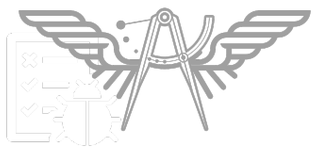
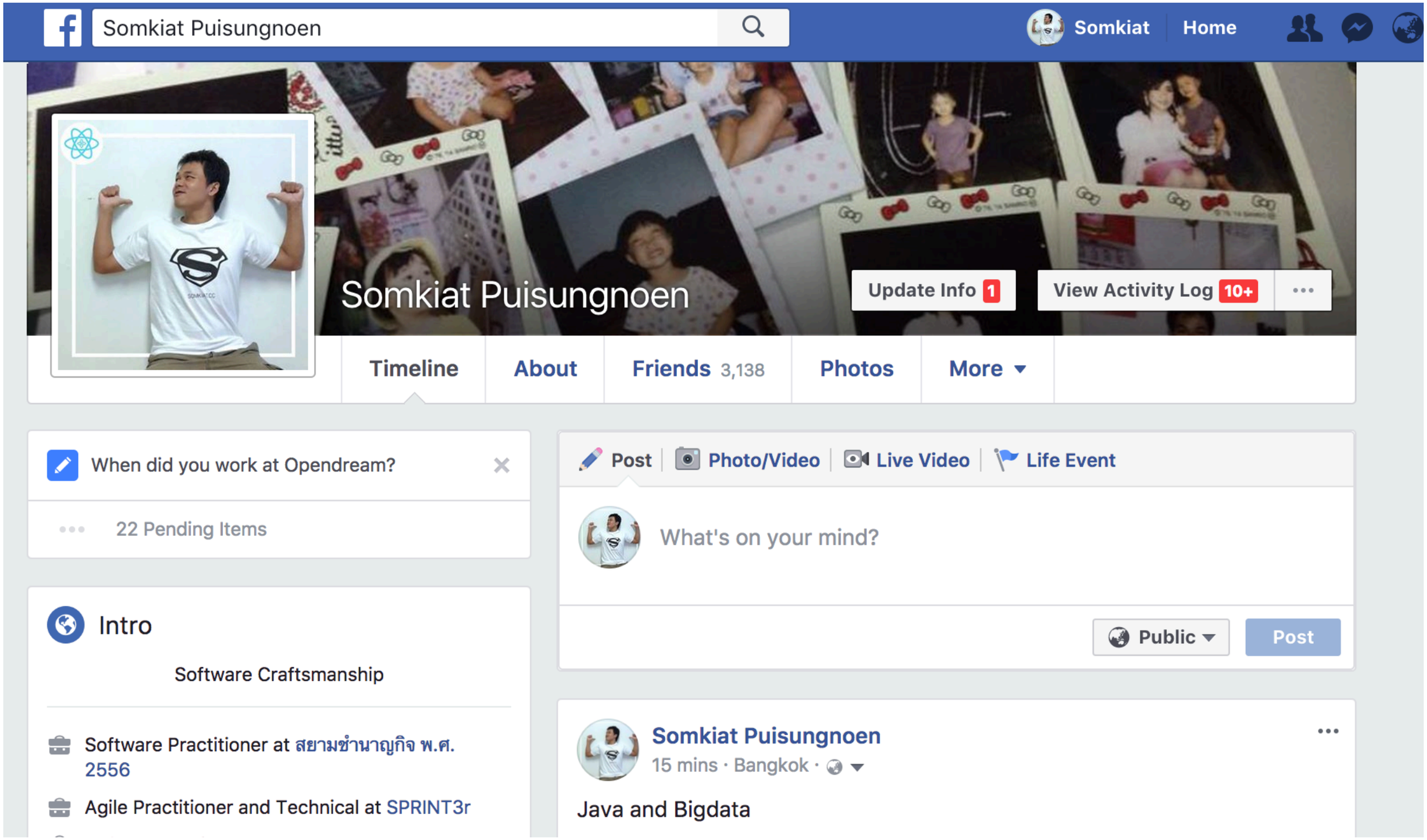
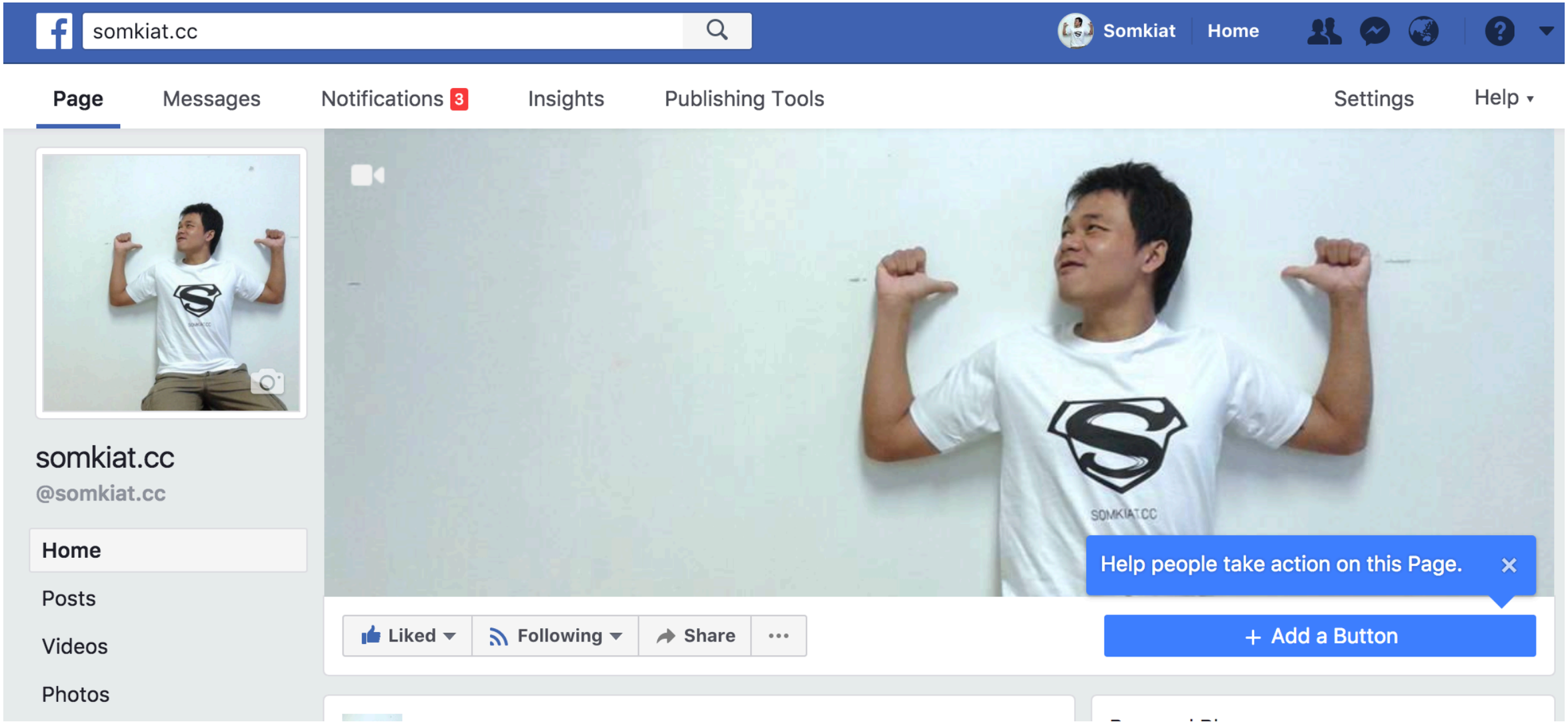
สยามชำนาญกิจ
SIAM CHAMNAN KIT

# Spring Boot
# Spring Testing
# RESTFul API





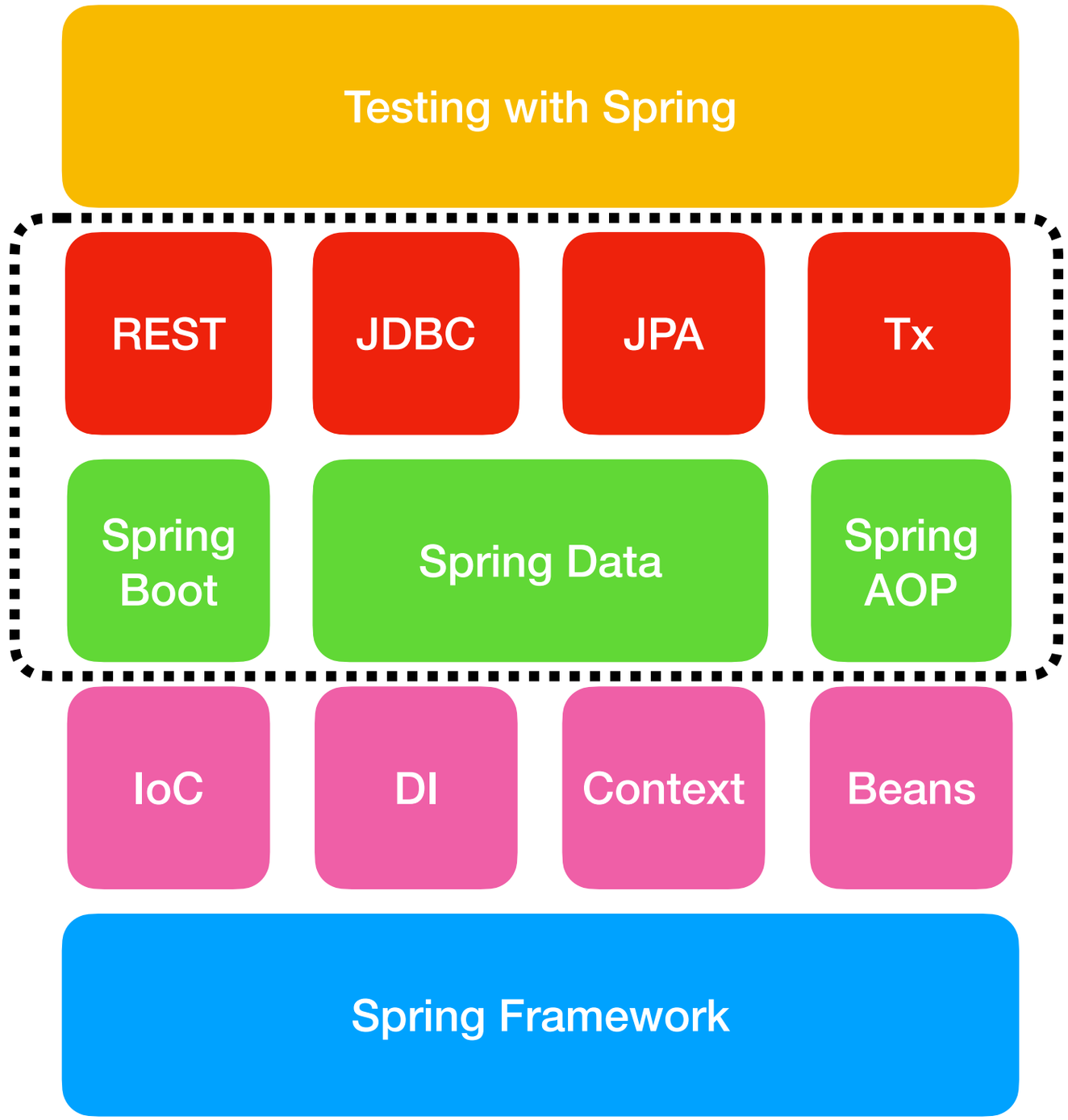
# https://github.com/up1/course-springboot-2020

# Spring Boot

# Agenda

REST (REpresentational State Transfer)
Introduction to Spring Boot
Goals of Spring Boot
Better project structure of Spring Boot
Develop RESTful APIs
Error handling
Layer in Spring Boot project
Working with Spring Data (JPA and JDBC)
Manage transaction

# Workshop

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# Spring Boot

# Spring Framework

# Spring Boot

# REST

# REST

**RE**presentation **S**tate **T**ransfer

The style of software architecture behind RESTful services

Defined in 2000 by Roy Fielding

https://www.ics.uci.edu/~fielding/pubs/dissertation/rest_arch_style.htm

# Goals

Scalability
Generality of interfaces
Independent deployment of components

# RESTful service

# REST Request Messages

RESTful request is typically in form of **U**niform **R**esource **I**dentifiers (URI)

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RESTful request is typically in form of **U**niform **R**esource **I**dentifiers (URI)

Structure of URI depend on specific service

# REST Request Messages

RESTful request is typically in form of **U**niform **R**esource **I**dentifiers (URI)

Structure of URI depend on specific service

Request can include parameter and data in body of request as XML, JSON etc.

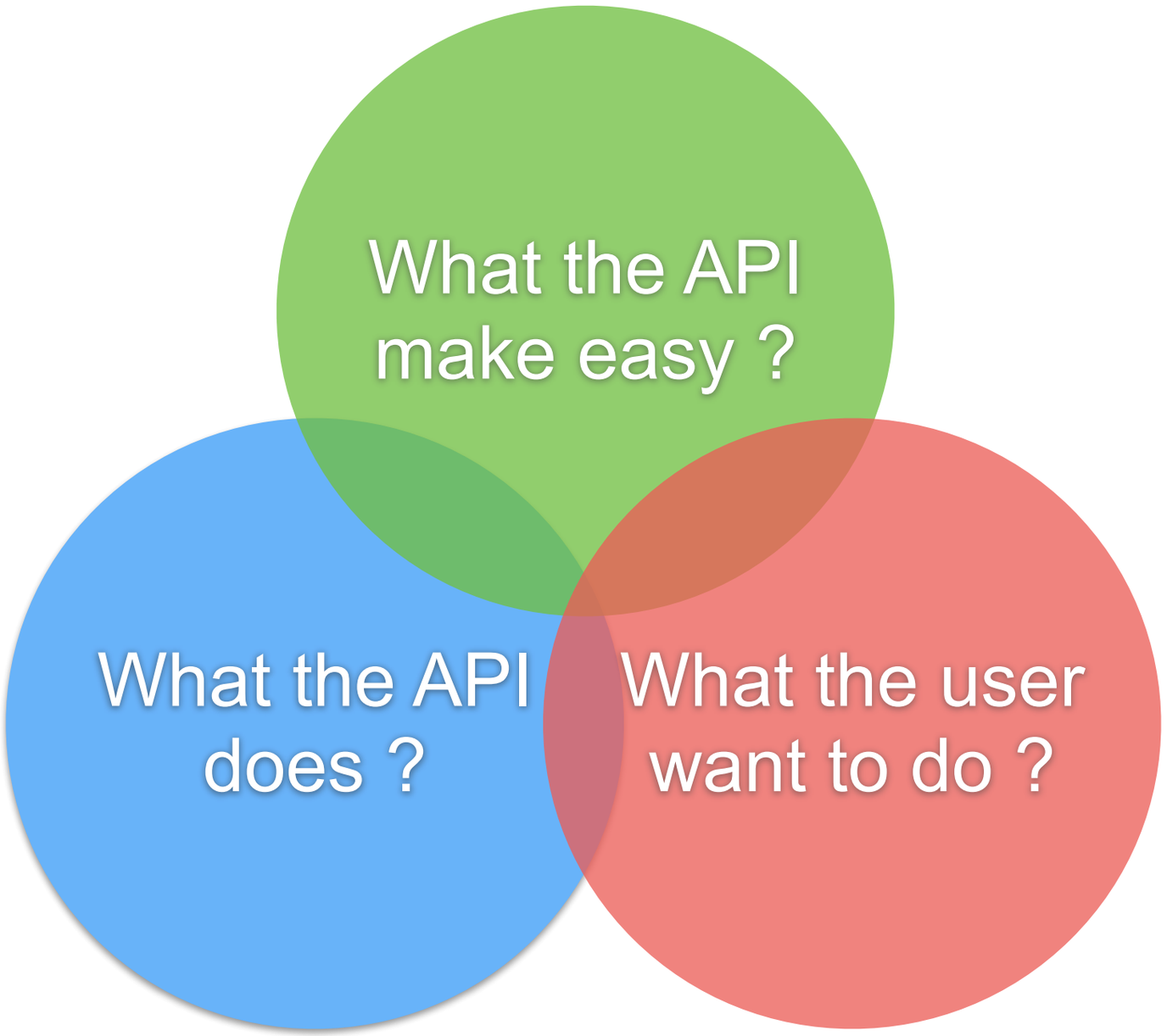
# REST Request & Response

# HTTP Methods meaning

| Method | Meaning |
| --- | --- |
| GET | Read data |
| POST | Create/Insert new data |
| PUT/PATCH | Update data or insert if a new id |
| DELETE | Delete data |

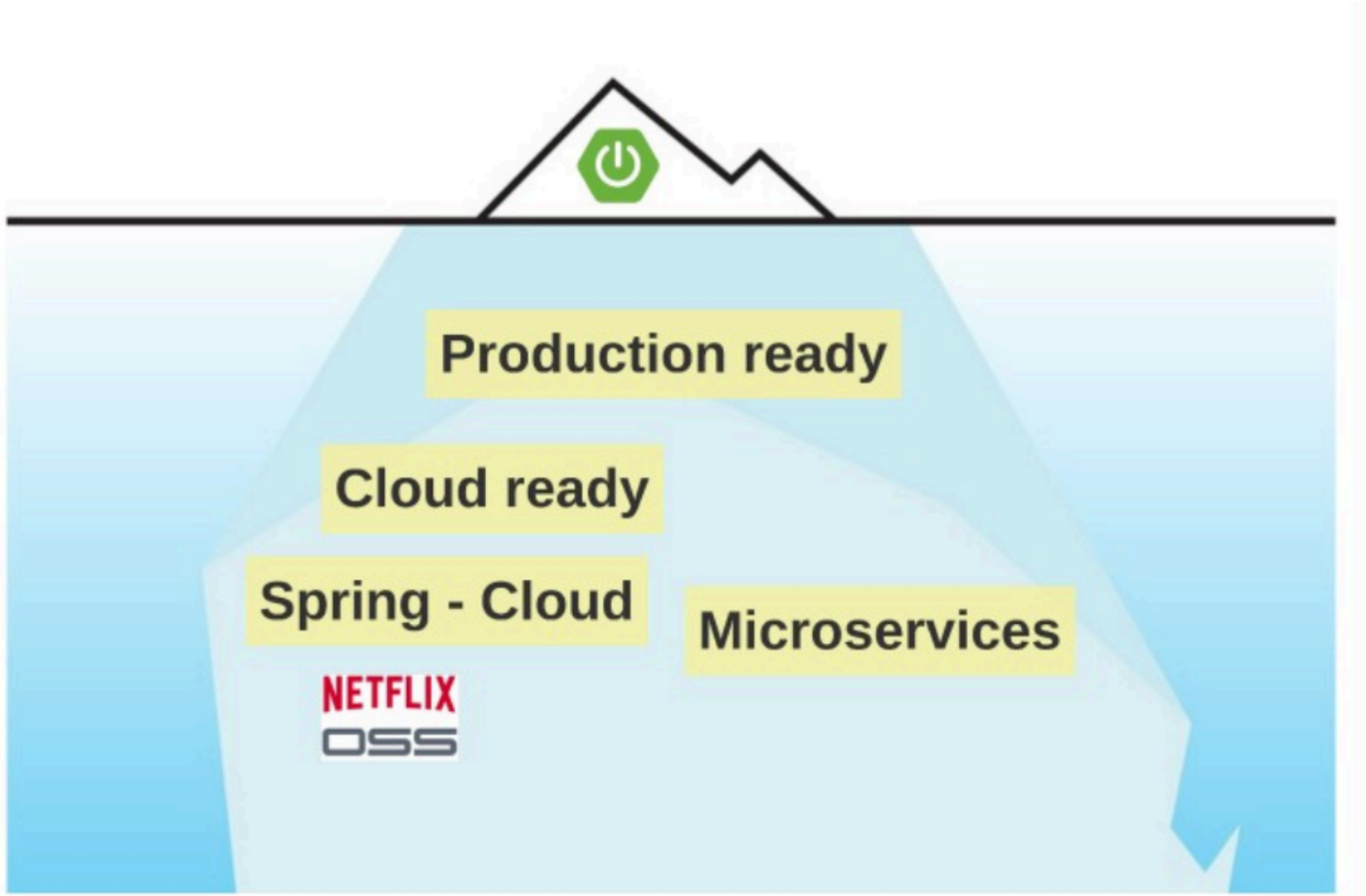
# Response format ?

# Good APIs ?



# Why ?

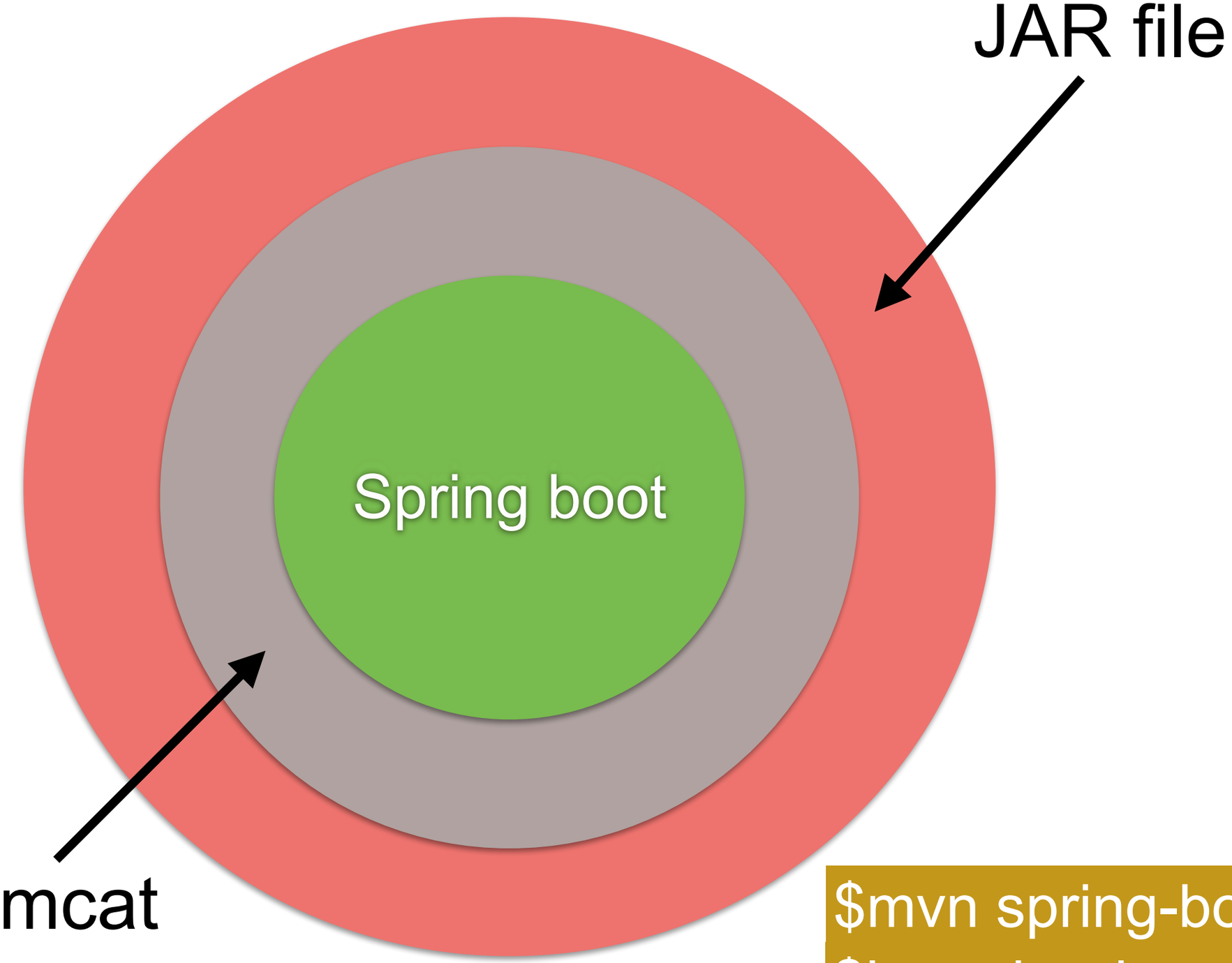
Application skeleton generator
Reduce effort to add new technologies



# What ?

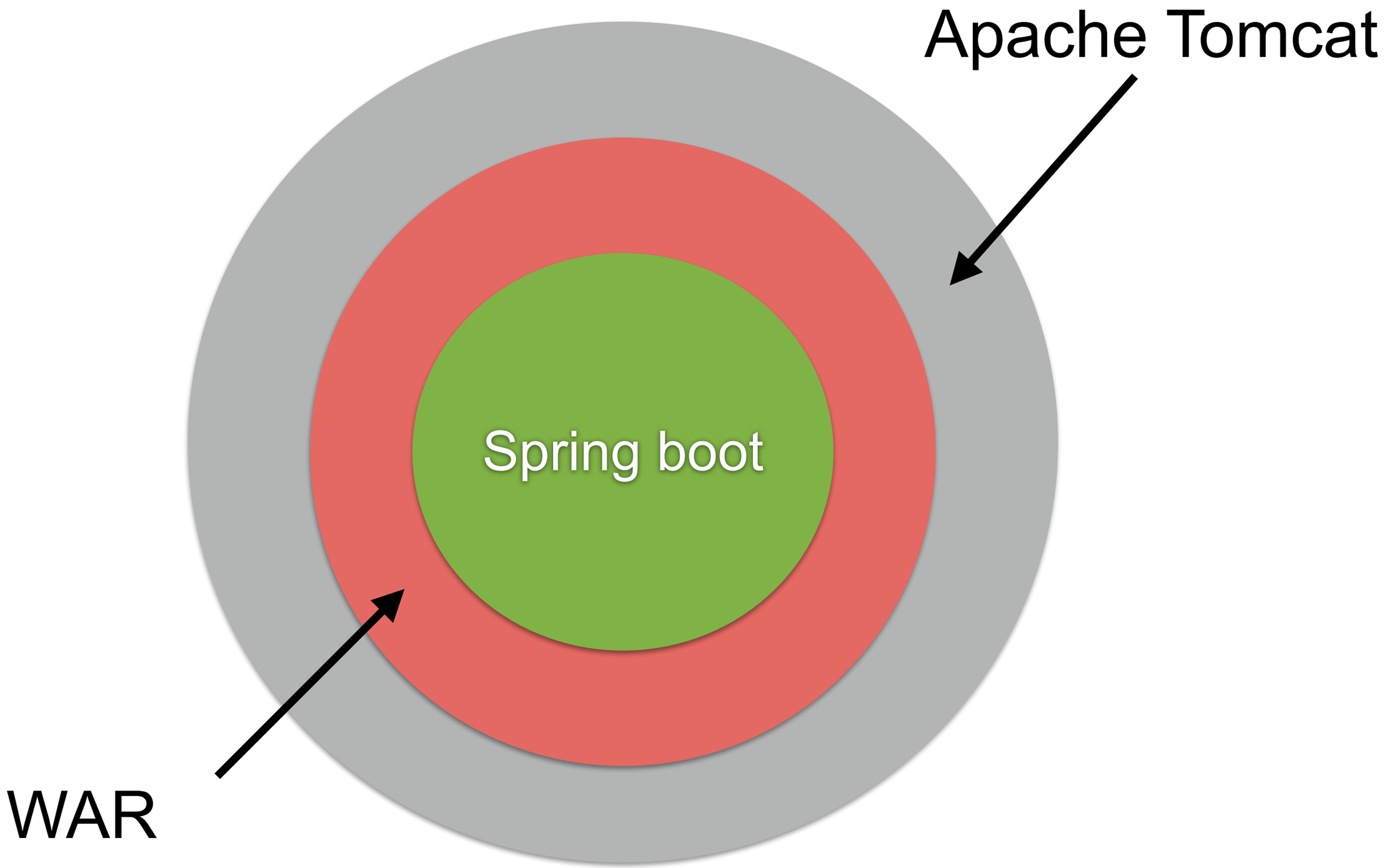
Embedded application server
Integration with tools/technologies (starter)
Production tools (monitoring, health check)
Configuration management
Dev tools
No source code generation, no XML

# How ?




```
$mvn spring-boot:run
$java -jar demo.jar
```

# How ?



# Building RESTful API with Spring Boot

# Create new project

spring initializr

**Project**
Maven Project ○ Gradle Project

**Language**
Java ○ Kotlin ○ Groovy

**Spring Boot**
○ 2.5.0 (SNAPSHOT) ○ 2.4.2 (SNAPSHOT) 2.4.1 ○ 2.3.8 (SNAPSHOT)
○ 2.3.7

**Project Metadata**

| | |
|---|---|
| Group | com.workshop |
| Artifact | day2 |
| Name | day2 |
| Description | Demo project for Spring Boot |
| Package name | com.workshop.day2 |
| Packaging | Jar ○ War |
| Java | ○ 15 ○ 11 8 |

**Dependencies** ADD DEPENDENCIES... ⌘ + B

**Spring Web** WEB
Build web, including RESTful, applications using Spring MVC. Uses Apache Tomcat as the default embedded container.

**Spring Data JPA** SQL
Persist data in SQL stores with Java Persistence API using Spring Data and Hibernate.

**H2 Database** SQL
Provides a fast in-memory database that supports JDBC API and R2DBC access, with a small (2mb) footprint. Supports embedded and server modes as well as a browser based console application.

1. Spring Web
2. Spring Data JPA
3. H2 Database

# Run project (Dev mode)

$./mvnw spring-boot:run

```
  .   ____          _            __ _ _
 /\\ / ___'_ __ _ _(_)_ __  __ _ \ \ \ \
( ( )\___ | '_ | '_| | '_ \/ _` | \ \ \ \
 \\/  ___)| |_)| | | | | || (_| |  ) ) ) )
  '  |____| .__|_| |_|_| |_\__, | / / / /
 =========|_|==============|___/=/_/_/_/
 :: Spring Boot ::        (v2.0.2.RELEASE)

2018-06-07 13:03:30.412  INFO 12828 --- [
oApplication               : Starting DemoApplication on
D 12828 (started by somkiat in /Users/somkiat/Down
2018-06-07 13:03:30.418  INFO 12828 --- [
oApplication               : No active profile set, fall
```

# Run project (production mode)

$./mvnw package
$java -jar target/<file name>.jar

```
  .   ____          _            __ _ _
 /\\ / ___'_ __ _ _(_)_ __  __ _ \ \ \ \
( ( )\___ | '_ | '_| | '_ \/ _` | \ \ \ \
 \\/  ___)| |_)| | | | | || (_| |  ) ) ) )
  '   |____| .__|_| |_|_| |_\__, | / / / /
 =========|_|==============|___/=/_/_/_/
 :: Spring Boot ::        (v2.0.2.RELEASE)

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2018-06-07 13:03:30.418  INFO 12828 --- [
oApplication               : No active profile set, fall
```
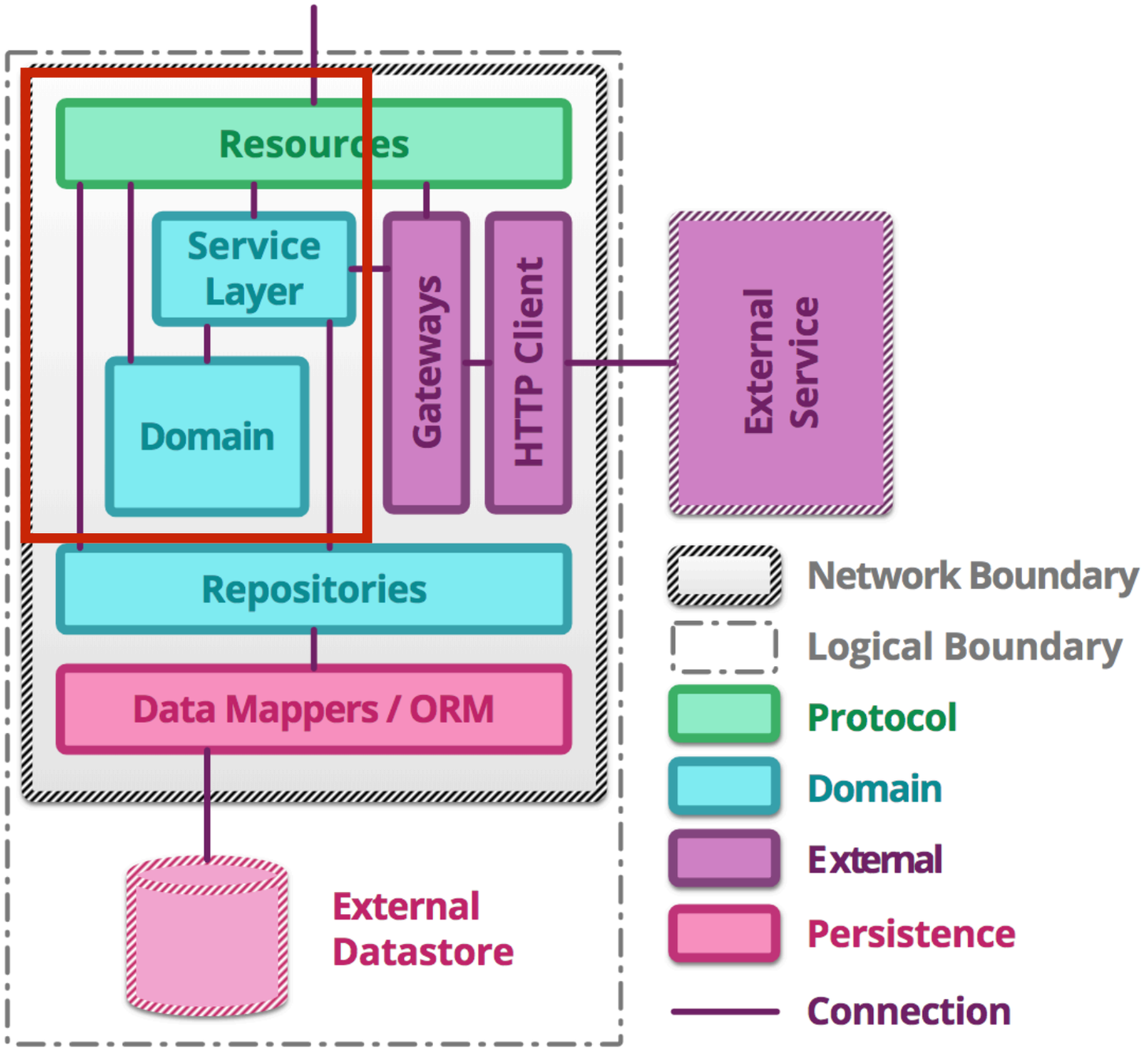
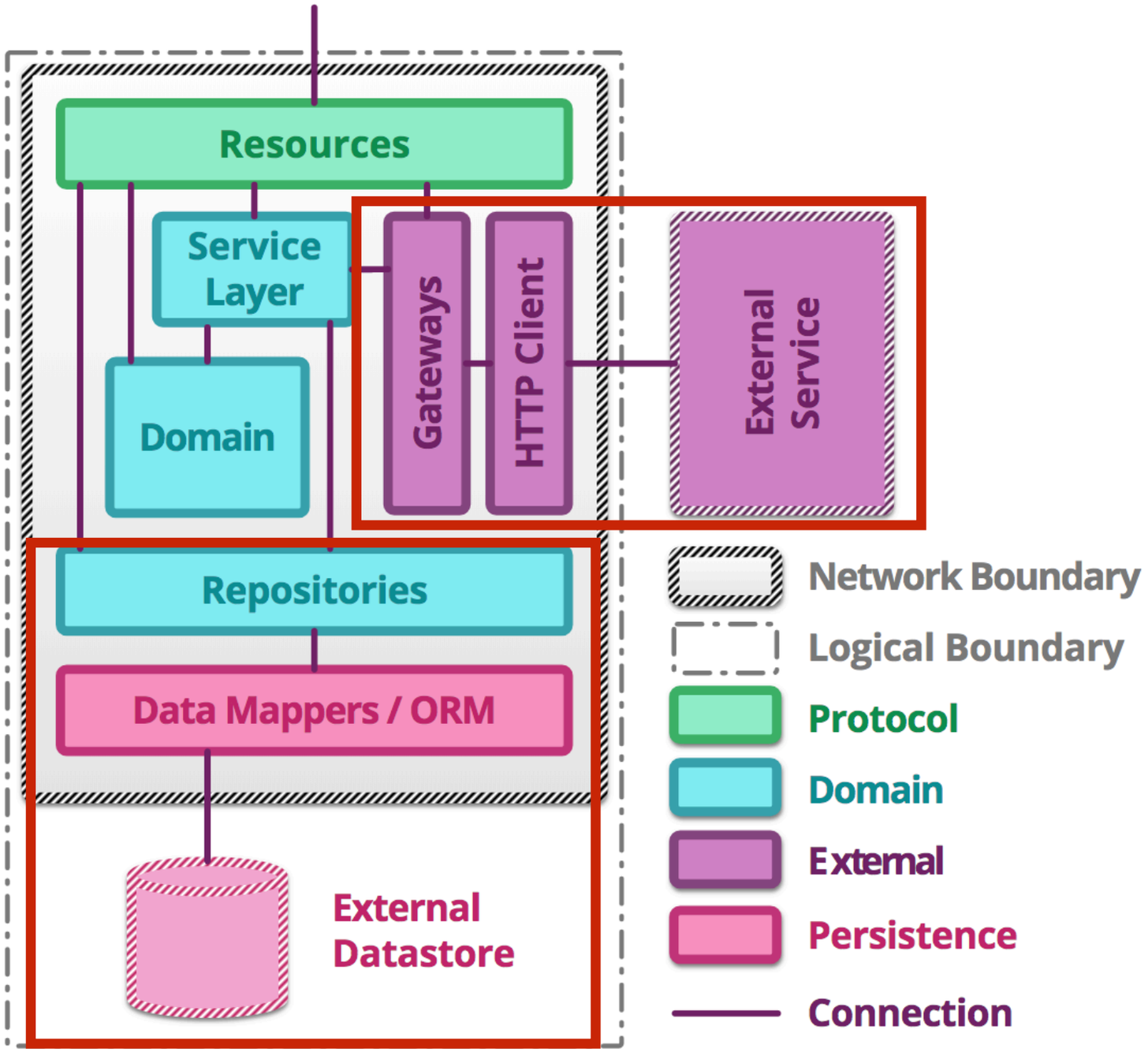
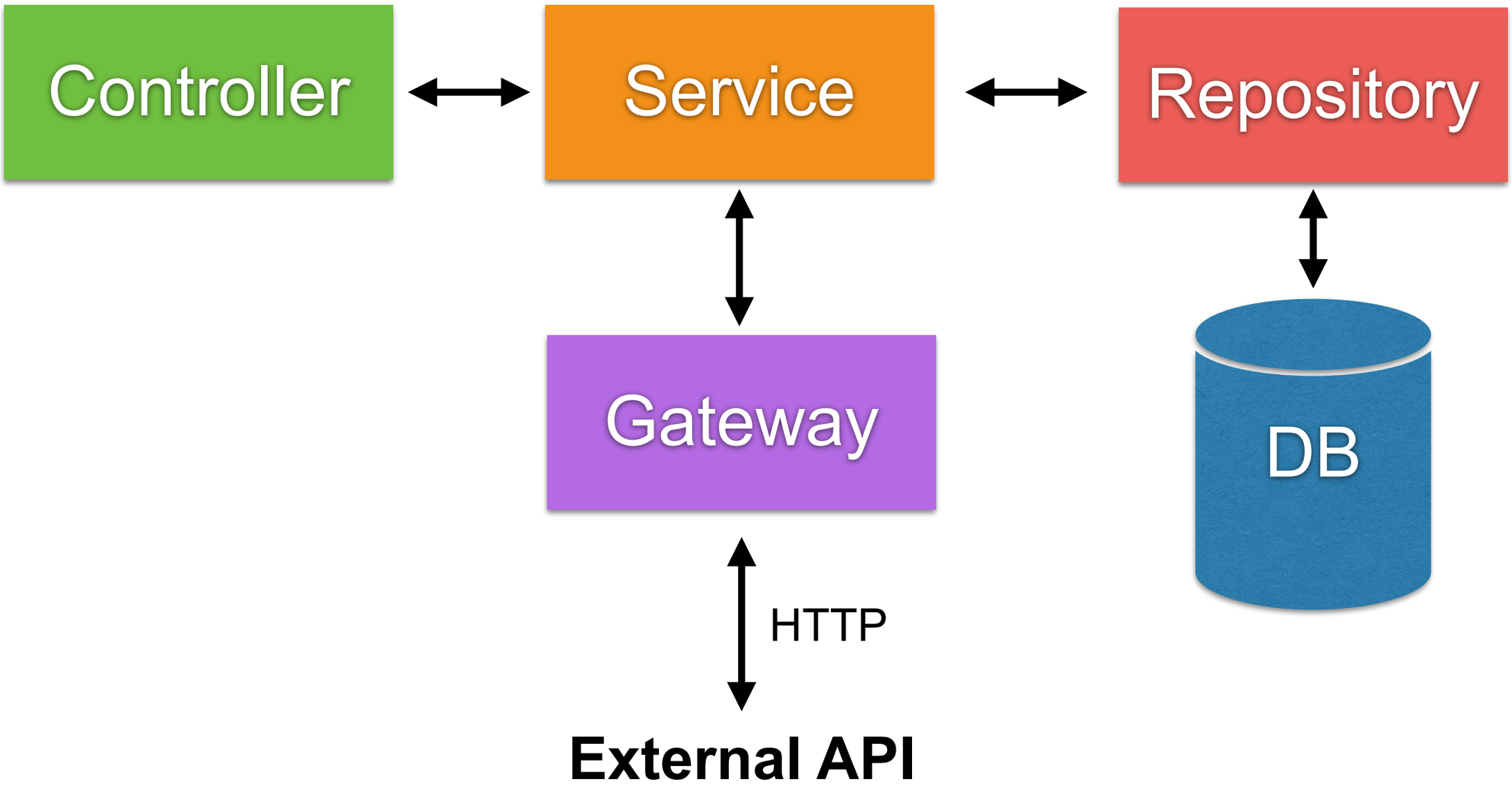

# Service Structure



# Service Structure



# Structure of Spring Boot project



# Controller

Request and Response
Validation input
Delegate to others classes such as service and repository

# Service

Control the flow of main business logics
Manage database transaction
Don’t reuse service

# Repository

Manage data in data store such as RDBMS and NoSQL

# Gateway

Call external service via network such as WebServices and RESTful APIs

# Spring Boot Structure (1)

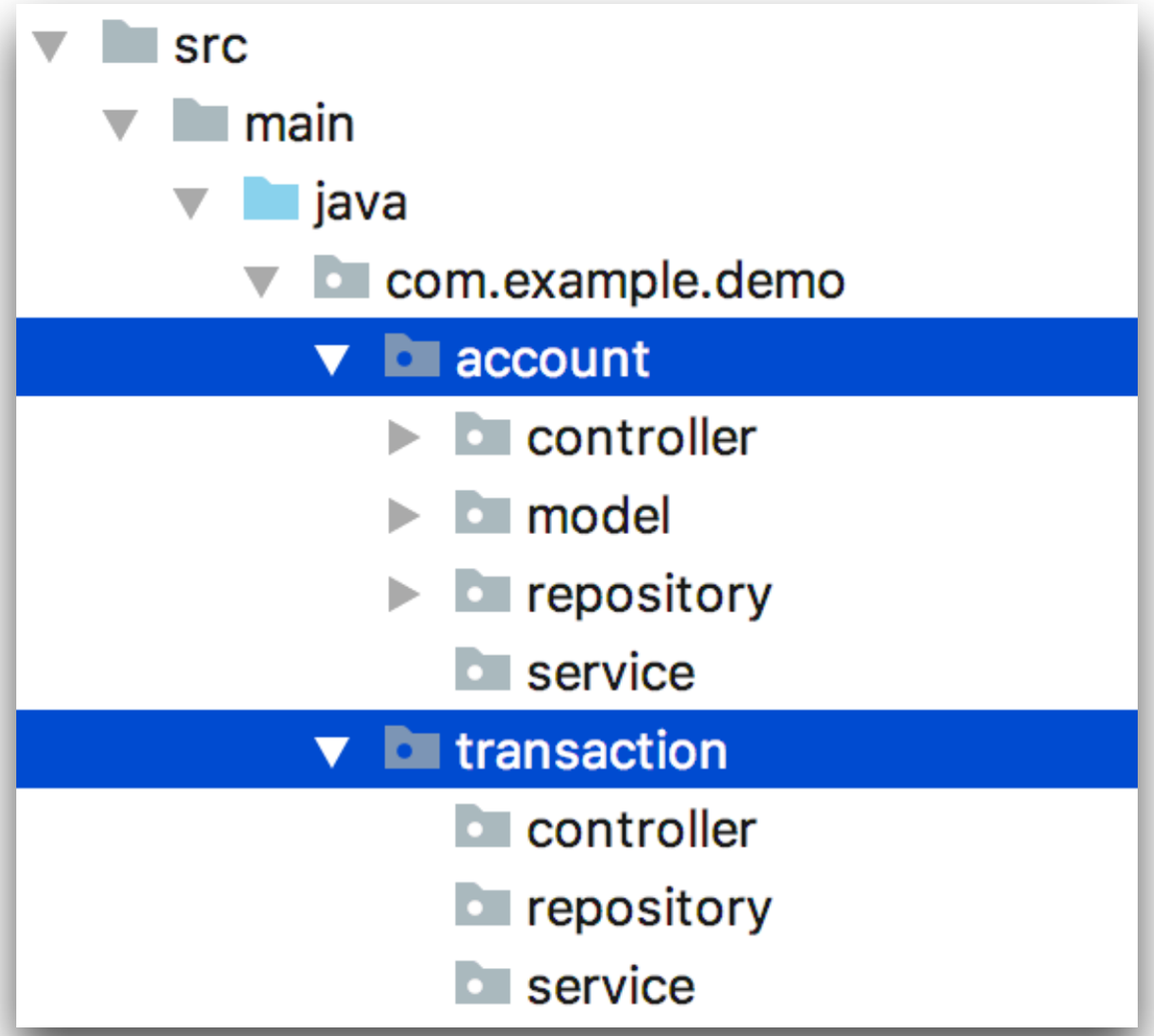
Separate by function/domain/feature

```
feature1
    - controller
    - service
    - repository
feature2
    - controller
    - service
    - repositor
```

https://docs.spring.io/spring-boot/docs/current/reference/html/using-boot-structuring-your-code.html

# Spring Boot Structure (2)

Separate by function/domain/feature

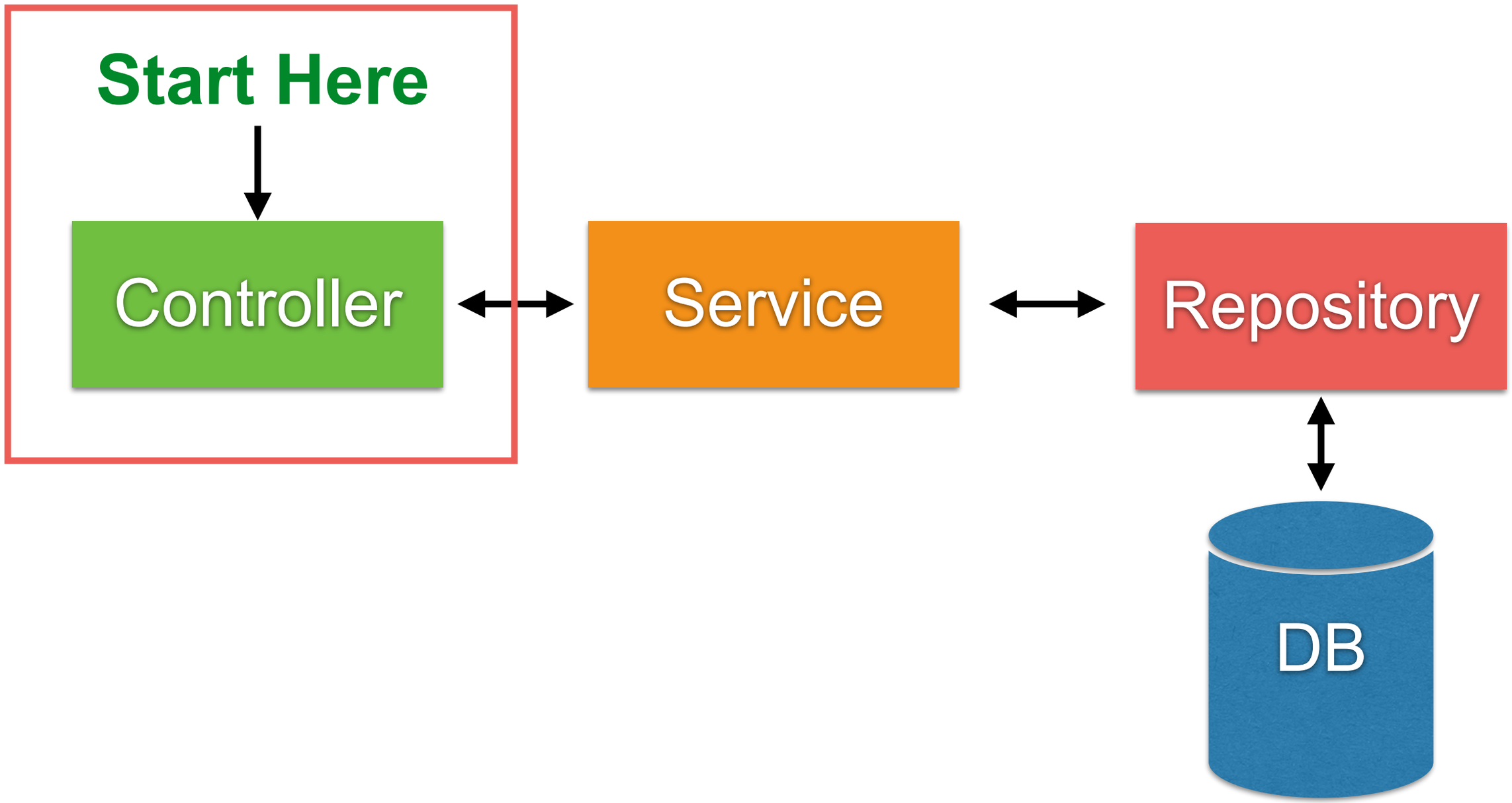



# Design RESTFul APIs

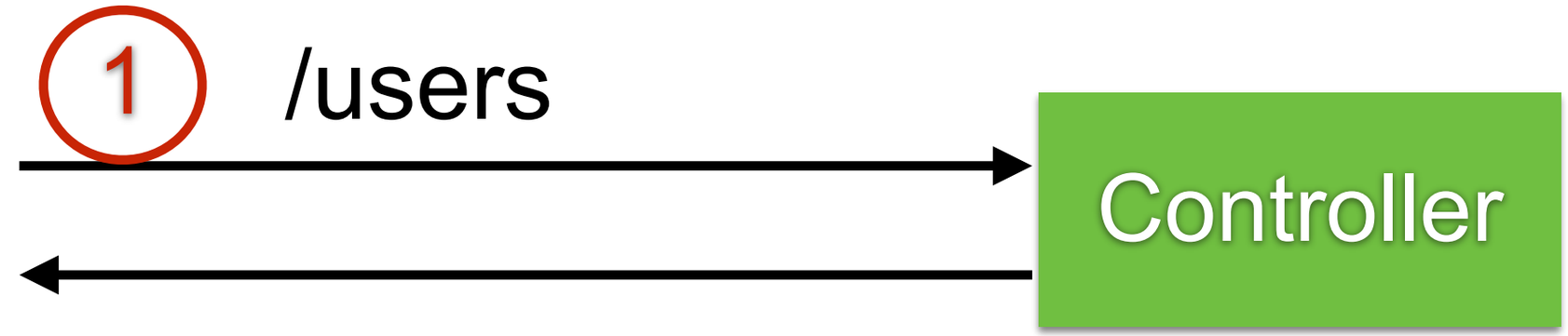
# Users

| Method | Path | Description |
|---|---|---|
| GET | /users | Get all users |
| GET | /users/{id} | Get user by id |
| POST | /users | Create new user |
| PUT | /users/{id} | Update user |
| DELETE | /users/{id} | Delete user by id |

# Basic structure of Spring Boot



# Get all users




2

```
[
    {"id": 1, "name": "Somkiat", "age": 30},
    {"id": 2, "name": "Demo name", "age": 35}
]
```

# 1. Create REST Controller

UserController.java

```java
@RestController
public class UserController {

    @GetMapping("/users")
    public List<UserResponse> getAllUsers() {
        List<UserResponse> userResponseList = new ArrayList<>();
        userResponseList.add(new UserResponse(1,"demo 1", 30));
        userResponseList.add(new UserResponse(2,"demo 2", 35));
        return userResponseList;
    }
```

# 2. Create model class

## UserResponse.java

```java
public class UserResponse {
    private int id;
    private String name;
    private int age;

    public UserResponse() {
    }

    public UserResponse(int id, String name, int age) {
        this.id = id;
        this.name = name;
        this.age = age;
    }
```

# 3. Compile and Packaging

$mvnw clean package

# 4. Run

$java -jar target/hello.jar

```
  .   ____          _            __ _ _
 /\\ / ___'_ __ _ _(_)_ __  __ _ \ \ \ \
( ( )\___ | '_ | '_| | '_ \/ _` | \ \ \ \
 \\/  ___)| |_)| | | | | || (_| |  ) ) ) )
  '  |____| .__|_| |_|_| |_\__, | / / / /
 =========|_|==============|___/=/_/_/_/
 :: Spring Boot ::        (v2.0.0.RELEASE)

2018-03-05 23:37:18.018  INFO 30560 --- [           mai
                    : Starting HelloApplication v1.0-SNAPSH(
th PID 30560 (/Users/somkiat/data/slide/microservice/sl:
op/course-microservice/slide/4days-workshop/workshop/he1
 by somkiat in /Users/somkiat/data/slide/microservice/s1
hop/course-microservice/slide/4days-workshop/workshop/he
2018-03-05 23:37:18.023  INFO 30560 --- [           mai
                    : No active profile set, falling back t(
2018-03-05 23:37:18.138  INFO 30560 --- [           mai
```

# 5. Open in browser

http://localhost:8080/users


```
[
  {
    "id": 1,
    "name": "demo 1",
    "age": 30
  },
  {
    "id": 2,
    "name": "demo 2",
    "age": 35
  }
]
```


# Create more APIs

Get user by id
Create a new user
Update user by id
Delete user by id

# Get user by id

GET /users/{id}

```
@GetMapping("/users/{id}")
public UserResponse getUserById(@PathVariable int id) {
    UserResponse userResponse = new UserResponse(id, "Demo", 40);
    return userResponse;
}
```

# Create a new user

## POST /users

```
@PostMapping("/users")
public UserResponse createNewUser(@RequestBody UserRequest newUser)
{
    UserResponse newUserResponse = new UserResponse(
            1,
            newUser.getName(),
             newUser.getAge());
    return newUserResponse;
}
```

# Update user by id

## PUT /users/{id}

```
@PutMapping("/users/{id}")
public UserResponse updateUser(@RequestBody UserRequest newUser,
                               @PathVariable int id) {
    // TODO
    // 1. find by id
    // 2. found => update user
    // 3. not found => ?? (create ? or throw error)
    UserResponse updatedUserResponse = new UserResponse(
            id,
            newUser.getName(),
            newUser.getAge());
    return updatedUserResponse;
}
```

# Delete user by id

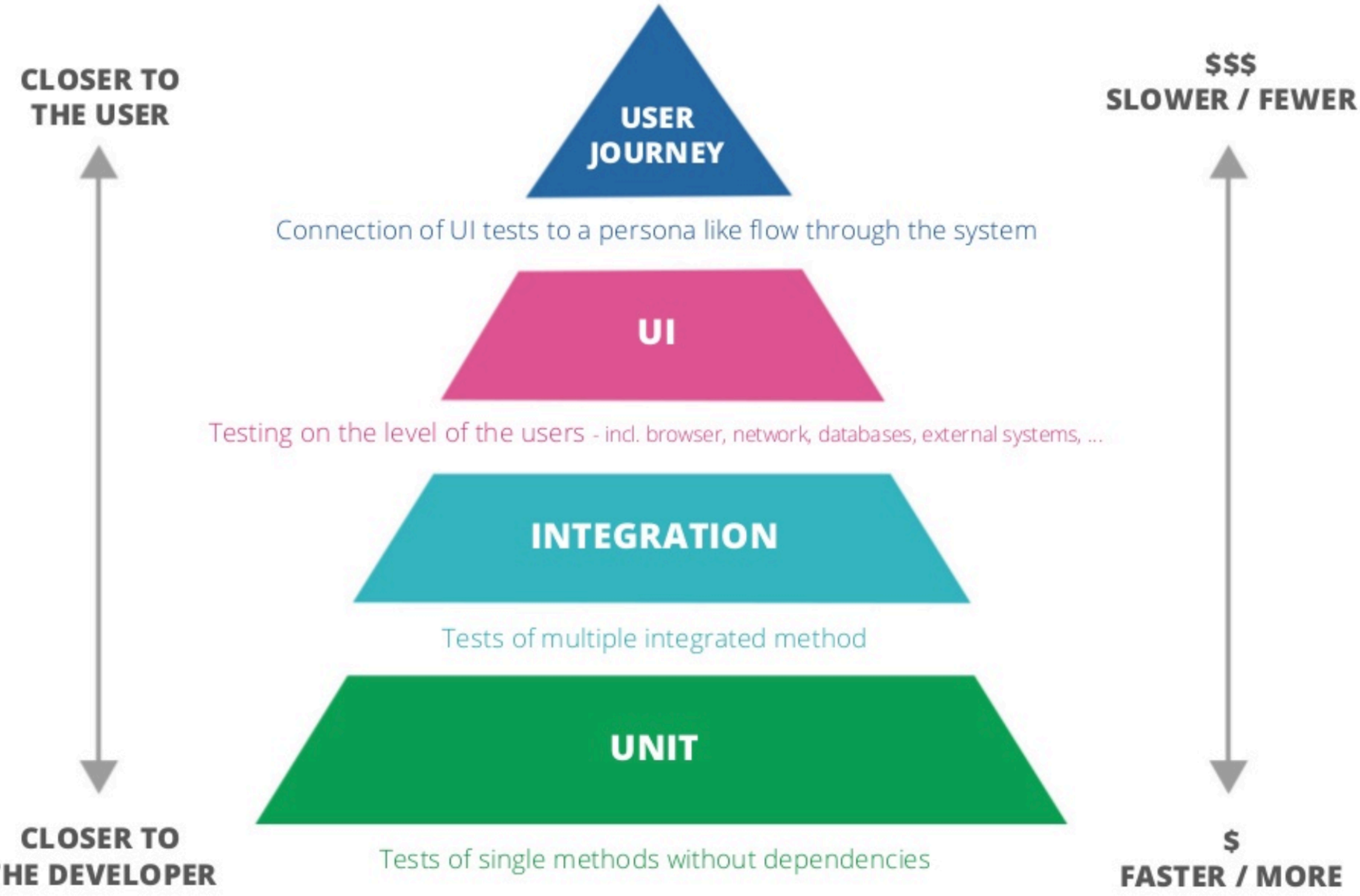
DELETE /users/{id}

```
@DeleteMapping("/users/{id}")
public void deleteUser(@PathVariable int id) {
    // TODO
}
```

# How to test the User controller ?

# Postman


https://www.postman.com/downloads/



# Controller testing

How to testing with Spring Boot ?

# Testing in Spring Boot

**@SpringBootTest**
@WebMVCTest
@JsonTest
@DataJpaTest
@RestClientTest

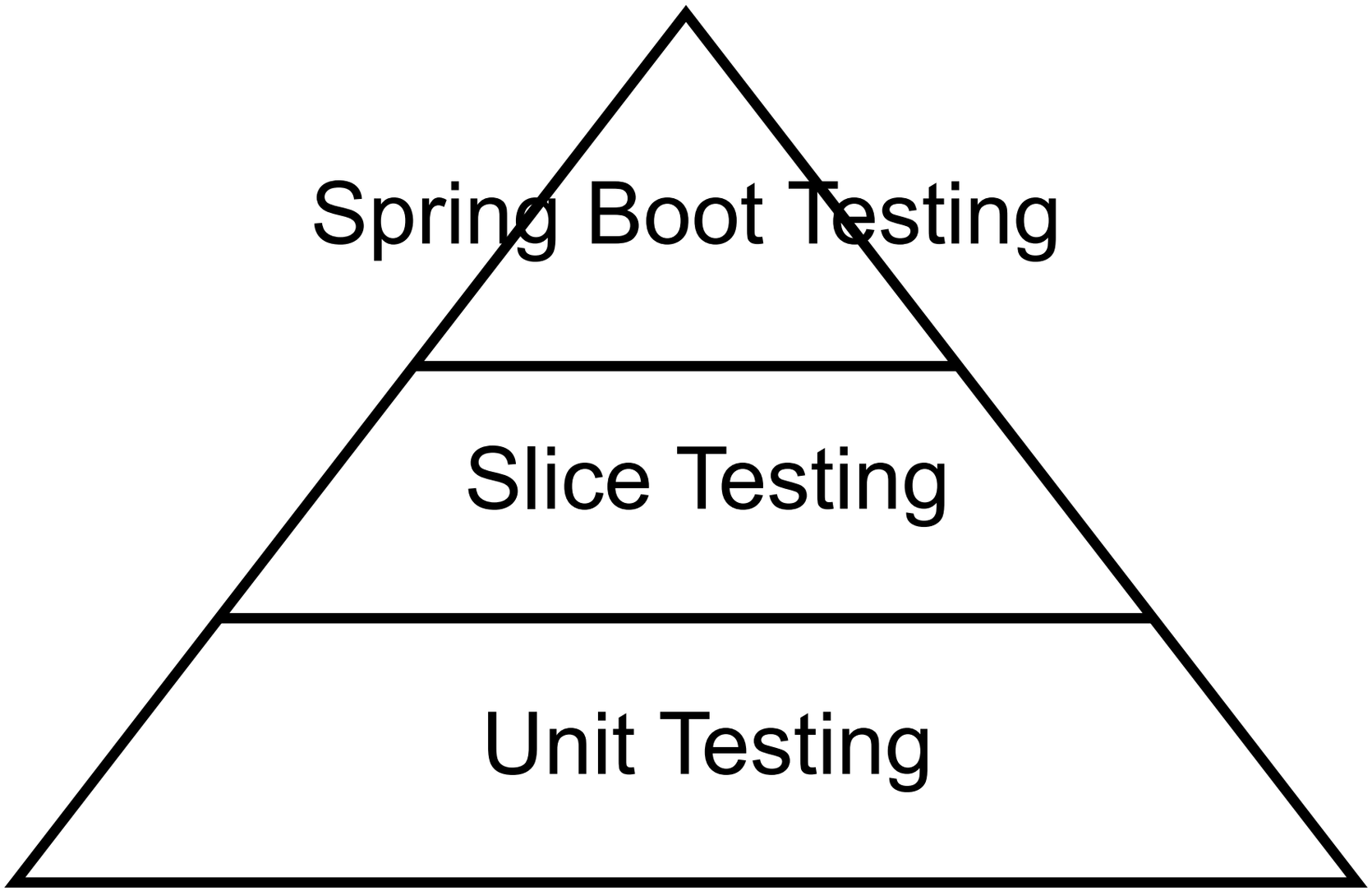
# Testing in Spring Boot

@SpringBootTest

@WebMVCTest
@JsonTest
@DataJpaTest
@RestClientTest

**Slice testing**

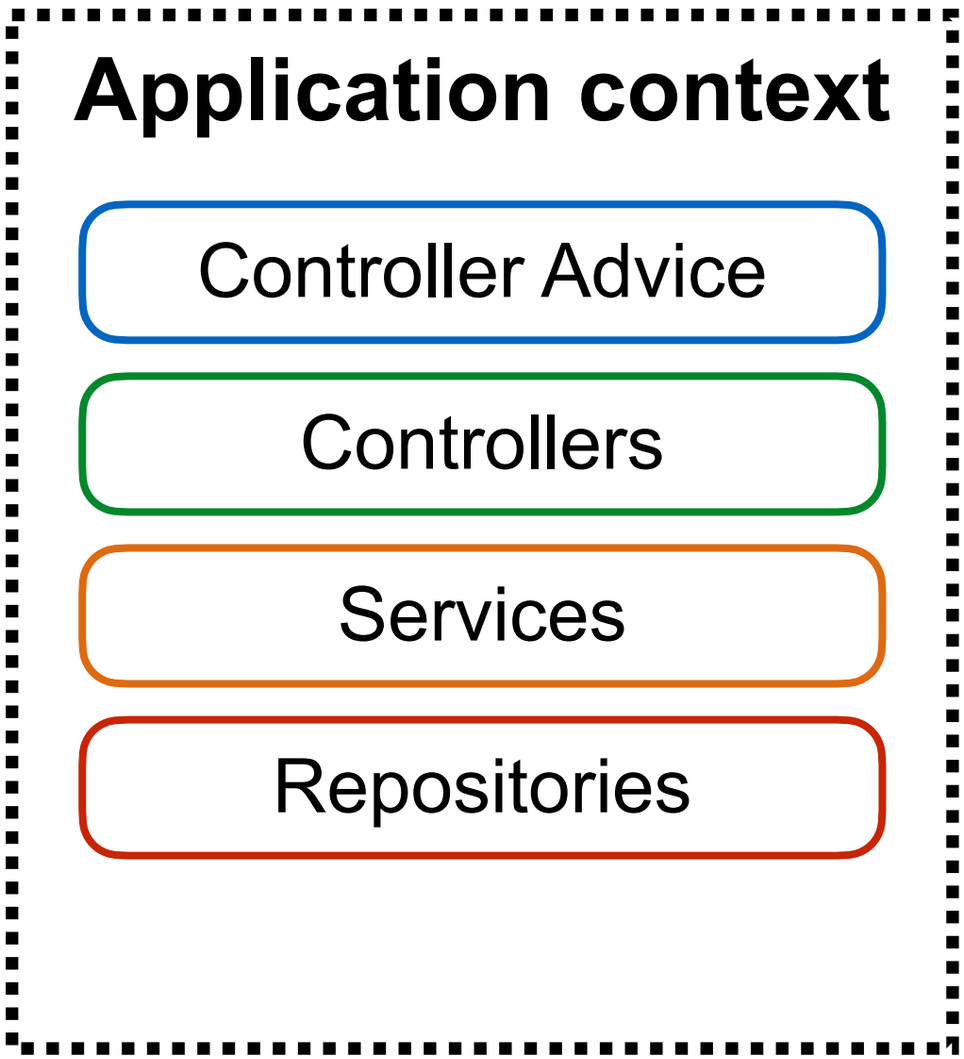
# Testing in Spring Boot



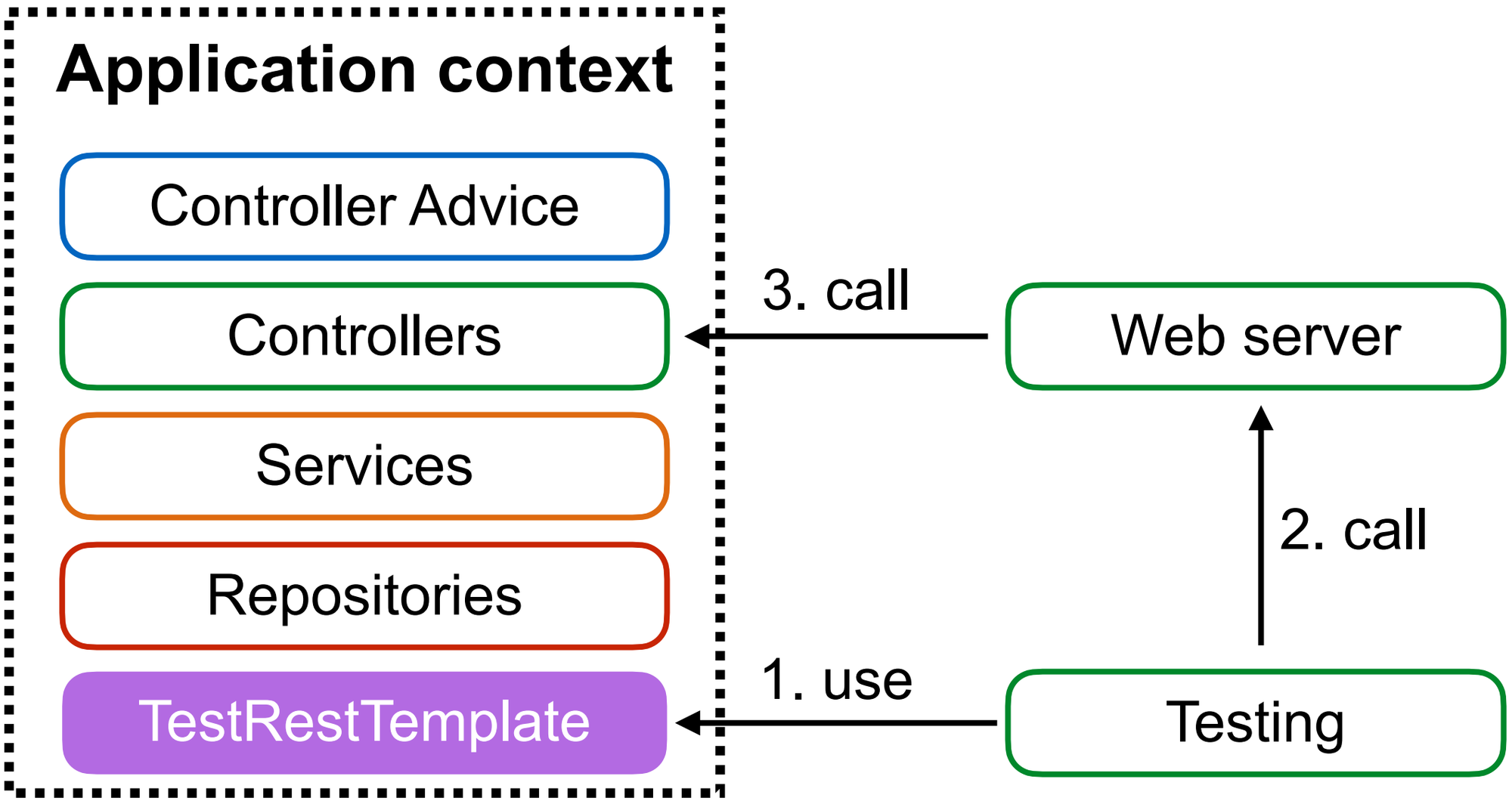
# Controller testing

1. Spring Boot Testing
2. Slice Testing with MockMvc
3. Unit Testing

# 1. SpringBootTest



# 1. SpringBootTest



# SpringBootTest #1

```java
@RunWith(SpringRunner.class)
@SpringBootTest(webEnvironment
        = SpringBootTest.WebEnvironment.RANDOM_PORT)
public class HelloControllerTest {

    @Autowired
    private TestRestTemplate testRestTemplate;

    @Test
    public void sayHi() {
        // Action :: Call controller
        Hello actualResult
                = testRestTemplate.getForObject("/hello/somkiat",
                                                Hello.class);

        // Assertion :: Check result with expected result
        assertEquals("Hello, somkiat", actualResult.getMessage());

    }
}
```

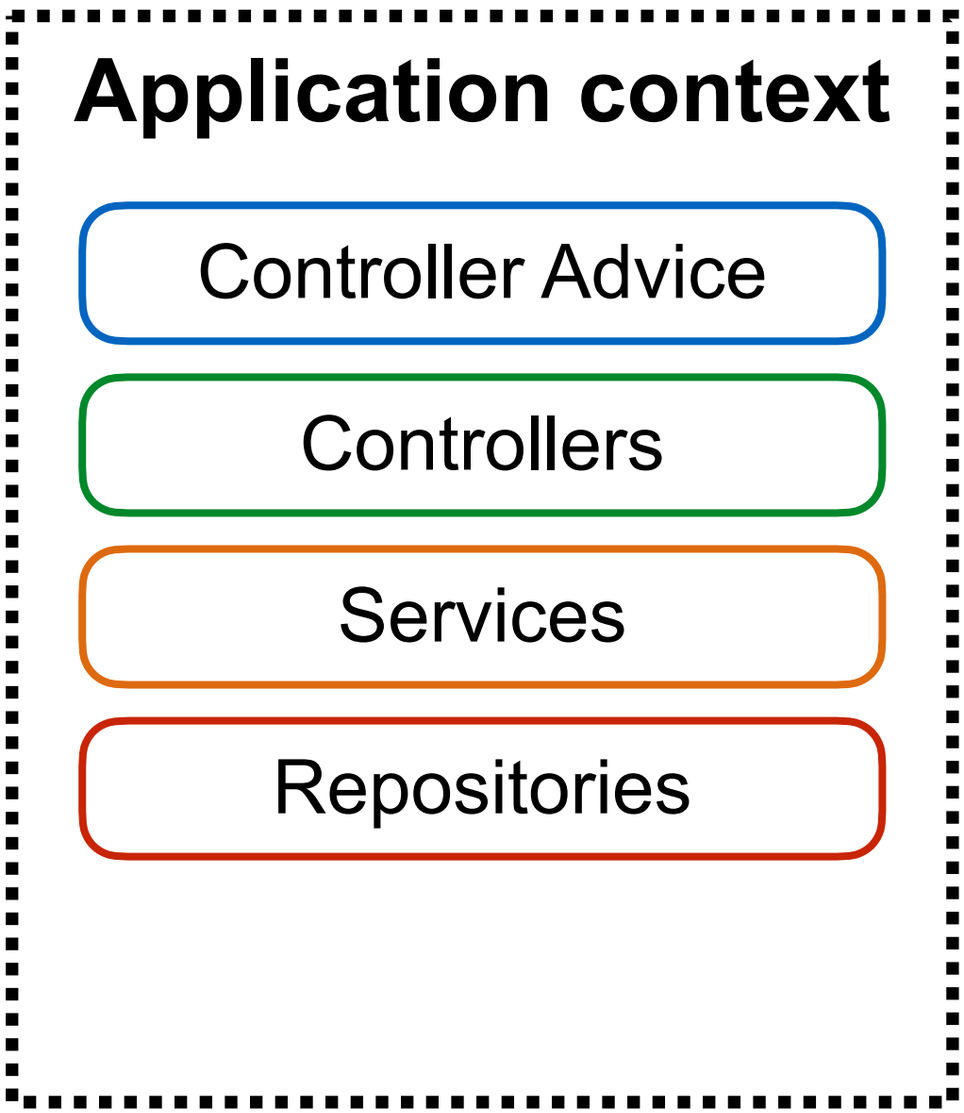
# SpringBootTest #2

```java
@RunWith(SpringRunner.class)
@SpringBootTest(webEnvironment
        = SpringBootTest.WebEnvironment.RANDOM_PORT)
public class HelloControllerTest {

    @Autowired
    private TestRestTemplate testRestTemplate;

    @Test
    public void sayHi() {
        // Action :: Call controller
        Hello actualResult
                = testRestTemplate.getForObject("/hello/somkiat",
                                                Hello.class);

        // Assertion :: Check result with expected result
        assertEquals("Hello, somkiat", actualResult.getMessage());

    }
}
```

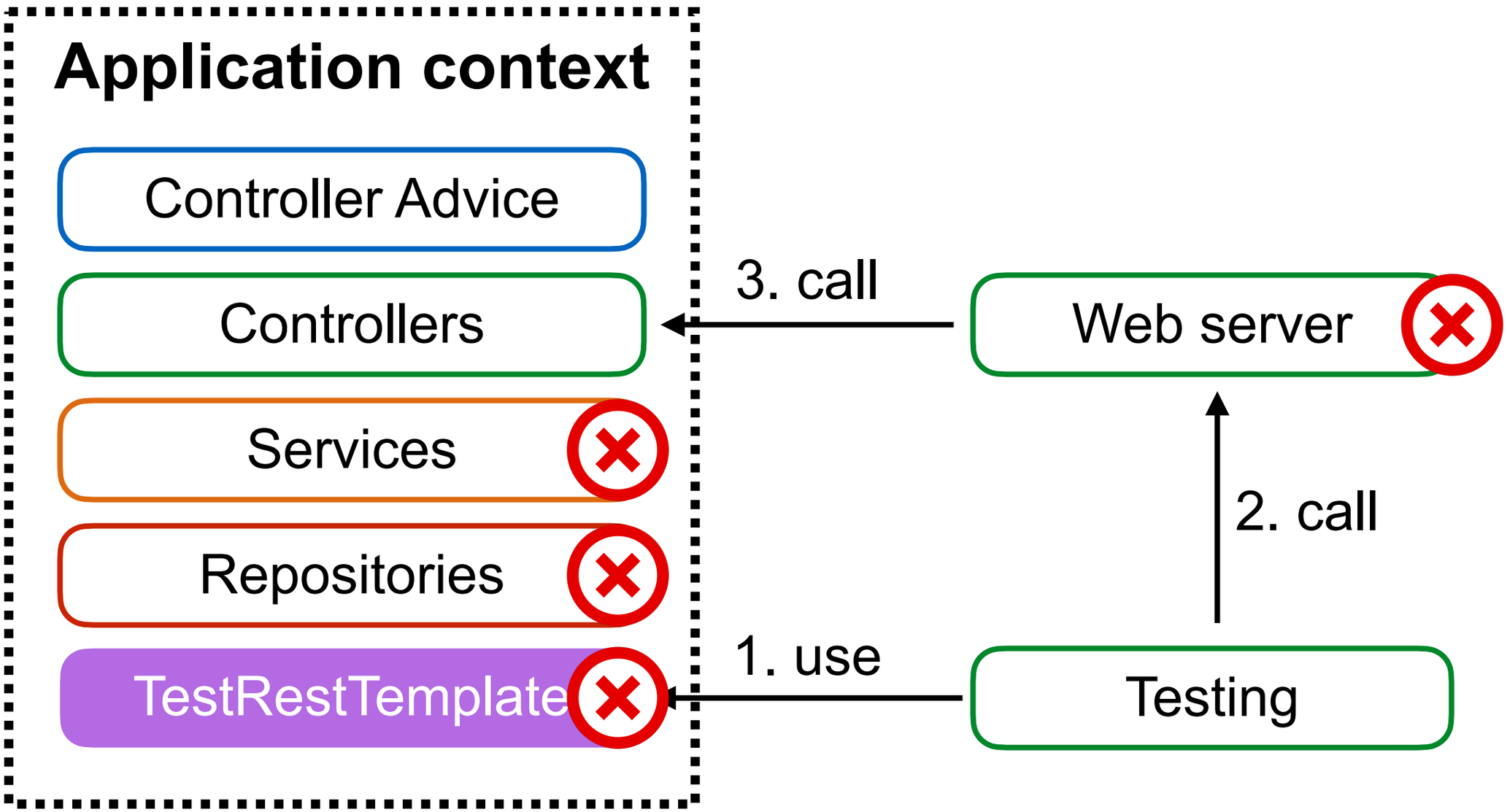
# SpringBootTest #3

```java
@RunWith(SpringRunner.class)
@SpringBootTest(webEnvironment
        = SpringBootTest.WebEnvironment.RANDOM_PORT)
public class HelloControllerTest {

    @Autowired
    private TestRestTemplate testRestTemplate;

    @Test
    public void sayHi() {
        // Action :: Call controller
        Hello actualResult
                = testRestTemplate.getForObject("/hello/somkiat",
                                                Hello.class);

        // Assertion :: Check result with expected result
        assertEquals("Hello, somkiat", actualResult.getMessage());

    }
}
```

# 2. Slice Testing with MockMVC



# 2. Slice Testing with MockMVC



# MockMvcTest #1

```java
@RunWith(SpringRunner.class)
@WebMvcTest(NumberController.class)
public class NumberControllerMockMvcTest {

    @MockBean
    private MyRandom stubRandom;

    @Autowired
    private MockMvc mvc;

    @Test
    public void success() throws Exception {
        NumberControllerResponse expected
            = new NumberControllerResponse("5555");

        // Stub
        given(stubRandom.nextInt(10)).willReturn(5555);
```

# MockMvcTest #2

```java
@RunWith(SpringRunner.class)
@WebMvcTest(NumberController.class)
public class NumberControllerMockMvcTest {

    @MockBean
    private MyRandom stubRandom;

    @Autowired
    private MockMvc mvc;

    @Test
    public void success() throws Exception {
        NumberControllerResponse expected
            = new NumberControllerResponse("5555");

        // Stub
        given(stubRandom.nextInt(10)).willReturn(5555);
```

# MockMvcTest #3

Use **ObjectMapper** to convert JSON to object

```
// Call API HTTP response code = 200
String response =
        this.mvc.perform(get("/number"))
        .andExpect(status().isOk())
        .andReturn()
        .getResponse().getContentAsString();

// Convert JSON message to Object
ObjectMapper mapper = new ObjectMapper();
NumberControllerResponse actual =
                        mapper.readValue(response,
                                NumberControllerResponse.class);
```

# 3. Unit testing with Controller

# Unit test

Use Test Double

In java, use Mockito library


http://site.mockito.org/

# Unit testing with Mockito #1

```
@ExtendWith(MockitoExtension.class)
public class NumberControllerUnitTest {

    @Mock
    private MyRandom stubRandom;

    @Test
    public void success() throws Exception {
        NumberControllerResponse expected
                = new NumberControllerResponse("5555");

        // Stub
        given(stubRandom.nextInt(10)).willReturn(5555);
```

# Unit testing with Mockito #2

@ExtendWith(MockitoExtension.class)

```
public class NumberControllerUnitTest {

    @Mock
    private MyRandom stubRandom;

    @Test
    public void success() throws Exception {
        NumberControllerResponse expected
                    = new NumberControllerResponse("5555");

        // Stub
        given(stubRandom.nextInt(10)).willReturn(5555);
```

# Unit testing with Mockito #3

```
@Test
public void success() throws Exception {
    NumberControllerResponse expected
                = new NumberControllerResponse("5555");

    // Stub
    given(stubRandom.nextInt(10)).willReturn(5555);

    // Call
    NumberController controller = new NumberController(stubRandom);
    NumberControllerResponse actual = controller.randomNumber();

    // Assert
    assertEquals("5555", actual.getValue());
    assertEquals(expected, actual);
}
```

# Error handling

# Error handling

```
@Service
public class UserService {

    private AccountRepository accountRepository;

    @Autowired
    public UserService(AccountRepository accountRepository) {
        this.accountRepository = accountRepository;
    }

    public Account getAccount(int id) {
        Optional<Account> account = accountRepository.findById(id);
        if(account.isPresent()) {
            return account.get();
        }
        throw new MyAccountNotFoundException(
                String.format("Account id=[%d] not found", id));
    }
```

# MyAccountNotFoundException

```
public class MyAccountNotFoundException
                extends RuntimeException {

    public MyAccountNotFoundException(String message) {
        super(message);
    }

}
```

# Response Status

## 404 = Not Found

| Status | Description |
|---|---|
| 400 | Request body doesn’t meet API spec |
| 401 | Authentication/Authorization fail |
| 403 | User can’t perform the operation |
| 404 | Resource does not exist |
| 405 | Unsupported operation |
| 500 | Error on server |

# Handling error in Spring Boot

```java
@RestControllerAdvice
public class AccountControllerHandler {

    @ExceptionHandler(MyAccountNotFoundException.class)
    public ResponseEntity<ExceptionResponse> accountNotFound(
            MyAccountNotFoundException exception) {

        ExceptionResponse response =
                new ExceptionResponse(exception.getMessage(),
                                      "More detail");

        return new ResponseEntity<ExceptionResponse>(response,
                                                     HttpStatus.NOT_FOUND);

    }

}
```

1

# Handling error in Spring Boot

```
@RestControllerAdvice
public class AccountControllerHandler {

    @ExceptionHandler(MyAccountNotFoundException.class)
    public ResponseEntity<ExceptionResponse> accountNotFound(
            MyAccountNotFoundException exception) {

        ExceptionResponse response =
                new ExceptionResponse(exception.getMessage(),
                                      "More detail");

        return new ResponseEntity<ExceptionResponse>(response,
                                                     HttpStatus.NOT_FOUND);

    }

}
```

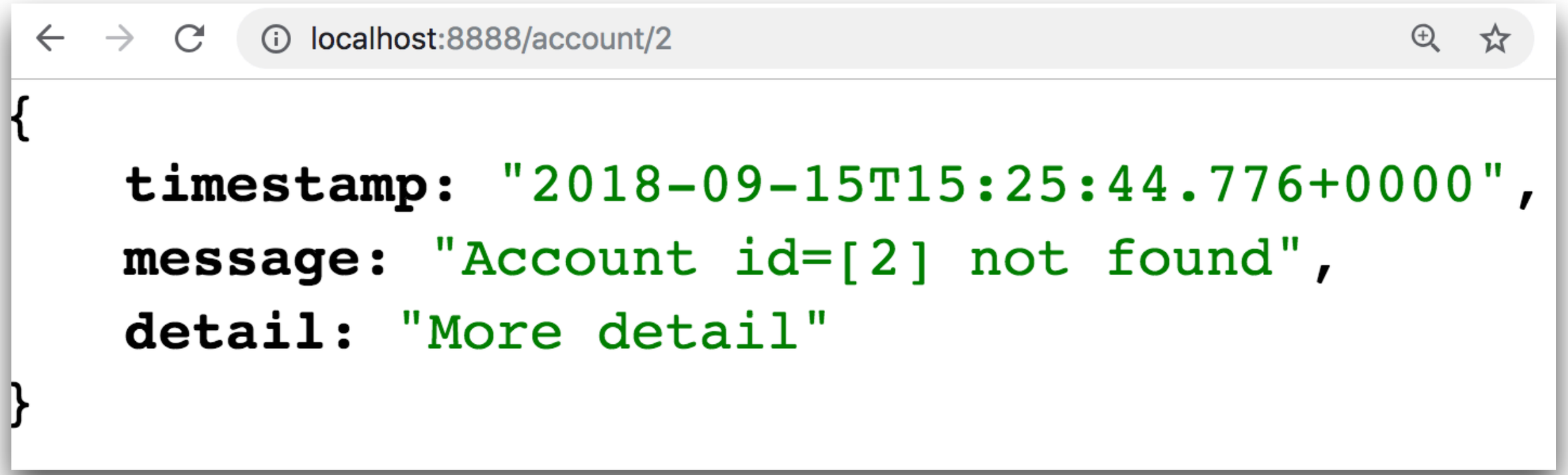
2

# ExceptionReponse

Response format of error

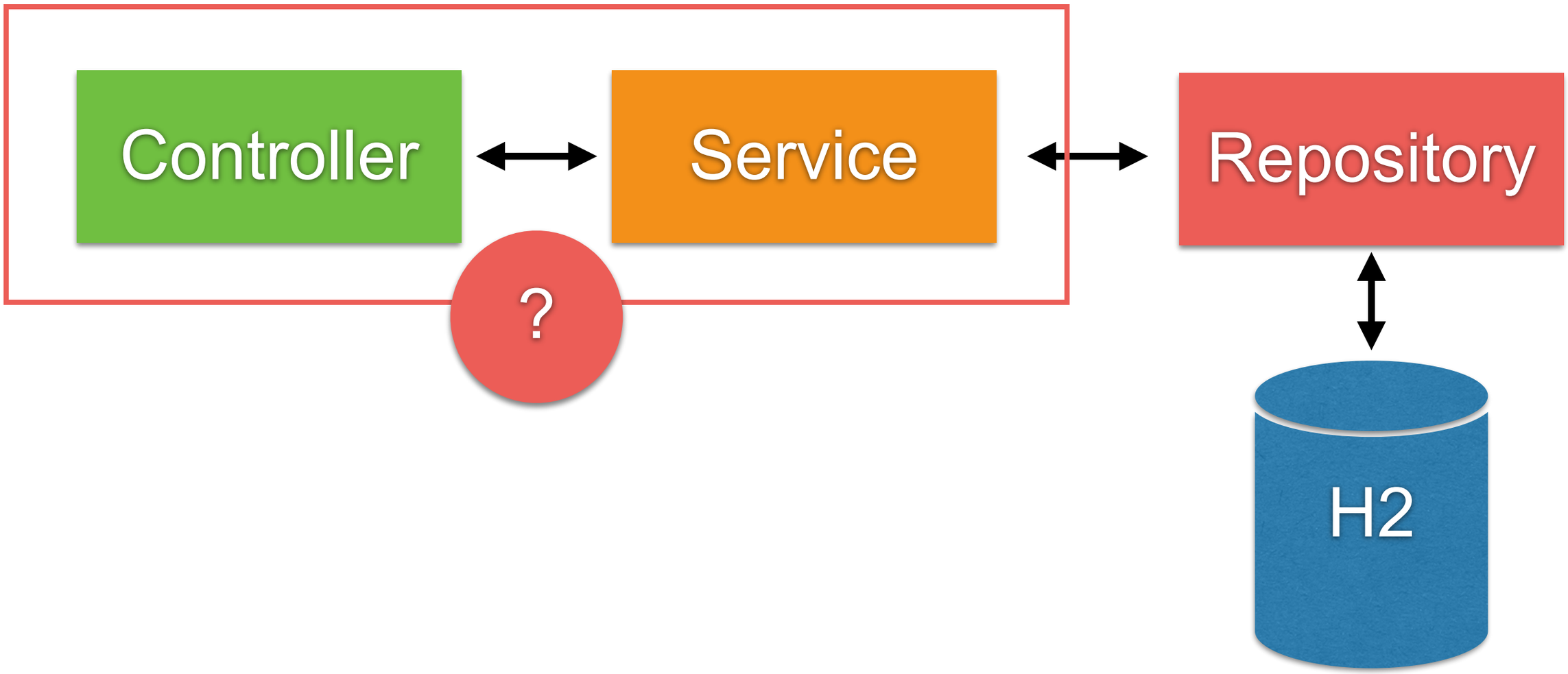
```
public class ExceptionResponse{

    private Date timestamp = new Date();
    private String message;
    private String detail;

    public ExceptionResponse(String message, String detail) {
        this.message = message;
        this.detail = detail;
    }
```

# Result of API



# How to test ?

# How to test with Error/Exception ?



# Testing with WebMvcTest and MockMvc

## Try to check data in response

```
@Test
public void getByIdWithNotFoundAccount() throws Exception {
    // Stub
    given(userService.getAccount(2))
            .willThrow(new MyAccountNotFoundException("Not found"));

    mockMvc.perform(
        get("/account/2")
                .accept(MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON))
        .andExpect(status().isNotFound())
        .andExpect(content().contentType(MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON_UTF8))
        .andExpect(jsonPath("$.message", is("Not found")));

}
```

1

# Testing with WebMvcTest and MockMvc

## Try to check data in response

```
@Test
public void getByIdWithNotFoundAccount() throws Exception {
    // Stub
    given(userService.getAccount(2))
            .willThrow(new MyAccountNotFoundException("Not found"));

    mockMvc.perform(
        get("/account/2")
                .accept(MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON))
        .andExpect(status().isNotFound())
        .andExpect(content().contentType(MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON_UTF8))
        .andExpect(jsonPath("$.message", is("Not found")));
}
```

2

# Testing with Service

## Try to check exception

```
@ExtendWith(MockitoExtension.class)
public class UserServiceTest {

    @Mock
    private UserRepository userRepository;

    @Test
    public void user_not_found_with_exception() {
        given(userRepository.findById(1))
                .willReturn(Optional.empty());
        UserService userService = new UserService();
        userService.setRepository(userRepository);

        Assertions.assertThrows(RuntimeException.class, () -> {
            userService.getData(1);
        });
    }
```

# Compile with testing

$mvnw clean test

```
[INFO]
[INFO] Results:
[INFO]
[INFO] Tests run: 2, Failures: 0, Errors: 0, Skipped: 0
[INFO]
[INFO]
```

# Code coverage

**"Code coverage can show the high risk areas in a program, but never the risk-free."**

Paul Reilly, 2018, Kotlin TDD with Code Coverage

# Code coverage

A tool to measure how much of your code is covered by tests that break down into classes, methods and lines.

# Code coverage

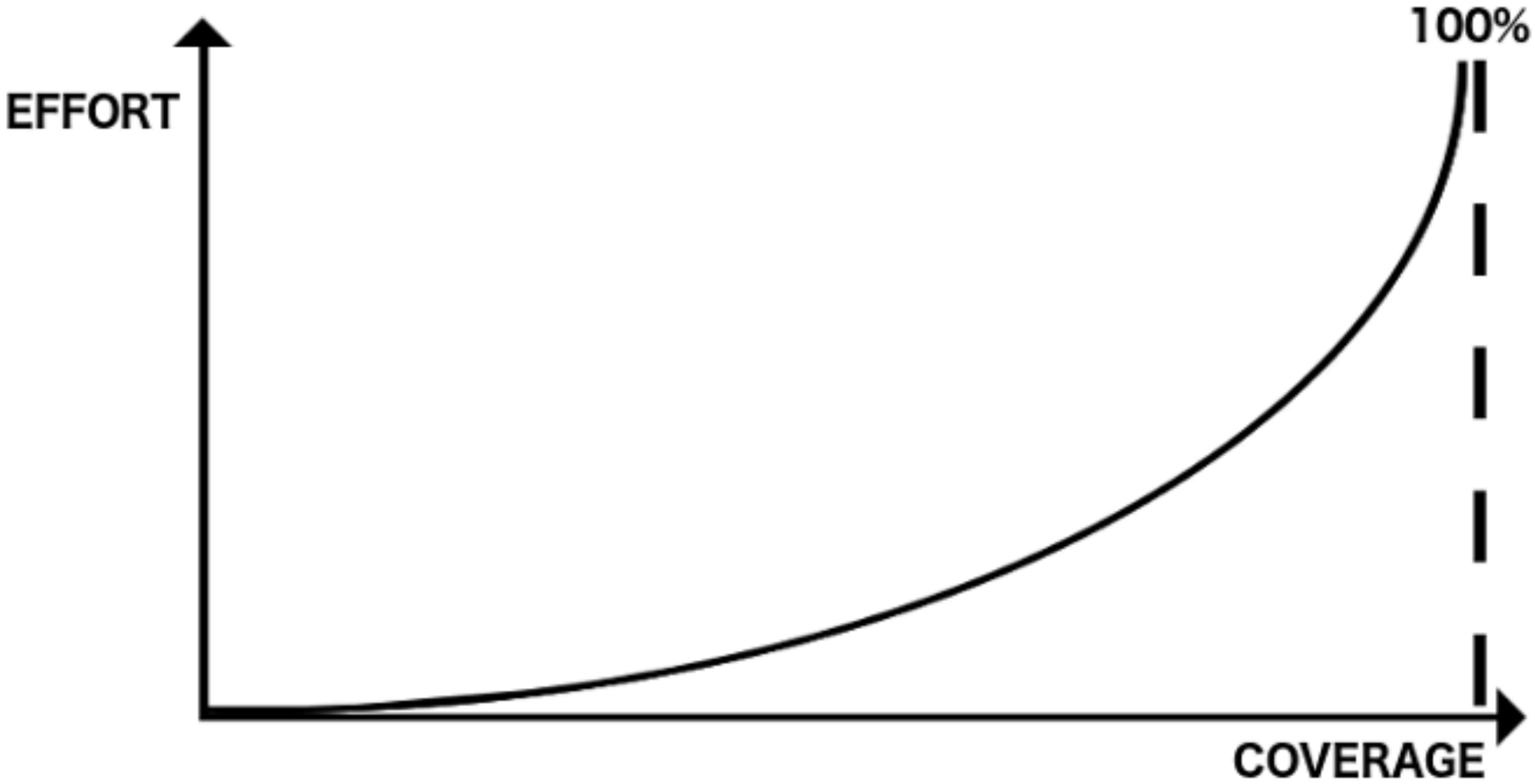
But 100% of code coverage **does not mean** that your code is 100% correct

# Code coverage

Powerful tool to improve the quality of your code

**Code coverage != quality of tests**

# Code coverage 100% ?



# % of Code/Test coverage

# Code coverage with Java

Cobertura
**Jacoco**

http://bit.ly/2DIsDeX

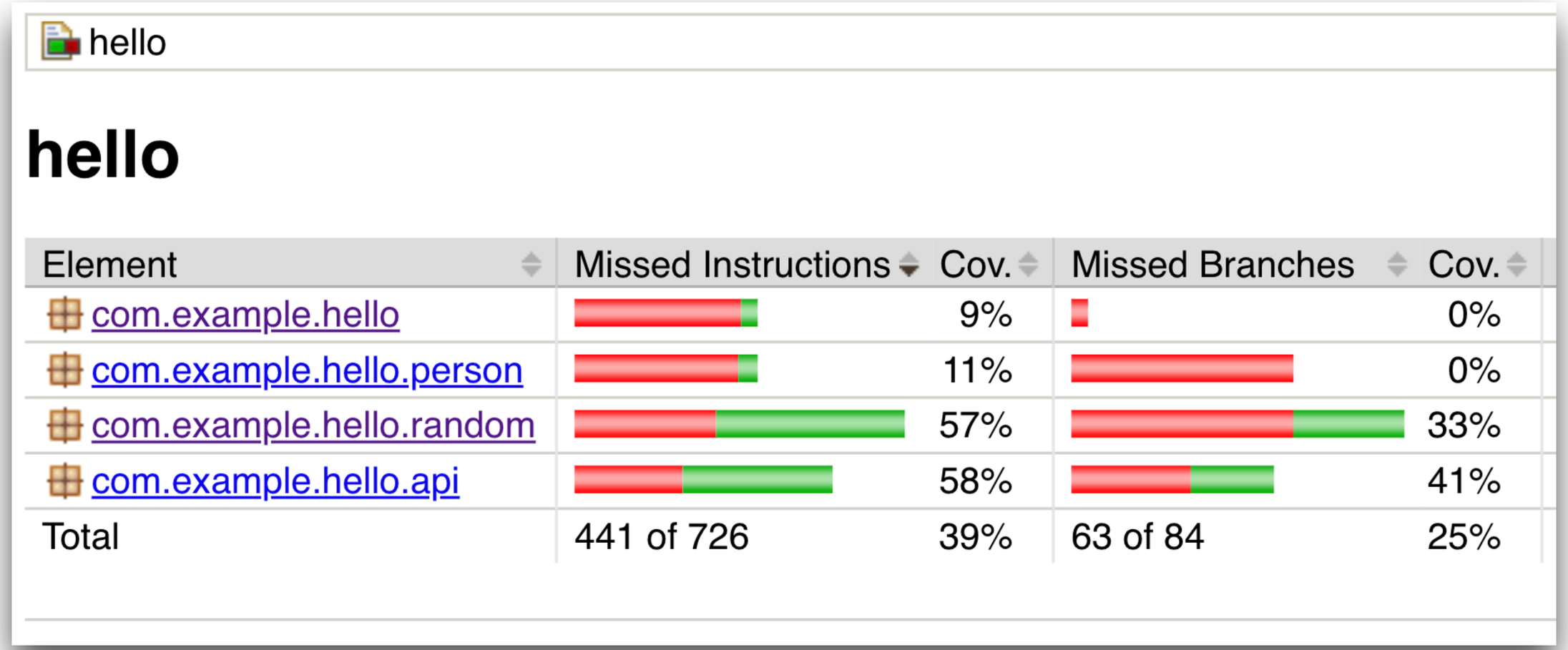
# Run test again

$mvnw clean package

```
Cobertura Report generation was successful.
Cobertura 2.1.1 - GNU GPL License (NO WARRANTY) - See COPYRIGHT file
Cobertura: Loaded information on 3 classes.
time: 125ms

Cobertura Report generation was successful.
------------------------------------------------------------------------
BUILD SUCCESS
------------------------------------------------------------------------
```

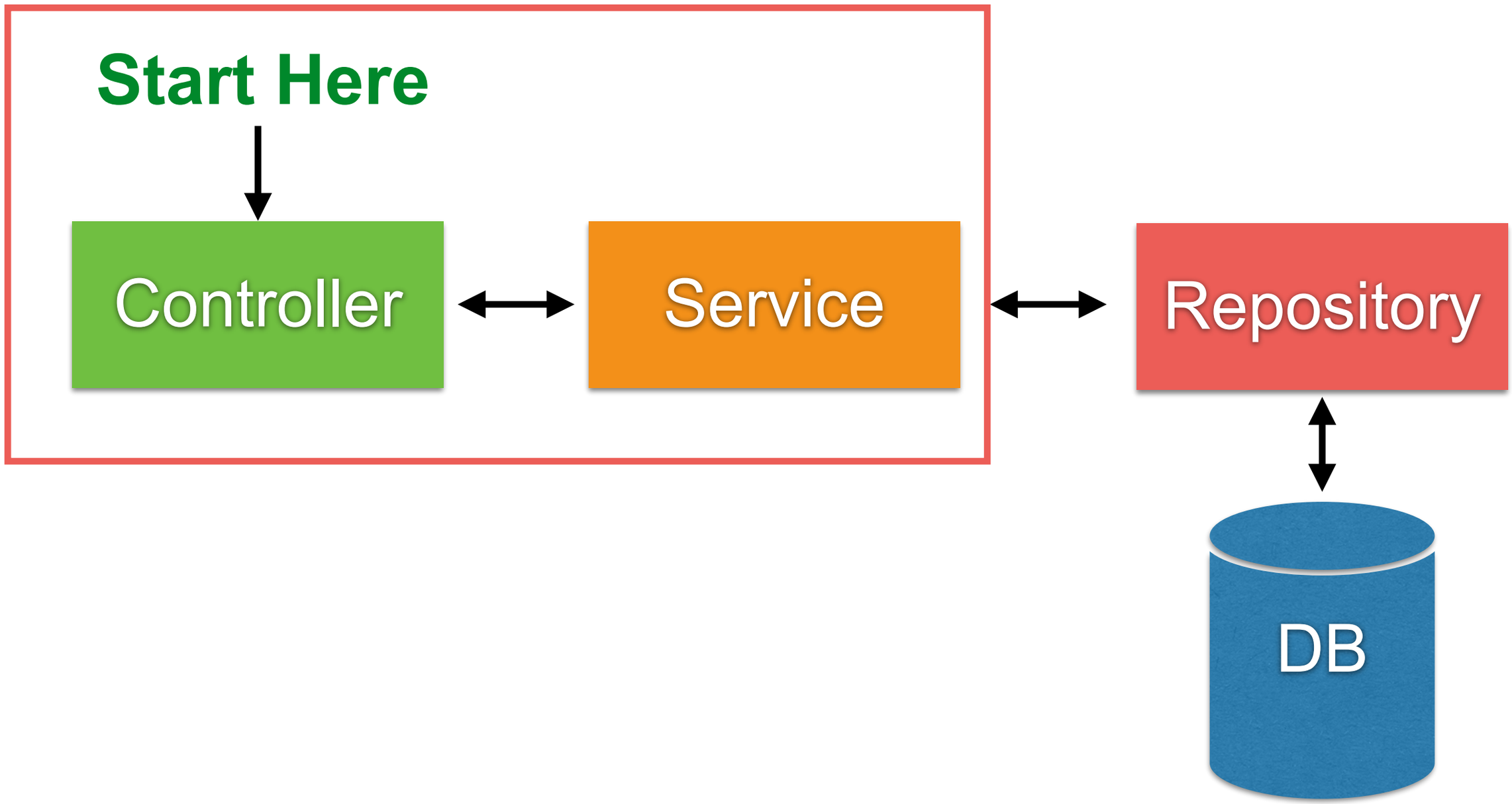
# Coverage report

open target/site/jacoco/index.html



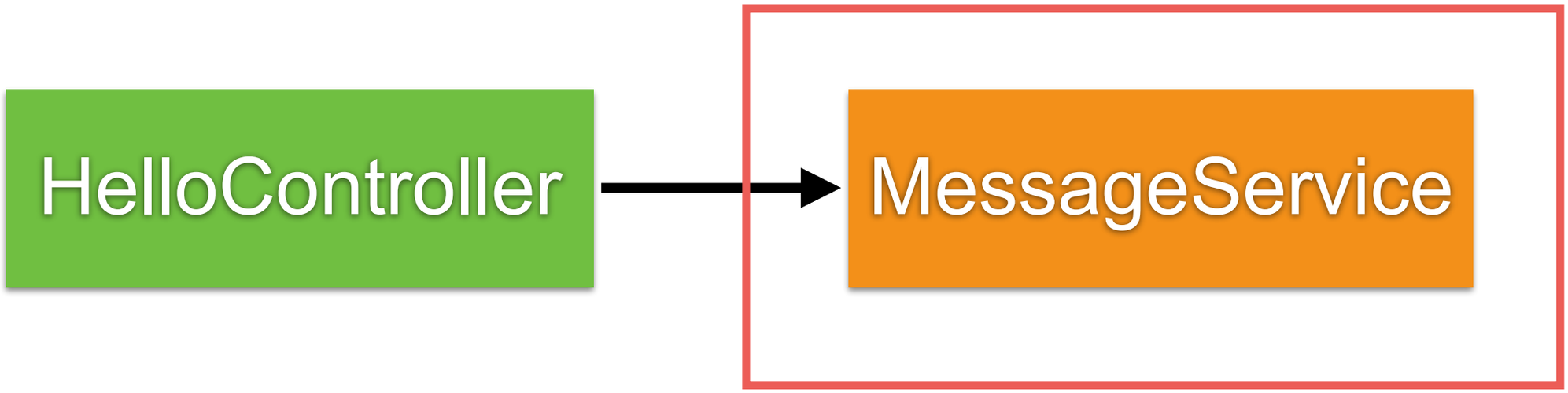
# Move business logic to service

# Working with service



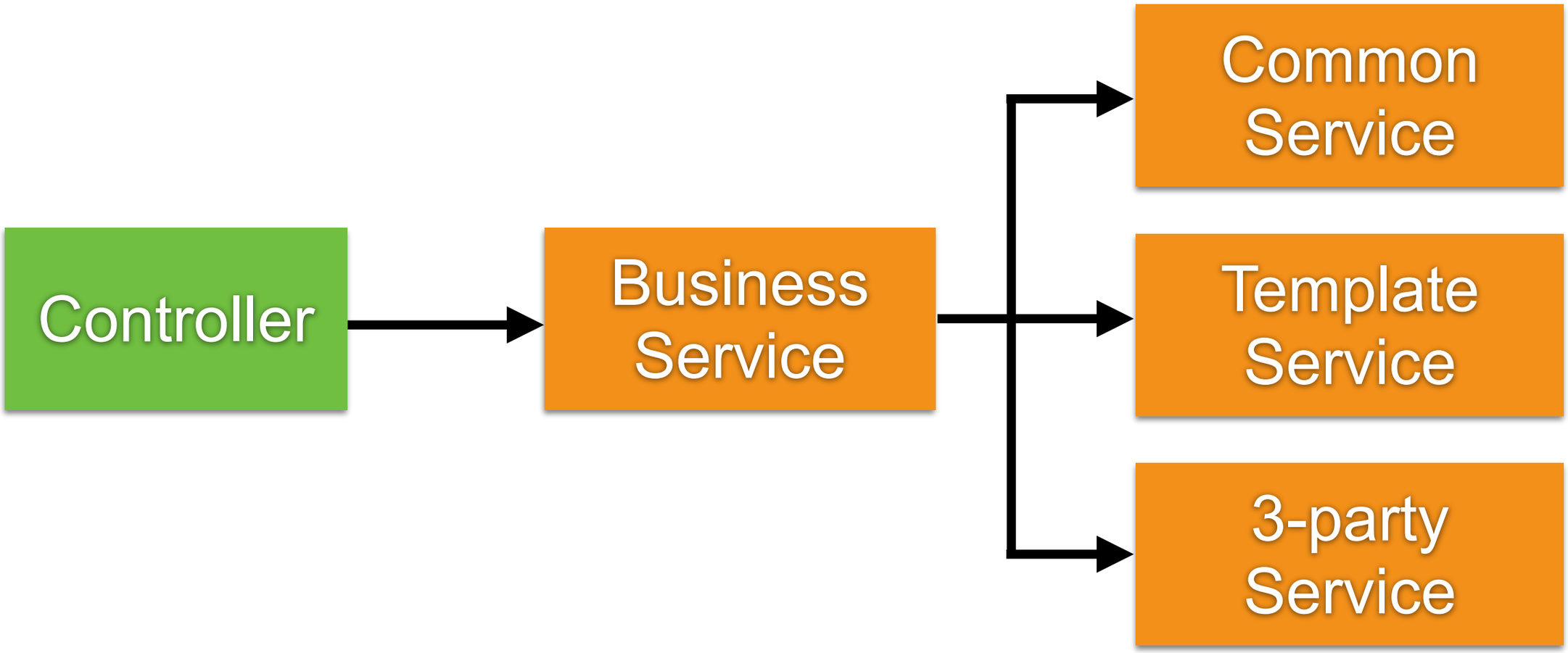
# Move business logic to service

Service class or interface ?

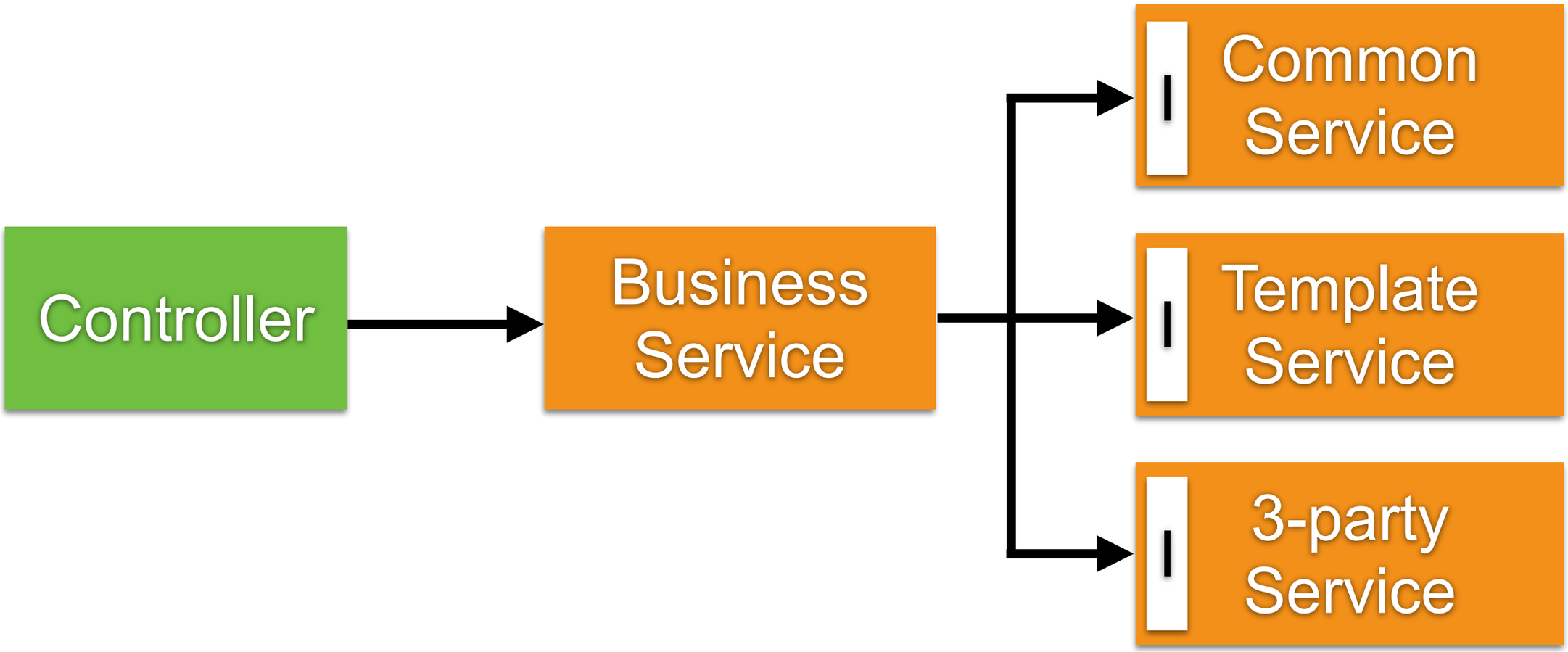


# Types of service

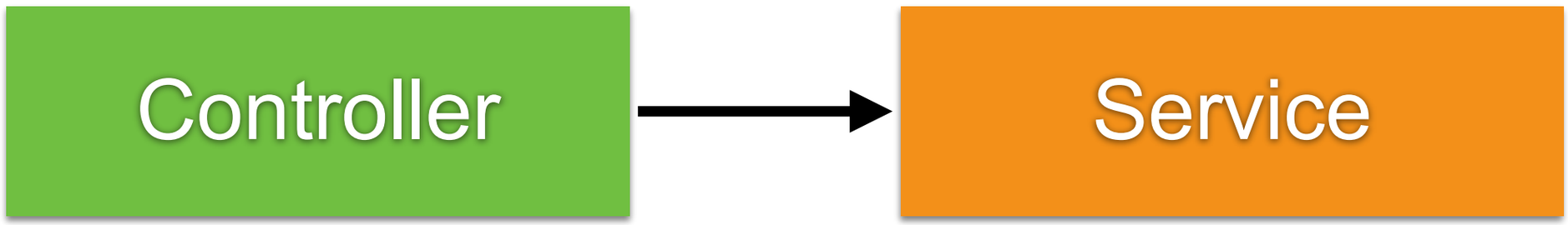
Business services (not reuse)
Common/Template/3-party services

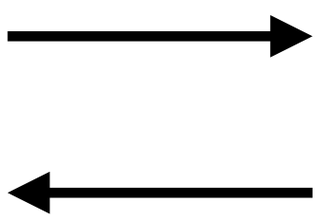


# Interface for common service

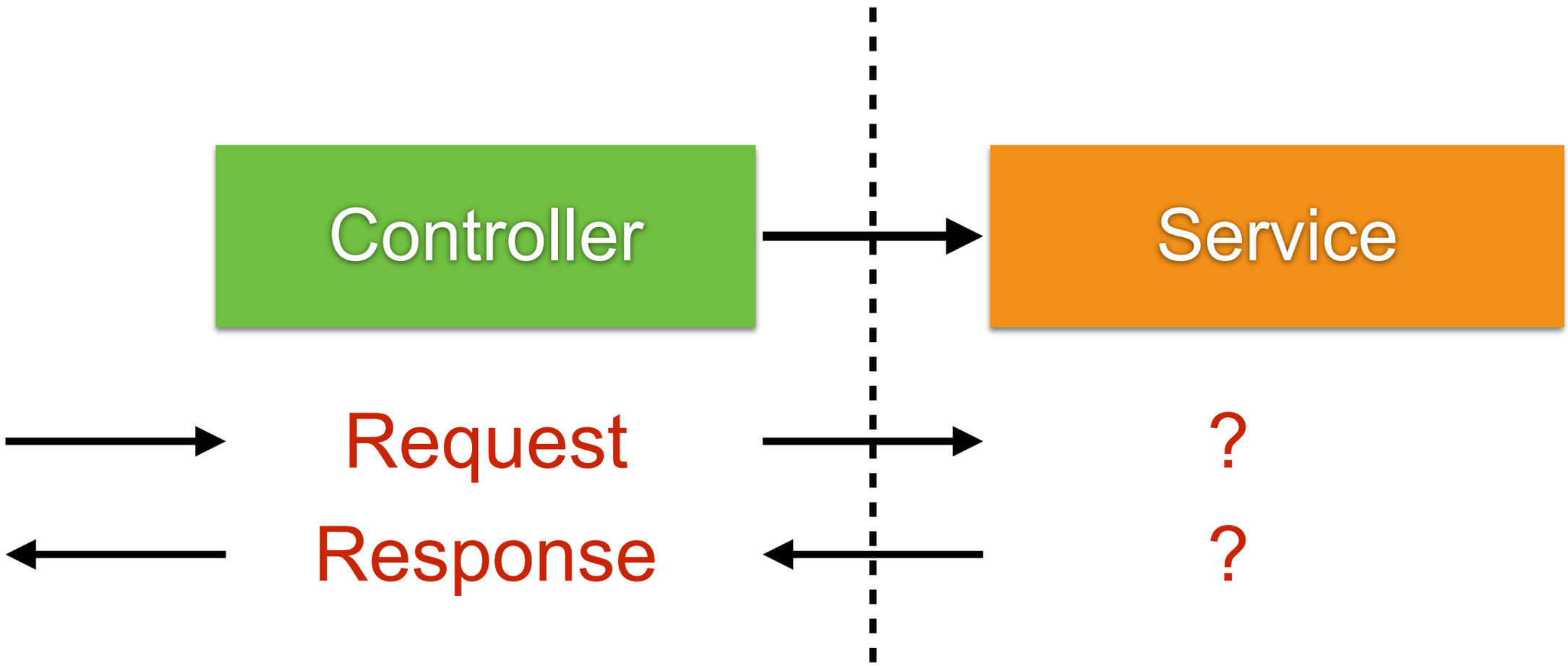


# Data Model for service ?

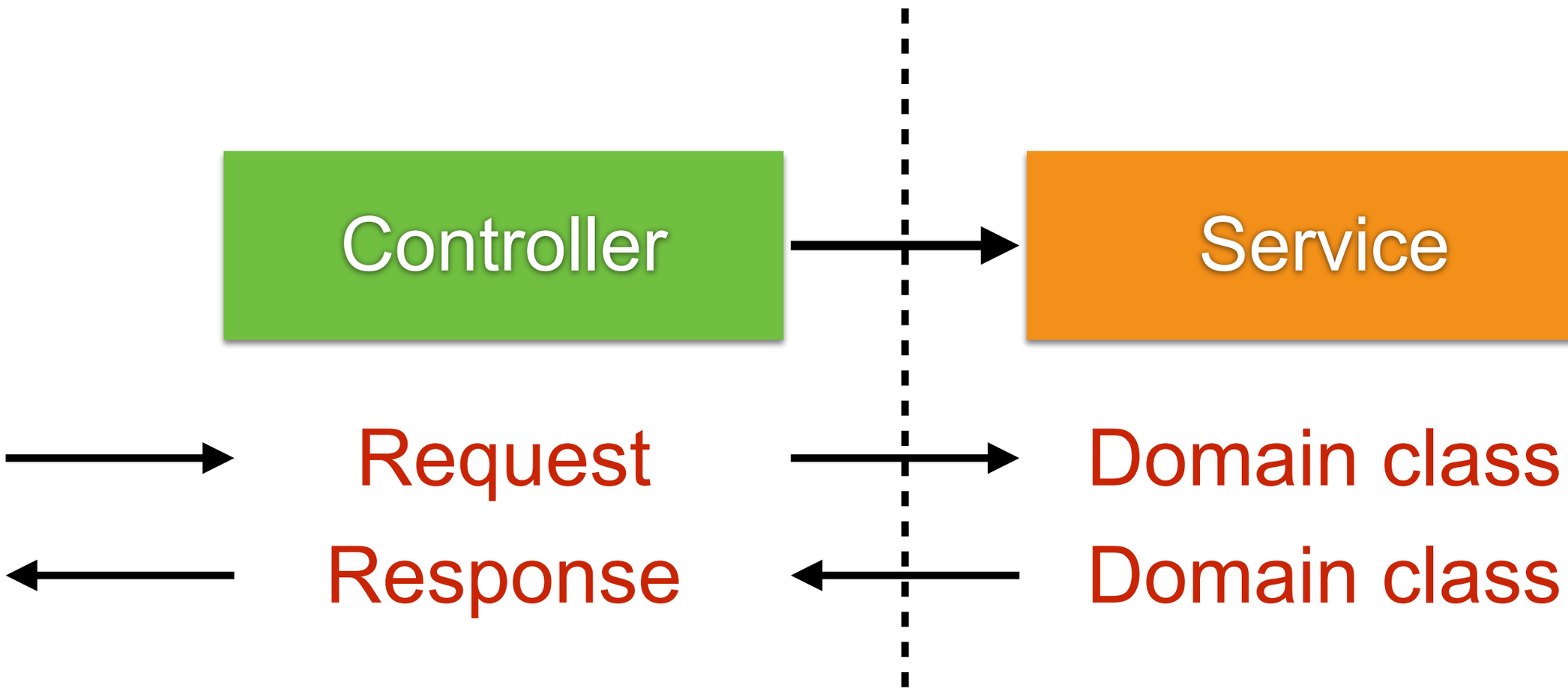


# Data Model ?

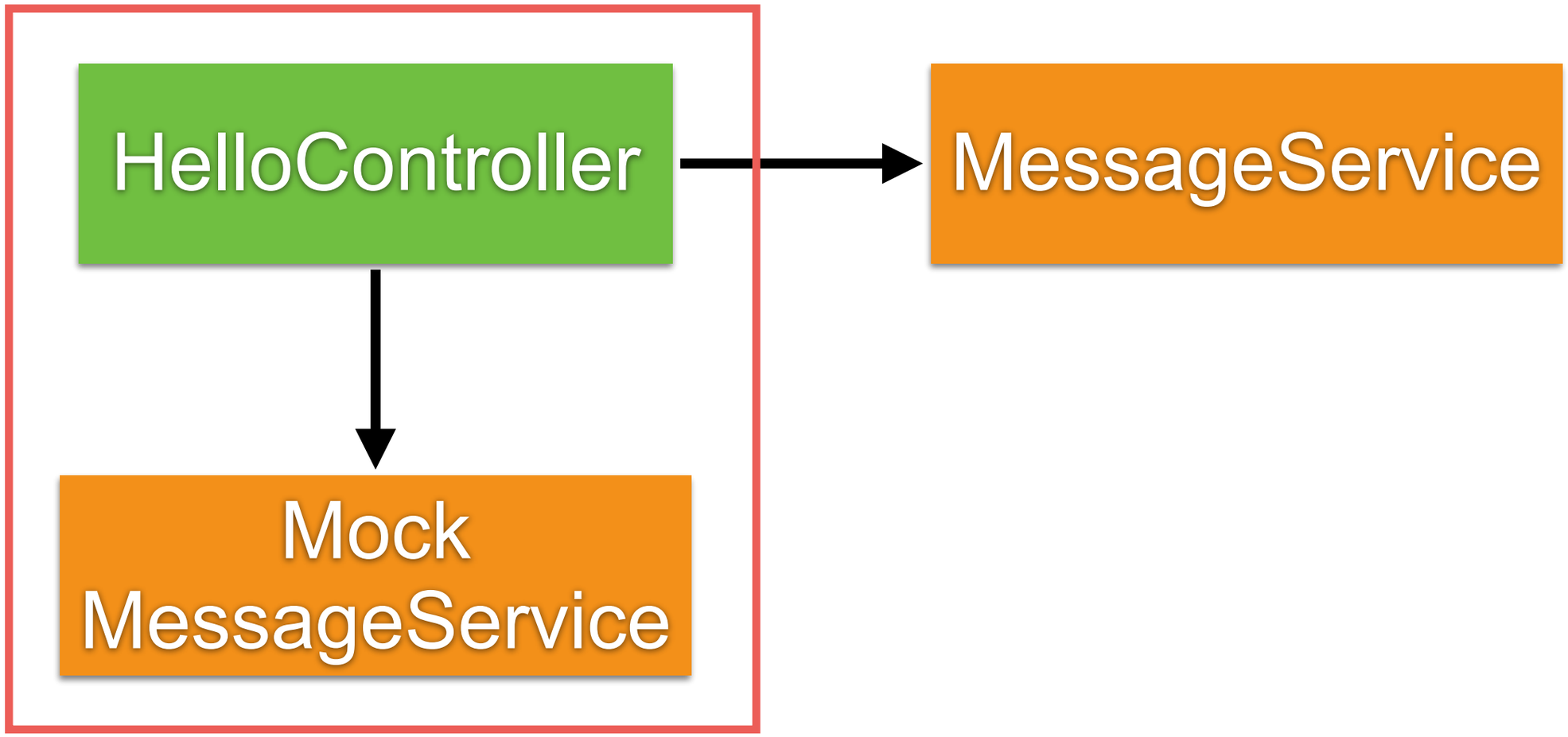


# Data Model ?



# Testing controller with service

Try to mocking service with Mockito

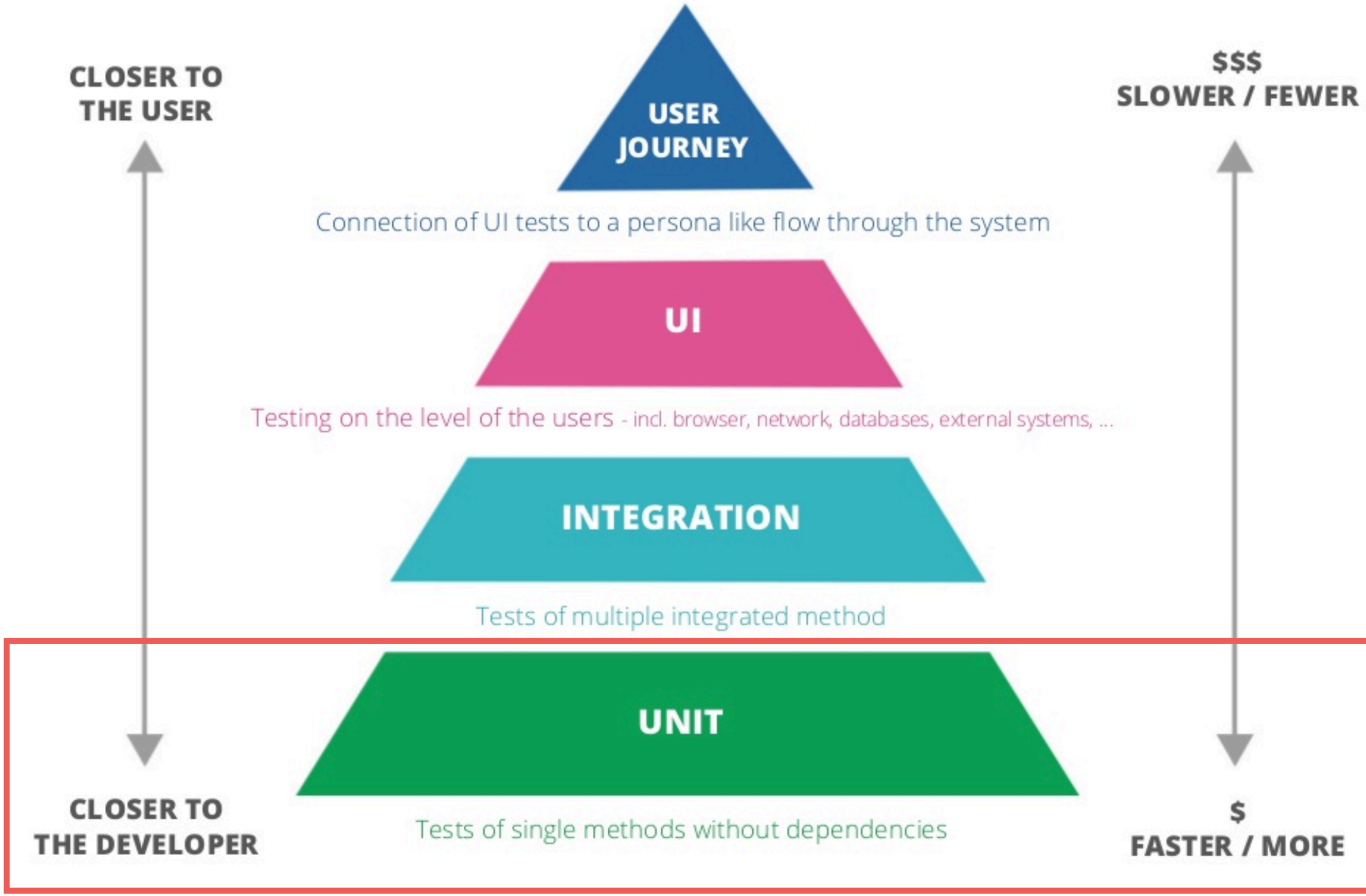


# Run all tests !!

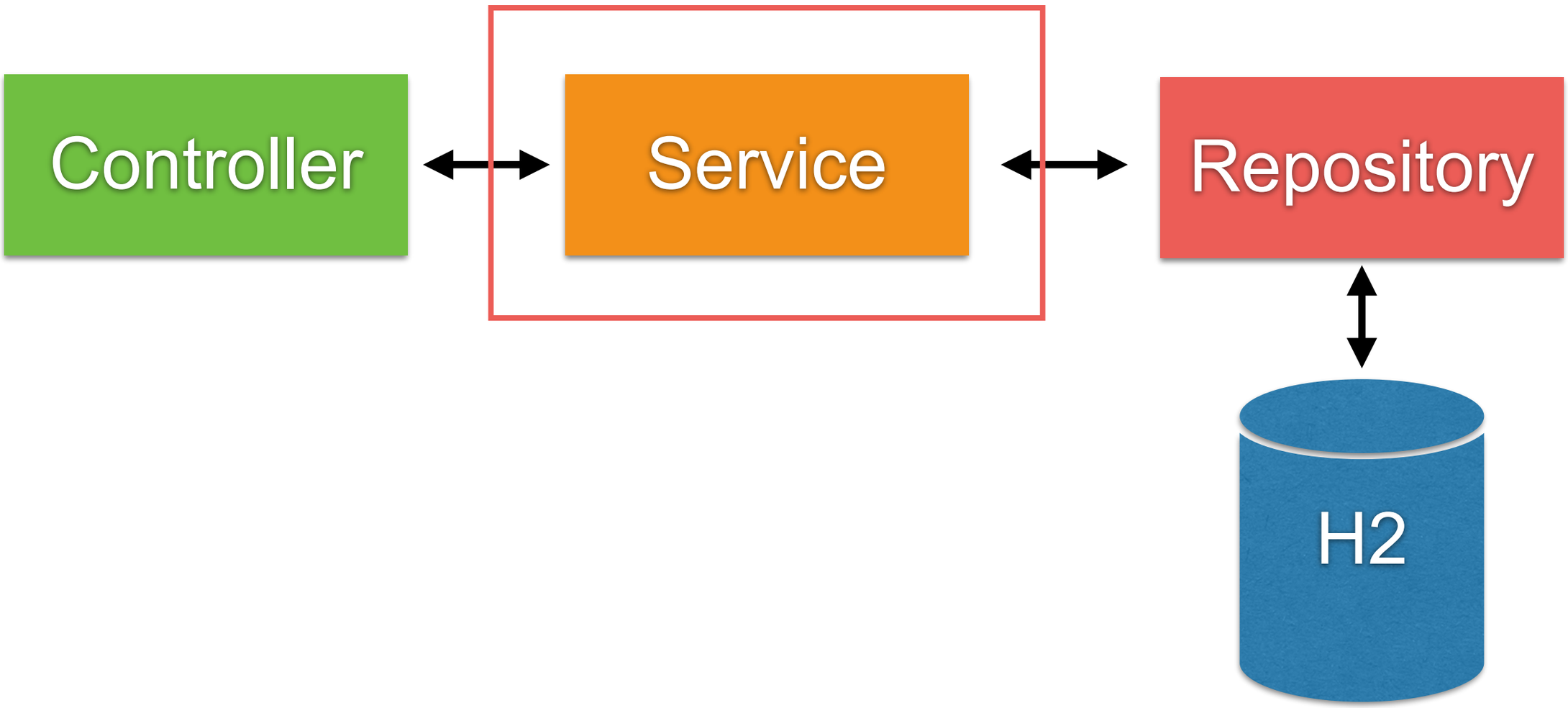
$mvnw clean test

```
[INFO]
[INFO] Results:
[INFO]
[WARNING] Tests run: 10, Failures: 0, Errors: 0,
[INFO]
[INFO] ------------------------------------------------------------------------
[INFO] BUILD SUCCESS
[INFO] ------------------------------------------------------------------------
[INFO] Total time: 18.299 s
[INFO] Finished at: 2018-08-20T23:36:31+07:00
[INFO] ------------------------------------------------------------------------
```

# How to improve the speed of testing ?



# Service Testing ?



# Service Testing

```java
@ExtendWith(MockitoExtension.class)
public class UserServiceTest {

    @Mock
    private AccountRepository accountRepository;

    @Test
    public void getAccount() {
        // Stub
        Account account = new Account();
        account.setUserName("user");
        account.setPassword("pass");
        account.setSalary(1000);
        given(accountRepository.findById(1))
                .willReturn(Optional.of(account));

        UserService userService = new UserService(accountRepository);
        Account actualAccount = userService.getAccount(1);
        assertNotNull(actualAccount);
    }

}
```

1

# Service Testing

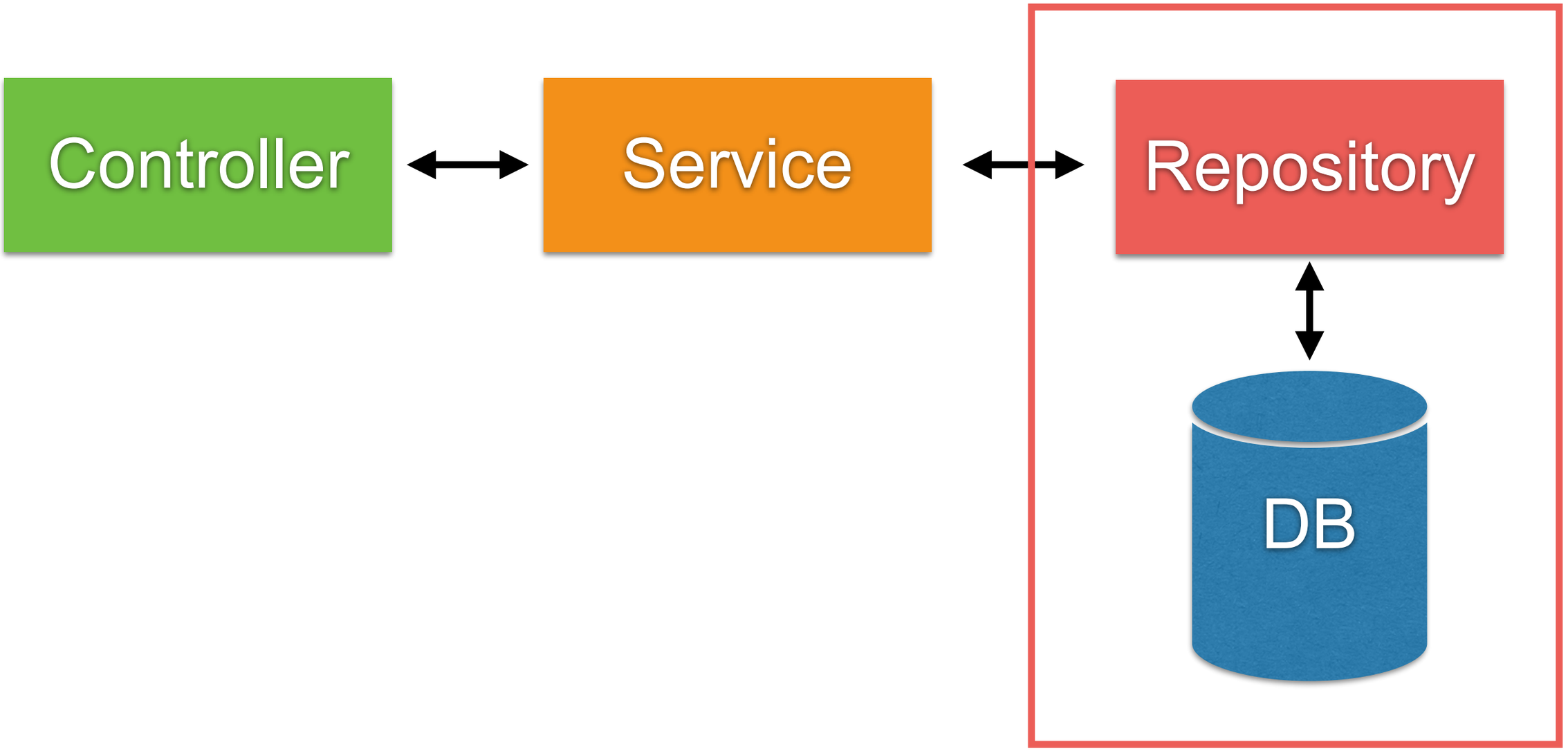
@ExtendWith(MockitoExtension.class)

```
public class UserServiceTest {

    @Mock
    private AccountRepository accountRepository;

    @Test
    public void getAccount() {
        // Stub
        Account account = new Account();
        account.setUserName("user");
        account.setPassword("pass");
        account.setSalary(1000);
        given(accountRepository.findById(1))
                .willReturn(Optional.of(account));

        UserService userService = new UserService(accountRepository);
        Account actualAccount = userService.getAccount(1);
        assertNotNull(actualAccount);
    }

}
```

2

# Working with Repository

# Working with repository



# Basic of JDBC

```
// 1. Load jdbc driver
Class.forName("postgresql");

// 2. Create connection
Connection connection = DriverManager.getConnection("", "", "");

// 3. Prepared Statement
String sql = "SELECT * FROM TABLE WHERE name=?";
PreparedStatement pStmt = connection.prepareStatement(sql);
```

```
// 4. Query
ResultSet resultSet = pStmt.executeQuery();
while(resultSet.next()) {

}

// 5. Release resource
if(resultSet != null) {
    resultSet.close();
    resultSet = null;
}
```

# Framework !!

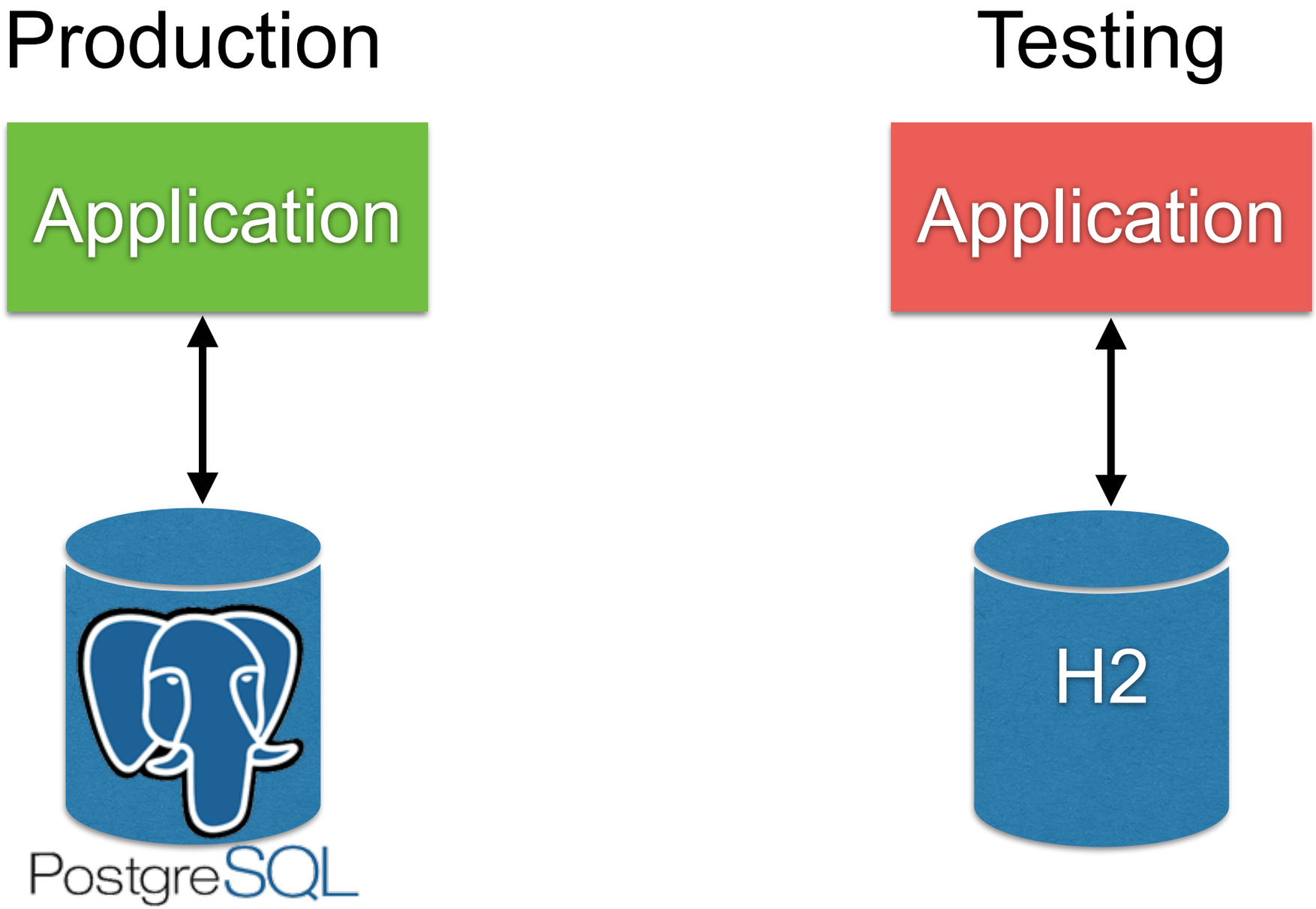
```
// 1. Load jdbc driver
Class.forName("postgresql");

// 2. Create connection
Connection connection = DriverManager.getConnection("", "", "");
```

Manage by Framework

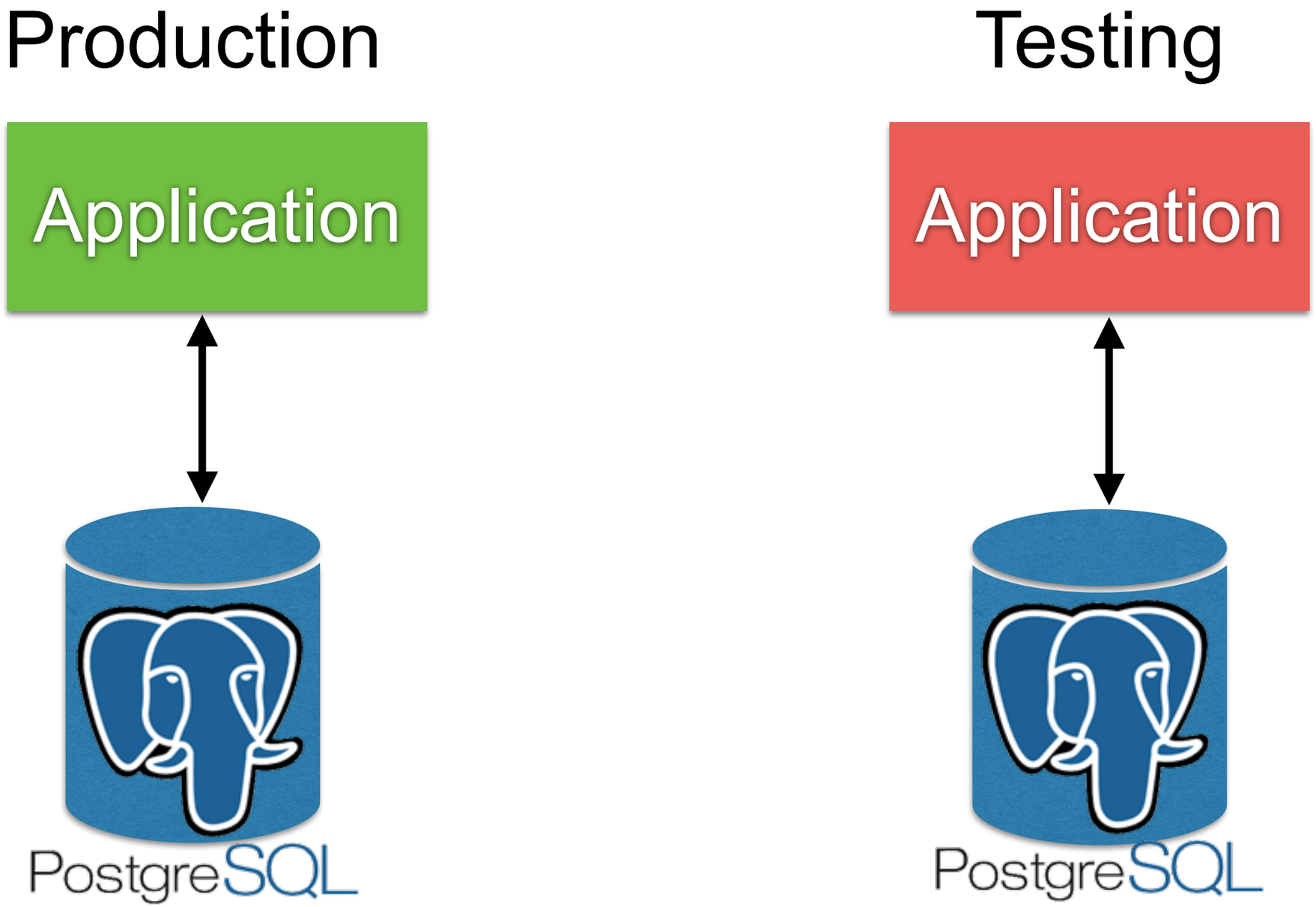
```
// 3. Prepared Statement
String sql = "SELECT * FROM TABLE WHERE name=?";
PreparedStatement pStmt = connection.prepareStatement(sql);

// 4. Query
ResultSet resultSet = pStmt.executeQuery();
while(resultSet.next()) {

}

// 5. Release resource
if(resultSet != null) {
    resultSet.close();
    resultSet = null;
}
```

Manage by Framework

# Working with Database ?

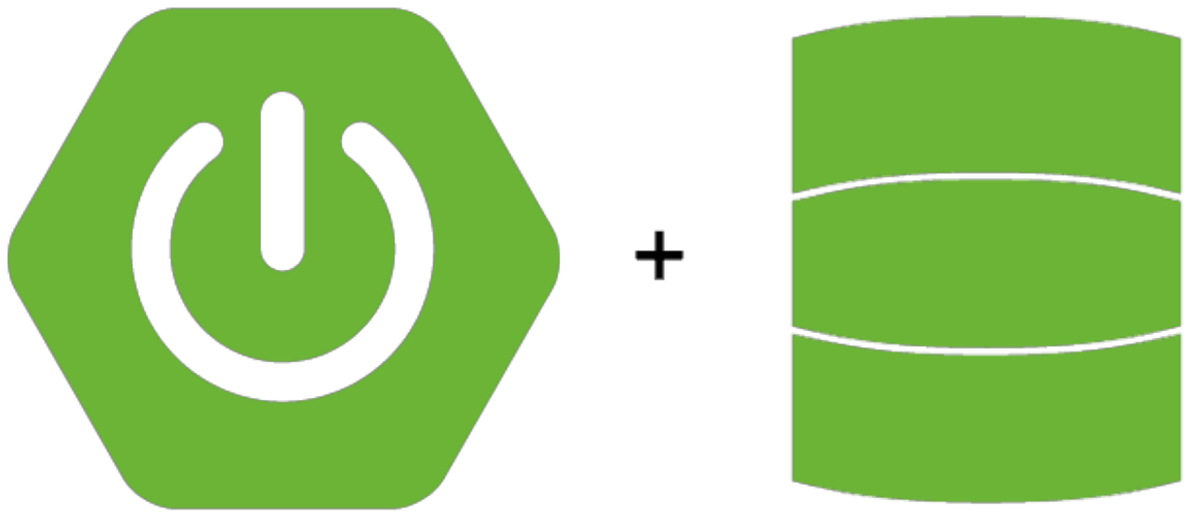


# Working with Database ?



# Working with repository

We’re using Spring Data



https://spring.io/projects/spring-data

# Spring Data

JDBC

**JPA**

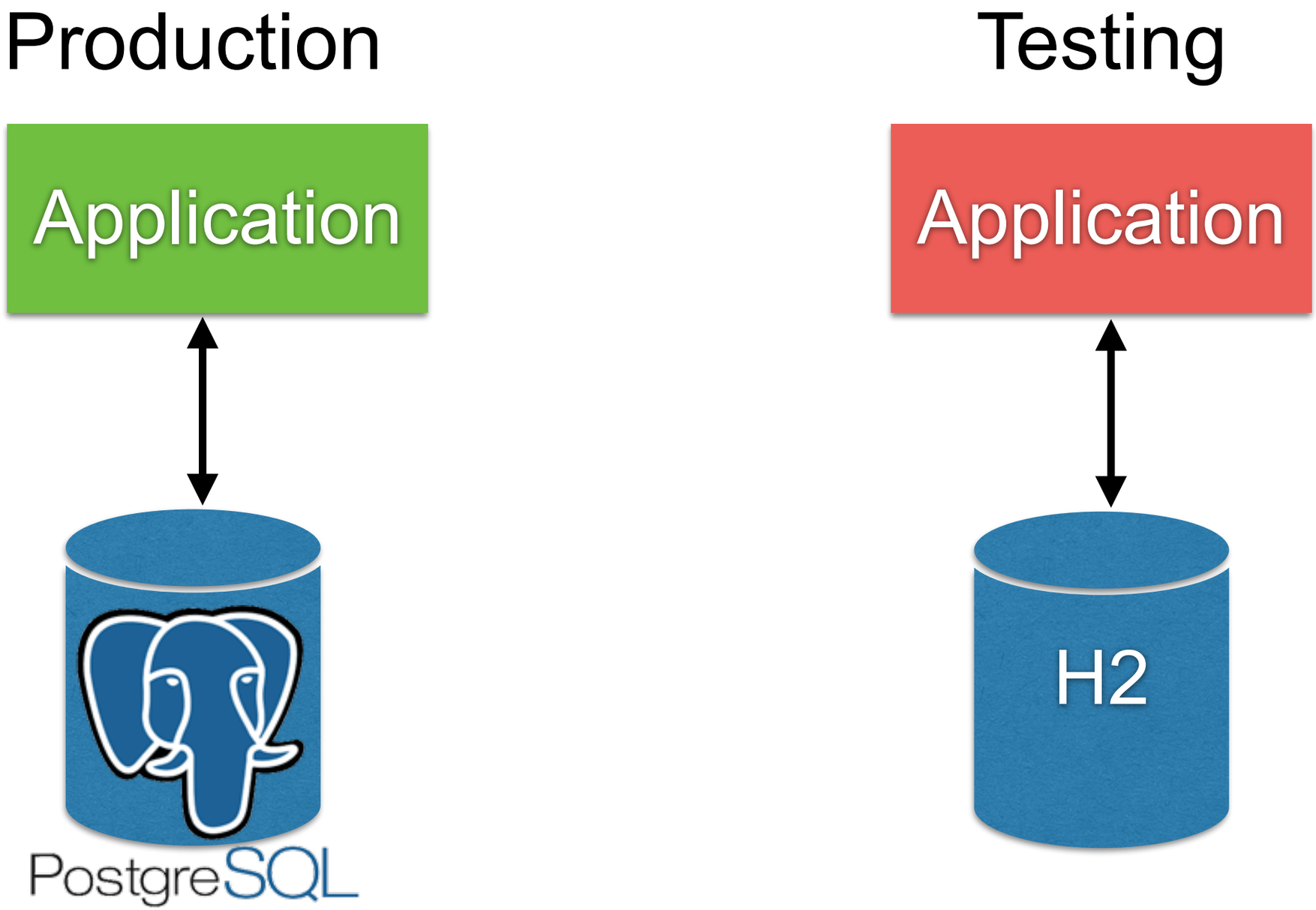
MongoDB

Redis

more …

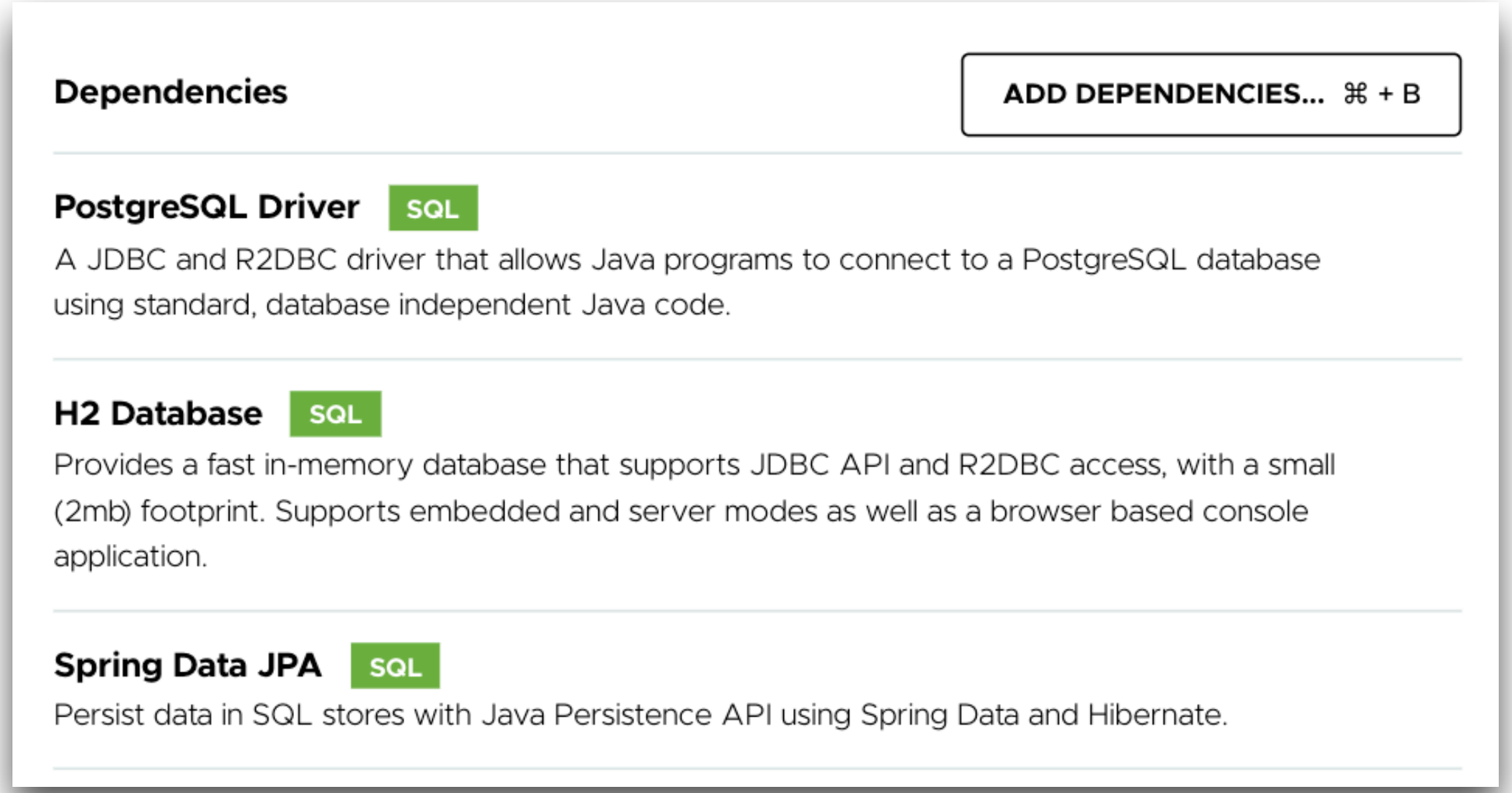
# Working with Spring Data JPA

# Working with Database



# Modify pom.xml

## Add library of Spring Data JPA, PostgreSQL, H2




https://start.spring.io/

# Modify pom.xml

## H2 for testing

```
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-data-jpa</artifactId>
</dependency>

<dependency>
    <groupId>com.h2database</groupId>
    <artifactId>h2</artifactId>
    <scope>test</scope>
</dependency>

<dependency>
    <groupId>org.postgresql</groupId>
    <artifactId>postgresql</artifactId>
    <scope>runtime</scope>
</dependency>
```

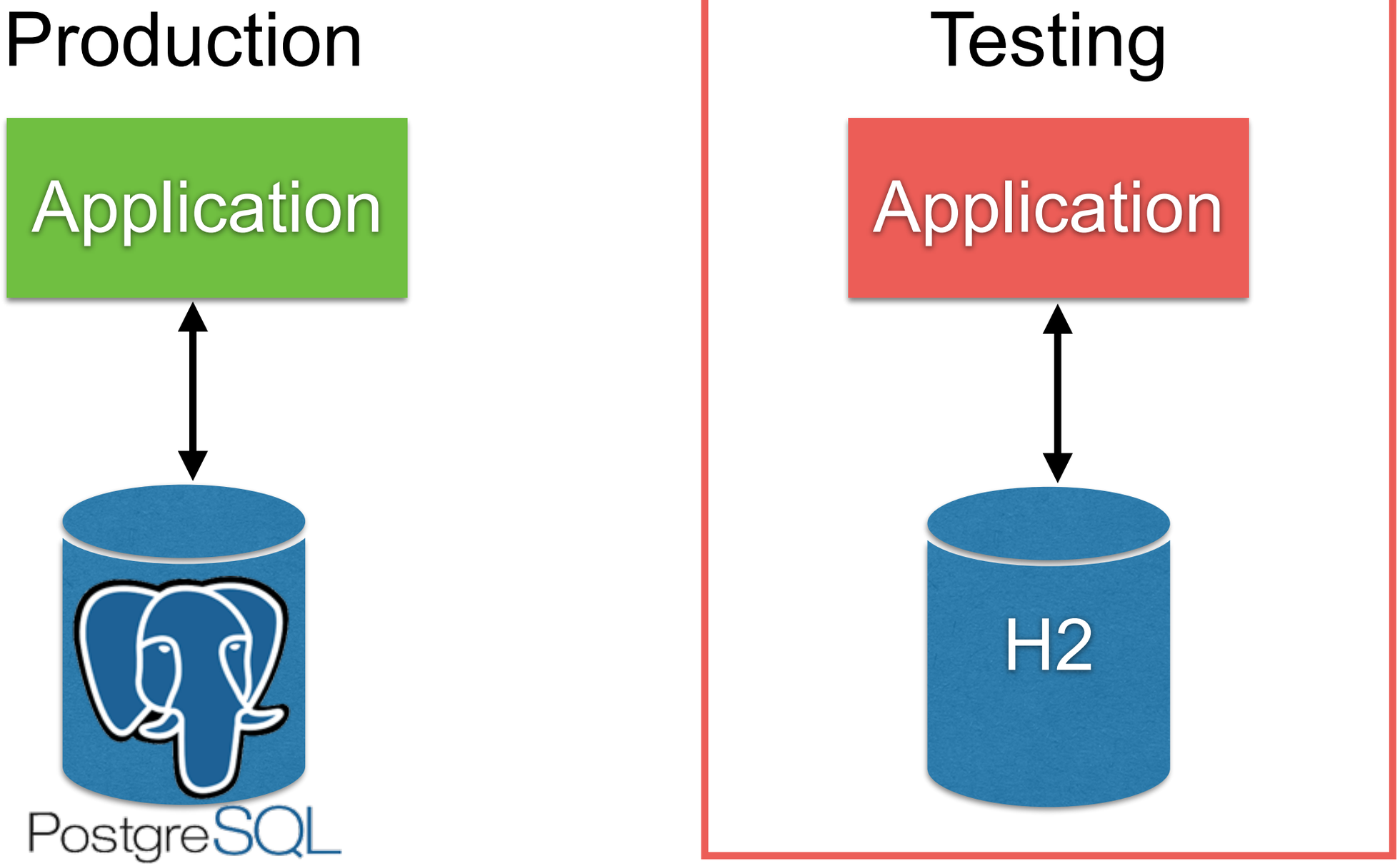
# Modify pom.xml

## PostgreSQL for production

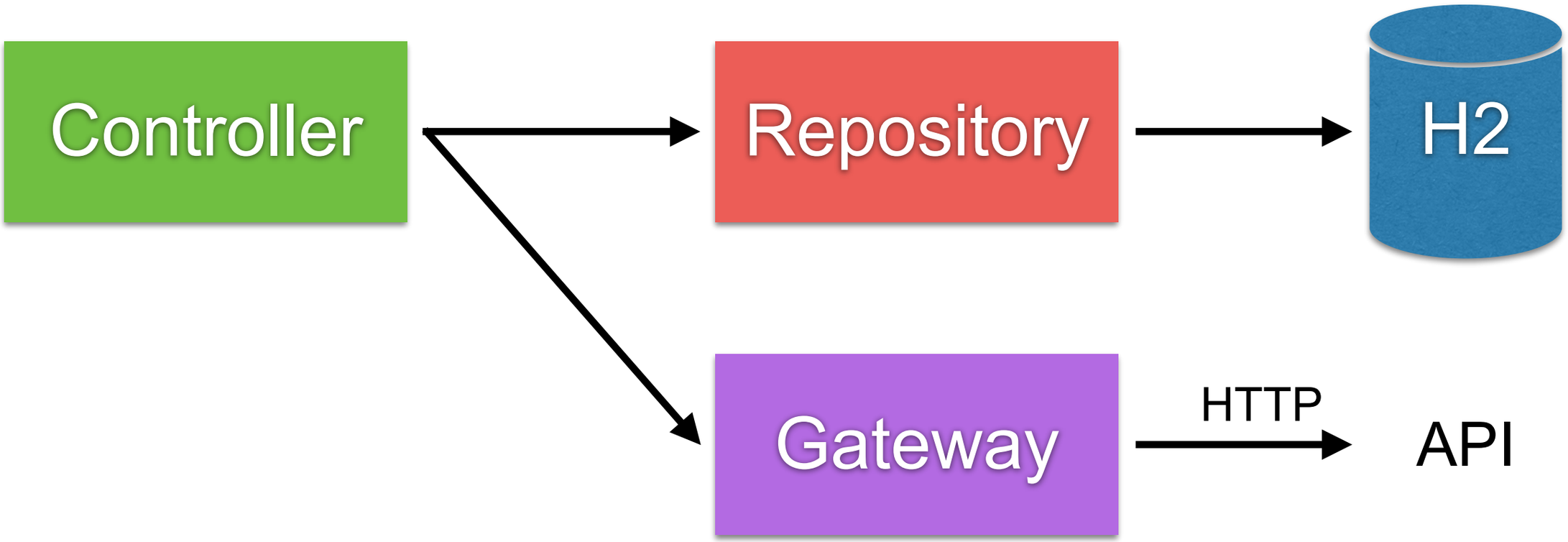
```
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-data-jpa</artifactId>
</dependency>

<dependency>
    <groupId>com.h2database</groupId>
    <artifactId>h2</artifactId>
    <scope>test</scope>
</dependency>
```

```
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.postgresql</groupId>
    <artifactId>postgresql</artifactId>
    <scope>runtime</scope>
</dependency>
```

# Start in testing scope

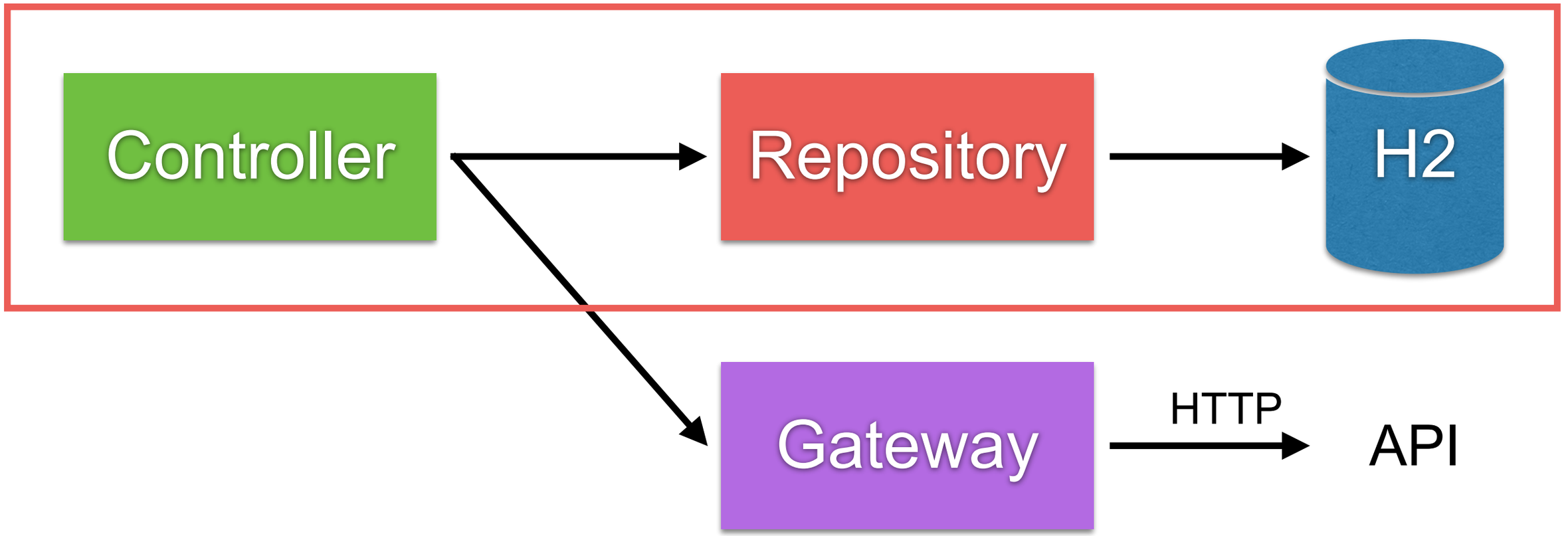


# Use cases



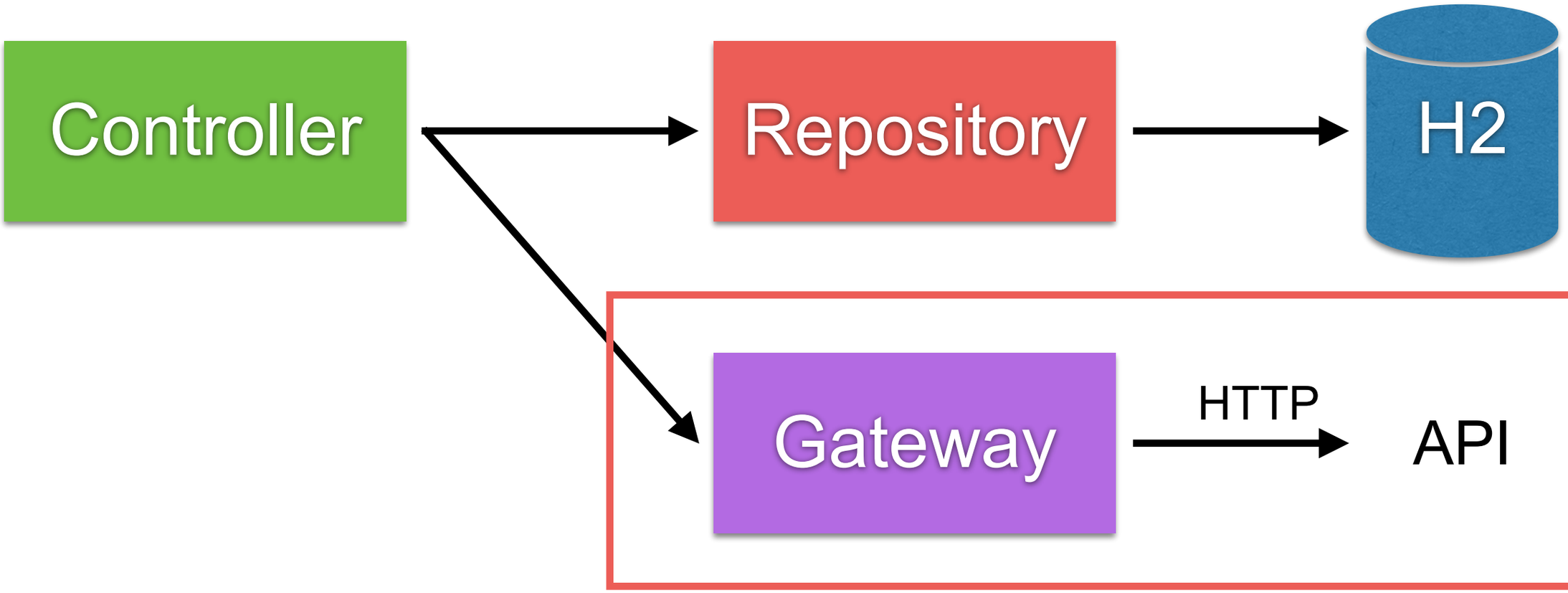
# Use case 1

Working with repository



# Use case 2

Working with API



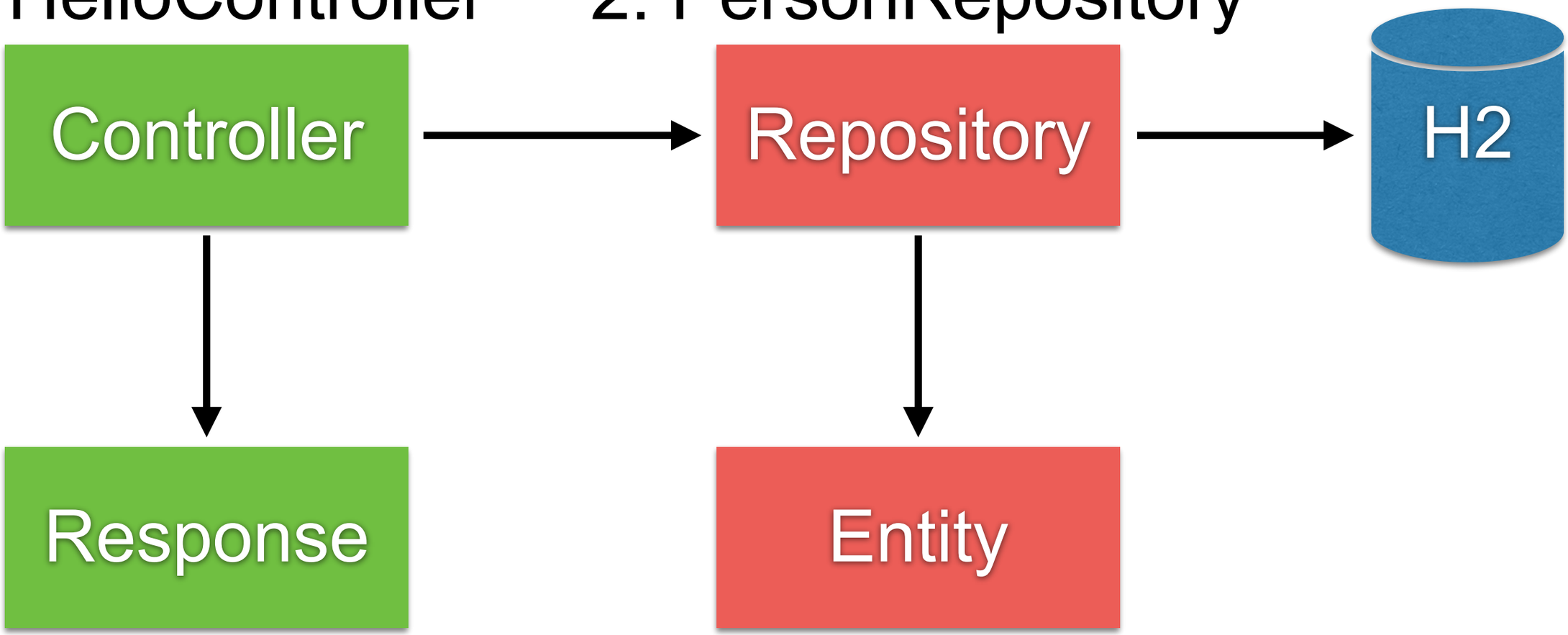
# Use case 1

# Use case 1

Working with repository

3. HelloController

2. PersonRepository




4. PersonResponse

1. Person

# 1. Create Entity class

In package **person**

```
@Entity
public class Person {

    @Id
    @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.AUTO)
    private long id;
    private String firstName;
    private String lastName;

    public Person() {
    }
```

# 2. Create repository with JPA

PersonRepository.java

```
import java.util.Optional;

import org.springframework.data.repository.CrudRepository;

public interface PersonRepository
                    extends CrudRepository<Person, Long> {

    Optional<Person> findByLastName(String lastName);

}
```

# 2. Create repository with JPA

PersonRepository.java

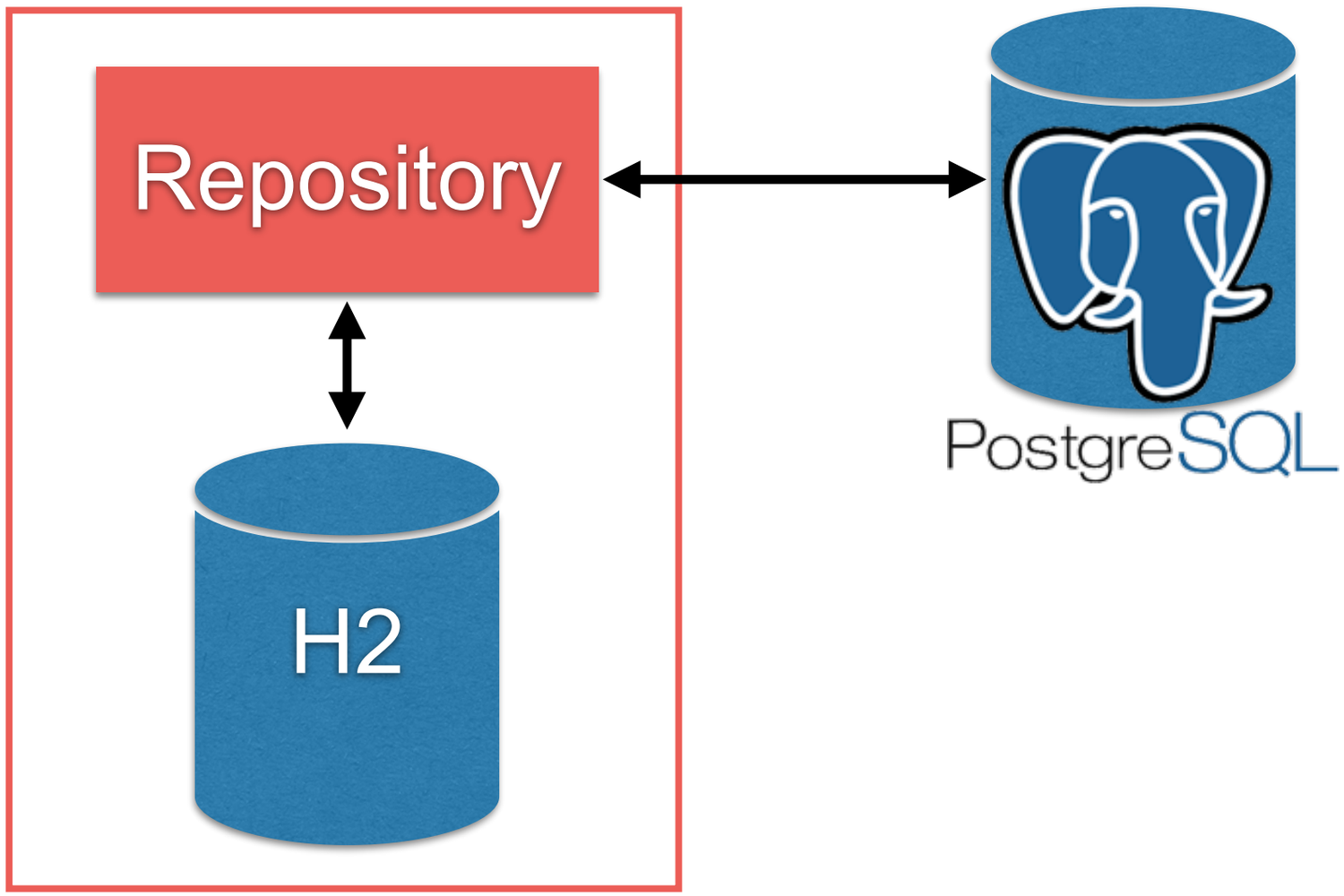
```
import java.util.Optional;

import org.springframework.data.repository.CrudRepository;

public interface PersonRepository
                extends CrudRepository<Person, Long> {

    Optional<Person> findByLastName(String lastName);

}
```

*SELECT * FROM Person WHERE LastName=?*

# How to testing repository ?

# Repository Testing

Using @DataJpaTest  (slice testing)




Working with In-memory database

# Repository Testing #1

Setup test with @DataJpaTest

```
@RunWith(SpringRunner.class)
@DataJpaTest
public class PersonRepositoryTest {

    @Autowired
    private PersonRepository repository;

    @After
    public void tearDown() throws Exception {
        repository.deleteAll();
    }

}
```

# Repository Testing #2

Auto wired repository for testing

```
@RunWith(SpringRunner.class)
@DataJpaTest
public class PersonRepositoryTest {

    @Autowired
    private PersonRepository repository;

    @After
    public void tearDown() throws Exception {
        repository.deleteAll();
    }

}
```

# Repository Testing #3

Clear data in table after executed each test case

```
@RunWith(SpringRunner.class)
@DataJpaTest
public class PersonRepositoryTest {

    @Autowired
    private PersonRepository repository;

    @After
    public void tearDown() throws Exception {
        repository.deleteAll();
    }

}
```

# Repository Testing #3

Write your first test case

```
@Test
public void should_save_fetch_a_person() {

    Person somkiat = new Person("Somkiat", "Pui");
    repository.save(somkiat);

    Optional<Person> maybeSomkiat
                        = repository.findByLastName("Pui");

    assertEquals(maybeSomkiat, Optional.of(somkiat));

}
```

# Run test

## $mvnw clean test

```
Hibernate: drop table person if exists
Hibernate: drop sequence if exists hibernate_sequence

Hibernate: create sequence hibernate_sequence start with 1 increment by 1
Hibernate: create table person (id varchar(255) not null, first_name varchar(255),
last_name varchar(255), primary key (id))
```

Insert data

```
Hibernate: call next value for hibernate_sequence
Hibernate: insert into person (first_name, last_name, id) values (?, ?, ?)
```

```
Hibernate: select person0_.id as id1_0_, person0_.first_name as first_na2_0_,
person0_.last_name as last_nam3_0_ from person person0_ where
person0_.last_name=?
Hibernate: select person0_.id as id1_0_, person0_.first_name as first_na2_0_,
person0_.last_name as last_nam3_0_ from person person0_
2
```

Query data

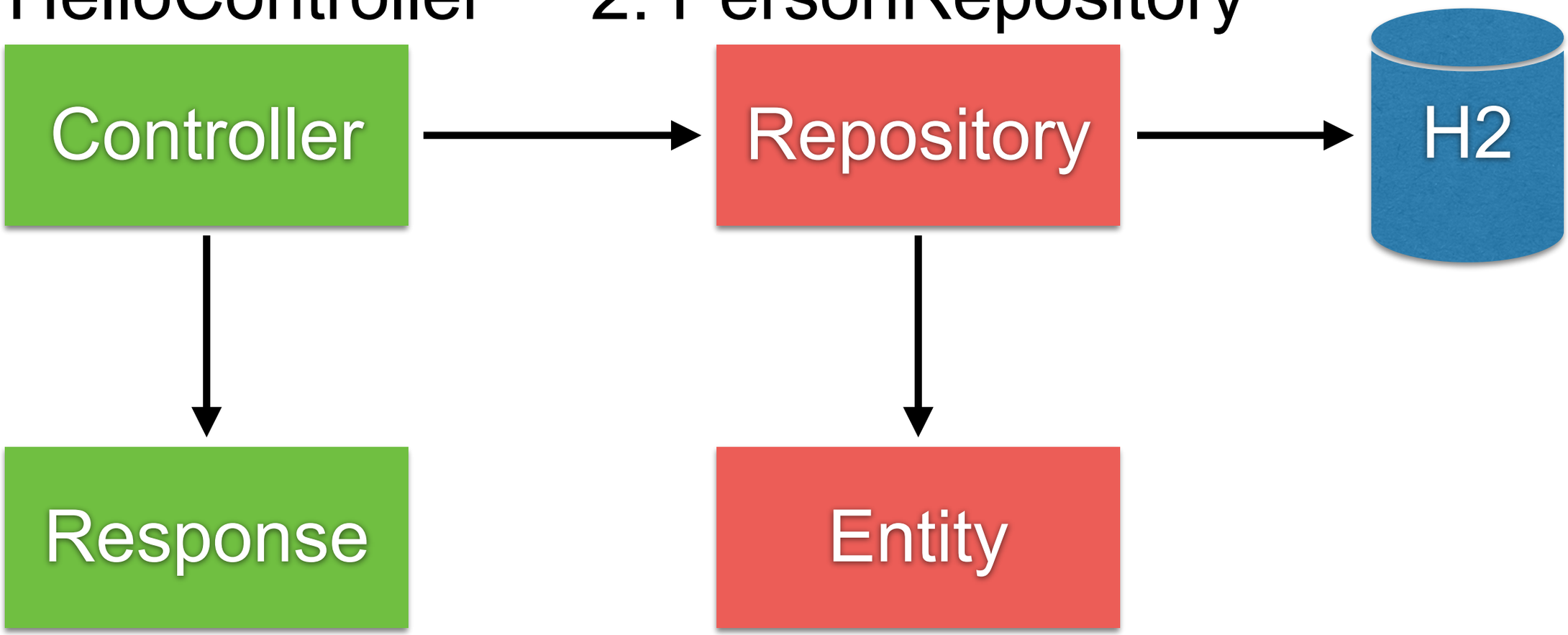
```
Hibernate: drop table person if exists
Hibernate: drop sequence if exists hibernate_sequence
```

# Use case 1

Integrate repository with controller

3. HelloController

2. PersonRepository

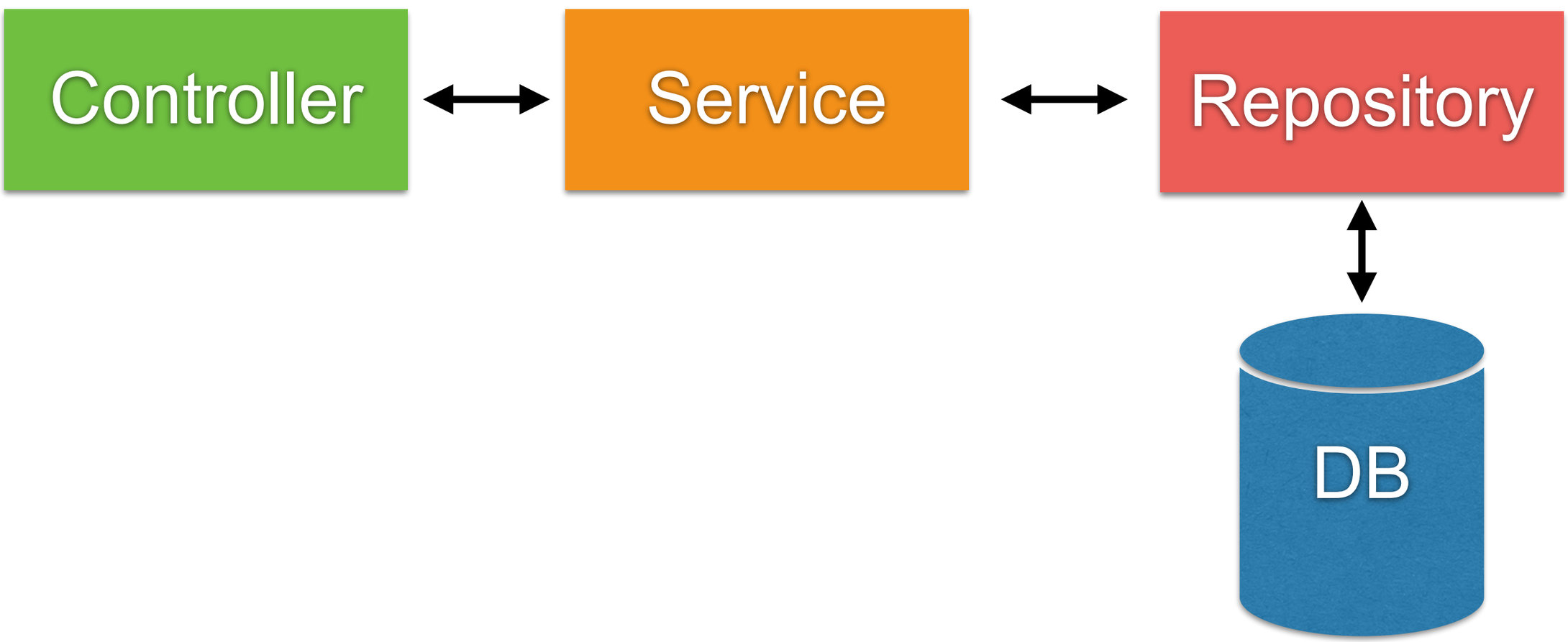



4. PersonResponse

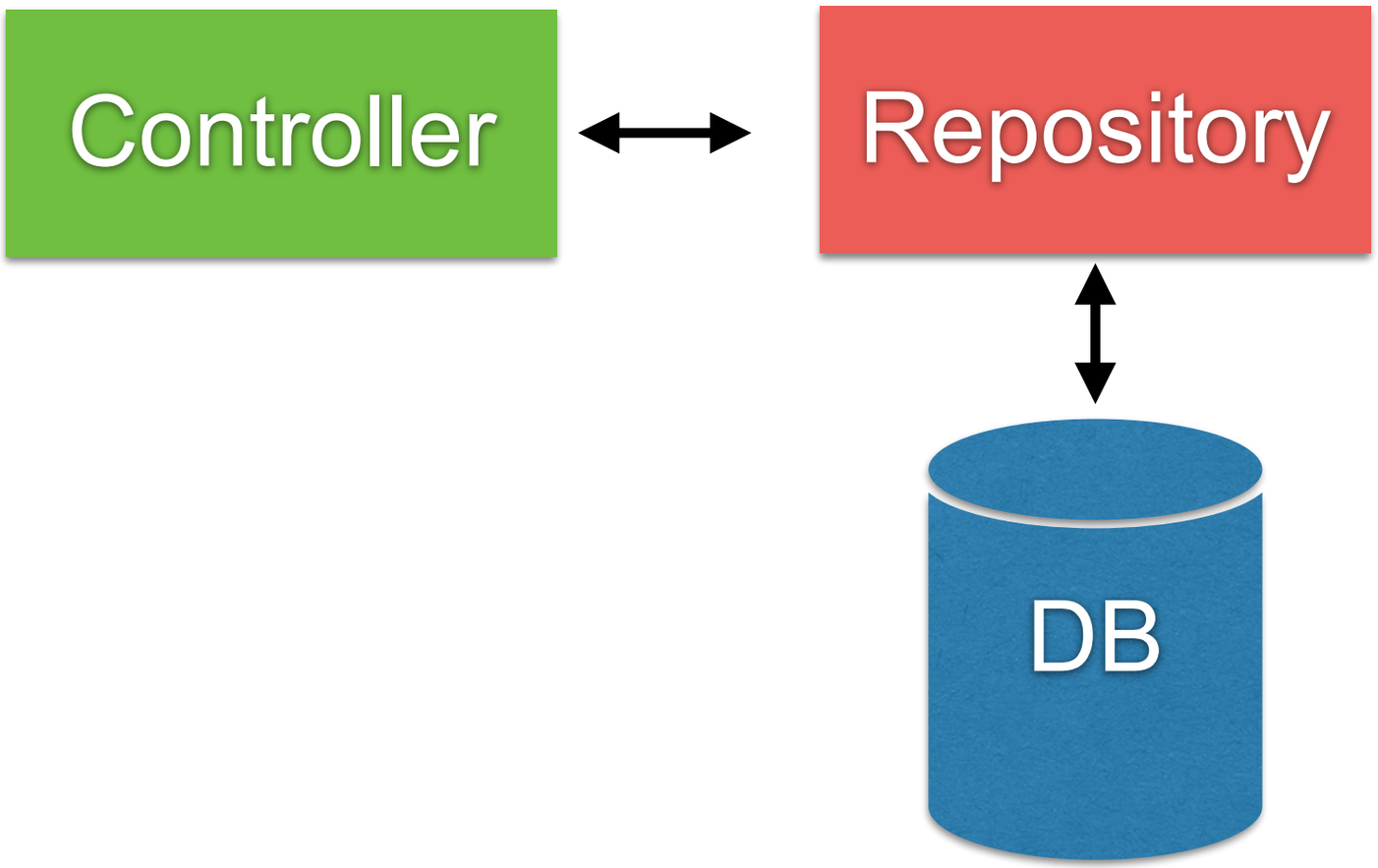
1. Person

# Integrate repository with service/controller

# Service use repository ?



# Controller use repository ?



# Controller call repository

## Create HelloController.java

```
@RestController
public class HelloController {

    private final PersonRepository personRepository;

    @Autowired
    public HelloController(final PersonRepository personRepository) {
        this.personRepository = personRepository;
    }
```

# Controller call repository

## Create HelloController.java

```
@GetMapping("/hello/{lastName}")
public HelloResponse hello(@PathVariable final String lastName) {

    Optional<Person> foundPerson
                = personRepository.findByLastName(lastName);

    return foundPerson
            .map(person ->
                    new HelloResponse(person.getFirstName(),
                                      person.getLastName()))
            .orElseThrow(() -> new RuntimeException());
}
```

# Run spring boot

$mvnw spring-boot:run

# Fix !!!

## Modify src/main/resources/**application.properties**

```
server.port=8088

spring.datasource.url=jdbc:postgresql://127.0.0.1:15432/postgres
spring.datasource.username=testuser
spring.datasource.password=password
spring.datasource.platform=POSTGRESQL

spring.jpa.show-sql=true
spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto=create-drop
spring.jpa.database-platform=org.hibernate.dialect.PostgreSQLDialect
```

Start database server !!

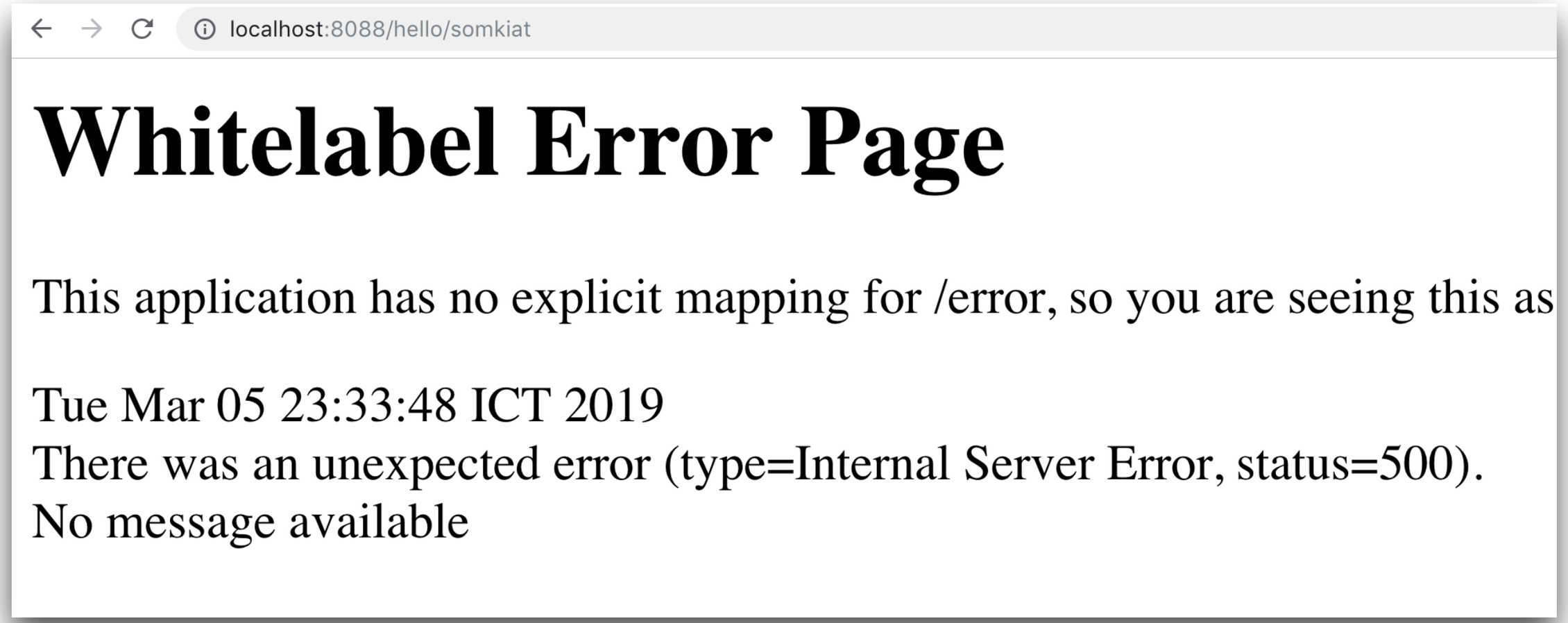
# Fix !!!

Modify pom.xml
Delete or comment postgresql dependency

```
<dependency>
    <groupId>com.h2database</groupId>
    <artifactId>h2</artifactId>
    <scope>runtime</scope>
</dependency>

<!-- <dependency>
    <groupId>org.postgresql</groupId>
    <artifactId>postgresql</artifactId>
    <scope>runtime</scope>
</dependency> -->
```

# Run spring boot

$mvnw spring-boot:run




# Initial data in database

# Initial database #1

## Using @Bean and CommandLineRunner

```
@Bean
public CommandLineRunner initialData(MessageRepository repository) {
    return new CommandLineRunner() {

        @Override
        public void run(String... args) throws Exception {
            repository.save(new Message("somkiat1"));
            repository.save(new Message("somkiat2"));
        }
    };
}
```

# Initial database #2

Using @PostConstruct

```
@PostConstruct
public void initData() {
    Account account1 = new Account();
    account1.setAccountId("01");
    accountRepository.save(account1);
    Account account2 = new Account();
    account2.setAccountId("02");
    accountRepository.save(account2);
}
```

# Initial database #3

**Schema** (resources/schema.sql)

**Data** (resources/data.sql)

Schema.sql

```
CREATE TABLE account(
  id BIGINT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
  account_Id VARCHAR(16) NOT NULL UNIQUE,
  mobile_No VARCHAR(10),
  name VARCHAR(50),
  account_Type CHAR(2)
);
```

Data.sql

```
INSERT INTO account (account_Id) VALUES ('01');
INSERT INTO account (account_Id) VALUES ('02');
```

# Initial database 2

Disable auto generate DDL from JPA in file application.yml

```
spring:
  jpa:
    show-sql: true
    hibernate:
      ddl-auto: none
```

# Initial database 2

Problem with naming strategy !!

```
spring:
  jpa:
    show-sql: true
    hibernate:
        ddl-auto: none
        naming:
          physical-strategy:
org.springframework.boot.orm.jpa.hibernate.SpringPhysicalNamingStrategy
          implicit-strategy:
org.springframework.boot.orm.jpa.hibernate.SpringImplicitNamingStrategy
```

https://github.com/spring-projects/spring-boot/tree/master/spring-boot-project/spring-boot/src/main/java/org/springframework/boot/orm/jpa/hibernate

# Run and see from logging

Execute file schema.sql and data.sql

```
.datasource.init.ScriptUtils     : Executing SQL script from URL [file:/Users/somki
.datasource.init.ScriptUtils     : Executed SQL script from URL [file:/Users/somkia
.datasource.init.ScriptUtils     : Executing SQL script from URL [file:/Users/somki
.datasource.init.ScriptUtils     : Executed SQL script from URL [file:/Users/somkia
```

# Run spring boot

$mvnw spring-boot:run

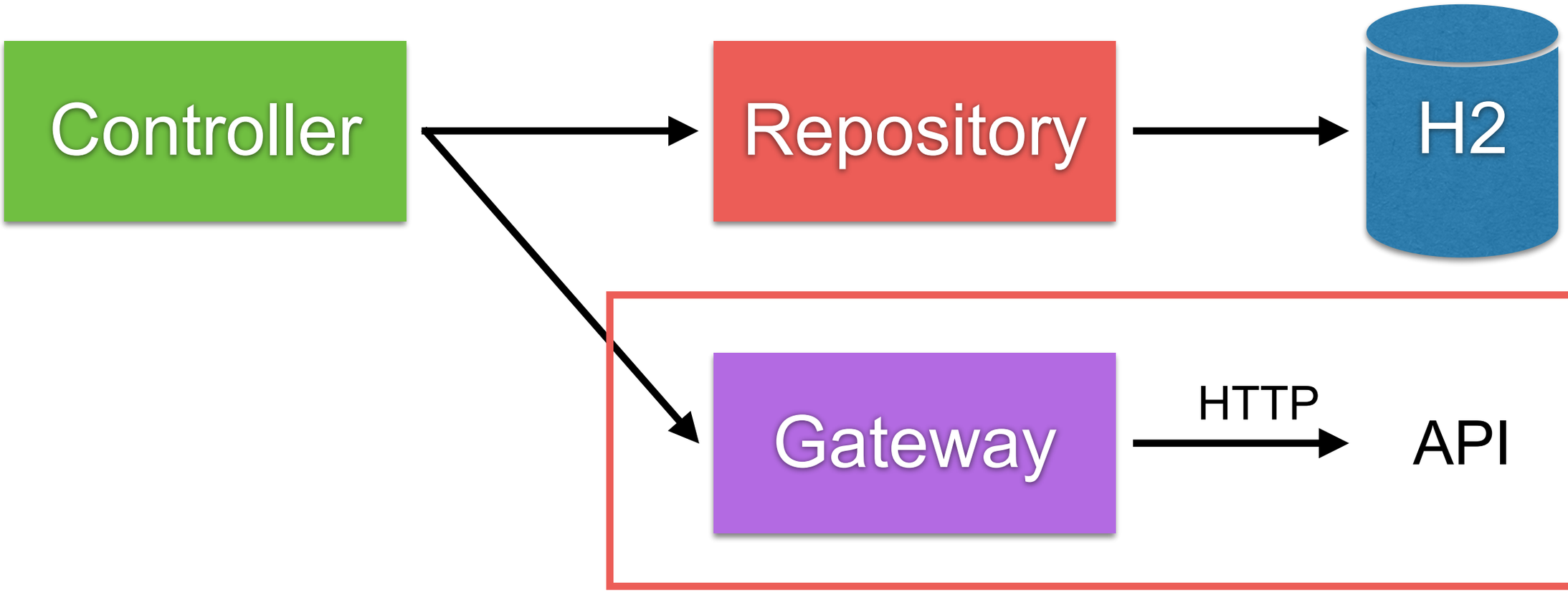
# Write controller testing ?

$mvnw clean test

# Use case 2

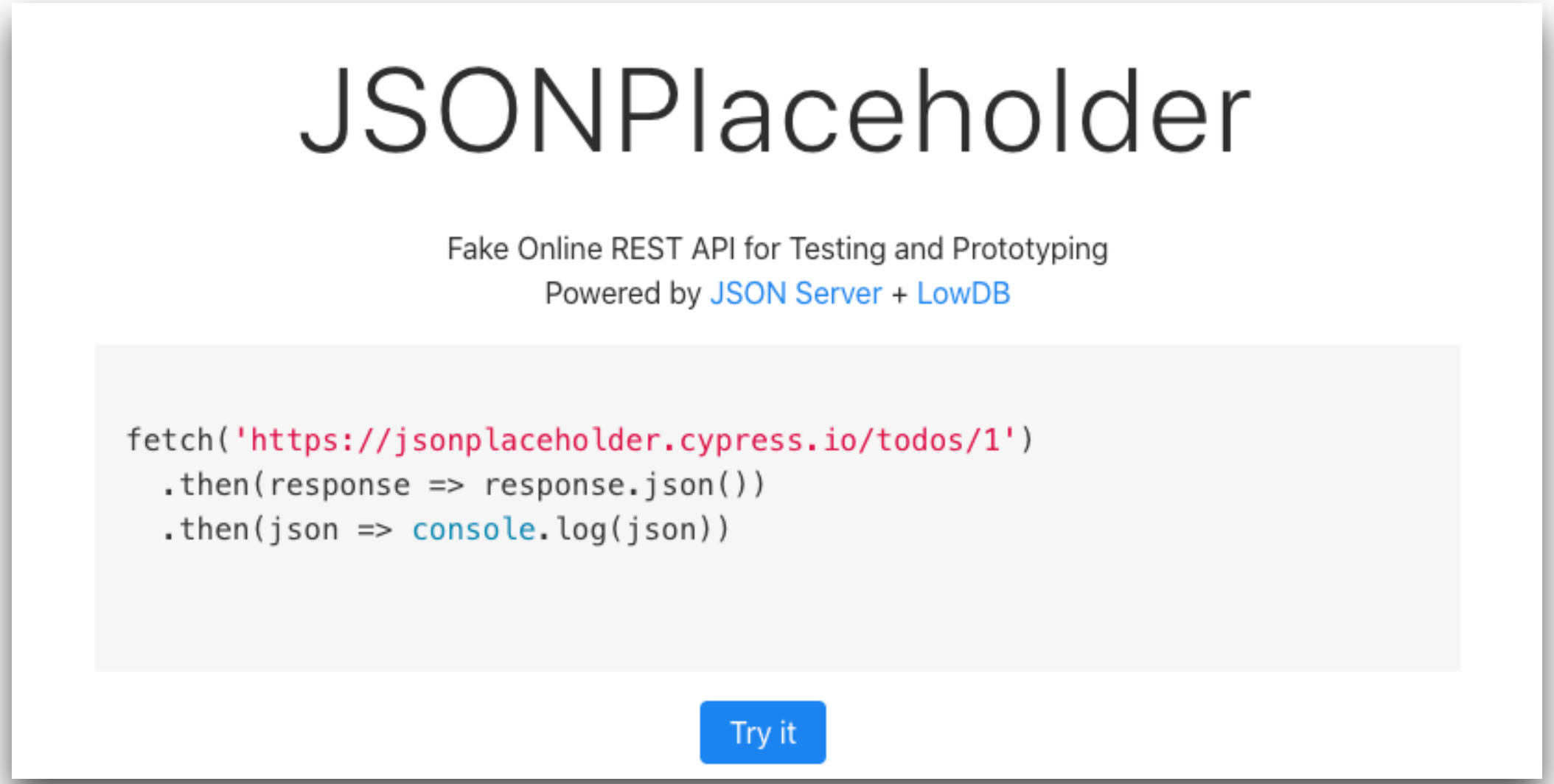
# Use case 2

Working with API

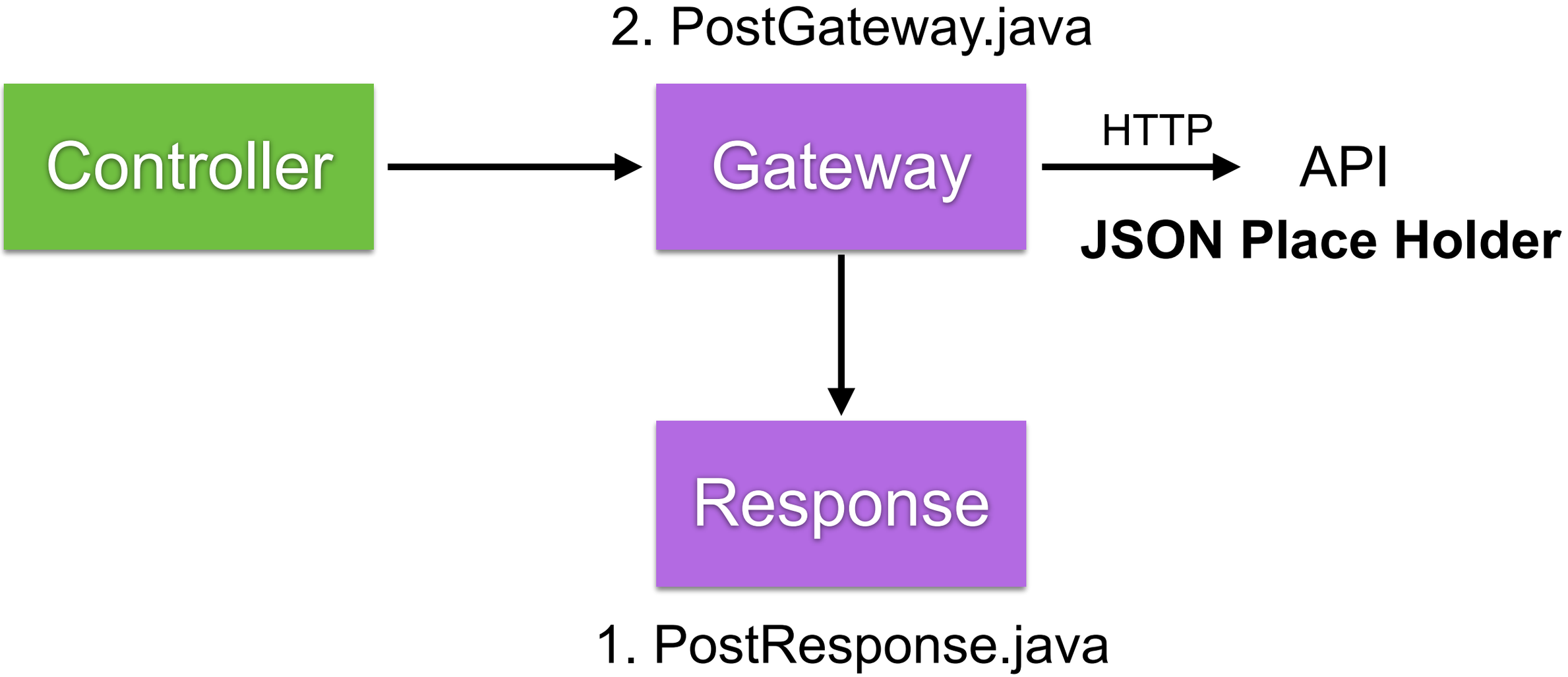


# JSON Place Holder

https://jsonplaceholder.cypress.io/posts/1



# Working with API



# 1. Create Response class

In package **post**

```
public class PostResponse {
    private int id;
    private int userId;
    private String title;
    private String body;
```

# 2. Create PostGateway class #1

In package **post**

```
@Component
public class PostGateway {

    private final RestTemplate restTemplate;
    private final String postApiUrl;

    @Autowired
    public PostGateway(final RestTemplate restTemplate,
                       @Value("${post.api.url}") final String postApiUrl) {
        this.restTemplate = restTemplate;
        this.postApiUrl = postApiUrl;
    }
```

# 2. Create PostGateway class #1

In package **post**

```
@Component
public class PostGateway {

    private final RestTemplate restTemplate;
    private final String postApiUrl;

    @Autowired
    public PostGateway(final RestTemplate restTemplate,
                       @Value("${post.api.url}") final String postApiUrl) {
        this.restTemplate = restTemplate;
        this.postApiUrl = postApiUrl;
    }
```

Configuration ?

# Configuration

Configuration in file application.properties

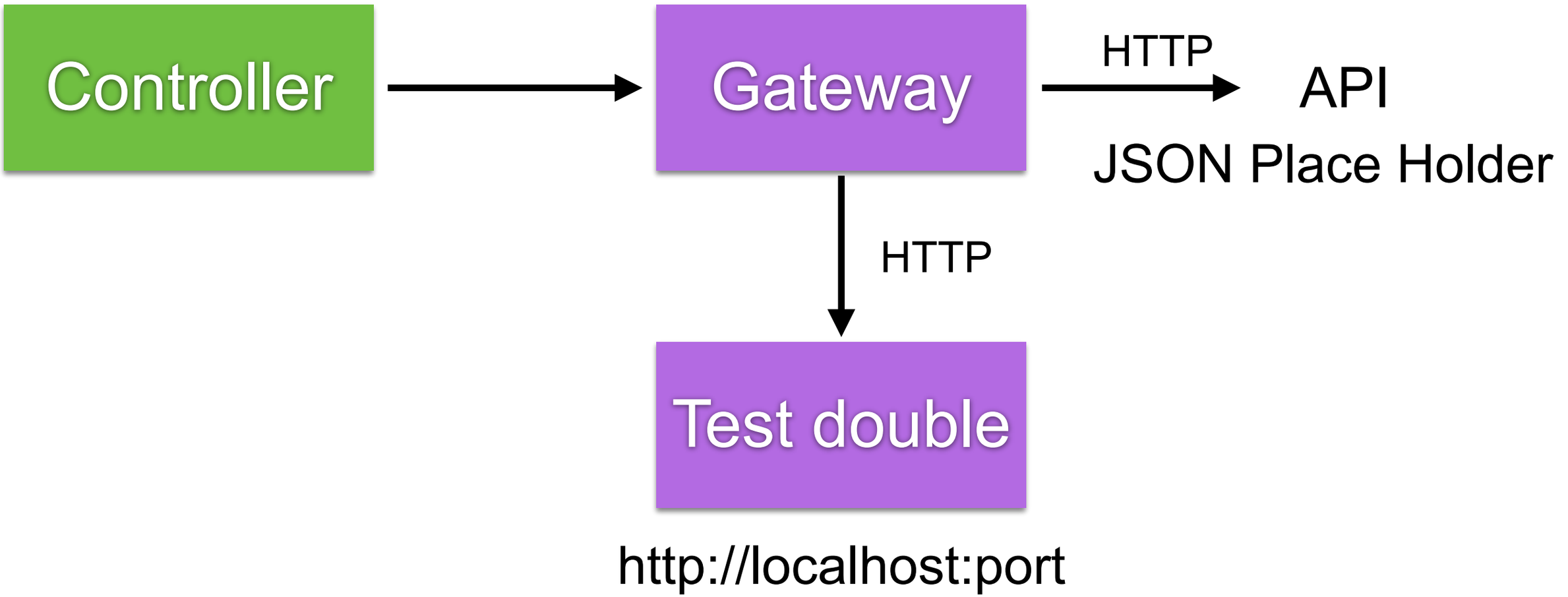
```
post.api.url=https://jsonplaceholder.cypress.io
```

# 2. Create PostGateway class #2

## Get data from API

```
public Optional<PostResponse> getPostById(int id) {
    String url = String.format("%s/posts/%d", postApiUrl, id);

    try {
        return Optional.ofNullable(
                restTemplate.getForObject(url, PostResponse.class));
    } catch (RestClientException e) {
        return Optional.empty();
    }
}
```

# Testing with API



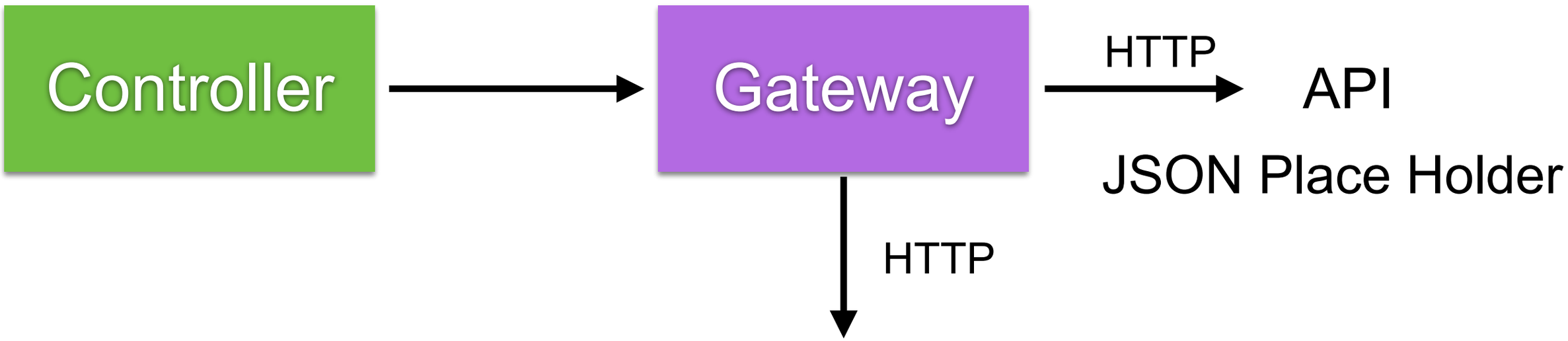
# Testing with API

Unit testing with Mockito

**Component testing with WireMock**

Consumer testing with Pact

# Component testing with WireMock




**/src/test/resources/application.properties**

```
post.api.url=http://localhost:9999
```

# Component testing #1

## Working with WireMock

```
@RunWith(SpringRunner.class)
@SpringBootTest(webEnvironment = WebEnvironment.RANDOM_PORT)
@AutoConfigureWireMock(port = 9999)
public class PostGatewayComponentTest {

    @Autowired
    private PostGateway postGateway;
```

*“Default port = 9999”*

# Component testing #2

## Success case

Stub response

```
@Test
public void getPostById() throws IOException {
    stubFor(get(urlPathEqualTo("/posts/1"))
            .willReturn(aResponse()
                    .withBody(read("classpath:postApiResponse.json"))
                    .withHeader(CONTENT_TYPE, MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON_VALUE)
                    .withStatus(200)));

    Optional<PostResponse> postResponse = postGateway.getPostById(1);
    assertEquals(11, postResponse.get().getId());
    assertEquals(11, postResponse.get().getUserId());
    assertEquals("Test Title", postResponse.get().getTitle());
    assertEquals("Test Body", postResponse.get().getBody());
}
```

# Component testing #3

Read data from resources folder

```
public static String read(String filePath) throws IOException {
    File file = ResourceUtils.getFile(filePath);
    return new String(Files.readAllBytes(file.toPath()));
}
```

# Component testing #4

File postApiResponse.json

```
{
   "userId": 11,
   "id": 11,
   "title": "Test Title",
   "body": "Test Body"
}
```

# Write controller testing ?

$mvnw clean test

# Separate tests with jUnit

https://semaphoreci.com/community/tutorials/how-to-split-junit-tests-in-a-continuous-integration-environment

# Separate test with jUnit

# Working with jUnit Category

## Create interface in each category

```java
package com.lotto.lotto.category;

public interface UnitTest {
}
```

```java
package com.lotto.lotto.category;

public interface SlicingTest {
}
```

```java
package com.lotto.lotto.category;

public interface IntegrationTest {
}
```

# Add category in each test class

```java
@RunWith(SpringRunner.class)
@SpringBootTest(webEnvironment = WebEnvironment.RANDOM_PORT)
@Category(IntegrationTest.class)
public class AccountControllerTest {

    @Autowired
    private TestRestTemplate testRestTemplate;

    @MockBean
    private UserService userService;
```

# Run with category

$mvnw clean  test
-Dgroups=“com.lotto.lotto.category.UnitTest"

# Aspect-Oriented Programming AOP

# Aspects ?

Reusable blocks of code that are injected into application at runtime

Powerful tools for adding behavior

Solve cross-cutting concerns in one place

# Common Applications of Aspects

Logging
Transaction management
Caching
Security

# Why use Aspects ?

Reduce code duplication

DRY (Don’t Repeat Yourself)

Maintain application logic

# Parts of Spring Aspect

Join Point
Pointcut
Advice
Aspect

# Working with transaction

# Working with logging


# Thank you
# Q/A