

Basic of React





Shu Ha Ri



THE SCHOOL OF SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT



Somkiat Puisungnoen

Somkiat Puisungnoen

Update Info 1 View Activity Log 10+ ...

Timeline About Friends 3,138 Photos More

When did you work at Opendream? X

... 22 Pending Items

Intro

Software Craftsmanship

Software Practitioner at สยามชัมนาภิกิจ พ.ศ. 2556

Agile Practitioner and Technical at SPRINT3r

Post Photo/Video Live Video Life Event

What's on your mind?

Public Post

Somkiat Puisungnoen 15 mins · Bangkok · ⚙️

Java and Bigdata



somkiat.cc

Page Messages Notifications 3 Insights Publishing Tools Settings Help ▾

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Home Posts Videos Photos

Liked Following Share ...

+ Add a Button



JavaScript

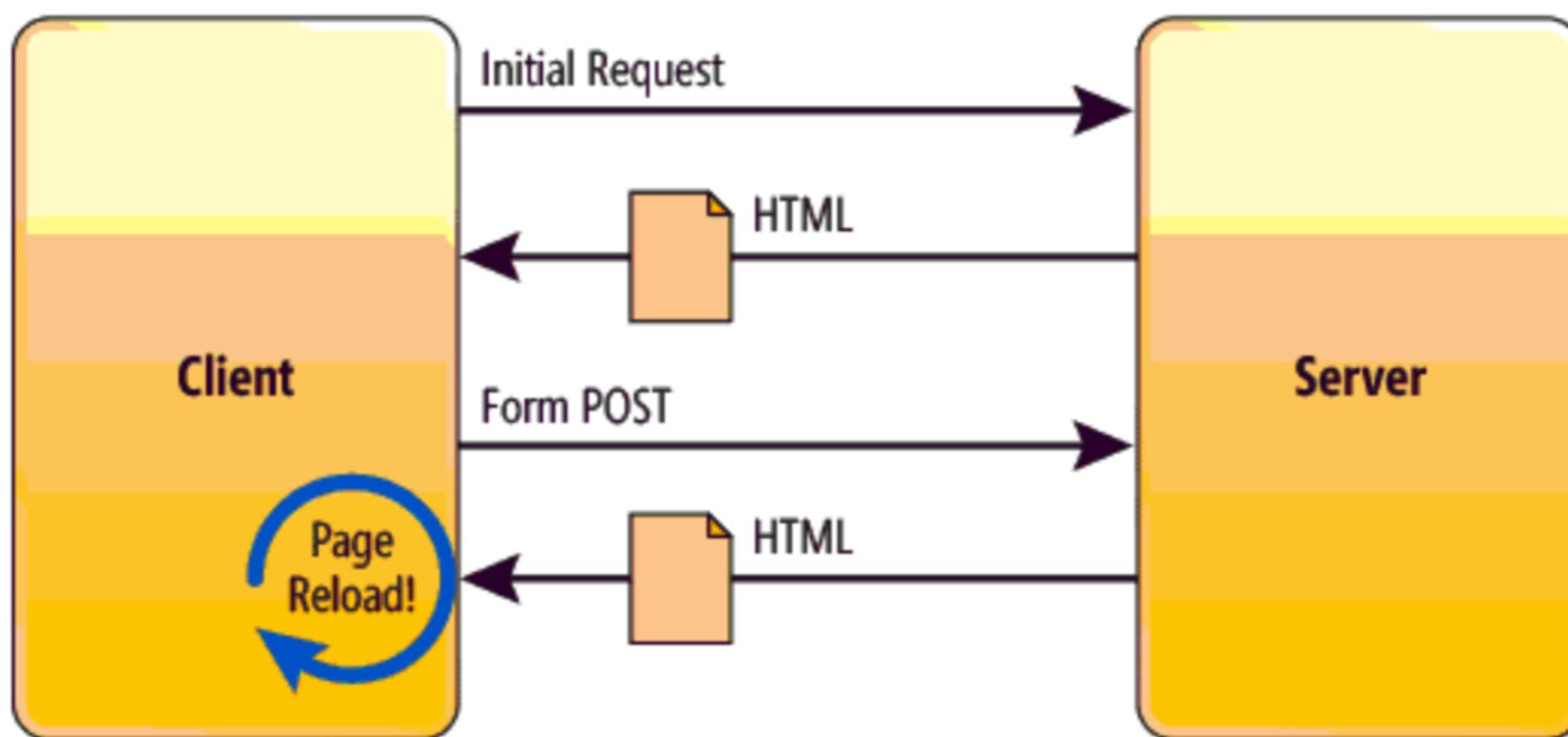


JS →

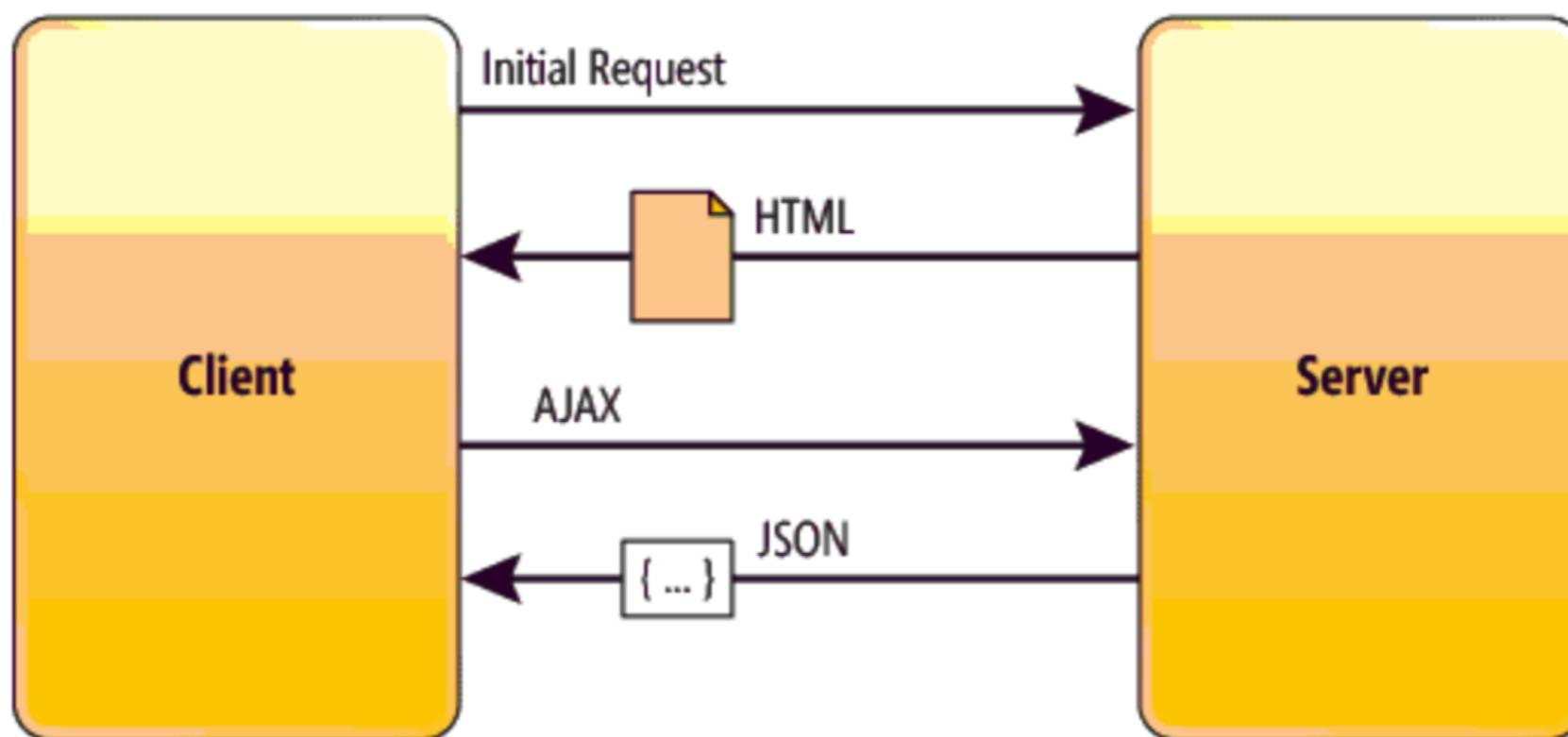




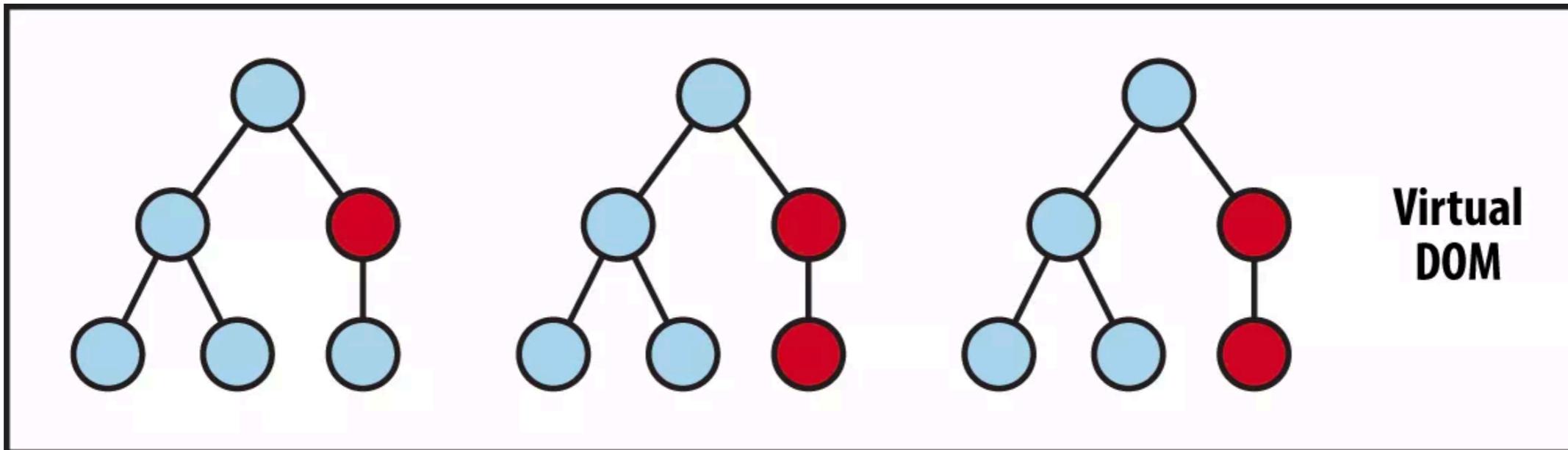
Traditional



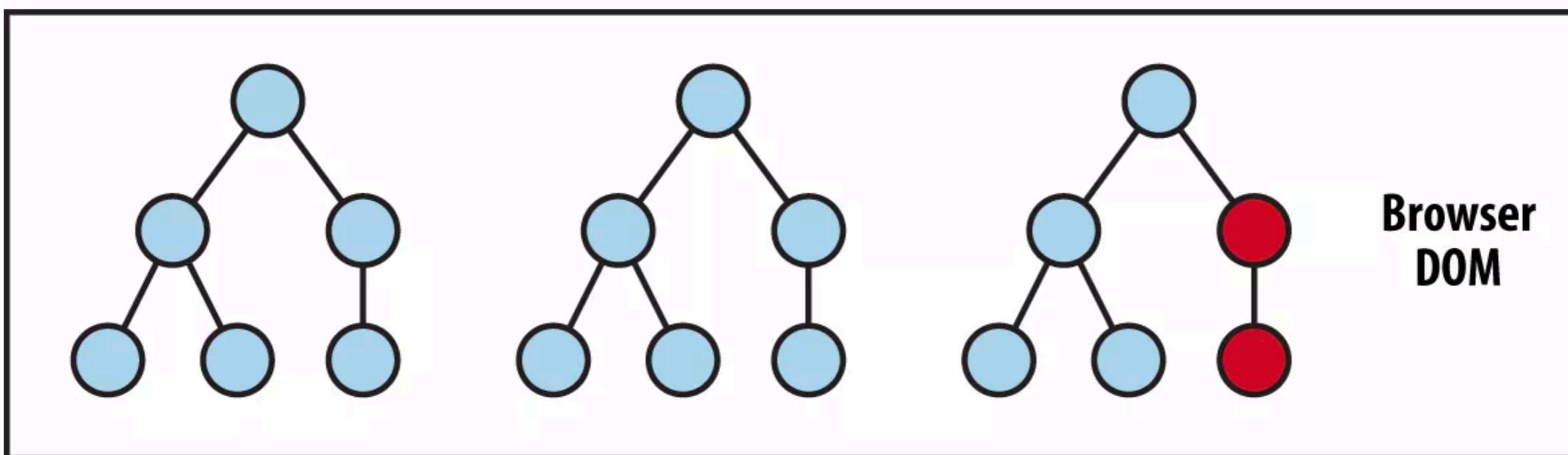
Single Page Application (SPA)



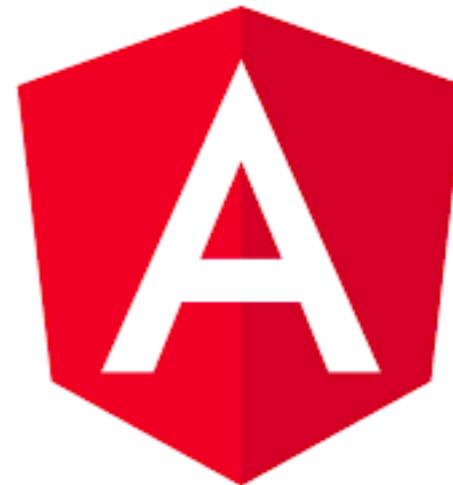
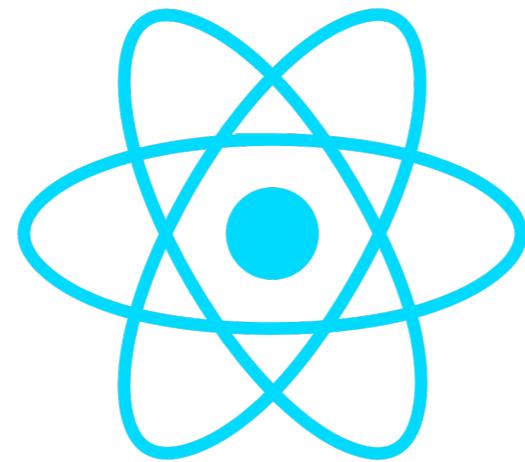
DOM vs Virtual DOM



State Change → Compute Diff → Re-render



React and Angular



Learning path

Develop

Build

Deploy

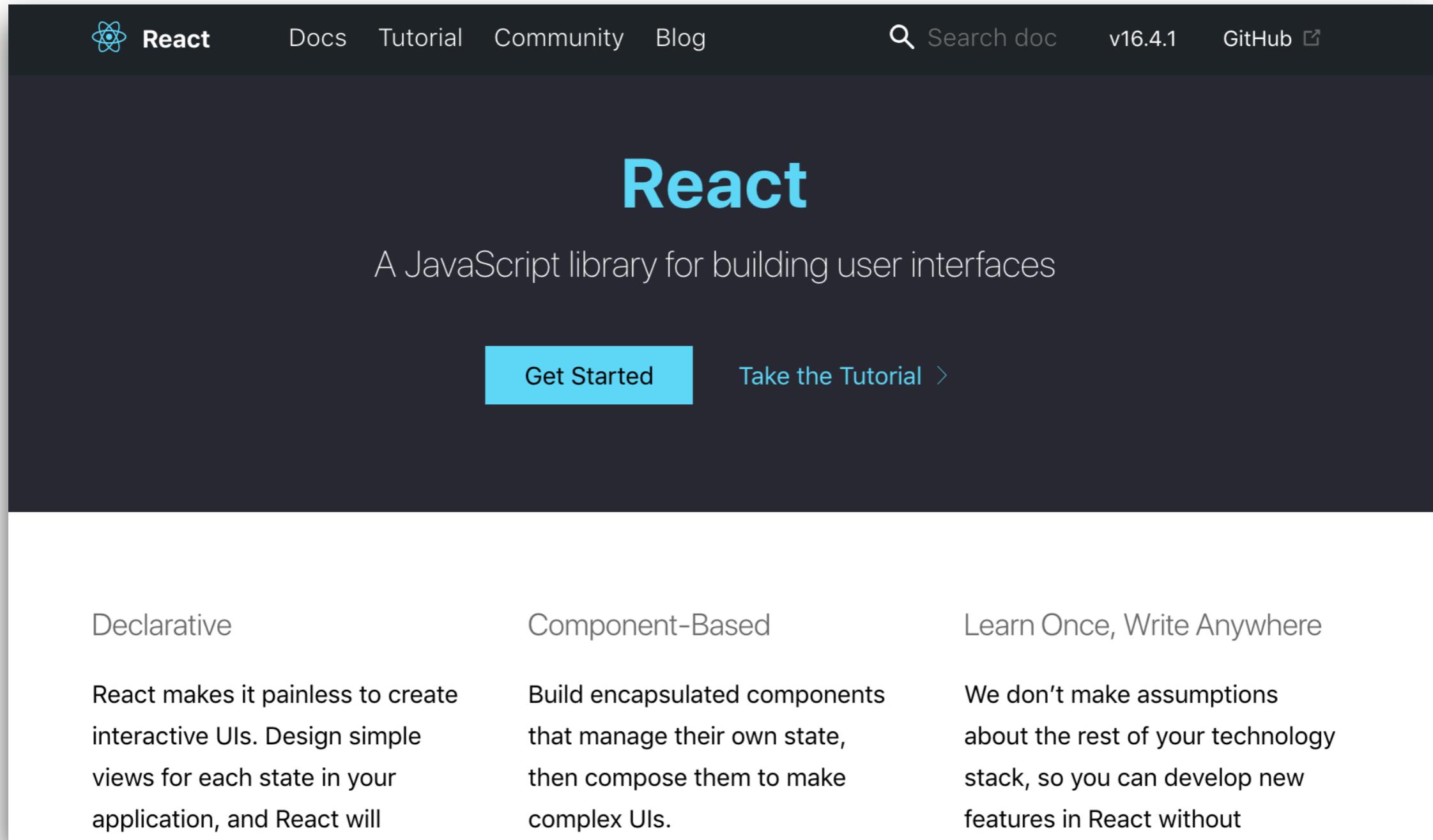


Basic of React

1. Introduction to React
2. Install Yarn
3. Create a react application
4. Design and Develop application
5. Deploy application to Github Pages
6. Hooks



React



The screenshot shows the official React website. At the top, there's a dark navigation bar with the React logo, "React", "Docs", "Tutorial", "Community", and "Blog". To the right are search, version ("v16.4.1"), and GitHub links. The main title "React" is prominently displayed in large blue letters, followed by the subtitle "A JavaScript library for building user interfaces". Below this are two buttons: "Get Started" (highlighted in blue) and "Take the Tutorial >". The main content area features three columns: "Declarative" (React makes it painless to create interactive UIs), "Component-Based" (Build encapsulated components that manage their own state), and "Learn Once, Write Anywhere" (We don't make assumptions about the rest of your technology stack). At the bottom, the URL "https://reactjs.org/" is shown.

React

A JavaScript library for building user interfaces

[Get Started](#) [Take the Tutorial >](#)

Declarative

React makes it painless to create interactive UIs. Design simple views for each state in your application, and React will

Component-Based

Build encapsulated components that manage their own state, then compose them to make complex UIs.

Learn Once, Write Anywhere

We don't make assumptions about the rest of your technology stack, so you can develop new features in React without

<https://reactjs.org/>



What is React ?

Open source javascript **library** to develop UI

Introduce by **Facebook** on May 2013

Open source on May 2015



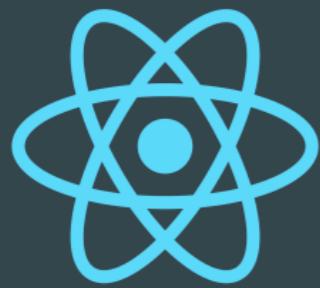
What is React ?

React is concerned with the **components**
Javascript + CSS + HTML

<https://reactjs.org/docs/getting-started.html>



React ecosystem



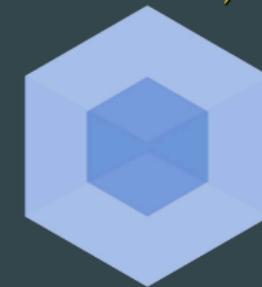
React

JSX, State/Props,
HoC, Routing



State management

Redux, Mobx



BABEL



Tools

Babel, Webpack, CSS
Modules, Testing



Installation



Installation Node.js

New security releases now available for 15.x, 14.x, 12.x and 10.x
release lines

Download for macOS (x64)

14.16.1 LTS

Recommended For Most Users

15.14.0 Current

Latest Features

[Other Downloads](#) | [Changelog](#) | [API Docs](#)

[Other Downloads](#) | [Changelog](#) | [API Docs](#)

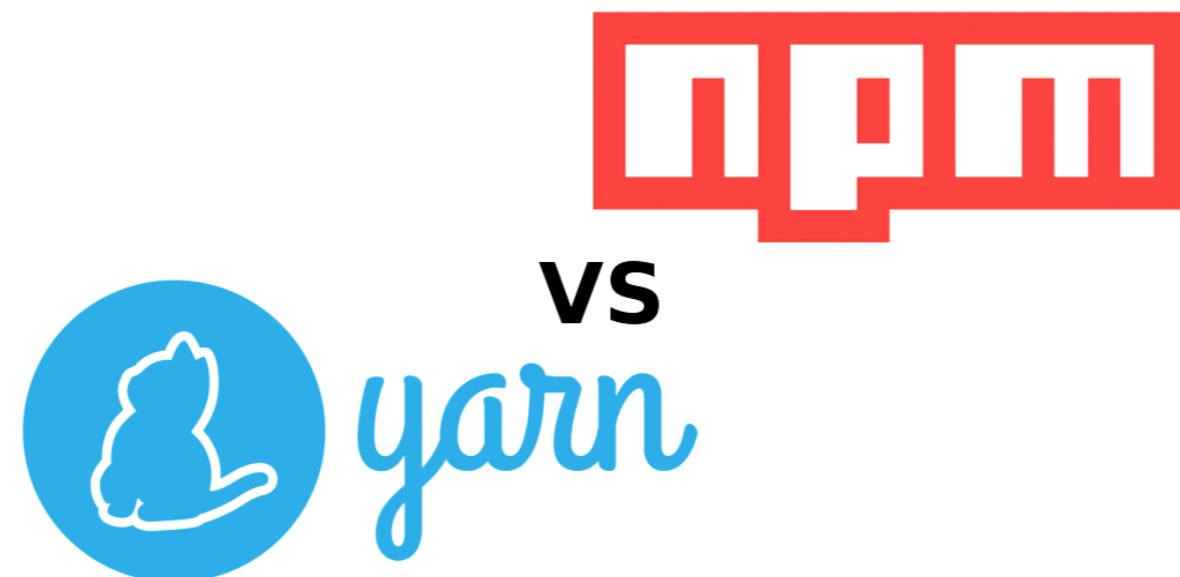
Or have a look at the [Long Term Support \(LTS\) schedule](#).

<https://nodejs.org/en/>



Installation

Yarn or npm
Create-react-app



Install Yarn

```
$brew install yarn  
$npm install -g yarn  
$yarn --version
```

<https://yarnpkg.com/en/docs/install>



React Developer Tools

Home > Extensions > React Developer Tools

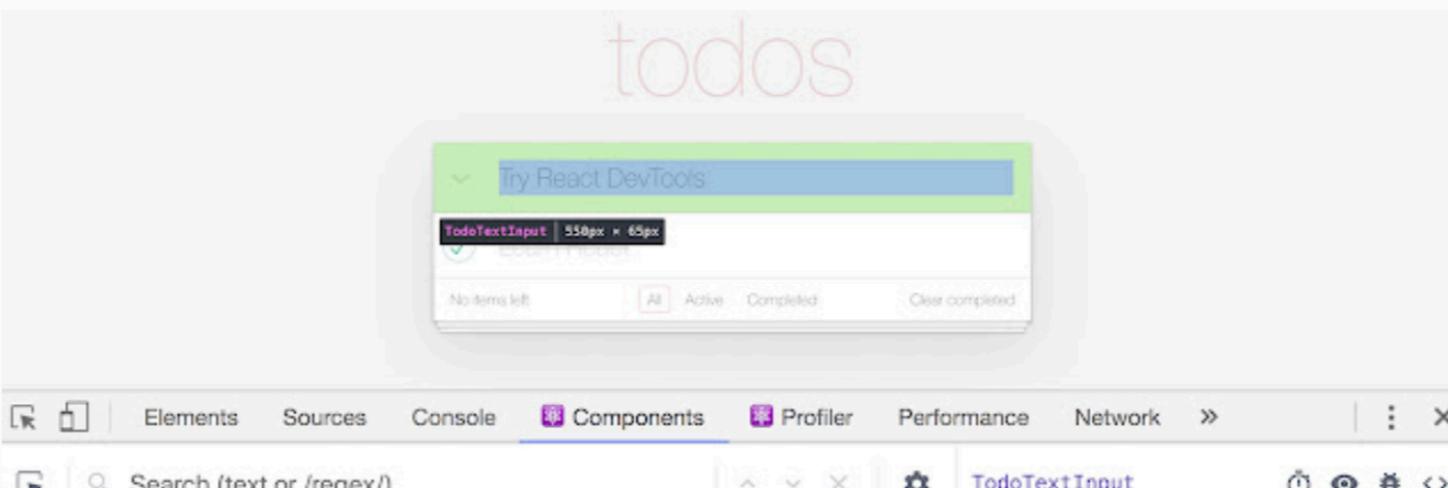
 React Developer Tools

Offered by: Facebook

★★★★★ 1,320 | [Developer Tools](#) |  2,000,000+ users

[Remove from Chrome](#)

[Overview](#) Privacy practices Reviews Support Related



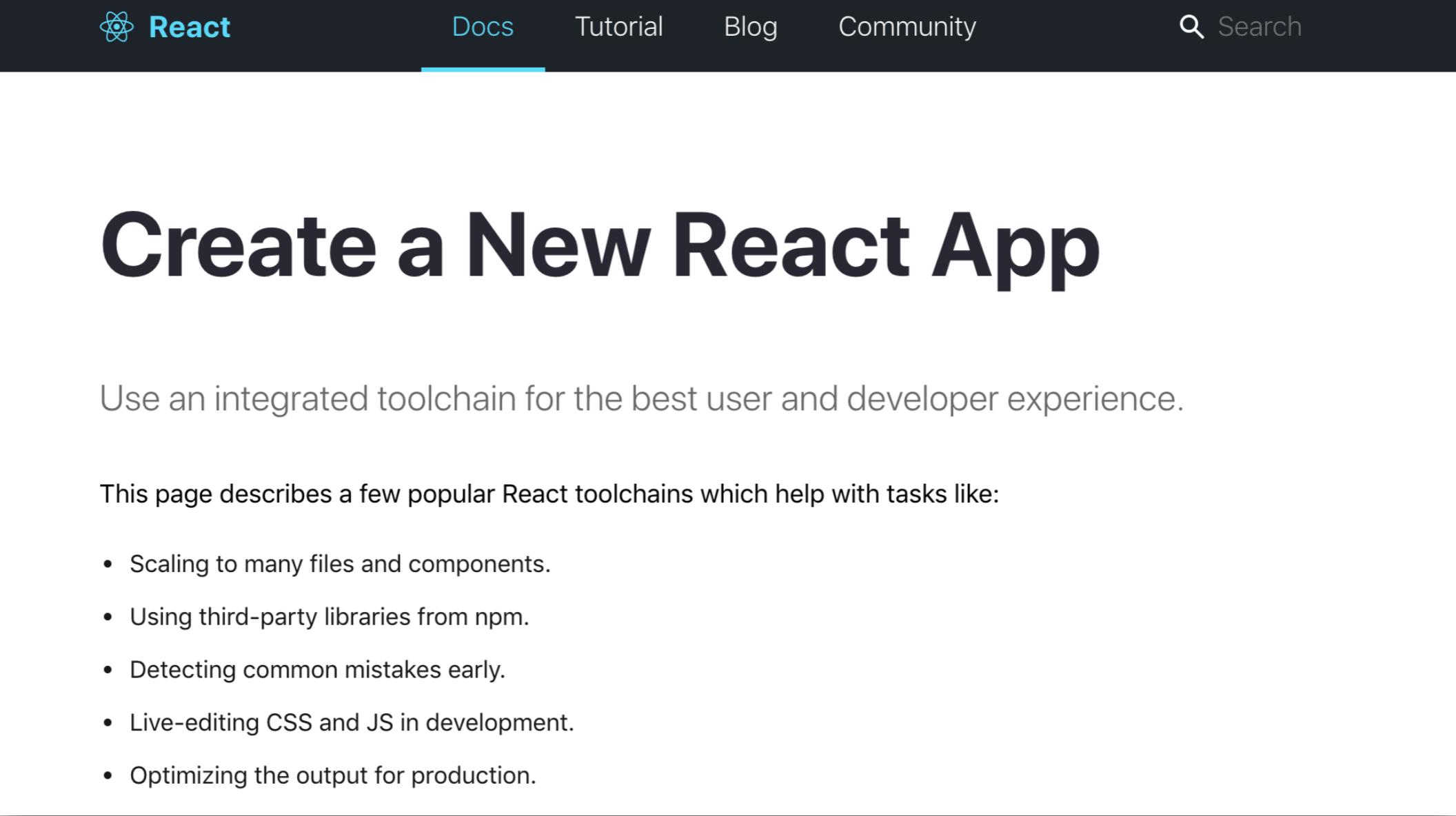
<https://chrome.google.com/webstore/detail/react-developer-tools/fmkadmapgofadoplbjbjfkapdkoienihi?hl=en>



Create React Application



Create a react application



The screenshot shows the React.js documentation website. At the top, there is a dark navigation bar with the React logo, "React", and links for "Docs", "Tutorial", "Blog", and "Community". To the right of the "Docs" link is a search bar with a magnifying glass icon and the placeholder "Search". Below the navigation bar, the main content area has a large, bold title "Create a New React App". Underneath the title, a subtext reads "Use an integrated toolchain for the best user and developer experience." A descriptive paragraph follows, stating "This page describes a few popular React toolchains which help with tasks like:" followed by a bulleted list of six items: "Scaling to many files and components.", "Using third-party libraries from npm.", "Detecting common mistakes early.", "Live-editing CSS and JS in development.", and "Optimizing the output for production."

Create a New React App

Use an integrated toolchain for the best user and developer experience.

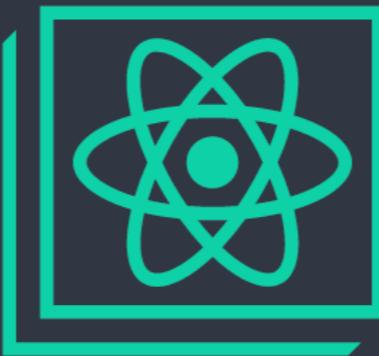
This page describes a few popular React toolchains which help with tasks like:

- Scaling to many files and components.
- Using third-party libraries from npm.
- Detecting common mistakes early.
- Live-editing CSS and JS in development.
- Optimizing the output for production.

<https://reactjs.org/docs/create-a-new-react-app.html>



Create React App



Create React App

Set up a modern web app by running one command.

[Get Started](#)

<https://create-react-app.dev/>



Create a react application

\$npx create-react-app hello

Inside that directory, you can run several commands:

`yarn start`

Starts the development server.

`yarn build`

Bundles the app into static files for production.

`yarn test`

Starts the test runner.

`yarn eject`

Removes this tool and copies build dependencies, configuration files and scripts into the app directory. If you do this, you can't go back!

We suggest that you begin by typing:

`cd hello`

`yarn start`



Issue !!!

Aborting installation.

Unexpected error. Please report it as a bug:

```
{ Error: Cannot find module '/Users/somkiat/dat  
-academy/my-app2/node_modules/react-scripts/pack  
    at Function.Module._resolveFilename (internal/  
1:15)  
        at Function.Module._load (internal/modules/  
        at Module.require (internal/modules/cjs/loa  
        at require (internal/modules/cjs/helpers.js:  
        at checkNodeVersion (/Users/somkiat/node_m  
teReactApp.js:514:23)
```

<https://github.com/facebook/create-react-app/issues/4321>



With NPM

\$npm init react-app hello --use-npm

`npm start`

Starts the development server.

`npm run build`

Bundles the app into static files for production.

`npm test`

Starts the test runner.

`npm run eject`

Removes this tool and copies build dependencies, configuration files and scripts into the app directory. If you do this, you can't go back!

We suggest that you begin by typing:

`cd my-app`

`npm start`



With Yarn

```
$npm install -g yarn  
$yarn create react-app hello
```

`yarn start`

Starts the development server.

`yarn build`

Bundles the app into static files for production.

`yarn test`

Starts the test runner.

`yarn eject`

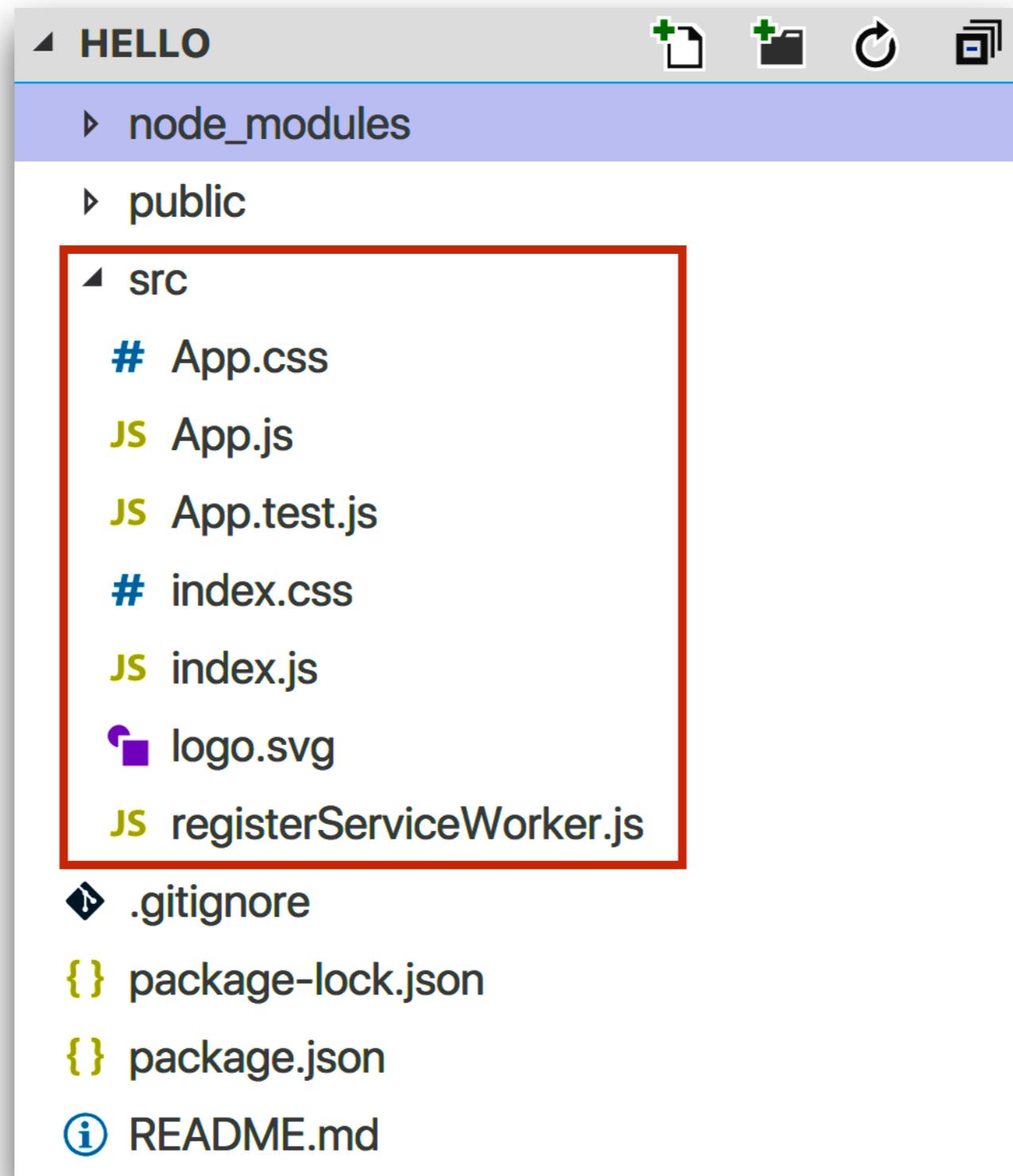
Removes this tool and copies build dependencies, configuration files and scripts into the app directory. If you do this, you can't go back!

We suggest that you begin by typing:

```
cd hello  
yarn start
```



Structure of application



package.json

```
{  
  "name": "hello",  
  "version": "0.1.0",  
  "private": true,  
  "dependencies": {  
    "react": "^16.4.1",  
    "react-dom": "^16.4.1",  
    "react-scripts": "1.1.4"  
  },  
  "scripts": {  
    "start": "react-scripts start",  
    "build": "react-scripts build",  
    "test": "react-scripts test --env=jsdom",  
    "eject": "react-scripts eject"  
  }  
}
```



Start your app

```
$yarn start  
$npm start
```

Compiled successfully!

You can now view **hello** in the browser.

Local: <http://localhost:3000/>

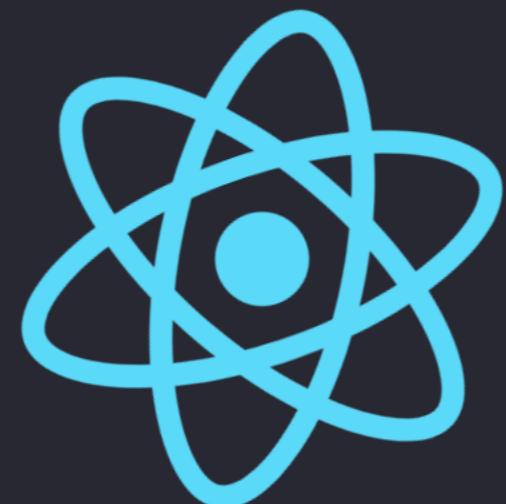
On Your Network: <http://192.168.20.69:3000/>

Note that the development build is not optimized.
To create a production build, use [yarn build](#).



Play your app

<http://localhost:3000/>



Edit `src/App.js` and save to reload.

[Learn React](#)



View source !!

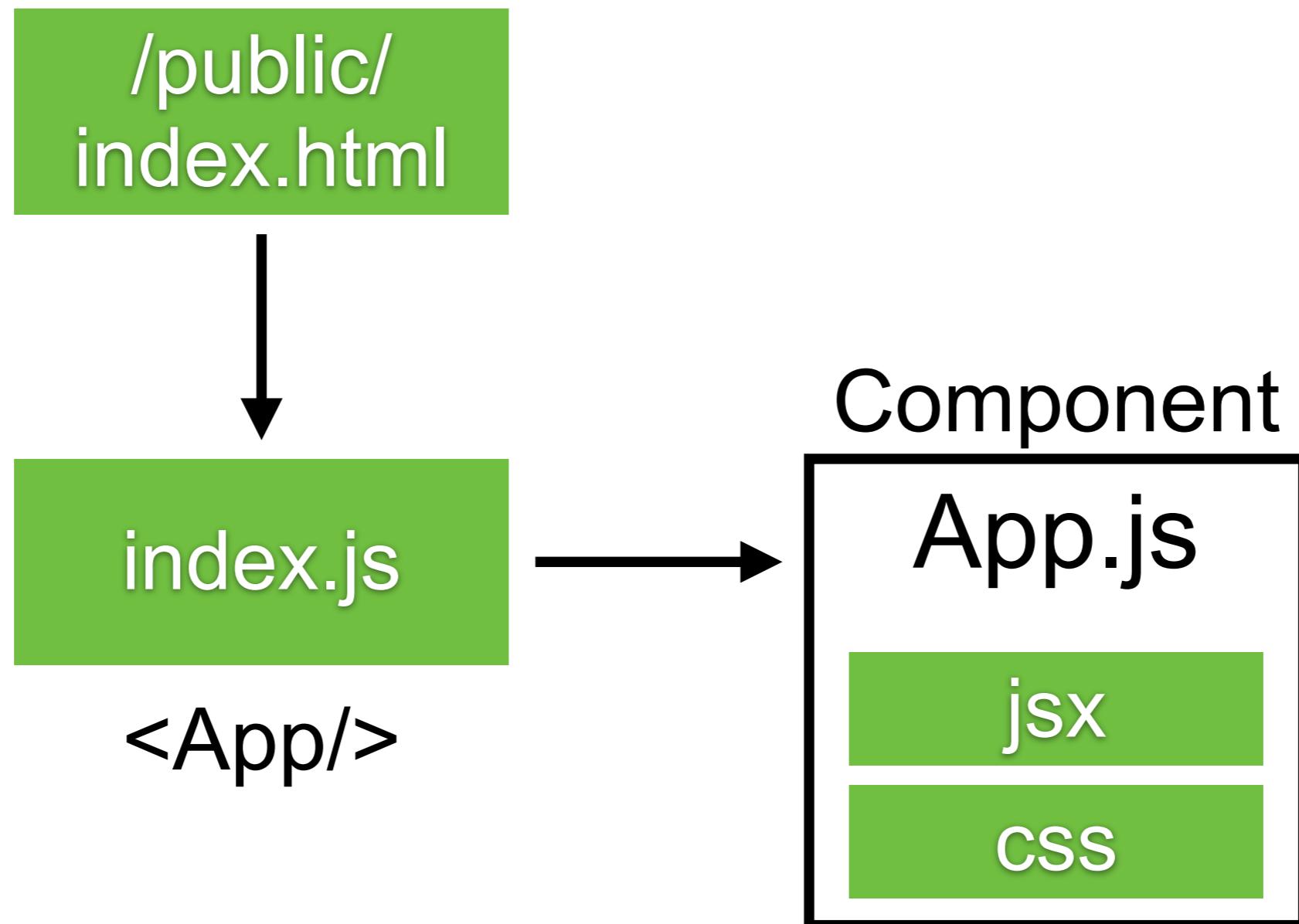
```
<html lang="en">
  <head>
    <meta charset="utf-8">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1, shrink-to-fit=no">
    <meta name="theme-color" content="#000000">
    <!--
        manifest.json provides metadata used when your web app is added to the
        homescreen on Android. See https://developers.google.com/web/fundamentals/engage-and-retain/web-app-manifest/
    -->
    <link rel="manifest" href="/manifest.json">
    <link rel="shortcut icon" href="/favicon.ico">
    <!--
        Notice the use of ` in the tags above.
        It will be replaced with the URL of the `public` folder during the build.
        Only files inside the `public` folder can be referenced from the HTML.

        Unlike "/favicon.ico" or "favicon.ico", "/favicon.ico" will
        work correctly both with client-side routing and a non-root public URL.
        Learn how to configure a non-root public URL by running `npm run build`.
    -->
    <title>React App</title>
  </head>
  <body>
    <noscript>
      You need to enable JavaScript to run this app.
    </noscript>
    <div id="root"></div>
    <!--
        This HTML file is a template.
        If you open it directly in the browser, you will see an empty page.
    -->
  </body>
</html>
```

<div id="root"></div>



Workflow



index.js

```
import React from 'react';
import ReactDOM from 'react-dom';
import './index.css';
import App from './App';
import registerServiceWorker from './registerServiceWorker';
```

```
ReactDOM.render(<App />, document.getElementById('root'));
registerServiceWorker();
```

Rendered App component in <div id="root"/>



App.js

```
class App extends Component {  
  render() {  
    return (  
      <div className="App">  
        <header className="App-header">  
          <img src={logo} className="App-logo" alt="logo" />  
          <h1 className="App-title">Welcome to React</h1>  
        </header>  
        <p className="App-intro">  
          To get started, edit <code>src/App.js</code> and save to  
          </p>  
      </div>  
    );  
  }  
}
```

JSX (JavaScript XML)



React Fundamentals

JSX (JavaScript XML-like)

Components

Props

States

Lifecycle

Event

Keys

Router



JSX

HTML + JavaScript

Make HTML easy to understand

Boost up performance of JavaScript

<https://facebook.github.io/jsx/>



Components

Everything in React is a component

Each component return a DOM object

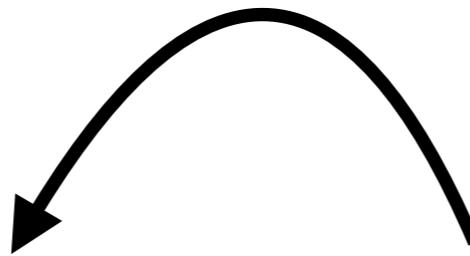
Split the UI into independent reusable pieces

Each independent pieces is processed separately

<https://reactjs.org/docs/components-and-props.html>



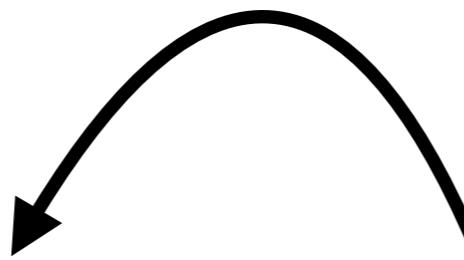
State



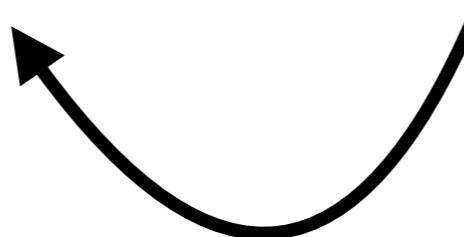
Component



State

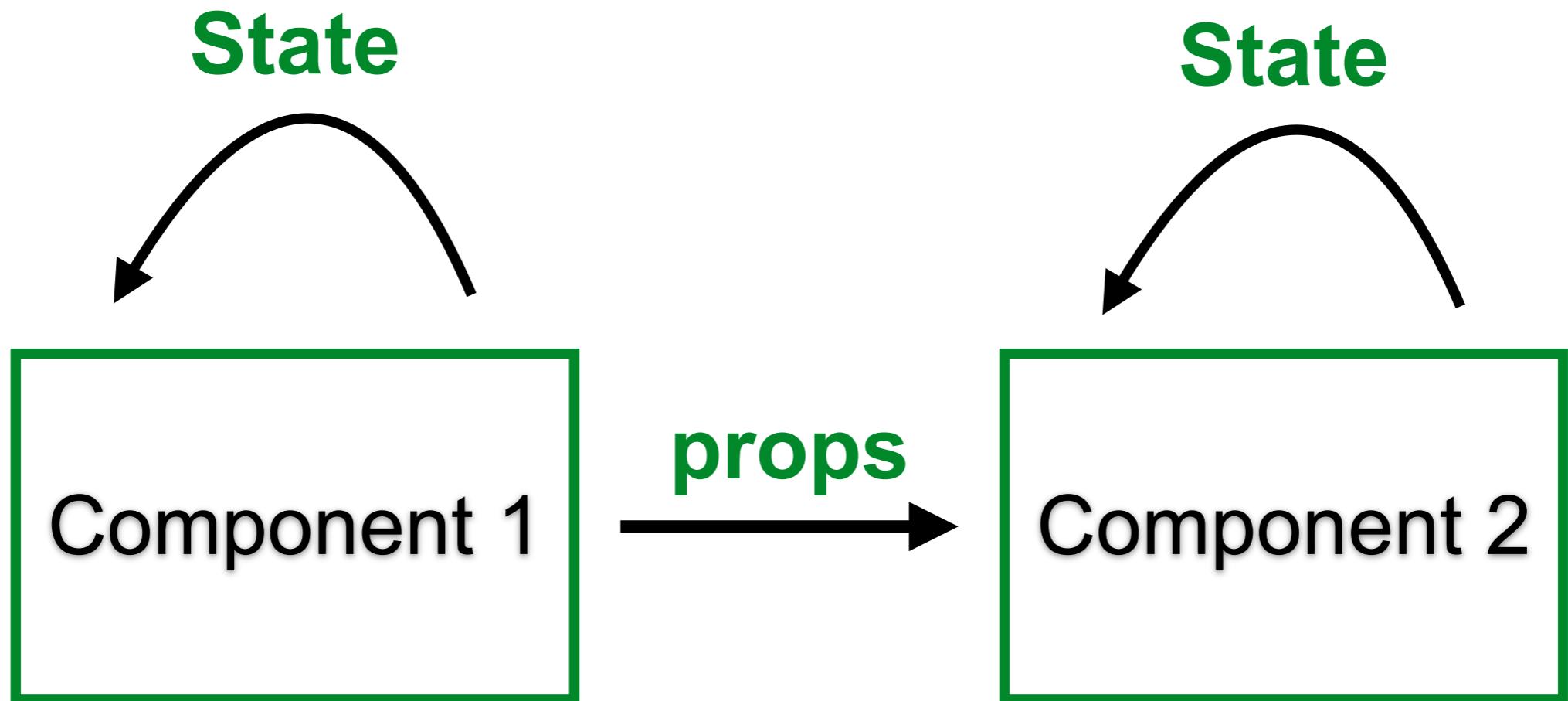


Component

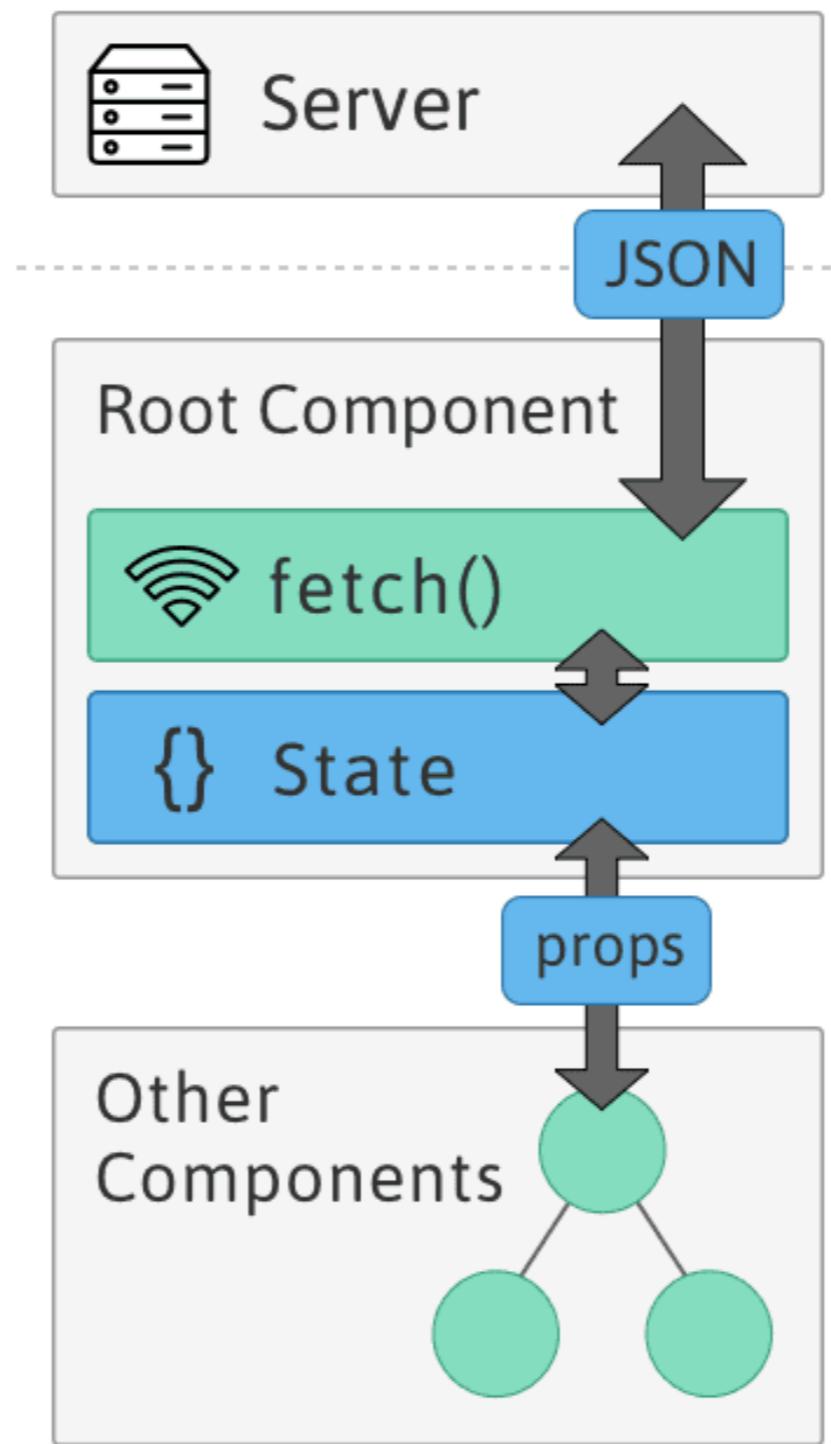


Event

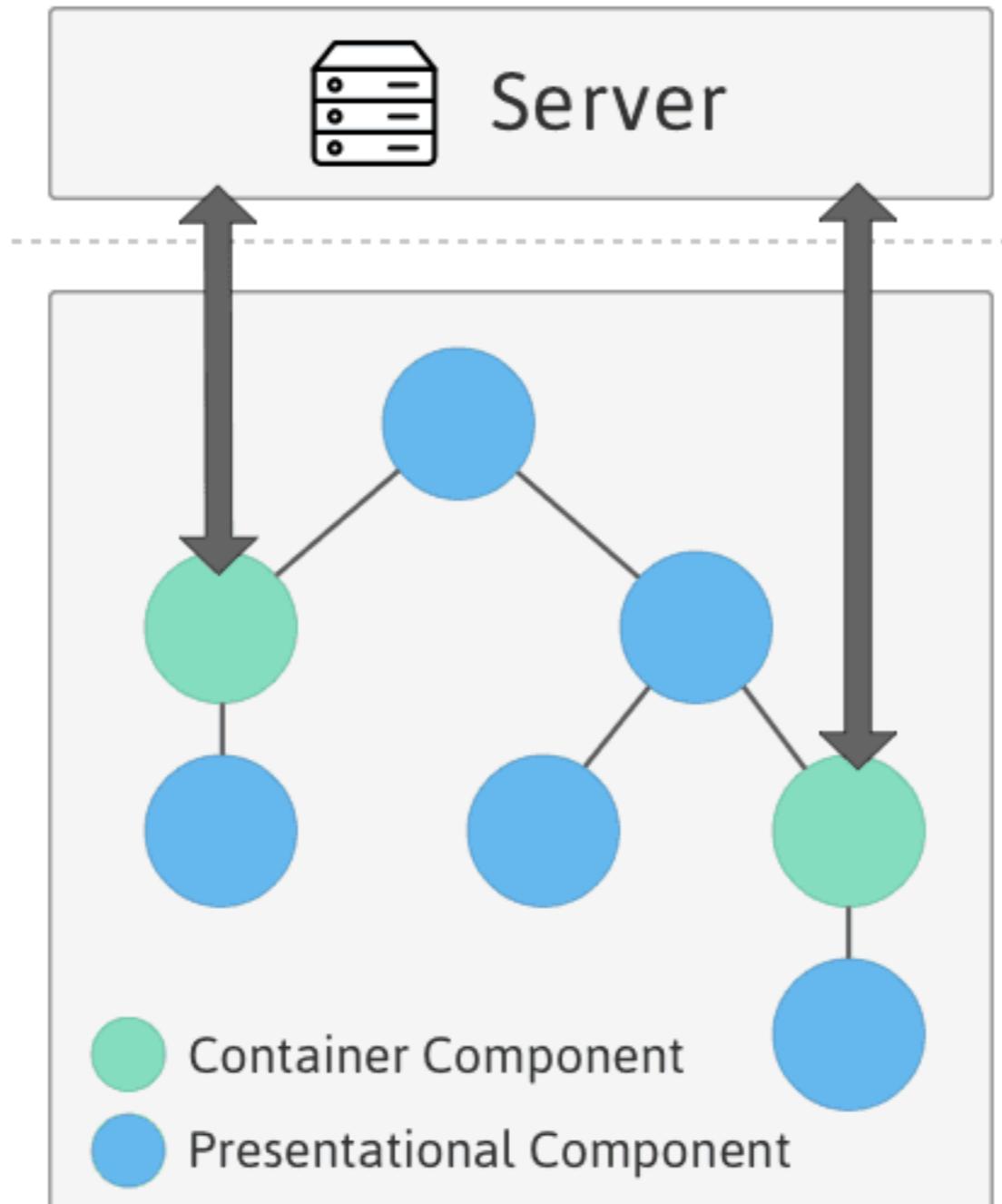




State and Props



Container component



Smart and Dumb component



Smart and Dumb component

Stateful and Stateless component



Smart = C in MVC
Dumb = V in MVC



Smart component

How things work

No DOM markup, no style

Provide data

Call action



Dumb component

How things look

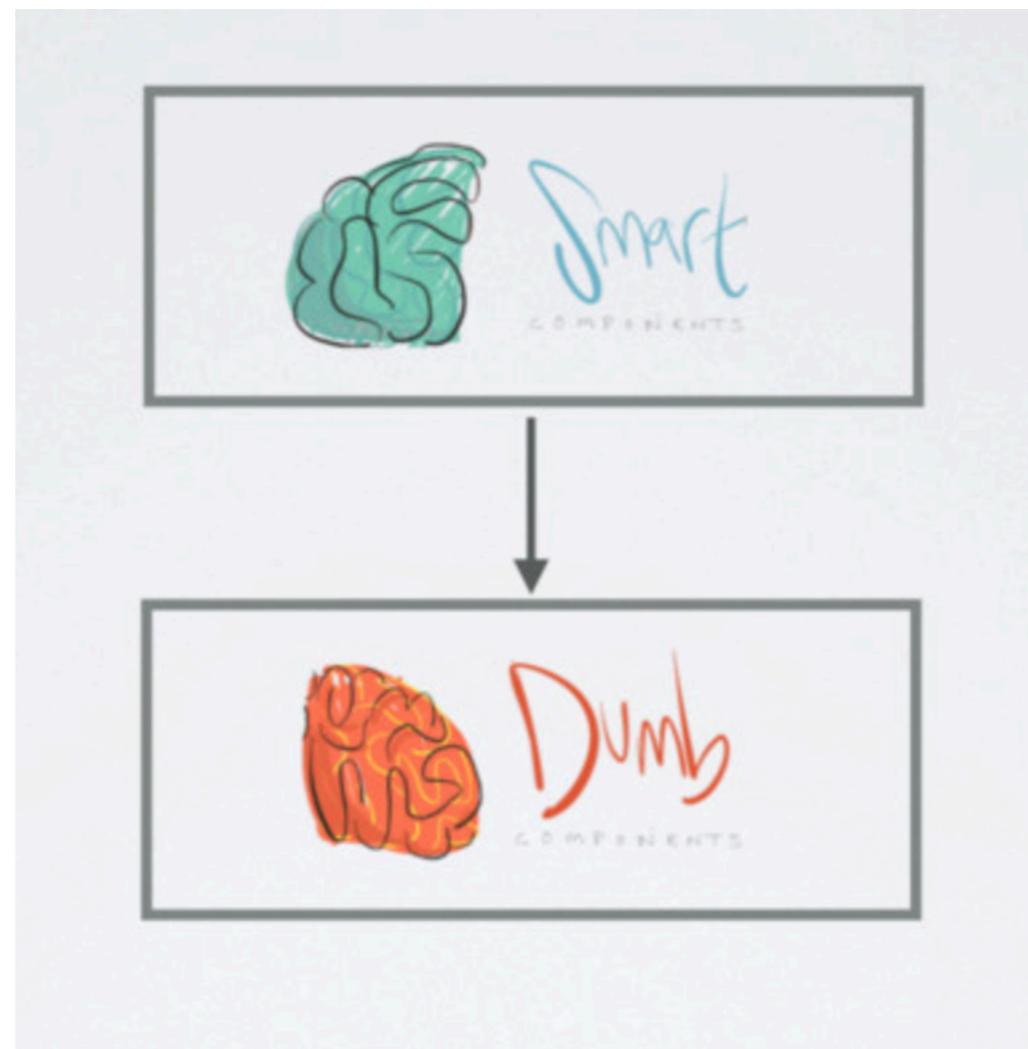
No app dependencies

Just props, for data and callbacks

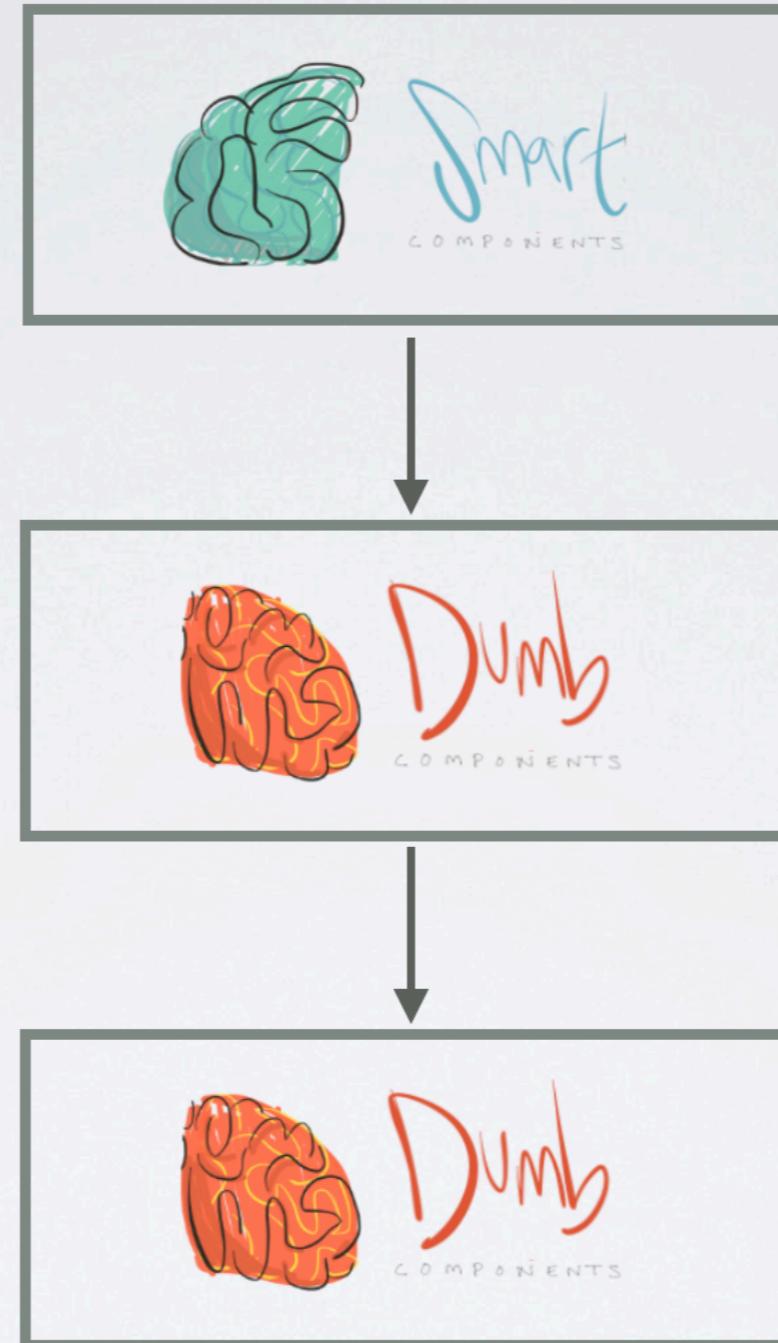
Rerely have own state, only UI state



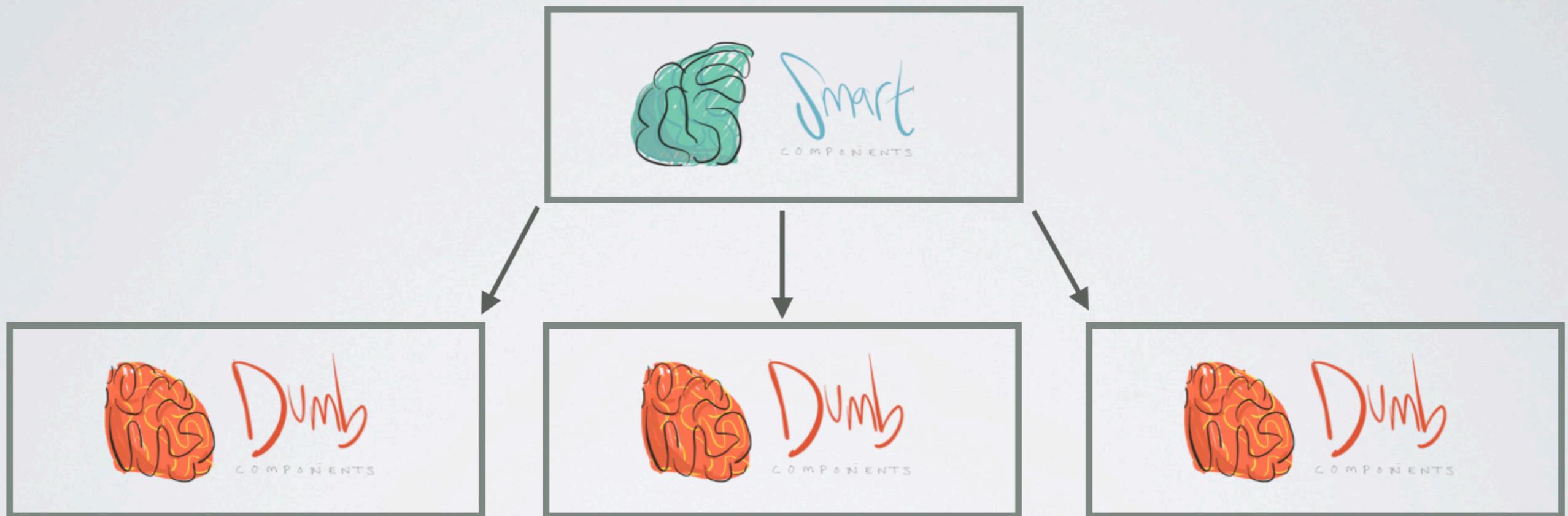
Smart and Dumb component



Smart and Dumb component



Smart and Dumb component



Create Welcome component

Create folder **components** in **src**

Create folder **welcome** in components

Create file **index.js** in welcome

```
import React, { Component } from 'react'

class Welcome extends Component {
  render() {
    return <h1>Welcome to React</h1>
  }
}

export default Welcome
```



Use Welcome component

Edit file App.js in src

```
import Welcome from './components/welcome'

class App extends Component {
  render() {
    return (
      <Welcome/>
    )
  }
}
```



Props

Read-only components
called “pure function”

Use to send data/state and action/event between
component

<https://reactjs.org/docs/components-and-props.html>



Send name to Welcome component

Edit file App.js in src

```
class App extends Component {  
  render() {  
    return (  
      <Welcome name="somkiat"/>  
    )  
  }  
}
```



Edit Welcome component

```
class Welcome extends Component {  
  render() {  
    return(  
      <h1>Welcome {this.props.name}</h1>  
    )  
  }  
}  
}
```



States

Heart of react components

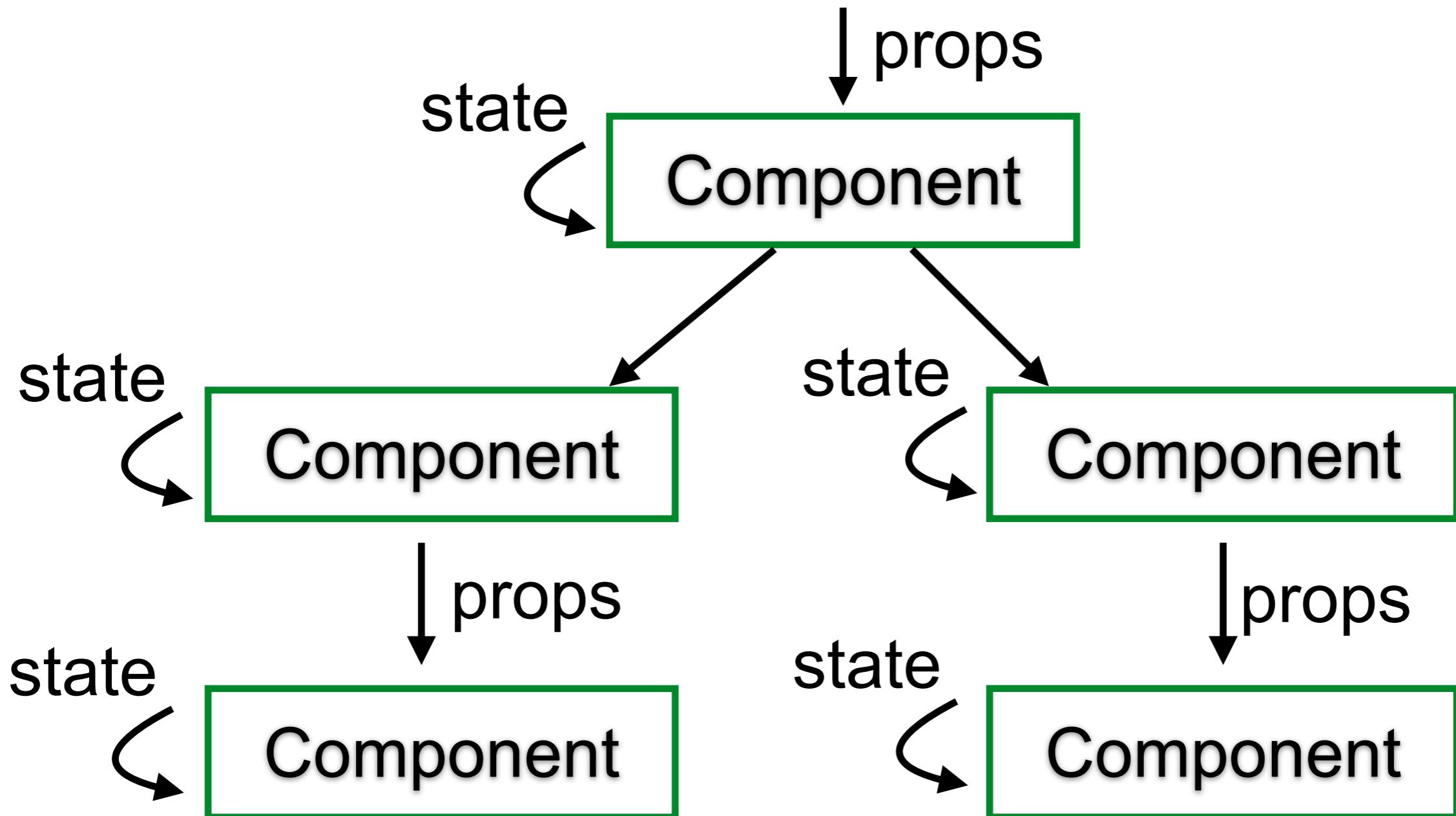
Use to determine component rendering and behavior

Create dynamic and interactive components

<https://reactjs.org/docs/state-and-lifecycle.html>



Props and States



Initial state(s) of component

```
constructor(props) {  
  super(props)  
  this.state = {  
    name: 'N/A'  
  }  
  this.change1 = this.change.bind(this)  
}
```



Update state(s) of component

Use setState() method

```
change(e) {  
  console.log('this is:', e.target.value);  
  this.setState({  
    name: e.target.value  
  })  
}
```



Events

Events are the triggered reactions to specific actions like mouse click, key press etc.

Events pass as props of element

<https://reactjs.org/docs/handling-events.html>



Events

onClick()
onSubmit()
onChange()
onKeyUp()



Example of onChange()

```
render() {  
  return (  
    <div>  
      <input type="text"  
            value={this.state.name}  
            onChange={this.change2}  
          /><br/>  
      {this.state.name}  
    </div>  
  )  
}
```



How to handling event ?

Solution 1 :: Use Arrow function

```
change2 = (e) => {
  console.log('this is:', e.target.value);
  this.setState({
    name: e.target.value
  })
}
```



How to handling event ?

Solution 2 :: Use binding to component

```
constructor(props) {  
    super(props)  
    this.state = {  
        name: 'N/A'  
    }  
    this.change1 = this.change.bind(this)  
}  
  
change(e) {  
    console.log('this is:', e.target.value);  
    this.setState({  
        name: e.target.value  
    })  
}
```



Develop your application

Start with React !!



Design your app ?

IPA

LAGER

Stout



Let's design your component



Component for react ?

1 component ?

input your beer

ADD

IPA

LAGER

Stout



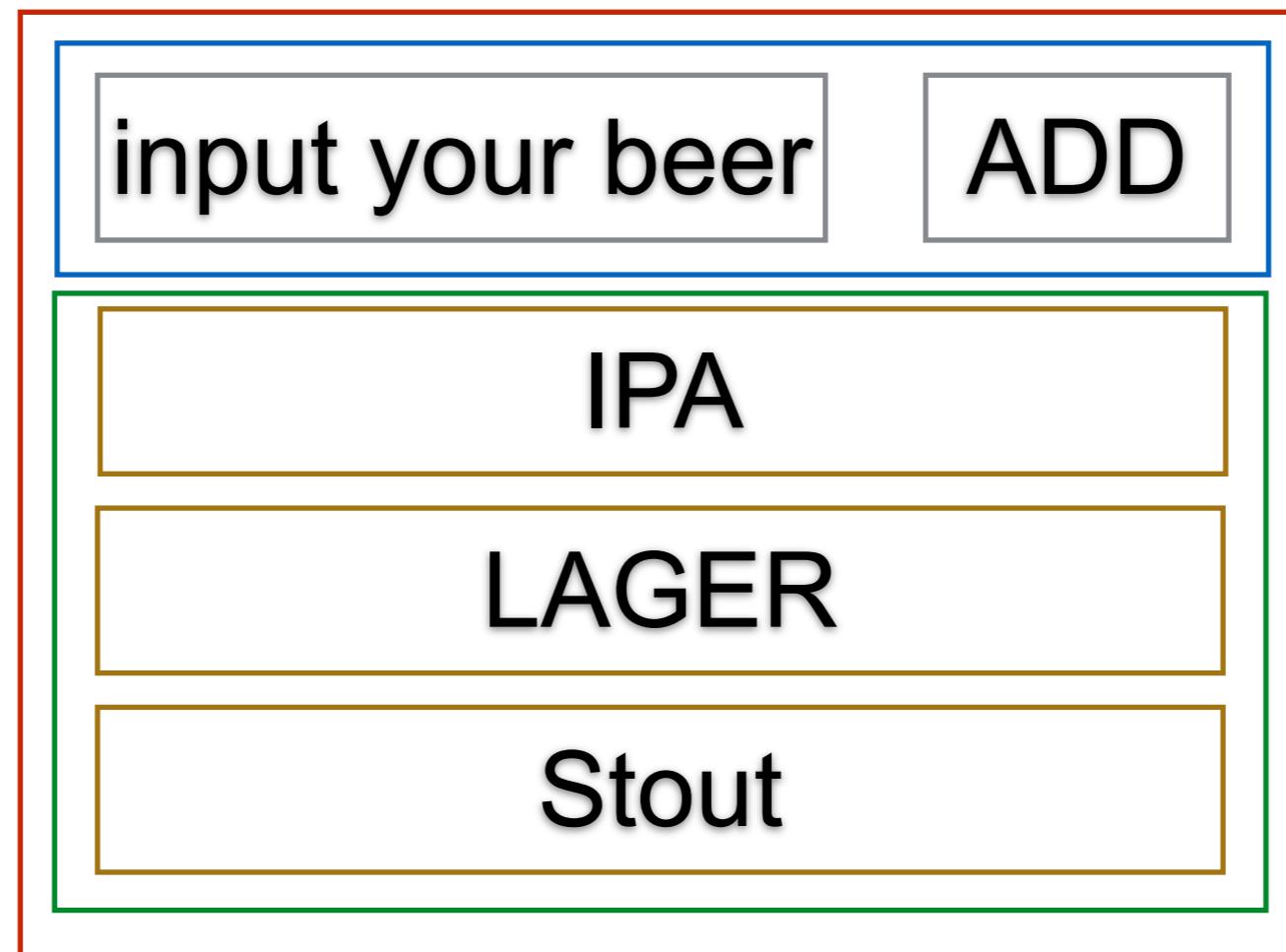
Component for react ?

3 component ?



Component for react ?

4 component ?



Components

BeerListContainer

AddBeerComponent

Input text

Button

BeerListContainer

BeerItemComponent



Components

BeerContainer/App

AddBeer

Input text

Button

BeerList

BeerItem

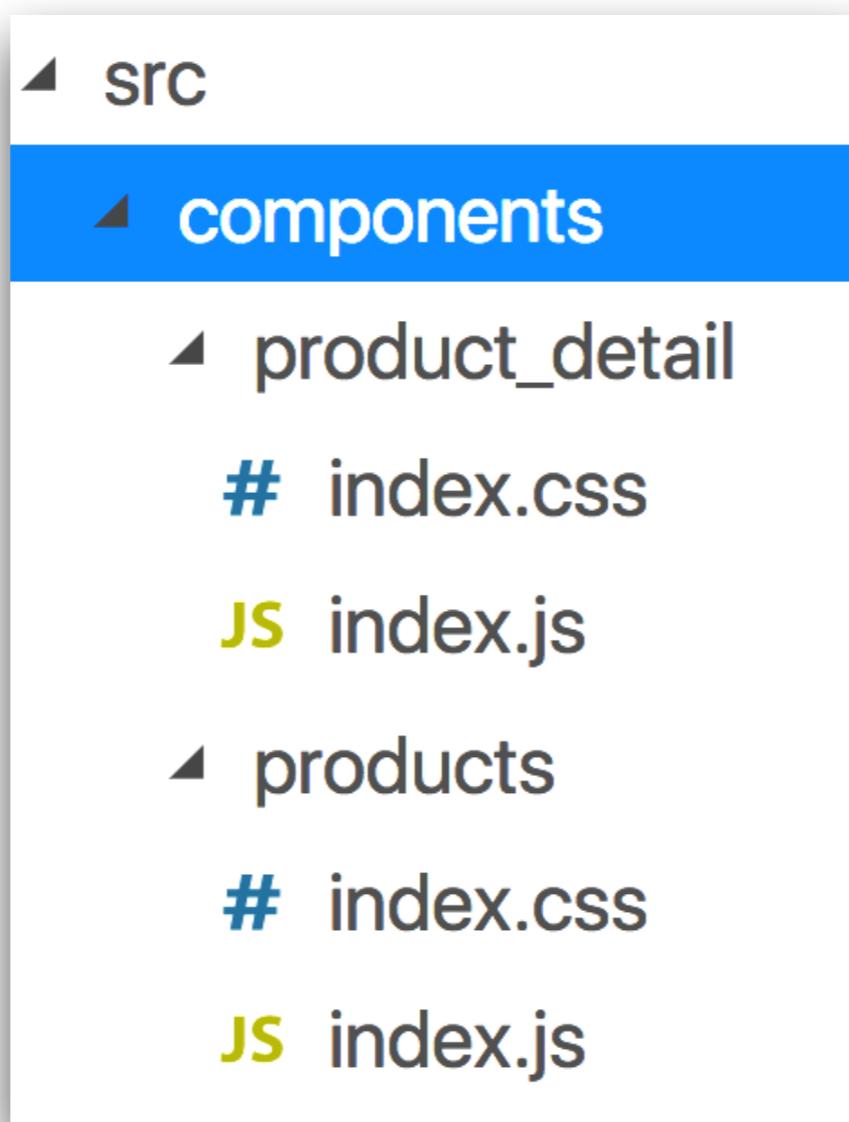


Step 1

Create react component



Component structure



AddBeer component

```
import React, { Component } from 'react';

class AddBear extends Component {
  render() {
    return (
      <div>
        <input type="text" id="name"/>
        <button>ADD</button>
      </div>
    );
  }
}

export default AddBear;
```



BeerList component

```
import React, { Component } from 'react';

class BeerList extends Component {
  render() {
    return (
      <div>
        <p>IPA</p>
        <p>LAGER</p>
        <p>Stout</p>
      </div>
    );
  }
}

export default BeerList;
```



App component

```
import React, { Component } from 'react';
import BeerList from './components/BeerList';
import AddBeer from './components/AddBeer';

class App extends Component {
  render() {
    return (
      <div align="center">
        <h1>My Beer</h1>
        <AddBeer/>
        <BeerList/>
      </div>
    );
  }
}

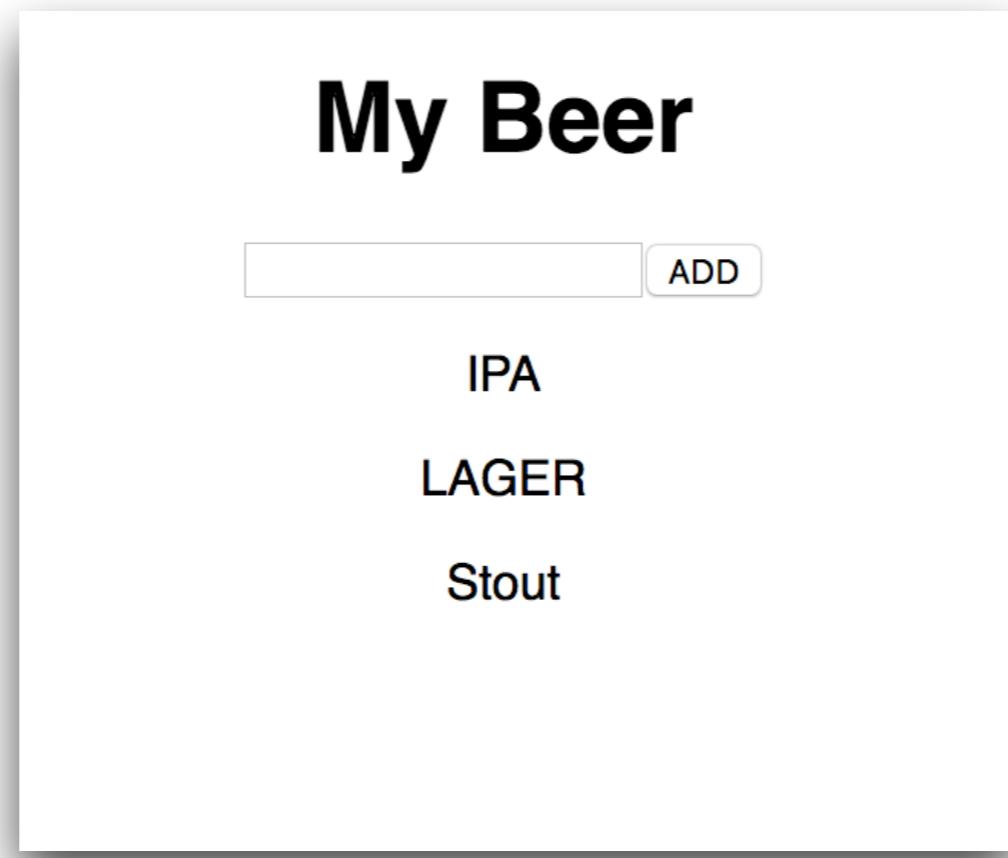
export default App;
```



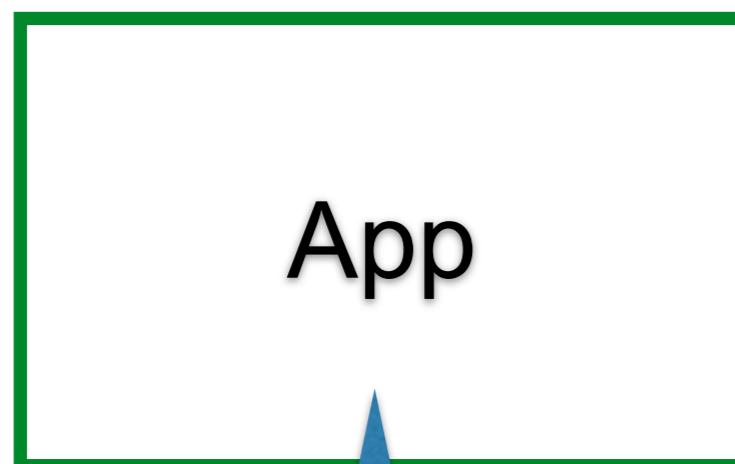
Composition over Inheritance



See result

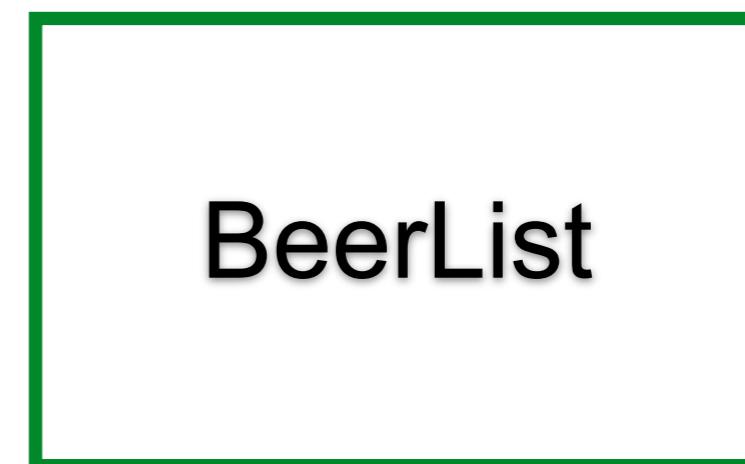


Smart component



props

Dumb component



All beer



App component

Provide data

```
class App extends Component {  
  
  constructor(props) {  
    super(props)  
    this.state = {  
      beers: [  
        {id: 1, name: 'IPA'},  
        {id: 2, name: 'LAGER'},  
        {id: 3, name: 'Stout'},  
      ]  
    }  
  }  
}  
  
}
```



App component

Send data via props to BeerList component

```
class App extends Component {  
  
  render() {  
    return (  
      <div align="center">  
        <h1>My Beer</h1>  
        <AddBeer/>  
        <BeerList beers={this.state.beers} />  
      </div>  
    );  
  }  
}
```



Lifecycle

React provide various methods which notifies when certain stage of the lifecycle occurs called “**Lifecycle methods**”

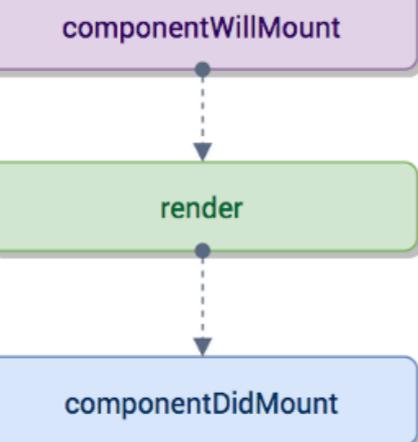


Lifecycle

Initialization

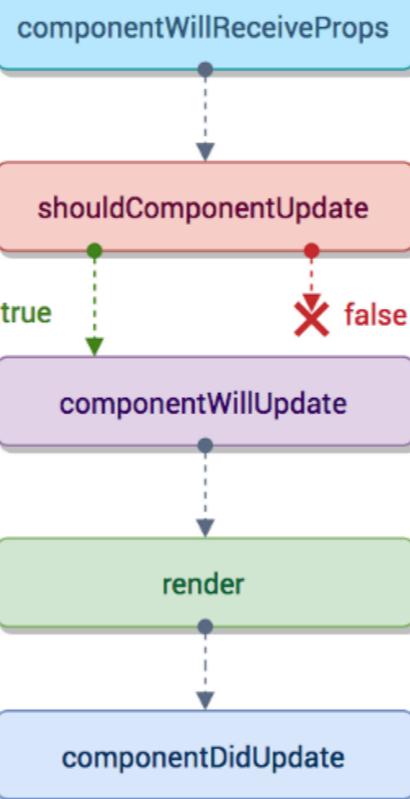
setup props and state

Mounting

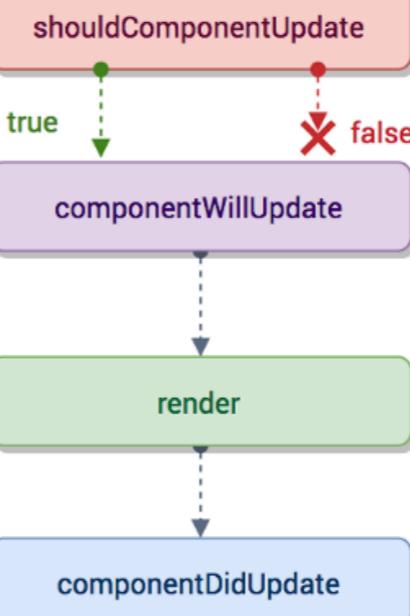


Updation

props



states



Unmounting

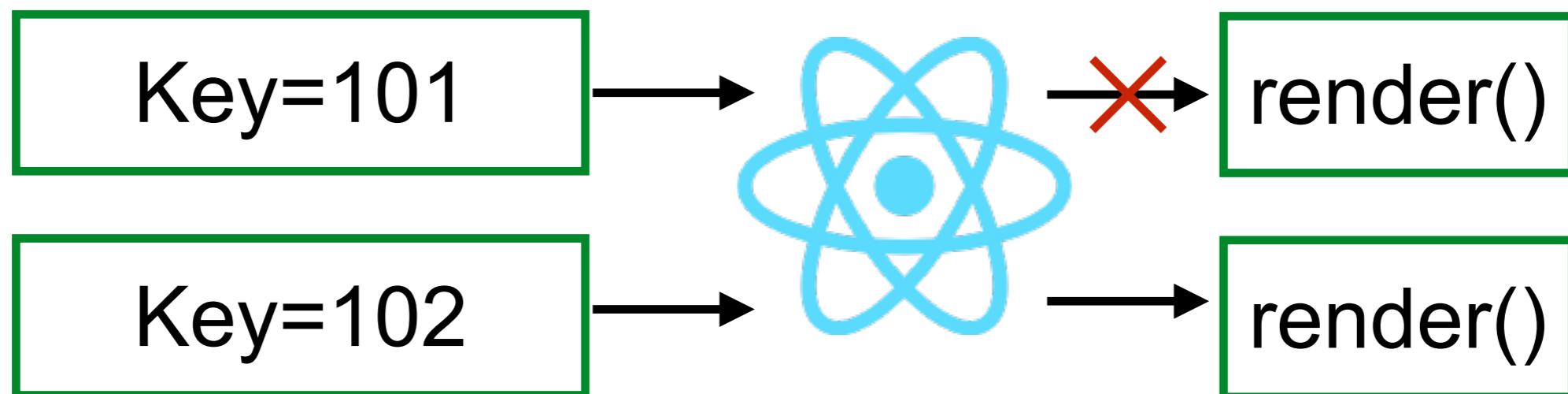
componentWillUnmount

<https://hackernoon.com/reactjs-component-lifecycle-methods-a-deep-dive-38275d9d13c0>



Keys

Keys are the elements which helps React to identify components uniquely



<https://reactjs.org/docs/lists-and-keys.html>



Router

Use React Router

Help to add new screen and flow to application
It's keeps the URL in sync with data that display on page

<https://github.com/ReactTraining/react-router>



Advantage of Router

- Easy to understand the application flows/views
- It can restored any state and view with simple URL
- It handled nested views
- It maintains a standard structure and behaviour



<https://github.com/ReactTraining/react-router>



React Router

```
$npm install --save react-router  
$npm install --save react-router-dom
```



Add router to component

```
import { BrowserRouter, Switch, Route, Link } from 'react-router-dom';

<BrowserRouter>
<div>
  <h2>Main</h2>
  <ul>
    <li>
      <Link to="/beers">List of beers</Link>
    </li>
    <li>
      <Link to="/item/:id">Item 1</Link>
    </li>
  </ul>
  <Switch>
    <Route path="/beers" component={Products} />
    <Route exact path="/item/:id" component={ProductDetail} />
  </Switch>
</div>
</BrowserRouter>
```



Add router to component

```
import { BrowserRouter, Switch, Route, Link } from 'react-router-dom';

<BrowserRouter>
<div>
  <h2>Main</h2>
  <ul>
    <li>
      <Link to="/beers">List of beers</Link>
    </li>
    <li>
      <Link to="/item/:id">Item 1</Link>
    </li>
  </ul>
  <Switch>
    <Route path="/beers" component={Products} />
    <Route exact path="/item/:id" component={ProductDetail} />
  </Switch>
</div>
</BrowserRouter>
```



Link with parameter

```
<div className="item" key={i}>  
  <Link to={`/item/${product.id}`}>  
    <div className="product-img">  
      <img alt={product.name} src={product.image}>  
    </div>
```



this.props.match.params.id



Deploy React app to Github Pages



1. Install library gh-pages

```
$npm install --save gh-pages
```



2. Create new repos in Github

\$git init

**\$git remote add origin https://github.com/<user>/
demo-react.git**



3. Edit file package.json (1)

Add homepage to your Github Pages

```
"name": "hello",
"version": "0.1.0",
"private": true,
"homepage": "https://up1.github.io/demo-react/",
"dependencies": {
```



3. Edit file package.json (2)

Add new script to deploy

```
"scripts": {  
  "start": "react-scripts start",  
  "build": "react-scripts build",  
  "test": "react-scripts test --env=jsdom",  
  "eject": "react-scripts eject",  
  "predeploy": "npm run build",  
  "deploy": "gh-pages -d build"  
}
```



4. Deploy

```
$npm run deploy
```



Working with API



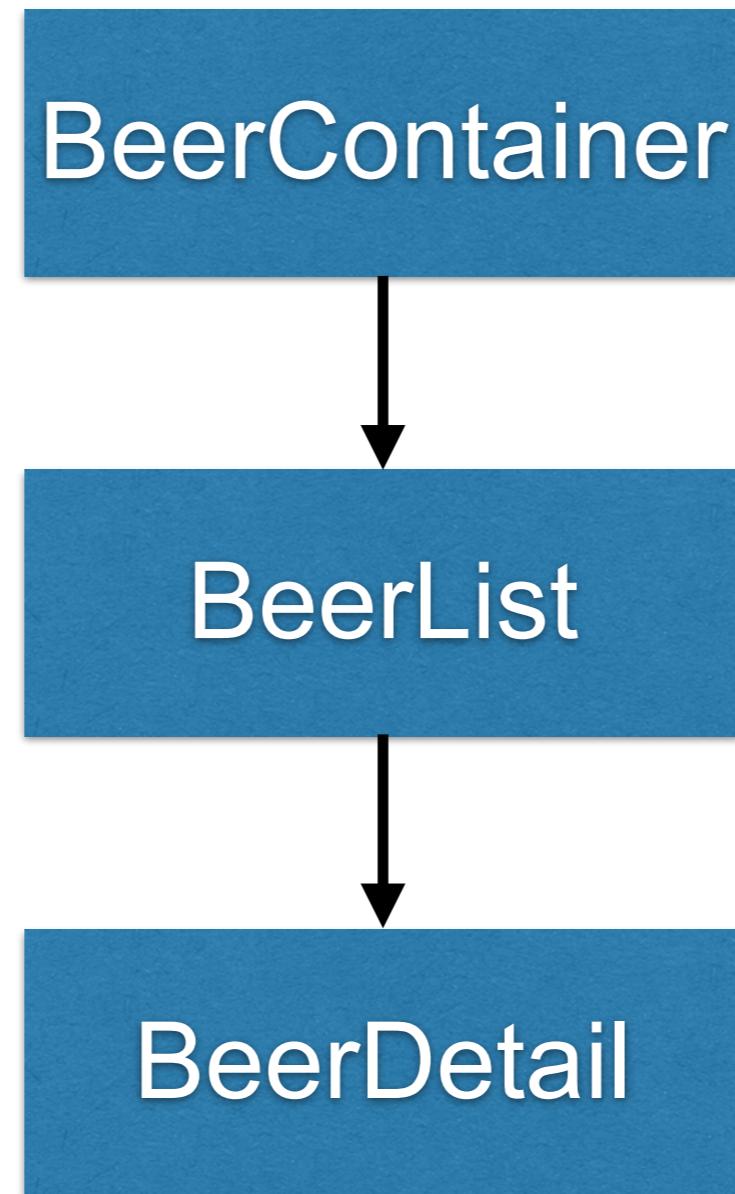
PUNK API^{v2}

[V2 Documentation](#)

https://api.punkapi.com/v2/beers?per_page=10

<https://punkapi.com/documentation/v2>





Workshop

<https://github.com/up1/workshop-react-note>



1. Create project

```
$npx create-react-app note
```



2. Create Note component

Delete /src/App*
Create /src/Note.js



2. Create Note component

```
import React, { Component } from "react";

class Note extends Component {

  render() {
    return(
      <div className="note">
        <p>Hello React</p>
        <span>
          <button>Edit</button>
          <button>Delete</button>
        </span>
      </div>
    )
  }

  export default Note
}
```



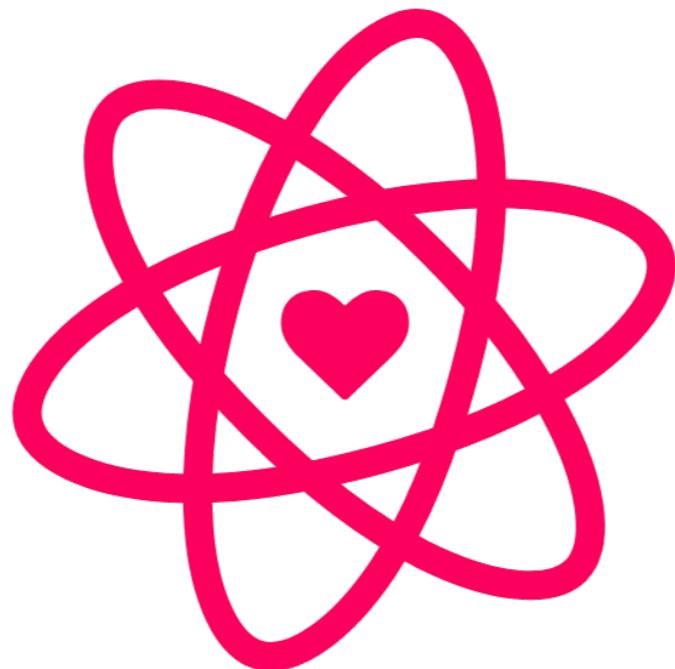
3. Run project

\$yarn start



4. Change Icon in app

Using React-Icon library



<https://github.com/react-icons/react-icons>



4. Change Icon in app

\$npm install react-icons --save

```
import React, { Component } from "react"
import {FaPencilAlt, FaTrash} from "react-icons/fa/index";

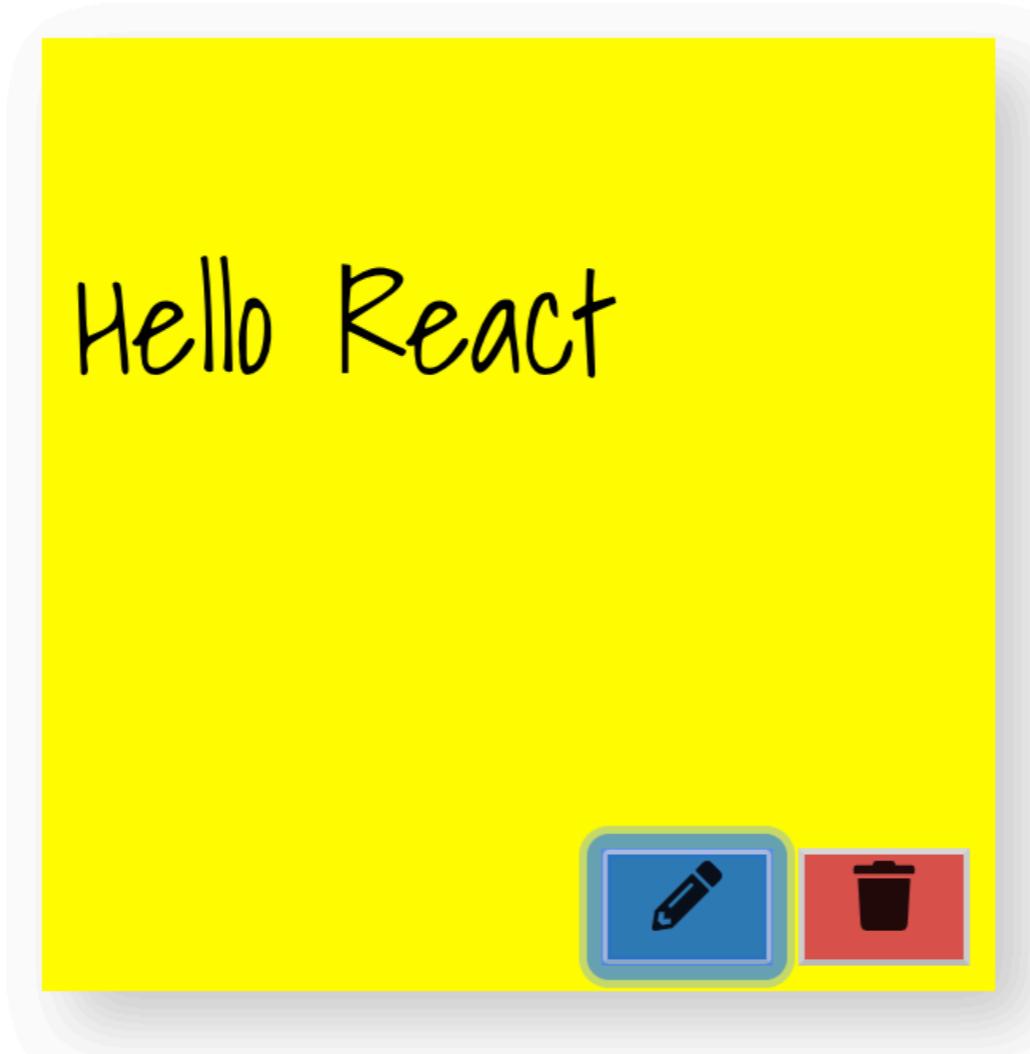
class Note extends Component {

  render() {
    return(
      <div className="note">
        <p>Hello React</p>
        <span>
          <button id="edit"><FaPencilAlt/></button>
          <button id="remove"><FaTrash/></button>
        </span>
      </div>
    )
  }
}
```

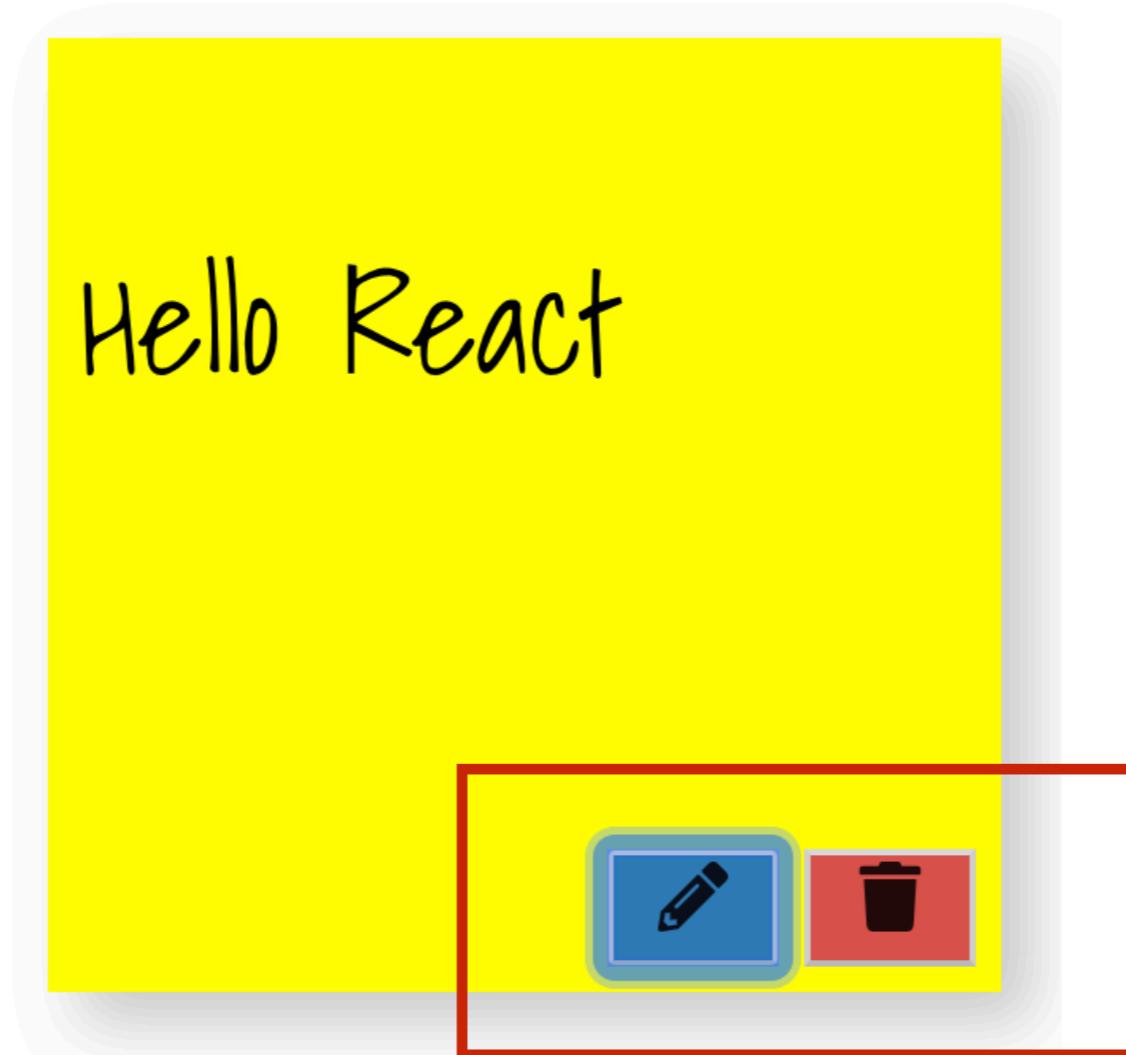


4. Change Icon in app

See result



5. Handling events



5. Handling events

Click on edit and delete button

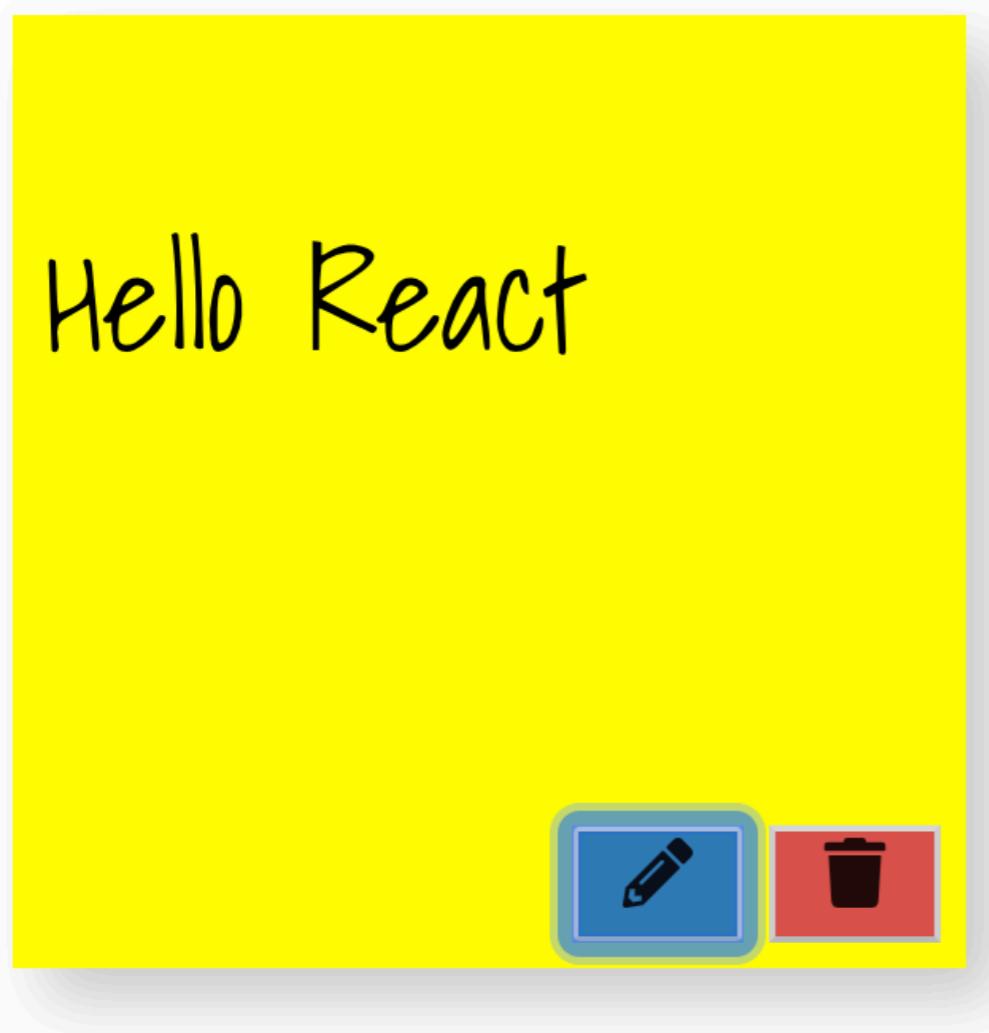
```
render() {
  return(
    <div className="note">
      <p>Hello React</p>
      <span>
        <button id="edit" onClick={this.edit}>
          <FaPencilAlt/>
        </button>
        <button id="remove" onClick={this.remove}>
          <FaTrash/>
        </button>
      </span>
    </div>
  )
}
```



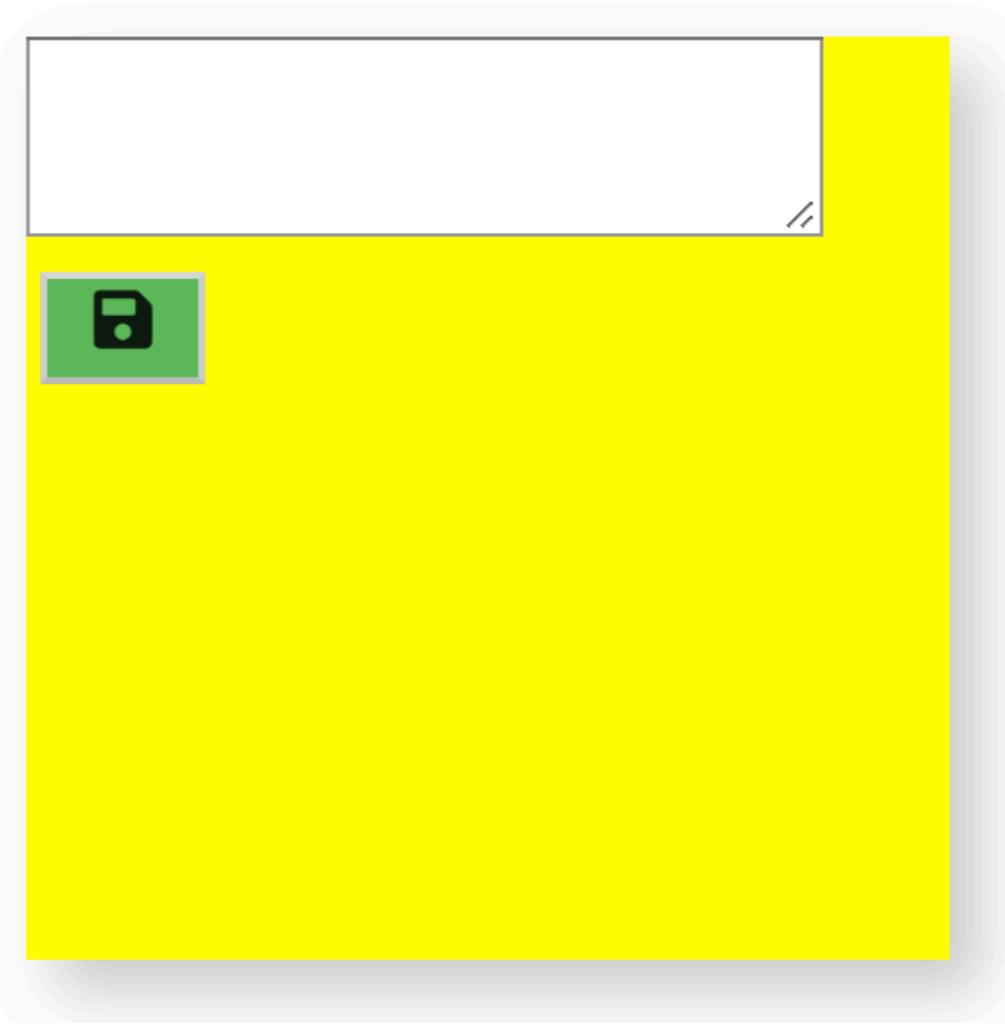
6. Add state to component

isEdit = true | false

isEdit = false



isEdit = true



6. Add state to component

Create state in constructor()

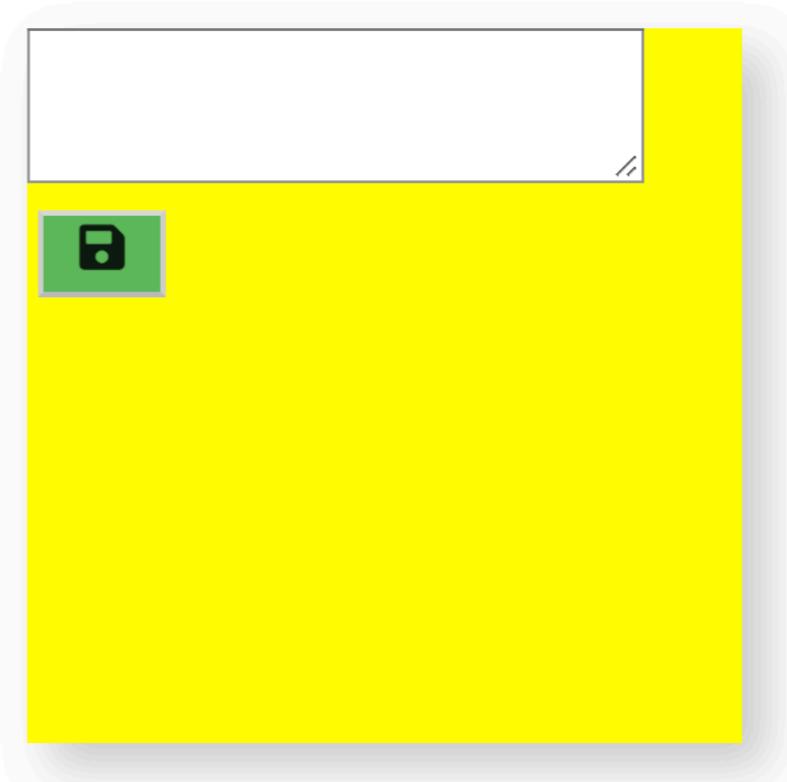
```
class Note extends Component {  
  
  constructor(props) {  
    super(props);  
    this.state = {  
      isEdit: false  
    };  
    this.edit = this.edit.bind(this)  
  }  
}
```



6. Add state to component

Change state when clicked edit button

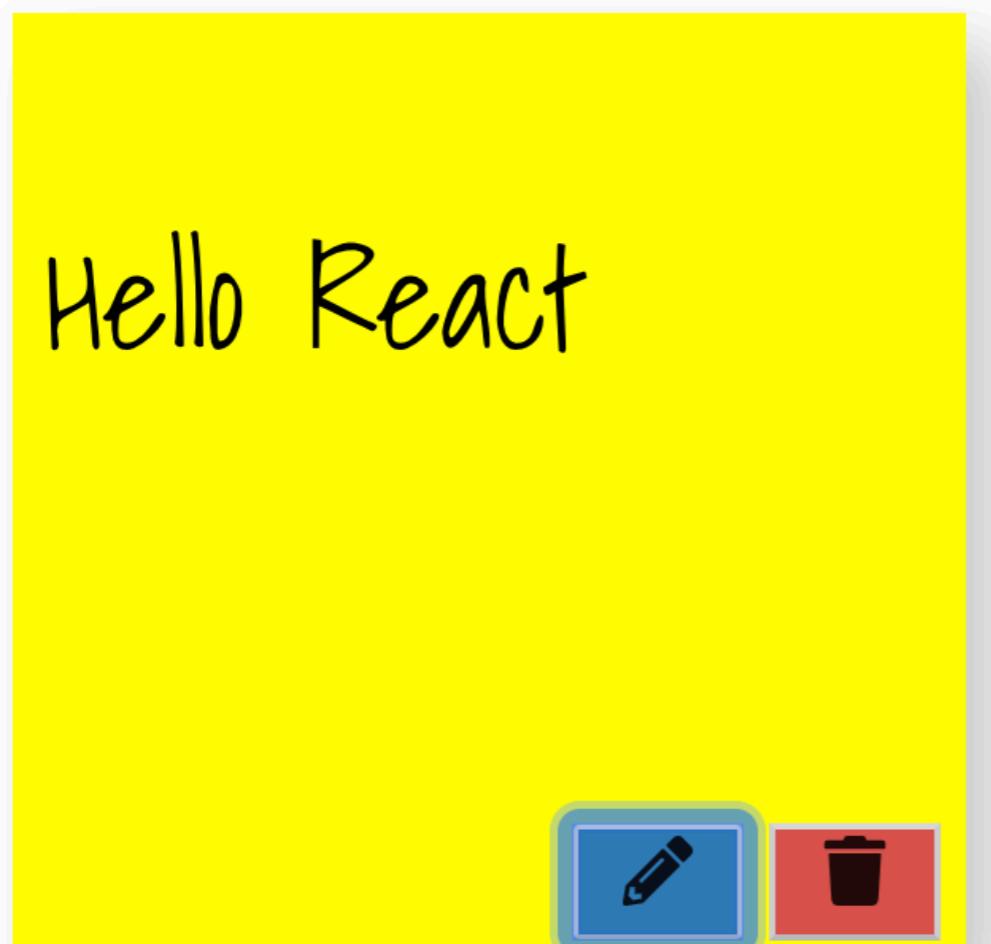
```
edit() {  
    this.setState({  
        isEdit: true  
    })  
}  
  
renderFormForEdit() {  
    return(  
        <div className="note">  
            <form>  
                <textarea />  
                <button id="save"><FaSave/></button>  
            </form>  
        </div>  
    )  
}
```



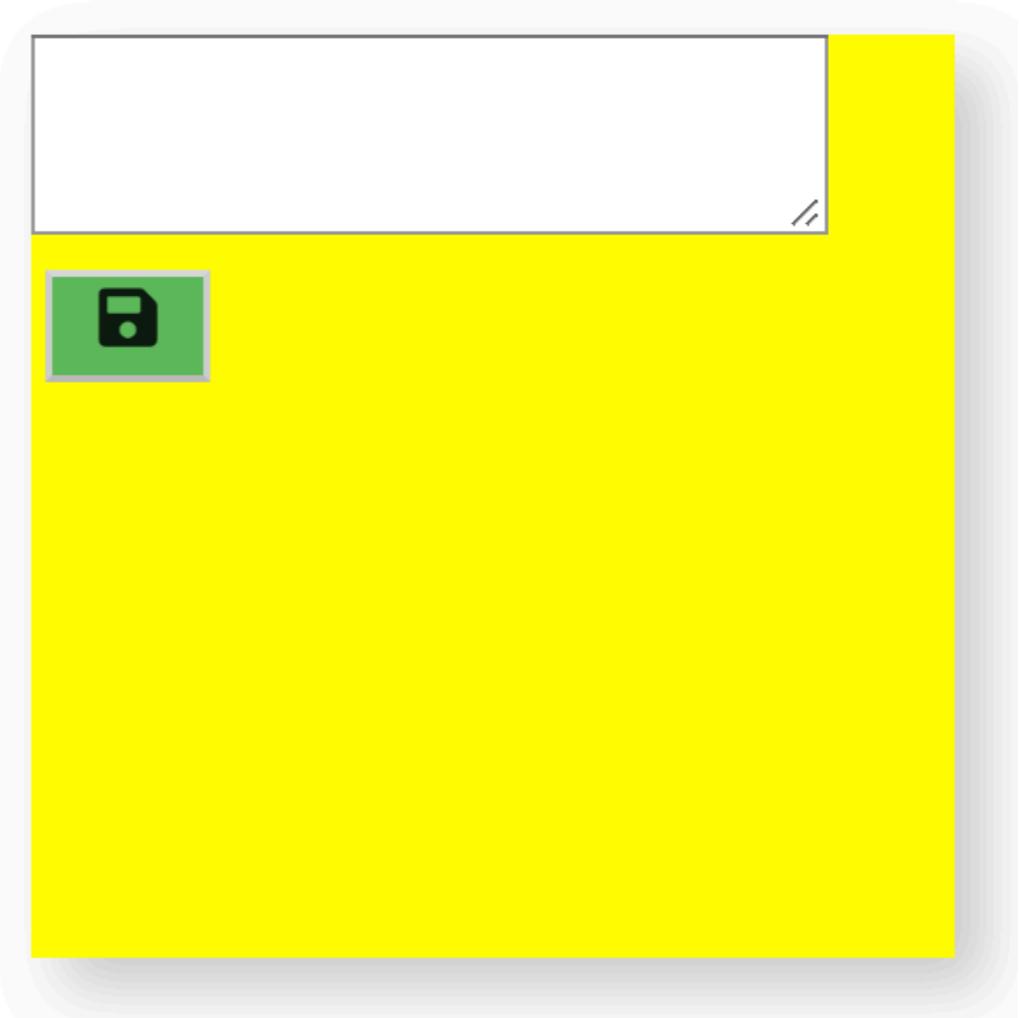
6. Add state to component

UI for display in each state

`renderForShow()`



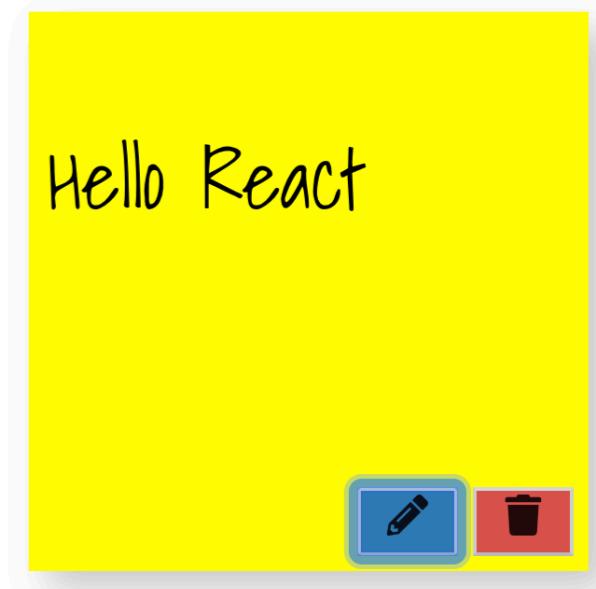
`renderFormForEdit()`



6. Add state to component

Change state when clicked edit button

```
renderForShow() {  
  return(  
    <div className="note">  
      <p>Hello React</p>  
      <span>  
        <button id="edit" onClick={this.edit}>  
          <FaPencilAlt/>  
        </button>  
        <button id="remove" onClick={this.remove}>  
          <FaTrash/>  
        </button>  
      </span>  
    </div>  
  )  
}
```



6. Add state to component

Condition to display UI in each state

```
render() {  
  if(this.state.isEdit) {  
    return this.renderFormForEdit()  
  }  
  return this.renderForShow()  
}
```

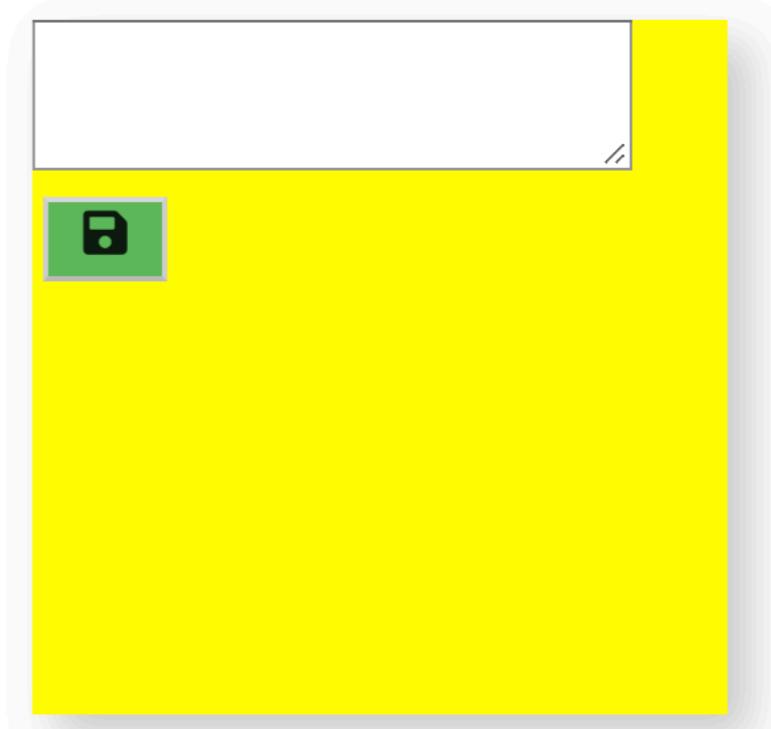


7. Save data from textarea

Using refs

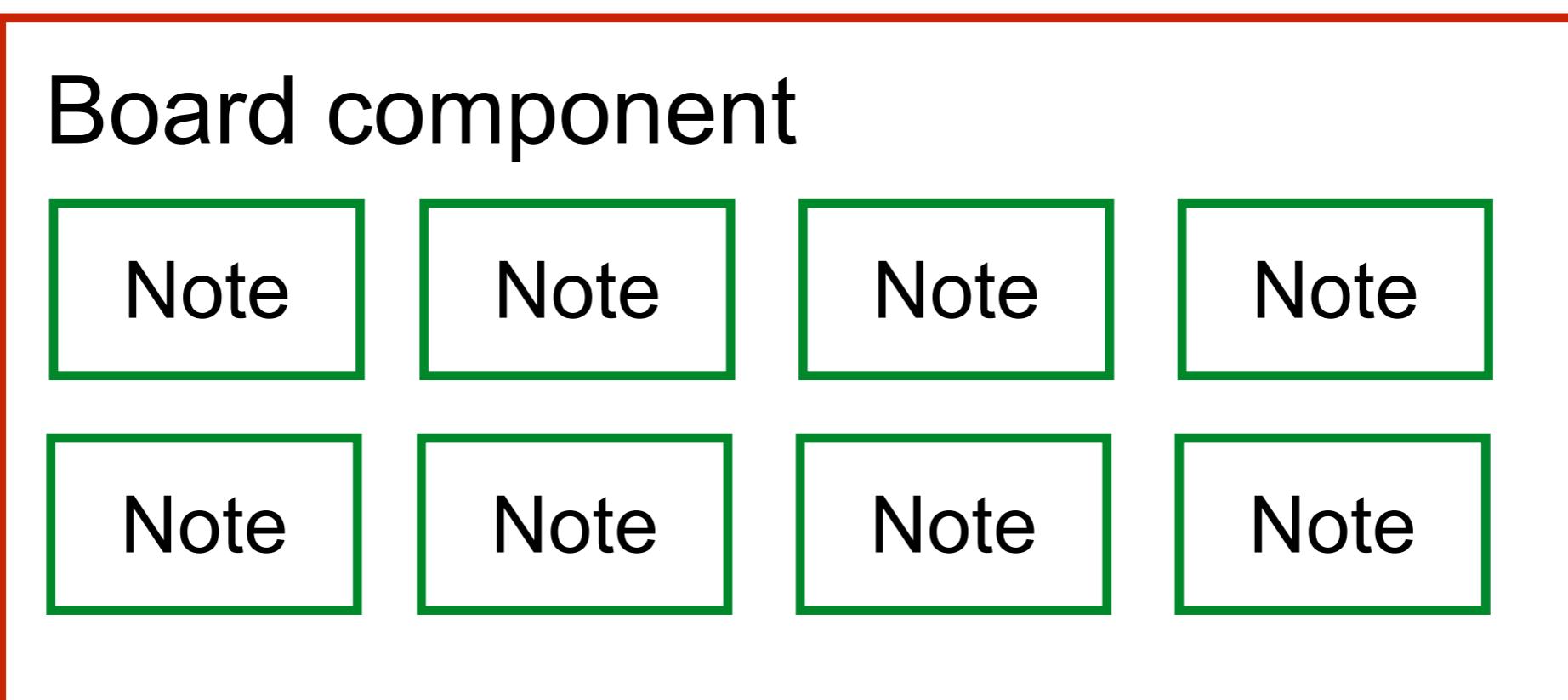
```
save() {  
  alert(this._newText.value)  
}
```

```
renderFormForEdit() {  
  return(  
    <div className="note">  
      <form>  
        <textarea ref={ input => this._newText = input} />  
        <button id="save" onClick={this.save}><FaSave/></button>  
      </form>  
    </div>  
  )  
}
```



8. Parent and child component

Parent = Board
Child = Note



8. Parent and child component

Create Board component and add a Note
/src/Board.js

```
import React, {Component} from "react"
import Note from "./Note"

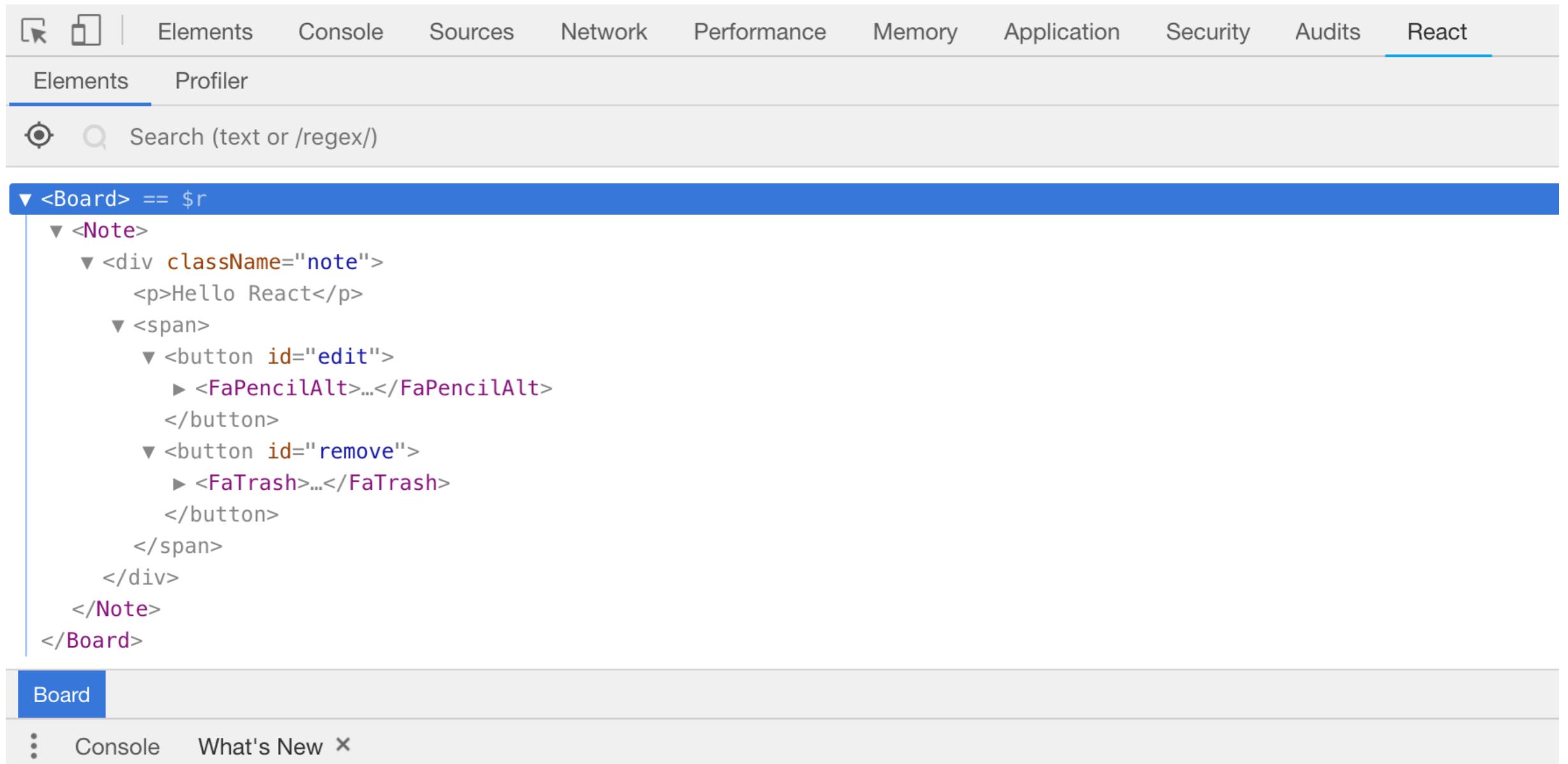
class Board extends Component {
  render() {
    return(
      <Note/>
    )
  }
}

export default Board
```



8. Parent and child component

Run and see result in React Developer Tools



The screenshot shows the React tab in the Chrome DevTools. The component tree is displayed under the <Board> component. The tree structure is as follows:

```
<Board> == $r
  <Note>
    <div className="note">
      <p>Hello React</p>
      <span>
        <button id="edit">
          <FaPencilAlt>...</FaPencilAlt>
        </button>
        <button id="remove">
          <FaTrash>...</FaTrash>
        </button>
      </span>
    </div>
  </Note>
</Board>
```

The <Board> component has a single child, <Note>. The <Note> component contains a <div> element with a class of "note". Inside this <div> are a <p> element containing the text "Hello React" and a element. The element contains two buttons: one with the ID "edit" and another with the ID "remove". The "note" class is highlighted in blue, indicating it is currently selected.



8. Parent and child component

Add more Notes in a board

```
class Board extends Component {  
  render() {  
    return(  
      <div>  
        <Note/>  
        <Note/>  
        <Note/>  
        <Note/>  
      </div>  
    )  
  }  
}
```



9. Send data from parent to child

Board Component

Stateful component

Hold data of all notes

Board component

Note

Note

Note

Note

Note

Note

Note

Note



Board component

Create list of all notes in state

```
class Board extends Component {  
  constructor(props) {  
    super(props);  
    this.state = {  
      notes: [  
        {  
          id: 1,  
          title: "Note 1"  
        },  
        {  
          id: 2,  
          title: "Note 2"  
        }  
      ]  
    }  
  }  
}
```



Board component

Send data to Note with props

```
eachNote(note, index) {  
  return(  
    <Note key={index} index={index}>{note.title}</Note>  
  )  
}  
  
render() {  
  return(  
    <div>  
      {this.state.notes.map(this.eachNote)}  
    </div>  
  )  
}
```

<https://reactjs.org/docs/lists-and-keys.html#keys>



Note component

Read data from props

```
renderForShow() {  
  return(  
    <div className="note">  
      <p>{this.props.children}</p>  
      <span>  
        <button id="edit" onClick={this.edit}>  
          <FaPencilAlt/>  
        </button>  
        <button id="remove" onClick={this.remove}>  
          <FaTrash/>  
        </button>  
      </span>  
    </div>  
  )  
}
```



See result



Edit/Update Note



Edit Note



Edit Note

Board component

Logic to edit note

Note component

Handling when data changed



Edit Note

Board component

Logic to edit note

props

Note component

Handling when data changed



Board component

Create function edit() and send to child via props

```
edit(newTitle, index) {
  console.log('Edit ', newTitle, index);
  this.setState(prevState => ({
    notes: prevState.notes.map(
      note => (note.id === index) ?
        {...note, title: newTitle} : note
    )
  }))
}

eachNote(note, index) {
  return (
    <Note key={note.id} index={note.id} onChange={this.edit}>
      {note.title}
    </Note>
  )
}
```



Note component

Handling onSubmit() and call onChange() from parent

```
save(e) {  
  e.preventDefault();  
  this.props.onChange(this._newText.value, this.props.index);  
  this.setState({  
    isEdit: false  
  })  
}
```

```
renderFormForEdit() {  
  return(  
    <div className="note">  
      <form onSubmit={this.save}>  
        <textarea ref={ input => this._newText = input} />  
        <button id="save"><FaSave/></button>  
      </form>  
    </div>  
  )  
}
```



Delete Note



Delete Note

Board component

Logic to delete note

props

Note component

Handling when deleted



Board component

Try to delete !!

```
delete(index) {  
  console.log('Delete ', index);  
  this.setState(prevState => ({  
    notes: prevState.notes.filter(note => note.id !== index)  
  }))  
}
```



Add new Note



Board component

Try to add new note !!

```
addNew(newTitle) {  
  this.setState(prevState => ({  
    notes: [  
      ...prevState.notes,  
      {  
        id: 3,  
        title: newTitle  
      }  
    ]  
  }))  
}
```

```
render() {  
  return(  
    <div className="board">  
      <button id="add" onClick={this.addNew.bind(null, 'New Title')}>  
        <FaPlus/>  
      </button>  
      {this.state.notes.map(this.eachNote)}  
    </div>  
  )  
}
```

Add new data to list



Board component

Try to add new note !!

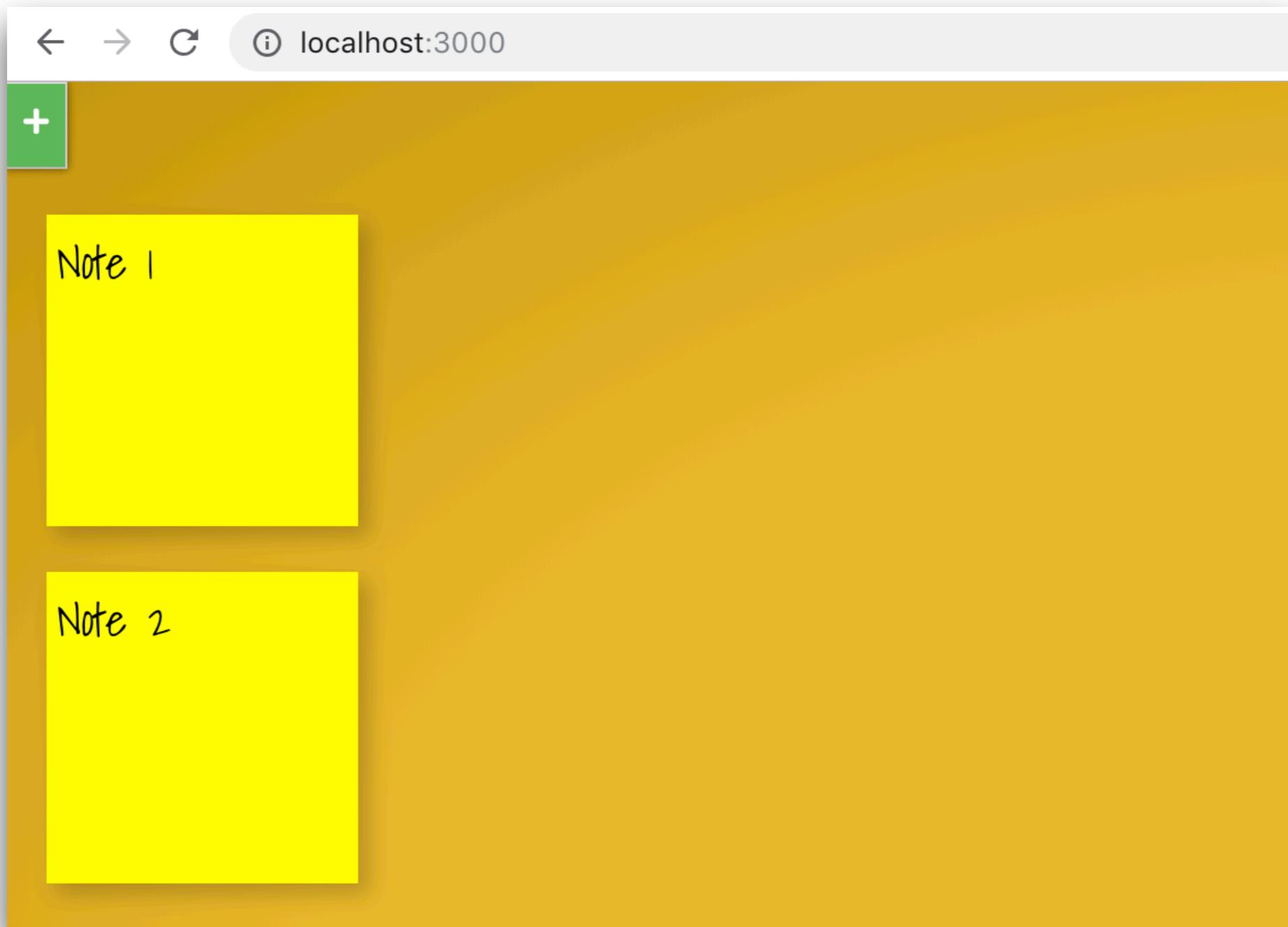
```
addNew(newTitle) {  
  this.setState(prevState => ({  
    notes: [  
      ...prevState.notes,  
      {  
        id: 3,  
        title: newTitle  
      }  
    ]  
  }))  
}
```

```
render() {  
  return(  
    <div className="board">  
      <button id="add" onClick={this.addNew.bind(null, 'New Title')}>  
        <FaPlus/>  
      </button>  
      {this.state.notes.map(this.eachNote)}  
    </div>  
  )  
}
```

Binding with function



See result



Fix error !!

Render in note 3

Component did update

- ✖ ► Warning: Encountered two children with the same key, `3`. Keys should not be duplicated and/or omitted – the behavior is unsupported and could change in a future version.
in div (at Board.js:81)
in Board (at src/index.js:7)

Render in note 1

Render in note 2



Component Life Cycle

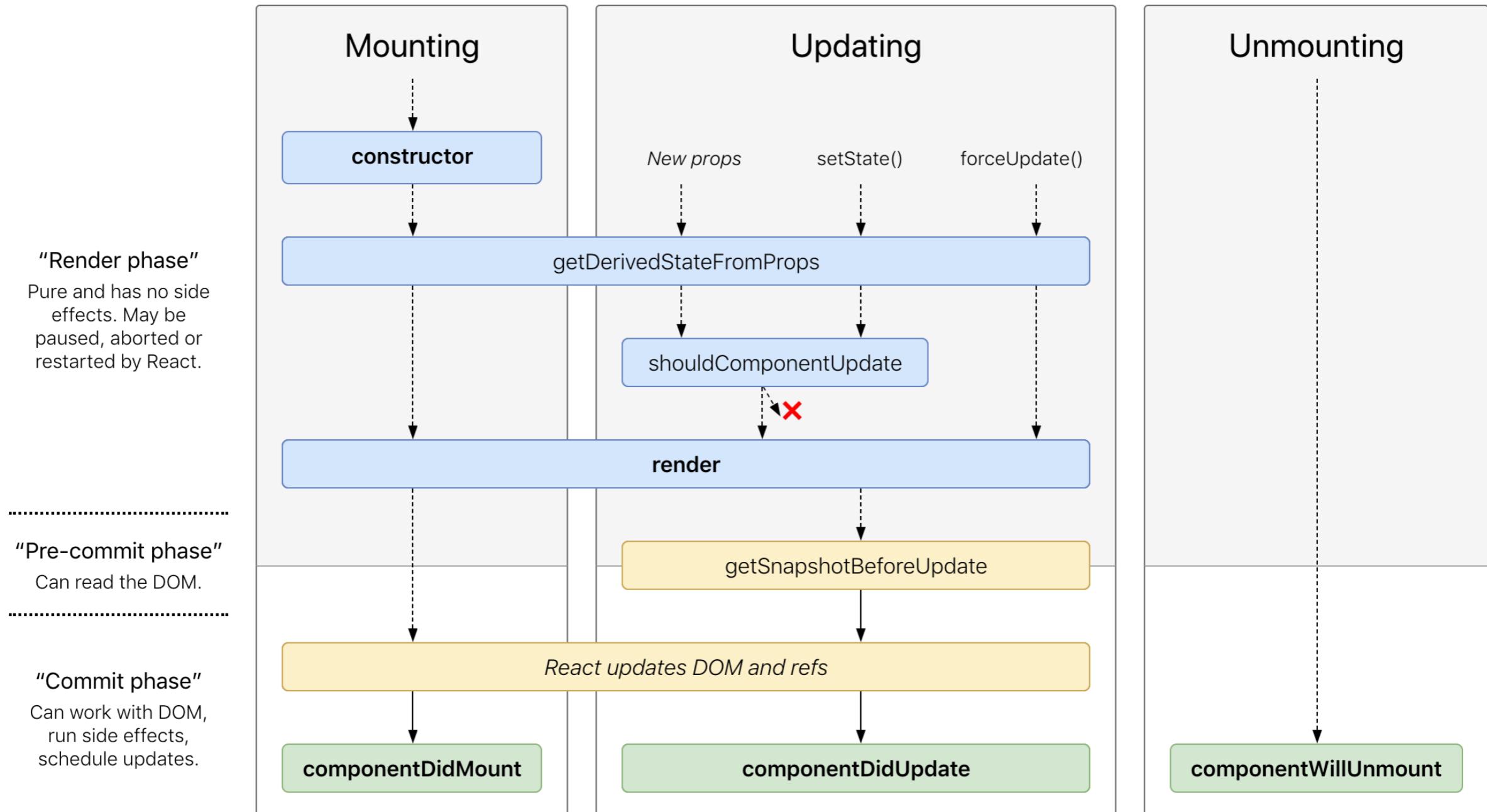


Component Life Cycle

Mounting
Update
Unmount



Component Life Cycle



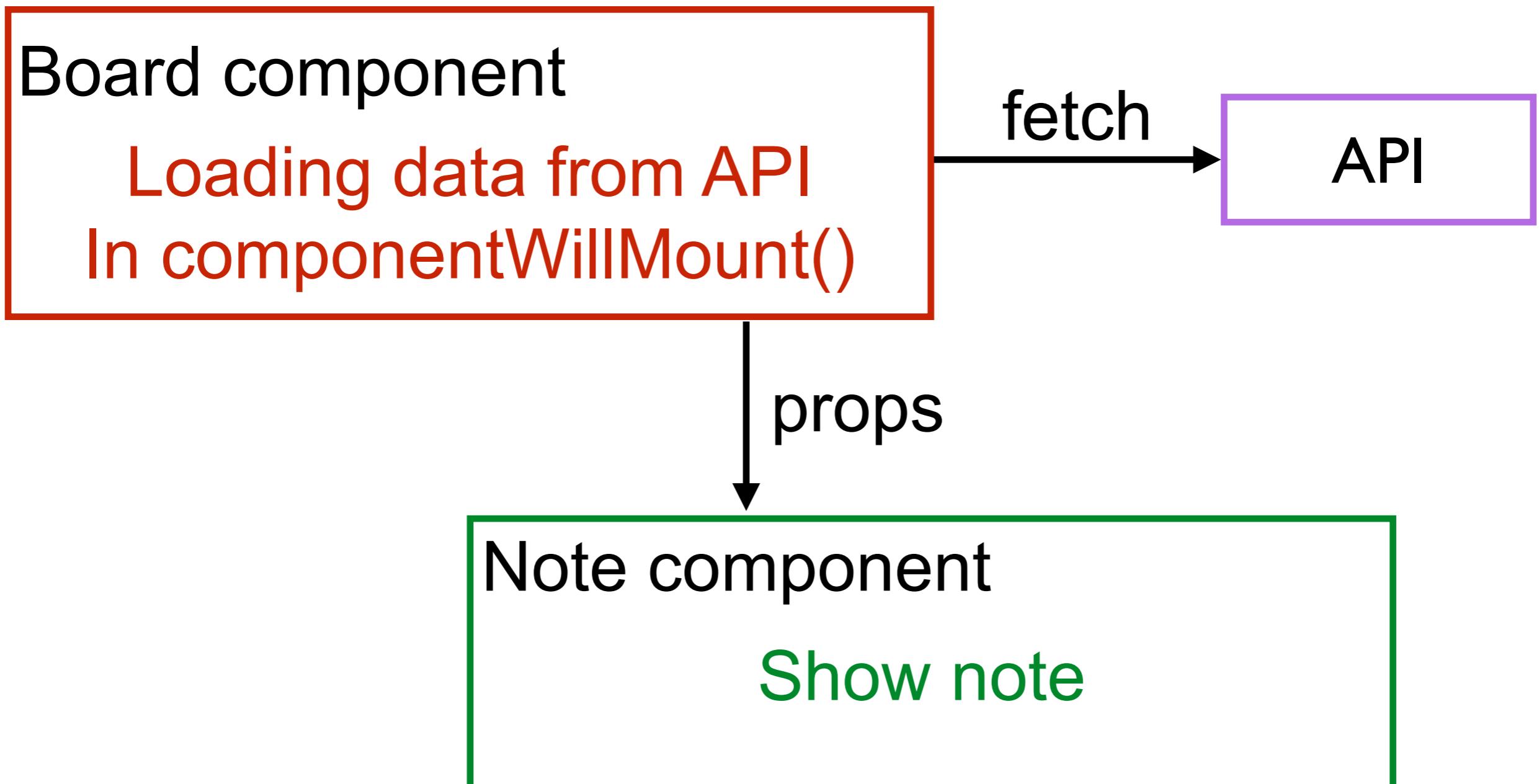
<https://reactjs.org/docs/react-component.html>



Loading data from API



Loading data from API



<https://baconipsum.com/json-api/>



Board component

```
componentWillMount() {  
  console.log("Component will mount");  
  fetch(`https://baconipsum.com/api/?type=meat-and-filler&sentences=3`)  
    .then(response => response.json())  
    .then(json => json[0].split('. '))  
    .forEach(input => this.addNew(input.substring(0, 10)))  
}
```

<https://baconipsum.com/json-api/>



Deploy



React Hooks

<https://reactjs.org/docs/hooks-intro.html>

