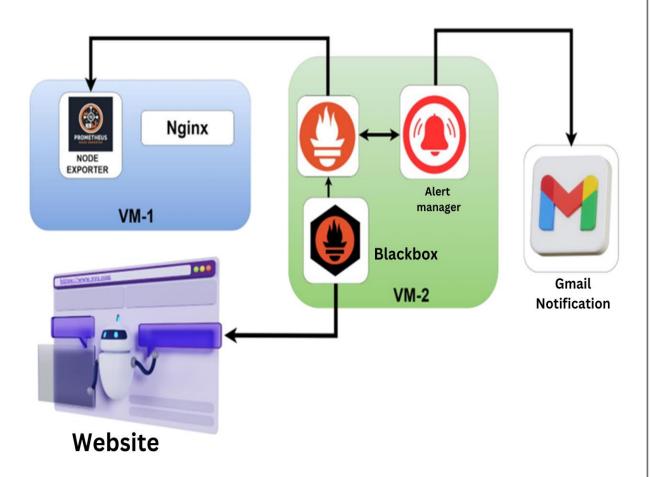
## **DevOps**

## **Ultimate Monitoring Project**

## **Introduction**

In this project, we implemented a comprehensive monitoring solution using Prometheus and various exporters to ensure the reliability and performance of a web application hosted on AWS EC2 instances. This setup includes Node Exporter for hardware and OS metrics, Blackbox Exporter for probing endpoints, and Alertmanager for handling alerts. Gmail integration was also configured to receive notifications for critical alerts.

## **Architecture**



## **Project Components and Best Practices**

### **Components**

- 1. EC2 Instances:
- Instance 1: Hosts the web application, Node Exporter, and Nginx.
- Instance 2: Hosts Prometheus, Blackbox Exporter, and Alertmanager.
- 2. **Prometheus**: Centralized monitoring tool for collecting and querying metrics.
- 3. **Node Exporter**: Collects hardware and OS-level metrics from the web server.
- 4. **Blackbox Exporter**: Probes endpoints to monitor uptime and response time.
- 5. **Alertmanager**: Manages alerts sent by Prometheus based on defined rules.
- 6. **Gmail Integration**: Sends email notifications for critical alerts.

#### **Alerts**

- 1. **InstanceDown:** Triggers when an instance is down for more than 1 minute.
- 2. **WebsiteDown**: Triggers when the website is down for more than 1 minute.
- 3. **HostOutOfMemory:** Triggers when available memory is less than 25% for more than 5 minutes.
- 4. **HostOutOfDiskSpace**: Triggers when the root filesystem has less than 50% available space.
- 5. **HostHighCpuLoad:** Triggers when CPU load is above 80% for more than 5 minutes.
- 6. **ServiceUnavailable:** Triggers when the node exporter service is unavailable for more than 2 minutes.
- 7. **HighMemoryUsage**: Triggers when memory usage exceeds 90% for more than 10 minutes.
- 8. **FileSystemFull:** Triggers when any filesystem has less than 10% available space for more than 5 minutes.

#### **Best Practices**

#### 1. Define Clear Objectives and Metrics

- Identify Key Metrics: Determine which metrics are critical for the health and performance of your application and infrastructure (e.g., CPU usage, memory usage, response times, error rates).
- Set Baselines and Thresholds: Establish baseline performance levels and set thresholds for alerts to distinguish between normal and abnormal behavior.

#### 2. Use Multiple Data Sources

- Combine Metrics and Logs: Use both metrics and logs to get a comprehensive view of the system's health.
- Integrate Various Exporters: Use relevant exporters (Node Exporter, Blackbox Exporter, etc.) to collect metrics from different parts of your infrastructure.

#### 3. Implement Robust Alerting

- Define Relevant Alerting Rules: Create alerting rules that cover various failure scenarios and performance degradation.
- Avoid Alert Fatigue: Ensure alerts are actionable and avoid too many false positives. Group related alerts to reduce noise.
- Use Multiple Notification Channels: Configure alerts to be sent via multiple channels (email, SMS, chat tools) to ensure they are noticed.

#### 4. Ensure High Availability and Redundancy

- Deploy Across Multiple Regions: Set up monitoring components in multiple regions to avoid single points of failure.
- Backup and Replicate Data: Regularly back up Prometheus data and configuration files. Use replication to ensure data availability.

#### 5. Optimize Performance and Resource Usage

 Tune Scrape Intervals and Retention Policies: Set appropriate scrape intervals and data retention policies to balance between data granularity and resource usage.

## **Phase 1: Initial Setup**

#### **Provision EC2 Instances:**

- Launch two EC2 instances in your preferred region.
- Configure security groups to allow necessary traffic (SSH, HTTP, Prometheus, etc.).

## **Launch Virtual Machine using AWS EC2**

Here is a detailed list of the basic requirements and setup for the EC2 instance i have used for running Jenkins, including the specifics of the instance type, AMI, and security groups.

EC2 Instance Requirements and Setup:

#### 1. Instance Type

- Instance Type: `t2.medium`
  - vCPUs: 2
  - Memory: 8 GB
  - Network Performance: Moderate

#### 2. Amazon Machine Image (AMI)

- AMI: Ubuntu Server 24.04 LTS

#### 3. Security Groups

Security groups act as a virtual firewall for your instance to control inbound and outbound traffic.

Adjust security settings to allow necessary ports:

- Prometheus: 9090
- Alert manager: 9093
- Blackbox Exporter: 9115
- Node Exporter: 9100
- Email transmissions: 587

# Phase 2: Install and Configure Node Exporter and Deploy Web application on Instance 1

#### 1. Install Node Exporter:

Wget

https://github.com/prometheus/node\_exporter/releases/download/v1.8.1/node\_exporter-1.8.1.linux-amd64.tar.gz

tar xvfz node\_exporter-1.8.1.linux-amd64.tar.gz

cd node\_exporter-1.8.1.linux-amd64

./node exporter &

2. Install Nginx:

sudo apt update

sudo apt install nginx

3. Deploy Web Application(Java based Application)

Git hub repo- https://github.com/Shubham-Stunner/BoardGame.git

Install Java using this command.

sudo apt install openidk-17-jre-headless -y

install Maven

sudo apt-get install software-properties-common

sudo apt-add-repository universe

sudo apt-get update

sudo apt-get install maven

**Build the Package** 

maven package

**Run the Application** 

cd target/

java -jar database service project-0.0.2.jar

Application runs on **Port 8080** - <instance ip>:8080

# Phase 3: Install and Configure Prometheus, Blackbox Exporter, and Alertmanager on Instance 2

#### 1. Install Prometheus:

#### wget

https://github.com/prometheus/prometheus/releases/download/v2.52.0/prometheus-2.52.0.linux-amd64.tar.gz

tar xvfz prometheus-2.52.0.linux-amd64.tar.gz

cd prometheus-2.52.0.linux-amd64

./prometheus --config.file=prometheus.yml &

#### 2. Install Blackbox Exporter:

#### wget

https://github.com/prometheus/blackbox\_exporter/releases/download/v0.25. 0/blackbox\_exporter-0.25.0.linux-amd64.tar.gz

tar xvfz blackbox\_exporter-0.25.0.linux-amd64.tar.gz

cd blackbox exporter-0.25.0.linux-amd64

./blackbox exporter &

#### 3. Install Alertmanager:

#### wget

https://github.com/prometheus/alertmanager/releases/download/v0.27.0/alertmanager-0.27.0.linux-amd64.tar.gz

tar xvfz alertmanager-0.27.0.linux-amd64.tar.gz

cd alertmanager-0.27.0.linux-amd64

./alertmanager --config.file=alertmanager.yml &

## **Configuration Files**

## **Prometheus Configuration (prometheus.yml)**

Go inside the prometheus.yml file and add these configurations.

• Global Configuration:

```
global:
```

scrape\_interval: 15s

evaluation interval: 15s

• Alertmanager Configuration:

```
alerting:
```

alertmanagers:

- static\_configs:
  - targets: ['localhost:9093']
  - Scrape Configuration:
    - o Prometheus:

```
scrape configs:
```

- job\_name: "prometheus"

static\_configs:

- targets: ["localhost:9090"]

Node Exporter:

- job\_name: "node\_exporter"

static configs:

- targets: ["<instance ip>:9100"]

# **Blackbox Exporter:** - job\_name: 'blackbox' metrics path:/probe params: module: [http 2xx] static configs: - targets: - http://prometheus.io - https://prometheus.io - http://<instance ip>:8080/ relabel configs: - source labels: [ address ] target\_label: \_\_param\_target - source labels: [ param target] target label: instance - target\_label: \_\_address\_\_

# You should restart your Prometheus after completing all this configuration using this command .

pgrep Prometheus

You will get some service id . example: - 3445

replacement:<instance ip>:9115

Kill this service using command:

Kill 3445

#### Alert Rules Configuration (alert\_rules.yml)

 Alert Rules Group: Create a new file inside the prometheus directory named alert\_rules.yml

```
groups:
 - name: alert_rules
  rules:
   - alert: InstanceDown
    expr: up == 0
    for: 1m
    labels:
     severity: "critical"
    annotations:
     summary: "Endpoint {{ $labels.instance }} down"
     description: "{{ $labels.instance }} of job {{ $labels.job }} has been down
for more than 1 minute."
   - alert: WebsiteDown
    expr: probe success == 0
    for: 1m
    labels:
     severity: critical
    annotations:
     description: The website at {{ $labels.instance }} is down.
     summary: Website down
   - alert: HostOutOfMemory
    expr: node memory MemAvailable / node memory MemTotal * 100 <
25
    for: 5m
```

```
labels:
     severity: warning
    annotations:
     summary: "Host out of memory (instance {{ $labels.instance }})"
     description: "Node memory is filling up (< 25% left)\n VALUE = {{ $value}
}}\n LABELS: {{ $labels }}"
   - alert: HostOutOfDiskSpace
    expr: (node filesystem avail{mountpoint="/"} * 100) /
node filesystem size{mountpoint="/"} < 50
    for: 1s
    labels:
     severity: warning
    annotations:
     summary: "Host out of disk space (instance {{ $labels.instance }})"
     description: "Disk is almost full (< 50% left)\n VALUE = {{ $value }}\n
LABELS: {{ $labels }}"
   - alert: HostHighCpuLoad
    expr: (sum by (instance)
(irate(node cpu{job="node exporter metrics",mode="idle"}[5m]))) > 80
    for: 5m
    labels:
     severity: warning
    annotations:
     summary: "Host high CPU load (instance {{ $labels.instance }})"
     description: "CPU load is > 80%\n VALUE = {{ $value }}\n LABELS: {{
$labels }}"
   - alert: ServiceUnavailable
    expr: up{job="node exporter"} == 0
```

**Monitoring Project** 

```
for: 2m
    labels:
     severity: critical
    annotations:
     summary: "Service Unavailable (instance {{ $labels.instance }})"
     description: "The service {{ $labels.job }} is not available\n VALUE = {{
$value }}\n LABELS: {{ $labels }}"
   - alert: HighMemoryUsage
    expr: (node memory Active / node memory MemTotal) * 100 > 90
    for: 10m
    labels:
     severity: critical
    annotations:
     summary: "High Memory Usage (instance {{ $labels.instance }})"
     description: "Memory usage is > 90%\n VALUE = {{ $value }}\n LABELS: {{
$labels }}"
   - alert: FileSystemFull
    expr: (node filesystem avail / node filesystem size) * 100 < 10
    for: 5m
    labels:
     severity: critical
    annotations:
     summary: "File System Almost Full (instance {{ $labels.instance }})"
     description: "File system has < 10% free space\n VALUE = {{ $value }}\n
LABELS: {{ $labels }}"
Add alert rules inside prometheus.yml - Uncomment the alert rules.yml.
```

**Monitoring Project** 

#### **Create Gmail Authentication Password**

To create an application-specific password for Gmail, you'll need to enable two-factor authentication (2FA) on your Google account and then generate an app password. Here are the steps:

#### 1. Enable Two-Factor Authentication (2FA):

- Log in to your Google account and navigate to Google Account Security.
- Under the "Signing in to Google" section, find "2-Step Verification" and click on it.
- Follow the prompts to set up 2FA. You might need to provide your phone number and verify it via a code sent by SMS.

#### 2. Generate an App Password:

- Once 2FA is enabled, go back to the Google Account Security page.
- Search this on your browser :https://myaccount.google.com/apppassowords
- You might need to sign in again for security reasons.
- On the "App passwords" page, click on the "Select app" dropdown and choose "Other (Custom name)".
- Enter a name for the app password, such as "Prometheus Alertmanager", and click "Generate".
- Google will provide you with a 16-character app password. Make sure to copy this password.

#### 3. Use the App Password in Your Configuration:

 Replace <your-app-password> in your alertmanager.yml configuration with the generated app password.

#### Alertmanager Configuration (alertmanager.yml)

Routing Configuration: add these in the alertmanager.yml file

```
route:
```

```
roup_by: ['alertname']
```

group\_wait: 30s

group\_interval: 5m

repeat\_interval: 1h

receiver: 'email-notifications'

#### receivers:

```
- name: 'email-notifications'
```

email configs:

- to: jaiswaladi246@gmail.com

from: test@gmail.com

smarthost: smtp.gmail.com:587

auth username: your email

auth\_identity: your\_email

auth password: "bdmg omgh vvkk zogx"

send resolved: true

#### inhibit rules:

- source\_match:

severity: 'critical'

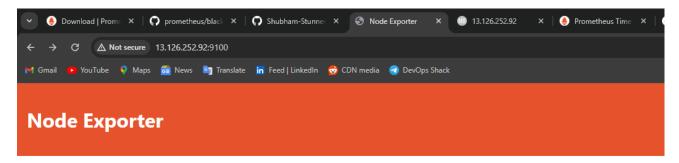
target\_match:

severity: 'warning'

equal: ['alertname', 'dev', 'instance']

## **Results**

#### **Node Exporter**

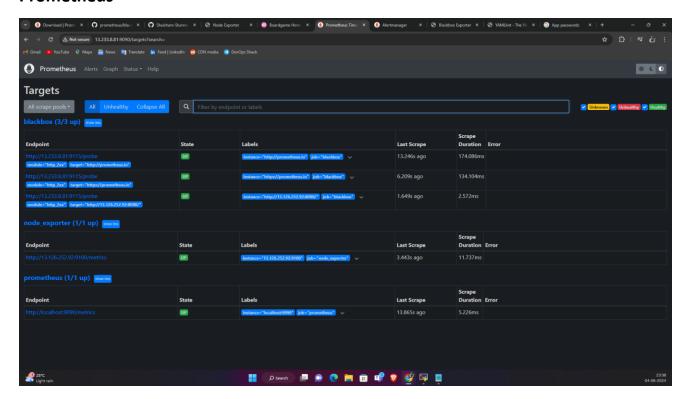


#### **Prometheus Node Exporter**

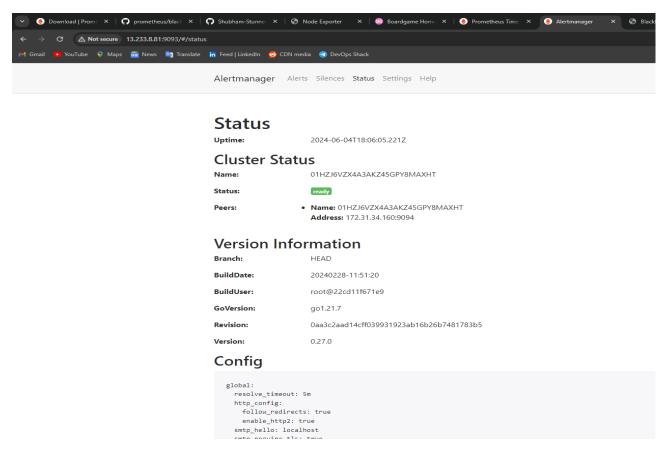
Version: (version=1.8.1, branch=HEAD, revision=400c3979931613db930ea035f39ce7b377cdbb5b)

Metrics

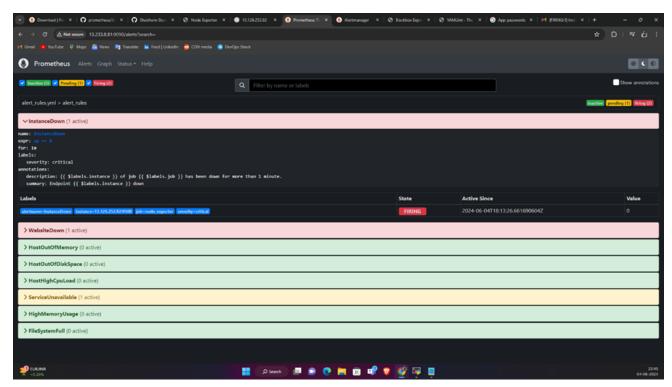
#### **Prometheus**



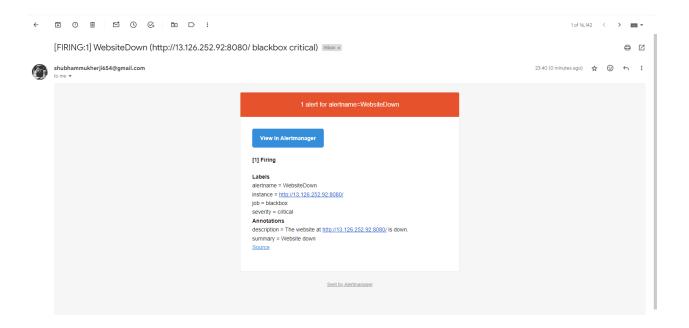
#### Alert manager

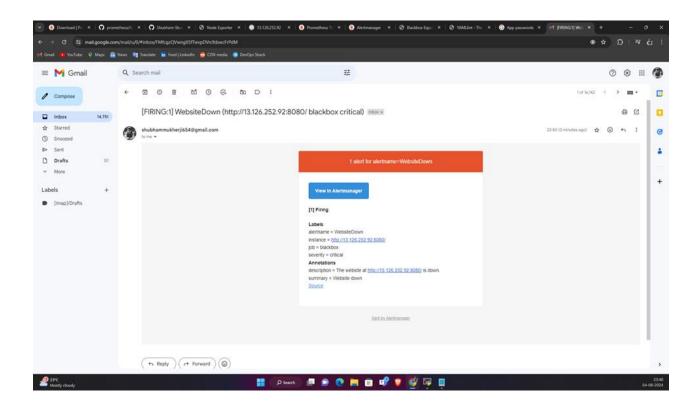


### Stop you web application & Node exporter to get an alert on alert manager.



#### **Gmail Notification**





## **Acknowledgement**

I would like to extend my heartfelt gratitude to **Aditya Jaiswal** from the YouTube channel "**DevOps Shack**" for his invaluable guidance and insights throughout this project. His tutorials and resources provided a solid foundation for implementing a comprehensive monitoring solution using Prometheus and its ecosystem. The knowledge and best practices shared on his channel greatly contributed to the successful completion of this project. Thank you for your support and dedication to the DevOps community.

## **Conclusion**

In this project, we successfully implemented a robust monitoring solution using Prometheus and its ecosystem to ensure the reliability and performance of a web application hosted on AWS EC2 instances. By utilizing Node Exporter, Blackbox Exporter, and Alertmanager, we achieved a setup capable of collecting detailed metrics, monitoring endpoint availability, and managing alerts effectively.

Key achievements include:

- Multi-Instance Setup:
  - o Instance 1: Hosts the web application, Node Exporter, and Nginx.
  - Instance 2: Hosts Prometheus, Blackbox Exporter, and Alertmanager.
- **Gmail Integration**: Configured Alertmanager to send email notifications via Gmail for timely alerts on critical issues.

This project highlights the importance of a well-planned monitoring strategy in maintaining the operational excellence of web-based services. Regular updates and adherence to best practices will ensure the monitoring solution remains effective and responsive to new challenges.