1. R essentials

Principles of Data Science with R

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Announcement: Regarding Homework 01

1. Introduction to R

Summary:

- Core elements of Data Science project life-cylcle
 - Programming
 - Statistics and Probability
 - Databases
- Accessing Rstudio instance for the course
- created a Data Science project report for UN votes.
- Course overview and Brief Syllabus walk through
- Rmarkdown essentials.(Complete it in section 1)

Post Lecture 0 to-do for you

- Read syllabus carefully
- Note down important dates, final exam
- Get familiar with Course site on Canvas
- Go to both Sections each week and ask questions when you are stuck.
- Complete Homework 1 and submit on time.
- Visit Office hours
 - Get help with lecture material if you struggled in lecture today.
 - Practice will make it perfect for you!

Have a great start to the quarter! See you next lecture!

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Make sure to look at the .html output of your Knit command :

- Make sure the text Solution x: appears at the top of each of your solutions
- Include narrative in your own words.
- Reflect on your work in the worksheet and include learning gains in the last exercise.
- Use office hours and HW clinics for help each day If you don't use them they will go away!

Last time: RStudio panes and Rmd



Today: Get started with R: Console, Environment panes, R essentials

Wait, but what is data?



Data is all around us!

Amount of data generated each day is incomprehensible!

Data comes in numerous types and formats that impact how we prepare, analyze it as well as the accuracy of insights and decisions that can be made using it.

1. Introduction to R



R is a programming language designed for s.

- R is an open-source(free) statistical programming language
- R is also an environment for statistical computing and **graphics**
- It's easily extensible with packages (more on this later)
- R is based on the S language, which was developed by Bell laboratories in the 90's
- Home page: http://www.r-project.org

Why Rstudio?

RStudio is an integrated development environment (IDE) designed to make your life easier.

- Organizes scripts, files, plots, code console, . . .
- Highlights syntax
- Helpful interactive graphical interface
- Will make an efficient, reproducible workflow much easier
 R
 Markdown integration

R and RStudio

R: Engine





- R is a programming language.
- RStudio is a convenient interface for R called an IDE (integrated development environment).
- e.g. "I write R code in the RStudio IDE"
- just like "I write an English essay in my notebook or in a Word
 Document in MS Word software or."

R packages

- Packages are the fundamental units of reproducible R code.
 They include reusable R functions, the documentation that describes how to use them, and sample data
- There are over 18,000 R packages available on CRAN (the Comprehensive R Archive Network)1
- We will use various packages in this course such as base R,graphics, igraph, igraphdata etc.
- 1 Community contributed packages are stored at CRAN Comprehensive R Archive Network

Objects in R

To understand computations in R, two slogans are helpful:

Everything that exists is an object.

Everything that happens is a function call.

- John Chambers

Even a function is an object.

Objects in R:

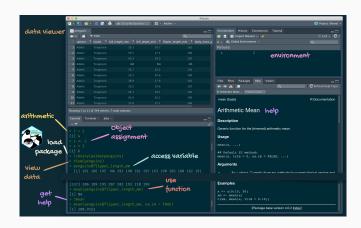
- data numbers, letters, words and more
- functions
- packages

Working in R console.

 Working in the console pane, use any mathematical operators (+, -, /, and *) to create an expression and make sure it works as expected.

What is 2+2, 100*3, 100/10, sqrt(25)?

- 2. Load the palmerpenguins package so that we have access to all functions and data in this package.
- 3. View the penguins dataset
- 4. Take a look at the flipper_length variable
- Find the average flipper_length
- 6. Get help on the mean function



The packages we will use in this class

- base R
- datasets
- graphics
- stats

What command will load these packages into your R session?

Disclaimer!! Many New Terms coming!

Don't worry about memorizing and remembering everything right now.

Instead, focus on recognizing the way R has things broken down

Review: R essentials

• Columns (variables) in data frames are accessed with \$:

dataframe\$var_name

Objects and Functions in R

• Object documentation(aka help files) can be accessed with ?

?mean

Assignment operator and comments



is used to assign values to objects.

OBJECT <- VALUE

 $x \leftarrow 2$ # note the change in the environment

"Creates an object x and assign it the value 2"

Defining objects

```
xsq <- 2^3 # note the change in the environment
xsq
## [1] 8
R is case sensitive.
XSQ</pre>
```

Error in eval(expr, envir, enclos): object 'XSQ' not for

Your Turn: Tour of R essentials

Go to RStudio and do this now L01/YT01/Ressentials.Rmd

->

Summary:

Introduction to R

- Get comfortable with Rstudio
- R
- R essentials.

Learning Programming is HARD!



A friend/colleague who is an excellent programmer offhandedly told me the other day that coding is 90% googling error messages & 10% writing code. Until this point, I thought that all the time I spent googling error messages meant I was bad at coding. What a perspective change!

