

Prueba:

$$\|\tilde{y}_k - \tilde{s}_k\| \leq \bar{c}\epsilon_k \|\tilde{s}_k\|, \quad \|\tilde{s}_k - \tilde{y}_k\| \leq \bar{c}\epsilon_k \|\tilde{s}_k\|$$

$$(1 - \bar{c}\epsilon_k) \|\tilde{s}_k\| \leq \|\tilde{y}_k\| \leq (1 + \bar{c}\epsilon_k) \|\tilde{s}_k\| \quad (1)$$

$$(1 - \bar{c}\epsilon_k)^2 \|\tilde{s}_k\|^2 - 2\tilde{y}_k^T \tilde{s}_k + \|\tilde{s}_k\|^2 \leq \|\tilde{y}_k\|^2 - 2\tilde{y}_k^T \tilde{s}_k + \|\tilde{s}_k\|^2 \leq \bar{c}^2 \epsilon_k^2 \|\tilde{s}_k\|^2,$$

$$2\tilde{y}_k^T \tilde{s}_k \geq (1 - 2\bar{c}\epsilon_k + \bar{c}^2 \epsilon_k^2 + 1 - \bar{c}^2 \epsilon_k^2) \|\tilde{s}_k\|^2 = 2(1 - \bar{c}\epsilon_k) \|\tilde{s}_k\|^2$$

$$\tilde{m}_k = \frac{\tilde{y}_k^T \tilde{s}_k}{\|\tilde{s}_k\|^2} \geq 1 - \bar{c}\epsilon_k \quad (2)$$

$$\tilde{M}_k = \frac{\|\tilde{y}_k\|^2}{\tilde{y}_k^T \tilde{s}_k} \leq \frac{1 + \bar{c}\epsilon_k}{1 - \bar{c}\epsilon_k} \quad (3)$$

$$\tilde{M}_k \leq 1 + \frac{2\bar{c}}{1 - \bar{c}\epsilon_k} \epsilon_k \leq 1 + \bar{c}\epsilon_k \quad (4)$$

$$\frac{-x}{1-x} - \ln(1-x) = h\left(\frac{1}{1-x}\right) \leq 0$$

$$\ln(1 - \bar{c}\epsilon_k) \geq \frac{-\bar{c}\epsilon_k}{1 - \bar{c}\epsilon_k} \geq -2\bar{c}\epsilon_k$$

$$\ln(\tilde{m}_k) \geq \ln(1 - \bar{c}\epsilon_k) \geq -2\bar{c}\epsilon_k \geq -2c\epsilon_k \quad (5)$$

$$0 < \psi(B_{k+1}) \leq \psi(\tilde{B}_k) + 3c\epsilon_k + \ln(\cos^2 \tilde{\theta}_k) + \left[1 - \frac{\tilde{q}_k}{\cos^2 \tilde{\theta}_k} + \ln\left(\frac{\tilde{q}_k}{\cos^2 \tilde{\theta}_k}\right)\right] \quad (6)$$

$$\sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \left(\ln\left(\frac{1}{\cos^2 \tilde{\theta}_j}\right) - \left[1 - \frac{\tilde{q}_j}{\cos^2 \tilde{\theta}_j} + \ln\left(\frac{\tilde{q}_j}{\cos^2 \tilde{\theta}_j}\right)\right] \right) \leq \psi(\tilde{B}_0) + 3c \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \epsilon_j < +\infty$$

$$\lim_{j \rightarrow \infty} \ln\left(\frac{1}{\cos^2 \tilde{\theta}_j}\right) = 0, \quad \lim_{j \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{\tilde{q}_j}{\cos^2 \tilde{\theta}_j} + \ln\left(\frac{\tilde{q}_j}{\cos^2 \tilde{\theta}_j}\right)\right) = 0$$

$$\lim_{j \rightarrow \infty} \cos \tilde{\theta}_j = 1, \quad \lim_{j \rightarrow \infty} \tilde{q}_j = 1 \quad (7)$$

lo del final

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\|G_*^{-1/2}(B_k - G_*)s_k\|^2}{\|G_*^{1/2}s_k\|} &= \frac{\|(\tilde{B}_k - I)\tilde{s}_k\|^2}{\|\tilde{s}_k\|^2} \\
&= \frac{\|\tilde{B}_k\tilde{s}_k\|^2 - 2\tilde{s}_k^T\tilde{B}_k\tilde{s}_k + \tilde{s}_k^T\tilde{s}_k}{\tilde{s}_k^T\tilde{s}_k} \\
&= \frac{\tilde{q}_k^2}{\cos\tilde{\theta}_k^2} - 2\tilde{q}_k + 1.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\|(B_k - G_*)s_k\|}{\|s_k\|} = 0$$