



**Version Control System**

# What is Git ?

---

**“Distributed version control system”**

A green callout box with a white border and a shadow, pointing upwards towards the word "Distributed" in the text above.

กระจาย

# “What is version control ?”




คืออะไร

# “What do we use version control for?”

A green callout box with a white border and a small triangle pointing upwards towards the main text.

ใช้ทำอะไร

**“Who doesn’t use version control ?”**

A green speech bubble with a white border and a drop shadow, pointing upwards towards the English text.

**มีใครไม่ใช้บ้าง**

# Project ?

---

**1,000 Developers**

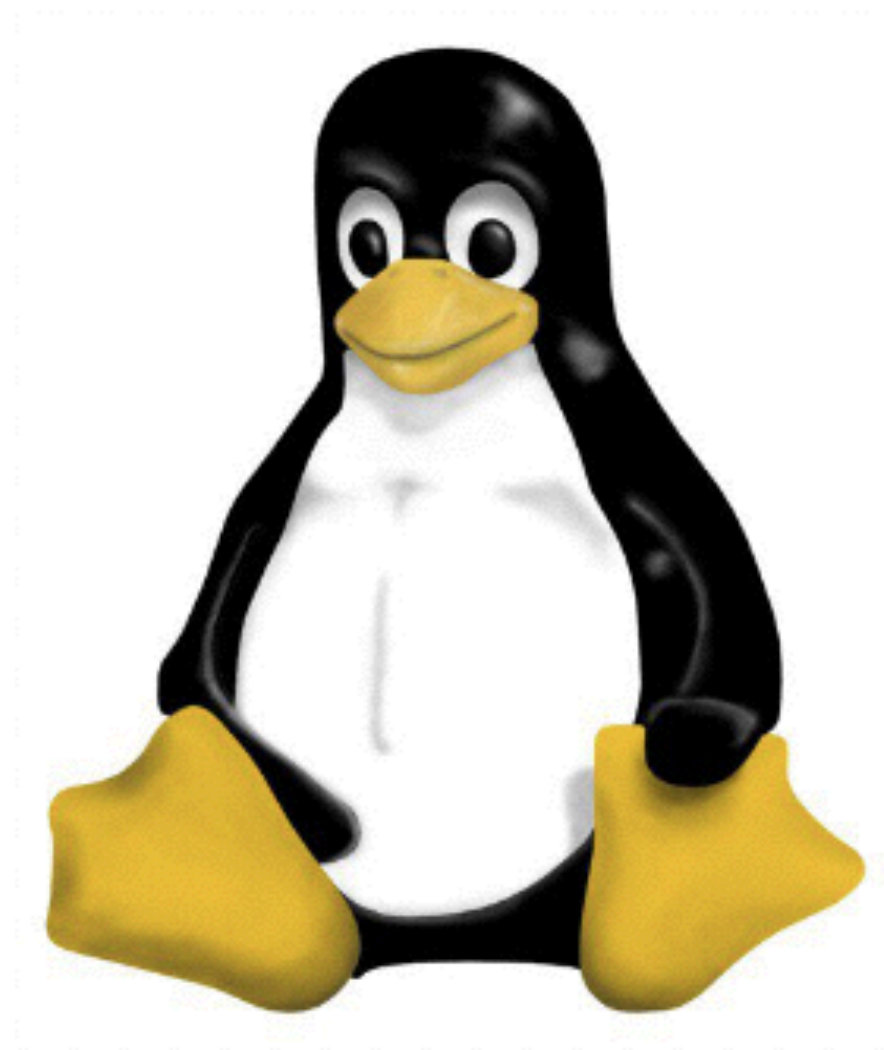
Working all across the **world**

Used on **millions** of computer

Used 90% of **Supercomputer**

Run on **mobile**

**11 years without version control system**



1991 – 2002

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Siam Chamnan Kit Co., Ltd., and Odd-e (Thailand) Co., Ltd.

**“How did they do it ?”**



**ทำอย่างไร**



# Working with file system

---

**Main**

main.c  
library.c  
library.h



version-1.0.zip

**You**

v1/main.c  
v1/library.c  
v1/library.h



patch/main.c  
patch/library.c  
patch/library.h



# Working with patch

---

**Main**

main.c  
library.c  
library.h

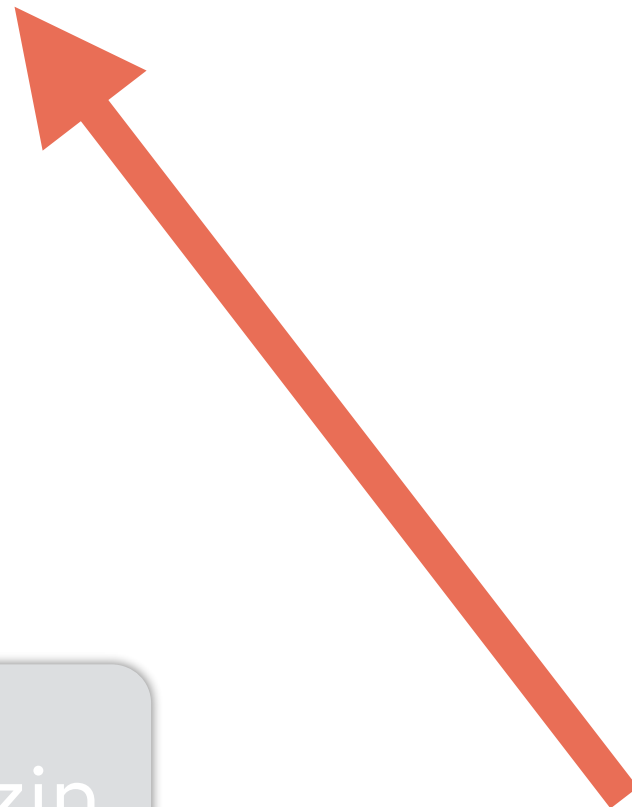
version-1.0.zip

version-1.1.zip

**You**

v1/main.c  
v1/library.c  
v1/library.h

patch/main.c  
patch/library.c  
patch/library.h



version-1.0.zip

version-1.1.zip

version-1.2.zip

**“In the real work”**

A green rectangular callout box with a small triangle pointing upwards towards the text above it.

**ในการทำงานจริงๆ**

# Patching not working

---

**Main**

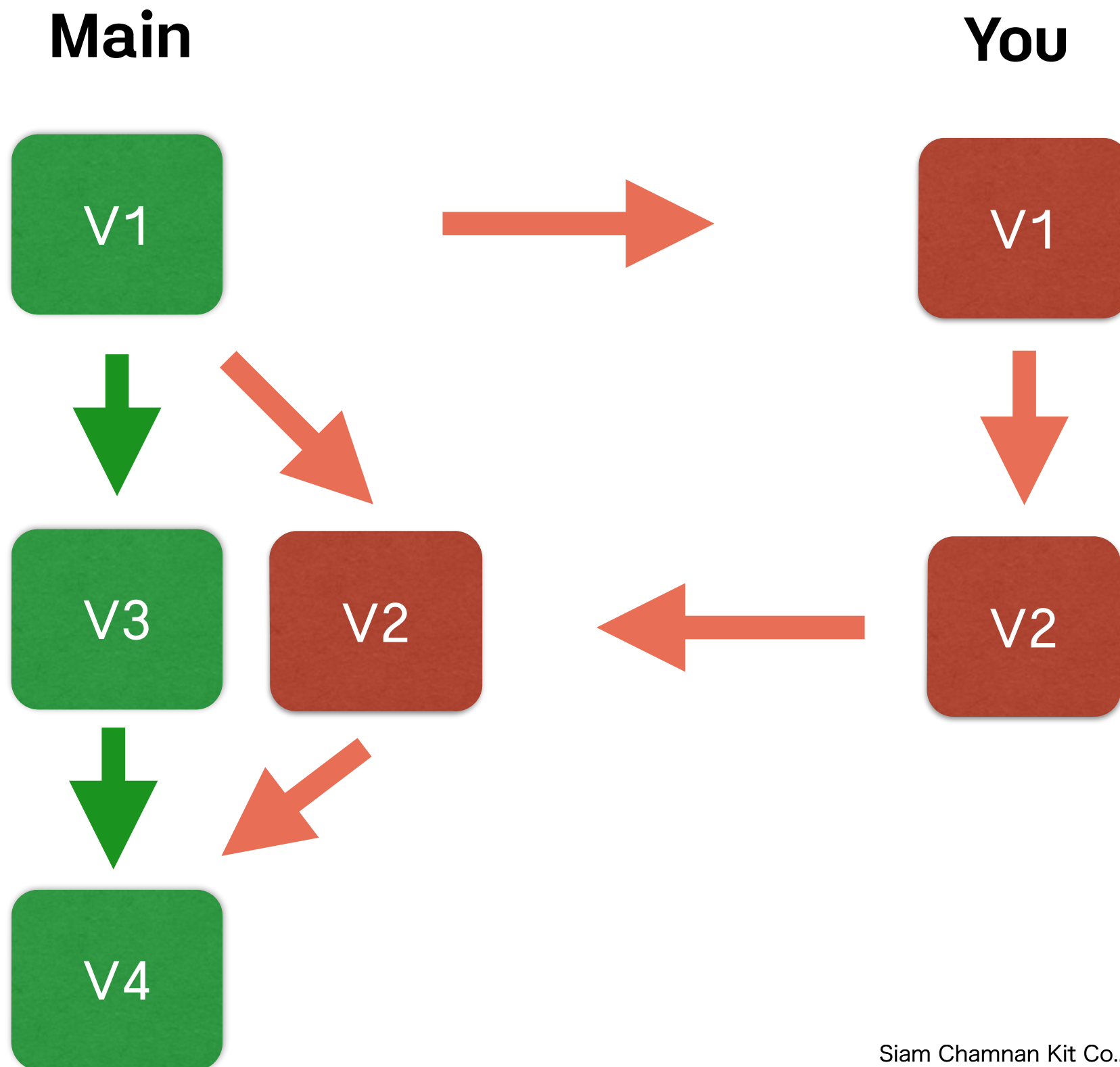


**You**



# Patching not working

---





A scenic landscape featuring a calm lake, steep mountains, and a personified chipmunk standing on a rocky shore. In the background, a man and a woman are smiling. A green speech bubble is positioned above the chipmunk.

ลงมือทำกันดีกว่า

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# git-scm.com



Search entire site...

Git is a **free and open source** distributed version control system designed to handle everything from small to very large projects with speed and efficiency.

Git is **easy to learn** and has a **tiny footprint with lightning fast performance**. It outclasses SCM tools like Subversion, CVS, Perforce, and ClearCase with features like **cheap local branching**, convenient **staging areas**, and **multiple workflows**.



**Learn Git in your browser for free with Try Git.**



## About

The advantages of Git compared to other source control systems.



## Documentation

Command reference pages, Pro Git book content, videos and other material.



## Downloads

GUI clients and binary releases for all major platforms.



## Community

Get involved! Mailing list, chat, development and more.





# First step

---

`$git config --global user.name "UP1"`

`$git config --global user.email "UP1@XX"`

# Create repository

---

\$git init

```
.git
├── HEAD
├── branches
├── config
├── description
├── hooks
│   ├── applypatch-msg.sample
│   ├── commit-msg.sample
│   ├── post-update.sample
│   ├── pre-applypatch.sample
│   ├── pre-commit.sample
│   ├── pre-push.sample
│   ├── pre-rebase.sample
│   ├── prepare-commit-msg.sample
│   └── update.sample
├── info
│   └── exclude
├── objects
│   ├── info
│   └── pack
└── refs
    ├── heads
    └── tags
```

เก็บทุกอย่าง อย่างของ  
git repository

# Add some file to repository

---

```
$touch hello.txt
```

```
$git add .
```

```
$git commit -m "First commit"
```

# After add some file

\$tree -a

```
.git
├── COMMIT_EDITMSG
├── HEAD
├── branches
├── config
├── description
├── hooks
│   ├── applypatch-msg.sample
│   ├── commit-msg.sample
│   ├── post-update.sample
│   ├── pre-applypatch.sample
│   ├── pre-commit.sample
│   ├── pre-push.sample
│   ├── pre-rebase.sample
│   ├── prepare-commit-msg.sample
│   └── update.sample
├── index
├── info
│   └── exclude
├── logs
│   ├── HEAD
│   ├── refs
│   │   └── heads
│   └── master
├── objects
│   ├── ac
│   │   └── 0cb0134d31cdbb53cfac4f4772ddffe9bc89ca0
│   ├── e6
│   │   └── 9de29bb2d1d6434b8b29ae775ad8c2e48c5391
│   ├── fc
│   │   └── b545d5746547a597811b7441ed8eba307be1ff
│   ├── info
│   └── pack
├── refs
│   ├── heads
│   │   └── master
│   └── tags
└── hello.txt
```

# After add some file

\$tree -a

```
.git
├── COMMIT_EDITMSG
├── HEAD
├── branches
├── config
├── description
├── hooks
│   ├── applypatch-msg.sample
│   ├── commit-msg.sample
│   ├── post-update.sample
│   ├── pre-applypatch.sample
│   ├── pre-commit.sample
│   ├── pre-push.sample
│   ├── pre-rebase.sample
│   ├── prepare-commit-msg.sample
│   └── update.sample
├── index
├── info
│   └── exclude
├── logs
│   ├── HEAD
│   └── refs
│       └── heads
│           └── master
├── objects
│   ├── ac
│   │   └── 0cb0134d31cdbb53cfac4f4772ddffe89ca0
│   ├── e6
│   │   └── 9de29bb2d1d6434b8b29ae775ad8c2e48c5391
│   ├── fc
│   │   └── b545d5746547a597811b7441ed8eba307be1ff
│   └── info
├── refs
│   ├── heads
│   │   └── master
│   └── tags
└── hello.txt
```

# Clone repository

---

```
$git clone git@github.com:github-sprint3r/training.git
```

```
Cloning into 'training'...
remote: Counting objects: 3, done.
remote: Total 3 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0)
Receiving objects: 100% (3/3), done.
Checking connectivity... done.
```

```
$cd training
```

```
$ls -la
```

```
total 8
drwxr-xr-x  4 spock staff 136 Jun  5 13:52 .
drwxr-xr-x  9 spock staff 306 Jun  5 13:53 ..
drwxr-xr-x 13 spock staff 442 Jun  5 13:52 .git
-rw-r--r--  1 spock staff  18 Jun  5 13:52 README.md
```

# Basic workflow

---

1. Edit files
2. Stage the changes
3. Review your changes
4. Commit the changes

folder ที่ทำงานอยู่

**working directory**

**index**

สถานะรอการ  
พิจารณา

**repository**

ฐานข้อมูล

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# 1. Edit files

---

Edit file hello.txt

\$git status

On branch master

Changes not staged for commit

(use "git add <file>..." to update what will be committed)

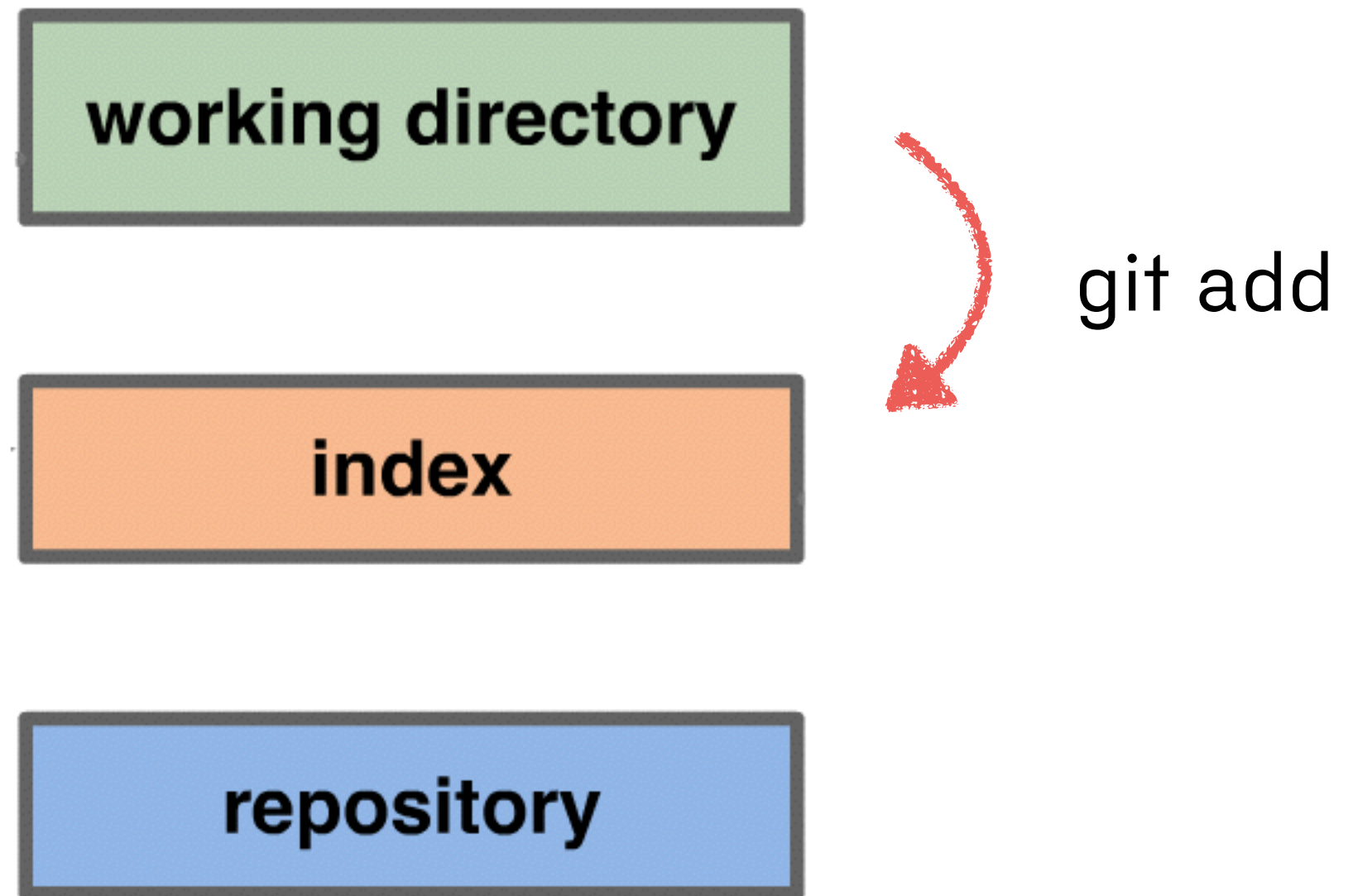
(use "git checkout -- <file>..." to discard changes in working directory)

modified: hello.txt

no changes added to commit (use "git add" and/or "git commit -a")

## 2. Stage the changes

---



## 2. Stage the changes

---

```
$git add hello.txt
```

```
$git status
```

```
On branch master
```

```
Changes to be committed:
```

```
(use "git reset HEAD <file>..." to unstage)
```

```
modified:   hello.txt
```

สถานะรอการ  
พิจารณา

# 3. Review your changes

---

\$git status

You have to stage a file

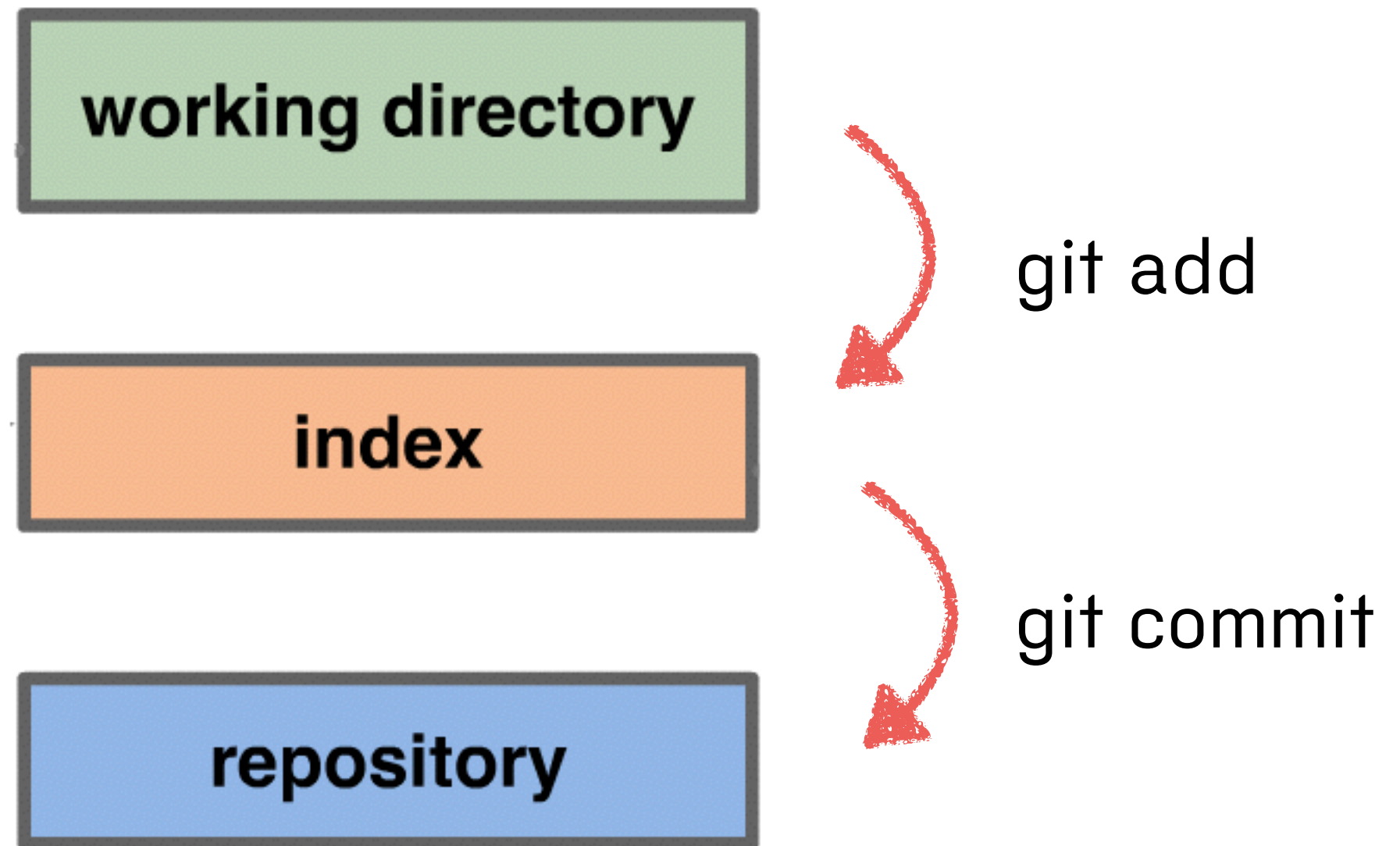
**AFTER** you edit it



สำคัญมาก

## 4. Commit the changes

---



## 4. Commit the changes

---

\$git commit -m "Update hello file"

```
[master 5c319f1] Update hello file
1 file changed, 1 insertion(+)
```

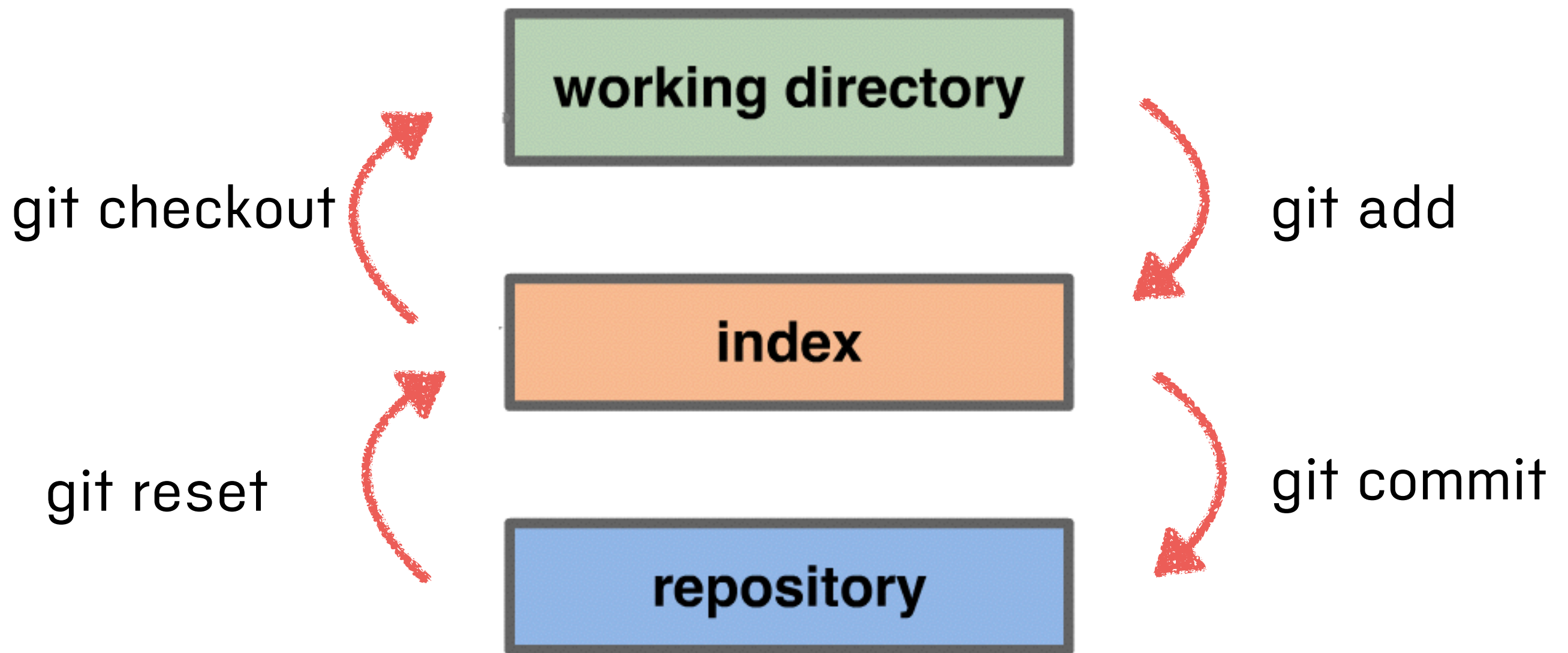
\$git status

```
On branch master
nothing to commit, working directory clean
```

# Basic workflow

---

1. Edit files
2. Stage the changes => **git add**
3. Review your changes => **git status**
4. Commit the changes => **git commit**





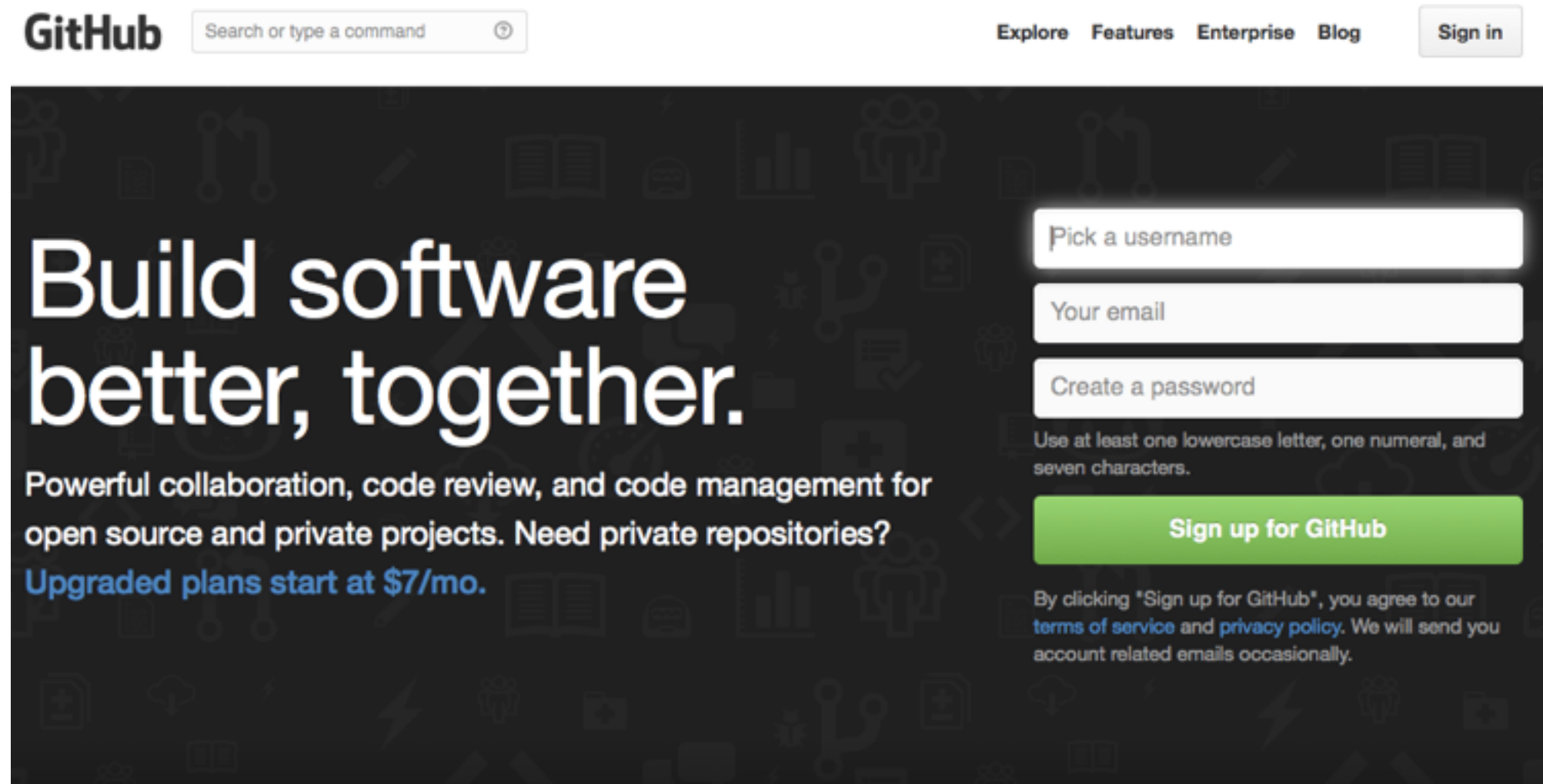
# Working with github.com

ใช้งานร่วมกับ github

# Register account

---

www.github.com

A screenshot of the GitHub website's registration page. The top navigation bar includes the GitHub logo, a search bar with the placeholder text "Search or type a command", and links for "Explore", "Features", "Enterprise", "Blog", and a "Sign in" button. The main content area has a dark background with a pattern of faint icons. On the left, the text "Build software better, together." is prominently displayed in white, followed by "Powerful collaboration, code review, and code management for open source and private projects. Need private repositories? Upgraded plans start at \$7/mo." in a smaller font. On the right, there is a registration form with three input fields: "Pick a username", "Your email", and "Create a password". Below the password field, a note states: "Use at least one lowercase letter, one numeral, and seven characters." A green button labeled "Sign up for GitHub" is positioned below the form. At the bottom of the form area, a disclaimer reads: "By clicking 'Sign up for GitHub', you agree to our terms of service and privacy policy. We will send you account related emails occasionally." data-bbox="128 259 862 756"/>

GitHub

Search or type a command

Explore Features Enterprise Blog Sign in

## Build software better, together.

Powerful collaboration, code review, and code management for open source and private projects. Need private repositories? Upgraded plans start at \$7/mo.

Pick a username

Your email

Create a password

Use at least one lowercase letter, one numeral, and seven characters.

Sign up for GitHub

By clicking "Sign up for GitHub", you agree to our [terms of service](#) and [privacy policy](#). We will send you account related emails occasionally.

## Why you'll love GitHub.

Powerful features to make software development more collaborative.

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# Generate ssh key

---

```
$ssh-keygen -t rsa -C "email@example.com"
```

Go home's user folder

```
$cd .ssh
```

is.rsa

is.rsa.pub

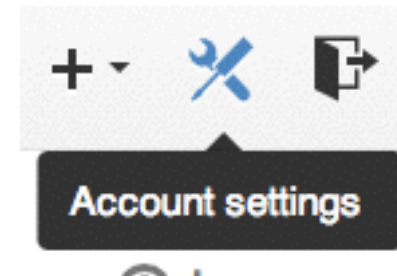


private และ public key

# Add your ssh key to github.com

---

1. Go to account setting



2. Choose SSH Keys tab and Add SSH Key

# Add your ssh key to github.com

## 2. Choose SSH Keys tab and Add SSH Key

Need help? Check out our guide to [generating SSH keys](#) or troubleshoot [common SSH Problems](#)

**SSH Keys** [Add SSH key](#)

This is a list of SSH keys associated with your account. Remove any keys that you do not recognize.

There are no SSH keys with access to your account.

**Add an SSH Key**

Title

Key

[Add key](#)

**ชื่อของ key**

**ข้อมูลของ public key**

**SPRINT3R**

# Test drive with github.com

---

```
$ssh -T git@github.com
```

Hi **up1**! You've successfully authenticated, but GitHub does not provide shell access.

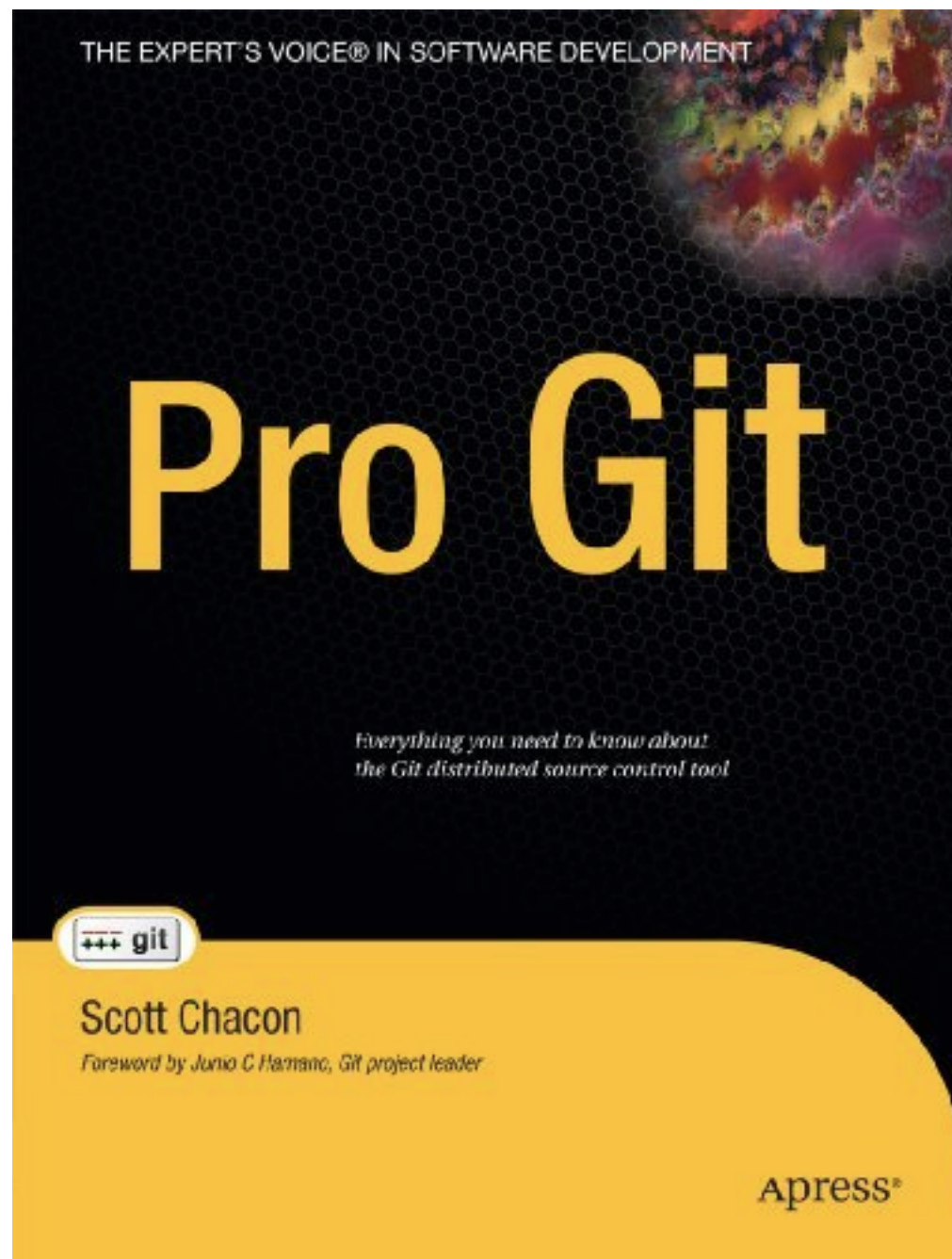
ชื่อ account ของ github.com

# Resources

แหล่งความรู้ที่น่าสนใจ







Pro Git Book

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# Git Reference



gitref.org

[Reference](#) [About](#) [§](#) [Site Source](#)

## Getting and Creating Projects

- `init`
- `clone`

## Basic Snapshotting

- `add`
- `status`
- `diff`
- `commit`
- `reset`
- `rm, mv`
- `stash`

## Branching and Merging

- `branch`
- `checkout`
- `merge`
- `log`
- `tag`

## INTRODUCTION TO THE GIT REFERENCE

This is the Git reference site. It is meant to be a quick reference for learning and remembering the most important Git commands. The commands are organized into sections of the type of operation you may be trying to do, and will present the common commands for each type of operation.

Each section will link to the next section, so it can be used as a tutorial. Every page will also link to more in-depth and relevant sections in the **Pro Git book**, so you can learn more about any of the commands. First, we'll see what Git does.

## HOW TO THINK LIKE GIT

The first important thing to understand about Git is that it thinks about version control very differently than Subversion. It is often easier to learn Git by trying to forget your assumptions about how version control works and trying to think like Git.

Let's start from scratch. Assume you are designing a new source code management system. How did you save your project directory? Chances are that you simply copied your project directory to save what it looked like at that point.

```
$ cp -R project project.bak
```