



Summary

- One of the drawbacks of a software-defined network is that it is not powerful in terms of Performance
- Different types of services in Kubernetes
 - Cluster IP
 - It is used when we want the server to be accessed from an internal client
 - Node port
 - It is used when we want our server to be accessible from both internal and external client
 - Similar to PAT / DNating in docker
 - External
 - When we have real physical load-balancing hardware and want to integrate with Kubernetes pods then we use an external type
 - We can also use a Load balancer from cloud support platforms (Eg Elastic load balancer from AWS)
- The most secure system in the world is the isolated system