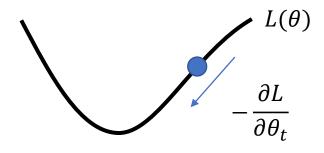
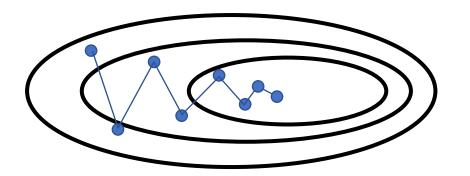
$$\theta_{t+1} = \theta_t - \eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta_t}$$

#### $\eta$ :学習率

# 【勾配下降イメージ】





```
class SGD:

   def __init__(self, lr=0.01):
        self.lr = lr

   def update(self, params, grads):
        for key in params.keys():
        params[key] -= self.lr*grads[key]
```

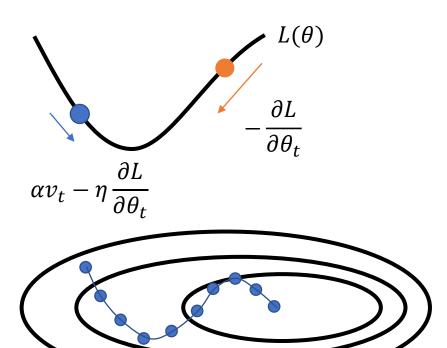
$$v_{t+1} = \alpha v_t - \eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta_t}$$
$$\theta_{t+1} = \theta_t + v_{t+1}$$

 $\alpha$ :モーメンタム係数, $\eta$ :学習率

前回の勾配の情報を $v_t$ が持つ。 $v_t$ は速度ととらえる事ができる。

- ・前回と勾配が同じ:より下げる方向に更新される。
- ・前回と勾配が異なる:下げる方向と逆に減速が働く。

#### 【勾配下降イメージ】



```
class Momentum:

def __init__(self, lr=0.01, momentum=0.9):
    self.lr = lr
    self.momentum = momentum
    self.v = None # initialize

def update(self, params, grads):
    if self.v is None:
        self.v = {}
        for key, val in params.items():
            self.v[key] = np.zeros_like(val)

for key in params.keys():
        self.v[key] = self.momentum*self.v[key] - self.lr*grads[key]
        params[key] += self.v[key]
```

$$v_{t+1} = \alpha v_t - \eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial (\theta_t + \alpha v_t)}$$
  
$$\theta_{t+1} = \theta_t + v_{t+1}$$

現在の速度が適用された後の勾配計算を行う。標準のモーメンタムに修正要因を追加しようとする。

 $\alpha$ :モーメンタム係数, $\eta$ :学習率



このままでは実装が難しい。 実装用の定義

#### 【定義】

$$\Theta_{t+1} = \theta_t + v_{t+1}$$
 とおき

$$\begin{split} v_{t+1} &= \alpha v_t - \eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial \Theta} \\ \Theta_{t+1} &= \Theta_t + \alpha^2 v_t - (1 + \alpha) * \eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial \Theta} \end{split}$$

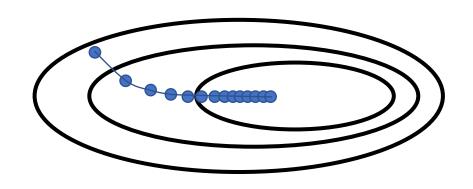
```
class Mestrov:
   def __init__(self, lr=0.01, momentum=0.9):
       self.lr = lr
       self.momentum = momentum
       self.v = None
   def update(self, params, grads):
       if self.v is None:
            self.v = \{\}
           for key, val in params.items():
                self.v[key] = np.zeros_like(val)
       for key in params.keys():
            params[key] += self.momentum * self.momentum * self.v[key]
            params[key] -= (1 + self.momentum) * self.lr * grads[key]
            self.v[key] *= self.momentum
            self.v[key] -= self.lr * grads[key]
```

$$\begin{aligned} h_{t+1} &= h_t + \eta \frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta_t} \odot \frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta_t} \\ \theta_{t+1} &= \theta_t - \eta \frac{1}{\varepsilon + \sqrt{h_{t+1}}} \odot \frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta_t} \end{aligned}$$

学習率を減衰させる。 $h_{t+1}$ は過去の勾配の2乗和となる。

#### 【勾配下降イメージ】

 $\eta$ :学習率,  $\epsilon$ :小さい定数



```
class AdaGrad:

def __init__(self, lr=0.01):
    self.lr = lr
    self.h = None

def update(self, params, grads):
    if self.h is None:
        self.h = {}
    for key, val in params.items():
            self.h[key] = np.zeros_like(val)

for key in params.keys():
    self.h[key] += grads[key] * grads[key]
    params[key] -= self.lr * grads[key] / (np.sqrt(self.h[key]) + 1e-7)
```

$$h_{t+1} = \rho h_t + (1 - \rho) \frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta_t} \odot \frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta_t}$$

$$\theta_{t+1} = \theta_t - \eta \frac{1}{\sqrt{\varepsilon + h_{t+1}}} \odot \frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta_t}$$

 $\eta$ :学習率,  $\epsilon$ :小さい定数

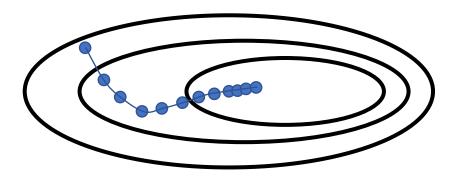
```
class RMSProp:
   def init (self, lr=0.01, decay rate=0.99):
       self.lr = lr
       self.decay rate = decay rate
       self.h = None
   def update(self, params, grads):
       if self.h is None:
           self.h = {}
           for key, val in params.items():
               self.h[key] = np.zeros_like(val)
       for key in params.keys():
           self.h[key] *= self.decay rate
           self.h[key] += (1 - self.decay_rate) * grads[key] * grads[key]
           params[key] -= self.lr * grads[key] / (np.sqrt(self.h[key] + 1e-7))
```

$$\begin{split} m_{t+1} &= \rho_1 m_t + (1 - \rho_1) \, \frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta_t} \\ v_{t+1} &= \rho_2 v_t + (1 - \rho_2) \, \frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta_t} \odot \frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta_t} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \widehat{m}_{t+1} &= \frac{m_{t+1}}{1 - \rho_1 t}, \ \widehat{v}_{t+1} = \frac{v_{t+1}}{1 - \rho_2 t} \ \text{LUT} \\ \theta_{t+1} &= \theta_t - \eta \frac{1}{\sqrt{\widehat{v}_{t+1}} + \varepsilon} \odot \widehat{m}_{t+1} \end{split}$$

 $\eta$ :学習率,  $\varepsilon$ : 小さい定数  $\rho_1$ ,  $\rho_2$ :モーメント推定に対する指数減衰率

MomentumとAdaGradを融合するアイデア



```
class Adam:
    def init (self, lr=0.001, rho1=0.9, rho2=0.999):
        self.lr = lr
        self.rho1 = rho1
        self.rho2 = rho2
        self.iter = 0
        self.m = None
        self.v = None
        self.epsilon = 1e-8
   def update(self, params, grads):
       if self.m is None:
            self.m, self.v = \{\}, \{\}
            for key, val in params.items():
                self.m = np.zeros like(val)
                self.v = np.zeros like(val)
        self.iter += 1
       for key in params.keys():
            self.m[key] = self.rho1*self.m[key] + (1 - self.rho1)*grads[key]
            self.v[key] = self.rho2*self.v[key] + (1 - self.rho2)*(grads[key]**2)
            m = self.m[key] / (1 - self.rho1**self.iter)
            v = self.v[key] / (1 - self.rho2**self.iter)
            params[key] -= self.lr * m / (np.sqrt(v) * self.epsilon)
```