Company Registration No. 984275

Mercer Limited

Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2013

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Report and financial statements 2013

Contents	Page
Officers and professional advisers	1
Strategic report	2
Directors' report	4
Statement of directors' responsibilities	5
Independent auditor's report	6
Profit and loss account	. 8
Statement of recognised gains and losses	9
Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	9
Balance sheet	10
Notes to the financial statements	11

Report and financial statements 2013

Officers and professional advisers

Directors

J V Barker

F S Dunsire

P E Middleton

S E Martin

M A Ferland

W S O'Regan

D N Williams

Secretary

M F Brindley

Registered Office

1 Tower Place West Tower Place London EC3R 5BU

Bankers

The Royal Bank of Scotland plc Citibank N. A

Solicitors

Slaughter & May

Auditor

Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants London

Strategic report

The directors, in preparing the Strategic Report, have complied with s414C of the Companies Act 2006.

Business review and principal activities

The principal activities of the company are to provide consulting, administration and investment services, including the design, governance and management of retirement and health plans, talent, reward and investment solutions. The company is regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA).

The company's key performance indicators include revenue growth, net operating income, employee utilisation, time recovery, billing performance, and receivables collection time.

As shown in the company's profit and loss account on page 8, turnover rose by 4.7 percent (2012 - rose by 4.7 percent), driven by consulting opportunities and the development of innovative solutions, primarily relating to clients' pension arrangements. Operating profit margin decreased from 25.2 percent to 21.3 percent, reflecting the rise in the cost of pension benefits. The directors consider utilisation, recovery and working capital statistics to be commercially sensitive so have not disclosed them in this report.

The company reported retained profit for the financial year after taxation of £68,185,000 (2012 - £69,996,000). No interim dividend was paid on the ordinary shares (2012 - £nil). The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2012 - £nil). No dividends were received from subsidiary companies (2012 - £nil).

As shown on the balance sheet on page 10, net assets have reduced by 12.35 percent (2012 – increased by 47.3 percent). Resulting from the decision to de-recognise the pension surplus as the company does not expect to obtain any future economic benefit through reduced contributions. The surplus cap under FRS 17 restricts the recognition of a defined benefit scheme surplus as an asset to the amount that the employer is able to recover either through reduced contributions in the future, or through refunds from the scheme agreed at the balance sheet date.

Financial risk management

The company is exposed to financial risk through its financial assets and liabilities. The key financial risk is that the proceeds from financial assets are not sufficient to fund the obligations arising from liabilities as they fall due. The most important components of financial risk are interest rate risk, currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, cash flow risk and price risk. Due to the nature of the company's business and the assets and liabilities contained within the company's balance sheet the only financial risks the directors consider relevant to this company are credit risk and liquidity risk. These risks are mitigated by credit control procedures and the diverse client base.

Under Pillar 3 of the Capital Requirements Directive, the company is required to disclose information relating to its risks and its capital and risk management objectives and policies. The Pillar 3 disclosures are provided on the company's website.

The company has a strong liquid asset position of £364m cash and is not reliant on funding from third parties. As a consequence, the directors believe that the company is well placed to manage its business risks successfully. After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

Employee consultation

The company places considerable value on the involvement of its employees and has continued its practice of keeping them informed on matters affecting them as employees and on the various factors affecting the performance of the company.

Disabled employees

It is the policy of the company to give full consideration to suitable applications for employment of disabled persons. Every effort is made, where employees of the company become disabled, to retain them in their employment, or consider them for other positions.

Strategic report

Payments for charitable purposes

Mf Bandley

Donations to charitable organisations in the United Kingdom totalled £49,472 (2012 - £46,008).

M F Brindley Secretary

16 April 2014

Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013.

Investor in people

The company received the "Investor in People" (IIP) award in July 1997. IIP is the national standard which ensures that the training and development of employees is linked directly to business goals. The company has maintained this standard, attaining re-accreditation in December 2012.

Directors

The directors of the company during the year ended 31 December 2013, all of whom were directors throughout the year except as noted below, were:

J V Barker

G L A Beneplanc

Resigned 15 March 2013

F S Dunsire

M A Ferland

Appointed 6 August 2013

P E Middleton

S E Martin

Appointed 6 August 2013

M R Moorton

Resigned 12 July 2013

W S O'Regan

D N Williams

Each of the directors at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- 1. so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- 2. the director has taken all steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

The company has inserted a clause in the Articles of Association to indemnify directors, officers or FCA approved persons of the company against losses or liabilities sustained in the execution of their duties of office, subject to certain exclusions. The indemnity is a qualifying third party indemnity provision under S.309A and B of the Companies (Audit, Investigating and Community Enterprise) Act 2004.

Auditor

Deloitte LLP were the company's auditor during the year and have indicated their willingness to be reappointed for another term and appropriate arrangements have been put in place for them to be deemed reappointed as auditor in the absence of an Annual General Meeting

This report was approved by the board of directors on 16 April 2014 and signed on its behalf by:

M F Brindley Secretary

MF Brudley

16 April 2014

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Mercer Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Mercer Limited for the year ended 31 December 2013 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, the Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders' Funds, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 28. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statement

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2013 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Mercer Limited (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Tim 8th

Timothy Steel (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor London United Kingdom

16 April 2014

Profit and loss account Year ended 31 December 2013

	Notes.	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
TURNOVER	1, 2	363,009	346,740
Administrative expenses		(285,694)	(259,331)
OPERATING PROFIT		77,315	87,409
Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges Other finance income	3 4 5	770 (1,655) 11,893	979 (1,887) 5,490
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	6	88,323	91,991
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	8	(20,138)	(21,995)
RETAINED PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR TRANSFERRED TO RESERVES	19	68,185	69,996

Turnover and operating profit derive solely from continuing operations.

Statement of total recognised gains and losses Year ended 31 December 2013

	Notes	£'000	2013 £'000	£'000	2012 £'000
Profit for the financial year			68,185		69,996
Actuarial gain in respect of pension scheme Actuarial gain/(loss) in respect of other	22	33,700		78,038	
retirement benefits	23	2,838		(1,878)	
Pension scheme surplus cap	22	(191,638)		-	
Deferred tax relating to post retirement					
benefits . · :	19	35,195		(18,659)	
(Loss)/gain on retirement benefits					
liability/asset net of taxation	19		(119,905)		57,501
TOTAL GAINS AND LOSSES					
RECOGNISED			(51,720)		127,497
D		J 6 J.			

Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds Year ended 31 December 2013

	Notes	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		68,185	69,996
(Loss)/ gain relating to retirement benefits	19	(119,905)	57,501
Capital contribution in respect of share based payments	19	1,711	2,560
NET CHANGE TO SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		(50,009)	130,057
OPENING SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		404,903	274,846
CLOSING SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		354,894	404,903

Balance sheet 31 December 2013

	Notes	£'000	2013 £'000	£'000	2012 £'000
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	9		1,385	•	1,690
Tangible assets	10		11,348		11,064
Investments	11		600		600
			13,333		13,354
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	12	128,800		141,175	
Debtors due after more than one year	13	54,095		62,707	
Cash at bank and in hand		363,994		312,652	
CDDD CO.			546,889		516,534
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one	15		(07.201)		(72.416)
year	13		(97,201)		(72,416)
NET CURRENT ASSETS			449,688		444,118
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			463,021		457,472
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	16		(19,000)		(19,000)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	17		(71,831)		(83,762)
NET ASSETS EXCLUDING RETIREMENT BENEFITS ASSETS AND LIABILITIES			372,190		354,710
Pension (liability) / asset	22		(1,200)		67,250
Other retirement benefits liability	23		(16,096)		(17,057)
NET ASSETS INCLUDING RETIREMENT BENEFITS ASSETS AND LIABILITIES			354,894		404,903
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	18		224,400		224,400
Other reserves	19		23,508		21,797
Profit and loss account	19		106,986		158,706
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			354,894		404,903

These financial statements of Mercer Limited, registered number 984275, were approved by the Board of Directors on 16 April 2014.

D N WILLIAMS Director

F S DUNSIRE Director

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2013

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. The accounting policies adopted by the directors, and summarised below, have been applied consistently in both the current and prior year.

Basis of accounting

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention.

Basis of preparation

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc., its ultimate parent undertaking, incorporated in the State of Delaware, USA. The company is exempt under section 401 of the Companies Act 2006 from preparing group financial statements for the company and its subsidiaries, section 401 covers exemptions for companies including non-EEA group accounts. The largest and smallest group into which the company's results are consolidated is that headed by Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc. Accordingly these financial statements present information about this company as an individual undertaking and not as a group and the company is not obliged to produce a cash flow statement.

The company has also taken advantage of the exemption available under FRS8 "Related Party Disclosures" not to disclose transactions between entities where 90% or more of those voting rights are controlled within the group.

The company's financial and liquidity position are described in the Directors' report. Accordingly, the accounts have been prepared on the going concern basis.

Turnover

Turnover comprises the total of fees and commissions earned in the financial year. These are considered to represent one class of business by the directors. Fee income is recognised from the supply of services and represents the value of services provided under contracts to the extent there is a right to consideration due. Fee income is recognised in the profit and loss account on the basis of either chargeable hours or evenly over the duration of the contract for straight line fixed fee clients. Any uninvoiced amounts are shown as unbilled debtors, net of any provisions for amounts considered to be unbillable. Commission is recognised on a cash receipts basis.

Intangible fixed assets

Goodwill arising on acquisition of a business is capitalised and amortised over the business' estimated useful economic life.

The Healthcare business previously carried on by Marsh UK Limited is fully amortised.

The Consulting business previously carried on by Organization Resources Counselors Limited is being amortised over a ten year period.

The Leadership Development business previously owned by Oliver Wyman Limited is being amortised over a five year period.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2013

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)...

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are shown at original historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any provision for impairment. Freehold land is not depreciated. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Freehold buildings 40 years

Leasehold improvements over the remaining life of the lease, limited to a period not exceeding

10 years

Furniture and equipment 3 to 10 years IT equipment 3 to 5 years

Fixed asset investments

Investments are shown at cost less any provision for impairment. Income is included in the accounts of the year in which it is receivable.

Leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged on a straight-line basis over the lease term, even if payments are not made on such a basis.

Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred taxation

In accordance with FRS 19, deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax is not provided on timing differences arising from the revaluation of investment properties where there is no commitment to sell the asset. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Pension costs

The company operates a funded defined benefits pension scheme for the majority of its employees and a defined contribution scheme for employees who are not eligible or choose not to join the defined benefit scheme.

The company also operates an unfunded non-contributory scheme for medical benefits, whereby defined medical benefits are provided to current and retired UK members who started their services with the company on or prior to 1 December 1988 and completed five years of service with the company at retirement.

Regular valuations are prepared by an independent professionally qualified actuary employed within the Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc. group. These determine the level of contributions required to fund the benefits set out in the rules of the plans and allow for the periodic increase of pensions in payment. The regular service cost of providing retirement benefits to employees during the year, together with the cost of any benefits relating to past service, is charged to operating profit in the year.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2013

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

A credit representing the expected return on the assets of the retirement benefit schemes during the year is included within other finance income. This is based on the market value of the assets of the schemes at the start of the financial year.

A charge representing the expected increase in the liabilities of the retirement benefit schemes during the year is included within other finance income. This arises from the liabilities of the schemes being one year closer to payment.

The difference between the market values of assets and the present value of accrued pension liabilities is shown as an asset or liability in the balance sheet net of deferred tax. The asset figure disclosed reflects the fair value of assets (i.e. bid value where available) plus the amount held in the Trustee's bank account at the balance sheet date. The liabilities of the Fund are measured using the projected unit method.

Differences between actual and expected returns on assets during the year are recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses in the year, together with differences arising from changes in assumptions.

The MMC UK Pension Fund is a Trust based scheme, hence the assets are held separately from the Employer. Allowance has been made in the pension disclosure for unapproved unfunded pension benefits that cannot be provided through the MMC UK Pension Fund.

For defined contribution schemes the amount charged to the profit and loss account in respect of pension costs and other post-retirement benefits is the contributions payable in the year. Differences between contributions payable in the year and contributions actually paid are shown as either accruals or prepayments in the balance sheet.

The pension scheme surplus is included on the Company's balance sheet, net of the related amount of deferred tax. Surpluses are only included to the extent they are recoverable through reduced contributions in the future or through refunds from the scheme. In accordance with FRS17, recoverability through reduced contributions is assessed based on the FRS17 cost of future benefit accrual which could be offset by the surplus. At 31 December 2013, the Company determined that it no longer expects the pension scheme surplus to be recoverable under FRS17.

Foreign exchange

All foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are recorded at the rate of exchange prevailing at the date of the balance sheet. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the dates of the transactions. Translation gains or losses arising during the year are included in the profit and loss account.

Investors' compensation scheme levies

Levies made by the regulator under the Financial Services Act are recognised in the profit and loss account as notified.

Share-based payment

The company has applied the requirements of Financial Reporting Standard 20 Share-based payment ("FRS 20"). In accordance with the transitional provisions, FRS 20 has been applied to all grants of equity instruments after 7 November 2002 that were unvested as of 1 January 2006.

The company's ultimate parent company, Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc., maintains multiple equity-settled share-based payment arrangements in the UK, under which employees are awarded grants of Stock Options, Save As You Earn (SAYE) awards, Stock Awards and Share Purchase Plans.

Share-based payments are measured at the fair value at grant, expensed over the vesting period, based on the company's estimate of shares that will eventually vest and adjusted for the effect of non market based vesting conditions.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2013

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued).

Fair value is measured using the Black-Scholes pricing model (no market based triggering event). The expected life used in the model is estimated using the contractual term of the option and the effects of employees' expected exercise and post-vesting employment termination behaviour.

Share awards are measured at the fair value at grant, and this expense is recognised over the vesting period of three years.

The company also provides employees with the ability to purchase Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc.'s ordinary shares at 95% of the current market value. The company records an expense on the date the shares are purchased.

Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption granted by paragraph 5(a) of Financial Reporting Standard 1 (Revised 1996), not to prepare a cash flow statement.

2. SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS

The company operates one class of business, being the provision of actuarial advice and related services, and operates solely within the United Kingdom.

3. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

		2013 £'000	2012 £'000
	Interest receivable	770	979
		770	979
4.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
		2013 £'000	2012 £'000
	Interest payable on subordinated loans (note 16)	164	253
	Unwinding of discount on provisions (note 17)	1,491	1,634
		1,655	1,887
5.	OTHER FINANCE INCOME		
		2013 £'000	2012 £'000
	Net finance income relating to pension scheme	12,900	6,400
	Net finance charges relating to post retirement medical benefits (note 23)	(1,007)	(910)
	Net finance income relating to retirement benefits	11,893	5,490

7.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2013

6. PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after		
charging/(crediting):		
Depreciation and amounts written off tangible fixed assets		
Owned	3,072	3,667
Amortisation of intangible fixed assets	305	204
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	115	938
Rentals under operating leases		
Land and Buildings	5,024	5,367
Other operating leases	752	926
Sublet rental income	(867)	(884)
Auditor's remuneration - audit fees	329	320
- other services for taxation	-	10
Increase in onerous lease provision (note 17)	356	7,185
Increase/(decrease) in dilapidation provision (note 17)	436	(109)
Restructuring costs	605	3,022
<u>C</u>	-	
STAFF COSTS		
Particulars of employees (including executive directors) are as shown below:		
	2013	2012
Employee costs during the year amounted to:	£'000	£'000
Wages and salaries	163,238	159,369
Social security costs	17,439	17,296
Other pension costs	22,845	11,358
	203,552	188,023
The above does not include employee related restructuring costs (see note 6).		
The company incurred costs of £331,000 (2012 - £287,000) paid to certain former retirement medical benefits (see note 23) included above.	employees relati	ng to post
The average monthly number of persons employed by the company	2013	2012

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2013

7. STAFF COSTS (continued).

	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Directors' remuneration was paid in respect of directors of the company as follows:		
Emoluments	2,322	1,319
Amounts receivable (other than shares and share options) under long-term incentive schemes	167	51
Compensation for loss of office	-	161
The number of directors who:	Number	Number
Accrued benefits under a defined benefit pension schemes:	6	5
Had awards receivable in the form of shares under a long-term incentive scheme:	2	2
The directors' remuneration shown above (excluding pensions and pension contributions) included:	£'000	£'000
Highest paid director	1,122	708

At 31 December 2013 the amount of the highest paid director's accrued annual pension was £59,930 (2012 - £57,279).

The highest paid director exercised share options in the year and received shares in respect of qualifying services under a long term incentive scheme.

Money and net value of other assets (other than shares and share options) paid to or receivable by the highest paid director under long-term incentive schemes was £84,801 (2012 - £201,495).

Certain directors of the company are also directors of other companies within the Marsh & McLennan Companies group and their emoluments are paid in respect of services to those companies. Accordingly, their emoluments have been excluded from the above amounts, but are disclosed in the accounts of the relevant companies within the group.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2013

8. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

Analysis of charge for the year

	2013		2012	
	£,000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Current tax:				
UK corporation tax on profit for the year	3,029		5,645	
Adjustment in respect of prior years	(558)		(560)	
Total current tax charge		2,471		5,085
Deferred tax:				
Timing differences, origination and reversal	16,854		16,973	
Impact of change in tax rate	739		46	
Adjustments to the estimated recoverable amounts of				
deferred tax assets arising in previous periods	74		(109)	
Total deferred tax charge		17,667		16,910
Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities		20,138		21,995

Factors affecting current tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the period is lower than that resulting from applying the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK: 2013 - 23.25% (2012 - 24.5%)

The differences are explained below:

	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	88,323	91,991
UK corporation tax at 23.25% (2012 – 24.5%) Effects of:	20,535	22,538
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(563)	83
Goodwill	71	50
Timing differences, origination and reversal	(551)	(398)
Capital allowances	(584)	678
Adjustment in respect of prior years	(559)	(560)
Movement in pensions and post retirement benefits	(15,878)	(17,306)
	2,471	5,085

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2013

8. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES (continued)

The adjustment in respect of prior year relates to group relief for nil consideration with a fellow group company, revised expenses not deductible for tax purposes and the impact of an adjustment to capital allowances claims and short-term timing differences.

The rate of corporation tax reduced from 24% to 23% on 1 April 2013. Further reductions in the tax rate to 21% (effective from 1 April 2014) and 20% (effective from 1 April 2015) were substantively enacted on 2 July 2013.

9. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Goodwill £'000
Cost At 1 January 2013 Acquired from subsidiary (note 25)	2,738
At 31 December 2013	2,738
Amortisation At 1 January 2013 Charge for the year	1,048
At 31 December 2013	1,353
Net book value At 31 December 2013	1,385
At 31 December 2012	1,690

Intangible fixed assets relate to the Healthcare business transferred from Marsh UK Limited, the consulting business previously carried on by Organization Resources Counselors Limited and the Leadership development business transferred from Oliver Wyman Limited.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2013

10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

The movements in the year were as follows:	Land and buildings £'000	Leasehold improve- ments £'000	Furniture and equipment £'000	IT equipment and software £'000	Assets under construction £'000	Total £'000
Cost						
At 1 January 2013	8,596	1,634	1,175	16,858	1,609	29,872
Additions	-	7	-	1,150	2,314	3,471
Disposals	-	(2,092)	(145)	(1,868)	-	(4,105)
Reclassification		730		2,220	(2,950)	
At 31 December 2013	8,596	279	1,030	18,360	973	29,238
Depreciation						
At 1 January 2013	2,843	1,535	1,026	13,404	-	18,808
Charge for year	164	61	58	2,789	-	3,072
Disposals	-	(2.092)	(145)	(1,753)	-	(3,990)
Reclassification		691		(691)		
At 31 December 2013	3,007	195	939	13,749	<u> </u>	17,890
Net book value						
At 31 December 2013	5,589	84	91	4,611	973	11,348
At 31 December 2012	5,753	99	149	3,454	1,609	11,064

Included in land and buildings is land held at cost of £2,013,000 (2012 - £2,013,000) which is not subject to depreciation.

11. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

Investment in subsidiary undertakings	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Cost and net book value At 1 January and at 31 December	600	600

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2013

11. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS (continued).

Subsidiary undertakings

The company's principal subsidiary undertakings as at 31 December 2013, all of which represent 100% ownership of ordinary shares, were:

Principal subsidiary undertakings	Country of registration or incorporation	Country of operation	Principal activity
Mercer Trustees Limited	England and Wales	United Kingdom	Trustee Company (Dormant)
Pension Trustees Limited	England and Wales	United Kingdom	Trustee Company (Dormant)
PFT Limited	England and Wales	United Kingdom	Provision of Pension Payroll Services for Pension Schemes administered by Mercer Limited (Dormant)
Sedgwick Noble Lowndes Group Limited	England and Wales	United Kingdom	Holding company for other subsidiary undertakings
English Pension Trustees Limited .	England and Wales	United Kingdom	Trustee Company (Dormant)
Sedgwick Trustees Limited	England and Wales	United Kingdom	Trustee Company (Dormant)
Settlement Trustees Limited	England and Wales	United Kingdom	Trustee Company (Dormant)
Organization Resources Counselors Limited	England and Wales	United Kingdom	Dormant Company

12. DEBTORS

2013 £'000	2012 £'000
62,012	62,756
31,739	31,284
4,853	4,967
23,367	28,886
2,867	2,739
3,242	3,163
720	7,380
128,800	141,175
	£'000 62,012 31,739 4,853 23,367 2,867 3,242 720

Included within amounts owed by parent and fellow subsidiary undertakings is £1,877,627 (2012 - £7,725,087) in respect of professional indemnity insurance claims.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2013

13. DEBTORS DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	Notes	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Deferred taxation		4,076	6,380
Professional indemnity insurance claims	17	46,386	54,054
Other prepayments and accrued income		3,633	2,273
		54,095	62,707

Amounts receivable in respect of professional indemnity insurance claims are receivable from other group undertakings.

14. DEFERRED TAXATION

The movement in deferred taxation represents the charge for the year. Analysis of the deferred tax asset is as follows:

	2013	2012
Movements on the deferred taxation account were as follows:	£'000	£'000
At 1 January	5,737	9,987
Charged to profit and loss account in current year	(16,855)	(16,973)
Prior year adjustment	(74)	109
Impact of change in tax rate	(739)	(46)
Movement in net pension and post-retirement liability	16,006	12,660
At 31 December	4,075	5,737
Analysis of deferred tax balance:		
	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Accelerated capital allowances	3,147	4,154
Short-term timing differences	928	1,583
	4,075	5,737

Deferred timing differences have been provided for at tax rates substantively enacted at the balance sheet date which will apply when the timing differences are expected to reverse. The tax rates substantively enacted at the balance sheet date are 23%, 21% (effective from 1 April 2014) and 20% (effective from 1 April 2015). No further tax rate changes have been announced.

A deferred tax asset of £837,635 (2012: £1,059,756) representing losses from the Leadership Development business which transferred from Oliver Wyman Limited has not been recognised due to the uncertainty of when the asset will be realised.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2013

15. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Trade creditors	1,725	1,198
Amounts owed to group companies:		
Parent and fellow subsidiary undertakings	23,335	7,454
Subsidiary undertakings	3,089	3,148
Amounts due to other group undertakings in respect		
of taxation	8,839	6,300
Deferred tax	-	643
Other creditors:		
VAT payable	10,552	10,118
Social security and PAYE	8,469	8,448
Accruals and deferred income	41,192	35,107
	97,201	72,416

16. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	£,000	£'000
Subordinated loans	19,000	19,000

As part of the acquisition of the business of Sedgwick Noble Lowndes Limited, on 16 July 1999, the company assumed the rights and obligations relating to a subordinated loan advanced to Sedgwick Noble Lowndes Limited, by its immediate holding company on 20 January 1999 in the amount of £19,000,000. This loan attracts interest at LIBOR plus 0.25% per annum, payable half-yearly, and is repayable two years from the date on which notice of repayment is given.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2013

17. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

Provisions for liabilities and charges and the movements thereon during the year are as follows:

	At 1 January 2013 £'000	Increase in provision £'000	Reductions in provision £'000	Unwinding of discount £'000	Utilisation £000	At 31 December 2013 £'000
Onerous lease						
commitments	23,220	3	(1,019)	1,372	(3,576)	20,000
Professional indemnity						
claims	55,808	20,763	(11,265)	-	(17,168)	48,138
Dilapidations	2,970	317	-	119	-	3,406
Restructuring costs	1,764	622	(182)	-	(1,917)	287
	83,762	21,705	(12,466)	1,491	(22,661)	71,831

The provision for onerous lease commitments represents rental and other commitments on leased properties less anticipated sublet rental income. The company is subject to a contractual fixed rent increase for one property until 2020 when rent will move to an open market rate. Given the current economic climate and depressed rental income market, sub-let rental income is unlikely to increase in line with the contractual obligations of the company and this has been reflected in the provision. The provision for one other property was increased as, since no sub-let tenant had yet been found, the assumptions regarding sub-let rental income were revised.

The company is subject to a number of professional indemnity claims in the ordinary course of business. Such claims and lawsuits consist principally of alleged errors and omissions in connection with the performance of professional services. The company utilises internal actuarial and other estimates, and case level reviews by inside and outside counsel, to establish the potential liability. Such liabilities are recorded or provided as appropriate when a reliable estimate can be made of any obligation.

The company participates in an insurance programme which ensures that, as far as possible, liabilities which may arise from such litigation and claims will be met in full. However, in respect of claims that may be settled in respect of the 2001 and 2002 policy years, it is uncertain that these will be recoverable and therefore these claims have been provided for in full without a corresponding insurance receivable. Accordingly, insurance recoveries (representing receivables from other group companies) of £46,386,000 (2012 - £54,054,000) have been recognised within debtors due after more than one year (see note 13).

The provision for dilapidations represents the cost that the company has estimated that it is likely to incur on vacating its leased properties where there is a contractual obligation to remove leasehold improvements on expiration of the lease.

The provision for restructuring costs represents an obligation to pay redundancy costs following a realignment of resources to client demands in certain business lines.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2013

18. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

CALLED UP SHAKE CAPITAL					
		2013	01000	2012	61000
		Number	£1000	Number	£'000
Issued shares of £1 each		4,400,000	224,400	224,400,000	224,400
MOVEMENT ON RESERVES				D.,, £4	
	Notes	Share capital £'000	Other reserves £'000	and loss account £'000	Total £'000
As at 1 January 2013		224,400	21,797	158,706	404,903
Actuarial gain in respect of pension scheme Actuarial gain in respect of post retirement	22	-	-	33,700	33,700
medical benefits	23	-	-	2,838	2,838
Pension scheme surplus cap	22	-	-	(191,638)	(191,638)
Deferred tax relating to post retirement benefits				35,195	(9,361)
Loss on pensions asset net of taxation		-	-	(119,905)	(119,905)
Capital contributions in respect of share- based payments		-	1,711	-	1,711
Profit for the financial year		-	-	68,185	68,185
Net addition to shareholders' funds	Ÿ.		1,711	(51,720)	(50,009)
As at 31 December 2013		224,400	23,508	106,986	354,894
	Issued shares of £1 each MOVEMENT ON RESERVES As at 1 January 2013 Actuarial gain in respect of pension scheme Actuarial gain in respect of post retirement medical benefits Pension scheme surplus cap Deferred tax relating to post retirement benefits Loss on pensions asset net of taxation Capital contributions in respect of share-based payments Profit for the financial year Net addition to shareholders' funds	Issued shares of £1 each MOVEMENT ON RESERVES Notes As at 1 January 2013 Actuarial gain in respect of pension scheme Actuarial gain in respect of post retirement medical benefits Pension scheme surplus cap Deferred tax relating to post retirement benefits Loss on pensions asset net of taxation Capital contributions in respect of share-based payments Profit for the financial year Net addition to shareholders' funds	Issued shares of £1 each MOVEMENT ON RESERVES MOVEMENT ON RESERVES Share capital Notes As at 1 January 2013 Actuarial gain in respect of pension scheme Actuarial gain in respect of post retirement medical benefits Pension scheme surplus cap Deferred tax relating to post retirement benefits Loss on pensions asset net of taxation Capital contributions in respect of share-based payments Profit for the financial year Net addition to shareholders' funds	Issued shares of £1 each Share capital F 2000 224,400 24,400	Issued shares of £1 each $\frac{2013}{\text{Number}}$ $\frac{2015}{\text{£'000}}$ $\frac{2012}{\text{Number}}$ MOVEMENT ON RESERVES $\frac{224,400,000}{\text{Share}}$ $\frac{224,400}{\text{capital}}$ $\frac{Profit}{and loss}$ As at 1 January 2013 $\frac{224,400}{\text{Share}}$ $\frac{Profit}{\text{E'000}}$ Actuarial gain in respect of pension scheme Actuarial gain in respect of post retirement medical benefits 22 2 $33,700$ Pension scheme surplus cap 22 2 2 2 2 Deferred tax relating to post retirement benefits 23 2 2 2 2 2 Loss on pensions asset net of taxation Capital contributions in respect of share-based payments Profit for the financial year 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 Net addition to shareholders' funds 2 </td

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2013

19. MOVEMENT ON RESERVES (continued)

	Share capital £'000	Other reserves £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total £'000
	224,400	19,237	31,209	274,846
22	-	-	78,038	78,038
23	-	-	(1,878)	(1,878)
	<u>-</u>		(18,659)	(18,659)
	-	-	57,501	57,501
	-	2,560	-	2,560
			69,996	69,996
	<u>-</u>	2,560	127,497	130,057
	224,400	21,797	158,706	404,903
		capital £'000 224,400 22 - 23	capital reserves £'000 224,400 19,237 22	Share capital £'000 Other reserves £'000 and loss account £'000 224,400 19,237 31,209 22 - - 78,038 23 - - (1,878) - - (18,659) - - 57,501 - - 69,996 - 2,560 - - 2,560 127,497

20. GUARANTEES, CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND OTHER FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

Operating lease commitments

As at 31 December 2013, the company was committed to making the following payments during the next year in respect of operating leases:

	2013		2012	
	Land and buildings	Land and Other buildings		Other
	£'000	Other £'000	£'000	£'000
Leases which expire:				
Within one year	1,757	-	523	366
Within two to five years	8,403	-	3,081	-
After five years	2,894		8,955	
	13,054	-	12,559	366

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2013

20. GUARANTEES, CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND OTHER FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS (continued)

Contingent liabilities

The company has a contingent liability in the form of security provided to a fellow subsidiary undertaking lease with less than two years remaining and a current annual rental of £825,000.

The company participates in cash pooling arrangements with Citibank N.A and The Royal Bank of Scotland plc. Each member of the pool guarantees against all losses incurred as a result of the failure of any other pool member. The maximum liability of the company is the total amount of its pooled funds (£340,450,000) at any point in time. The only other members of the pooling arrangements are companies owned by Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc.

21. PENSION TRANSFERS AND OPT-OUT BUSINESS

Sedgwick Noble Lowndes Limited and Sedgwick Financial Services Limited

On 16 July 1999 and 17 October 2000 the company indemnified Sedgwick Noble Lowndes Limited and Sedgwick Financial Services Limited respectively against any costs, expenses and liabilities (including any fines) incurred and to be incurred in respect of the management, administration and/or settlement of mis-selling claims and mis-selling liabilities to the extent that they exceed the provision (net of estimated insurance recoveries) of £83,200,000 and £14,600,000 recorded in the books of Sedgwick Noble Lowndes Limited and Sedgwick Financial Services Limited respectively at the date the indemnities were given. £nil became payable under the indemnities in 2013 (2012 - £62,400). No further amounts are expected to become payable in the future.

22. PENSION SCHEME

The group operates a defined benefit scheme in the UK. An actuarial valuation was carried out at 31 December 2012 and updated to 31 December 2013 by a qualified actuary (who is employed within the Marsh & McLennan Companies group). The service cost and liability have been calculated using the Projected Unit Method.

After completion of a consultation period with affected colleagues, in January 2014, the group amended its UK defined benefit pension scheme, to close this scheme to future benefit accruals with effect from 1 August 2014 and will replace this scheme, along with its existing defined contribution plan, with a new, comprehensive defined contribution arrangement.

	2013	2012
Components of pension cost	£m	£m
Current service cost	23.3	26.6
Interest cost	45.7	47.3
Expected return on plan assets	(58.6)	(53.7)
Past service cost	-	(17.0)
Total pension cost recognised in the profit and loss account	10.4	3.2
Actuarial gains immediately recognised	(33.7)	(78.0)
Effect of surplus cap	191.7	
Total pension cost recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses	158.0	(78.0)
Cumulative amount of actuarial losses immediately recognised	210.4	244.1

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2013

22.	PENSION SCHEME (Continued)	2013 £m	2012 £m
	Amounts recognised in the balance sheet		
	Fair value of plan assets	1,265.7	1,114.5
	Present value of funded obligations	(1,074.0)	(1,023.0)
		191.7	91.5
	Present value of unfunded obligations	(1.5)	(4.1)
	·	190.2	87.4
	Related deferred tax liability	(38.0)	(20.1)
	Net amount recognised prior to surplus cap	152.2	67.3
	Change in benefit obligation		
	Benefit obligation at 1 January	1,027.1	1,009.1
	Current service cost	23.3	26.6
	Interest cost	45.7	47.3
	Plan participants' contributions	0.3	0.5
	Past service credit	-	(17.0)
	Actuarial losses/(gains)	9.7	(10.7)
	Business combinations	-	0.9
	Benefits paid	(30.6)	(29.6)
	Benefit obligation at 31 December	1,075.5	1,027.1
	Analysis of defined benefit obligation		
	Plans that are wholly or partly funded	1,074.0	1,023.0
	Plans that are wholly unfunded	1.5	4.1
	Total	1,075.5	1,027.1

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2013

22. PENSION SCHEME (continued)

	2013 £m	2012 £m
Change in plan assets	1,114.5	963.4
Fair value of plan assets at 1 January Expected return on plan assets	1,114.5 58.6	53.7
Actuarial gains	43.4	67.3
Business combinations	-	1.0
Employer contributions	79.5	58.2
Member contributions	0.3	0.5
Benefits paid	(30.6)	(29.6)
Fair value of plan assets at 31 December	1,265.7	1,114.5
Funded status	190.2	67.3
Effect of surplus cap	(191.7)	-
Related deferred tax asset	0.2	-
Not amount reasonized	(1.3)	67.3
Net amount recognised	(1.5)	
	2013	2012
Fund assets		
The weighted-average asset allocations at the year end were as follows:		
Equities	46.6%	50.8%
Government Bonds	17.7%	20.1%
Corporate Bonds	23.9%	21.1%
Property	4.6%	5.4%
Insured	0.1%	0.2%
Cash	7.1%	2.4%
	100.0%	100.0%

To develop the expected long-term rate of return on assets assumption, the employer considered the current level of expected returns on risk-free investments (primarily government bonds), the historical level of the risk premium associated with the other asset classes in which the portfolio is invested and the expectations for future returns of each asset class. The expected return for each asset class was then weighted based on the target asset allocation to develop the expected long-term rate of return on assets assumption for the portfolio. This resulted in the selection of the 5.3% assumption for the 2013 expense and 5.4% for the 2014 expense.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2013

22. PENSION SCHEME (continued)

			2013 £m	2012 £m
Actual return on plan assets			101.9	121.0
Weighted average assumptions used to determine benefi	t obligation	ıs at:	2013	2012
	Ü			
Discount rate			4.65%	4.46%
Rate of compensation increase			3.05%	2.65%
Rate of pension increases in deferment			2.30%	2.10%
Inflation rate (RPI)			3.30%	-
Inflation rate (CPI)			2.30%	-
			2013	2012
Weighted average assumptions used to determine net peended:	nsion cost f	for year		
Discount rate			4.46%	4.70%
			4.46% 5.39%	4.70% 5.40%
Expected long-term return on plan assets				
			5.39%	5.40%
Expected long-term return on plan assets Rate of compensation increase			5.39%	5.40% 4.00%
Expected long-term return on plan assets Rate of compensation increase Rate of pension increases in deferment (5% LPI)	201	3	5.39% 2.65% -	5.40% 4.00% 2.20% 2.10%
Expected long-term return on plan assets Rate of compensation increase Rate of pension increases in deferment (5% LPI)	201: Male		5.39% 2.65% - - 2 01 2	5.40% 4.00% 2.20% 2.10%
Expected long-term return on plan assets Rate of compensation increase Rate of pension increases in deferment (5% LPI)	201: Male	3 Female	5.39% 2.65% -	5.40% 4.00% 2.20% 2.10%
Expected long-term return on plan assets Rate of compensation increase Rate of pension increases in deferment (5% LPI) Rate of pension increases in payment (2.5% LPI) Weighted average life expectancy for mortality			5.39% 2.65% - - 2 01 2	5.40% 4.00% 2.20% 2.10%

If future life expectancy for all members were to increase by a further one year then this would increase the liabilities for FRS17 purposes by about 3%. A change in the life expectancy assumption at the year end balance sheet date also leads to an increase in the following year's pensions charge to the profit and loss.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2013

22. PENSION SCHEME (continued)

	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Five year history			-		
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	1,265.7	1,114.5	963.4	920.7	807.1
Benefit obligation at end of year	(1,075.5)	(1,027.1)	(1,009.1)	(883.6)	(803.4)
Related deferred tax (liability)/asset	190.2	87.4	(45.7)	37.1	3.7
	(38.0)	(20.1)	11.4	(10.0)	(1.0)
Surplus/(deficit)	152.2	67.3	(34.3)	27.1	2.7
	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Difference between expected and actual return on scheme assets:					
Amount (£m) Percentage of scheme assets	43.4	67.3	(34.7)	42.7	46.0
	3%	6%	(4)% -	5%	6%
Experience gains and losses on scheme liabilities					
Amount (£m) Percentage of scheme liabilities	(18.9)	10.8	(7.5)	4.5	0.9
	(2)%	1%	(1)%	1%	0%

Contributions

During 2013 the company made regular contributions of 14.7% of pensionable salary plus scheduled shortfall correction contributions of £4.8m in respect of members of the Mercer section and 17.0% of pensionable salary plus scheduled shortfall correction contributions of £17.3m in respect of members of the Sedgwick section. Additionally, in March 2013, the company made contributions of £35.8 million to pre-fund all of the 2014 deficit contributions and a portion of subsequent deficit contributions.

The company expects to pay contributions of £18.3m during 2014.

Defined contribution scheme

The group also operates a defined contribution scheme for employees who are not eligible or choose not join the defined benefit scheme. Contributions to this section, which are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred, amounted to £751,000 (2012 - £718,000).

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2013

23. POST RETIREMENT MEDICAL BENEFITS

The company operates an unfunded non-contributory scheme for medical benefits. As part of this scheme, defined medical benefits are provided to retired UK members who started their services with the company on or prior to 1 December 1988 and had completed five years of service with the company at retirement. The costs of private medical care are subsidised for these pensioners. One group of pensioners receive a fixed subsidy of £250 regardless of marital status while the remainder and current eligible employees are entitled to fully insured benefits in retirement for themselves, their spouses and eligible dependents. On a pensioner's death the benefit ceases for the widow or widower at the end of the scheme year in which death occurs. Currently, 285 pensioners receive these benefits and 89 employees are entitled to receive them should they reach retirement with the company.

A full actuarial valuation of the accrued liability and annual charge in respect of post retirement medical benefits was carried out as at 31 December 2013 by a qualified actuary (who is employed within the Marsh & McLennan Companies group). The method used was the projected unit method. The major assumptions used for the actuarial valuation were (in nominal terms):

Assumptions	31	31	31	31	31
-	December 2013	December 2012	December 2011	December 2010	December 2009
Gross interest rate	4.7%	4.3%	4.7%	5.7%	5.7%
Medical cost trend rate for one year	10.5%	6.1%	5.2%	6.0%	4.5%
Medical cost trend rate after one year	5.5%	6.1%	5.2%	6.0%	4.5%

The following amounts have been recognised in the performance statements in the year to 31 December 2013 in respect of post retirement medical benefits under the requirements of FRS 17:

	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Analysis of amounts charged to operating profit		
Current service cost	331	287
Total included within operating profit	331	287
Analysis of amount charged to other finance costs		
Interest on scheme liabilities	1,007	910
Net finance cost	1,007	910
Analysis of the actuarial gain / (loss) in the statement of total recognised gains and losses		
Experience gains and losses arising on scheme liabilities Effects of changes in assumptions underlying the present value of scheme	1,586	(63)
liabilities	1,252	(1,815)
Actuarial gain / (loss)	2,838	(1,878)

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2013

23. POST RETIREMENT MEDICAL BENEFITS (continued)

Movement in scheme liability during the year:

				2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Liability in the scheme at 1 January				22,151	19,601
Current service cost				331	287
Payments				(532)	(525)
Interest on scheme liabilities				1,007	910
Actuarial (gain)/loss				(2,838)	1,878
Liability in the scheme at 31 December				20,119	22,151
Related deferred tax asset				(4,023)	(5,094)
Net liability in the scheme at 31 December				16,096	17,057
History of experience gains and losses	2013	2012	. 2011	2010	2009
Experience gains/(losses) on scheme liabilities:					
Amount (£'000)	1,586	(63)	348	(31)	1,340
Percentage of the present value of the scheme liabilities	8%	0%	2%	. 0%	13%
Total actuarial gain/(loss) recognised in statement of total recognised gains and losses:					
Amount (£'000)	2,838	(1,878)	(5,738)	(2,920)	2,672
Percentage of the present value of the scheme liabilities	14%	(8)%	(29)%	(22)%	26%

24. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

Mercer Limited's ultimate parent company, Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc., maintains multiple equity-settled share-based payment arrangements in the UK, under which employees are awarded grants of stock options and Save As You Earn (SAYE) awards, Shares Awards and Share Purchase arrangements (Share Purchase Plan and Share Incentive Plan).

Prior to 1 January 2006, Share Awards were classified as liabilities and measured at their respective grant date fair values. Prepaid compensation cost was recognised for the unearned portion of such awards. Upon implementation of FRS 20, such awards were adjusted to the respective accrued grant date fair values, with a liability to Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc. The effect of forfeitures was recognised when they occurred and dividend equivalents were expensed in the period incurred.

In addition, SAYE awards were not considered compensatory and there was no cost to the company; therefore no expense was required to be recognised.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2013

24. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

Share Purchase Plan costs were accrued in the year of grant.

From 1 January 2006, the company has applied the requirements of Financial Reporting Standard 20 *Share-based payment* ("FRS 20"). In accordance with the transitional provisions, FRS 20 has been applied to all grants of equity instruments after 7 November 2002 that were unvested as of 1 January 2006.

As no benefit is granted by the company under the Share Incentive Plan, this plan does not fall under the scope of FRS 20.

Non-Qualified Stock Options

The company has a stock option scheme for designated employees. Options are granted with an exercise price equal to the market value of Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc stock at the date of grant. The options vest at 25% per annum beginning one year from the date of grant, and have a contractual term of ten years.

On 16 March 2005 Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc. began granting options that provide for a market-based triggering event before a vested option can be exercised. The terms and conditions of these stock option awards provide that options will vest at a rate of 25% per year beginning one year from the date of grant, and each vested tranche will only become exercisable if the market price of Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc.'s stock appreciates to a level of 15% above the exercise price of the option and maintains that level for at least ten consecutive trading days after the award has vested. The company accounts for these awards as market-condition options. The effect of the market condition is reflected in the grant date fair value of such awards.

For both types of grant, the cost associated with each tranche of awards under each grant is spread over the appropriate vesting period. Stock options are forfeited if the employee leaves the company before the options vest. The vesting schedule is accelerated for retiree-eligible individuals should they retire before the options have vested in full.

Effective 1 July 2005, employees were given the opportunity to exchange certain deeply underwater options for new options with an estimated fair value equal to 90% of the value of the options surrendered in exchange. The new options were unvested when granted, and vest on the later of the second anniversary of the grant date of the new options and the original vesting date of the previous options.

Options granted without a market-based triggering event

The estimated fair value of options is calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing valuation model.

The inputs into the Black-Scholes option pricing model are as follows, in United States dollars:

	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Weighted average share price	\$36,49	\$31.88	\$30.60	\$22.71	-
Weighted average exercise price	\$36,49	\$31.88	\$30.60	\$22.71	-
Expected volatility	23.8%	26.2%	25.4%	27.6%	-
Expected life	6.0 years	6.5 years	6.75 years	6.75 years	-
Risk-free rate	1.09%	1.27%	2.9%	3.15%	-
Expected dividends	2.52%	2.76%	2.75%	3.52%	_

The risk free interest rate assumption is based on the yield on US Treasury zero-coupon issues with a term equal to the expected life of the option, as of the grant date.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2013

24. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

Expected volatility prior to 1 July 2005 was calculated based on historical volatility for a period equal to the stock option's expected life, calculated on a monthly basis. Subsequent to 1 July 2005 a blended volatility rate was used based on the following: volatility derived from daily closing price observations for the ten year period ended on the valuation date; implied volatility derived from traded options for the period one week before and one week after the valuation date; average volatility for the ten year periods ended on 15 anniversaries prior to the valuation date, using daily closing price observations. This is consistent with the methodology adopted by the Marsh & McLennan Companies group.

The expected life used in the model is estimated using the contractual term of the option and the effects of employees' expected exercise and post-vesting employment termination behaviour.

The expected dividend yield is based on expected dividends for the expected term of the stock options.

Options granted with a market-based triggering event

The estimated fair value of options granted with a market-based triggering event was calculated using a binomial valuation model. The factors and assumptions used in this model are similar to those utilised in the Black-Scholes option pricing valuation model, except that the risk free interest rate is based on the US Treasury zero-coupon yield curve over the contractual term of the option, and the expected life is calculated by the model.

Details of the share options outstanding during the year are as follows:

	201	13	2012		
	Number of share options	Weighted average exercise price (US\$)	Number of share options	Weighted average exercise price (US\$)	
Outstanding at beginning of period	827,137	29.57	950,277	29.48	
Granted during the period	22,178	36.50	21,938	31.89	
Forfeited/expired during the period	(10,450)	29.82	(19,152)	33.09	
Exercised during the period	(527,830)	29.95	(125,926)	28.74	
Outstanding at the end of the period	311,035	29.42	827,137	29.57	
Exercisable at the end of the period	248,739	28.93	491,261	29.28	

The options outstanding at 31 December 2013 had a weighted average exercise price of \$29.42 (2012 - \$29.57), and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 3.96 years (2012 - 2.96 years). The number of options granted in 2013 was 22,178 (2012 - 21,938).

The company recognised total expenses of £81,500 and £80,000 in relation to all non-qualified stock options in 2013 and 2012 respectively.

Share Awards

Share Awards - restricted stock units, performance based restricted stock units, deferred stock units and stock bonus units of Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc.'s common stock - may be awarded under Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc.'s Incentive and Stock Awards plans. The fair value at grant of these awards is amortised over the vesting period of three years, taking into account the estimated effect of forfeitures. Members are entitled to receive dividend payments during the vesting period. Stock units are forfeited if the employee leaves the company before the awards vest.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2013

24. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

	2013		2012	
		Weighted		Weighted
,	Number of	average grant date fair value	Number of	average grant date fair value
	shares	(US\$)	shares	(US\$)
Outstanding at beginning of period	250,660	29.21	395,503	25.26
Granted during the period	30,902	36.50	90,932	31.89
Forfeited during the period	(7,994)	32.03	(27,319)	26.68
Vested during period	(130,593)	27.55	(208,456)	23.22
Outstanding at the end of the period	142,975	32.14	250,660	29.20

The company recognised total expenses of £1,452,000 and £2,290,000 in relation to stock awards in 2013 and 2012 respectively.

SAYE Awards

SAYE plans are UK Treasury sponsored schemes that run each year from 1 October. Members are granted options at a discounted rate based on the market value at that date, with either a three or five year vesting period. Options must be exercised within six months of vesting, otherwise they will lapse. No performance conditions apply.

These options are valued using the Black-Scholes method, as stated above for stock options. The expected life is valued at three or five years based on the terms of the plan. The cost is recognised over the appropriate vesting period.

Under this scheme £159,882 was expensed during 2013 (2012 - £173,404) in relation to three and five year schemes commencing during the years 2005 to 2013.

Other share-based payment plans

The employee share purchase plan is operated in the UK, and is open to almost all the employees in the UK. Employees pay monthly contributions and have the opportunity at every quarter end to purchase Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc. common stock at 95% of market value. This discount applied from October 2005. Previous to this, employees purchased stock at 85% of market value. Under this scheme, employees purchased 13,641 ordinary shares in 2013 (2012 – 15,859), at a weighted average share price of £23.63 (2012 - £19.57). The discount of £17,117 (2012 - £16,330) is recognised in full when the shares are purchased.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2013

25. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARY TRADE AND ASSETS....

On 1 February 2013 the company acquired the trade assets and liabilities of Mercer Employee Benefits Limited.

The net assets transferred and the consideration paid, is summarised as follows:

	£'000
Current assets Billed debtors Unbilled debtors	1,404 268
Deferred tax asset Other Debtors	. 127 . 168
Total assets	1,967
Creditors Deferred Income	(101)
Total liabilities	(101)
Net Assets at book value	1,866

27. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

The company's immediate parent company is MMC UK Group Limited, which is incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales. The ultimate parent company and controlling entity is Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc., incorporated in the State of Delaware, USA. The largest and smallest group in which the financial statements of Mercer Limited are consolidated is that headed by Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc.

The accounts of Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc., are available to the public and may be obtained from:

The Company Secretary
Marsh & McLennan Companies UK Limited
1 Tower Place West
Tower Place
London
EC3R 5BU

28. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company has taken advantage of the exemption granted by paragraph 3(c) of FRS 8, Related Party Disclosures, not to disclose transactions with Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc., or investees of the group qualifying as related parties.