

A4

Kerui Du

08/10/2021

Q1

```
fun1 <- function(country) {  
  country = tolower(gsub(' ', '-', country))  
  sprintf('%s-population.html', country)  
}  
Population=unlist(lapply(oceania, fun1));Population
```

```
## [1] "australia-population.html"  
## [2] "papua-new-guinea-population.html"  
## [3] "new-zealand-population.html"  
## [4] "fiji-population.html"  
## [5] "solomon-islands-population.html"  
## [6] "vanuatu-population.html"  
## [7] "new-caledonia-population.html"  
## [8] "french-polynesia-population.html"  
## [9] "samoa-population.html"  
## [10] "kiribati-population.html"  
## [11] "tonga-population.html"  
## [12] "marshall-islands-population.html"  
## [13] "northern-mariana-islands-population.html"  
## [14] "american-samoa-population.html"  
## [15] "cook-islands-population.html"  
## [16] "tuvalu-population.html"  
## [17] "wallis-and-futuna-islands-population.html"  
## [18] "nauru-population.html"  
## [19] "niue-population.html"  
## [20] "tokelau-population.html"
```

```
writeLines(Population, 'Population.html')  
writeLines(Population, 'Population')
```

Q2

```
url = "https://www.worldometers.info/world-population/"  
tableInfo <- function(input) {
```

```

file = readLines(input, warn=F)
pattern = grep('<table', file)

# extract the indexes of interest(start) from each pattern
tableStart_list = sapply(pattern, function(i) gregexpr('<table', file[i]))
tableStart = unlist(tableStart_list) # convert list to vector

# find length of each pattern(because some patterns have multiple indexes)
lens=sapply(tableStart_list, length)
lineNumber = rep(pattern, lens) # extract correct number of pattern

# extract the indexes of interest(end) for each pattern
tableEnd = unlist(sapply(pattern, function(i) gregexpr('/table>', file[i])))
cbind(lineNumber, tableStart, tableEnd) # bind them to a matrix
}
tableInfo(paste0(url, 'new-zealand-population'))

```

```

##      lineNumber tableStart tableEnd
## [1,]         199         2177      2503
## [2,]          217         1642      6306
## [3,]          217         7248      9345
## [4,]          219         2438     14419

```

```

tableInfo(paste0(url, 'cook-islands-population'))

```

```

##      lineNumber tableStart tableEnd
## [1,]         199         2148      2475
## [2,]         215         1356      4970
## [3,]         215         5873      7515

```

Q3

```

readCountryTable <- function(countryName, tableName) {
  web = sub('.html', '', paste0(url, fun1(countryName))) # gain a website
  file = readLines(web, warn = F)
  line = tableInfo(web)[tableName] # obtain index from previous function

  col_name = cols(file[line]) # get column names
  value = rows(file[line], tableName) # get value of each column by its 'tableName'

  # convert all character to numeric and transpose matrix to a dataframe
  df=as.data.frame(apply(value, 2, as.numeric))
  colnames(df)=col_name
  df
}

# column function: extract all column names
cols <- function(line) {
  info = strsplit(line, 'thead')[[1]][2]

```

```

sub_info = unlist(strsplit(info, '<th>')[[1]][-1])
sub_info = gsub('</.+$', '', sub_info)
gsub(' <br> |<br> |<br>', ' ', sub_info)
}

# value function: extract all values
rows <- function(line, tableName) {
  if (tableName==2) {
    info=strsplit(line, '<tr> <td>')[[1]][2:19]
    sub_info=strsplit(info, '</td>')
  }

  else {
    info=strsplit(line, '<tr> <td>')[[1]][20:26]
    sub_info=strsplit(info, '</td>')
  }

  m=do.call(rbind, sub_info)
  m=gsub(', | %|</.+$', '', m[, -ncol(m)])
  m=gsub(' | <.+>|<.+>', '', m)
  ifelse(m=='N.A.', NA, m)
}

head(NZTable2 <- readCountryTable("French Polynesia", 2), 3)

```

```

##   Year Population Yearly % Change Yearly Change Migrants (net) Median Age
## 1 2020      280908          0.58         1621         -1000        33.6
## 2 2019      279287          0.58         1608         -1000        31.9
## 3 2018      277679          0.57         1577         -1000        31.9
##   Fertility Rate Density (P/Km²) Urban Pop % Urban Population
## 1           1.95           77         64.1         180188
## 2           2.02           76         63.9         178578
## 3           2.02           76         63.7         176757
##   Country's Share of World Pop World Population French Polynesia Global Rank
## 1              0       7794798739              185
## 2              0       7713468100              185
## 3              0       7631091040              185

```

```

head(CITable3 <- readCountryTable("Cook Islands", 3), 3)

```

```

##   Year Population Yearly % Change Yearly Change Density (P/Km²) Urban Pop %
## 1 2020      17564         -0.03          -4           73       75.3
## 2 2025      17544         -0.02          -4           73       77.4
## 3 2030      17524         -0.02          -4           73       79.3
##   Urban Population Country's Share of World Pop World Population
## 1           13223              0       7794798739
## 2           13571              0       8184437460
## 3           13903              0       8548487400
##   Cook Islands Global Rank
## 1              223
## 2              223
## 3              223

```

Q4

```
# get a list that contains second dataframe of 20 countries from previous function
df = lapply(oceania, readCountryTable, 2)

# sublist(1-3) the list from last step
mod_df = lapply(1:length(oceania), function(i) cbind(Country=oceania[i],df[[i]][1:3]))

# convert list to dataframe named f_df(for next question)
f_df = do.call(rbind,mod_df)
head(f_df);tail(f_df)
```

```
##      Country Year Population Yearly % Change
## 1 Australia 2020   25499884         1.18
## 2 Australia 2019   25203198         1.23
## 3 Australia 2018   24898152         1.28
## 4 Australia 2017   24584620         1.33
## 5 Australia 2016   24262712         1.38
## 6 Australia 2015   23932502         1.56
```

```
##      Country Year Population Yearly % Change
## 355 Tokelau 1980      1553        -0.24
## 356 Tokelau 1975      1572        -0.61
## 357 Tokelau 1970      1621       -3.35
## 358 Tokelau 1965      1922         0.52
## 359 Tokelau 1960      1873         3.11
## 360 Tokelau 1955      1607         0.52
```

Q5

```
# find the each 10-year
sub_df = f_df[f_df$Year %% 10 == 0,]

# use tapply to get a contingency table
final_df=(with(sub_df,tapply(`Yearly % Change`, list(Country,as.factor(Year)), mean)))

# convert to dataframe
final_df = as.data.frame(final_df)

# modification
final_df=cbind(Country=rownames(final_df),final_df)
rownames(final_df)=1:nrow(final_df);final_df
```

```
##      Country 1960 1970 1980 1990 2000 2010 2020
## 1 American Samoa 0.37 2.94 1.67 3.68 1.69 -1.20 -0.22
## 2 Australia 2.25 2.49 1.16 1.60 1.09 1.89 1.18
## 3 Cook Islands 2.18 2.43 -2.85 0.66 -1.25 -0.73 -0.03
## 4 Fiji 3.26 2.33 1.96 0.47 0.90 0.91 0.73
## 5 French Polynesia 2.55 3.41 3.16 2.46 1.99 0.59 0.58
```

## 6	Kiribati	2.41	1.96	1.48	2.50	1.66	2.20	1.57
## 7	Marshall Islands	1.08	3.37	3.64	4.28	0.12	0.40	0.60
## 8	Nauru	2.76	2.27	1.53	2.26	-0.55	0.31	0.84
## 9	New Caledonia	2.87	2.92	2.19	1.78	2.37	1.41	0.97
## 10	New Zealand	2.12	1.42	0.41	0.78	0.98	1.11	0.82
## 11	Niue	0.56	0.14	-3.06	-3.05	-2.59	-0.78	0.09
## 12	Northern Mariana Islands	4.56	3.35	2.19	9.76	4.61	-0.93	0.63
## 13	Papua New Guinea	1.58	2.29	2.61	2.49	2.43	2.39	1.95
## 14	Samoa	2.90	2.41	0.54	0.35	0.51	0.68	0.67
## 15	Solomon Islands	2.93	3.21	3.58	2.87	2.81	2.35	2.55
## 16	Tokelau	3.11	-3.35	-0.24	-1.21	0.48	-1.15	1.62
## 17	Tonga	2.17	2.56	1.03	0.25	0.41	0.60	1.15
## 18	Tuvalu	0.98	1.26	4.73	1.63	0.21	1.04	1.22
## 19	Vanuatu	3.01	2.83	2.97	2.43	1.92	2.45	2.42
## 20	Wallis and Futuna Islands	1.24	0.29	3.80	0.26	0.76	-3.21	-1.73