

$$v_{L(t)} = V_{L(pk)} \sin(\omega_L t) \quad \text{where} \quad \omega_L = 2\pi f_L = 1000\pi \quad \because f_L = 500 \text{ Hz}$$

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$$V_{DC} = I_{DC} R \quad \text{OR} \quad v(t) = i(t) R$$

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$$p(t) = v(t) i(t)$$

$$p(t) = v(t) \cdot i(t)$$

$$v_{L(t)} = V_{L(pk)} \cos(1000\pi t) \quad \text{and} \quad i_{L(t)} = V_{L(pk)} \cos(1000\pi t) / R$$

$$v_L(t) = V_{L(pk)} \cos(1000\pi t) \quad \text{and} \quad i_L(t) = \frac{V_{L(pk)} \cos(1000\pi t)}{R}$$

$$p_{L(t)} = \frac{V_{L(pk)}^2}{R} \cos^2(1000\pi t) = \frac{V_{L(pk)}^2}{2R} [\cos(2000\pi t) + 1]$$

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$$P = \frac{1}{T_L} \int_0^{T_L} p_{L(t)} dt = \frac{1}{T_L} \int_0^{T_L} v(t) i(t) dt = V_{L(pk)}^2 / 2R$$

$$P = \frac{1}{T_L} \int_0^{T_L} p_L(t) dt = \frac{1}{T_L} \int_0^{T_L} v(t) \cdot i(t) dt = \frac{V_{L(pk)}^2}{2R}$$

$$P = \frac{1}{T_L} \int_0^{T_L} p_L(t) dt = \frac{1}{T_L} \int_0^{T_L} v(t)i(t) dt = \frac{1}{RT_L} \int_0^{T_L} v^2(t) dt \stackrel{\text{OR}}{=} \frac{R}{T_L} \int_0^{T_L} i^2(t) dt$$

$$P = \frac{1}{T_L} \int_0^{T_L} p_L(t) dt = \frac{1}{T_L} \int_0^{T_L} v(t) \cdot i(t) dt = \frac{1}{RT_L} \int_0^{T_L} v^2(t) dt \stackrel{\text{OR}}{=} \frac{R}{T_L} \int_0^{T_L} i^2(t) dt$$

$$V_{RMS}^2 = \frac{1}{T_L} \int_0^{T_L} v^2(t) dt \quad \text{and} \quad I_{RMS}^2 = \frac{1}{T_L} \int_0^{T_L} i^2(t) dt$$

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$$V_{RMS} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{T_L} \int_0^{T_L} V_{L(pk)}^2 \cos^2(\omega_L t) dt} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{T_L} \int_0^{T_L} \frac{V_{L(pk)}^2}{2} [\cos(2\omega_L t) + 1] dt} = \frac{V_{L(pk)}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$V_{RMS} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{T_L} \int_0^{T_L} V_{L(pk)}^2 \cos^2(\omega_L t) dt} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{T_L} \int_0^{T_L} \frac{V_{L(pk)}^2}{2} [\cos(2\omega_L t) + 1] dt} = \frac{V_{L(pk)}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$|S| = V_{RMS} I_{RMS}$$

$$|S| = V_{RMS} \cdot I_{RMS}$$

$$p.f. = \frac{P}{|S|}$$

$$p.f. = \frac{P}{|S|}$$

$$Q = \sqrt{|S|^2 - P^2}$$

$$Q = \sqrt{|S|^2 - P^2}$$

$$S = P + jQ$$

$$S = P + jQ$$

$$v_L(t) = V_{L(pk)} \cos(1000\pi t) \quad \text{and} \quad i_L(t) = V_{L(pk)} \cos(1000\pi t - \pi/2) / \omega_L L$$

$$v_L(t) = V_{L(pk)} \cos(1000\pi t) \quad \text{and} \quad i_L(t) = \frac{V_{L(pk)} \cos(1000\pi t - \frac{\pi}{2})}{\omega_L L}$$

$$p_{L(t)} = \frac{V_{L(pk)}^2}{\omega_L L} \cos(1000\pi t) \cos(1000\pi t - \pi/2) = \frac{V_{L(pk)}^2}{2\omega_L L} \sin(2000\pi t)$$

$$p_L(t) = \frac{V_{L(pk)}^2}{\omega_L L} \cos(1000\pi t) \cos(1000\pi t - \frac{\pi}{2}) = \frac{V_{L(pk)}^2}{2\omega_L L} \sin(2000\pi t)$$

$$P = \frac{1}{T_L} \int_0^{T_L} p_{L(t)} dt = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad Q = \frac{V_{L(pk)}^2}{2\omega_L L} = \frac{V_{L(RMS)}^2}{\omega_L L}$$

$$P = \frac{1}{T_L} \int_0^{T_L} p_L(t) dt = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad Q = \frac{V_{L(pk)}^2}{2\omega_L L} = \frac{V_{L(RMS)}^2}{\omega_L L}$$

$$V_{pk} = \sqrt{2}V_{RMS} \quad \text{and} \quad I_{pk} = \sqrt{2}I_{RMS}$$

$$V_{pk} = \sqrt{2}V_{RMS} \quad \text{and} \quad I_{pk} = \sqrt{2}I_{RMS}$$

$$P = V_{RMS}I_{RMS} = I_{RMS}^2 R = V_{RMS}^2 / R$$

$$P = V_{RMS}I_{RMS} = I_{RMS}^2 R = \frac{V_{RMS}^2}{R}$$

$$v_{vs}(t) = v_L(t) \frac{R_b}{(R_a + R_b)}$$

$$v_{vs}(t) = v_L(t) \frac{R_b}{R_a + R_b}$$

$$V_{vs(pk-pk)} = V_{L(pk-pk)} \frac{R_b}{(R_a + R_b)} \Rightarrow 1 \geq 15.4 \times 2\sqrt{2} \frac{R_b}{(R_a + R_b)} \Rightarrow R_a \geq 41.4R_b$$

$$V_{vs(pk-pk)} = V_{L(pk-pk)} \frac{R_b}{R_a + R_b} \Rightarrow 1 \geq 15.4 \times 2\sqrt{2} \frac{R_b}{R_a + R_b} \Rightarrow R_a \geq 41.4R_b$$

$$P_{vs-loss} = V_{L(RMS)}^2 / (R_a + R_b)$$

$$P_{vs-loss} = \frac{V_{L(RMS)}^2}{R_a + R_b}$$

$$v_{is}(t) = i_L(t) R_s$$

$$v_{is}(t) = i_L(t) \cdot R_s$$

$$P_{is-loss} = I_{L(RMS)}^2 R_s \Rightarrow 0.05 \geq 0.55^2 R_s \Rightarrow R_s \leq 165 m\Omega$$

$$P_{is-loss} = I_{L(RMS)}^2 \cdot R_s \Rightarrow 0.05 \geq 0.55^2 R_s \Rightarrow R_s \leq 165 m\Omega$$

$$V_{is(pk-pk)-highest} = 0.55 \times 2\sqrt{2} \times 0.16 \approx 250 mV$$

$$V_{is(pk-pk)-highest} = 0.55 \times 2\sqrt{2} \times 0.16 \approx 250 mV$$

$$V_{is(pk-pk)-lowest} = 0.16 \times 2\sqrt{2} \times 0.16 \approx 72mV$$

$$V_{is(pk-pk)-lowest} = 0.16 \times 2\sqrt{2} \times 0.16 \approx 72 mV$$

$$R_{dc} = \frac{\rho l}{A}$$

$$R_{dc} = \frac{\rho \cdot l}{A}$$

$$C = \frac{\epsilon_r \epsilon_0 A}{d}$$

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$$\text{Time per Bit} = \frac{1}{\text{Baud Rate}}$$

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$$\text{Data Rate} = \frac{\text{Data Bits per Frame}}{\text{Total Bits per Frame}} \times \text{Baud Rate}$$

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$$\text{Transmission Time} = \frac{\text{Data Bits to Transmit}}{\text{Data Rate}}$$

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$$\text{Baud Rate} = \frac{f_{osc}}{16 \times (UBRR0 + 1)} \quad \text{or} \quad UBRR0 = \frac{f_{osc}}{(\text{Baud Rate}) \times 16} - 1$$

$$\text{Baud Rate} = \frac{f_{osc}}{16 \times (UBRR0 + 1)} \quad \text{or} \quad UBRR0 = \frac{f_{osc}}{(\text{Baud Rate}) \times 16} - 1$$

$$t_{sample} = \frac{1}{f_{sample}}$$

$$t_{sample} = \frac{1}{f_{sample}}$$

$$f_{sample(max)} = \frac{1}{t_{acquisition(min)} + t_{conversion(min)}}$$

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$$V_{step} = \frac{V_{ref}}{2^{resolution}}$$

$$V_{step} = \frac{V_{ref}}{2^{resolution}}$$

$$\tau = (R_{signal} + R_{sample})C_{sample}$$

$$\tau = (R_{signal} + R_{sample})C_{sample}$$

$$V_{\text{Absolute Error}} = V_{\text{step}} \times LSB_{\text{Absolute Error}}$$

$$V_{\text{Absolute Error}} = V_{\text{step}} \times LSB_{\text{Absolute Error}}$$

$$V_{\text{ADC}} - V_{\text{Absolute Error}} \leq V_{\text{Actual}} \leq V_{\text{ADC}} + V_{\text{Absolute Error}}$$

$$V_{\text{ADC}} - V_{\text{Absolute Error}} \leq V_{\text{Actual}} \leq V_{\text{ADC}} + V_{\text{Absolute Error}}$$

$$V_{vf} = G_{vs}G_{vo}V_{AC} + V_{off}$$

$$V_{vf} = G_{vs}G_{vo}V_{AC} + V_{off}$$

$$V_{if} = G_{is}G_{io}I_L + V_{off}$$

$$V_{if} = G_{is}G_{io}I_L + V_{off}$$

$$V_{AC}[i] = (ADC0Value[i] \times 5/1024 - V_{off}) / (G_{vs}G_{vo})$$

$$V_{AC}[i] = \frac{ADC0Value[i] \times \frac{5}{1024} - V_{off}}{G_{vs}G_{vo}}$$

$$I_L[i] = (ADC1Value[i] \times 5/1024 - V_{off}) / (G_{is}G_{io})$$

$$I_L[i] = \frac{ADC1Value[i] \times \frac{5}{1024} - V_{off}}{G_{is}G_{io}}$$

$$RMS = \frac{Peak}{\sqrt{2}}$$

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$$V_{AC_{rms}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{T_p} \int_0^{T_p} V_{AC}^2 dt} \quad \text{OR} \quad I_{L_{rms}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{T_p} \int_0^{T_p} I_L^2 dt}$$

$$V_{AC(RMS)} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{T_p} \int_0^{T_p} V_{AC}^2 dt} \quad \text{OR} \quad I_{L(RMS)} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{T_p} \int_0^{T_p} I_L^2 dt}$$

$$V_{AC_{rms}}^2 = \frac{1}{N\Delta t_{sample}} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} V_{AC}^2[i] \Delta t_{sample} \quad \text{OR} \quad I_{L_{rms}}^2 = \frac{1}{N\Delta t_{sample}} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} I_L^2[i] \Delta t_{sample}$$

$$V_{AC(RMS)}^2 = \frac{1}{N\Delta t_{sample}} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} V_{AC}^2[i] \cdot \Delta t_{sample} \quad \text{OR} \quad I_{L(RMS)}^2 = \frac{1}{N\Delta t_{sample}} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} I_L^2[i] \cdot \Delta t_{sample}$$

$$P = V_{AC_{rms}} I_{L_{rms}} \cos(\theta)$$

$$P = V_{AC(RMS)} I_{L(RMS)} \cos(\theta)$$

$$P = \frac{1}{T_p} \int_0^{T_p} V_{AC} I_L dt$$

$$P = \frac{1}{T_p} \int_0^{T_p} V_{AC} I_L dt$$

$$P = \frac{1}{N\Delta t_{sample}} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} V_{AC}[i] I_L[i] \Delta t_{sample} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} V_{AC}[i] I_L[i]$$

$$P = \frac{1}{N\Delta t_{sample}} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} (V_{AC}[i] \cdot I_L[i] \cdot \Delta t_{sample}) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} (V_{AC}[i] \cdot I_L[i])$$

$$\bar{V}_{AC}[i] = (V_{AC}[i] + V_{AC}[i + 1]) / 2$$

$$\bar{V}_{AC}[i] = \frac{V_{AC}[i] + V_{AC}[i + 1]}{2}$$



$$\bar{I}_L[i] = (I_L[i-1] + I_L[i]) / 2$$

$$\bar{I}_L[i] = \frac{I_L[i-1] + I_L[i]}{2}$$

$$P = \frac{1}{2N} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} [V_{AC}[i] \bar{I}_L[i] + \bar{V}_{AC}[i] I_L[i]]$$

$$P = \frac{1}{2N} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} [V_{AC}[i] \cdot \bar{I}_L[i] + \bar{V}_{AC}[i] \cdot I_L[i]]$$

$$T_{system\_clk} = \frac{1}{f_{system\_clk}}$$

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$$T_{cpu\_clk} = \frac{1}{f_{cpu\_clk}}$$

$$T_{cpu\_clk} = \frac{1}{f_{cpu\_clk}}$$

$$f_{timer\_clk} = \frac{f_{system\_clk}}{\text{Prescaler}}$$

$$f_{timer\_clk} = \frac{f_{system\_clk}}{\text{Prescaler}}$$

$$0 \leq \text{count} < 2^{\text{bits}}$$

$$0 \leq \text{count} < 2^{\text{bits}}$$

$$\text{Resolution} = \frac{1}{f_{timer\_clk}}$$

$$\text{Resolution} = \frac{1}{f_{timer\_clk}}$$

$$\text{Range} = \text{Resolution} \times (2^{\text{bits}} - 1)$$

$$\text{Range} = \text{Resolution} \times (2^{\text{bits}} - 1)$$

$$\text{Period} = \text{Resolution} \times (\text{Top} + 1)$$

$$\text{Period} = \text{Resolution} \times (\text{Top} + 1)$$

$$T_p = T_{on} + T_{off}$$

$$T_p = T_{on} + T_{off}$$

$$V_{DC} = V_{supply} \times T_{on}/T_p = DV_{supply}$$

$$V_{DC} = V_{supply} \times \frac{T_{on}}{T_p} = D \cdot V_{supply}$$

$$T_p = \text{Resolution} \times (\text{Top} + 1) = (\text{Top} + 1) / f_{timer\_clk}$$

$$T_p = \text{Resolution} \times (\text{Top} + 1) = \frac{\text{Top} + 1}{f_{timer\_clk}}$$

$$T_{on} = \text{Resolution} \times (\text{Compare} + 1) = (\text{Compare} + 1) / f_{timer\_clk}$$

$$T_{on} = \text{Resolution} \times (\text{Compare} + 1) = \frac{\text{Compare} + 1}{f_{timer\_clk}}$$

$$V_{DC} = I_{DC}R$$

$$V_{DC} = I_{DC}R$$

$$v(t) = i(t)R$$

$$v(t) = i(t)R$$

$$\bar{V} = \bar{I}R$$

$$\bar{V} = \bar{I}R$$

$$v(t) = i(t)R$$

$$v(t) = i(t)R$$

$$V(s) = I(s)R$$

$$V(s) = I(s)R$$

$$v(t) = L \frac{di(t)}{dt}$$

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$$\bar{V} = jX_L \bar{I} = j\omega L \bar{I}$$

$$\bar{V} = jX_L \bar{I} = j\omega L \bar{I}$$

$$v(t) = L \frac{di(t)}{dt}$$

$$v(t) = L \frac{di(t)}{dt}$$

$$V(s) = sLI(s)$$

$$V(s) = sLI(s)$$

$$i(t) = C \frac{dv(t)}{dt}$$

$$i(t) = C \frac{dv(t)}{dt}$$

$$\bar{V} = jX_C \bar{I} = \bar{I} / j\omega C$$

$$\bar{V} = jX_C \bar{I} = \frac{\bar{I}}{j\omega C}$$

$$i(t) = C \frac{dv(t)}{dt}$$

$$i(t) = C \frac{dv(t)}{dt}$$

$$V(s) = I(s)/sC$$

$$V(s) = \frac{I(s)}{sC}$$

$$I_{in} - I_1 - I_2 = 0$$

$$I_{in} - I_1 - I_2 = 0$$

$$V_{in} - V_1 - V_3 = 0 \Rightarrow V_{in} = I_1 R_1 + (I_1 + I_2) R_3$$

$$V_{in} - V_1 - V_3 = 0 \Rightarrow V_{in} = I_1 R_1 + (I_1 + I_2) R_3$$

$$V_1 - V_2 = 0 \Rightarrow I_1 R_1 = I_2 R_2$$

$$V_1 - V_2 = 0 \Rightarrow I_1 R_1 = I_2 R_2$$

$$I_1 = I_2 = 0.5A \text{ \& } I_{in} = 1A$$

$$I_1 = I_2 = 0.5A \text{ \& } I_{in} = 1A$$

$R_1$ , ensures the voltage at PB7 is pulled to 5V (i.e. VCC supplied to the MCU) when the push-button is released. The filter capacitor, ' $C_1$ ', is used for debouncing. When the push-button is pressed it creates 0V at PB7, when released PB7 will be 5V. LED is connected to PB5 through a current limiting resistor, ' $R_2$ '. Generating 5V at PB5 will create a current to flow turning-on the LED (i.e. ' $I_{LED} = (5 - V_f) / R_2$ ' where ' $V_f \approx 2V$ '

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$$T_{system\_clk}$$

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