## **Advanced Networking on Cloud**

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#### Agenda

- Introduction
- Evolution of network topologies
- AWS VPN
- VPC Peering
- Transit Gateway

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#### Introduction

- Company networks are complex
  - They many involve hybrid scenarios
  - Employees working from home
  - $\triangleleft$
- The network needs to adapt to diverse business needs
- Often networks have complex routing policies

#### Introduction

- Public cloud providers offer predefined networking solutions to ease adoption
- Configuration automation
- With ease of use
- Simple yet powerful to guarantee easy transition to cloud

## Agenda

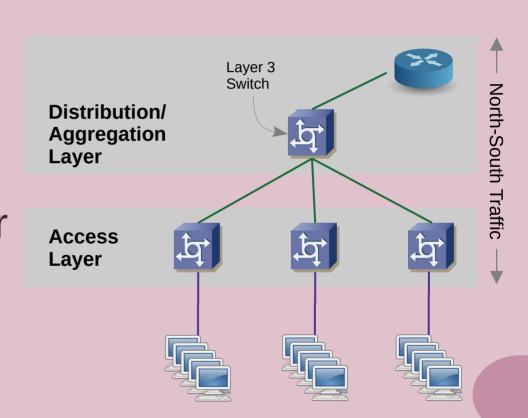
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#### **Legacy Topologies**

- 2-Tier topology
- 3-Tier topology
- Spine-Leaf topology

# 2-Tier Topology

- Easy and cheap topology
- Single point of failure on the distribution layer
- Good for in/out traffic on the data-center



# **3-Tier Topology**

- More complex and expensive
- Better reliability through redundancy
- Uses spanning tree protocol

Laver 3 Switch Distribution **East-West Traffic** 

North-South Traffic

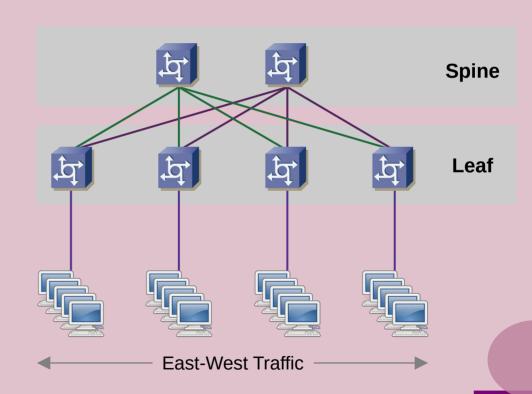
Core Layer

Layer

Access Layer

## **Spine-Leaf Topology**

- Good Scalability
- Good compromise
- Uses SBP or TRILL and ECMP
- Normally Speed Ratio of 3:1



#### **Cloud Topologies**

Which is the goal of topologies in the cloud?



#### **Cloud Topologies**

Which is the goal of topologies in the cloud?

- Interconnect various VPC
- Interconnect various Regions
- Allow hybrid deployments
- $\triangleleft$

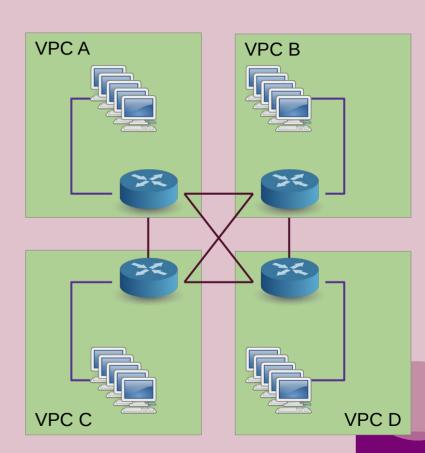


#### **Cloud Topologies**

- Full-Mesh
- Partial-Mesh
- Hub-Spoke

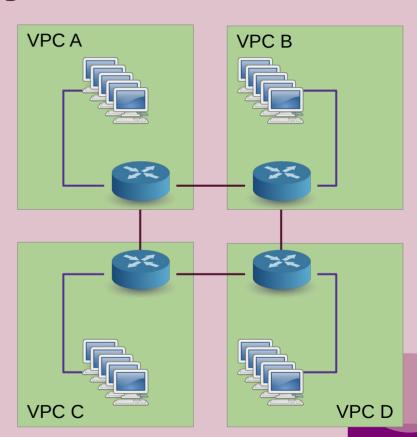
# **Full-Mesh Topology**

- Allows the interconnection among all VPC
- Consistent number of hops to get to the destination
- Costly to maintain (n − 1)
- Security policies are tricky



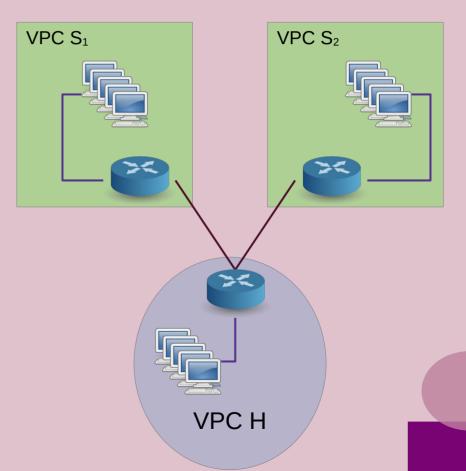
#### **Partial-Mesh Topology**

- Easier to maintain
- Variable number of hops to get to the destination
- Complicated routing tables
- Security policies are tricky



# **Hub and Spoke (Star) Topology**

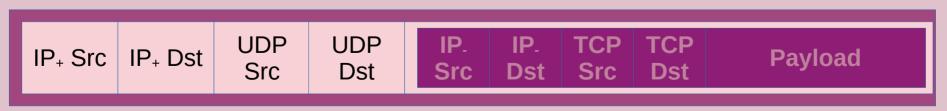
- Easier to maintain
- Variable number of hops to get to the destination
- Simplified routing tables
- Easier Security policies



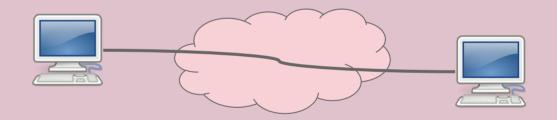
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- **AWS VPN**
- VPC Peering
- Transit Gateway

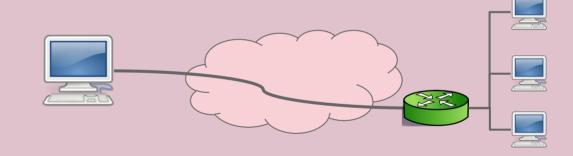
- Secure (encrypted) communications
- Overlay network that allows the "direct" interconnection between two Internet locations
- Traffic encapsulation



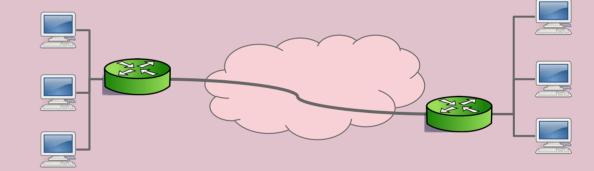
- Secure (encrypted)communications
- Different topologies
  - From Host to Host
  - From Host to Site
  - From Site to Site



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#### **VPN - Protocols**

- IPSec Oldest reliable solution supported everywhere
- OpenVPN Poor man's VPN but well supported
- Wireguard New kid on the block

#### Managed AWS

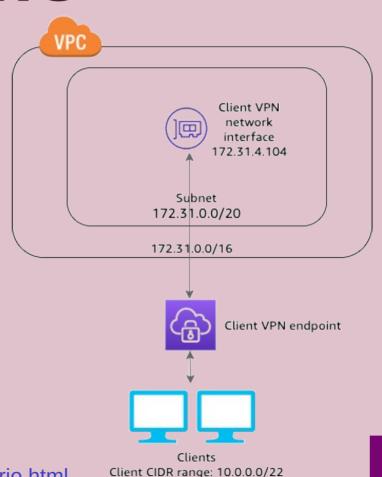






#### VPN on AWS<sup>1</sup>

- Allow easy connectivity on hybrid deployments
- Uses OpenVPN by default
- Severe bandwidth limits



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://docs.aws.amazon.com/vpn/latest/clientvpn-admin/scenario.html

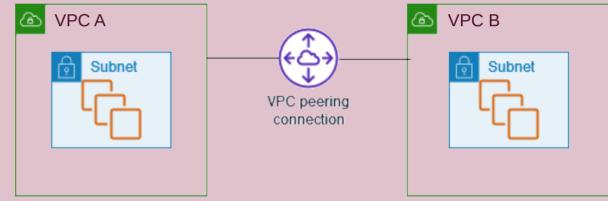
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## **VPC** Peering<sup>1</sup>

Point-to-Point internal AWS connection

- Interconnects two different VPC
- Building stone for more complex topologies



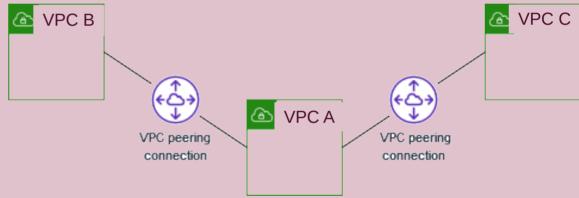
#### AWS VPC Peering Connections<sup>1</sup>

- Private connections within AWS regions
- All services can interact with each other (with exceptions)
- There is no need of using a gateway, VPN connection, or network appliance
- It uses exclusively the private IP space
- All inter-Region traffic is encrypted with no single point of failure, or bandwidth bottleneck
- Traffic always stays on the global AWS backbone

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://docs.aws.amazon.com/vpc/latest/peering/vpc-peering-basics.html

#### **VPC Peering: Limitations**

- Max. 1 Peering between the two same VPC
- No access to the DNS of the peer VPC
- No overlaping CIDR blocks
- No transitive peering
- It is not possible to create security group rules referencing the peer's security rules



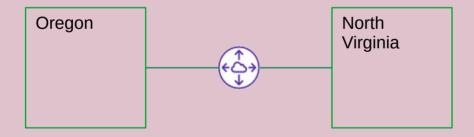
## **VPC** Peering

- Why do you think it is not massively used in AWS?
  - Scalability problems
  - Routing problems
  - Manual configuration
  - All of the above



#### Lab 1

Interconnect two AWS regions using an AWS VPC Peering connection



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#### **Transit Gateway**<sup>1</sup>

- Ubiquitous interconnection
- From company premises
- From other AWS regions
- From Direct Connect



Create virtual private network (VPN) connections between your AWS Transit Gateway and on-premises gateways



#### Amazon VPC

Traffic is encrypted on the AWS global private network





#### **AWS Transit Gateway**

Route all traffic to and from each VPN or thousands of VPCs, with one place to manage and monitor it all





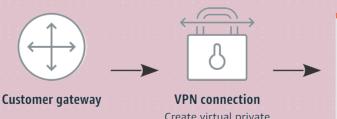




#### **Transit Gateway**

- Deliver applications around the world
- Rapidly move to global scale
- Smoothly respond to spikes in demand
- Host multicast applications on AWS





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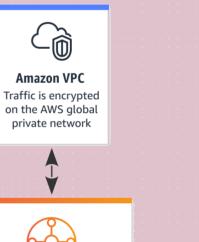






#### **Transit Gateway**

- Manage growth
- Highly scalable cloud router
- Better visibility across virtual private clouds or edge connections
- Internal AWS private connections and encryption





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