Step 1: Load Dataset We loaded GSE2034_series_matrix.txt (expression matrix) from GEO database. df = pd.read_csv(...) -> Reads the expression matrix file into a DataFrame. Step 2: Data Cleaning _____ df = df.apply(pd.to_numeric, errors='coerce') -> Converts all values to numeric, replaces non-numeric with NaN. df = df.dropna(how='all') -> Drops any gene rows that are completely empty. Step 3: Boolean Conversion gene_means = df.mean(axis=1) -> Calculates mean expression of each gene across all samples. boolean_df = df.gt(gene_means, axis=0).astype(int) -> For each gene/sample: If expression > mean: mark as ON (1) Else: mark as OFF (0) Step 4: Extract Metadata (Bone Relapse Status) Extracted bone relapse labels from annotation line: - 1 = Relapse YES - 0 = Relapse NO Mapped samples to relapse status using boolean_df column names. Step 5: Calculate ON Percentage on_in_yes = boolean_df[relapse_yes_samples].sum(axis=1) / len(relapse_yes_samples) on_in_no = boolean_df[relapse_no_samples].sum(axis=1) / len(relapse_no_samples) -> Calculates % of patients where gene is ON in each group. Step 6: Select Boolean Marker Genes

Boolean Analysis of Gene Expression Project (Code Explanation)

marker_mask = (on_in_yes >= 0.6) & (on_in_no <= 0.4)

-> Selects genes ON in >=60% relapse samples AND OFF in <=40% non-relapse samples.

marker_genes = boolean_df.loc[marker_mask]

-> Creates DataFrame of selected marker genes.

Step 7: Map Probe IDs to Gene Symbols

mygene used to map Affymetrix probe IDs (e.g., 1007_s_at) to official gene names (e.g., DDR1).

Step 8: Pathway Enrichment

enr = enrichr(...)

- -> Runs pathway enrichment (KEGG, GO) on gene list using gseapy.
- -> Outputs biological pathways linked to your marker genes.

Conclusion

This pipeline converts raw gene expression into a simple binary ON/OFF matrix, compares groups, finds relapse-associated genes, and links them to known pathways.