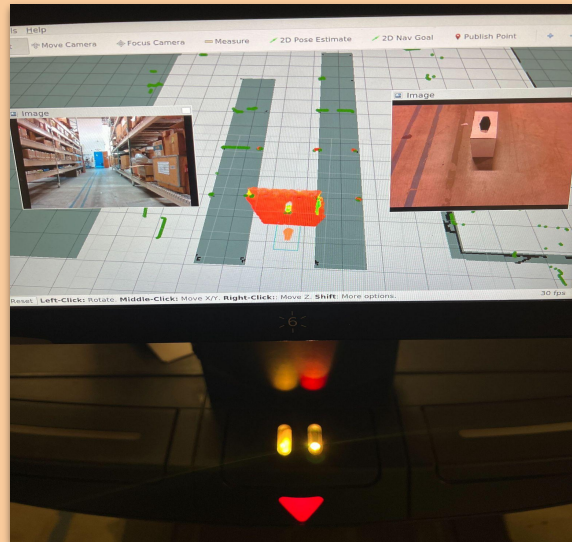


RVIZ AND LIDAR PROJECT

(Status update)

Objectives completed:

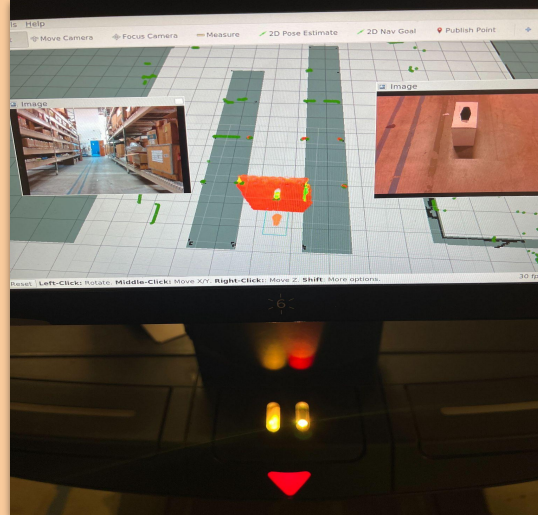
1. Remotely starting rviz on a chuck's gui.
 - a. Helpful for a 3P while diagnosing an issue.
 - b. To open rviz:
 - ssh into chuck while it's running or sent on movement loop.
 - In terminal type: `$ chuck stop mfp-gui` and then `$ chuck rviz`



2. Have live feed from both cameras on rviz

- a. Helpful in diagnosing, debugging or troubleshooting hardstops and other movement issues of chuck.
- b. How to switch on:
 - Change the sensor.launch file parameters and then restart chuck (to be done just once)
 - Select the correct topic in rviz (a default .rviz file can also be made)
 - I'll be documenting all these steps

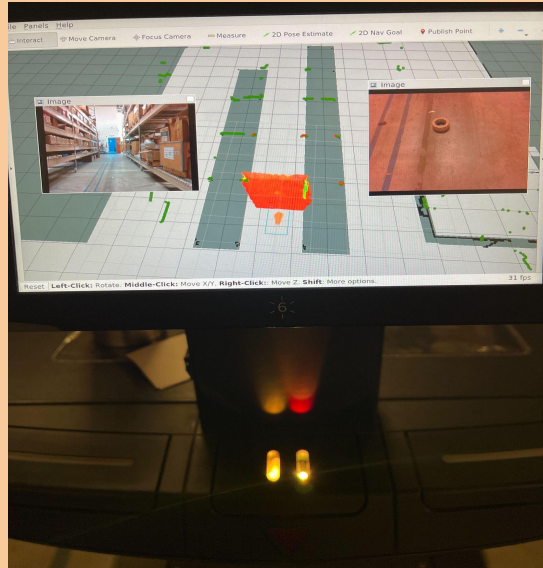
Front forward



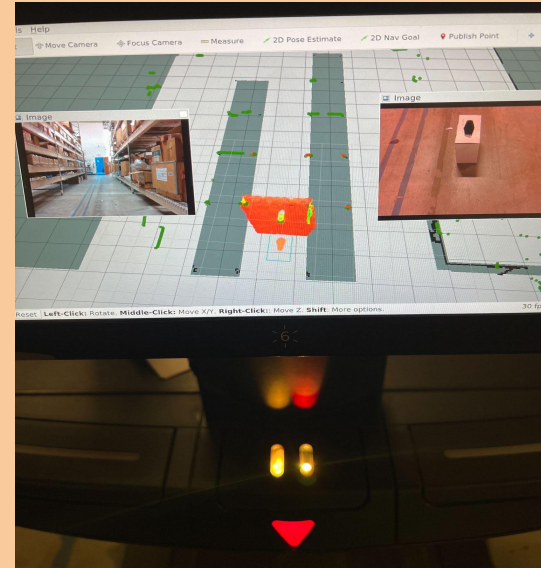
Front downward

3. Detect when the hardstop is 'just' because of downward facing camera

- a. When a hardstop is because of small size objects and reflections, live feed from downward camera would help in diagnosing. LiDAR doesn't detect these objects



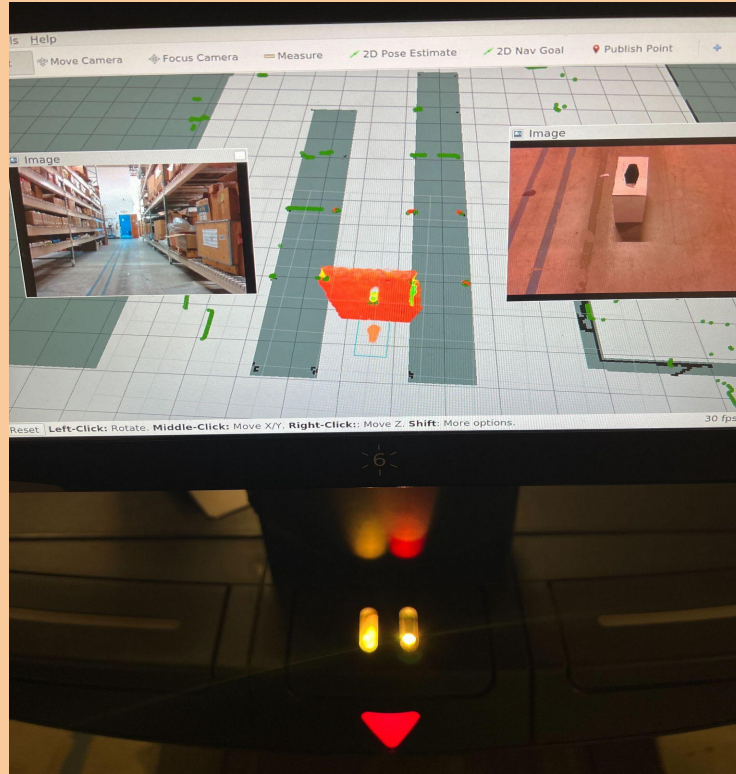
Not detected by LiDAR



Detected by LiDAR

4. Detecting reason for harstop when both sensors see same object

a. Getting the live feed is helpful



Both sensors see same object

3 Ways of accessing rviz

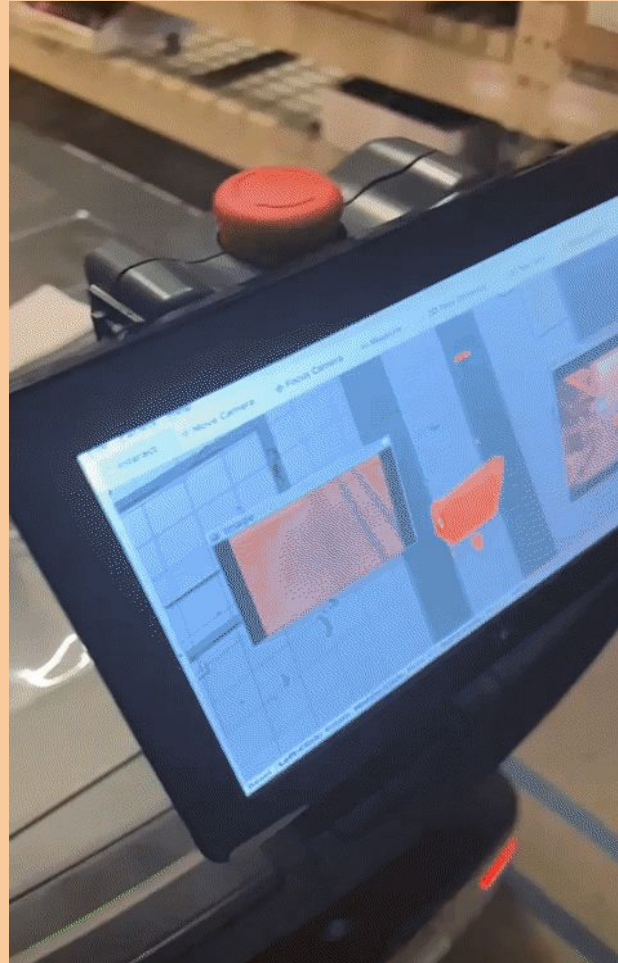
1) On-site

- A 3P tech on site can visualize the chuck and observe its behavior either through chuck gui or PC
- Pros- This method is fastest and most efficient since there is no lag when rviz is run on chuck's gui
- Cons- The primary purpose is to troubleshoot remotely (discussed in next slide)

LiDAR doesn't detect



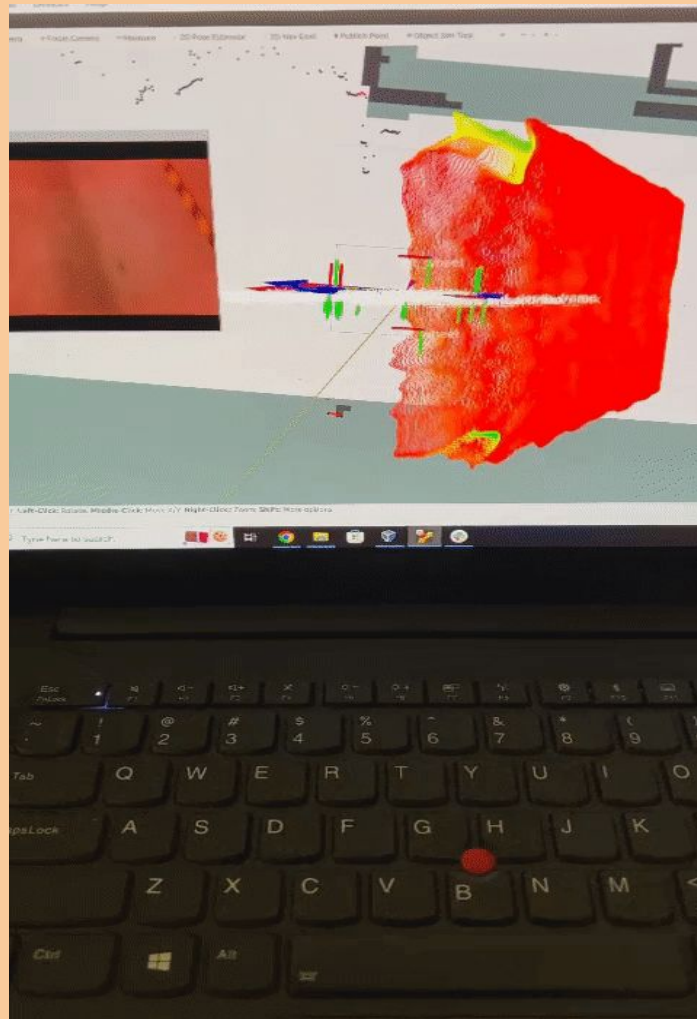
LiDAR doesn't detect



2) Vpn into chuck

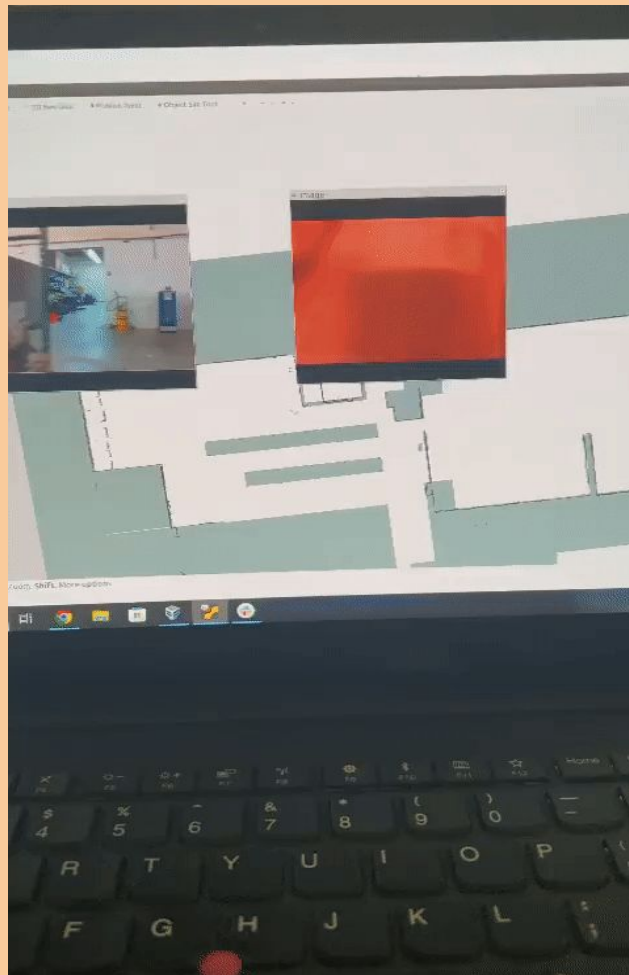
- In this, our team will remotely vpn into a chuck and use the custom rviz file to visualize all the necessary data.
- Pros: Most convenient since it is remote. Helpful to debug issues
- Cons: There is a lot of lag...lots and lots of lag :(ul>- Wifi signal issues will make it worse

Accessing rviz remotely



3) Collecting rosbags for the required duration and analyzing (ongoing)

- Elimination of lag
- Can be done remotely
- Steps:
 1. Ssh into chuck
 2. Let the chuck move to the place where hardstop/ movement issue is occurring
 3. Simultaneously record rosbag
 4. Copy the rosbag on your local pc or use google cloud to download it (to be discussed)
 5. Play the bag on rviz and visualize



Running collected rosbag on PC

Challenges in implementing

- The downward facing camera live feed requires change in launch file (permission issues)
- Requires ROS installation on team's laptops (not time consuming)
- Access for creating Google cloud bucket to upload and download (discuss with Jeff Cohen and Brian)
- It would be difficult to collect longer duration rosbags (file size would be too big)

LiDAR Proximity Detection (ongoing)

- Can be done remotely without the need of downloading rosbags
- Can be run on a live chuck
- The python script outputs the angle of an obstacle that is present at a distance of less than 11 cm from LiDAR
- Explaining the code:
 - LiDAR outputs beam from -104 to 104 degrees
 - Total 627 beams, at an increment of 0.33 degrees
 - The center beam is at 313th index
 - So, if an obstacle is to left of chuck, angle is negative
 - If an obstacle is to right of chuck, angle is positive
- little caveats:
 - All distances are from LiDAR so multiple scripts might be needed. For e.g two different scripts for LiDAR shroud case and hanging lights case
 - There are certain beams that show distance as less but are actually ignored (soution: see the output pattern)

THANK YOU!!!