

### 2.1.1 Domain Rough Sketch (Raw Stories)

## Raw Story: Losing Track During Supersets

Gym-Goer recounts: "I started a superset of dumbbell curls at 25 pounds and tricep pushdowns at 40 pounds. I wanted to complete three sets of each, but halfway through the first set of curls, I realized I hadn't kept track of the warm-up reps.

The first few reps felt fine, but by the fourth rep, my forearms burned, and I paused to try to remember which set I was on. My grip felt shaky, and my breathing grew uneven.

On the next pushdown set, I tried to focus on the motion, but my mind kept going back to the previous curls. I paused briefly, then started again, but the tension in my arms made the movement slower and less controlled.

I attempted another curl set, but my grip slipped slightly, and the movement became uneven. I lowered the dumbbells and stepped away, frustrated that I had lost track halfway through the session.

I moved on to a lighter machine row just to finish the workout, feeling mentally drained from the disorganization."

## Raw Story: Overreaching on Deadlift Day

Athlete recounts: "I started my deadlift session at 185 pounds, hoping to push a little harder than last week. My legs and back were already sore, but I felt determined to lift more.

The first two reps felt manageable, but by the third, I noticed my lower back tightening. My grip started slipping slightly on the bar, and my breathing became uneven.

On rep four, I paused to reset my stance. My shoulders felt stiff, and the bar path wasn't straight. I debated whether to continue, but I tried one more lift.

The next rep felt unstable, and I almost lost balance. I stopped immediately, feeling a sharp tension in my lower back. I stepped away from the bar, frustrated that pushing too hard had caused a setback.

I decided to finish with lighter accessory exercises, feeling both sore and mentally exhausted."

## Raw Story: Forgetting Previous Weights

Gym-Goer recounts: "I started bench press at 95 pounds. I hadn't tracked my previous workouts well, so I wasn't sure if this was my last working set or the one before.

The first few reps felt heavier than expected. I paused mid-set, trying to recall the previous weights. My breathing grew shallow as I focused more on remembering than on lifting.

On rep five, my elbows flared slightly, and my chest felt unusually fatigued. I paused again to think about whether I should continue with the same weight or adjust.

I tried one more rep, but the bar path wobbled slightly, and I felt my strength fading. I stopped early and moved to dumbbell flies at a lighter weight, feeling frustrated that forgetting previous numbers had broken my rhythm."

## Raw Story: Cardio With Side Stitches

Athlete recounts: "I started on the treadmill at 5.5 mph. The first few minutes felt okay, but by minute three, I noticed a side stitch forming and my calves tightening. My breathing became shallow and irregular.

I tried to continue, but each step made the stitch worse, and my legs felt heavier with every stride. I slowed to a walk and held the rails for a few seconds, hoping the stitch would ease.

I resumed jogging after a brief pause, but the pain returned almost immediately. My steps felt flat, and my feet struck the belt harder than usual.

I stopped early, feeling frustrated that I couldn't maintain a steady pace. I walked slowly for a few minutes to recover, realizing that fatigue and tightness were limiting my session."

## Raw Story: Confused by Complex Routine

Gym-Goer recounts: "I started with incline dumbbell press at 65 pounds. My routine alternates between different rep schemes each week, and I wasn't sure which one I was on.

The first few reps felt awkward, and I paused between reps trying to remember the plan. My shoulders burned quicker than expected, and my grip felt unstable.

On rep five, my right arm shook slightly, and I realized I might be repeating the wrong number of reps. I paused again, trying to recall the proper sequence.

I tried one more rep, but the weight felt heavier than expected, and my arms trembled. I stopped early and moved to lateral raises, feeling mentally fatigued from the confusion and inconsistent routine."

### 2.1.4 Events / Behaviors / Functions

## Events and Behaviors

- AthleteBeginsworkoutSession
- AthleteChoosesExercise
- AthleteAdjustsForm
- ExerciseIntensityChosen
- AthleteCompletesSet
- AthleteTakesRestPeriod
- AthleteEndsWorkoutSession

- PersonalRecordAchieved
- MuscleBalanceShiftDetected
- PLateauDetected
- ConsistencyStreakMaintained

## Domain Function

planworkoutSession(athlete: Athlete, goal: TrainingGoal) → WorkoutSession  
 selectExercise(session: WorkoutSession, exercise: Exercise) → UpdatedSession  
 applyIntensity(exercise: Exercise, intensity: Intensity) → Exercise  
 completeSet(exercise: Exercise, reps: Reps, weight: Weight) → CompletedSet  
 recordRest(session: WorkoutSession, duration: Duration) - RestPeriod  
 updateMuscleBalance(athlete: Athlete, metrics: TrainingVolume) → MuscleBalanceScore  
 detectPlateau(athlete: Athlete, history: ProgressHistory) → PlateauStatus  
 awardMilestone(athlete: Athlete, achievement: Achievement) → UpdatedProgress  
 endworkoutSession(session: WorkoutSession) → WorkoutSummary

### 2.1.5 Function Signatures

- createExercise(name: Name, reps: Reps, sets: Sets, intensity: Intensity): Exercise
- createWorkoutRoutine(exercises: ExerciseList, goal: TrainingGoal): WorkoutRoutine
- createSet(reps: Reps, weight: Weight, intensity: Intensity): Set
- startWorkoutSession(athlete: Athlete): WorkoutSession
- selectExercise(session: WorkoutSession, exercise: Exercise): UpdatedSession
- applyIntensity(exercise: Exercise, intensity: Intensity): Exercise
- completeSet(exercise: Exercise, reps: Reps, weight: Weight): CompletedSet
- recordRest(session: WorkoutSession, duration: Duration): RestPeriod
- updateProgress(athlete: Athlete, metrics: ProgressData): ProgressLog
- endWorkoutSession(session: WorkoutSession): Summary

### 2.2.2 Personas

- Alex, the Beginner:
  - Background and daily habits: Alex is a 28-year-old office worker from Miami, Florida. He works long hours at a marketing firm and often ends the day feeling drained. Outside of working hours, he enjoys cooking simple meals, listens to podcasts about technology and entrepreneurship, and occasionally playing casual mobile games to relax. Alex is new to fitness and often feels overwhelmed and feels out of place in a public gym, unsure of where to start or whether he is making any progress. His primary goal is to build a consistent workout habit to improve his health, energy levels, and overall well-being, as he feels sluggish from sitting all day at the office. His colleagues discussing fitness apps during lunch influences his desire for a polished, engaging user experience, which he might feel confident enough to share once he sees progress. Alex is motivated by music and likes to listen to high-energy playlists on Spotify during workouts to stay focused. He is curious, eager to learn,

and wants clear guidance to help him feel confident and prevent unnecessary injuries as he begins his fitness journey.

- Motivations and goals: Alex isn't just trying to "build a habit." He wants to improve his energy levels to be more effective at his marketing job and eventually perhaps start his own business.
- Pain points and needs: The team will realize the app isn't just a fitness tool, but a stepping stone to entrepreneurial success and better time management, making features like progress visualization extremely important for tracking overall life progression, not just reps. Gym Anxiety, this suggests he would benefit from a "solo mode" or privacy settings initially. Alex's interest in cooking simple meals suggests he might appreciate a section in the app with quick, easy-to-follow healthy recipes that fit into his busy evenings. Alex interest in listening to music during workouts present expectation of seamless integration with existing tools like Spotify or other tools. Current fitness apps only log data but fail to provide engaging feedback or build motivation. Alex struggles to understand fitness terminology and is unsure if his training is balanced, leading to a fear of developing imbalances or injuring himself by overdoing certain exercises. Additionally, he prefers features that fit into busy, irregular schedules and offer clear visual rewards. He needs an intuitive, encouraging, and gamified guide to help him build a foundation.
- Diego, the Competitive Gamer:
  - Background and daily habits: Diego is a 22-year-old computer science student from San Juan, Puerto Rico. He spends much of his free time gaming, streaming, or coding with friends online. He loves competitive environments and progression systems, whether it's climbing ranked ladders in his favorite games or improving his game stats. Outside of gaming Diego enjoys testing with his friends who have more strength, endurance, or who can make the best dish, but he feels weaker than them in physical challenges. His feeling of being physically weaker than friends isn't just about gym stats; it's about social confidence and status within his friend group. Looking information online he stumbled across how improving physical strength might also be linked to improving focus for long coding sessions and started to consider going to the gym. Although he joined a gym last semester, he quickly lost motivation because he doesn't get the feeling of achieving, often translating to a feeling of wasted time.
  - Motivations and goals: Diego wants a fitness app that makes working out feel like leveling up in a video game. He is motivated by points, rankings, and visual progress bars that show him getting stronger in real time. His main goal is to stay consistent by turning workouts into daily "missions" that reward effort and let him compete with friends. He also wants to improve his physical strength so he can win physical challenges against his friends.
  - Pain points and needs: The app's competitive elements need to be robust enough to help him earn bragging rights, not just personal points. Competition against his friends is a major motivator. The app needs highly developed social challenge features, perhaps customizable duels or guild-like team goals, not just a simple leader board. Current gym apps feel lifeless to him; they only track sets and reps without giving a sense of reward or excitement. He struggles with accountability when training alone and needs an app that transforms progress into a fun, measurable system that keeps him hooked like a game. He also wants an app that provides clear, visual indicators of his improvements as if he is improving stats in a game. His computer science background suggests he is comfortable with technology and

likely expects a sophisticated, bug-free, and well-designed interface, not a basic app.

- Sarah, the Consistent:
  - Background and daily habits: Sarah is a 32 year old teacher from Austin, Texas, who has maintained a regular gym routine for the past two years. She teaches high school health and wellness classes, and her curiosity about nutrition, fitness, and exercise science allows her to apply what she learns both in school and in her personal life. She is knowledgeable about basic exercises and tracks her sets and reps diligently in a notes app. She enjoys the discipline of training and typically works out early in the morning before school to maintain consistency. Outside the gym and school, Sarah enjoys reading about nutrition and wellness, trying out new healthy recipes, and occasionally attending local fitness classes to expand her knowledge. As a busy teacher, time is precious and likes to plan ahead during the week. She secretly allows herself a cheat day every two weeks, indulging in foods like Burger King or fully loaded pizzas. As a health teacher, hitting a plateau has been slightly embarrassing or frustrating for Sarah because she feels she "should" know better. She suspects she may be neglecting certain muscle groups but lacks the data to confirm it.
  - Motivations and goals: Her goal isn't just about lifting heavier weights; it's about a continuous quest for knowledge and mastery of health and wellness. Sarah wants to optimize her training to overcome her current progress plateau. She is motivated by measurable results and personal challenges, using data to track improvements and hold herself accountable. Her main goal is to ensure balanced development across all muscle groups while adding a new layer of challenge and enjoyment to her well-established fitness routine, beyond simply lifting heavier weights.
  - Pain points and needs: Sarah has hit a progress plateau and feels her workouts have become repetitive. She suspects she may be neglecting certain muscle groups but lacks the data to confirm it. Her current tracking method is fragmented and offers no actionable insights. She finds most fitness apps too simplistic and not designed for someone with her experience and discipline. She needs a tool that provides detailed, data driven analytics on her performance and muscle development. Her structured schedule suggests the need for features that allow for advanced planning, such as a robust weekly or monthly workout scheduler that can send calendar reminders to her work schedule.
- Marcos, the Motivator:
  - Background and daily habits: Marcos is a 24-year-old graduate student from Chicago, Illinois, who treats fitness as a social activity. He works out with a close-knit group of friends, relying on their presence for accountability and friendly competition. Marcos and his friends constantly challenge each other to show up and push harder. He often shares workout milestones on social media like, Instagram but wishes there were a more integrated way to track his progress and stay connected with his friends' achievements. Outside the gym, Marcos balances his studies, part-time tutoring, and social life. He enjoys attending local fitness events, trying new workout classes, and exploring healthy restaurants with friends. He is curious about sports science and occasionally reads articles on training techniques and recovery methods. Although disciplined, he sometimes struggles to stay consistent when friends are unavailable or during particularly busy weeks, which makes him value social accountability even more. Marcos also enjoys mentoring others in fitness and often motivates classmates or peers to adopt healthier habits. He sees exercise not just as a personal goal but as a way to connect with others, challenge himself, and maintain a

sense of structure in his life.

- Motivations and goals: Marcos primary motivation is community, accountability, and shared achievement. He wants an app that strengthens his workout group's connection by making it easy to share progress, celebrate each other's accomplishments, and maintain streaks together. He thrives in a positive, friendly competitive environment that emphasizes consistency and effort rather than solely focusing on raw strength. Beyond personal improvement, Marcos also wants to inspire and motivate others, helping peers adopt healthier habits while enjoying a sense of community and shared challenge.
- Pain points and needs: Marcos already uses Instagram for sharing. The app needs highly polished, shareable visual summaries of achievements that are optimized for social platforms, leveraging his habit to attract new users and enhance existing engagement. There is no seamless way to create a private leaderboard with just his friends to track consistency, celebrate milestones, and encourage each other. He struggles to stay motivated when his workout group is unavailable and wants a platform that fosters a small, supportive community centred around collective growth. The pain of friends being unavailable isn't just about missing a workout; it's about feeling isolated. Mentoring others in fitness gives Marcos a sense of purpose. The app could integrate a "mentor mode" or a public "coach profile" where he can track the progress of those he mentors, reinforcing his role as a leader and motivator. His focus on positive competition and motivation suggests that gamification should prioritize "praise" and "high-fives" alongside raw ranking data. Features might include a robust set of positive reaction emojis or automated encouragement messages.

## 2.2.3 Domain Requirements

### Principles

- Fitness as a Journey of Personal Progress
  - Improvement in strength, endurance, and consistency is a core driver of motivation. The system shall provide a mechanism with clear, quantifiable metrics and visual representations of a user's progress over time.
  - A balanced approach targeting all major muscle groups is essential for preventing injury and achieving a well-rounded physique. The system shall provide a mechanism that facilitate and encourage awareness of training distribution across the body.
- Engagement with Fitness Training
  - Long-term consistency requires more than initial novelty. The system shall implement a layered reward structure (e.g., XP, achievements, ranks) that provides continuous feedback and celebrates milestones of varying difficulty.
  - Fitness journeys can be reinforced through community. The system shall provide a mechanism for positive social comparison and mutual support that focuses on shared effort and consistency.

### Functional Requirements

- Workout Logging \*\*The system shall provide an interface for the user to log an exercise by specifying the exercise name, weight lifted, number of sets, and number of repetitions per set.

- Progress Tracking
  - The system shall calculate and display a historical graph of the total training volume (weight × sets × reps) for each muscle group over a user-selectable time period.
  - The system shall provide a mechanism that tracks and highlights new Personal Records (PRs) when a user logs a set with a higher weight for a given exercise than any previous set.
  - The system shall provide a mechanism that suggest alternative exercises during the logging process if the user's current selection disproportionately targets an already dominant muscle group based on the "Muscle Balance Score".
  - The system shall provide a mechanism for the users to input goals based on specific timeframes and automatically generate a structured, periodized workout plan toward that goal.
  - The system shall provide a mechanism for users to publicly share "milestone posts" when achieving significant achievements to facilitate positive social reinforcement.
  - The system shall provide a mechanism that detects a performance plateau, the system shall provide automated suggestion to changes in repetition ranges.
- Gamification System
  - The system shall provide a mechanism that assigns a user a rank (Bronze, Silver, Gold, etc.) for each muscle group, calculated based on the total historical training volume and PRs for that muscle group.
  - The system shall provide a mechanism that awards users experience points (XP) for completing workouts and achieving milestones.

## 2.3 Software Architecture

### 2.3.1 Subsystem Boundaries and Diagram

Gamified Gym is organized into a small set of core subsystems. Each subsystem owns a cohesive part of the product and exposes its capabilities through application services. Subsystems do not reach into each other's databases; they communicate via public interfaces and, where needed, domain events.

The main subsystems are:

- **Workout Tracking** – Manages workout sessions: starting a workout, logging exercises/sets, and completing a session. It owns concepts like **WorkoutSession**, **ExerciseEntry**, and **SetEntry**.
- **Gamification** – Converts training behavior into motivation using XP, levels, achievements, and badges. It owns **UserProgress**, **XP**, **Level**, and **Achievement**, and reacts to events from Workout Tracking.
- **Social** – Provides social comparison and accountability through leaderboards and friend-related activity. It owns **LeaderboardEntry**, friend relationships, and activity feeds, and reads progress/workout data exposed by the other subsystems.
- **Identity & Auth** – Provides user registration, login, and authentication. It owns **UserAccount** and authentication tokens and is the source of truth for user identity (**UserId**) used by all other

subsystems.

Subsystem boundaries follow two rules:

- **High cohesion inside each subsystem:** domain concepts, use cases, and repositories that belong together live in the same subsystem.
- **Communication only through interfaces or events:** one subsystem cannot bypass another's API or directly manipulate its data store.

At a high level, the Presentation layer can talk to multiple subsystems in a single request (for example, workout logging + gamification), while subsystems themselves interact through clear, directed dependencies as shown below.

