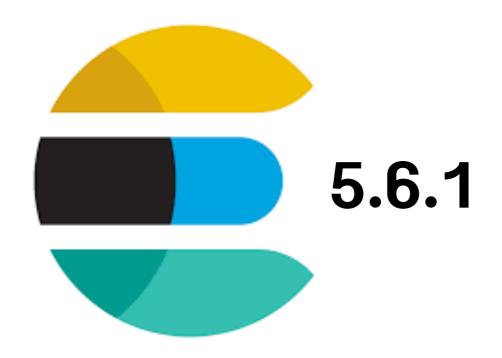
Scale Out





How much data can Elasticsearch index handle?



<= 2.1 billion documents <= 274 billion distinct term

https://lucene.apache.org/core/4_9_0/core/org/apache/lucene/codecs/lucene49/package-summary.html#Limitations



Add nodes to cluster



Benefits

High availability
Increase performance



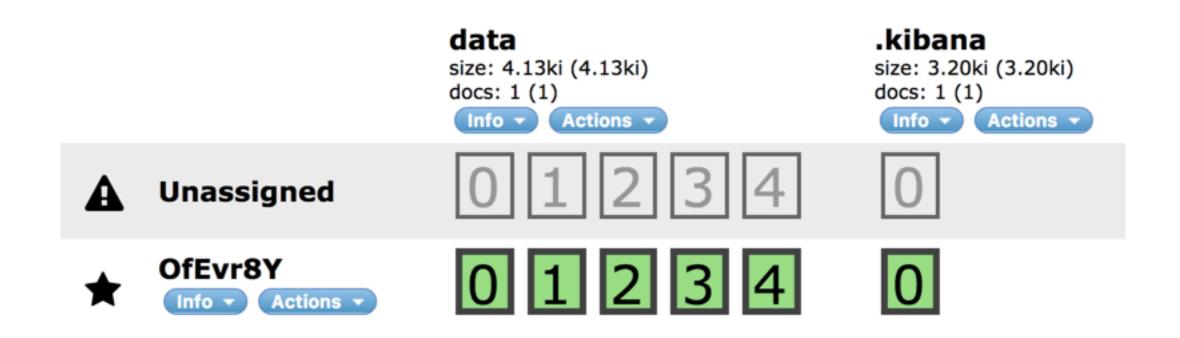
Cluster Health

http://localhost:9200/_cluster/health

```
cluster name: "elasticsearch",
   status: "yellow",
   timed out: false,
   number of nodes: 1,
   number_of_data_nodes: 1,
   active primary shards: 6,
   active shards: 6,
   relocating shards: 0,
   initializing_shards: 0,
   unassigned shards: 6,
   delayed_unassigned_shards: 6,
   number_of_pending_tasks: 0,
   number_of_in_flight_fetch: 0,
   task_max_waiting_in_queue_millis: 0,
   active shards percent as number: 50
}
```



Cluster Health





Single Node

\$./bin/elasticsearch



Single Node

Change configuration in elasticsearc.yml

node.max_local_storage_nodes: 2

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modules-node.html



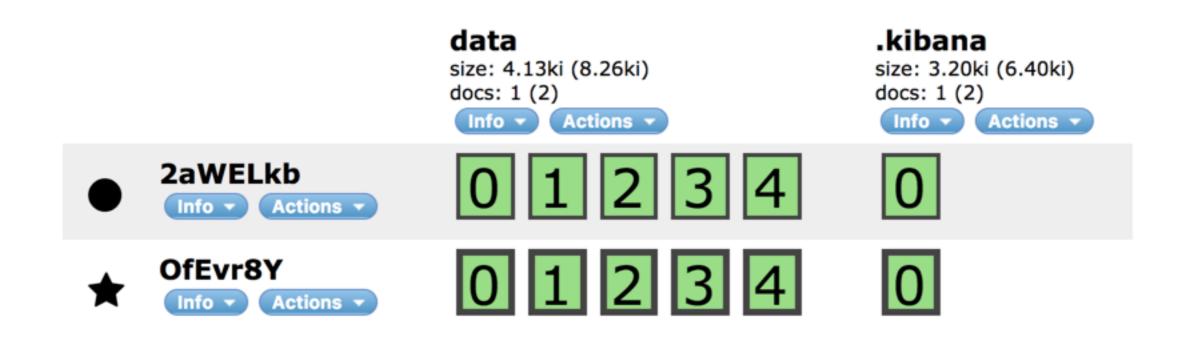
Cluster Health

http://localhost:9200/_cluster/health

```
cluster_name: "elasticsearch",
   status: "green",
   timed out: false,
   number_of_nodes: 2,
   number_of_data_nodes: 2,
   active_primary_shards: 6,
   active_shards: 12,
   relocating shards: 0,
   initializing shards: 0,
   unassigned shards: 0,
   delayed unassigned shards: 0,
   number_of_pending_tasks: 0,
   number_of_in_flight_fetch: 0,
   task max waiting in queue millis: 0,
   active shards percent as number: 100
}
```



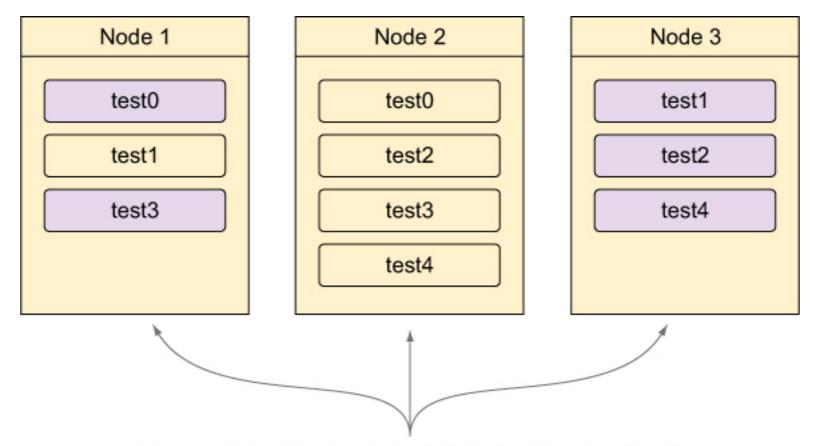
Cluster Health





Add more node!!

\$./bin/elasticsearch







Start new node with config

\$./bin/elasticsearch \
-Epath.conf=/Users/somkiat/node01

```
cluster.name: your_cluster_name
node.name: node02
node.master: false
node.data: true
node.ingest: false
path.data: /config/path/node02
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/settings.html



Zen Discovery



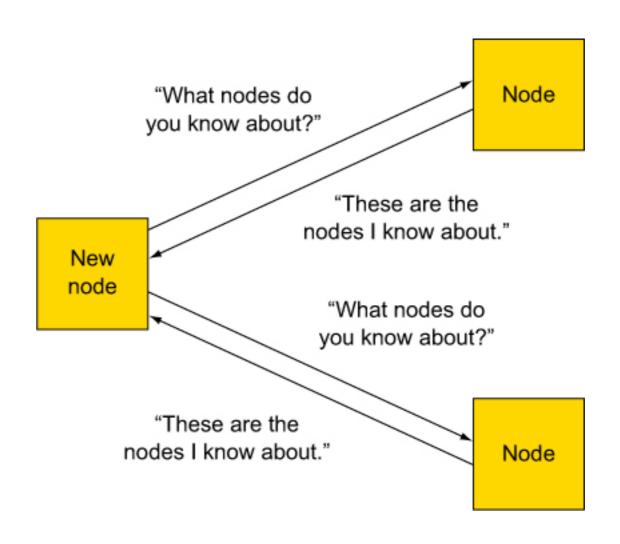
Discovery method

Unicast discovery (default)
Multicast discovery (plugin)



Unicast discovery

Use a list of hosts for Elasticsearch





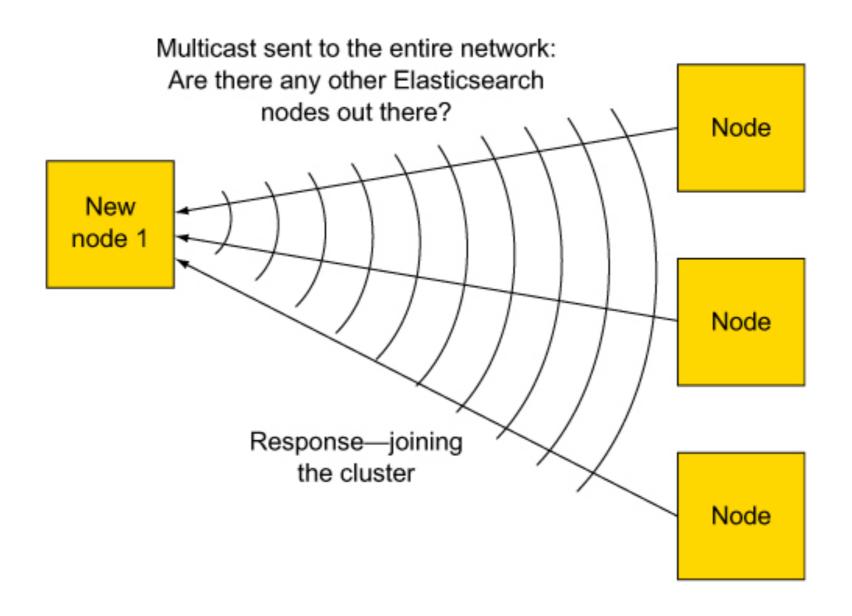
Unicast discovery

Change config in elasticsearch

discovery.zen.ping.unicast.hosts: ["10.0.0.3", "10.0.0.4:9300", "10.0.0.5[9300-9400]"]



Multicast discovery





Master election

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modules-discovery-zen.html#master-election



Master node

Manage the state of cluster

Settings

State of shards, indices and nodes

node.master: true



Master election

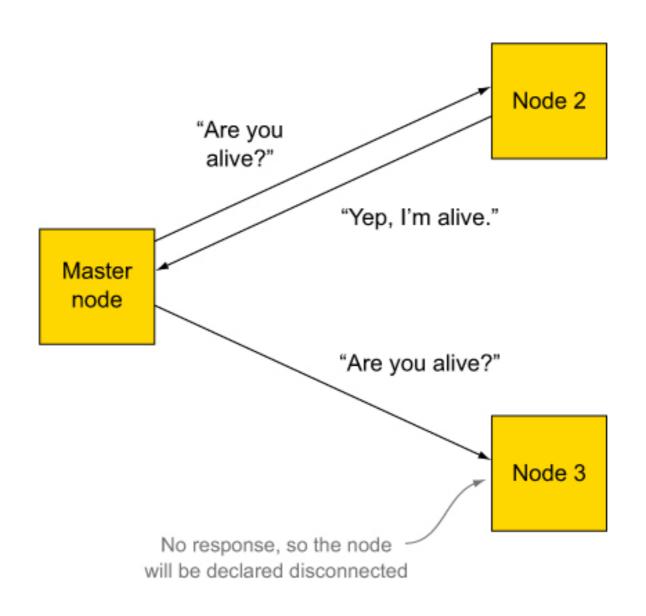
discovery.zen.ping_timeout: 3s

discovery.zen.join_timeout: 20



Fault detection

Default is 1 seconds





Fault detection

discovery.zen.fd.ping_interval: 1s discovery.zen.fd.ping_timeout: 30s discovery.zen.fd.ping_retries: 3



In production cluster

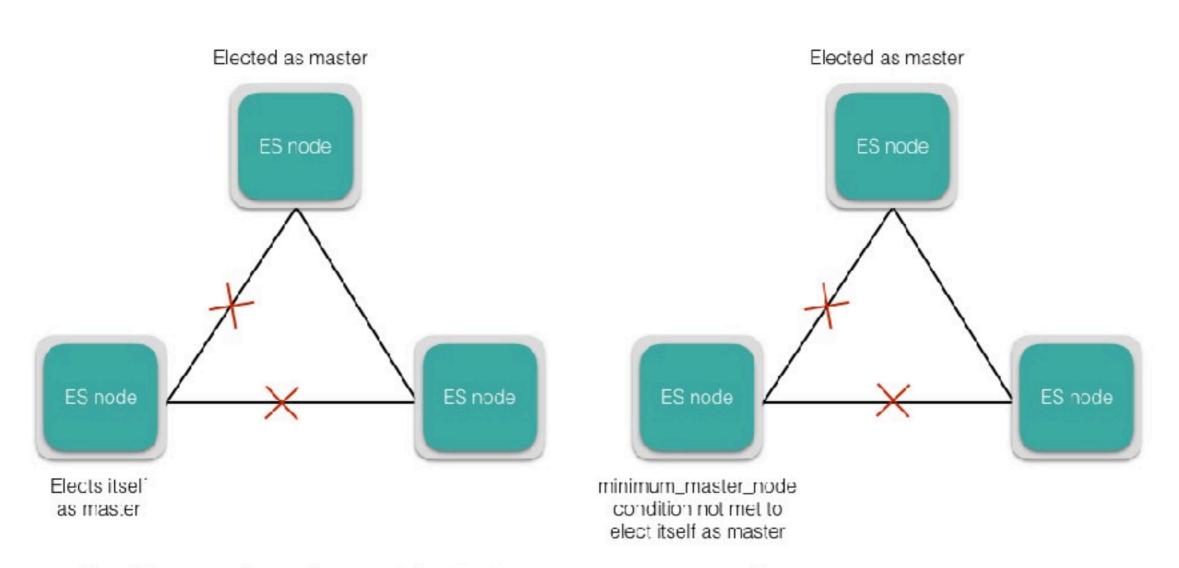
Need to set the minimum number of master node (number of nodes / 2) + 1

> 1 to prevent the split brain problem

discovery.zen.minimum_master_nodes: 2



Split brain



a. minimum_master_nodes property is not set

D. minimum_master_nodes: 2



Get information of nodes in cluster

http://localhost:9200/_cluster/state/master_node,nodes

```
cluster_name: "elasticsearch",
master node: "OfEvr8Y6TXGVM93q3z5uyg",
 - 2aWELkbBRdWIC4fIKToFRw: {
       name: "2aWELkb",
       ephemeral_id: "p_-TNriIRk6MIvIHLf3ylw",
       transport address: "127.0.0.1:9301",
       attributes: { }
 - OfEvr8Y6TXGVM93q3z5uyg: {
       name: "OfEvr8Y",
       ephemeral_id: "5mGoqywDRWiIR-xCllgm4g",
       transport_address: "127.0.0.1:9300",
       attributes: { }
```



Get information of nodes in cluster

http://localhost:9200/_cluster/state/master_node,nodes

```
cluster_name: "elasticsearch",
master node: "OfEvr8Y6TXGVM93g3z5uyg",
nodes: {
  - 2aWELkbBRdWIC4fIKToFRw: {
       name: "2aWELkb",
       ephemeral_id: "p -TNriIRk6MIvIHLf3ylw",
       transport address: "127.0.0.1:9301",
       attributes: { }
   OfEvr8Y6TXGVM93q3z5uyg: {
       name: "OfEvr8Y",
       ephemeral_id: "5mGoqywDRWiIR-xCllgm4g",
       transport_address: "127.0.0.1:9300",
       attributes: { }
```



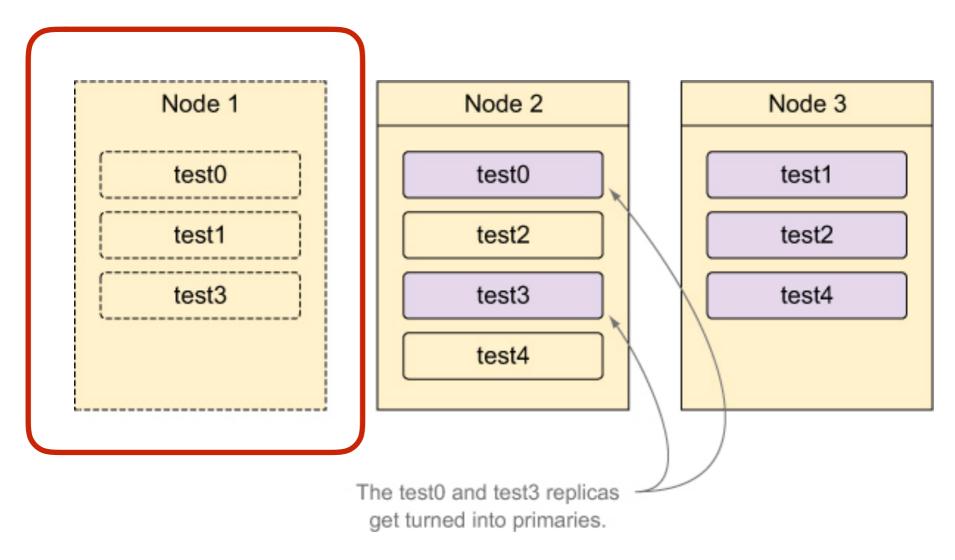
Remove nodes from cluster

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/5.6/modules-cluster.html



What happen when a node drop?

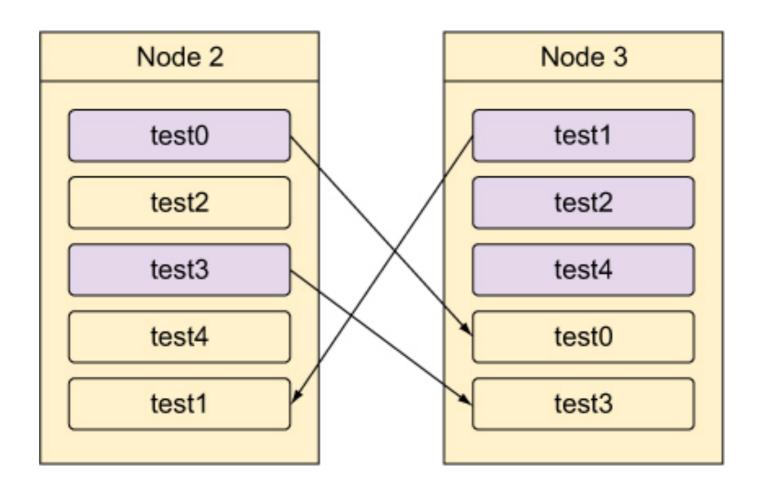
Drop/Stop/Remove node from cluster



replica = 1



After remove node 1





Remove node before shutdown

By _name, _ip, _host

```
PUT _cluster/settings
{
    "transient" : {
        "cluster.routing.allocation.exclude._ip" : "10.0.0.1"
     }
}
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/allocation-filtering.html



Monitoring for bottlenecks



Elasticsearch provides APIs

Memory consumption
Node membership
Shard distribution
I/O performance



Check cluster health

http://localhost:9200/_cluster/health

```
cluster_name: "elasticsearch",
status: "green",
timed_out: false,
number_of_nodes: 2,
number_of_data_nodes: 2,
active_primary_shards: 6,
active_shards: 12,
relocating shards: 0,
initializing_shards: 0,
unassigned_shards: 0,
delayed_unassigned_shards: 0,
number_of_pending_tasks: 0,
number_of_in_flight_fetch: 0,
task_max_waiting_in_queue_millis: 0,
active_shards_percent_as_number: 100
```



Status mean Cluster performance

Green Yellow Red



Green

Primary and replica shards are fully functional and distributed



Yellow

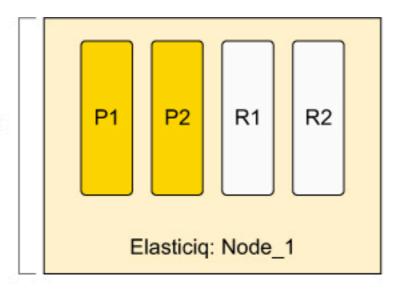
Missing replica shards
Cluster unstable
Lead to data loss
Some nodes aren't initialized



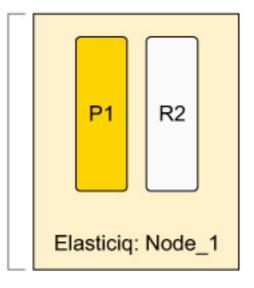


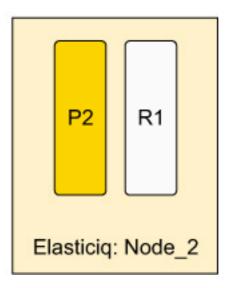
Making node accessible

Yellow status: Single-node cluster with all shards confined to one node



Green status: New node added, causing even distribution of replicas







Red

Critical state of cluster
Primary shard in the cluster not found
Prohibiting indexing operation
Lead to inconsistency query result
Some nodes aren missing in cluster



Check cluster health

http://localhost:9200/_cluster/health

```
cluster_name: "elasticsearch",
status: "green",
timed_out: false,
number_of_nodes: 2,
number_of_data_nodes: 2,
active_primary_shards: 6,
active_shards: 12,
relocating shards: 0,
initializing_shards: 0,
unassigned_shards: 0,
delayed_unassigned_shards: 0,
number_of_pending_tasks: 0,
number_of_in_flight_fetch: 0,
task_max_waiting_in_queue_millis: 0,
active_shards_percent_as_number: 100
```



Relocating_shards

Moving shards of data across the cluster to improve balance and failover

Occur when add new node, restart/remove node



Initializing_shards

Occur when created a new index or restarted a node



Unassigned_shards

Occur when unassigned replica



Check cluster health

Task APIs (_tasks)

```
cluster name: "elasticsearch",
   status: "green",
   timed out: false,
   number_of_nodes: 2,
   number_of_data_nodes: 2,
   active_primary_shards: 6,
   active shards: 12,
   relocating shards: 0,
   initializing_shards: 0,
   unassigned_shards: 0,
   delayed unassigned shards: 0,
   number_of_pending_tasks: 0,
   number_of_in_flight_fetch: 0,
   task_max_waiting_in_queue_millis: 0,
   active_shards_percent_as_number: 100
}
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-pending.html



Slow log

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/index-modules-slowlog.html



Slow log

Slow search log (query/fetch)
Slow index log

Disable by default!!



Enable Slow log

```
PUT /sample/_settings
{
    "index.search.slowlog.threshold.query.warn": "0s",
    "index.search.slowlog.threshold.fetch.warn": "0s",
    "index.indexing.slowlog.threshold.index.warn": "0s"
}
```

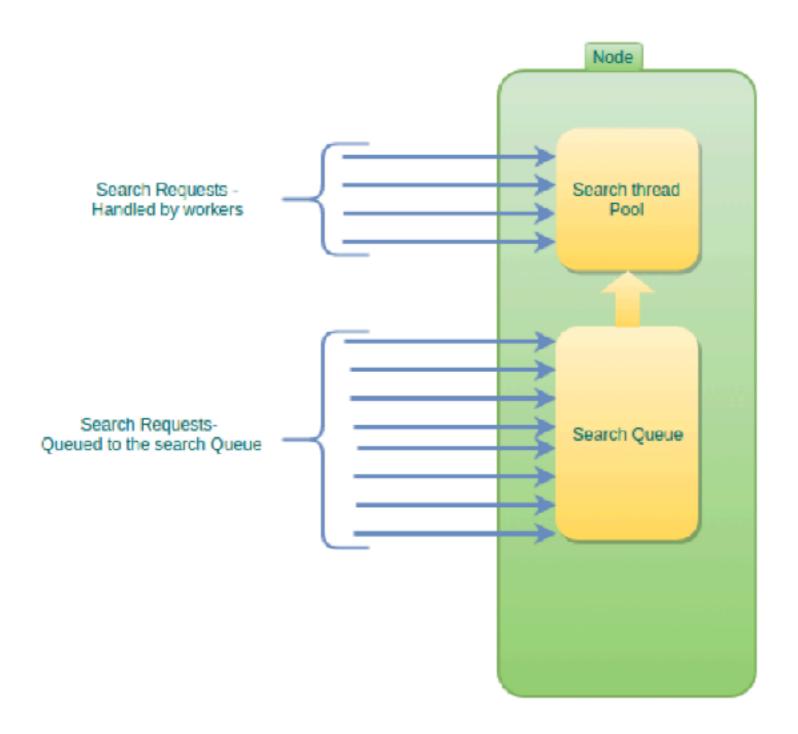


Thread pool of cluster

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modules-threadpool.html



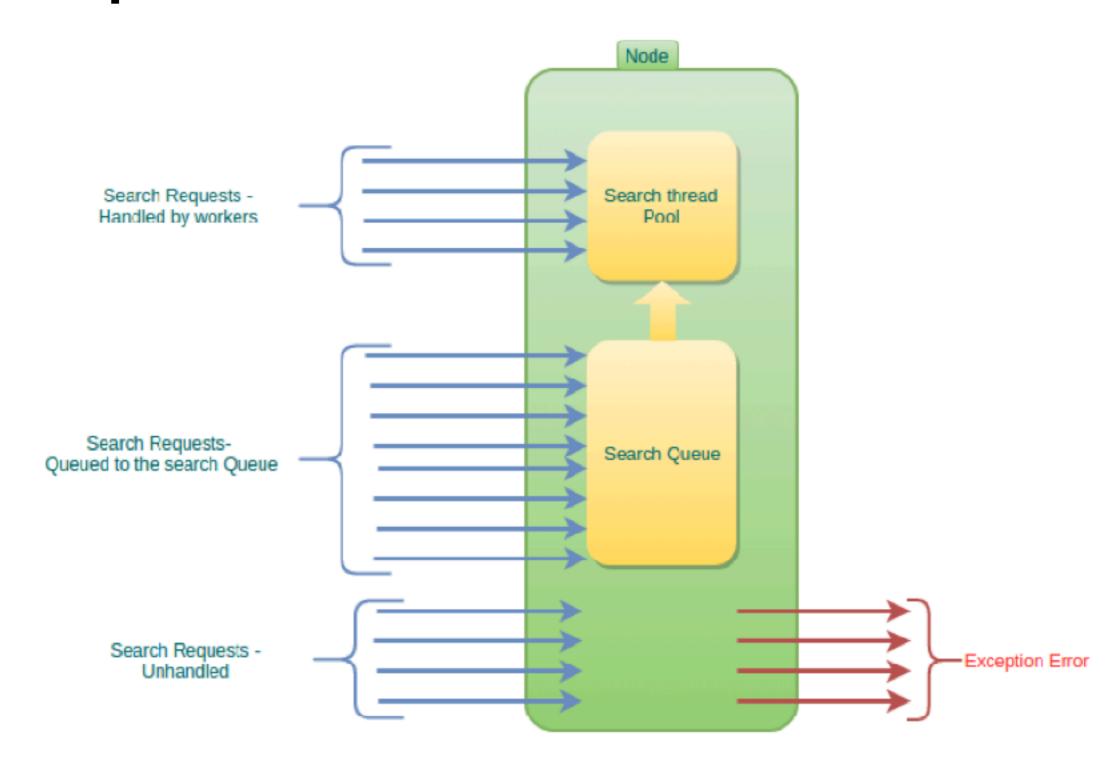
Thread pool



https://qbox.io/blog/thread-pools-elasticsearch-search-request-errors



Request exceed limit!!



https://qbox.io/blog/thread-pools-elasticsearch-search-request-errors



Solution

Increase the size of thread pool Increase the size of search pool Increase the nodes and replicas



Using _cat API



_cat APIs provides

Diagnostic and debugging tool

Print data in a more human-readable

http://localhost:9200/_cat/..?v



_cat APIs provides

```
/ cat/allocation
/ cat/shards
/ cat/shards/{index}
/ cat/master
/ cat/nodes
/ cat/tasks
/ cat/indices
/ cat/indices/{index}
/ cat/segments
/ cat/segments/{index}
/ cat/count
/ cat/count/{index}
/ cat/recovery
/_cat/recovery/{index}
/ cat/health
/_cat/pending_tasks
/ cat/aliases
/ cat/aliases/{alias}
/ cat/thread pool
/ cat/thread pool/{thread pools}
/_cat/plugins
/ cat/fielddata
/ cat/fielddata/{fields}
/ cat/nodeattrs
/ cat/repositories
/ cat/snapshots/{repository}
/ cat/templates
```



_cat APIs provides

Name	Description
allocation	Number of shards allocated to each node
count	Number on of documents
health	Health of the the cluster
indices	Information of indices
master	Current elected master node
nodes	Information of all nodes in the cluster
recovery	Status of ongoing shard recoveries in the cluster
shards	Display count, size and names of shards in the cluster



Planning to scaling strategies



Strategies on production

Over-sharding
Split data between indices and shards
Maximize throughput



Over-shading

Create a larger number of shards for an index Each shard requires a number of file descriptor Memory overhead



Number of sharing?

No perfect shard-to-index ratio for all use case Elasticsearch picks a good default = 5 Memory overhead



Split data in to indices



Maximize throughput



Maximize throughput?

Indexing throughput Search faster



Receive many of data?

How to indexing data as fast as possible?

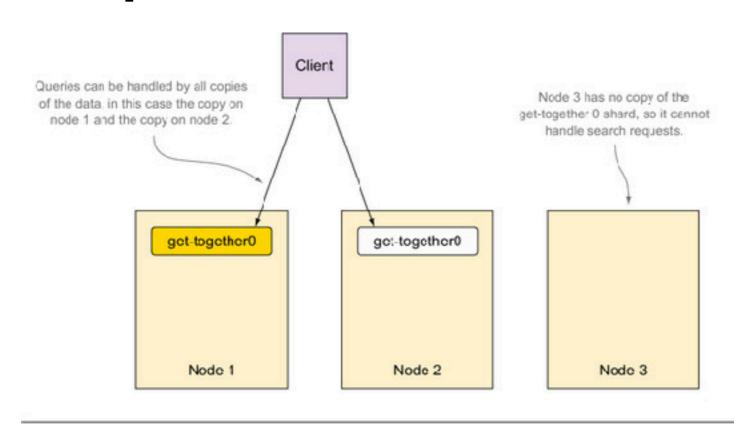


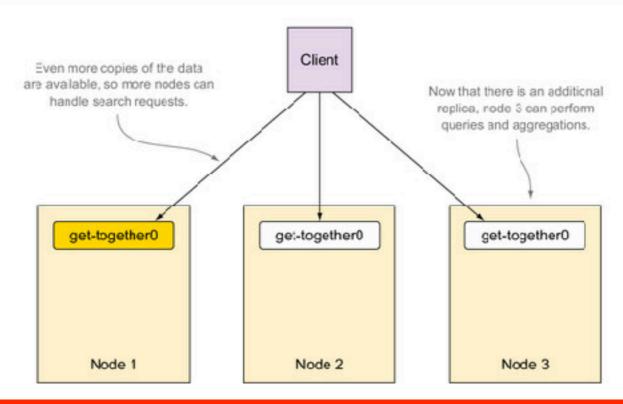
Receive many of data?

Temporary reduce the number of replica (= 0 if you're OK with the risk)



Replica for search







More query?

add new node with

node.master: false

node.data: false



Alias and custom routing



Default Shard of document

shard_num = hash(id) % num_primary_shards

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/MurmurHash



Default Routing

shard_num = hash(_routing) % num_primary_shards

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/mapping-routing-field.html



Using _routing

```
PUT my_index/my_type/1?routing=user1
{
    "title": "This is a document"
}
```

GET my_index/my_type/1?routing=user1

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/mapping-routing-field.html



Improve performance



Use cases?

Application complexity
Indexing speed for search speed
Memory

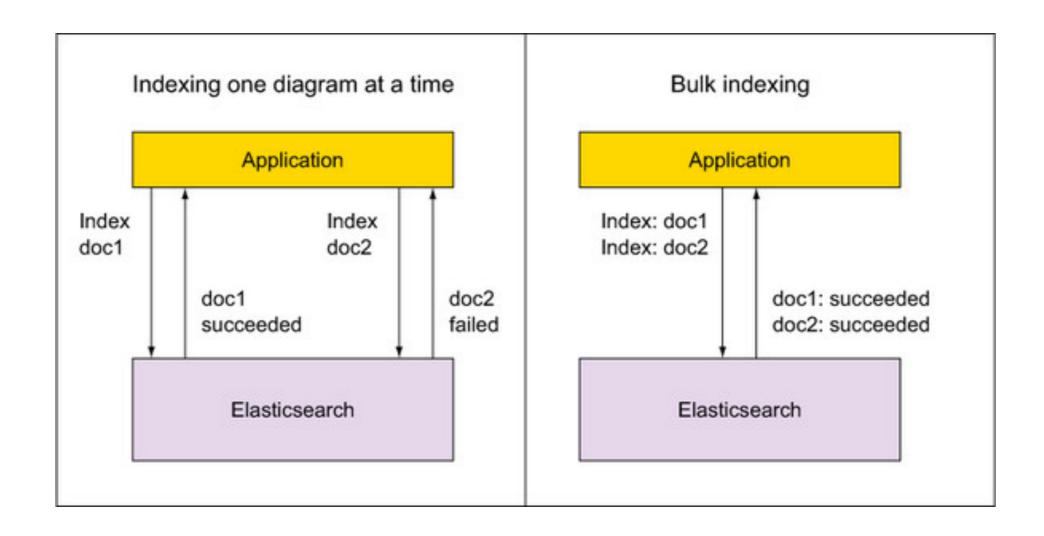


Grouping request

Bulk indexing, updating and deleting Multiple search and get

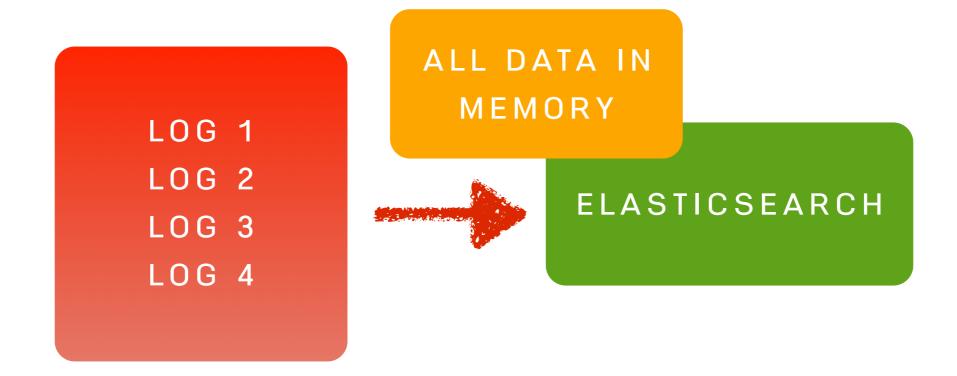


improve speed 20-40%





Size of data?



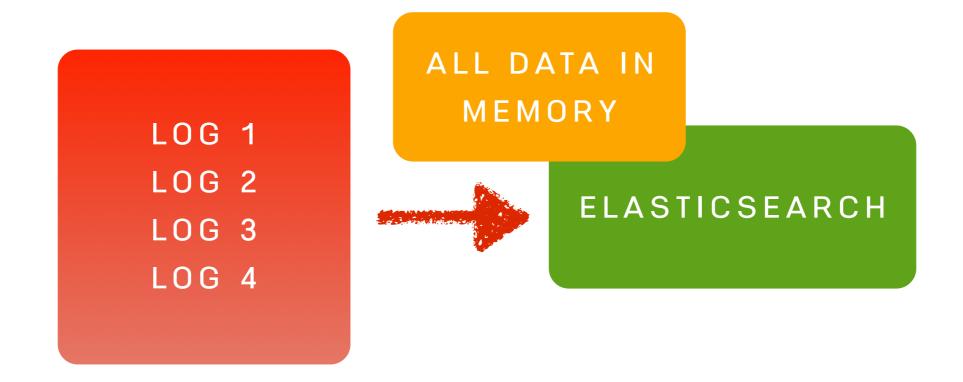


Depend on your application and use cases





Recommend is 5-15 MB





Multiple search and get

Reduce network latency Better for search and get data

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-multi-search.html

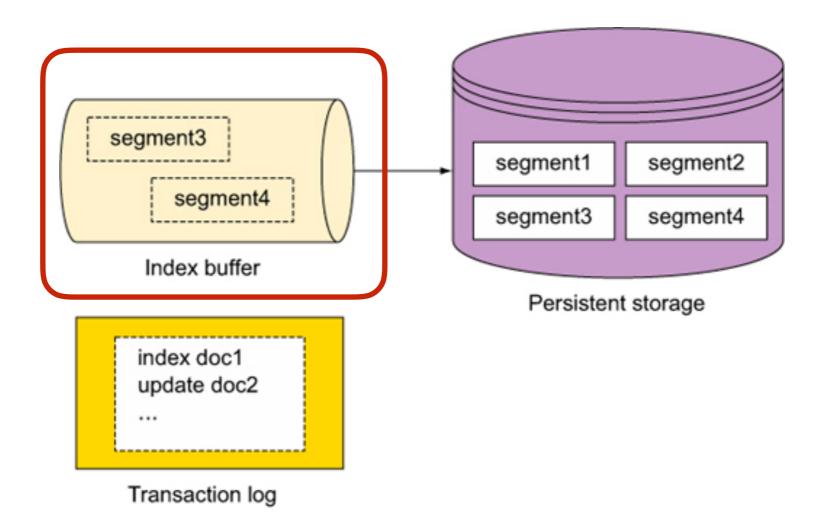


Optimizing the handling of Lucene segment



Refresh

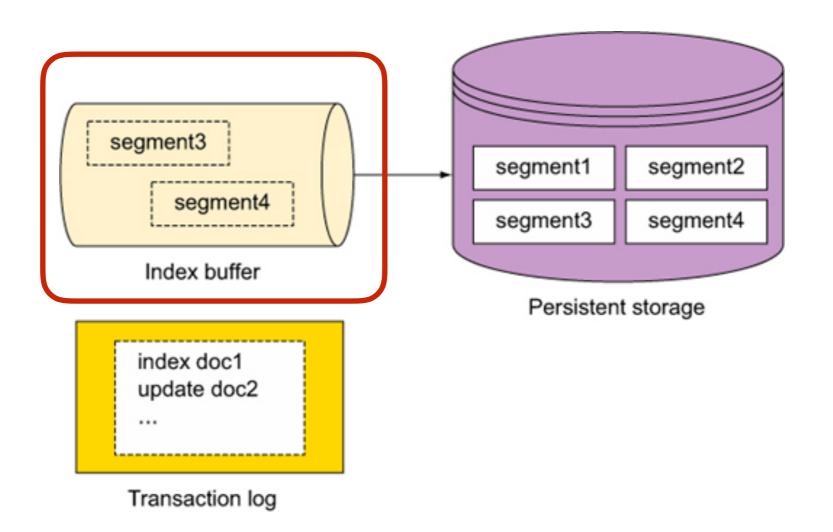
You can search a newly indexed data





Refresh

refresh_interval and _refresh



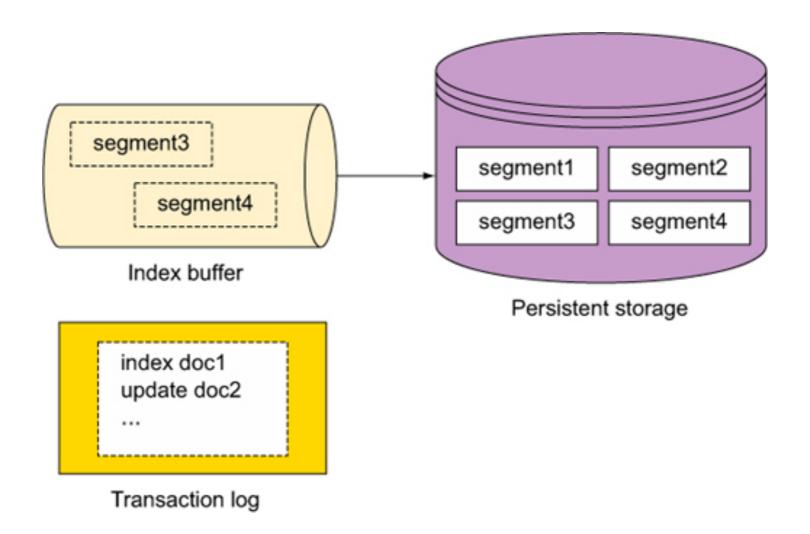


Refresh every second!!

Some caches will be invalidated
Slow down search
Slow down indexing
Reopen some process that need by itself!!

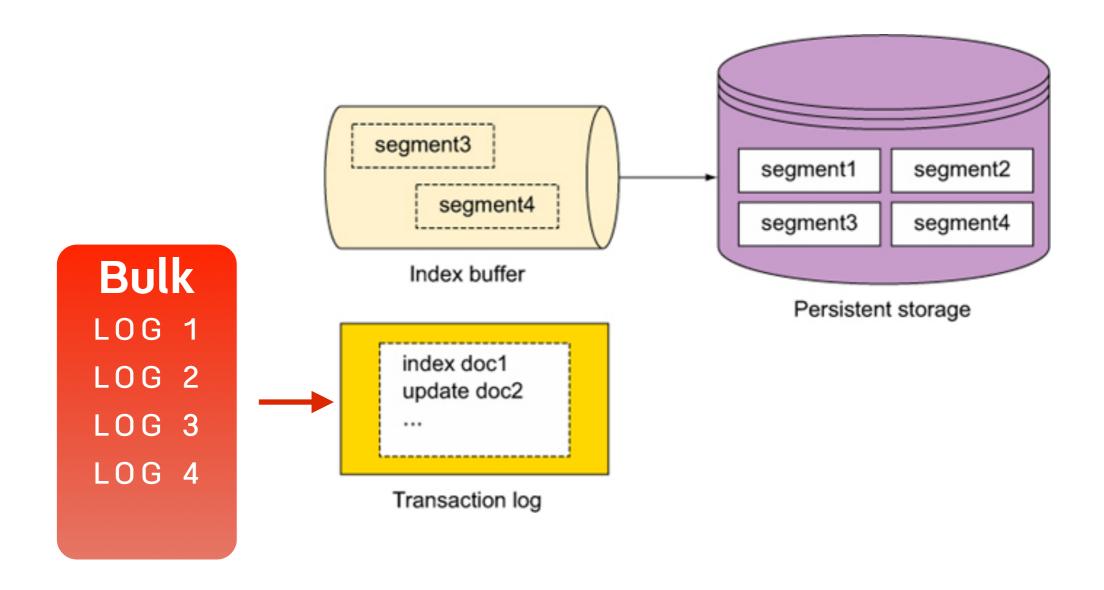


Memory to Disk?





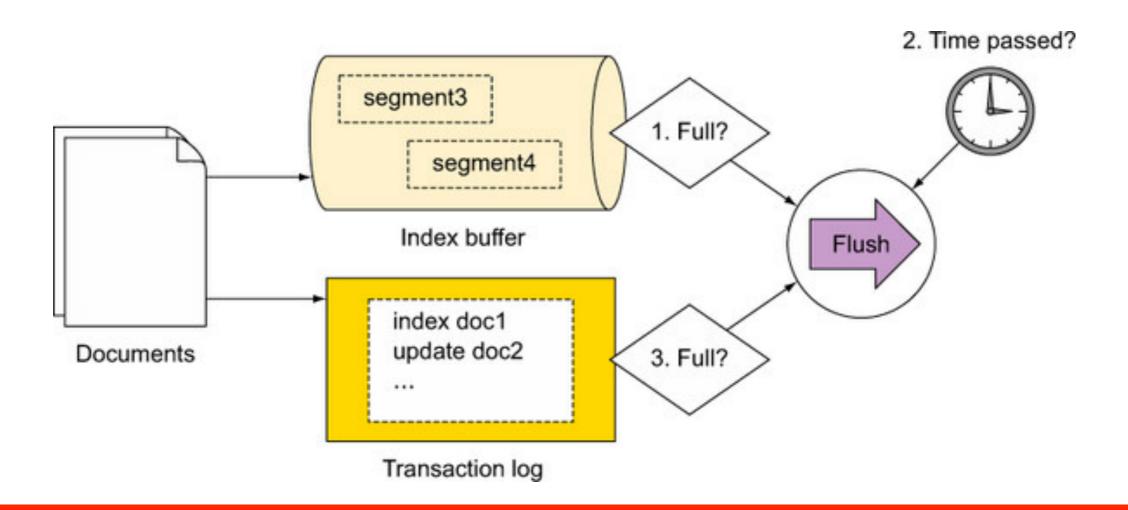
Memory to Disk?





Flush is triggered

Memory buffer is full
Time passed
Transaction log hit a size threshold





Index buffer size

indices.memory.index_buffer_size: 10%

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indexing-buffer.html



Transaction log threshold size

index.translog.durability: request index.translog.sync_interval: 5s

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/index-modules-translog.html



Resources

