# Veriopt Theories

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1	Verifying term graph optimizations using Isabe	lle/HOL
i	imports Canonicalizations. ConditionalPhase Canonicalizations. AddPhase Optimizations. CanonicalizationSyntax Semantics. Tree To Graph Thms Snippets. Snipping HOL-Library. OptionalSugar egin	
de no tra	First, we disable undesirable markup.  eclare [[show-types=false,show-sorts=false]]  o-notation ConditionalExpr (-?-:-)  ranslations $n <= CONST \ Rep-intexp \ n$ $n <= CONST \ Rep-i32exp \ n$	
1.	.1 Markup syntax for common operations	
	otation ( $latex$ ) $kind (-\langle\!\langle - \rangle\!\rangle)$	
	$egin{aligned} \textbf{otation} & (latex) \ valid-value & (- \in -) \end{aligned}$	
no	otation (latex)	

```
val-to-bool (bool-of -)

notation (latex)
  constantAsStamp (stamp-from-value -)

notation (latex)
  size (trm(-))
```

#### 1.2 Representing canonicalization optimizations

We wish to provide an example of the semantics layers at which optimizations can be expressed.

```
lemma diff\text{-}self:
   fixes x :: int
   shows x - x = 0
   by simp
lemma diff\text{-}diff\text{-}cancel:
   fixes x y :: int
   shows x - (x - y) = y
   by simp
thm diff\text{-}self
thm diff\text{-}self
```

#### algebraic-laws

$$x - x = 0 \tag{1}$$

$$x - (x - y) = y \tag{2}$$

lemma diff-self-value:  $\forall v::'a::len \ word. \ v-v=0$  by simp lemma diff-diff-cancel-value:  $\forall \ v_1 \ v_2::'a::len \ word \ . \ v_1-(v_1-v_2)=v_2$  by simp

#### $algebraic\hbox{-} laws\hbox{-} values$

$$\forall v :: 'a \ word. \ v - v = (0 :: 'a \ word) \tag{3}$$

$$\forall (v_1::'a \ word) \ v_2 :: 'a \ word. \ v_1 - (v_1 - v_2) = v_2$$
 (4)

#### translations

```
n <= CONST\ ConstantExpr\ (CONST\ IntVal\ b\ n)
x-y <= CONST\ BinaryExpr\ (CONST\ BinSub)\ x\ y
notation (ExprRule\ output)
Refines\ (-\longmapsto -)
lemma diff-self-expr:
```

```
assumes \forall m \ p \ v. \ [m,p] \vdash exp[e-e] \mapsto IntVal \ b \ v
  shows exp[e - e] \ge exp[const\ (IntVal\ b\ \theta)]
  using assms apply simp
  by (metis(full-types) evalDet val-to-bool.simps(1) zero-neg-one)
lemma diff-diff-cancel-expr:
  shows exp[e_1 - (e_1 - e_2)] \ge exp[e_2]
  apply simp sorry
    algebraic{-laws-expressions}
                                               e - e \longmapsto 0
                                                                                         (5)
                                   e_1 - (e_1 - e_2) \longmapsto e_2
                                                                                         (6)
no-translations
  n <= CONST\ ConstantExpr\ (CONST\ IntVal\ b\ n)
 x - y \le CONST BinaryExpr (CONST BinSub) x y
definition wf-stamp :: IRExpr \Rightarrow bool where
  wf-stamp e = (\forall m \ p \ v. ([m, p] \vdash e \mapsto v) \longrightarrow valid-value \ v \ (stamp-expr \ e))
lemma wf-stamp-eval:
  assumes wf-stamp e
  assumes stamp-expr\ e = IntegerStamp\ b\ lo\ hi
 \mathbf{shows} \ \forall \ m \ p \ v. \ ([m, \ p] \vdash e \mapsto v) \longrightarrow (\exists \ vv. \ v = \mathit{IntVal} \ b \ vv)
 using assms unfolding wf-stamp-def
  using valid-int-same-bits valid-int
  by metis
{\bf phase} \ {\it SnipPhase}
 terminating size
begin
\mathbf{lemma}\ sub\text{-}same\text{-}val\text{:}
 assumes val[e - e] = IntVal\ b\ v
shows val[e - e] = val[IntVal\ b\ 0]
  using assms by (cases e; auto)
    sub-same-32
    optimization SubIdentity:
      (e - e) \longmapsto ConstantExpr (IntVal \ b \ 0)
        when ((stamp-expr\ exp[e-e]=IntegerStamp\ b\ lo\ hi) \land wf-stamp\ exp[e
    -e
 apply simp
  apply (metis Suc-lessI add-is-1 add-pos-pos size-gt-0)
  apply (rule impI) apply simp
proof -
```

```
assume assms: stamp-binary\ BinSub\ (stamp-expr\ e)\ (stamp-expr\ e)=IntegerStamp\ b\ lo\ hi\ \land\ wf-stamp\ exp[e-e]
have \forall\ m\ p\ v\ .\ ([m,\ p]\vdash exp[e-e]\mapsto v)\longrightarrow (\exists\ vv.\ v=IntVal\ b\ vv)
using assms wf-stamp-eval
by (metis\ stamp-expr.simps(2))
then show \forall\ m\ p\ v\ .\ ([m,p]\vdash BinaryExpr\ BinSub\ e\ e\mapsto v)\longrightarrow ([m,p]\vdash ConstantExpr\ (IntVal\ b\ 0)\mapsto v)
by (smt\ (verit,\ best)\ BinaryExprE\ TreeSnippets.wf-stamp-def\ assms\ bin-eval.simps(3) constantAsStamp.simps(1)\ evalDet\ stamp-expr.simps(2)\ sub-same-val\ unfold-const\ valid-stamp.simps(1)\ valid-value.simps(1))
qed
thm-oracles SubIdentity end
```

#### 1.3 Representing terms

We wish to show a simple example of expressions represented as terms.

```
ast-example BinaryExpr\ BinAdd (BinaryExpr\ BinMul\ x\ x) (BinaryExpr\ BinMul\ x\ x)
```

Then we need to show the datatypes that compose the example expression.

```
abstract-syntax-tree

datatype IRExpr =
   UnaryExpr IRUnaryOp IRExpr
| BinaryExpr IRBinaryOp IRExpr IRExpr
| ConditionalExpr IRExpr IRExpr IRExpr
| ParameterExpr nat Stamp
| LeafExpr nat Stamp
| ConstantExpr Value
| ConstantVar (char list)
| VariableExpr (char list) Stamp
```

```
value

datatype Value = UndefVal
  | IntVal nat (64 word)
  | ObjRef (nat option)
  | ObjStr (char list)
```

#### 1.4 Term semantics

The core expression evaluation functions need to be introduced.

#### eval

unary- $eval :: IRUnaryOp \Rightarrow Value \Rightarrow Value$ bin- $eval :: IRBinaryOp \Rightarrow Value \Rightarrow Value \Rightarrow Value$ 

We then provide the full semantics of IR expressions.

#### no-translations

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (prop) \ P \wedge Q \Longrightarrow R <= (prop) \ P \Longrightarrow Q \Longrightarrow R \\ \textbf{translations} \\ (prop) \ P \Longrightarrow Q \Longrightarrow R <= (prop) \ P \wedge Q \Longrightarrow R \end{array}$$

#### tree-semantics

semantics:unary semantics:binary semantics:conditional semantics:constant semantics:parameter semantics:leaf

#### no-translations

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (prop) \ P \Longrightarrow Q \Longrightarrow R <= (prop) \ P \wedge Q \Longrightarrow R \\ \textbf{translations} \\ (prop) \ P \wedge Q \Longrightarrow R <= (prop) \ P \Longrightarrow Q \Longrightarrow R \end{array}$$

And show that expression evaluation is deterministic.

#### tree-evaluation-deterministic

$$[m,p] \vdash e \mapsto v_1 \land [m,p] \vdash e \mapsto v_2 \Longrightarrow v_1 = v_2$$

We then want to start demonstrating the obligations for optimizations. For this we define refinement over terms.

## $expression\hbox{-}refinement$

$$e_1 \sqsupseteq e_2 = (\forall \ m \ p \ v. \ [m,p] \vdash e_1 \mapsto v \longrightarrow [m,p] \vdash e_2 \mapsto v)$$

To motivate this definition we show the obligations generated by optimization definitions.

phase SnipPhase terminating size begin

#### $\overline{Inverse}\overline{LeftS}ub$

optimization InverseLeftSub:

$$(e_1 - e_2) + e_2 \longmapsto e_1$$

#### Inverse Left Sub Obligation

- 1.  $trm(e_1) < trm(BinaryExpr\ BinAdd\ (BinaryExpr\ BinSub\ e_1\ e_2)\ e_2)$
- 2.  $BinaryExpr\ BinAdd\ (BinaryExpr\ BinSub\ e_1\ e_2)\ e_2\ \supseteq\ e_1$

**apply**  $(simp \ add: size-gt-\theta)$ 

using RedundantSubAdd by auto

#### InverseRightSub

**optimization** InverseRightSub:  $(e_2::intexp) + ((e_1::intexp) - e_2) \longmapsto e_1$ 

#### Inverse Right Sub Obligation

- 1.  $trm(e_1) < trm(BinaryExpr\ BinAdd\ e_2\ (BinaryExpr\ BinSub\ e_1\ e_2))$
- 2.  $BinaryExpr\ BinAdd\ e_2\ (BinaryExpr\ BinSub\ e_1\ e_2)\ \supseteq\ e_1$

using neutral-right-add-sub by auto

end

#### $expression\hbox{-}refinement\hbox{-}monotone$

 $e \supseteq e' \Longrightarrow UnaryExpr \ op \ e \supseteq UnaryExpr \ op \ e'$ 

 $x \sqsupseteq x' \land y \sqsupseteq y' \Longrightarrow \mathit{BinaryExpr} \ \mathit{op} \ x \ y \sqsupseteq \mathit{BinaryExpr} \ \mathit{op} \ x' \ y'$ 

 $ce \supseteq ce' \land te \supseteq te' \land fe \supseteq fe' \Longrightarrow$ 

ConditionalExpr ce te fe  $\supseteq$  ConditionalExpr ce' te' fe'

phase SnipPhase

terminating size

begin

#### Binary Fold Constant

**optimization** BinaryFoldConstant: BinaryExpr op (const v1) (const v2)  $\longmapsto$  ConstantExpr (bin-eval op v1 v2) when int-and-equal-bits v1 v2

#### Binary Fold Constant Obligation

- 1. int-and-equal-bits  $v1 \ v2 \longrightarrow trm(ConstantExpr \ (bin$ -eval op  $v1 \ v2))$  $< trm(BinaryExpr \ op \ (ConstantExpr \ v1) \ (ConstantExpr \ v2))$
- 2. int-and-equal-bits v1 v2 →
  BinaryExpr op (ConstantExpr v1) (ConstantExpr v2) ⊒
  ConstantExpr (bin-eval op v1 v2)

using BinaryFoldConstant by auto

#### Add Commute Constant Right

**optimization** AddCommuteConstantRight:  $((const\ v) + y) \longmapsto (y + (const\ v)) \ when \ \neg (is-ConstantExpr\ y)$ 

#### AddCommuteConstantRightObligation

- 1.  $\neg$  is-ConstantExpr  $y \longrightarrow trm(BinaryExpr\ BinAdd\ y\ (ConstantExpr\ v)) < trm(BinaryExpr\ BinAdd\ (ConstantExpr\ v)\ y)$
- 2.  $\neg$  is-ConstantExpr  $y \longrightarrow$ BinaryExpr BinAdd (ConstantExpr v)  $y \supseteq$ BinaryExpr BinAdd y (ConstantExpr v)

using AddShiftConstantRight by auto

#### AddNeutral

**optimization**  $AddNeutral: ((e::i32exp) + (const (IntVal 32 0))) \mapsto e$ 

### Add Neutral Obligation

- 1.  $trm(e) < trm(BinaryExpr\ BinAdd\ e\ (ConstantExpr\ (IntVal\ 32\ 0)))$
- 2.  $BinaryExpr\ BinAdd\ e\ (ConstantExpr\ (IntVal\ 32\ 0))\ \supseteq\ e$

**apply** (rule conjE, simp, simp del: le-expr-def) **using** neutral-zero(1) rewrite-preservation.simps(1) **by** blast

#### AddToSub

 $\textbf{optimization} \ \textit{AddToSub} \text{:} -e + y \longmapsto y - e$ 

#### Add To Sub Obligation

- 1.  $trm(BinaryExpr\ BinSub\ y\ e) < trm(BinaryExpr\ BinAdd\ (UnaryExpr\ UnaryNeg\ e)\ y)$
- 2. BinaryExprBinAdd (UnaryExpr UnaryNeg e) y  $\supseteq$  BinaryExprBinSub y e

using AddLeftNegateToSub by auto

end

**definition** trm where trm = size

```
\overline{phase}
```

phase AddCanonicalizations terminating trm begin...end

hide-const (open) Form.wf-stamp

```
phase\text{-}example
```

phase Conditional terminating trm begin

#### phase-example-1

**optimization** negate-condition:  $((!e) ? x : y) \longmapsto (e ? y : x)$ 

**using** ConditionalPhase.NegateConditionFlipBranches **by** (auto simp: trm-def)

```
phase\text{-}example\text{-}2
```

 $\textbf{optimization} \ \textit{const-true} \colon (\textit{true} \ ? \ x : y) \longmapsto x$ 

**by** (auto simp: trm-def)

phase-example-3

**optimization** const-false: (false ? x : y)  $\longmapsto y$ 

by (auto simp: trm-def)

phase-example-4

**optimization** equal-branches:  $(e ? x : x) \longmapsto x$ 

**by** (auto simp: trm-def)

#### phase-example-7

end

#### termination

 $trm(UnaryExpr\ op\ e) = trm(e) + 1$ 

 $trm(BinaryExpr\ BinAdd\ x\ y) = trm(x) + 2 * trm(y)$ 

 $trm(BinaryExpr\ BinXor\ x\ y) = trm(x) + trm(y)$ 

 $trm(ConditionalExpr\ cond\ t\ f) = trm(cond) + trm(t) + trm(f) + 2$ 

 $trm(ConstantExpr\ c) = 1$ 

 $trm(ParameterExpr\ ind\ s)=2$ 

#### $graph\mbox{-}representation$

typedef IRGraph =

 $\{g :: ID \rightharpoonup (IRNode \times Stamp) : finite (dom g)\}$ 

#### no-translations

$$(prop)\ P \land\ Q \Longrightarrow R <= (prop)\ P \Longrightarrow Q \Longrightarrow R$$

translations

$$(prop) P \Longrightarrow Q \Longrightarrow R <= (prop) P \land Q \Longrightarrow R$$

#### graph2tree

rep:constant rep:parameter rep:conditional rep:unary rep:convert rep:binary rep:leaf rep:ref

### no-translations

$$(prop)\ P \Longrightarrow Q \Longrightarrow R <= (prop)\ P \land Q \Longrightarrow R$$

translations

$$(prop) \ P \land Q \Longrightarrow R <= (prop) \ P \Longrightarrow Q \Longrightarrow R$$

```
preeval
is-preevaluated (InvokeNode\ n\ uu\ uv\ uw\ ux\ uy) = True
is-preevaluated (InvokeWithExceptionNode n uz va vb vc vd ve) =
True
is-preevaluated (NewInstanceNode n vf vg vh) = True
is-preevaluated (LoadFieldNode n vi vj vk) = True
is-preevaluated (SignedDivNode n vl vm vn vo vp) = True
is-preevaluated (SignedRemNode\ n\ vq\ vr\ vs\ vt\ vu) = True
is-preevaluated (ValuePhiNode n \ vv \ vw) = True
is-preevaluated (AbsNode\ v) = False
is-preevaluated (AddNode v va) = False
is-preevaluated (AndNode v va) = False
is-preevaluated (BeginNode\ v) = False
is-preevaluated (BytecodeExceptionNode v va vb) = False
is-preevaluated (ConditionalNode v va vb) = False
is-preevaluated (ConstantNode v) = False
is-preevaluated (DynamicNewArrayNode v va vb vc vd) = False
is-preevaluated EndNode = False
is-preevaluated (ExceptionObjectNode v va) = False
is-preevaluated (FrameState v va vb vc) = False
is-preevaluated (IfNode v va vb) = False
is-preevaluated (IntegerBelowNode v va) = False
is-preevaluated (IntegerEqualsNode v va) = False
is-preevaluated (IntegerLessThanNode v va) = False
is-preevaluated (IsNullNode\ v) = False
is-preevaluated (KillingBeginNode v) = False
is-preevaluated (LeftShiftNode v va) = False
is-preevaluated (LogicNegationNode v) = False
is-preevaluated (LoopBeginNode v va vb vc) = False
is-preevaluated (LoopEndNode v) = False
is-preevaluated (LoopExitNode\ v\ va\ vb) = False
is-preevaluated (MergeNode v va vb) = False
is-preevaluated (MethodCallTargetNode v va) = False
is-preevaluated (MulNode v va) = False
is-preevaluated (NarrowNode v va vb) = False
is-preevaluated (NegateNode v) = False
is-preevaluated (NewArrayNode v va vb) = False
is-preevaluated (NotNode v) = False
is-preevaluated (OrNode v va) = False
is-preevaluated (ParameterNode\ v) = False
is-preevaluated (PiNode\ v\ va) = False
is-preevaluated (ReturnNode v va) = False
is-preevaluated (RightShiftNode v va) = False
is-preevaluated (ShortCircuitOrNode v va) = False
```

is-preevaluated (SianExtendNode v va vb) = False

#### $deterministic \hbox{-} representation$

$$g \vdash n \simeq e_1 \land g \vdash n \simeq e_2 \Longrightarrow e_1 = e_2$$

#### thm-oracles repDet

#### well-formed-term-graph

$$\exists \ e. \ g \vdash n \simeq e \land (\exists \ v. \ [m,p] \vdash e \mapsto v)$$

#### graph-semantics

$$([g,m,p] \vdash n \mapsto v) = (\exists e. g \vdash n \simeq e \land [m,p] \vdash e \mapsto v)$$

#### graph-semantics-deterministic

$$[g,m,p] \vdash n \, \mapsto \, v_1 \, \wedge \, [g,m,p] \vdash n \, \mapsto \, v_2 \Longrightarrow \, v_1 \, = \, v_2$$

 $\mathbf{thm\text{-}oracles}\ \mathit{graphDet}$ 

#### **notation** (*latex*)

graph-refinement (term-graph-refinement -)

#### graph-refinement

$$\begin{array}{l} \textit{term-graph-refinement} \ g_1 \ g_2 = \\ (\textit{ids} \ g_1 \subseteq \textit{ids} \ g_2 \ \land \\ (\forall \, n. \ n \in \textit{ids} \ g_1 \longrightarrow (\forall \, e. \ g_1 \vdash n \simeq e \longrightarrow g_2 \vdash n \unlhd e))) \end{array}$$

#### translations

n <= CONST as-set n

#### graph-semantics-preservation

$$\begin{array}{l} {e_1}' \sqsupseteq {e_2}' \wedge \\ \{n\} \vartriangleleft g_1 \subseteq g_2 \wedge \\ g_1 \vdash n \simeq {e_1}' \wedge g_2 \vdash n \simeq {e_2}' \Longrightarrow \\ term\text{-}graph\text{-}refinement \ g_1 \ g_2 \end{array}$$

 ${\bf thm\text{-}oracles}\ \textit{graph-semantics-preservation-subscript}$ 

#### $maximal\mbox{-}sharing$

```
\begin{array}{l} \textit{maximal-sharing } g = \\ (\forall \, n_1 \, \, n_2. \\ \quad n_1 \in \textit{true-ids } g \, \land \, n_2 \in \textit{true-ids } g \longrightarrow \\ (\forall \, e. \, g \vdash n_1 \, \simeq \, e \, \land \\ \quad g \vdash n_2 \, \simeq \, e \, \land \, \textit{stamp } g \, \, n_1 = \textit{stamp } g \, \, n_2 \longrightarrow \\ \quad n_1 \, = \, n_2)) \end{array}
```

#### tree-to-graph-rewriting

```
\begin{array}{l} e_1 \mathrel{\sqsupset} e_2 \land \\ g_1 \vdash n \simeq e_1 \land \\ maximal\text{-}sharing \ g_1 \land \\ \{n\} \mathrel{\vartriangleleft} g_1 \subseteq g_2 \land \\ g_2 \vdash n \simeq e_2 \land \\ maximal\text{-}sharing \ g_2 \Longrightarrow \\ term\text{-}graph\text{-}refinement \ g_1 \ g_2 \end{array}
```

#### thm-oracles tree-to-graph-rewriting

#### $term\hbox{-} graph\hbox{-} refines\hbox{-} term$

$$(g \vdash n \trianglelefteq e) = (\exists e'. g \vdash n \simeq e' \land e \sqsupseteq e')$$

#### $term\mbox{-}graph\mbox{-}evaluation$

$$g \vdash n \mathrel{\unlhd} e \Longrightarrow \forall \, m \, \, p \, \, v. \, \, [m,p] \vdash e \mapsto v \longrightarrow [g,m,p] \vdash n \mapsto v$$

#### graph-construction

$$\begin{array}{l} e_1 \sqsupseteq e_2 \wedge g_1 \subseteq g_2 \wedge g_2 \vdash n \simeq e_2 \Longrightarrow \\ g_2 \vdash n \trianglelefteq e_1 \wedge term\text{-}graph\text{-}refinement \ g_1 \ g_2 \end{array}$$

#### $\mathbf{thm\text{-}oracles}\ \mathit{graph\text{-}construction}$

### $term\hbox{-} graph\hbox{-} reconstruction$

$$g \,\oplus\, e \,\leadsto\, (g',\, n) \Longrightarrow g' \vdash\, n \,\simeq\, e \,\wedge\, g \subseteq g'$$

```
\overline{refined}-\overline{insert}
```

```
e_1 \supseteq e_2 \land g_1 \oplus e_2 \leadsto (g_2, n') \Longrightarrow g_2 \vdash n' \trianglelefteq e_1 \land term\text{-}graph\text{-}refinement } g_1 \ g_2
```

#### $\mathbf{end}$

 ${\bf theory} \ {\it SlideSnippets}$ 

#### imports

 $Semantics. Tree To Graph Thms \\ Snippets. Snipping$ 

#### begin

**notation** (latex)

 $kind~(-\langle\!\langle - \rangle\!\rangle)$ 

**notation** (latex)

IRTreeEval.ord-IRExpr-inst.less-eq-IRExpr (-  $\longmapsto$  -)

#### $abstract ext{-}syntax ext{-}tree$

#### datatype IRExpr =

 $UnaryExpr\ IRUnaryOp\ IRExpr$ 

BinaryExpr IRBinaryOp IRExpr IRExpr

ConditionalExpr IRExpr IRExpr IRExpr

ParameterExpr nat Stamp

 $LeafExpr\ nat\ Stamp$ 

 $Constant Expr\ Value$ 

Constant Var (char list)

VariableExpr (char list) Stamp

#### tree-semantics

semantics:constant semantics:parameter semantics:unary semantics:binary semantics:leaf

#### $expression\-refinement$

$$(e_1::IRExpr) \supseteq (e_2::IRExpr) = (\forall (m::nat \Rightarrow Value) (p::Value list) \\ v::Value. [m,p] \vdash e_1 \mapsto v \longrightarrow [m,p] \vdash e_2 \mapsto v)$$

#### graph2tree

semantics:constant semantics:unary semantics:binary

#### graph-semantics

```
([g::IRGraph,m::nat \Rightarrow Value,p::Value\ list] \vdash n::nat \mapsto v::Value) = \\ (\exists\ e::IRExpr.\ g \vdash n \simeq e \land [m,p] \vdash e \mapsto v)
```

#### graph-refinement

```
\begin{array}{l} \textit{graph-refinement} \ (g_1 :: IRGraph) \ (g_2 :: IRGraph) = \\ (\textit{ids} \ g_1 \subseteq \textit{ids} \ g_2 \land \\ (\forall \, n :: nat. \\ n \in \textit{ids} \ g_1 \longrightarrow (\forall \, e :: IRExpr. \ g_1 \vdash n \simeq e \longrightarrow g_2 \vdash n \trianglelefteq e))) \end{array}
```

#### translations

 $n <= CONST \ as ext{-}set \ n$ 

#### graph-semantics-preservation

#### $maximal\mbox{-}sharing$

```
\begin{array}{l} \textit{maximal-sharing} \ (g::IRGraph) = \\ (\forall \, (n_1::nat) \ n_2::nat. \\ n_1 \in \textit{true-ids} \ g \land n_2 \in \textit{true-ids} \ g \longrightarrow \\ (\forall \, e::IRExpr. \\ g \vdash n_1 \simeq e \land \\ g \vdash n_2 \simeq e \land \textit{stamp} \ g \ n_1 = \textit{stamp} \ g \ n_2 \longrightarrow \\ n_1 = n_2)) \end{array}
```

#### $tree\hbox{-}to\hbox{-}graph\hbox{-}rewriting$

```
 \begin{array}{l} (e_1 :: IRExpr) \sqsupset (e_2 :: IRExpr) \land \\ g_1 :: IRGraph \vdash n :: nat \simeq e_1 \land \\ maximal\text{-}sharing \ g_1 \land \\ \{n\} \lessdot g_1 \subseteq (g_2 :: IRGraph) \land \\ g_2 \vdash n \simeq e_2 \land maximal\text{-}sharing \ g_2 \Longrightarrow \\ graph\text{-}refinement \ g_1 \ g_2 \end{array}
```

## graph-represents-expression

```
(g :: IRGraph \vdash n :: nat \mathrel{\unlhd} e :: IRExpr) = (\exists \ e' :: IRExpr. \ g \vdash n \simeq e' \land \ e \mathrel{\sqsubseteq} e')
```

#### graph-construction

```
 \begin{array}{l} (e_1::IRExpr) \sqsupset (e_2::IRExpr) \land \\ (g_1::IRGraph) \varsubsetneq (g_2::IRGraph) \land \\ g_2 \vdash n::nat \simeq e_2 \Longrightarrow \\ g_2 \vdash n \trianglelefteq e_1 \land graph\text{-refinement } g_1 \ g_2 \\ \end{array}
```

 $\quad \text{end} \quad$