether you satisfy any applicable coverage rules. (For example, when your drug is on the plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*, but we require you to get approval from us before we will cover it for you.)

- *Please note:* If your pharmacy tells you that your prescription cannot be filled as written, you will get a written notice explaining how to contact us to ask for a coverage decision.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

You ask us to pay for a prescription drug you already bought. This is a request for a coverage decision about payment.

If you disagree with a coverage decision we have made, you can appeal our decision.

This section tells you both how to ask for coverage decisions and how to request an appeal. Use the chart below to help you determine which part has information for your situation:

**Which of these situations are you in?**

<b>Do you need a drug that isn't on our Drug List or need us to waive a rule or restriction on a drug we cover?</b>	<b>Do you want us to cover a drug on our Drug List and you believe you meet any plan rules or restrictions (such as getting approval in advance) for the drug you need?</b>	<b>Do you want to ask us to pay you back for a drug you have already received and paid for?</b>	<b>Have we already told you that we will not cover or pay for a drug in the way that you want it to be covered or paid for?</b>
You can ask us to make an exception. (This is a type of coverage decision.)  Start with <b>Section 6.2</b> of this chapter.	You can ask us for a coverage decision.  Skip ahead to <b>Section 6.4</b> of this chapter.	You can ask us to pay you back. (This is a type of coverage decision.)  Skip ahead to <b>Section 6.4</b> of this chapter.	You can make an appeal. (This means you are asking us to reconsider.)  Skip ahead to <b>Section 6.5</b> of this chapter.

**Section 6.2****What is an exception?**

If a drug is not covered in the way you would like it to be covered, you can ask us to make an "exception." An exception is a type of coverage decision. Similar to other types of coverage decisions, if we turn down your request for an exception, you can appeal our decision.

When you ask for an exception, your doctor or other prescriber will need to explain the medical reasons why you need the exception approved. We will then consider your request. Here are three examples of exceptions that you or your doctor or other prescriber can ask us to make:

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)****1. Covering a Part D drug for you that is not on our *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*.**

(We call it the "Drug List" for short.)

**Legal Terms**

Asking for coverage of a drug that is not on the Drug List is sometimes called asking for a "**formulary exception.**"

If we agree to make an exception and cover a drug that is not on the Drug List, you will need to pay the cost-sharing amount that applies to drugs in Tier 4. You cannot ask for an exception to the copayment or coinsurance amount we require you to pay for the drug.

**2. Removing a restriction on our coverage for a covered drug.** There are extra rules or restrictions that apply to certain drugs on our *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)* (for more information, go to Chapter 5 and look for Section 4).**Legal Terms**

Asking for removal of a restriction on coverage for a drug is sometimes called asking for a "**formulary exception.**"

The extra rules and restrictions on coverage for certain drugs include:

- *Being required to use the generic version* of a drug instead of the brand name drug.
- *Getting plan approval in advance* before we will agree to cover the drug for you. (This is sometimes called "prior authorization.")
- *Being required to try a different drug first* before we will agree to cover the drug you are asking for. (This is sometimes called "step therapy.")
- *Quantity limits.* For some drugs, there are restrictions on the amount of the drug you can have.

If we agree to make an exception and waive a restriction for you, you can ask for an exception to the copayment or coinsurance amount we require you to pay for the drug.

**3. Changing coverage of a drug to a lower cost-sharing tier.** Every drug on our Drug List is in one of 5 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the lower the cost-sharing tier number, the less you will pay as your share of the cost of the drug.**Legal Terms**

Asking to pay a lower price for a covered non-preferred drug is sometimes called asking for a "**tiering exception.**"

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

If our drug list contains alternative drug(s) for treating your medical condition that are in a lower cost-sharing tier than your drug, you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the alternative drug(s). This would lower your share of the cost for the drug.

- If the drug you're taking is a biological product you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the lowest tier that contains biological product alternatives for treating your condition.
- If the drug you're taking is a brand name drug you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the lowest tier that contains brand name alternatives for treating your condition.
- If the drug you're taking is a generic drug you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the lowest tier that contains either brand or generic alternatives for treating your condition.

You cannot ask us to change the cost-sharing tier for any drug in Tier 5 Specialty.

If we approve your request for a tiering exception and there is more than one lower cost-sharing tier with alternative drugs you can't take, you will usually pay the lowest amount.

**Section 6.3****Important things to know about asking for exceptions****Your doctor must tell us the medical reasons**

Your doctor or other prescriber must give us a statement that explains the medical reasons for requesting an exception. For a faster decision, include this medical information from your doctor or other prescriber when you ask for the exception.

Typically, our Drug List includes more than one drug for treating a particular condition. These different possibilities are called “alternative” drugs. If an alternative drug would be just as effective as the drug you are requesting and would not cause more side effects or other health problems, we will generally *not* approve your request for an exception. If you ask us for a tiering exception, we will generally *not* approve your request for an exception unless all the alternative drugs in the lower cost-sharing tier(s) won’t work as well for you.

**We can say yes or no to your request**

If we approve your request for an exception, our approval usually is valid until the end of the plan year. This is true as long as your doctor continues to prescribe the drug for you and that drug continues to be safe and effective for treating your condition.

If we say no to your request for an exception, you can ask for a review of our decision by making an appeal. Section 6.5 tells how to make an appeal if we say no.

The next section tells you how to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)****Section 6.4****Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception**

**Step 1: You ask us to make a coverage decision about the drug(s) or payment you need. If your health requires a quick response, you must ask us to make a “fast coverage decision.” You cannot ask for a fast coverage decision if you are asking us to pay you back for a drug you already bought.**

**What to do**

**Request the type of coverage decision you want.** Start by calling, writing, or faxing us to make your request. You, your representative, or your doctor (or other prescriber) can do this. You can also access the coverage decision process through our website. For the details, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, *How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your Part D prescription drugs*. Or if you are asking us to pay you back for a drug, go to the section called, *Where to send a request asking us to pay for our share of the cost for medical care or a drug you have received*.

**You or your doctor or someone else who is acting on your behalf** can ask for a coverage decision. Section 4 of this chapter tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative. You can also have a lawyer act on your behalf.

**If you want to ask us to pay you back for a drug,** start by reading Chapter 7 of this booklet: *Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs*. Chapter 7 describes the situations in which you may need to ask for reimbursement. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us to pay you back for our share of the cost of a drug you have paid for.

**If you are requesting an exception, provide the “supporting statement.”** Your doctor or other prescriber must give us the medical reasons for the drug exception you are requesting. (We call this the “supporting statement.”) Your doctor or other prescriber can fax or mail the statement to us. Or your doctor or other prescriber can tell us on the phone and follow up by faxing or mailing a written statement if necessary. See Sections 6.2 and 6.3 for more information about exception requests.

**We must accept any written request,** including a request submitted on the CMS Model Coverage Determination Request Form or on *our plan’s* form, which is available on our website.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)****Legal Terms**

A “fast coverage decision” is called an **“expedited coverage determination.”**

**If your health requires it, ask us to give you a “fast coverage decision”**

When we give you our decision, we will use the “standard” deadlines unless we have agreed to use the “fast” deadlines. A standard coverage decision means we will give you an answer within 72 hours after we receive your doctor’s statement. A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 24 hours after we receive your doctor’s statement.

**To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:**

- You can get a fast coverage decision *only* if you are asking for a *drug you have not yet received*. (You cannot get a fast coverage decision if you are asking us to pay you back for a drug you have already bought.)
- You can get a fast coverage decision *only* if using the standard deadlines could *cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function*.

**If your doctor or other prescriber tells us that your health requires a “fast coverage decision,” we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.**

If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own (without your doctor’s or other prescriber’s support), we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision.

- If we decide that your medical condition does not meet the requirements for a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that says so (and we will use the standard deadlines instead).
- This letter will tell you that if your doctor or other prescriber asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give a fast coverage decision.
- The letter will also tell how you can file a complaint about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested. It tells how to file a “fast complaint,” which means you would get our answer to your complaint within 24 hours of receiving the complaint. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. For more information about the process for making complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)

**Step 2: We consider your request and we give you our answer.*****Deadlines for a “fast coverage decision”***

If we are using the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer **within 24 hours**.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

- Generally, this means within 24 hours after we receive your request. If you are requesting an exception, we will give you our answer within 24 hours after we receive your doctor's statement supporting your request. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
- If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent outside organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Appeal Level 2.

**If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested,** we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 24 hours after we receive your request or doctor's statement supporting your request.

**If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested,** we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how to appeal.

***Deadlines for a "standard coverage decision" about a drug you have not yet received***

If we are using the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours.**

- Generally, this means within 72 hours after we receive your request. If you are requesting an exception, we will give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your doctor's statement supporting your request. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
- If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Appeal Level 2.

**If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested –**

- If we approve your request for coverage, we must **provide the coverage** we have agreed to provide **within 72 hours** after we receive your request or doctor's statement supporting your request.

**If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested,** we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how to appeal.

***Deadlines for a "standard coverage decision" about payment for a drug you have already bought***

We must give you our answer **within 14 calendar days** after we receive your request.

- If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Appeal Level 2.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we are also required to make payment to you within 30 calendar days after we receive your request.

If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how to appeal.

**Step 3: If we say no to your coverage request, you decide if you want to make an appeal.**

If we say no, you have the right to request an appeal. Requesting an appeal means asking us to reconsider – and possibly change – the decision we made.

**Section 6.5****Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal  
(how to ask for a review of a coverage decision made by our plan)****Legal Terms**

An appeal to the plan about a Part D drug coverage decision is called a plan “redetermination.”

**Step 1: You contact us and make your Level 1 Appeal.** If your health requires a quick response, you must ask for a “fast appeal.”**What to do****To start your appeal, you (or your representative or your doctor or other prescriber) must contact us.**

- For details on how to reach us by phone, fax, or mail, or on our website, for any purpose related to your appeal, go to Chapter 2, Section 1, and look for the section called, *How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your Part D prescription drugs*.

**If you are asking for a standard appeal, make your appeal by submitting a written request.** You may also ask for an appeal by calling us at the phone number shown in Chapter 2, Section 1 (*How to contact our plan when you are making an appeal about your Part D prescription drugs*).

**If you are asking for a fast appeal, you may make your appeal in writing or you may call us at the phone number shown in Chapter 2, Section 1** (*How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your Part D prescription drugs*).

**We must accept any written request,** including a request submitted on the CMS Model Coverage Determination Request Form, which is available on our website.

**You must make your appeal request within 60 calendar days** from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer to your request for a coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

it, we may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause for missing the deadline may include if you had a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.

**You can ask for a copy of the information in your appeal and add more information.**

- You have the right to ask us for a copy of the information regarding your appeal.
- If you wish, you and your doctor or other prescriber may give us additional information to support your appeal.

**Legal Terms**

A “fast appeal” is also called an  
“expedited redetermination.”

***If your health requires it, ask for a “fast appeal”***

If you are appealing a decision we made about a drug you have not yet received, you and your doctor or other prescriber will need to decide if you need a “fast appeal.”

The requirements for getting a “fast appeal” are the same as those for getting a “fast coverage decision” in Section 6.4 of this chapter.

**Step 2: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.**

When we are reviewing your appeal, we take another careful look at all of the information about your coverage request. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request. We may contact you or your doctor or other prescriber to get more information.

***Deadlines for a “fast appeal”***

If we are using the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours after we receive your appeal**. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires it.

- If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an Independent Review Organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.

**If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.

**If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how to appeal our decision.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*****Deadlines for a “standard appeal”***

If we are using the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer **within 7 calendar days** after we receive your appeal for a drug you have not received yet. We will give you our decision sooner if you have not received the drug yet and your health condition requires us to do so. If you believe your health requires it, you should ask for “fast appeal.”

- If we do not give you a decision within 7 calendar days, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an Independent Review Organization. Later in this section, we tell about this review organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.

**If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested –**

- If we approve a request for coverage, we must **provide the coverage** we have agreed to provide as quickly as your health requires, but **no later than 7 calendar days** after we receive your appeal.
- If we approve a request to pay you back for a drug you already bought, we are required to **send payment to you within 30 calendar days** after we receive your appeal request.

**If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how to appeal our decision.

If you are requesting that we pay you back for a drug you have already bought, we must give you our answer **within 14 calendar days** after we receive your request.

If we do not give you a decision within 14 calendar days, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Appeal Level 2.

**If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we are also required to make payment to you within 30 calendar days after we receive your request.

**If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how to appeal.

**Step 3: If we say no to your appeal, you decide if you want to continue with the appeals process and make another appeal.**

If we say no to your appeal, you then choose whether to accept this decision or continue by making another appeal.

If you decide to make another appeal, it means your appeal is going on to Level 2 of the appeals process (see below).

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)****Section 6.6****Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 Appeal**

If we say no to your appeal, you then choose whether to accept this decision or continue by making another appeal. If you decide to go on to a Level 2 Appeal, the **Independent Review Organization** reviews the decision we made when we said no to your first appeal. This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

**Legal Terms**

The formal name for the “Independent Review Organization” is the **“Independent Review Entity.”** It is sometimes called the **“IRE.”**

**Step 1: To make a Level 2 Appeal, you (or your representative or your doctor or other prescriber) must contact the Independent Review Organization and ask for a review of your case.**

If we say no to your Level 1 Appeal, the written notice we send you will include **instructions on how to make a Level 2 Appeal** with the Independent Review Organization. These instructions will tell who can make this Level 2 Appeal, what deadlines you must follow, and how to reach the review organization.

When you make an appeal to the Independent Review Organization, we will send the information we have about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your “case file.” **You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.**

You have a right to give the Independent Review Organization additional information to support your appeal.

**Step 2: The Independent Review Organization does a review of your appeal and gives you an answer.**

**The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare.** This organization is not connected with us and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to review our decisions about your Part D benefits with us.

Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal. The organization will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.

***Deadlines for “fast appeal” at Level 2***

If your health requires it, ask the Independent Review Organization for a “fast appeal.”

If the review organization agrees to give you a “fast appeal,” the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal **within 72 hours** after it receives your appeal request.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

**If the Independent Review Organization says yes to part or all of what you requested,** we must provide the drug coverage that was approved by the review organization **within 24 hours** after we receive the decision from the review organization.

***Deadlines for "standard appeal" at Level 2***

If you have a standard appeal at Level 2, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal **within 7 calendar days** after it receives your appeal if it is for a drug you have not received yet. If you are requesting that we pay you back for a drug you have already bought, the review organization must give you an answer to your level 2 appeal within 14 calendar days after it receives your request.

**If the Independent Review Organization says yes to part or all of what you requested –**

- If the Independent Review Organization approves a request for coverage, we must **provide the drug coverage** that was approved by the review organization **within 72 hours** after we receive the decision from the review organization.
- If the Independent Review Organization approves a request to pay you back for a drug you already bought, we are required to **send payment to you within 30 calendar days** after we receive the decision from the review organization.

**What if the review organization says no to your appeal?**

If this organization says no to your appeal, it means the organization agrees with our decision not to approve your request. (This is called “upholding the decision.” It is also called “turning down your appeal.”)

If the Independent Review Organization “upholds the decision” you have the right to a Level 3 Appeal. However, to make another appeal at Level 3, the dollar value of the drug coverage you are requesting must meet a minimum amount. If the dollar value of the drug coverage you are requesting is too low, you cannot make another appeal and the decision at Level 2 is final. The notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you the dollar value that must be in dispute to continue with the appeals process.

**Step 3: If the dollar value of the coverage you are requesting meets the requirement, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.**

There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal).

If your Level 2 Appeal is turned down and you meet the requirements to continue with the appeals process, you must decide whether you want to go on to Level 3 and make a third appeal. If you decide to make a third appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you got after your second appeal.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

The Level 3 Appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

**SECTION 7      How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon**

When you are admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all of your covered hospital services that are necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury. For more information about our coverage for your hospital care, including any limitations on this coverage, see Chapter 4 of this booklet: *Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*.

During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff will be working with you to prepare for the day when you will leave the hospital. They will also help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

The day you leave the hospital is called your **“discharge date.”**

When your discharge date has been decided, your doctor or the hospital staff will let you know.

If you think you are being asked to leave the hospital too soon, you can ask for a longer hospital stay and your request will be considered. This section tells you how to ask.

**Section 7.1      During your inpatient hospital stay, you will get a written notice from Medicare that tells about your rights**

During your covered hospital stay, you will be given a written notice called *An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights*. Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice whenever they are admitted to a hospital. Someone at the hospital (for example, a caseworker or nurse) must give it to you within two days after you are admitted. If you do not get the notice, ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

- 1. Read this notice carefully and ask questions if you don't understand it.** It tells you about your rights as a hospital patient, including:

Your right to receive Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay, as ordered by your doctor. This includes the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.

Your right to be involved in any decisions about your hospital stay, and know who will pay for it.

Where to report any concerns you have about quality of your hospital care.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

Your right to appeal your discharge decision if you think you are being discharged from the hospital too soon.

**Legal Terms**

The written notice from Medicare tells you how you can “**request an immediate review.**” Requesting an immediate review is a formal, legal way to ask for a delay in your discharge date so that we will cover your hospital care for a longer time. (Section 7.2 below tells you how you can request an immediate review.)

**2. You must sign the written notice to show that you received it and understand your rights.**

You or someone who is acting on your behalf must sign the notice. (Section 4 of this chapter tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative.)

Signing the notice shows *only* that you have received the information about your rights. The notice does not give your discharge date (your doctor or hospital staff will tell you your discharge date). Signing the notice **does not mean** you are agreeing on a discharge date.

**3. Keep your copy of the signed notice so you will have the information about making an appeal (or reporting a concern about quality of care) handy if you need it.**

If you sign the notice more than two days before the day you leave the hospital, you will get another copy before you are scheduled to be discharged.

To look at a copy of this notice in advance, you can call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or 1-800 MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You can also see it online at <https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.html>.

**Section 7.2****Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal to change your hospital discharge date**

If you want to ask for your inpatient hospital services to be covered by us for a longer time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

**Follow the process.** Each step in the first two levels of the appeals process is explained below.

**Meet the deadlines.** The deadlines are important. Be sure that you understand and follow the deadlines that apply to things you must do.

**Ask for help if you need it.** If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program, a government

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

organization that provides personalized assistance (see **Addendum A** at the back of this booklet).

**During a Level 1 Appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal.** It checks to see if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you.

**Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for a “fast review” of your hospital discharge. You must act quickly.**

***What is the Quality Improvement Organization?***

This organization is a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by the Federal government. These experts are not part of *our plan*. This organization is paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing hospital discharge dates for people with Medicare.

***How can you contact this organization?***

The written notice you received (*An Important Message from Medicare About Your Rights*) tells you how to reach this organization. (Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in **Addendum A** at the back of this booklet.)

***Act quickly:***

To make your appeal, you must contact the Quality Improvement Organization **before** you leave the hospital and **no later than your planned discharge date**. (Your “planned discharge date” is the date that has been set for you to leave the hospital.)

- If you meet this deadline, you are allowed to stay in the hospital *after* your discharge date *without paying for it* while you wait to get the decision on your appeal from the Quality Improvement Organization.
- If you do *not* meet this deadline, and you decide to stay in the hospital *after* your planned discharge date, *you may have to pay all of the costs* for hospital care you receive *after* your planned discharge date.

If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization about your appeal, you can make your appeal directly to *our plan* instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 7.4.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)****Ask for a “fast review”:**

You must ask the Quality Improvement Organization for a “**fast review**” of your discharge. Asking for a “fast review” means you are asking for the organization to use the “fast” deadlines for an appeal instead of using the standard deadlines.

**Legal Terms**

A “**fast review**” is also called an “**immediate review**” or an “**expedited review**.”

**Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.****What happens during this review?**

Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (we will call them “the reviewers” for short) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don’t have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.

The reviewers will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that the hospital and we have given to them.

By noon of the day after the reviewers informed *our plan* of your appeal, you will also get a written notice that gives your planned discharge date and explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

**Legal Terms**

This written explanation is called the “**Detailed Notice of Discharge**.” You can get a sample of this notice by calling Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.) Or you can see a sample notice online at <https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.html>.

**Step 3: Within one full day after it has all the needed information, the Quality Improvement Organization will give you its answer to your appeal.****What happens if the answer is yes?**

If the review organization says yes to your appeal, **we must keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as these services are medically necessary.**

You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered hospital services. (See Chapter 4 of this booklet).

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*****What happens if the answer is no?***

If the review organization says *no* to your appeal, they are saying that your planned discharge date is medically appropriate. If this happens, **our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end** at noon on the day *after* the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.

If the review organization says *no* to your appeal and you decide to stay in the hospital, then **you may have to pay the full cost** of hospital care you receive after noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.

**Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 Appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.**

If the Quality Improvement Organization has turned down your appeal, *and* you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make another appeal. Making another appeal means you are going on to "Level 2" of the appeals process.

**Section 7.3****Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 Appeal to change your hospital discharge date**

If the Quality Improvement Organization has turned down your appeal, *and* you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make a Level 2 Appeal. During a Level 2 Appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision they made on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 Appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your stay after your planned discharge date.

Here are the steps for Level 2 of the appeal process:

**Step 1: You contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.**

You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review only if you stayed in the hospital after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

**Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.**

Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

**Step 3: Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a second review, the Quality Improvement Organization reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.**

***If the review organization says yes:***

**We must reimburse you** for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since noon on the day after the date your first appeal was turned down by the Quality Improvement Organization. **We must continue providing coverage for your inpatient hospital care for as long as it is medically necessary.**

You must continue to pay your share of the costs and coverage limitations may apply.

***If the review organization says no:***

It means they agree with the decision they made on your Level 1 Appeal and will not change it. This is called "upholding the decision."

The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

**Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further by going on to Level 3.**

There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If the review organization turns down your Level 2 Appeal, you can choose whether to accept that decision or whether to go on to Level 3 and make another appeal. At Level 3, your appeal is reviewed by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

**Section 7.4****What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 Appeal?****You can appeal to us instead**

As explained above in Section 7.2, you must act quickly to contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your first appeal of your hospital discharge. ("Quickly" means before you leave the hospital and no later than your planned discharge date.) If you miss the deadline for contacting this organization, there is another way to make your appeal.

If you use this other way of making your appeal, *the first two levels of appeal are different.*

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)****Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 *Alternate Appeal***

If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, you can make an appeal to us, asking for a "fast review." A fast review is an appeal that uses the fast deadlines instead of the standard deadlines.

**Legal Terms**

A "fast review" (or "fast appeal") is also called an "**expedited appeal**."

**Step 1: Contact us and ask for a "fast review."**

For details on how to contact us, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, *How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care*.

**Be sure to ask for a "fast review."** This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the "fast" deadlines rather than the "standard" deadlines.

**Step 2: We do a "fast review" of your planned discharge date, checking to see if it was medically appropriate.**

During this review, we take a look at all of the information about your hospital stay. We check to see if your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. We will check to see if the decision about when you should leave the hospital was fair and followed all the rules.

In this situation, we will use the "fast" deadlines rather than the standard deadlines for giving you the answer to this review.

**Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a "fast review" ("fast appeal").**

**If we say yes to your fast appeal**, it means we have agreed with you that you still need to be in the hospital after the discharge date, and will keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as it is medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)

**If we say no to your fast appeal**, we are saying that your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. Our coverage for your inpatient hospital services ends as of the day we said coverage would end.

- If you stayed in the hospital *after* your planned discharge date, then **you may have to pay the full cost** of hospital care you received after the planned discharge date.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)****Step 4: If we say no to your fast appeal, your case will automatically be sent on to the next level of the appeals process.**

To make sure we were following all the rules when we said no to your fast appeal, **we are required to send your appeal to the “Independent Review Organization.”** When we do this, it means that you are *automatically* going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

**Step-by-Step: Level 2 Alternate Appeal Process**

If we say no to your Level 1 Appeal, your case will *automatically* be sent on to the next level of the appeals process. During the Level 2 Appeal, an **Independent Review Organization** reviews the decision we made when we said no to your “fast appeal.” This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

**Legal Terms**

The formal name for the “Independent Review Organization” is the **“Independent Review Entity.”** It is sometimes called the **“IRE.”**

**Step 1: We will automatically forward your case to the Independent Review Organization.**

We are required to send the information for your Level 2 Appeal to the Independent Review Organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. The complaint process is different from the appeal process. Section 10 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)

**Step 2: The Independent Review Organization does a “fast review” of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.**

**The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare.** This organization is not connected with *our plan* and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the Independent Review Organization. Medicare oversees its work.

Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal of your hospital discharge.

**If this organization says yes to your appeal,** then we must reimburse you (pay you back) for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since the date of your planned discharge. We must also continue the plan’s coverage of your inpatient hospital services for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover your services.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

If this organization says **no to your appeal**, it means they agree with us that your planned hospital discharge date was medically appropriate.

- The notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to a Level 3 Appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

**Step 3: If the Independent Review Organization turns down your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.**

There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If reviewers say no to your Level 2 Appeal, you decide whether to accept their decision or go on to Level 3 and make a third appeal.

Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

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**SECTION 8                    How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon**

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<b>Section 8.1</b>	<b>This section is about three services only: Home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services</b>
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This section is about the following types of care *only*:

**Home health care services** you are getting.

**Skilled nursing care** you are getting as a patient in a skilled nursing facility. (To learn about requirements for being considered a "skilled nursing facility," see Chapter 12, *Definitions of important words*.)

**Rehabilitation care** you are getting as an outpatient at a Medicare-approved Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF). Usually, this means you are getting treatment for an illness or accident, or you are recovering from a major operation. (For more information about this type of facility, see Chapter 12, *Definitions of important words*.)

When you are getting any of these types of care, you have the right to keep getting your covered services for that type of care for as long as the care is needed to diagnose and treat your illness or injury. For more information on your covered services, including your share of the cost and any limitations to coverage that may apply, see Chapter 4 of this booklet: *Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*.

When we decide it is time to stop covering any of the three types of care for you, we are required to tell you in advance. When your coverage for that care ends, *we will stop paying our share of the cost for your care*.

If you think we are ending the coverage of your care too soon, **you can appeal our decision**. This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)****Section 8.2****We will tell you in advance when your coverage will be ending**

- You receive a notice in writing.** At least two days before *our plan* is going to stop covering your care, you will receive a notice.

The written notice tells you the date when we will stop covering the care for you.

The written notice also tells what you can do if you want to ask *our plan* to change this decision about when to end your care, and keep covering it for a longer period of time.

**Legal Terms**

In telling you what you can do, the written notice is telling how you can request a “**fast-track appeal.**” Requesting a fast-track appeal is a formal, legal way to request a change to our coverage decision about when to stop your care. (Section 7.3 below tells how you can request a fast-track appeal.)

The written notice is called the “**Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage.**” To get a sample copy, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.). Or see a copy online at <https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/MAEDNotices.html>.

- You must sign the written notice to show that you received it.**

You or someone who is acting on your behalf must sign the notice. (Section 4 tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative.)

Signing the notice shows *only* that you have received the information about when your coverage will stop. **Signing it does not mean you agree** with the plan that it’s time to stop getting the care.

**Section 8.3****Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal to have *our plan* cover your care for a longer time**

If you want to ask us to cover your care for a longer period of time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

**Follow the process.** Each step in the first two levels of the appeals process is explained below.

**Meet the deadlines.** The deadlines are important. Be sure that you understand and follow the deadlines that apply to things you must do. There are also deadlines *our plan* must follow. (If you think we are not meeting our deadlines, you can file a complaint. Section 10 of this chapter tells you how to file a complaint.)

**Ask for help if you need it.** If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

booklet). Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance (see Section 2 of this chapter).

**If you ask for a Level 1 Appeal on time, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal and decides whether to change the decision made by *our plan*.**

**Step 1: Make your Level 1 Appeal: contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for a review. You must act quickly.**

***What is the Quality Improvement Organization?***

This organization is a group of doctors and other health care experts who are paid by the Federal government. These experts are not part of *our plan*. They check on the quality of care received by people with Medicare and review plan decisions about when it's time to stop covering certain kinds of medical care.

***How can you contact this organization?***

The written notice you received tells you how to reach this organization. (Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in **Addendum A** at the back of this *Evidence of Coverage*.)

***What should you ask for?***

Ask this organization for a "fast-track appeal" (to do an independent review) of whether it is medically appropriate for us to end coverage for your medical services.

***Your deadline for contacting this organization.***

You must contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your appeal *no later than noon of the day after you receive the written notice telling you when we will stop covering your care*.

If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization about your appeal, you can make your appeal directly to us instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 8.5.

**Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.**

***What happens during this review?***

Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (we will call them "the reviewers" for short) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.

The review organization will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that *our plan* has given to them.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

By the end of the day the reviewers inform us of your appeal, and you will also get a written notice from us that explains in detail our reasons for ending our coverage for your services.

**Legal Terms**

This notice of explanation is called the  
**"Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage."**

**Step 3: Within one full day after they have all the information they need, the reviewers will tell you their decision.**

***What happens if the reviewers say yes to your appeal?***

If the reviewers say yes to your appeal, then **we must keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary.**

You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered services (see Chapter 4 of this booklet).

***What happens if the reviewers say no to your appeal?***

If the reviewers say no to your appeal, then **your coverage will end on the date we have told you.** We will stop paying our share of the costs of this care on the date listed on the notice.

If you decide to keep getting the home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* this date when your coverage ends, then **you will have to pay the full cost** of this care yourself.

**Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 Appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.**

This first appeal you make is "Level 1" of the appeals process. If reviewers say no to your Level 1 Appeal – and you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended – then you can make another appeal.

Making another appeal means you are going on to "Level 2" of the appeals process.

**Section 8.4****Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 Appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time**

If the Quality Improvement Organization has turned down your appeal and you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended, then you can make a Level 2 Appeal. During a Level 2 Appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision they made on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 Appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* the date when we said your coverage would end.

Here are the steps for Level 2 of the appeal process:

**Step 1: You contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.**

You must ask for this review **within 60 days** after the day when the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review only if you continued getting care after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

**Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.**

Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

**Step 3: Within 14 days of receipt of your appeal request, reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.*****What happens if the review organization says yes to your appeal?***

**We must reimburse you** for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. **We must continue providing coverage** for the care for as long as it is medically necessary.

You must continue to pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.

***What happens if the review organization says no?***

It means they agree with the decision we made to your Level 1 Appeal and will not change it.

The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

**Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further.**

There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If reviewers turn down your Level 2 Appeal, you can choose whether to accept that decision or to go on to Level 3 and make another appeal. At Level 3, your appeal is reviewed by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

**Section 8.5****What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 Appeal?****You can appeal to us instead**

As explained above in Section 8.3, you must act quickly to contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your first appeal (within a day or two, at the most). If you miss the deadline for contacting this organization, there is another way to make your appeal. If you use this other way of making your appeal, *the first two levels of appeal are different.*

**Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate Appeal**

If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, you can make an appeal to us, asking for a "fast review." A fast review is an appeal that uses the fast deadlines instead of the standard deadlines.

Here are the steps for a Level 1 Alternate Appeal:

**Legal Terms**

A "fast review" (or "fast appeal") is also called an "**expedited appeal**."

**Step 1: Contact us and ask for a "fast review."**

For details on how to contact us, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, *How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care.*

**Be sure to ask for a "fast review."** This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the "fast" deadlines rather than the "standard" deadlines.

**Step 2: We do a "fast review" of the decision we made about when to end coverage for your services.**

During this review, we take another look at all of the information about your case. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we set the date for ending the plan's coverage for services you were receiving.

We will use the "fast" deadlines rather than the standard deadlines for giving you the answer to this review.

**Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a "fast review" ("fast appeal").**

**If we say yes to your fast appeal,** it means we have agreed with you that you need services longer, and will keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)

**If we say no to your fast appeal,** then your coverage will end on the date we told you and we will not pay any share of the costs after this date.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

If you continued to get home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* the date when we said your coverage would end, then **you will have to pay the full cost** of this care yourself.

**Step 4: If we say no to your fast appeal, your case will automatically go on to the next level of the appeals process.**

To make sure we were following all the rules when we said no to your fast appeal, **we are required to send your appeal to the “Independent Review Organization.”** When we do this, it means that you are *automatically* going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

**Step-by-Step: Level 2 Alternate Appeal Process**

If we say no to your Level 1 Appeal, your case will *automatically* be sent on to the next level of the appeals process. During the Level 2 Appeal, the **Independent Review Organization** reviews the decision we made when we said no to your “fast appeal.” This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

**Legal Terms**

The formal name for the “Independent Review Organization” is the **“Independent Review Entity.”** It is sometimes called the **“IRE.”**

**Step 1: We will automatically forward your case to the Independent Review Organization.**

We are required to send the information for your Level 2 Appeal to the Independent Review Organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. The complaint process is different from the appeal process. Section 10 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)

**Step 2: The Independent Review Organization does a “fast review” of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.**

**The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare.** This organization is not connected with *our plan* and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the Independent Review Organization. Medicare oversees its work.

Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

**If this organization says yes to your appeal,** then we must reimburse you (pay you back) for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

when we said your coverage would end. We must also continue to cover the care for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover your services.

**If this organization says no to your appeal,** it means they agree with the decision *our plan* made to your first appeal and will not change it.

- The notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to a Level 3 Appeal.

**Step 3: If the Independent Review Organization turns down your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.**

There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If reviewers say no to your Level 2 Appeal, you can choose whether to accept that decision or whether to go on to Level 3 and make another appeal. At Level 3, your appeal is reviewed by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

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## SECTION 9                   Taking your appeal to Level 3 and beyond

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### Section 9.1               Levels of Appeal 3, 4, and 5 for Medical Service Appeals

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 Appeal and a Level 2 Appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the dollar value of the item or medical service you have appealed meets certain minimum levels, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar value is less than the minimum level, you cannot appeal any further. If the dollar value is high enough, the written response you receive to your Level 2 Appeal will explain who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 Appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

**Level 3 Appeal:** A judge (called an Administrative Law Judge) or an attorney adjudicator who works for the Federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer.

**If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says yes to your appeal, the appeals process may or may not be over** - We will decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 4. Unlike a decision at Level 2 (Independent Review Organization), we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that is favorable to you.

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- If we decide *not* to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after receiving the Administrative Law Judge's or attorney adjudicator's decision.
- If we decide to appeal the decision, we will send you a copy of the Level 4 Appeal request with any accompanying documents. We may wait for the Level 4 Appeal decision before authorizing or providing the service in dispute.

**If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.**

- If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
- If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

**Level 4 Appeal:** The Medicare **Appeals Council (Council)** will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the Federal government.

**If the answer is yes, or if the Council denies our request to review a favorable Level 3 Appeal decision, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over** - We will decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 5. Unlike a decision at Level 2 (Independent Review Organization), we have the right to appeal a Level 4 decision that is favorable to you.

- If we decide *not* to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after receiving the Council's decision.
- If we decide to appeal the decision, we will let you know in writing.

**If the answer is no or if the Council denies the review request, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.**

- If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
- If you do not want to accept the decision, you might be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 Appeal. If the rules allow you to go on, the written notice will also tell you who to contact and what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

**Level 5 Appeal:** A judge at the **Federal District Court** will review your appeal.

This is the last step of the appeals process.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)****Section 9.2****Levels of Appeal 3, 4, and 5 for Part D Drug Appeals**

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 Appeal and a Level 2 Appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the value of the drug you have appealed meets a certain dollar amount, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar amount is less, you cannot appeal any further. The written response you receive to your Level 2 Appeal will explain who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 Appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

**Level 3 Appeal:** A judge (called an Administrative Law Judge) or an attorney adjudicator who works for the Federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer.

**If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over.** What you asked for in the appeal has been approved. We must **authorize or provide the drug coverage** that was approved by the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator **within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days** after we receive the decision.

**If the answer is no, the appeals process may or may not be over.**

- If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
- If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

**Level 4 Appeal** The Medicare **Appeals Council (Council)** will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the Federal government.

**If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over.** What you asked for in the appeal has been approved. We must **authorize or provide the drug coverage** that was approved by the Council **within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days** after we receive the decision.

**If the answer is no, the appeals process may or may not be over.**

- If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
- If you do not want to accept the decision, you might be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal or denies your request to review the appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to Level 5 Appeal. If the rules allow you

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

to go on, the written notice will also tell you who to contact and what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

**Level 5 Appeal** A judge at the **Federal District Court** will review your appeal.

This is the last step of the appeals process.

**MAKING COMPLAINTS****SECTION 10 How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns**

If your problem is about decisions related to benefits, coverage, or payment, then this section is *not for you*. Instead, you need to use the process for coverage decisions and appeals. Go to Section 4 of this chapter.

**Section 10.1 What kinds of problems are handled by the complaint process?**

This section explains how to use the process for making complaints. The complaint process is used for certain types of problems *only*. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

**If you have any of these kinds of problems, you can “make a complaint”**

Complaint	Example
<b>Quality of your medical care</b>	Are you unhappy with the quality of the care you have received (including care in the hospital)?
<b>Respecting your privacy</b>	Do you believe that someone did not respect your right to privacy or shared information about you that you feel should be confidential?
<b>Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors</b>	Has someone been rude or disrespectful to you? Are you unhappy with how our Customer Service has treated you? Do you feel you are being encouraged to leave the plan?
<b>Waiting times</b>	Are you having trouble getting an appointment, or waiting too long to get it? Have you been kept waiting too long by doctors, pharmacists, or other health professionals? Or by our Customer Service or other staff at the plan? <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ Examples include waiting too long on the phone, in the waiting room, when getting a prescription, or in the exam room.</li></ul>

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

Complaint	Example
<b>Cleanliness</b>	Are you unhappy with the cleanliness or condition of a clinic, hospital, or doctor's office?
<b>Information you get from us</b>	Do you believe we have not given you a notice that we are required to give?  Do you think written information we have given you is hard to understand?
<b>Timeliness</b> (These types of complaints are all related to the timeliness of our actions related to coverage decisions and appeals)	The process of asking for a coverage decision and making appeals is explained in Sections 4-9 of this chapter. If you are asking for a decision or making an appeal, you use that process, not the complaint process.  However, if you have already asked us for a coverage decision or made an appeal, and you think that we are not responding quickly enough, you can also make a complaint about our slowness. Here are examples:  If you have asked us to give you a "fast coverage decision" or a "fast appeal," and we have said we will not, you can make a complaint.  If you believe we are not meeting the deadlines for giving you a coverage decision or an answer to an appeal you have made, you can make a complaint.  When a coverage decision we made is reviewed and we are told that we must cover or reimburse you for certain medical services or drugs, there are deadlines that apply. If you think we are not meeting these deadlines, you can make a complaint.  When we do not give you a decision on time, we are required to forward your case to the Independent Review Organization. If we do not do that within the required deadline, you can make a complaint.

**Section 10.2      The formal name for "making a complaint" is "filing a grievance"**
**Legal Terms**

What this section calls a "**complaint**" is also called a "**grievance**."

Another term for "**making a complaint**" is "**filing a grievance**."

Another way to say "**using the process for complaints**" is "**using the process for filing a grievance**."

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)****Section 10.3****Step-by-step: Making a complaint****Step 1: Contact us promptly – either by phone or in writing.**

**Usually, calling Customer Service is the first step.** If there is anything else you need to do, Customer Service will let you know. Customer Service can be reached at 1-800-282-5366 (TTY 711). 8 am to 8 pm, 7 days a week.

**If you do not wish to call (or you called and were not satisfied), you can put your complaint in writing and send it to us.** If you put your complaint in writing, we will respond to your complaint in writing.

**To use our grievance (complaint) process, you should call or send us your written complaint using one of the contact methods listed in Chapter 2:**

***Important Phone Numbers and Resources (How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your Part D prescription drugs or How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care).***

- Please be sure you provide all pertinent information, including any supporting documents you believe are appropriate. Your complaint must be received by us within 60 calendar days of the event or incident that resulted in you filing your complaint.
- Your issue will be investigated by a member of our complaint team. If you submit your complaint verbally, we will inform you the result of our review and our resolution verbally or in writing. If you submit a verbal complaint and request your response to be in writing, we will respond in writing. If you send us a written complaint, we will send you a written response, stating the result of our review. Our notice will include a description of our understanding of your complaint and our resolution in clear terms.
- We must address your complaint as quickly as your case requires based on your health status, but no later than 30 calendar days after receiving your complaint. We may extend the timeframe by up to 14 calendar days if we justify a need for additional information and the delay is in your best interest.
- You also have the right to ask for a fast “expedited” grievance. A fast “expedited” grievance is a type of complaint that must be resolved within 24 hours from the time you contact us. You have the right to request a fast “expedited” grievance if you disagree with:
  - Our plan to take a 14-calendar-day extension on an organization/coverage determination or reconsideration/redetermination (appeal); or
  - Our denial of your request to expedite an organization determination or reconsideration (appeal) for health services; or
  - Our denial of your request to expedite a coverage determination or redetermination (appeal) for a prescription drug.

The fast “expedited” grievance process is as follows:

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

- You or an authorized representative can call, fax, or mail your complaint and mention that you want the fast complaint or expedited grievance process. Call the phone number, fax, or write your complaint and send it to the address listed in Chapter 2: *Important Phone Numbers and Resources (How to contact us when you're making a complaint about your Part D prescription drugs or How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care)*. The fastest way to submit a fast complaint is to call or fax us. The fastest way to file a grievance is to call us. When we receive your complaint, we will promptly investigate the issue you have identified. If we agree with your complaint, we will cancel the 14-calendar-day extension, or expedite the determination or appeal as you originally requested. Regardless of whether we agree or not, we will investigate your complaint and notify you of our decision within 24 hours.

**Whether you call or write, you should contact Customer Service right away.**

The complaint must be made within 60 calendar days after you had the problem you want to complain about.

**If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a “fast coverage decision” or a “fast appeal,” we will automatically give you a “fast complaint.”** If you have a “fast complaint,” it means we will give you **an answer within 24 hours**.

**Legal Terms**

What this section calls a **“fast complaint”** is also called an **“expedited grievance.”**

**Step 2: We look into your complaint and give you our answer.**

**If possible, we will answer you right away.** If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call. If your health condition requires us to answer quickly, we will do that.

**Most complaints are answered in 30 calendar days.** If we need more information and the delay is in your best interest or if you ask for more time, we can take up to 14 more calendar days (44 calendar days total) to answer your complaint. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing.

**If we do not agree** with some or all of your complaint or don’t take responsibility for the problem you are complaining about, we will let you know. Our response will include our reasons for this answer. We must respond whether we agree with the complaint or not.

**Section 10.4****You can also make complaints about quality of care to the Quality Improvement Organization**

You can make your complaint about the quality of care you received to us by using the step-by-step process outlined above.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

When your complaint is about *quality of care*, you also have two extra options:

**You can make your complaint to the Quality Improvement Organization.** If you prefer, you can make your complaint about the quality of care you received directly to this organization (*without* making the complaint to us).

- The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients.
- To find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state, refer to **Addendum A** at the back of this booklet. If you make a complaint to this organization, we will work with them to resolve your complaint.

**Or you can make your complaint to both at the same time.** If you wish, you can make your complaint about quality of care to us and also to the Quality Improvement Organization.

**Section 10.5      You can also tell Medicare about your complaint**

You can submit a complaint about *our plan* directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to <https://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx>. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.

If you have any other feedback or concerns, or if you feel the plan is not addressing your issue, please call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY/TDD users can call 1-877-486-2048.

## **CHAPTER 10**

***Ending your membership in the plan***

## **Chapter 10. Ending your membership in the plan**

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**Chapter 10. Ending your membership in the plan**

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**SECTION 1**      **Introduction**

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**Section 1.1      This chapter focuses on ending your membership in *our plan***

Ending your membership in *our plan* may be **voluntary** (your own choice) or **involuntary** (not your own choice):

You might leave *our plan* because you have decided that you *want* to leave.

- There are only certain times during the year, or certain situations, when you may voluntarily end your membership in the plan. Section 2 tells you *when* you can end your membership in the plan.
- The process for voluntarily ending your membership varies depending on what type of new coverage you are choosing. Section 3 tells you *how* to end your membership in each situation.

There are also limited situations where you do not choose to leave, but we are required to end your membership. Section 5 tells you about situations when we must end your membership.

If you are leaving *our plan*, you must continue to get your medical care through *our plan* until your membership ends.

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**SECTION 2      When can you end your membership in *our plan*?**

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You may end your membership in *our plan* only during certain times of the year, known as enrollment periods. All members have the opportunity to leave the plan during the Annual Enrollment Period and during the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period. In certain situations, you may also be eligible to leave the plan at other times of the year.

**Section 2.1      You can end your membership during the Annual Enrollment Period**

You can end your membership during the **Annual Enrollment Period** (also known as the "Annual Open Enrollment Period"). This is the time when you should review your health and drug coverage and make a decision about your coverage for the upcoming year.

**When is the Annual Enrollment Period?** This happens from October 15 to December 7.

**What type of plan can you switch to during the Annual Enrollment Period?**

You can choose to keep your current coverage or make changes to your coverage for the upcoming year. If you decide to change to a new plan, you can choose any of the following types of plans:

- Another Medicare health plan. (You can choose a plan that covers prescription drugs or one that does not cover prescription drugs.)
- Original Medicare *with* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.

**Chapter 10. Ending your membership in the plan**

- – or – Original Medicare *without* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
  - **If you receive “Extra Help” from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs:** If you switch to Original Medicare and do not enroll in a separate Medicare prescription drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment.

**Note:** If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later. (“Creditable” coverage means the coverage is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare’s standard prescription drug coverage.) See Chapter 1, Section 5 for more information about the late enrollment penalty.

**When will your membership end?** Your membership will end when your new plan’s coverage begins on January 1.

<b>Section 2.2</b>	<b>You can end your membership during the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period</b>
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You have the opportunity to make *one* change to your health coverage during the **Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period**.

**When is the annual Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period?** This happens every year from January 1 to March 31.

**What type of plan can you switch to during the annual Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period?** During this time, you can:

- Switch to another Medicare Advantage Plan. (You can choose a plan that covers prescription drugs or one that does not cover prescription drugs.)
- Disenroll from *our plan* and obtain coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you have until March 31 to join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan to add drug coverage.

**When will your membership end?** Your membership will end on the first day of the month after you enroll in a different Medicare Advantage plan or we get your request to switch to Original Medicare. If you also choose to enroll in a Medicare prescription drug plan, your membership in the drug plan will begin the first day of the month after the drug plan gets your enrollment request.

<b>Section 2.3</b>	<b>In certain situations, you can end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period</b>
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In certain situations, members of *our plan* may be eligible to end their membership at other times of the year. This is known as a **Special Enrollment Period**.

**Chapter 10. Ending your membership in the plan**

**Who is eligible for a Special Enrollment Period?** If any of the following situations apply to you, you may be eligible to end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period. These are just examples, for the full list you can contact the plan, call Medicare, or visit the Medicare website (<https://www.medicare.gov>):

- Usually, when you have moved.
- If you have Medicaid.
- If you are eligible for "Extra Help" with paying for your Medicare prescriptions.
- If we violate our contract with you.
- If you are getting care in an institution, such as a nursing home or long-term care (LTC) hospital.
- **Note:** If you're in a drug management program, you may not be able to change plans. Chapter 5, Section 10 tells you more about drug management programs.

**When are Special Enrollment Periods?** The enrollment periods vary depending on your situation.

**What can you do?** To find out if you are eligible for a Special Enrollment Period, please call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. If you are eligible to end your membership because of a special situation, you can choose to change both your Medicare health coverage and prescription drug coverage. This means you can choose any of the following types of plans:

- Another Medicare health plan. (You can choose a plan that covers prescription drugs or one that does not cover prescription drugs.)
- Original Medicare *with* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
- – or – Original Medicare *without* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
  - **If you receive "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs:** If you switch to Original Medicare and do not enroll in a separate Medicare prescription drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment.

**Note:** If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for a continuous period of 63 days or more, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later. ("Creditable" coverage means the coverage is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage.) See Chapter 1, Section 5 for more information about the late enrollment penalty.

**Chapter 10. Ending your membership in the plan**

**When will your membership end?** Your membership will usually end on the first day of the month after your request to change your plan is received.

**Section 2.4****Where can you get more information about when you can end your membership?**

If you have any questions or would like more information on when you can end your membership:

You can **call Customer Service** (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

You can find the information in the ***Medicare & You 2020*** Handbook.

- Everyone with Medicare receives a copy of *Medicare & You* each fall. Those new to Medicare receive it within a month after first signing up.
- You can also download a copy from the Medicare website (<https://www.medicare.gov>). Or, you can order a printed copy by calling Medicare at the number below.

You can contact **Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

**SECTION 3****How do you end your membership in *our plan*?****Section 3.1****Usually, you end your membership by enrolling in another plan**

Usually, to end your membership in *our plan*, you simply enroll in another Medicare plan during one of the enrollment periods (see Section 2 in this chapter for information about the enrollment periods). However, if you want to switch from *our plan* to Original Medicare *without* a Medicare prescription drug plan, you must ask to be disenrolled from *our plan*. There are two ways you can ask to be disenrolled:

You can make a request in writing to us. Contact Customer Service if you need more information on how to do this (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

--or--You can contact Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

**Note:** If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for a continuous period of 63 days or more, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later. ("Creditable" coverage means the coverage is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage.) See Chapter 1, Section 5 for more information about the late enrollment penalty.

**Chapter 10. Ending your membership in the plan**

The table below explains how you should end your membership in *our plan*.

If you would like to switch from <i>our plan</i> to:	This is what you should do:
Another Medicare health plan.	Enroll in the new Medicare health plan. You will automatically be disenrolled from <i>our plan</i> when your new plan's coverage begins.
Original Medicare with a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.	Enroll in the new Medicare prescription drug plan. You will automatically be disenrolled from <i>our plan</i> when your new plan's coverage begins.
Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <b>Note:</b> If you disenroll from a Medicare prescription drug plan and go without creditable prescription drug coverage, you may have to pay a late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later. See Chapter 1, Section 5 for more information about the late enrollment penalty.</li></ul>	<b>Send us a written request to disenroll.</b> Contact Customer Service if you need more information on how to do this (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You can also contact <b>Medicare</b> , at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and ask to be disenrolled. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You will be disenrolled from <i>our plan</i> when your coverage in Original Medicare begins.

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**SECTION 4                    Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your medical services and drugs through *our plan***

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**Section 4.1                    Until your membership ends, you are still a member of *our plan***

If you leave *our plan*, it may take time before your membership ends and your new Medicare coverage goes into effect. (See Section 2 for information on when your new coverage begins.) During this time, you must continue to get your medical care and prescription drugs through *our plan*.

**You should continue to use our network pharmacies to get your prescriptions filled until your membership in *our plan* ends.** Usually, your prescription drugs are only covered if they are filled at a network pharmacy including through our mail-order pharmacy services.

**If you are hospitalized on the day that your membership ends, your hospital stay will usually be covered by *our plan* until you are discharged** (even if you are discharged after your new health coverage begins).

**Chapter 10. Ending your membership in the plan****SECTION 5****Aetna Medicare Plus Plan (HMO) must end your membership in the plan in certain situations****Section 5.1****When must we end your membership in the plan?*****Aetna Medicare Plus Plan (HMO) must end your membership in the plan if any of the following happen:***

If you no longer have Medicare Part A and Part B.

If you move out of our service area.

If you are away from our service area for more than six months.

- If you move or take a long trip, you need to call Customer Service to find out if the place you are moving or traveling to is in *our plan's* area. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

If you become incarcerated (go to prison).

If you are not a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States.

If you lie about or withhold information about other insurance you have that provides prescription drug coverage.

If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you are enrolling in *our plan* and that information affects your eligibility for *our plan*. (We cannot make you leave *our plan* for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)

If you continuously behave in a way that is disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of *our plan*. (We cannot make you leave *our plan* for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)

If you let someone else use your membership card to get medical care. (We cannot make you leave *our plan* for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)

- If we end your membership because of this reason, Medicare may have your case investigated by the Inspector General.

If you are required to pay the extra Part D amount because of your income and you do not pay it, Medicare will disenroll you from *our plan* and you will lose prescription drug coverage.

**Where can you get more information?**

If you have questions or would like more information on when we can end your membership:

You can call **Customer Service** for more information (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

**Chapter 10. Ending your membership in the plan****Section 5.2**

**We cannot ask you to leave *our plan* for any reason related to your health**

Aetna Medicare Plus Plan (HMO) is not allowed to ask you to leave *our plan* for any reason related to your health.

**What should you do if this happens?**

If you feel that you are being asked to leave *our plan* because of a health-related reason, you should call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You may call 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

**Section 5.3**

**You have the right to make a complaint if we end your membership in *our plan***

If we end your membership in *our plan*, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership. You can look in Chapter 9, Section 10 for information about how to make a complaint.

# **CHAPTER 11**

## ***Legal notices***

**Chapter 11. Legal notices**

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**SECTION 1                    Notice about governing law**

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Many laws apply to this *Evidence of Coverage* and some additional provisions may apply because they are required by law. This may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws are not included or explained in this document. The principal law that applies to this document is Title XVIII of the Social Security Act and the regulations created under the Social Security Act by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS. In addition, other Federal laws may apply and, under certain circumstances, the laws of the state you live in.

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**SECTION 2                    Notice about nondiscrimination**

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*Our plan* must obey laws that protect you from discrimination or unfair treatment. We don't discriminate based on race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, gender, age, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area. All organizations that provide Medicare Advantage plans, like *our plan*, must obey Federal laws against discrimination, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 1557 of the Affordable Care Act, all other laws that apply to organizations that get Federal funding, and any other laws and rules that apply for any other reason.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment, please call the Department of Health and Human Services' Office for Civil Rights at 1-800-368-1019 (TTY 1-800-537-7697) or your local Office for Civil Rights.

If you have a disability and need help with access to care, please call us at Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Customer Service can help.

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**SECTION 3                    Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights**

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We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the primary payer. According to CMS regulations at 42 CFR sections 422.108 and 423.462, *Aetna Medicare Plus Plan (HMO)*, as a Medicare Advantage Organization, will exercise the same rights of recovery that the Secretary exercises under CMS regulations in subparts B through D of part 411 of 42 CFR and the rules established in this section supersede any State laws.

In some situations, other parties should pay for your medical care before your Medicare Advantage plan. In those situations, your Medicare Advantage plan may pay, but have the right to get the payments back from these other parties. Medicare Advantage plans may not be the primary payer for medical care you receive. These situations include those in which the Federal Medicare Program is considered a secondary payer under the Medicare Secondary Payer laws. For information on the Federal Medicare Secondary Payer program, Medicare has written a booklet with general information about what happens when people with Medicare have additional insurance. It's called *Medicare and Other Health Benefits: Your*

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*Guide to Who Pays First* (publication number 02179). You can get a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, or by visiting the <https://www.medicare.gov> website.

The Plan's rights to recover in these situations are based on the terms of this health Plan contract, as well as the provisions of the federal statutes governing the Medicare Program. Your Medicare Advantage coverage is always secondary to any payment made or reasonably expected to be made under:

- A workers compensation law or plan of the United States or a State,
- Any non-fault-based insurance, including automobile and non-automobile no-fault and medical payments insurance,
- Any liability insurance policy or plan (including a self-insured plan) issued under an automobile or other type of policy or coverage, and
- Any automobile insurance policy or plan (including a self-insured plan), including, but not limited to, uninsured and underinsured motorist coverages.

Since your Medicare Advantage plan is always secondary to any automobile no-fault (Personal Injury Protection) or medical payments coverage, you should review your automobile insurance policies to ensure that appropriate policy provisions have been selected to make your automobile coverage primary for your medical treatment arising from an automobile accident.

As outlined herein, in these situations, your Medicare Advantage plan may make payments on your behalf for this medical care, subject to the conditions set forth in this provision for the plan to recover these payments from you or from other parties. Immediately upon making any conditional payment, your Medicare Advantage plan shall be subrogated to (stand in the place of) all rights of recovery you have against any person, entity or insurer responsible for causing your injury, illness or condition or against any person, entity or insurer listed as a primary payer above.

In addition, if you receive payment from any person, entity or insurer responsible for causing your injury, illness or condition or you receive payment from any person, entity or insurer listed as a primary payer above, your Medicare Advantage plan has the right to recover from, and be reimbursed by you for all conditional payments the plan has made or will make as a result of that injury, illness or condition.

Your Medicare Advantage plan will automatically have a lien, to the extent of benefits it paid for the treatment of the injury, illness or condition, upon any recovery whether by settlement, judgment or otherwise. The lien may be enforced against any party who possesses funds or proceeds representing the amount of benefits paid by the Plan including, but not limited to, you, your representatives or agents, any person, entity or insurer responsible for causing your injury, illness or condition or any person, entity or insurer listed as a primary payer above.

By accepting benefits (whether the payment of such benefits is made to you or made on your behalf to any health care provider) from your Medicare Advantage plan, you acknowledge that the plan's recovery rights are a first priority claim and are to be paid to the plan before any other claim for your damages. The plan shall be entitled to full

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**Chapter 11. Legal notices**

reimbursement on a first-dollar basis from any payments, even if such payment to the plan will result in a recovery to you which is insufficient to make you whole or to compensate you in part or in whole for the damages you sustained. Your Medicare Advantage plan is not required to participate in or pay court costs or attorney fees to any attorney hired by you to pursue your damage claims.

Your Medicare Advantage plan is entitled to full recovery regardless of whether any liability for payment is admitted by any person, entity or insurer responsible for causing your injury, illness or condition or by any person, entity or insurer listed as a primary payer above. The plan is entitled to full recovery regardless of whether the settlement or judgment received by you identifies the medical benefits the plan provided or purports to allocate any portion of such settlement or judgment to payment of expenses other than medical expenses. The Medicare Advantage plan is entitled to recover from any and all settlements or judgments, even those designated as for pain and suffering, non-economic damages and/or general damages only.

You, and your legal representatives, shall fully cooperate with the plan's efforts to recover its benefits paid. It is your duty to notify the plan within 30 days of the date when notice is given to any party, including an insurance company or attorney, of your intention to pursue or investigate a claim to recover damages or obtain compensation due to your injury, illness or condition. You and your agents or representatives shall provide all information requested by the plan or its representatives. You shall do nothing to prejudice your Medicare Advantage plan subrogation or recovery interest or to prejudice the plan's ability to enforce the terms of this provision. This includes, but is not limited to, refraining from making any settlement or recovery that attempts to reduce or exclude the full cost of all benefits provided by the plan.

Failure to provide requested information or failure to assist your Medicare Advantage plan in pursuit of its subrogation or recovery rights may result in you being personally responsible for reimbursing the plan for benefits paid relating to the injury, illness or condition as well as for the plan's reasonable attorney fees and costs incurred in obtaining reimbursement from you. For more information, see 42 U.S.C. § 1395y(b)(2)(A)(ii) and the Medicare statutes.

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**SECTION 4                    Notice about recovery of overpayments**

If the benefits paid by this Evidence of Coverage, plus the benefits paid by other plans, exceeds the total amount of expenses, Aetna has the right to recover the amount of that excess payment from among one or more of the following: (1) any person to or for whom such payments were made; (2) other Plans; or (3) any other entity to which such payments were made. This right of recovery will be exercised at Aetna's discretion. You shall execute any documents and cooperate with Aetna to secure its right to recover such overpayments, upon request by Aetna.

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**SECTION 5                    National Coverage Determinations**

Sometimes, Medicare adds coverage under Original Medicare for new services during the year. If Medicare adds coverage for any services during 2020, either Medicare or *our plan*

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will cover those services. When we receive coverage updates from Medicare, called National Coverage Determinations, we'll post the coverage updates on our website at <https://www.aetnamedicare.com>. You can also call Customer Service to obtain the coverage updates that have been posted for the benefit year.

## **CHAPTER 12**

***Definitions of important words***

## **Chapter 12. Definitions of important words**

**Allowed Amount** – The amount that providers are paid for covered services. The allowed amount is the amount that a network provider has agreed to accept as payment in full for services provided and is usually less than the provider's billed charges. For out-of-network providers, the allowed amount is the amount Original Medicare would pay for the services provided. Members may pay a portion of, or in some cases, all of the allowed amount if their deductible is not satisfied for the year, or if they have other share-of-cost such as co-insurance and/or co-payments.

**Ambulatory Surgical Center** – An Ambulatory Surgical Center is an entity that operates exclusively for the purpose of furnishing outpatient surgical services to patients not requiring hospitalization and whose expected stay in the center does not exceed 24 hours.

**Annual Enrollment Period** – A set time each fall when members can change their health or drug plans or switch to Original Medicare. The Annual Enrollment Period is from October 15 until December 7.

**Appeal** – An appeal is something you do if you disagree with our decision to deny a request for coverage of health care services or prescription drugs or payment for services or drugs you already received. You may also make an appeal if you disagree with our decision to stop services that you are receiving. For example, you may ask for an appeal if we don't pay for a drug, item, or service you think you should be able to receive. Chapter 9 explains appeals, including the process involved in making an appeal.

**Balance Billing** – When a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills a patient more than the plan's allowed cost-sharing amount. As a member of *our plan*, you only have to pay *our plan's* cost-sharing amounts when you get services covered by *our plan*. We do not allow providers to "balance bill" or otherwise charge you more than the amount of cost-sharing your plan says you must pay.

**Benefit Period** – The way that both *our plan* and Original Medicare measures your use of skilled nursing facility (SNF) services. A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you haven't received any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. If you go into a hospital or a skilled nursing facility after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods.

**Brand Name Drug** – A prescription drug that is manufactured and sold by the pharmaceutical company that originally researched and developed the drug. Brand name drugs have the same active-ingredient formula as the generic version of the drug. However, generic drugs are manufactured and sold by other drug manufacturers and are generally not available until after the patent on the brand name drug has expired.

**Catastrophic Coverage Stage** – The stage in the Part D Drug Benefit where you pay a low copayment or coinsurance for your drugs after you or other qualified parties on your behalf have spent \$6,350 in covered drugs during the covered year.

**Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS)** – The Federal agency that administers Medicare. Chapter 2 explains how to contact CMS.

**Chapter 12. Definitions of important words**

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**Coinsurance** – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for services or prescription drugs. Coinsurance is usually a percentage (for example, 20%).

**Complaint** – The formal name for “making a complaint” is “filing a grievance.” The complaint process is used for certain types of problems *only*. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. See also “Grievance,” in this list of definitions.

**Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF)** – A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness or injury, and provides a variety of services including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy and speech-language pathology services, and home environment evaluation services.

**Copayment (or “copay”)** – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for a medical service or supply, like a doctor’s visit, hospital outpatient visit, or a prescription drug. A copayment is a set amount, rather than a percentage. For example, you might pay \$10 or \$20 for a doctor’s visit or prescription drug.

**Cost** – Refers to the plan’s “maximum allowed amount” or “contracted payment rate”. It is the cost, that is shared between the member and the plan; between the two, the provider is paid only what is due to him or her, i.e., the maximum allowed amount.

**Cost-sharing** – Cost-sharing refers to amounts that a member has to pay when services or drugs are received. Cost-sharing includes any combination of the following three types of payments: (1) any deductible amount a plan may impose before services or drugs are covered; (2) any fixed “copayment” amount that a plan requires when a specific service or drug is received; or (3) any “coinsurance” amount, a percentage of the total amount paid for a service or drug, that a plan requires when a specific service or drug is received. A “daily cost-sharing rate” may apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month’s supply of certain drugs for you and you are required to pay a copayment.

**Cost-Sharing Tier** – Every drug on the list of covered drugs is in one of 5 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug.

**Coverage Determination** – A decision about whether a drug prescribed for you is covered by the plan and the amount, if any, you are required to pay for the prescription. In general, if you bring your prescription to a pharmacy and the pharmacy tells you the prescription isn’t covered under your plan, that isn’t a coverage determination. You need to call or write to your plan to ask for a formal decision about the coverage. Coverage determinations are called “coverage decisions” in this booklet. Chapter 9 explains how to ask us for a coverage decision.

**Covered Drugs** – The term we use to mean all of the prescription drugs covered by *our plan*.

**Covered Services** – The general term we use to mean all of the health care services and supplies that are covered by *our plan*.

**Creditable Prescription Drug Coverage** – Prescription drug coverage (for example, from an employer or union) that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare’s

**Chapter 12. Definitions of important words**

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standard prescription drug coverage. People who have this kind of coverage when they become eligible for Medicare can generally keep that coverage without paying a penalty, if they decide to enroll in Medicare prescription drug coverage later.

**Custodial Care** – Custodial care is personal care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not need skilled medical care or skilled nursing care. Custodial care is personal care that can be provided by people who don't have professional skills or training, such as help with activities of daily living like bathing, dressing, eating, getting in or out of a bed or chair, moving around, and using the bathroom. It may also include the kind of health-related care that most people do themselves, like using eye drops. Medicare doesn't pay for custodial care.

**Customer Service** – A department within *our plan* responsible for answering your questions about your membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals. See Chapter 2 for information about how to contact Customer Service.

**Daily cost-sharing rate** – A "daily cost-sharing rate" may apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply of certain drugs for you and you are required to pay a copayment. A daily cost-sharing rate is the copayment divided by the number of days in a month's supply. Here is an example: If your copayment for a one-month supply of a drug is \$30, and a one-month's supply in your plan is 30 days, then your "daily cost-sharing rate" is \$1 per day. This means you pay \$1 for each day's supply when you fill your prescription.

**Disenroll or Disenrollment** – The process of ending your membership in *our plan*. Disenrollment may be voluntary (your own choice) or involuntary (not your own choice).

**Dispensing Fee** – A fee charged each time a covered drug is dispensed to pay for the cost of filling a prescription. The dispensing fee covers costs such as the pharmacist's time to prepare and package the prescription.

**Durable Medical Equipment (DME)** – Certain medical equipment that is ordered by your doctor for medical reasons. Examples include walkers, wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, or hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home.

**Emergency** – A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

**Emergency Care** – Covered services that are: 1) rendered by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services; and 2) needed to treat, evaluate, or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

**Evidence of Coverage (EOC) and Disclosure Information** – This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, riders, or other optional coverage selected, which explains your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you have to do as a member of *our plan*.

**Chapter 12. Definitions of important words**

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**Exception** – A type of coverage determination that, if approved, allows you to get a drug that is not on your plan sponsor's formulary (a formulary exception), or get a non-preferred drug at a lower cost-sharing level (a tiering exception). You may also request an exception if your plan sponsor requires you to try another drug before receiving the drug you are requesting, or the plan limits the quantity or dosage of the drug you are requesting (a formulary exception).

**Extra Help** – A Medicare program to help people with limited income and resources pay Medicare prescription drug program costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance.

**Generic Drug** – A prescription drug that is approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) as having the same active ingredient(s) as the brand name drug. Generally, a "generic" drug works the same as a brand name drug and usually costs less.

**Grievance** – A type of complaint you make about us or pharmacies, including a complaint concerning the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes.

**Health Maintenance Organizations (HMO)** -- A type of Medicare managed care plan where a group of doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers agree to give health care to Medicare beneficiaries for a set amount of money from Medicare every month. You usually must get your care from the providers in the plan.

**Home Health Aide** – A home health aide provides services that don't need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (e.g., bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises). Home health aides do not have a nursing license or provide therapy.

**Hospice** – A member who has 6 months or less to live has the right to elect hospice. We, your plan, must provide you with a list of hospices in your geographic area. If you elect hospice and continue to pay premiums you are still a member of *our plan*. You can still obtain all medically necessary services as well as the supplemental benefits we offer. The hospice will provide special treatment for your state.

**Hospital Inpatient Stay** – A hospital stay when you have been formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient."

**Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount (IRMAA)** – If your modified adjusted gross income as reported on your IRS tax return from 2 years ago is above a certain amount, you'll pay the standard premium amount and an Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount, also known as IRMAA. IRMAA is an extra charge added to your premium. Less than 5% of people with Medicare are affected, so most people will not pay a higher premium.

**Independent Practice Associations (IPA)** -- Negotiate with insurers to provide services for insureds on a flat fee or retainer basis. They allow physicians to remain independent while still collaborating with other doctors to achieve best practices and negotiate with insurers as a group.

**Chapter 12. Definitions of important words**

**Initial Coverage Limit** – The maximum limit of coverage under the Initial Coverage Stage.

**Initial Coverage Stage** – This is the stage before your total drug costs including amounts you have paid and what your plan has paid on your behalf for the year have reached \$4,020.

**Initial Enrollment Period** – When you are first eligible for Medicare, the period of time when you can sign up for Medicare Part A and Part B. For example, if you're eligible for Medicare when you turn 65, your Initial Enrollment Period is the 7-month period that begins 3 months before the month you turn 65, includes the month you turn 65, and ends 3 months after the month you turn 65.

**In-Network Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount** – The most you will pay for covered services received from network (preferred) providers. After you have reached this limit, you will not have to pay anything when you get covered services from network providers for the rest of the contract year. See Chapter 4, Section 1.2, for information about your in-network maximum out-of-pocket amount.

**List of Covered Drugs (Formulary or “Drug List”)** – A list of prescription drugs covered by the plan. The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of doctors and pharmacists. The list includes both brand name and generic drugs.

**Low Income Subsidy (LIS)** – See “Extra Help.”

**Maximum Charge** – The maximum amount or limiting charge that a non-participating provider may charge a Medicare beneficiary for services billed on non-assigned claims.

**Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount** – The most that you pay out-of-pocket during the calendar year for in-network covered services. Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and prescription drugs do not count toward the maximum out-of-pocket amount. See Chapter 4, Section 1.2 for information about your maximum out-of-pocket amount.

**Medicaid (or Medical Assistance)** – A joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with low incomes and limited resources. Medicaid programs vary from state to state, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid. See **Addendum A** for information about how to contact Medicaid in your state.

**Medically Accepted Indication** – A use of a drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain reference books. See Chapter 5, Section 3 for more information about a medically accepted indication.

**Medically Necessary** – Services, supplies, or drugs that are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

**Medicare** – The Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant). People with Medicare can get their Medicare health coverage through Original Medicare or a Medicare Advantage Plan.

**Chapter 12. Definitions of important words**

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**Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period** – A set time each year when members in a Medicare Advantage plan can cancel their plan enrollment and switch to Original Medicare or make changes to your Part D coverage. The Open Enrollment Period is from January 1 until March 31, 2020.

**Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan** – Sometimes called Medicare Part C. A plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide you with all your Medicare Part A and Part B benefits. A Medicare Advantage Plan can be an HMO, PPO, a Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) plan, or a Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) plan. When you are enrolled in a Medicare Advantage Plan, Medicare services are covered through the plan, and are not paid for under Original Medicare. In most cases, Medicare Advantage Plans also offer Medicare Part D (prescription drug coverage). These plans are called

**Medicare Advantage Plans with Prescription Drug Coverage**. Everyone who has Medicare Part A and Part B is eligible to join any Medicare health plan that is offered in their area, except people with End-Stage Renal Disease (unless certain exceptions apply).

**Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program** – A program that provides discounts on most covered Part D brand name drugs to Part D members who have reached the Coverage Gap Stage and who are not already receiving “Extra Help.” Discounts are based on agreements between the Federal government and certain drug manufacturers. For this reason, most, but not all, brand name drugs are discounted.

**Medicare-Covered Services** – Services covered by Medicare Part A and Part B. All Medicare health plans, including *our plan*, must cover all of the services that are covered by Medicare Part A and B.

**Medicare Health Plan** – A Medicare health plan is offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide Part A and Part B benefits to people with Medicare who enroll in the plan. This term includes all Medicare Advantage Plans, Medicare Cost Plans, Demonstration/Pilot Programs, and Programs of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

**Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage (Medicare Part D)** – Insurance to help pay for outpatient prescription drugs, vaccines, biologicals, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Part B.

**“Medigap” (Medicare Supplement Insurance) Policy** – Medicare supplement insurance sold by private insurance companies to fill “gaps” in Original Medicare. Medigap policies only work with Original Medicare. (A Medicare Advantage Plan is not a Medigap policy.)

**Member (Member of *our plan*, or “Plan Member”)** – A person with Medicare who is eligible to get covered services, who has enrolled in *our plan*, and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).

**Network** – A group of doctors, hospitals, pharmacies, and other health care experts contracted by *our plan* to provide covered services to its members (see Chapter 1, Section 3.2). Network providers are independent contractors and not agents of *our plan*.

**Network Pharmacy** – A network pharmacy is a pharmacy where members of *our plan* can get their prescription drug benefits. We call them “network pharmacies” because they contract with *our plan*. In most cases, your prescriptions are covered only if they are filled at one of our network pharmacies.

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**Network Provider** – “Provider” is the general term we use for doctors, other health care professionals, hospitals, and other health care facilities that are licensed or certified by Medicare and by the State to provide health care services. We call them “**network providers**” when they have an agreement with *our plan* to accept our payment as payment in full, and in some cases, to coordinate as well as provide covered services to members of *our plan*. *Our plan* pays network providers based on the agreements it has with the providers or if the providers agree to provide you with plan-covered services. Network providers may also be referred to as “plan providers.”

**Non-Medicare Covered Services** – Services that are not normally covered when you have Original Medicare. These are usually extra benefits you may receive as a member of a Medicare Advantage plan.

**Opt-Out Provider** – A physician or practitioner who does not wish to enroll in the Medicare program may “opt-out” of Medicare. They must file a written affidavit with Medicare in which they agree to opt-out of the program. Neither the physician, nor the beneficiary submits the bill to Medicare for services rendered. This means they agree not to treat Medicare beneficiaries-unless the beneficiary enters into a private contract with the provider, where they agree to pay the entire cost of care. These costs are not limited to what Medicare would allow for the same treatment. Opt out providers are neither part of our Network nor eligible reimbursement except for emergency or urgently needed care. The federal government maintains a list of opt-out providers at <https://data.cms.gov/dataset/Opt-Out-Affidavits/7yuw-754z>.

**Organization Determination** – The Medicare Advantage plan has made an organization determination when it makes a decision about whether items or services are covered or how much you have to pay for covered items or services. Organization determinations are called “coverage decisions” in this booklet. Chapter 9 explains how to ask us for a coverage decision.

**Original Medicare (“Traditional Medicare” or “Fee-for-service” Medicare)** – Original Medicare is offered by the government, and not a private health plan like Medicare Advantage Plans and prescription drug plans. Under Original Medicare, Medicare services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers payment amounts established by Congress. You can see any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. You must pay the deductible. Medicare pays its share of the Medicare-approved amount, and you pay your share. Original Medicare has two parts: Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Part B (Medical Insurance) and is available everywhere in the United States.

**Out-of-Network Pharmacy** – A pharmacy that doesn’t have a contract with *our plan* to coordinate or provide covered drugs to members of *our plan*. As explained in this Evidence of Coverage, most drugs you get from out-of-network pharmacies are not covered by *our plan* unless certain conditions apply.

**Out-of-Network Provider or Out-of-Network Facility** – A provider or facility with which we have not arranged to coordinate or provide covered services to members of *our plan*. Out-of-network providers are providers that are not employed, owned, or operated by *our*

**Chapter 12. Definitions of important words**

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*plan* or are not under contract to deliver covered services to you. Using out-of-network providers or facilities is explained in this booklet in Chapter 3.

**Out-of-Pocket Costs** – See the definition for “cost-sharing” above. A member’s cost-sharing requirement to pay for a portion of services or drugs received is also referred to as the member’s “out-of-pocket” cost requirement.

**Part C – see “Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan.”**

**Part D** – The voluntary Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit Program. (For ease of reference, we will refer to the prescription drug benefit program as Part D.)

**Part D Drugs** – Drugs that can be covered under Part D. We may or may not offer all Part D drugs. (See your formulary for a specific list of covered drugs.) Certain categories of drugs were specifically excluded by Congress from being covered as Part D drugs.

**Part D Late Enrollment Penalty** – An amount added to your monthly premium for Medicare drug coverage if you go without creditable coverage (coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage) for a continuous period of 63 days or more. You pay this higher amount as long as you have a Medicare drug plan. There are some exceptions. For example, if you receive “Extra Help” from Medicare to pay your prescription drug plan costs, you will not pay a late enrollment penalty.

**Plan’s Reimbursement Rate** – The amount a network provider agrees to accept as payment in full under its contract with us. The plan’s reimbursement rate is determined by our contract with our providers. Sometimes in our contracts we pay a set amount for each covered service that you receive based upon a fee schedule. Other times our provider contracts are value-based contracts. This means that we pay providers for coordinating member care, improving clinical outcomes and efficiencies, and providing covered services. When your provider has a value based contract with us, we will calculate the amount you have to pay, where applicable, using either a fee schedule in the provider contract or the Medicare payment rate for participating providers.

**Preferred Cost-sharing** – Preferred cost-sharing means lower cost-sharing for certain covered Part D drugs at certain network pharmacies.

**Premium** – The periodic payment to Medicare, an insurance company, or a health care plan for health or prescription drug coverage.

**Prescription Drug Benefit Manager** – Often referred to as a Pharmacy Benefits Manager (PBM), which is a third-party administrator of prescription drug programs. The PBM is primarily responsible for processing and paying prescription drug claims, but they also may be responsible for contracting with pharmacies and negotiating discounts and rebates with drug manufacturers.

**Primary Care Provider (PCP)** – Your primary care provider is the doctor or other provider you see first for most health problems. He or she makes sure you get the care you need to keep you healthy. He or she also may talk with other doctors and health care providers about your care and refer you to them. In many Medicare health plans, you must see your

**Chapter 12. Definitions of important words**

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primary care provider before you see any other health care provider. See Chapter 3, Section 2.1 for information about Primary Care Providers.

**Prior Authorization** – Approval in advance to get services or certain drugs that may or may not be on our formulary. Some in-network medical services are covered only if you, your doctor or other network provider gets “prior authorization” from *our plan*. Covered services that need prior authorization are marked in the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4. Some drugs are covered only if you, your doctor or other network provider gets “prior authorization” from us. Covered drugs that need prior authorization are marked in the formulary.

**Prosthetics and Orthotics** – These are medical devices ordered by your doctor or other health care provider. Covered items include, but are not limited to, arm, back and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

**Quality Improvement Organization (QIO)** – A group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. See the **Addendum A** at the end of this *Evidence of Coverage* for information about how to contact the QIO for your state.

**Quantity Limits** – A management tool that is designed to limit the use of selected drugs for quality, safety, or utilization reasons. Limits may be on the amount of the drug that we cover per prescription or for a defined period of time.

**Rehabilitation Services** – These services include physical therapy, speech and language therapy, and occupational therapy.

**Service Area** – A geographic area where a health plan accepts members if it limits membership based on where people live. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it’s also generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services. The plan may disenroll you if you permanently move out of the plan’s service area.

**Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Care** – Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of skilled nursing facility care include physical therapy or intravenous injections that can only be given by a registered nurse or doctor.

**Special Enrollment Period** – A set time when members can change their health or drug plans or return to Original Medicare. Situations in which you may be eligible for a Special Enrollment Period include: if you move outside the service area, if you are getting “Extra Help” with your prescription drug costs, if you move into a nursing home, or if we violate our contract with you.

**Special Needs Plan** – A special type of Medicare Advantage Plan that provides more focused health care for specific groups of people, such as those who have both Medicare and Medicaid, who reside in a nursing home, or who have certain chronic medical conditions.

**Chapter 12. Definitions of important words**

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**Step Therapy** – A utilization tool that requires you to first try another drug to treat your medical condition before we will cover the drug your physician may have initially prescribed.

**Supplemental Security Income (SSI)** – A monthly benefit paid by Social Security to people with limited income and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and older. SSI benefits are not the same as Social Security benefits.

**Urgently Needed Services** – Urgently needed services are provided to treat a non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care. Urgently needed services may be furnished by network providers or by out-of-network providers when network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible.

## Addendum A

<b>Quality Improvement Organizations (QIO)</b>	
<b>Region 1:</b> Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont	<b>KEPRO</b> , 5700 Lombardo Center Dr., Suite 100, Seven Hills, OH 44131, Toll-free Phone: 888-319-8452, Fax: 833-868-4055, TTY: 855-843-4776, Website: <a href="http://www.keproqio.com">www.keproqio.com</a>
<b>Region 2:</b> New Jersey, New York, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands	<b>Livanta</b> BFCC-QIO Program, 10820 Guilford Road, Suite 202, Annapolis Junction, MD 20701, Toll-free Phone: 866-815-5440, Fax: 833-868-4056, TTY: 866-868-2289, Website: <a href="http://www.livantaqio.com">www.livantaqio.com</a>
<b>Region 3:</b> Delaware, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, Washington, DC, West Virginia	<b>Livanta</b> BFCC-QIO Program, 10820 Guilford Road, Suite 202, Annapolis Junction, MD 20701, Toll-free Phone: 888-396-4646, Fax: 833-868-4057, TTY: 888-985-2660, Website: <a href="http://www.livantaqio.com">www.livantaqio.com</a>
<b>Region 4:</b> Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee	<b>KEPRO</b> , 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900, Tampa, FL 33609, Toll-free Phone: 888-317-0751, Fax: 833-868-4058, TTY: 855-843-4776, Website: <a href="http://www.keproqio.com">www.keproqio.com</a>
<b>Region 5:</b> Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, Wisconsin	<b>Livanta</b> BFCC-QIO Program, 10820 Guilford Road, Suite 202, Annapolis Junction, MD 20701, Toll-free Phone: 888-524-9900, Fax: 833-868-4059, TTY: 888-985-8775, Website: <a href="http://www.livantaqio.com">www.livantaqio.com</a>
<b>Region 6:</b> Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas	<b>KEPRO</b> , 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900, Tampa, FL 33609, Toll-free Phone: 888-315-0636, Fax: 833-868-4060, TTY: 855-843-4776, Website: <a href="http://www.keproqio.com">www.keproqio.com</a>
<b>Region 7:</b> Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska	<b>Livanta</b> BFCC-QIO Program, 10820 Guilford Road, Suite 202, Annapolis Junction, MD 20701, Toll-free Phone: 888-755-5580, Fax: 833-868-4061, TTY: 888-985-9295, Website: <a href="http://www.livantaqio.com">www.livantaqio.com</a>
<b>Region 8:</b> Colorado, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Wyoming	<b>KEPRO</b> , 5700 Lombardo Center Dr., Suite 100, Seven Hills, OH 44131, Toll-free Phone: 888-317-0891, Fax: 833-868-4062, TTY: 855-843-4776, Website: <a href="http://www.keproqio.com">www.keproqio.com</a>
<b>Region 9:</b> Arizona, California, Hawaii, Nevada, Pacific Islands	<b>Livanta</b> BFCC-QIO Program, 10820 Guilford Road, Suite 202, Annapolis Junction, MD 20701, Toll-free Phone: 877-588-1123, Fax: 833-868-4063, TTY: 855-887-6668, Website: <a href="http://www.livantaqio.com">www.livantaqio.com</a>
<b>Region 10:</b> Alaska, Idaho, Oregon, Washington	<b>KEPRO</b> , 5700 Lombardo Center Dr., Suite 100, Seven Hills, OH 44131, Toll-free Phone: 888-305-6759, Fax: 833-868-4064, TTY: 855-843-4776, Website: <a href="http://www.keproqio.com">www.keproqio.com</a>

If no TTY number is listed you may try 711 (National Relay Service)

## Addendum A

State Medicaid Offices	
AK	<b>Alaska Department of Health and Social Services</b> , 4501 Business Park Blvd., Bldg L, Anchorage, AK 99503-9972, Phone: 800-770-5650, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://dhss.alaska.gov/dpa/Pages/medicaid/default.aspx">dhss.alaska.gov/dpa/Pages/medicaid/default.aspx</a>
AL	<b>Alabama Medicaid Agency</b> , P.O. Box 5624, Montgomery, AL 36103, Phone: 800-362-1504, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.medicaid.alabama.gov">www.medicaid.alabama.gov</a>
AR	<b>Arkansas Medicaid</b> , P.O. Box 1437, Donaghey Plaza, Little Rock, AR 72203-1437, Phone: 800-482-8988, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://humanservices.arkansas.gov/about-dhs/dco/programs-services">https://humanservices.arkansas.gov/about-dhs/dco/programs-services</a>
AZ	<b>Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System</b> , 801 E. Jefferson Street, Phoenix, AZ 85034, Phone: In State only: 602-417-4000, Out of State: 800-523-0231, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.azahcccs.gov">www.azahcccs.gov</a>
CA	<b>California Department of Health Services Medi-Cal</b> , 820 Stillwater Road, West Sacramento, CA 95605-1630, Phone: In State only: 800-541-5555, Out of State: 916-636-1980, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.medi-cal.ca.gov/">http://www.medi-cal.ca.gov/</a>
CO	<b>Department of Health Care Policy and Financing of Colorado</b> , 1570 Grant Street, Denver, CO 80203-1818, Phone: 800-221-3943, TTY: 800-659-2656, Hours: M-F 7:30 a.m.-5:15 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.colorado.gov/hcpf">www.colorado.gov/hcpf</a>
CT	<b>Connecticut Department of Social Services</b> , 55 Farmington Ave., Hartford, CT 06105, Phone: 855-626-6632, TTY: 800-842-4524, Hours: M-F 7:30 a.m.-4 p.m., Website: <a href="http://portal.ct.gov/DSS/Services/Health-and-Home-Care">https://portal.ct.gov/DSS/Services/Health-and-Home-Care</a>
DC	<b>The Department of Health Care Finance</b> , 441 4th Street, NW, 900S, Washington, DC 20001, Phone: 202-442-5988, Hours: M-F 8:15 a.m.-4:45 p.m., Website: <a href="http://dhcf.dc.gov/service/medicaid">http://dhcf.dc.gov/service/medicaid</a>
DE	<b>Delaware Health and Social Services</b> , 1901 N. DuPont Highway, Lewis Bldg., New Castle, DE 19720, Phone: 800-372-2022, or 866-843-7212, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dmma/medicaid.html">http://dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dmma/medicaid.html</a>
FL	<b>Florida Agency for Health Care Administration</b> , 2727 Mahan Drive Tallahassee, FL 32308, Phone: 888-419-3456, TTY: 800- 955-8771, Website: <a href="http://ahca.myflorida.com/Medicaid/index.shtml">https://ahca.myflorida.com/Medicaid/index.shtml</a> , Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m.
GA	<b>Georgia Department of Community Health</b> , 2 Peachtree Street, NW, Atlanta, GA 30303, Phone: 866-211-0950, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://medicaid.georgia.gov/">https://medicaid.georgia.gov/</a>
HI	<b>Department of Human Services of Hawaii</b> , P.O. Box 3490 Honolulu, HI 96811-3490, Phone: 877-628-5076, TTY: 855-585-8604, Hours: M-F 7:30 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://medquest.hawaii.gov/">https://medquest.hawaii.gov/</a>
IA	<b>Department of Human Services of Iowa</b> , P.O. Box 36510, Des Moines, IA 50315, Phone: 800-338-8366, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://dhs.iowa.gov/iahealthlink">http://dhs.iowa.gov/iahealthlink</a>

If no TTY number is listed you may try 711 (National Relay Service)

## Addendum A

State Medicaid Offices	
<b>ID</b>	<b>Idaho Department of Health and Welfare</b> , P.O. Box 83720, Boise, ID 83720, Phone: 877-456-1233, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.healthandwelfare.idaho.gov">www.healthandwelfare.idaho.gov</a>
<b>IL</b>	<b>Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services</b> , 401 S. Clinton Street, Chicago, IL 60607, or 100 S. Grand Avenue, East, Springfield, IL 62762, Phone: 800-843-6154, TTY: 800-447-6404, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www2.illinois.gov/hfs">http://www2.illinois.gov/hfs</a>
<b>IN</b>	<b>Indiana Medicaid</b> , 2 N. Meridian St. Indianapolis, IN 46204, Phone: 1-800-382-9480, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.in.gov/medicaid/">https://www.in.gov/medicaid/</a>
<b>KS</b>	<b>KanCare Kansas Medicaid</b> , P.O. Box 3599, Topeka, KS 66601, Phone: 800-792-4884, TTY: 800-766-3777, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-7 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.kancare.ks.gov/">http://www.kancare.ks.gov/</a>
<b>KY</b>	<b>Kentucky Cabinet for Health and Family Services</b> , 275 E. Main Street, Frankfort, KY 40621, Phone: 1-800-635-2570, TTY: 800-627-4702, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="https://chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dms">https://chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dms</a>
<b>LA</b>	<b>Louisiana Department of Health and Hospitals</b> , P.O. Box 629, Baton Rouge, LA 70821-0629, Phone: Out of State only: 888-342-6207, In State: 225-342-9500, Hours: M-F 7 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://new.dhh.louisiana.gov/index.cfm/subhome/1/n/10">http://new.dhh.louisiana.gov/index.cfm/subhome/1/n/10</a>
<b>MA</b>	<b>Office of Health and Human Services of Massachusetts</b> , 100 Hancock St., 6 <sup>th</sup> Floor Quincy, MA 02171, Phone: 800-841-2900, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.mass.gov/orgs/masshealth">https://www.mass.gov/orgs/masshealth</a>
<b>MD</b>	<b>Department of Health and Mental Hygiene</b> , 201 W. Preston Street, Baltimore, MD 21201, Phone: Out of State only: 877-463-3464, In State: 410-767-6500, Hours: M-F 8:30 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://mmcp.health.maryland.gov/pap">https://mmcp.health.maryland.gov/pap</a>
<b>ME</b>	<b>Office of MaineCare Services</b> , 11 State House Station, Augusta, ME 04333, Phone: 800-977-6740, or 207-287-2674, Hours: M-F 7 a.m.-6 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.maine.gov/dhhs/oms">www.maine.gov/dhhs/oms</a>
<b>MI</b>	<b>Michigan Department of Health &amp; Human Services</b> , Capital View Building, 201 Townsend Street, Lansing, MI 48913, 333 S. Grand Ave, P.O. Box 30195, Lansing Michigan 48909 Phone: 855-275-6424, or 517-373-3740, TTY: 800-649-3777, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-7 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.michigan.gov/medicaid">www.michigan.gov/medicaid</a>
<b>MN</b>	<b>Minnesota Department of Human Services</b> , P.O. Box 64993, St. Paul, MN 55164, Phone: 800-657-3739, TTY: 800-627-3529, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://mn.gov/dhs">https://mn.gov/dhs</a>
<b>MO</b>	<b>Missouri Department of Social Services</b> , 615 Howerton Court, P.O. Box 6500, Jefferson City, MO 65102, Phone: 800-392-2161, or 573-751-3425, TTY: 800-735-2966, Hours: M-F 7:30 a.m.-5:30 p.m., Website: <a href="https://mydss.mo.gov/">https://mydss.mo.gov/</a>
<b>MS</b>	<b>Mississippi Division of Medicaid</b> , 550 High Street, Suite 1000, Jackson, MS 39201, Phone: 800-421-2408, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.medicaid.ms.gov/">http://www.medicaid.ms.gov/</a>

If no TTY number is listed you may try 711 (National Relay Service)

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<b>State Medicaid Offices</b>	
<b>MT</b>	<b>Montana Department of Public Health &amp; Human Services</b> , 1400 Broadway, Cogswell Building, Helena, MT 59620, Phone: 800-362-8312, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://dphhs.mt.gov">http://dphhs.mt.gov</a>
<b>NC</b>	<b>North Carolina Dept of Health and Human Services, Division of Medical Assistance</b> , 2501 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-2501, Phone: 800-662-7030, or 919-855-4100, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.ncdhhs.gov/dma">www.ncdhhs.gov/dma</a>
<b>ND</b>	<b>Dept of Human Services of North Dakota - Medical Services</b> , 600 E. Boulevard Avenue, Dept 325, Bismarck, ND 58505, Phone: 800-755-2604, TTY: 800-366-6888, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.nd.gov/dhs/services/medicalserv/medicaid">www.nd.gov/dhs/services/medicalserv/medicaid</a>
<b>NE</b>	<b>Nebraska Department of Health and Human Services System</b> , 301 Centennial Mall South, Lincoln, NE 68508, Phone: 800-254-4202, TTY: 402-471-6035, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://dhhs.ne.gov/Pages/medicaid-and-long-term-care.aspx">http://dhhs.ne.gov/Pages/medicaid-and-long-term-care.aspx</a>
<b>NH</b>	<b>New Hampshire Department of Health and Human Services</b> , 129 Pleasant Street, Concord, NH 03301, Phone: 603-271-4344, or 844-275-3447, TTY: 800-735-2964, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.dhhs.nh.gov/ombp/medicaid/">http://www.dhhs.nh.gov/ombp/medicaid/</a>
<b>NJ</b>	<b>Department of Human Services of New Jersey</b> , NJ Department of Human Services, Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services, P.O. Box 712, Trenton, NJ 08625, Phone: 800-356-1561, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.nj.gov/humanservices/dmahs/clients/medicaid/">http://www.nj.gov/humanservices/dmahs/clients/medicaid/</a>
<b>NM</b>	<b>Department of Human Services of New Mexico</b> , P.O. Box 2348, Santa Fe, NM 87504, Phone: 855-637-6574, or 888-997-2583, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.hsd.state.nm.us/LookingForAssistance/centennial-care-overview.aspx">http://www.hsd.state.nm.us/LookingForAssistance/centennial-care-overview.aspx</a>
<b>NV</b>	<b>Nevada Department of Health and Human Services</b> , 1100 E. William Street, Suite 102, Carson City, NV 89701, Phone: 877-638-3472, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.medicaid.nv.gov/">http://www.medicaid.nv.gov/</a>
<b>NY</b>	<b>New York State Department of Health Office of Medicaid Management</b> , New York State Department of Health, Corning Tower, Empire State Plaza, Albany, NY 12237, Phone: 800-541-2831, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-8 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/">http://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/</a>
<b>OH</b>	<b>Ohio Department of Medicaid</b> , 50 W. Town Street, Suite 400, Columbus, OH 43215, Phone: 800-324-8680, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.medicaid.ohio.gov">http://www.medicaid.ohio.gov</a>
<b>OK</b>	<b>Oklahoma Health Care Authority</b> , 4345 N. Lincoln Blvd., Oklahoma City, OK 73105, Phone: 800-987-7767, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.okhca.org">www.okhca.org</a>
<b>OR</b>	<b>Oregon Health Authority</b> , 500 Summer Street, NE, Salem, OR 97301, Phone: Out of State only: 800-273-0557, In State: 503-945-5944, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.oregon.gov/oha/hsd/ohp">http://www.oregon.gov/oha/hsd/ohp</a>
<b>PA</b>	<b>Pennsylvania Department of Human Services</b> , P.O. Box 2675, Harrisburg, PA 17105-2675, Phone: 800-692-7462, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.dhs.pa.gov">www.dhs.pa.gov</a>

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State Medicaid Offices	
<b>RI</b>	<b>Department of Human Services of Rhode Island</b> , Louis Pasteur Building, 57 Howard Ave., Cranston, RI 02920, Phone: 855-697-4347, Hours: M-F 8:30 a.m.-4 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.dhs.ri.gov">www.dhs.ri.gov</a>
<b>SC</b>	<b>South Carolina Healthy Connections Medicaid</b> , P.O. Box 8206, Columbia, SC 29202, Phone: 888-549-0820, TTY: 888-842-3620, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-6 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.scdhhs.gov/">https://www.scdhhs.gov/</a>
<b>SD</b>	<b>Department of Social Services of South Dakota</b> , 700 Governors Drive, Pierre, SD 57501, Phone: 800-452-7691, or 605-773-3165, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="https://dss.sd.gov/medicaid/">https://dss.sd.gov/medicaid/</a>
<b>TN</b>	<b>Bureau of TennCare</b> , 310 Great Circle Road, Nashville, TN 37243, Phone: 800-342-3145, TTY: 877-779-3103, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.tn.gov/tenncare">www.tn.gov/tenncare</a>
<b>TX</b>	<b>Texas Health and Human Services Commission</b> , 4900 N. Lamar Boulevard, Austin, TX 78751-2316, Phone: 800-252-8263, or 512-424-6500, Hours: M-F 7 a.m.-7 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.hhsc.state.tx.us/medicaid/">http://www.hhsc.state.tx.us/medicaid/</a>
<b>UT</b>	<b>Utah Department of Health Medicaid</b> , P.O. Box 143106, Salt Lake City, UT 84114-3106, Phone: 800-662-9651, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://medicaid.utah.gov/">https://medicaid.utah.gov/</a>
<b>VA</b>	<b>Virginia Medicaid</b> , 600 E. Broad Street, Suite 1300, Richmond, VA 23219, Phone: 804-786-6145, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.dmas.virginia.gov">https://www.dmas.virginia.gov</a>
<b>VT</b>	<b>Green Mountain Care: Medicaid</b> , 103 S. Main Street, Waterbury, VT 05671, Phone: 800-250-8427, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-8 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.greenmountaincare.org/mabd">http://www.greenmountaincare.org/mabd</a>
<b>WA</b>	<b>Washington Department of Social and Health Services</b> , Health Care Authority, Box 45502, Olympia, WA 98504, Phone: 855-923-4633, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-6 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.wahealthplanfinder.org">https://www.wahealthplanfinder.org</a>
<b>WI</b>	<b>Wisconsin Department of Health Services</b> , 1 W. Wilson Street, Madison, WI 53703, Phone: 800-362-3002, or 608-266-1865, TTY: 888-701-1251, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-6 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/medicaid">https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/medicaid</a>
<b>WV</b>	<b>West Virginia Department of Health &amp; Human Resources</b> , One Davis Square, Suite 100 East, Charleston, WV 25301, Phone: 800-642-8589, or 304-558-0684, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.dhhr.wv.gov">http://www.dhhr.wv.gov</a>
<b>WY</b>	<b>Wyoming Department of Health</b> , 401 Hathaway Building, Cheyenne, WY 82002, Phone: 866-571-0944, Hours: M-F 8:30 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.health.wyo.gov">www.health.wyo.gov</a>

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<b>State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)</b>	
<b>AK</b>	<b>Alaska State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)</b> , 550 W. 8th Avenue, Anchorage, AK 99501, Phone: 800-478-6065, or 907-269-3680, TTY: 800-770-8973, Website: <a href="http://dhss.alaska.gov/dsds/Pages/medicare/default.aspx">http://dhss.alaska.gov/dsds/Pages/medicare/default.aspx</a>
<b>AL</b>	<b>State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)</b> , Alabama Department of Senior Services, 201 Monroe Street, Suite 350, Montgomery, AL 36104, Phone: 800-243-5463, Website: <a href="http://www.alabamaageline.gov">www.alabamaageline.gov</a>
<b>AR</b>	<b>Seniors Health Insurance Information Program (SHIIP)</b> , 1200 W. 3rd Street, Little Rock, AR 72201-1904, Phone: 800-224-6330, Website: <a href="https://insurance.arkansas.gov/pages/consumer-services/senior-health/">https://insurance.arkansas.gov/pages/consumer-services/senior-health/</a>
<b>AZ</b>	<b>Arizona State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)</b> , 1789 W. Jefferson, Site Code 950A, Phoenix, AZ 85007, Phone: 800-432-4040, Website: <a href="https://des.az.gov/services/aging-and-adult/state-health-insurance-assistance-program-ship">https://des.az.gov/services/aging-and-adult/state-health-insurance-assistance-program-ship</a>
<b>CA</b>	<b>Health Insurance Counseling &amp; Advocacy Program (HICAP)</b> , 1300 National Drive, Suite 200, Sacramento, CA 95834, Phone: 800-434-0222, TTY: 800-735-2929, Website: <a href="https://www.aging.ca.gov/Providers_and_Partners/Health_Insurance_Counseling_and_Advocacy_Program/">https://www.aging.ca.gov/Providers_and_Partners/Health_Insurance_Counseling_and_Advocacy_Program/</a>
<b>CO</b>	<b>Senior Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)</b> , 1560 Broadway, Suite 850, Denver, CO 80202, Phone: 800-930-3745, Website: <a href="https://www.colorado.gov/dora/division-insurance">https://www.colorado.gov/dora/division-insurance</a>
<b>CT</b>	<b>Connecticut Program for Health Insurance Assistance, Outreach, Information &amp; Referral Counseling and Elig. Screening (CHOICES)</b> , 55 Farmington Avenue, Hartford, CT 06105-3730, Phone: In state: 866-218-6631, Out of State: 860-424-5274, TTY: 800-842-4524, Website: <a href="http://www.ct.gov/agingservices">www.ct.gov/agingservices</a>
<b>DC</b>	<b>Health Insurance Counseling Project (HICP)</b> , 500 K Street, NE Washington, DC 20002, Phone: 202-994-6272, Website: <a href="https://dcoa.dc.gov/service/health-insurance-counseling">https://dcoa.dc.gov/service/health-insurance-counseling</a>
<b>DE</b>	<b>The Delaware Medicare Assistance Bureau (DMAB)</b> , DHSS Herman Holloway Campus, Lewis Building, 1901 N. DuPont Highway, New Castle, DE 19720, Phone: 800-336-9500, or 302-674-7364, Website: <a href="https://insurance.delaware.gov/divisions/dmab/">https://insurance.delaware.gov/divisions/dmab/</a>
<b>FL</b>	<b>SHINE (Serving Health Insurance Needs of Elders)</b> , 4040 Esplanade Way, Suite 270, Tallahassee, FL 32399-7000, Phone: 800-963-5337, TTY: 800-955-8770, Website: <a href="http://www.floridaSHINE.org">www.floridaSHINE.org</a>
<b>GA</b>	<b>Georgia Cares</b> , 2 Peachtree Street, NW, 33rd Floor, Atlanta, Georgia, 30303, Phone: 866-552-4464, Website: <a href="http://www.mygeorgiacares.org">www.mygeorgiacares.org</a>
<b>HI</b>	<b>The Hawaii State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)</b> , No. 1 Capitol District, 250 S. Hotel Street, Suite 406, Honolulu, HI 96813-2831, Phone: 808-586-7299, Website: <a href="http://www.hawaiiship.org">www.hawaiiship.org</a>
<b>IA</b>	<b>Senior Health Insurance Information Program (SHIIP)</b> , 601 Locust Street, 4th Floor, Des Moines, IA 50309-3738, Phone: 800-351-4664, TTY: 800-735-2942, Website: <a href="https://shiip.iowa.gov/">https://shiip.iowa.gov/</a>

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<b>State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)</b>	
<b>ID</b>	<b>Senior Health Insurance Benefits Advisors (SHIBA)</b> , P.O. Box 83720, Boise, ID 83720-0043, Phone: 800-247-4422, Website: <a href="http://www.doi.idaho.gov/shiba">http://www.doi.idaho.gov/shiba</a>
<b>IL</b>	<b>Senior Health Insurance Program (SHIP)</b> , Illinois Department on Aging, One Natural Resources Way, Suite 100, Springfield, IL 62702-1271, Phone: 800-252-8966, Website: <a href="https://www.illinois.gov/aging/ship">https://www.illinois.gov/aging/ship</a>
<b>IN</b>	<b>State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)</b> , 311 W. Washington Street, Ste 300, Indianapolis, IN 46204-2787 Phone: 800-452-4800, TTY: 866-846-0139, Website: <a href="http://www.in.gov/doi/2508.htm">http://www.in.gov/doi/2508.htm</a>
<b>KS</b>	<b>Senior Health Insurance Counseling for Kansas (SHICK)</b> , 503 S. Kansas Avenue, Topeka, KS 66603-3404, Phone: 800-860-5260, Website: <a href="http://www.kdads.ks.gov/commissions/commission-on-aging/medicare-programs/shick">http://www.kdads.ks.gov/commissions/commission-on-aging/medicare-programs/shick</a>
<b>KY</b>	<b>State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)</b> , 275 E. Main Street, Frankfort, KY 40621, Phone: 877-293-7447, Website: <a href="https://chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dail/Pages/ship.aspx">https://chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dail/Pages/ship.aspx</a>
<b>LA</b>	<b>Senior Health Insurance Information Program (SHIIP)</b> , P.O. Box 94214, Baton Rouge, LA 70804, Phone: 800-259-5300, or 225-342-5301, Website: <a href="http://www.ldi.la.gov/SIIIP/">http://www.ldi.la.gov/SIIIP/</a>
<b>MA</b>	<b>Serving Health Information Needs of Elders (SHINE)</b> , 1 Ashburton Place, 5th Floor, Boston, MA 02108, Phone: 800-243-4636, Website: <a href="https://www.mass.gov/health-insurance-counseling">https://www.mass.gov/health-insurance-counseling</a>
<b>MD</b>	<b>Maryland State Health Insurance</b> , 301 W. Preston Street, Suite 1007, Baltimore, MD 21201, Phone: 800-243-3425, TTY: 410-767-1083, Website: <a href="https://pophealth.health.maryland.gov/Pages/SHIP-Lite-Home.aspx">https://pophealth.health.maryland.gov/Pages/SHIP-Lite-Home.aspx</a>
<b>ME</b>	<b>Maine State Health Insurance Assistance Program</b> , 11 State House Station, 442 Civic Center Drive, Augusta, ME 04333-2723, Phone: 877-353-3771, TTY: 800-750-5353, Website: <a href="http://www.mainehumaneservices.gov/dhhs/oads/community-support/ship.html">http://www.mainehumaneservices.gov/dhhs/oads/community-support/ship.html</a>
<b>MI</b>	<b>Medicare/Medicaid Assistance Program (MMAP)</b> , 6105 W. St. Joseph Hwy., Suite 204, Lansing, MI 48917, Phone: 800-803-7174, Website: <a href="http://www.mmapinc.org">www.mmapinc.org</a>
<b>MN</b>	<b>Minnesota State Health Insurance Assistance Program/Senior LinkAge Line</b> , Metropolitan Area Agency on Aging, 2365 N. McKnight Road, Suite 3, North St. Paul, MN 55109, Phone: 800-333-2433, Website: <a href="http://www.mnaging.org/Advisor/SLL/SLL_SHIP.aspx">http://www.mnaging.org/Advisor/SLL/SLL_SHIP.aspx</a>
<b>MO</b>	<b>Community Leaders Assisting the Insured of MO (CLAIM)</b> , 200 North Keene Street, Suite 101, Columbia, MO 65201, Phone: 800-390-3330, Website: <a href="https://www.missouricclaim.org/">https://www.missouricclaim.org/</a>
<b>MS</b>	<b>Mississippi Department of Human Services</b> , 200 South Lamar St., Jackson, MS 39201, Phone: 1-601-359-4500, Website: <a href="https://www.mdhs.ms.gov/adults-seniors/services-for-seniors/state-health-insurance-assistance-program/">https://www.mdhs.ms.gov/adults-seniors/services-for-seniors/state-health-insurance-assistance-program/</a>

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<b>State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)</b>	
<b>MT</b>	<b>Montana Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)</b> , 1502 4th Street, West, Roundup, MT 59072, Phone: 800-551-3191, Website: <a href="https://dphhs.mt.gov/sltc/aging/SHIP">https://dphhs.mt.gov/sltc/aging/SHIP</a>
<b>NC</b>	<b>The Seniors' Health Insurance Information Program (SHIIP)</b> , 1201 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-1201, Phone: 855-408-1212, Website: <a href="http://www.ncship.com">www.ncship.com</a>
<b>ND</b>	<b>State Health Insurance Counseling Program (SHIC)</b> , 600 E. Blvd., Dept. 401, Bismarck, ND 58505, Phone: 888-575-6611, TTY: 800-366-6888, Website: <a href="http://www.nd.gov/ndins/shic/">http://www.nd.gov/ndins/shic/</a>
<b>NE</b>	<b>Nebraska Senior Health Insurance Information Program (SHIIP)</b> , 941 O Street, Suite 400, Lincoln, NE 68508, Phone: 800-234-7119, Website: <a href="http://www.doi.ne.gov/shiip">http://www.doi.ne.gov/shiip</a>
<b>NH</b>	<b>NH SHIP - ServiceLink Resource Center</b> , 129 Pleasant Street, Gallen State Office Park, Concord, NH 03301-3857, Phone: 866-634-9412, TTY: 800-735-2964, Website: <a href="http://www.servicelink.nh.gov/">http://www.servicelink.nh.gov/</a>
<b>NJ</b>	<b>State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)</b> , P.O. Box 715, Mercererville, NJ 08625-0715, Phone: 800-792-8820, Website: <a href="http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/doas/services/ship/index.html">http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/doas/services/ship/index.html</a>
<b>NM</b>	<b>New Mexico ADRC/SHIP Benefits Counseling</b> , P.O. Box 27118, Santa Fe, NM 87502-7118, Phone: 800-432-2080, Will call back, Website: <a href="http://www.nmaging.state.nm.us/adrc.aspx">http://www.nmaging.state.nm.us/adrc.aspx</a>
<b>NV</b>	<b>State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)</b> , 3416 Goni Road, Suite D-132, Carson City, NV 89706, Phone: 800-307-4444, Website: <a href="http://adsd.nv.gov/Programs/Seniors/SHIP/SHIP_Prog/">http://adsd.nv.gov/Programs/Seniors/SHIP/SHIP_Prog/</a>
<b>NY</b>	<b>Health Insurance Information Counseling and Assistance Program (HICAP)</b> , New York Office for the Aging, 2 Empire State Plaza, Agency Bldg. 2, 4th Floor, Albany, NY 12223-1251, Phone: 800-701-0501, Website: <a href="http://www.aging.ny.gov/HealthBenefits/Index.cfm">http://www.aging.ny.gov/HealthBenefits/Index.cfm</a>
<b>OH</b>	<b>Ohio Senior Health Insurance Information Program (OSHIIP)</b> , 50 W. Town Street, 3rd Floor, Suite 300, Columbus, OH 43215, Phone: 800-686-1578, Website: <a href="http://www.insurance.ohio.gov/Consumer/OSHIIP/Documents/whatisoshiip.pdf">http://www.insurance.ohio.gov/Consumer/OSHIIP/Documents/whatisoshiip.pdf</a>
<b>OK</b>	<b>Senior Health Insurance Counseling Program (SHICP)</b> , 5 Corporate Plaza, 3625 NW 56th Street, Suite 100, Oklahoma City, OK 73112, Phone: 800-763-2828, Website: <a href="http://www.ok.gov/oid/Consumers/Information_for_Seniors/">http://www.ok.gov/oid/Consumers/Information_for_Seniors/</a>
<b>OR</b>	<b>Senior Health Insurance Benefits Assistance (SHIBA)</b> , Oregon Insurance Division, P.O. Box 14480, Salem, OR 97309, Phone: 800-722-4134, Website: <a href="http://www.oregonshiba.org">www.oregonshiba.org</a>

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<b>State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)</b>	
<b>PA</b>	<b>APPRISE</b> , 555 Walnut Street, 5th Floor, Harrisburg, PA 17101, Phone: 800-783-7067, Website: <a href="https://www.aging.pa.gov/Pages/default.aspx">https://www.aging.pa.gov/Pages/default.aspx</a>
<b>RI</b>	<b>Senior Health Insurance Program (SHIP)</b> , 50 Valley Street, Providence, RI 02909, Phone: 401-462-0510 TTY: 401-462-0740, Website: <a href="http://www.dea.ri.gov/insurance/">http://www.dea.ri.gov/insurance/</a>
<b>SC</b>	<b>Insurance Counseling Assistance and Referrals for Elders (I-CARE)</b> , P.O. Box 6668, Columbia, SC 29606, Phone: 800-868-9095, Other Areas of State: 864-242-9733, Website: <a href="https://www.getcaresc.com/guide/insurance-counseling-medicaremedicaid">https://www.getcaresc.com/guide/insurance-counseling-medicaremedicaid</a>
<b>SD</b>	<b>Senior Health Information and Insurance Education (SHIINE)</b> , South Dakota Department of Social Services, 700 Governors Drive, Pierre, SD 57501, Phone: 800-536-8197, Website: <a href="http://www.shiine.net">www.shiine.net</a>
<b>TN</b>	<b>Tennessee State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)</b> , 502 Deaderick Street, 9th Floor, Nashville, TN 37243, Phone: 877-801-0044, Website: <a href="https://www.tn.gov/aging/our-programs/state-health-insurance-assistance-program--ship-.html">https://www.tn.gov/aging/our-programs/state-health-insurance-assistance-program--ship-.html</a>
<b>TX</b>	<b>Health Information, Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP)</b> , 701 W. 51st Street, MC: W352, Austin, TX 78751, Phone: 800-252-9240, TTY: 800-735-2989, Website: <a href="http://www.tdi.texas.gov/consumer/hicap/">http://www.tdi.texas.gov/consumer/hicap/</a>
<b>UT</b>	<b>Health Insurance Information Program (HIIP)</b> , 195 N 1950 W, Salt Lake City, UT 84116, Phone: 800-541-7735, Website: <a href="http://daas.utah.gov/">http://daas.utah.gov/</a>
<b>VA</b>	<b>Virginia Insurance Counseling and Assistance Project (VICAP)</b> , 1610 Forest Avenue, Suite 100, Henrico, VA 23229, Phone: 800-552-3402, Website: <a href="http://www.vda.virginia.gov/vicap.htm">http://www.vda.virginia.gov/vicap.htm</a>
<b>VT</b>	<b>State Health Insurance and Assistance Program (SHIP)</b> , 76 Pearl Street, Suite 201, Essex Junction, VT 05452, Phone: 800-642-5119, Website: <a href="http://asd.vermont.gov/services/ship">http://asd.vermont.gov/services/ship</a>
<b>WA</b>	<b>Statewide Health Insurance Benefits Advisors (SHIBA) Helpline</b> , P.O. Box 40255, Olympia, WA 98504, Phone: 800-562-6900, TTY: 360-586-0241, Website: <a href="http://www.insurance.wa.gov/about-oic/what-we-do/advocate-for-consumers/shiba/">http://www.insurance.wa.gov/about-oic/what-we-do/advocate-for-consumers/shiba/</a>
<b>WI</b>	<b>Wisconsin SHIP (SHIP)</b> , Department of Health Services, 1 W. Wilson Street, Madison, WI 53703, Phone: 855-677-2783, Website: <a href="https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/benefit-specialists/medicare-counseling.htm">https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/benefit-specialists/medicare-counseling.htm</a>
<b>WV</b>	<b>West Virginia State Health Insurance Assistance Program (WV SHIP)</b> , 1900 Kanawha Blvd., East, Charleston, WV 25305, Phone: 877-987-4463, Website: <a href="http://www.wvship.org">www.wvship.org</a>
<b>WY</b>	<b>Wyoming State Health Insurance Information Program (WSHIIP)</b> , 106 West Adams, Riverton, WY 82501, Phone: 800-856-4398, Website: <a href="http://www.wyomingseniors.com/services/wyoming-state-health-insurance-information-program">http://www.wyomingseniors.com/services/wyoming-state-health-insurance-information-program</a>

If no TTY number is listed you may try 711 (National Relay Service)

## Addendum A

State Health Departments	
AK	<b>Alaska Department of Health and Social Services</b> , Phone: Toll-Free: 1-800-780-9972, Local: 907-269-3680, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://dhss.alaska.gov/Pages/default.aspx">http://dhss.alaska.gov/Pages/default.aspx</a>
AL	<b>Alabama Department of Public Health</b> , Phone: Toll-Free: 800-252-1818, Local: 334-206-5300, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.adph.org">www.adph.org</a>
AR	<b>Arkansas Department of Health</b> , Phone: Toll-Free: 800-462-0599, Local: 501-661-2000, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.healthy.arkansas.gov">www.healthy.arkansas.gov</a>
AZ	<b>Arizona Department of Health Services</b> , Phone: Local: 602-542-1025, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://azdhs.gov/">https://azdhs.gov/</a>
CA	<b>California Department of Health Services</b> , Phone: Local: 916-445-4171, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.dhcs.ca.gov">www.dhcs.ca.gov</a>
CO	<b>Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment</b> , Phone: Local: 303-692-2000, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.cdphe.state.co.us/">www.cdphe.state.co.us/</a>
CT	<b>Connecticut Department of Public Health</b> , Phone: Local: 860-509-8000, Hours: M-F 8:30 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.ct.gov/dph">www.ct.gov/dph</a>
DC	<b>The District of Columbia Department of Health</b> , Phone: Local: 202-442-5955, Hours: M-F 8:15 a.m.-4:45 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.doh.dc.gov">www.doh.dc.gov</a>
DE	<b>Delaware Health and Social Services</b> , Phone: Toll-Free: 800-372-2022, Local: 302-255-9040, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/">http://dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/</a>
FL	<b>Florida Department of Health</b> , Phone: Local: 850-245-4444, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.doh.state.fl.us/">http://www.doh.state.fl.us/</a>
GA	<b>Georgia Department of Community Health</b> , Phone: Toll-Free: 800-436-7442, Local: 404-656-4496, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.dch.georgia.gov">www.dch.georgia.gov</a>
HI	<b>Hawaii Department of Health</b> , Phone: Local: 808-586-4400, Hours: M-F 7:45 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.hawaii.gov/health">www.hawaii.gov/health</a>
IA	<b>Iowa Department of Public Health</b> , Phone: Toll-Free: 866-227-9878, Local: 515-281-7689, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://idph.iowa.gov/">http://idph.iowa.gov/</a>
ID	<b>Idaho Department of Health and Welfare</b> , Phone: Toll-Free: 800-926-2588, Local: 208-334-6700, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://healthandwelfare.idaho.gov">http://healthandwelfare.idaho.gov</a>

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## Addendum A

State Health Departments	
IL	<b>Illinois Department of Public Health</b> , Phone: Local: 217-782-4977, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.idph.state.il.us">www.idph.state.il.us</a>
IN	<b>Indiana State Department of Health</b> , Phone: Toll-Free: 800-382-9480, Local: 317-233-1325, Hours: M-F 8:15 a.m.-4:45 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.in.gov/isdh">www.in.gov/isdh</a>
KS	<b>Kansas Department of Health and Environment</b> , Phone: Local: 785-296-1500, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.kdheks.gov/health/index.html">http://www.kdheks.gov/health/index.html</a>
KY	<b>Kentucky Cabinet for Health &amp; Family Services</b> , Phone: Toll-Free: 800-372-2973, Local: 502-564-3970, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="https://chfs.ky.gov">https://chfs.ky.gov</a>
LA	<b>Louisiana Department of Health and Hospital</b> , Phone: Local: 225-342-9500, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.dhh.louisiana.gov">www.dhh.louisiana.gov</a>
MA	<b>Massachusetts Department of Public Health</b> , Phone: Toll-Free: 800-841-2900, Hours: M-F 9 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.mass.gov/dph">www.mass.gov/dph</a>
MD	<b>Maryland Department of Health and Mental Hygiene</b> , Phone: Toll-Free: 877-463-3464, Local: 410-767-6500, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://dhmh.maryland.gov/pages/index.aspx">http://dhmh.maryland.gov/pages/index.aspx</a>
ME	<b>Maine Department of Health and Human Services</b> , Phone: Local: 207-287-3707, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.state.me.us/dhhs">www.state.me.us/dhhs</a>
MI	<b>Michigan Department Community Health</b> , Phone: Local: 517-373-3740, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.michigan.gov/mdch">www.michigan.gov/mdch</a>
MN	<b>Minnesota Department of Health</b> , Phone: Toll-Free: 888-345-0823, Local: 651-201-5000, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.health.state.mn.us">www.health.state.mn.us</a>
MO	<b>Missouri Department of Health &amp; Senior Services</b> , Phone: Local: 573-751-6400, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.dhss.mo.gov">www.dhss.mo.gov</a>
MS	<b>Mississippi Department of Health</b> , Phone: Toll-Free: 866-458-4948, Local: 601-576-7400, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.msdoh.state.ms.us/">www.msdoh.state.ms.us/</a>
MT	<b>Montana Department of Public Health &amp; Human Services</b> , Phone: Toll-Free: 800-362-8312, Local: 406-444-4540, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.dphhs.mt.gov">www.dphhs.mt.gov</a>
NC	<b>North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services</b> , Phone: Local: 919-855-4800, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.ncdhhs.gov/dma">www.ncdhhs.gov/dma</a>

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State Health Departments	
<b>ND</b>	<b>North Dakota Department of Health</b> , Phone: Local: 701-328-2372, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.ndhealth.gov">www.ndhealth.gov</a>
<b>NE</b>	<b>Nebraska Department of Health and Human Services</b> , Phone: Toll-Free: 800-430-3244, Local: 402-471-3121, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.dhhs.ne.gov">www.dhhs.ne.gov</a>
<b>NH</b>	<b>New Hampshire Department of Health and Human Services</b> , Phone: Toll-Free: 844-275-3447, Local: 603-883-7726, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.dhhs.state.nh.us">www.dhhs.state.nh.us</a>
<b>NJ</b>	<b>State of New Jersey Department of Health</b> , Phone: Toll-Free (24 Hrs): 800-792-9770, Local: 609-292-7837, Hours: M-F 7:30 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.state.nj.us/health/index.shtml">www.state.nj.us/health/index.shtml</a>
<b>NM</b>	<b>New Mexico Department of Health</b> , Phone: Local: 505-827-2613, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://nmhealth.org/">https://nmhealth.org/</a>
<b>NV</b>	<b>Nevada Department of Health and Human Services</b> , Phone: Local: 775-684-4000, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://dhhs.nv.gov/">http://dhhs.nv.gov/</a>
<b>NY</b>	<b>New York State Department of Health</b> , Phone: Toll-Free: 800-541-2831, Hours: M-F 8:30 a.m.-3:30 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.health.ny.gov/">https://www.health.ny.gov/</a>
<b>OH</b>	<b>Ohio Department of Health</b> , Phone: Local: 614-466-3543, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.odh.ohio.gov/">www.odh.ohio.gov/</a>
<b>OK</b>	<b>Oklahoma State Department of Health</b> , Phone: Toll-Free: 800-522-0203, Local: 405-271-5600, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.ok.gov/health">www.ok.gov/health</a>
<b>OR</b>	<b>Oregon Health Authority</b> , Phone: Local: 971-673-1222, Hours: M-F 9 a.m.-4 p.m., Website: <a href="http://public.health.oregon.gov/Pages/Home.aspx">http://public.health.oregon.gov/Pages/Home.aspx</a>
<b>PA</b>	<b>Pennsylvania Department of Health</b> , Phone: Toll-Free: 877-724-3258, Hours: M-F 8:30 a.m.-4:00 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.health.state.pa.us">www.health.state.pa.us</a>
<b>RI</b>	<b>Rhode Island Department of Health</b> , Phone: Local: 401-222-5960, Hours: M-F 8:30 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.health.ri.gov">www.health.ri.gov</a>
<b>SC</b>	<b>South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control</b> , Phone: Local: 803-898-3432, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.scdhec.gov/">http://www.scdhec.gov/</a>
<b>SD</b>	<b>South Dakota Department of Health</b> , Phone: Toll-Free: 800-738-2301, Local: 605-773-3361, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://doh.sd.gov/">https://doh.sd.gov/</a>

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State Health Departments	
<b>TN</b>	<b>Tennessee Department of Health</b> , Phone: Local: 615-741-3111, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.tn.gov/health">https://www.tn.gov/health</a>
<b>TX</b>	<b>Texas Department of State Health Services</b> , Phone: Toll-Free: 888-963-7111, Local: 512-458-7111, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.dshs.state.tx.us">www.dshs.state.tx.us</a>
<b>UT</b>	<b>Utah Department of Health</b> , Phone: Toll-Free: 888-222-2542, Local: 801-538-6003, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.health.utah.gov">www.health.utah.gov</a>
<b>VA</b>	<b>Virginia Department of Health</b> , Phone: Local: 804-864-7001, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.vdh.state.va.us">www.vdh.state.va.us</a>
<b>VT</b>	<b>Vermont Department of Health</b> , Phone: Toll-Free: 800-464-4343, Local: 802-863-7200, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.healthvermont.gov">www.healthvermont.gov</a>
<b>WA</b>	<b>Washington State Department of Health</b> , Phone: Toll-Free: 800-525-0127, Local: 360-236-4501, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.doh.wa.gov">www.doh.wa.gov</a>
<b>WI</b>	<b>Wisconsin Department of Health</b> , Phone: Local: 608-266-1865, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/">https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/</a>
<b>WV</b>	<b>West Virginia Department of Health &amp; Human Resources</b> , Phone: Local: 304-558-0684, Hours: M-F 8:30 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.dhhr.wv.gov/Pages/default.aspx">http://www.dhhr.wv.gov/Pages/default.aspx</a>
<b>WY</b>	<b>Wyoming Department of Health</b> , Phone: Toll-Free: 866-571-0944, Local: 307-777-7656, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.health.wyo.gov">www.health.wyo.gov</a>

If no TTY number is listed you may try 711 (National Relay Service)

## Addendum A

<b>State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program (SPAP)</b>	
<b>CT</b>	<b>Connecticut Pharmaceutical Assistance Contract to the Elderly and Disabled Program (PACE)</b> , P.O. Box 5011, Hartford, CT 06102, Phone: 800-423-5026, or 860-269-2029, Website: <a href="https://portal.ct.gov/dors">https://portal.ct.gov/dors</a>
<b>DE</b>	<b>Delaware Chronic Renal Disease Program</b> , 11-13 Church Avenue, Milford, DE 19963, Phone: 302-424-7180, or 800-464-4357, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dmma/crdprog.html">dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dmma/crdprog.html</a>
<b>DE</b>	<b>Delaware Prescription Assistance Program</b> , Phone: 800-996-9969, Website: <a href="http://dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dmma/dpap.html">https://dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dmma/dpap.html</a>
<b>IN</b>	<b>Hoosier Rx</b> , 402 W. Washington Street, Room W374, MS07, Indianapolis, IN 46204, Phone: 866-267-4679, or 317-234-1381, Hours: M-F 7 a.m.-3 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.in.gov/fssa/ompp/2669.htm">www.in.gov/fssa/ompp/2669.htm</a>
<b>MA</b>	<b>Massachusetts Prescription Advantage</b> , P.O. Box 15153, Worcester, MA 01615-0153, Phone: 800-243-4636, Extension 2, TTY: 877-610-0241, Hours: M-F 8:45 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.mass.gov/elders/healthcare/prescription-advantage/">http://www.mass.gov/elders/healthcare/prescription-advantage/</a>
<b>MD</b>	<b>Maryland Senior Prescription Drug Assistance Program (SPDAP)</b> , c/o Pool Administrators, 628 Hebron Avenue, Suite 212, Glastonbury, CT 06033, Phone: 800-551-5995, TTY: 800-877-5156, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://marylandspdap.com">http://marylandspdap.com</a>
<b>MD</b>	<b>Maryland Kidney Disease Program</b> , 201 West Preston Street - Room SS-3, Baltimore, MD 21201, Phone: 410-767-5000, or 800-226-2142, Hours: M-F 8:30am-4:30pm EST, Website: <a href="http://www.mdrxprograms.com/kdp.html">http://www.mdrxprograms.com/kdp.html</a>
<b>MD</b>	<b>Primary Adult Care Program</b> , P.O. Box 386, Baltimore, MD 21203, Phone: 800-226-2142
<b>ME</b>	<b>Maine Low Cost Drugs for the Elderly or Disabled Program</b> , Office of MaineCare Services, 242 State Street, Augusta, ME 04333, Phone: 866-796-2463, TTY: 800-606-0215, Website: <a href="http://www.maine.gov/dhhs/oads/home-support/elderly-physically-disabled/index.html">http://www.maine.gov/dhhs/oads/home-support/elderly-physically-disabled/index.html</a>
<b>MO</b>	<b>Missouri Rx Plan</b> , P. O. Box 6500, Jefferson City, MO 65102, Phone: 800-375-1406, Website: <a href="https://dss.mo.gov/morx/">https://dss.mo.gov/morx/</a>
<b>MT</b>	<b>Montana Big Sky Rx Program</b> , P.O. Box 202915, Helena, MT 59620-2915, Phone: 866-369-1233, or 406-444-1233, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://dphhs.mt.gov/MontanaHealthcarePrograms/BigSky.aspx">http://dphhs.mt.gov/MontanaHealthcarePrograms/BigSky.aspx</a>
<b>MT</b>	<b>Montana Mental Health Services Plan</b> , 555 Fuller Avenue, P.O. Box 202905, Helena, MT 59620, Phone: 406-444-3964, or 800-866-0328, Website: <a href="http://dphhs.mt.gov/amdd/services/mhsp">https://dphhs.mt.gov/amdd/services/mhsp</a>
<b>NJ</b>	<b>New Jersey Pharmaceutical Assistance to the Aged and Disabled (PAAD)</b> , Division of Aging Services, P.O. Box 715, Trenton, NJ 08625-0715, Phone: 800-792-9745, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/doas/services/paad/">http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/doas/services/paad/</a>

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<b>State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program (SPAP)</b>	
<b>NJ</b>	<b>New Jersey Senior Gold Prescription Discount Program</b> , P.O. Box 715, Trenton, NJ 08625-0715, Phone: 800-792-9745, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/doas/services/seniorgold/">http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/doas/services/seniorgold/</a>
<b>NJ</b>	<b>New Jersey Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services</b> , P. O. Box 712, Trenton, NJ 08625, Phone: 800-356-1561, Website: <a href="https://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/dmahs/home/index.html">https://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/dmahs/home/index.html</a>
<b>NV</b>	<b>Nevada Disability Rx Program</b> , Department of Health and Human Services, 3416 Goni Road, Building D, Suite 132, Carson City, NV 89706, Phone: 866-303-6323, or 775-687-4210, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://adsd.nv.gov/Programs/Physical/DisabilityRx/DisabilityRx/">http://adsd.nv.gov/Programs/Physical/DisabilityRx/DisabilityRx/</a>
<b>NY</b>	<b>New York State Elderly Pharmaceutical Insurance Coverage (EPIC)</b> , P.O. Box 15018, Albany, NY 12212-5108, Phone: 800-332-3742, TTY: 800-290-9138, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/epic/">https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/epic/</a>
<b>PA</b>	<b>Pharmaceutical Assistance Contract for the Elderly (PACE)</b> , Pennsylvania Department of Aging, P.O. Box 8806, Harrisburg, PA 17105-8806, Phone: 800-225-7223, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.aging.pa.gov/aging-services/prescriptions/Pages/default.aspx">http://www.aging.pa.gov/aging-services/prescriptions/Pages/default.aspx</a>
<b>PA</b>	<b>Special Pharmaceutical Benefits Program - Mental Health</b> , Department of Public Welfare, Special Pharmaceutical Benefits Program, P.O. Box 8808, Harrisburg, PA 17105, Phone: 800-433-4459, Option 2, Website: <a href="http://www.dhs.pa.gov/provider/healthcaremedicalassistance/specialpharmaceuticalbenefitsprogram/index.htm">http://www.dhs.pa.gov/provider/healthcaremedicalassistance/specialpharmaceuticalbenefitsprogram/index.htm</a>
<b>PA</b>	<b>Pennsylvania PACE Needs Enhancement Tier (PACENET)</b> , Pennsylvania Department of Aging, P.O. Box 8806, Harrisburg, PA 17105-8806, Phone: 800-225-7223, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.aging.pa.gov/aging-services/prescriptions/Pages/default.aspx">http://www.aging.pa.gov/aging-services/prescriptions/Pages/default.aspx</a>
<b>PA</b>	<b>PACE Chronic Renal Disease Program (CRDP)</b> , Pennsylvania Department of Health, Eligibility Unit, P.O. Box 8811, Harrisburg, PA 17105-8806, Phone: 800-225-7223, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.health.pa.gov/topics/programs/Chronic-Renal-Disease/Pages/Chronic%20Renal%20Disease.aspx">https://www.health.pa.gov/topics/programs/Chronic-Renal-Disease/Pages/Chronic%20Renal%20Disease.aspx</a>
<b>RI</b>	<b>RI Pharmaceutical Assistance to the Elderly (RIPAE)</b> , 74 W. Road, Hazard Bldg., 2nd Floor, Cranston, RI 02920, Phone: 401-462-3000, Hours: M-F 8:30 a.m.-4 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.dea.ri.gov/programs/prescription_assist.php">http://www.dea.ri.gov/programs/prescription_assist.php</a>
<b>TX</b>	<b>Kidney Health Care Program (KHC)</b> , Department of State Health Services, P.O. Box 149347, MC 1938, Austin, TX 78714-9347, Phone: 800-222-3986, or 512-776-7150, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.dshs.texas.gov/kidney/">https://www.dshs.texas.gov/kidney/</a>
<b>VT</b>	<b>V-Pharm</b> , DCF - Economic Services Division, Application and Document Processing Center, 280 State Drive, Waterbury, VT 05671-1500, Phone: 800-250-8427, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-8 p.m., from Nov 1-Dec 15, and 8 a.m.-5 p.m., all other times, Website: <a href="http://www.greenmountaincare.org/prescription">http://www.greenmountaincare.org/prescription</a>

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## Addendum A

State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program (SPAP)	
WI	<b>Chronic Renal Disease</b> , P.O. Box 6410, Madison, WI 53716, Phone: 800-362-3002, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/forwardhealth/wcdp.htm">https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/forwardhealth/wcdp.htm</a>
WI	<b>Cystic Fibrosis Program</b> , P.O. Box 6410, Madison, WI 53716, Phone: 800-362-3002, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/forwardhealth/wcdp.htm">https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/forwardhealth/wcdp.htm</a>
WI	<b>Hemophilia Home Care</b> , P.O. Box 6410, Madison, WI 53716, Phone: 800-362-3002, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/forwardhealth/wcdp.htm">https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/forwardhealth/wcdp.htm</a>
WI	<b>SeniorCare (above 200% FPL)</b> , P.O. Box 6710, Madison, WI 53716, Phone: 800-657-2038, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/seniorcare/index.htm">https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/seniorcare/index.htm</a>
AK, AL, AR, AZ, CA, CO, DC, FL, GA, HI, IA, ID, IL, KS, KY, LA, MI, MN, MS, NC, ND, NE, NH, NM, OH, OK, OR, SC, SD, TN, UT, VA, WA, WV, WY	
No SPAP in these states	

If no TTY number is listed you may try 711 (National Relay Service)

## Addendum A

<b>State AIDS Drug Assistance Programs (ADAP)</b>	
<b>AK</b>	<b>Alaska AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , 1057 W. Fireweed Lane, Anchorage, AK 99503, Phone: 907-263-2050, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.alaskanaids.org/index.php/client-services/adap">http://www.alaskanaids.org/index.php/client-services/adap</a>
<b>AL</b>	<b>Alabama AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , 201 Monroe Street, RSA Tower, Suite 1400, Montgomery, AL 36104, Phone: 866-574-9964, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.adph.org/aids/Default.asp?id=995">http://www.adph.org/aids/Default.asp?id=995</a>
<b>AR</b>	<b>Arkansas AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , 4815 W. Markham, Little Rock, AR 72205, Phone: 888-499-6544, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.healthy.arkansas.gov/programs-services/topics/ryan-white-program">https://www.healthy.arkansas.gov/programs-services/topics/ryan-white-program</a>
<b>AZ</b>	<b>Arizona AIDS Assistance Program</b> , 150 N.18th Avenue, Suite 110, Phoenix, AZ 85007, Phone: 602-364-3610, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.azdhs.gov/phs/hiv/adap/index.htm">http://www.azdhs.gov/phs/hiv/adap/index.htm</a>
<b>CA</b>	<b>California AIDS Assistance Program (ADAP) / Ramsell Corporation</b> , P.O. Box 997377, MS 0500, Sacramento, CA 95899-7377, Phone: 916-558-1784, or 888-311-7632, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.cdph.ca.gov/programs/aids/Pages/tOAAADAPindiv.aspx">http://www.cdph.ca.gov/programs/aids/Pages/tOAAADAPindiv.aspx</a>
<b>CO</b>	<b>Colorado AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , 4300 Cherry Creek Drive, South, Denver, CO 80246, Phone: 303-692-2716, Hours: M-F 7:30 a.m.-5:15 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.colorado.gov/pacific/cdphe/colorado-aids-drug-assistance-program-adap">https://www.colorado.gov/pacific/cdphe/colorado-aids-drug-assistance-program-adap</a>
<b>CT</b>	<b>Connecticut AIDS Drug Assistance Program (CADAP)</b> , 410 Capitol Avenue, P.O. Box 340308, Hartford, CT 06134, Phone: 800-233-2503, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.ct.gov/dph/cwp/view.asp?a=3135&amp;Q=387012">http://www.ct.gov/dph/cwp/view.asp?a=3135&amp;Q=387012</a>
<b>DC</b>	<b>Washington DC AIDS Drug Assistance Program (DCADAP)</b> , 899 North Capitol Street, NE, 4th Floor, Washington, DC 20002, Phone: 202-442-5955, Hours: M-F 8:15 a.m.-4:45 p.m., Website: <a href="https://dchealth.dc.gov/">https://dchealth.dc.gov/</a>
<b>DE</b>	<b>Delaware AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , Thomas Collins Building, 540 S. DuPont Highway, Dover, DE 19901, Phone: 302-744-1050, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.dhss.delaware.gov/dph/dpc/hivtreatment.html">http://www.dhss.delaware.gov/dph/dpc/hivtreatment.html</a>
<b>FL</b>	<b>Florida AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , HIV/AIDS Section, 4052 Bald Cypress Way, Tallahassee, FL 32399, Phone: 850-245-4334, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and-conditions/aids/adap/">http://www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and-conditions/aids/adap/</a>
<b>GA</b>	<b>Georgia AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , 2 Peachtree Street, NE, Atlanta, GA 30303, Phone: 404-657-3100, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://dph.georgia.gov/hiv-care-services">http://dph.georgia.gov/hiv-care-services</a>
<b>HI</b>	<b>Hawaii HDAP</b> , 3627 Kilauea Avenue, Suite 306, Honolulu, HI 96816, Phone: 808-733-9360, Hours: M-F 7:30 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://health.hawaii.gov/harmreduction/hiv-aids/hiv-programs/hiv-medical-management-services/">http://health.hawaii.gov/harmreduction/hiv-aids/hiv-programs/hiv-medical-management-services/</a>
<b>IA</b>	<b>Iowa AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , 321 E. 12th Street, Iowa State Office Building, Des Moines, IA 50319-0075, Phone: 515-242-5150, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.pparx.org/prescription_assistance_programs/iowa_aids_drug_assistance_program">https://www.pparx.org/prescription_assistance_programs/iowa_aids_drug_assistance_program</a>

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State AIDS Drug Assistance Programs (ADAP)	
<b>ID</b>	<b>Idaho AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , 450 W. State Street, P.O. Box 83720, Boise, ID 83720-0036, Phone: 208-334-5612, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://healthandwelfare.idaho.gov/Health/HIV,STD,HepatitisPrograms/HIVCare/tabid/391/Default.aspx">http://healthandwelfare.idaho.gov/Health/HIV,STD,HepatitisPrograms/HIVCare/tabid/391/Default.aspx</a>
<b>IL</b>	<b>Illinois AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , 525 W. Jefferson Street, 1st Floor, Springfield, IL 62761, Phone: 217-782-4977, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.idph.state.il.us/health/aids/adap.htm">http://www.idph.state.il.us/health/aids/adap.htm</a>
<b>IN</b>	<b>Indiana AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , 2 N. Meridian Street, Indianapolis, IN 46204, Phone: 866-588-4948, or 317-233-7450, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.in.gov/isdh/17448.htm">http://www.in.gov/isdh/17448.htm</a>
<b>KS</b>	<b>The Kansas Ryan White Part B Program</b> , 1000 SW Jackson Street, Suite 210, Topeka, KS 66612, Phone: 785-296-6174, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.kdheks.gov/sti_hiv/ryan_white_care.htm">http://www.kdheks.gov/sti_hiv/ryan_white_care.htm</a>
<b>KY</b>	<b>Kentucky AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , 275 E. Main Street, HS2E-C, Frankfort, KY 40601, Phone: 800-420-7431, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dph/dehp/hab/pages/services.aspx">http://chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dph/dehp/hab/pages/services.aspx</a>
<b>LA</b>	<b>Louisiana HIV/AIDS Program (LA HAP)</b> , 1450 Poydras Street, Suite 2136, New Orleans, LA 70112, Phone: 504-568-7474, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.lahap.org/">http://www.lahap.org/</a>
<b>MA</b>	<b>Massachusetts AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , 380 Chauncy Street, Boston, MA 02111, Phone: 800-228-2714, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://crine.org/hdap/">http://crine.org/hdap/</a>
<b>MD</b>	<b>Maryland AIDS Assistance Program (MADAP)</b> , 201 W. Preston Street, Baltimore, MD 21202, Phone: 800-205-6308, Hours: M-F 8:30 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://ppha.dhmh.maryland.gov/OIDPCS/CHCS/pages/madap.aspx">http://ppha.dhmh.maryland.gov/OIDPCS/CHCS/pages/madap.aspx</a>
<b>ME</b>	<b>Maine AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , 286 Water Street, 11 State House Station, Augusta, ME 04333, Phone: 207-287-3747, Hours: M-F 7 a.m.-6 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.maine.gov/dhhs/mecdc/infectious-disease/hiv-std/index.shtml">http://www.maine.gov/dhhs/mecdc/infectious-disease/hiv-std/index.shtml</a>
<b>MI</b>	<b>Michigan AIDS Drug Assistance Program (MIDAP)</b> , 109 Michigan Avenue, 9th Floor, Lansing, MI 48913, Phone: 888-826-6565, Hours: M-F 10 a.m.-6 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.michigan.gov/mdhhs/0,5885,7-339-71550_2955_2982-44913--,00.html">http://www.michigan.gov/mdhhs/0,5885,7-339-71550_2955_2982-44913--,00.html</a>
<b>MN</b>	<b>Minnesota HIV/AIDS Program – Program HH</b> , P.O. Box 64972, St. Paul, MN 55164-0972, Phone: 651-431-2414, or 800-657-3761, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.mnaidsproject.org/services/support-services/benefits-guide/program-hh.php">http://www.mnaidsproject.org/services/support-services/benefits-guide/program-hh.php</a>
<b>MO</b>	<b>Missouri HIV/AIDS Case Management Program</b> , P.O. Box 570, Jefferson City, MO 65102, Phone: 573-751-6439, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://health.mo.gov/living/healthcondiseases/communicable/hivaids/casemgmt.php">http://health.mo.gov/living/healthcondiseases/communicable/hivaids/casemgmt.php</a>
<b>MS</b>	<b>Mississippi AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , 570 E. Woodrow Wilson, Jackson, MS 39216, Phone: 601-576-7723, or 601-362-4879, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://msdh.ms.gov/index.htm">http://msdh.ms.gov/index.htm</a>
<b>MT</b>	<b>Montana AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , Cogswell Building, Room C-211, 1400 Broadway, Helena, MT 59620, Phone: 406-444-4744, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.dphhs.mt.gov/publichealth/hivstd/treatmentprogram.shtml">http://www.dphhs.mt.gov/publichealth/hivstd/treatmentprogram.shtml</a>

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<b>State AIDS Drug Assistance Programs (ADAP)</b>	
<b>NC</b>	<b>North Carolina AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , 2001 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699, Phone: 919-855-4800, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hiv/adap.html">http://epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hiv/adap.html</a>
<b>ND</b>	<b>North Dakota AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , 2635 E. Main Avenue, Bismarck, ND 58506-5520, Phone: 800-706-3448, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.ndhealth.gov/HIV/default.htm">http://www.ndhealth.gov/HIV/default.htm</a>
<b>NE</b>	<b>Nebraska AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , Nebraska Department of Health & Human Services, P.O. Box 95026, Lincoln, NE 68509-5026, Phone: 800-782-2437, or 402-552-9260, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://dhhs.ne.gov/publichealth/Pages/dpc_ryan_white.aspx">http://dhhs.ne.gov/publichealth/Pages/dpc_ryan_white.aspx</a>
<b>NH</b>	<b>New Hampshire AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , 29 Hazen Drive, Concord, NH 03301, Phone: 603-271-4502, or 800-852-3345 x4502, Hours: M-F 8:30 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dphs/bchs/std/care.htm">http://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dphs/bchs/std/care.htm</a>
<b>NJ</b>	<b>New Jersey AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , P.O. Box 715, Trenton, NJ 08625-0715, Phone: 877-613-4533, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/doas/home/freemeds.html#addp">http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/doas/home/freemeds.html#addp</a>
<b>NM</b>	<b>New Mexico AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , 1190 St. Francis Drive, Room S 1200, Santa Fe, NM 87502, Phone: 505-476-2351, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.pparx.org/prescription_assistance_programs/new_mexico_aidshiv_drugs_assistance_program">https://www.pparx.org/prescription_assistance_programs/new_mexico_aidshiv_drugs_assistance_program</a>
<b>NV</b>	<b>Nevada AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , 4150 Technology Way, Carson City, NV 89706-2009, Phone: 775-684-4247, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://dpbh.nv.gov/Programs/HIV-Ryan/Ryan_White_Part_B_-_Home/">http://dpbh.nv.gov/Programs/HIV-Ryan/Ryan_White_Part_B_-_Home/</a>
<b>NY</b>	<b>New York AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , HIV Uninsured Care Programs, Empire Station, P.O. Box 2052, Albany, NY 12220-0052, Phone: 800-542-2437, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.health.ny.gov/diseases/aids/general/resources/adap/index.htm">http://www.health.ny.gov/diseases/aids/general/resources/adap/index.htm</a>
<b>OH</b>	<b>Ohio AIDS Drug Assistance Program (OHDAP)</b> , 246 N. High Street, 6th Floor, Columbus, OH 43215, Phone: 800-777-4775, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.odh.ohio.gov/wps/portal/gov/odh/know-our-programs">http://www.odh.ohio.gov/wps/portal/gov/odh/know-our-programs</a>
<b>OK</b>	<b>Oklahoma AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , 1000 NE 10th Street, Mail Drop 0308, Oklahoma City, OK 73117, Phone: 405-271-4636, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.ok.gov/health/Disease,_Prevention,_Preparedness/HIV_STD_Service/Care_Delivery_(Ryan_White_ADAP_Hepatitis)/index.html">https://www.ok.gov/health/Disease,_Prevention,_Preparedness/HIV_STD_Service/Care_Delivery_(Ryan_White_ADAP_Hepatitis)/index.html</a>
<b>OR</b>	<b>Oregon CAREAssist</b> , 800 NE Oregon Street, Suite 1105, Portland, OR 97232, Phone: 800-805-2313, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://public.health.oregon.gov/DiseasesConditions/HIVSTDViralHepatitis/HIVCareTreatment/CAREAssist/Pages/index.aspx">http://public.health.oregon.gov/DiseasesConditions/HIVSTDViralHepatitis/HIVCareTreatment/CAREAssist/Pages/index.aspx</a>
<b>PA</b>	<b>Pennsylvania Special Pharmaceutical Benefits Program – HIV/AIDS</b> , P.O. Box 8808, Harrisburg, PA 17105-8808, Phone: 800-922-9384, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.health.pa.gov/topics/programs/HIV/Pages/Special-Pharmaceutical-Benefits.aspx">https://www.health.pa.gov/topics/programs/HIV/Pages/Special-Pharmaceutical-Benefits.aspx</a>
<b>RI</b>	<b>Rhode Island AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , 3 Capitol Hill, Providence, RI 02908, Phone: 401-222-5960, Hours: M-F 8:30 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.health.ri.gov/diseases/hivaids/">http://www.health.ri.gov/diseases/hivaids/</a>

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<b>State AIDS Drug Assistance Programs (ADAP)</b>	
<b>SC</b>	<b>South Carolina AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , 2600 Bull Street, Columbia, SC 29201, Phone: 803-898-3432, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-6 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.scdhec.gov/Health/DiseasesandConditions/InfectiousDiseases/HIVandSTDs/">http://www.scdhec.gov/Health/DiseasesandConditions/InfectiousDiseases/HIVandSTDs/</a>
<b>SD</b>	<b>South Dakota AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , 600 E. Capital Avenue, Pierre, SD 57501, Phone: 605-773-3361, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://doh.sd.gov/diseases/infectious/HIV-AIDS/">http://doh.sd.gov/diseases/infectious/HIV-AIDS/</a>
<b>TN</b>	<b>Tennessee AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , Andrew Johnson Tower, 4th Floor, 710 James Robertson Parkway, Nashville, TN 37243, Phone: 615-741-7500, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="https://tn.gov/health/topic/STD-ryanwhite">https://tn.gov/health/topic/STD-ryanwhite</a>
<b>TX</b>	<b>Texas AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , P.O. Box 149347, MC 1873, Austin, TX 78714, Phone: 512-533-3000, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.dshs.state.tx.us/hivstd/meds/spap.shtm">http://www.dshs.state.tx.us/hivstd/meds/spap.shtm</a>
<b>UT</b>	<b>Utah Bureau AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , P.O. Box 142104, Salt Lake City, UT 84114, Phone: 801-538-6191, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://health.utah.gov/epi/treatment/">http://health.utah.gov/epi/treatment/</a>
<b>VA</b>	<b>Virginia AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , 109 Governor Street, Richmond, VA 23219, Phone: 855-362-0658, Hours: M/W 8:30 a.m.-6 p.m., T/Th/F 8:30 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.vdh.virginia.gov/epidemiology/DiseasePrevention/Programs/ADAP/index.htm">http://www.vdh.virginia.gov/epidemiology/DiseasePrevention/Programs/ADAP/index.htm</a>
<b>VT</b>	<b>Vermont Medication Assistance Program (VMAP)</b> , 108 Cherry Street, P.O. Box 70, Burlington, VT 05402-0070, Phone: 802-951-4005, Hours: M-F 7:45 a.m.-3:30 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.pparx.org/prescription_assistance_programs/vermont_medication_assistance_program">https://www.pparx.org/prescription_assistance_programs/vermont_medication_assistance_program</a>
<b>WA</b>	<b>Washington AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , P.O. Box 47841, Olympia, WA 98504, Phone: 877-376-9316, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-5 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.doh.wa.gov/YouandYourFamily/IllnessandDisease/HIVAIDS/HIVCareClientServices.aspx">http://www.doh.wa.gov/YouandYourFamily/IllnessandDisease/HIVAIDS/HIVCareClientServices.aspx</a>
<b>WI</b>	<b>Wisconsin AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , 1 W. Wilson Street, Madison, WI 53703, Phone: 800-991-5532, or 608-267-6875, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4 p.m., Website: <a href="https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/aids-hiv/adap.htm">https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/aids-hiv/adap.htm</a>
<b>WV</b>	<b>West Virginia AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , 350 Capital Street, Room 125, Charleston, WV 25301, Phone: 800-642-8244, Hours: M-F 8 a.m.-4 p.m., Website: <a href="https://oeps.wv.gov/rwp/pages/default.aspx#adap">https://oeps.wv.gov/rwp/pages/default.aspx#adap</a>
<b>WY</b>	<b>Wyoming AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)</b> , 6101 N. Yellowstone Road, Room 510, Cheyenne, WY 82002, Phone: 307-777-5856, Hours: M-F 8:30 a.m.-4:30 p.m., Website: <a href="http://www.health.wyo.gov/phsd/howpa/forms.html">http://www.health.wyo.gov/phsd/howpa/forms.html</a>

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Kung hindi Ingles ang wikang inyong sinasalita, may maaari kayong kuning mga libreng serbisyo ng tulong sa wika. Bisitahin ang aming website o tawagan ang numero ng telepono na nakalista sa dokumentong ito. (Tagalog)

Si vous parlez une autre langue que l'anglais, des services d'assistance linguistique gratuits vous sont proposés. Visitez notre site Internet ouappelez le numéro indiqué dans ce document. (French)

Nếu quý vị nói một ngôn ngữ khác với Tiếng Anh, chúng tôi có dịch vụ hỗ trợ ngôn ngữ miễn phí. Xin vào trang mạng của chúng tôi hoặc gọi số điện thoại ghi trong tài liệu này. (Vietnamese)

Wenn Sie eine andere Sprache als Englisch sprechen, stehen Ihnen kostenlose Sprachdienste zur Verfügung. Besuchen Sie unsere Website oder rufen Sie die Telefonnummer in diesem Dokument an. (German)

영어가 아닌 언어를 쓰시는 경우, 언어 지원 서비스를 무료로 이용하실 수 있습니다. 저희 웹사이트를 방문하시거나 본 문서에 기재된 전화번호로 연락해 주십시오. (Korean)

Если вы не владеете английским и говорите на другом языке, вам могут предоставить бесплатную языковую помощь. Посетите наш веб-сайт или позвоните по номеру, указанному в данном документе. (Russian)

إذا كنت تتحدث لغة غير الإنجليزية، فإن خدمات المساعدة اللغوية المجانية متاحة. تفضل بزيارة موقعنا على الويب أو اتصل برقم الهاتف المدرج في هذا المستند. (Arabic)

अगर आप अंग्रेजी के अलावा कोई अन्य भाषा बोलते हैं, तो मुफ्त भाषा सहायता सेवाएं उपलब्ध हैं। हमारी वेबसाइट परजाएं या इस दस्तावेज़ में दिए गए फोन नंबर पर कॉल करें। (Hindi)

Nel caso Lei parlasse una lingua diversa dall'inglese, sono disponibili servizi di assistenza linguistica gratuiti. Visiti il nostro sito web oppure chiami il numero di telefono elencato in questo documento. (Italian)

Caso você seja falante de um idioma diferente do inglês, serviços gratuitos de assistência a idiomas estão disponíveis. Acesse nosso site ou ligue para o número de telefone presente neste documento. (Portuguese)

Si ou pale yon lòt lang ki pa Anglè, wap jwenn sèvis asistans pou lang gratis ki disponib. Vizite sitwèb nou an oswa rele nan nimewo telefòn ki make nan dokiman sa a. (Haitian Creole)

Jeżeli nie posługuję się Państwem językiem angielskim, dostępne są bezpłatne usługi wspierania językowego. Proszę odwiedzić naszą witrynę lub zadzwonić pod numer podany w niniejszym dokumencie. (Polish)

英語をお話しにならない方は、無料の言語支援サービスを受けることができます。弊社のウェブサイトにアクセスするか、または本書に記載の電話番号にお問い合わせください。 (Japanese)

Nëse nuk flisni gjuhën angleze, shërbime ndihmëse gjuhësore pa pagesë janë në dispozicionin tuaj. Vizitonit faqen tonë në internet ose merrni në telefon numrin e telefonit në këtë dokument. (Albanian)

ከኢንግሊዝኛ ላለ ቅንቃቄ የሚኖገኘ ከሆነ ነው የቅንቃቄ ዲጂፍ አገልግሎቶችን ማግኘት ይችላል፡፡ የአቶን ደረሰኝ ይተብኑ ወይም በዚህ ስነድ ላይ የተዘረዘሩዋል፡፡ (Amharic)

Եթե խոսում եք անգլերենից բացի մեկ այլ լեզվով, ապա Ձեզ համար հասանելի են լեզվական աջակցման անվճար ծառայություններ: Այցելեք մեր վեր կայքը կամ զանգահարեք այս փաստաթղթում նշված հեռախոսահամարով: (Armenian)

যদি আপনি ইংরেজী ব্যক্তিত অন্য কোনো ভাষায় কথা বলেনতাহলে বিনামূল্যের দোভাসীর পরিষেবা উপলব্ধ আছে। আমাদের ওয়েবসাইটে দেখুন এবং এই নথিতে তালিকাভুক্ত ফোন নম্বরে ফোন করুন। (Bengali)

ខ្លួនយកអ្នកនិយាយសាស្ត្រឃុកវិភាគអង់គ្លេស សរាកម្មដំឡើងដោយភកតិតថ្មី សូច្ចូលមីលគោទាំងពេរស៊បីជីថ្មី  
ឬអាហារកាត់លាយទូទៅដែលមានរយៈនីមួយៗ (Khmer)

Ako govorite neki jezik koji nije engleski, dostupne su besplatne jezičke usluge. Posetite našu internet stranicu ili nazovite broj telefona navedenog u ovom dokumentu. (Serbo-Croatian)

Na ye jam thuɔŋdët tënë thon ë Dïŋlith, ke kuɔny luilooi ë thok ë path aa tō thïn. Nem yöt tën internet tëdë ke yi cəl akuën cötmec cī gat thin nē athör du yic. (Dinka)

Als u een andere taal spreekt dan Engels, is er gratis taalondersteuning beschikbaar. Bezoek onze website of bel naar het telefoonnummer in dit document. (Dutch)

Εάν ομιλείτε άλλη γλώσσα εκτός της Αγγλικής, υπάρχουν δωρεάν υπηρεσίες στη γλώσσα σας. Επισκεφθείτε την ιστοσελίδα μας ή καλέστε τον αριθμό τηλεφώνου που αναγράφεται στο παρόν έγγραφο. (Greek)

જો તમે અંગ્રેજ સિવાયની ભાષા બોલતા હો તો મફત ભાષાકીય સહાયતા સેવાઓ ઉપલબ્ધ છે. અમારી વેબસાઇટની મુલાકાત લો અથવા દસ્તાવેજમાં સૂચીબદ્ધ કરવામાં આવેલ ફોન નંબર પર કોલ કરો. (Gujarati)

Yog hais tias koj hais ib hom lus uas tsis yog lus Askiv, muaj cov kev pab cuam txhais lus dawb pub rau koj. Mus saib peb lub website los yog hu rau tus xov tooj sau teev tseg nyob rau hauv daim ntawv no. (Hmong)

ກ້າທ່ານວົ້າພາການອກເຫັນລາຍກັງກິດ, ການບໍ່ກັງການ ຂ່ວຍເຫຼືອດ້ານພູມາໄດລບໍ່ແສ່ງຄ່າມີນມີໃຫ້ໜ່ານ.  
ໄປທີ່ວັນໄວ້ທຸກໆພວກເຮົາ ຫຼື ໂທງາມເປີໂທວະນັບທີ່ນະບຸໃນເອກະນານີ້. (Lao)

Bilagáana bizaad doo bee yánílti'da dóó saad nááná la' bee yánílti'go, ata' hane' t'áá jiík'e bee áká i'doolwołígí hóló. Béésh nitsékeesí bee na'ídíkid bá haz'ánigi qaq'ádiílííl éí doodago béésh bee hane'í bee nihich'i' hodíílnih dií naaltsoos bikáá'íjl'. (Navajo)

Wann du en Schprooch anners as Englisch schwetscht, Schprooch Helfe mitaus Koscht iss meeglich. Bsuch unsere Website odder ruf die Nummer uff des Document uff. (Pennsylvania Dutch)

اگر به زبان دیگری بجز انگلیسی گفتگو می کنید، کمک زبانی رایگان فراهم می باشد. به وبسایت ما مراجعه نمایید و یا به شماره تلفن که در سند ذیل لست شده، تماس بگیرید. (Farsi)

ਜੇ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਅੰਗ੍ਰੇਜ਼ੀ ਤੋਂ ਇਲਾਵਾ ਕੋਈ ਹੋਰ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਬੋਲਦੇ ਹੋ, ਤਾਂ ਮੁਫਤ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਸਬੰਧੀ ਸਹਾਇਤਾ ਸੇਵਾਵਾਂ ਉਪਲਬਧ ਹਨ। ਸਾਡੀ ਵੈਬਸਾਈਟ 'ਤੇ ਜਾ ਓ ਜਾਂ ਵਿਦੇਸ਼ ਦਸਤਾਵੇਜ਼ ਵਿਚ ਦਿੱਤੇ ਨੰਬਰ 'ਤੇ ਕਾਲ ਕਰੋ। (Punjabi)

Dacă vorbiți o altă limbă decât engleza, aveți la dispoziție servicii gratuite de asistență lingvistică. Vizitați site-ul nostru sau sunați la numărul de telefon specificat în acest document. (Romanian)

يَأْتِي مُسَبِّبَةٌ مُؤْكِدَةٌ لِغَيْرِهِ مُؤْكِدَةٌ لِغَيْرِهِ، بَلْ هُوَ لِغَيْرِهِ مُؤْكِدَةٌ لِغَيْرِهِ، وَلِغَيْرِهِ. مُؤْكِدَةٌ لِغَيْرِهِ، يَأْتِي مُؤْكِدَةٌ لِغَيْرِهِ، بَلْ هُوَ مُؤْكِدَةٌ لِغَيْرِهِ، وَلِغَيْرِهِ، مُؤْكِدَةٌ لِغَيْرِهِ، يَأْتِي مُؤْكِدَةٌ لِغَيْرِهِ، بَلْ هُوَ مُؤْكِدَةٌ لِغَيْرِهِ، وَلِغَيْرِهِ (Syriac)

หากคุณพูดภาษาอื่นนอกเหนือจากภาษาอังกฤษ สามารถขอรับบริการช่วยเหลือตัวเองภาษาได้ฟรี เช่นไปที่เว็บไซต์ของเรา  
หรือโทรศัพท์หมายเลขโทรศัพท์ที่แสดงไว้ในเอกสารนี้ (Thai)

Якщо ви не говорите англійською, до ваших послуг безкоштовна служба мовної підтримки. Відвідайте наш веб-сайт або зателефонуйте за номером телефону, що зазначений у цьому документі. (Ukrainian)

اگر آپ انگریزی کے علاوہ دوسری زبان بولتے ہیں تو، زبان سے متعلق مدد کی مفت خدمات دستیاب ہیں۔ بماری ویب سائٹ ملاحظہ کریں یا اس دستاویز میں درج فون نمبر پر کال کریں۔ (Urdu)

אוیب ایر רעדט א שפראך אויסער ענגליש, זענען שפראך הילך סערוויסעס אוועזילעבל. באזוכט אונזער ווועזיזיטל אדער רופט דעם טעלעפאנַן נומער וואס שטייט אויף דעם דאكومינענט. (Yiddish)



## Aetna Medicare Plus Plan (HMO) Customer Service

Method	Customer Service – Contact Information
CALL 	1-800-282-5366 Calls to this number are free. Hours are 8 am to 8 pm, 7 days a week. Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.
TTY 	711 Calls to this number are free. Hours are 8 am to 8 pm, 7 days a week.
FAX	1-866-759-4415
WRITE 	Aetna Medicare PO Box 14088 Lexington, KY 40512
WEBSITE 	<a href="https://www.aetnamedicare.com">https://www.aetnamedicare.com</a>

### State Health Insurance Program (SHIP)

SHIP is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare. Contact information for your state's SHIP is in **Addendum A** near the back of this Evidence of Coverage.

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