

(a) Algorithm Description	(b) REX Implementation	(c) Original BMC Implementation
<div>1</div> <p>It extracts the SET command from the XDP payload.</p>	<div>1</div> <pre>1 let set_iter = payload 2 .windows(4) // 4 chars as a slice 3 .enumerate() 4 .filter_map((i, v) 5 if v == b"set " { Some(i) } else { None } 6); // found the SET command</pre>	<div>1</div> <pre>1 #pragma clang loop unroll(disable) 2 for (unsigned int off = 0; off < BMC_MAX_PACKET_LENGTH &&</pre>
<div>2</div> <p>SET command founded, try to figure the index of the Memcached key in payload.</p>	<div>2</div> <pre>7 for index in set_iter { 8 ... // set payload index via SET command</pre>	<div>2</div> <pre>4 payload + off + 1 <= data_end; off++) { 5 if (set_found == 0 && payload[off] == 's' && 6 payload + off + 3 <= data_end && 7 payload[off + 1] == 'e' && payload[off + 2] == 't') { 9 ... // move offset after the SET command 10 set_found = 1;</pre>
<div>3</div> <p>If the key is found, process the key with hash function.</p>	<div>3</div> <pre>9 payload 10 .iter() 11 .take_while(&&c c != b' ') 12 .for_each(&c { 13 ... // process the key with hash func 14 });</pre>	<div>2</div> <pre>11 } else if (key_found == 0 && set_found == 1 && 12 && payload[off] != ' ') { 13 if (payload[off] == '\r') { 14 set_found = 0; key_found = 0; 16 } else { 17 ... // found the start of the key 18 key_found = 1; 19 }</pre>
<div>4</div> <p>If the hash matches the calculated hash, the corresponding cache entry in the map should be invalidated</p>	<div>4</div> <pre>15 ... // invalidate Memcached cache entry 16 } // if the hash matches</pre>	<div>3</div> <pre>20 } else if (key_found == 1) { 21 if (payload[off] == ' ') { 22 ... // found the end of the key 23 set_found = 0; key_found = 0; 25 } else { 26 if (...) {...} // process the key with hash func 27 } // invalidate Memcached cache entry 28 } // if the hash matches 29 }</pre>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> REX utilizes the lazily evaluated <code>windows</code>, <code>enumerate</code>, and <code>filter_map</code> from slice iterators, which split the whole payload (L1) into chunks and collects the chunks equals the SET commands into iterators (L7). In the original implementation, four levels of nesting (L4,20,25,26) is also significantly reduced by converting a <code>for-loop</code> (L2) with intricate conditions (L4) into a clean chain of higher-order functions with closures through the <code>take_while</code> (L11), which will filter the Memcached SET key (L5) from the payload with the iterator generated by <code>filter_map</code> (L4). 		