## **COMP9444 Neural Networks and Deep Learning**

## **Quiz 7 (Reinforcement Learning)**

This is an optional quiz to test your understanding of the material from Week 7.

- 1. Explain the difference between the following paradigms, in terms of what is presented to the agent, and what the agent aims to do:
  - Supervised Learning
  - Unsupervised Learning
  - Reinforcment Learning
    - Supervised Learning: Each training item includes an input and a target output. The aim is to predict the output, given the input (for the training set as well as an unseen test set).
    - Unsupervised Learning: Each training item consists of only an input (no target value). The aim is to learn hidden features, or to infer whatever structure you can, from the data (input items).
    - Reinforcement Learning: An agent chooses actions in a simulated environment, observing its state and receiving rewards along the way.
      The aim is to maximize the cumulative reward.
- 2. Describe the elements (sets and functions) that are needed to give a formal description of a reinforcement learning environment. What is the difference between a deterministic environment and a stochastic environment?

Formally, a reinforcement learning environment is defined by a set S of states, a set A of actions, a transition function  $\delta$  and a reward function R. For a deterministic environment,  $\delta$  and R are single-valued functions:

$$\delta: S \times A \rightarrow S$$
 and  $R: S \times A \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ 

For a stochastic environment,  $\delta$  and/or R are not single-valued, but instead define a probability distribution on S or  $\mathbf{R}$ .

3. Name three different models of optimality in reinforcement learning, and give a formula for calculating each one.

Finite horizon reward:  $\Sigma_{0 \le i < h} r_{t+i}$ 

Infinite discounted reward:  $\sum_{i \geq 0} y^i r_{t+i}$   $0 \leq \gamma < 1$ 

Average reward:  $\lim_{h \to \infty} (1/h) \Sigma_{0 \le i < h} r_{t+i}$ 

- 4. What is the definition of:
  - a. the optimal policy
  - b. the value function
  - c. the Q-function?
    - a. The optimal policy is the function  $\pi^*$ :  $S \to A$ , which maximizes the infinite discounted reward.
    - b. The value function  $V^{\pi}(s)$  is the expected infinite discounted reward obtained by following policy  $\pi$  starting from state s. If  $\pi = \pi^*$  is

- optimal, then  $V^*(s) = V^{\pi^*}(s)$  is the maximum (expected) infinite discounted reward obtainable from state s.
- c. The Q-function  $Q^{\pi}(s,a)$  is the expected infinite discounted reward received by an agent who begins in state s, first performs action a and then follows policy  $\pi$  for all subsequent timesteps. If  $\pi = \pi^*$  is optimal, then  $Q^*(s,a) = Q^{\pi^*}(s,a)$  is the maximum (expected) discounted reward obtainable from s, if the agent is forced to take action a in the first timestep but can act optimally thereafter.
- 5. Assuming a stochastic environment, discount factor  $\gamma$  and learning rate of  $\eta$ , write the equation for
  - a. Temporal Difference learning TD(0)

$$V(s_t) \leftarrow V(s_t) + \eta \left[ r_t + \gamma V(s_{t+1}) - V(s_t) \right]$$

b. Q-Learning

$$Q(s_t, a_t) \leftarrow Q(s_t, a_t) + \eta [r_t + \gamma \max_b Q(s_{t+1}, b) - Q(s_t, a_t)]$$

Remember to define any symbols you use.

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s_t = state at time t, a_t = action performed at time t, r_t = reward received at time t, s_{t+1} = state at time t+1.
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6. Write out the steps in the REINFORCE algorithm, making sure to define any symbols you use.

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for each trial run trial and collect states s_t acions a_t and reward r_{total} for t = 1 to length(trial) \theta \leftarrow \theta + \eta(r_{total} - b) \nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta}(a_t | s_t) end end \theta = \text{parameters of policy}, \quad \eta = \text{learning rate}, r_{total} = \text{total reward received during trial}, b = \text{baseline (constant)}, \quad \nabla_{\theta} = \text{gradient with respect to } \theta, \\ \pi_{\theta}(a | s) = \text{probability of performing action } a \text{ in state } s.
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