

A slow manifold of your dynamical system

A. J. Roberts, University of Adelaide
<http://orcid.org/0000-0001-8930-1552>

5:21am, June 3, 2023

Generally, the lowest order, most important, terms are near the end of each expression.

Specified dynamical system

$$\dot{u}_1 = \sigma(u_2 w_s - u_1 w_s) + u_2 - u_1$$

$$\dot{u}_2 = \rho \varepsilon^2 u_1 + \sigma u_1 w_\rho - \varepsilon u_3 u_1 - u_2 + u_1$$

$$\dot{u}_3 = -\sigma u_3 w_\beta + \varepsilon u_2 u_1 - u_3$$

off echo;

Time dependent slow manifold parametrisation

$$u_1 = -1/2 \sigma e^{-2t} \star w_\rho s_1 + O(\varepsilon^2, \sigma^2) + s_1$$

$$u_2 = 1/2 \sigma e^{-2t} \star w_\rho s_1 + O(\varepsilon^2, \sigma^2) + s_1$$

$$u_3 = \sigma \varepsilon (-e^{-1t} \star w_\beta s_1^2 - e^{-1t} \star w_\rho s_1^2) + \varepsilon s_1^2 + O(\varepsilon^2, \sigma^2)$$

Result slow manifold DEs

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{s}_1 = & \rho \sigma^2 \varepsilon^2 (1/4 e^{-2t} \star e^{-2t} \star w_\rho s_1 w_\rho - 1/2 e^{-2t} \star e^{-2t} \star w_\rho s_1 w_s + \\ & 1/4 e^{-2t} \star w_\rho s_1 w_\rho - 1/8 e^{-2t} \star w_\rho s_1 w_s + 1/8 e^{-2t} \star w_s s_1 w_\rho - \\ & 1/4 e^{-2t} \star w_s s_1 w_s) + \rho \sigma \varepsilon^2 (-1/4 s_1 w_\rho + 1/4 s_1 w_s) + 1/2 \rho \varepsilon^2 s_1 + \sigma^2 \varepsilon^2 (- \\ & 1/4 e^{-1t} \star e^{-2t} \star w_\beta s_1^3 w_\rho + 1/2 e^{-1t} \star e^{-2t} \star w_\beta s_1^3 w_s - \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 1/4e^{-1t} \star e^{-2t} \star w_\rho s_1^3 w_\rho + 1/2e^{-1t} \star e^{-2t} \star w_\rho s_1^3 w_s - 1/4e^{-2t} \star e^{-2t} \star w_\rho s_1^3 w_\rho + \\
& 1/2e^{-2t} \star e^{-2t} \star w_\rho s_1^3 w_s - 1/2e^{-1t} \star w_\beta s_1^3 w_\beta - 1/12e^{-1t} \star w_\beta s_1^3 w_\rho - \\
& 1/2e^{-1t} \star w_\rho s_1^3 w_\beta - 1/12e^{-1t} \star w_\rho s_1^3 w_\rho - 1/12e^{-2t} \star w_\rho s_1^3 w_\beta - \\
& 25/48e^{-2t} \star w_\rho s_1^3 w_\rho + 7/8e^{-2t} \star w_\rho s_1^3 w_s - 1/8e^{-2t} \star w_s s_1^3 w_\rho + \\
& 1/4e^{-2t} \star w_s s_1^3 w_s) + \sigma^2 (-1/4e^{-2t} \star w_\rho s_1 w_\rho + 1/2e^{-2t} \star w_\rho s_1 w_s) + \\
& \sigma \varepsilon^2 (1/2s_1^3 w_\beta + 3/4s_1^3 w_\rho - 1/4s_1^3 w_s) + 1/2\sigma s_1 w_\rho - 1/2\varepsilon^2 s_1^3 + O(\varepsilon^3, \sigma^3)
\end{aligned}$$

CAS code

```

% Example 5.1 of Potzsche & Rasmussen (2006)
in_tex "slowNonauto.tex"$
factor small,sigma,rho;
sigmae:=1+w(s);
rhoe:=1+small*rho+w(rho);
betae:=1+w(beta);
slownonauto(
    mat(( sigmae*(u2-u1)
        , rhoe*u1-u2-u1*u3
        , -betae*u3+u1*u2 )),
    mat((1,1,0)),
    mat((-2,-1)),
    mat((1,-1,0),(0,0,1)),
    3 )$
end;

```