### Attributes in Elements

- Element: any markup e.g ...
- Attribute
  - Adds more meaning and extra data
  - E.g. <img src="" alt="">
  - E.g. ...
- Sometimes mandatory, sometime optional
- Example: <html lang="en">...

### Special resource names – the web

- Special filename: index (as in index.html)
- Web servers configured to automatically recognize
- If present, automatically loads
  - User doesn't (have to) type it in
- Examples:
  - http://www.rochester.edu/college/honesty/index.html same as...
  - http://www.rochester.edu/college/honesty
  - http://www.facebook.com/index.php same as...
  - http://www.facebook.com

### Links to other Resources

- Examples:
  - <img src=""...
  - <a href=""...
- Link = path to a resource
- path: absolute or relative
- Absolute path:

<a href="http://www.rochester.edu/college/honesty/index.html">Academic Honesty</a>

• Relative path:

```
<a href="undergraduates.html">Undergraduates</a>
```

### Relative paths (links)

Same directory

```
<a href="index.html">Undergraduates</a>
```

Child

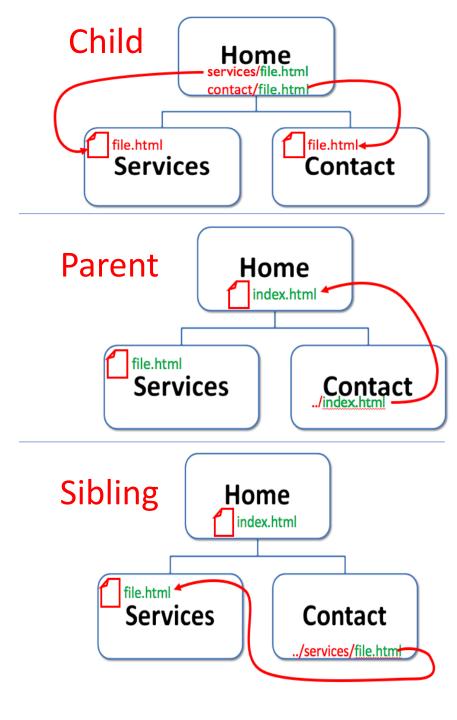
```
<a href="services/index.html">Undergraduates</a>
```

Parent

```
<a href="../index.html">Home page</a>
```

Sibling

```
<a href="../services/file.html">Home page</a>
```



### External links

For absolute path links, i.e. links to resources on other servers...

- Using attribute: target=" blank" ...is for off-server links
- Example:

```
< a href="http://www.google.com" target="_blank">Google</a>
```

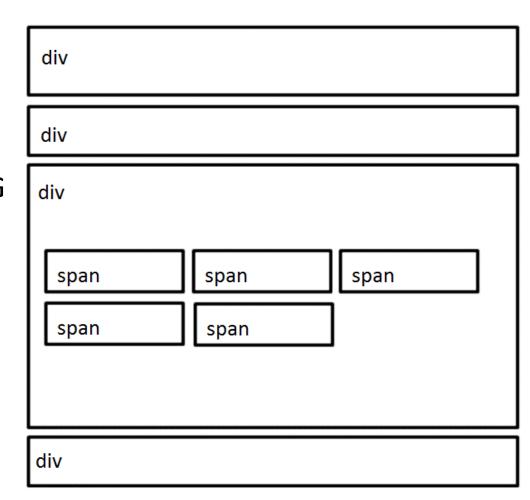
Never use for links within the same website

### Web Document Structure

Semantically Correct HTML

### Structural Elements

- Block and Inline
  - BLOCK tags: examples: H1, H2, etc., P
    - stack-up top over bottom
    - 100% width
    - as tall as the content needs to be
  - INLINE tags: STRONG, EM, A (hypertext), IMG
    - line-up side-by-side
    - as wide as they need to be
    - as tall as one line
- Non semantic value tags:
  DIV and SPAN (old fashioned)

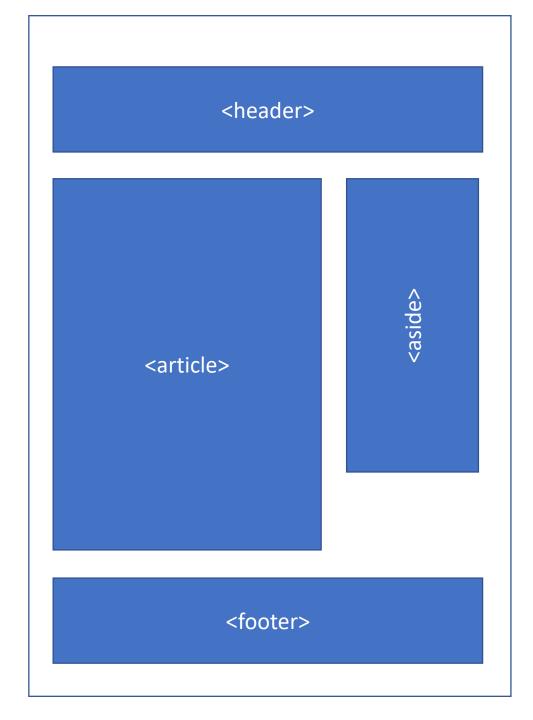


### HTML 5

- The World Wide Web Consortium (http://w3c.org) sets the standards for HTML and its related languages.
- New elements introduced
  - Note: lots dreamed-up by W3C not all get much action
- Popular (we'll be using)
  - <header>...
  - < nav >...
  - < article >... = a standalone chunk of content
  - < aside >... = content that can't stand alone; usually placed near an article
  - < footer >...

### Lab assignments

- Starting in Lab 4: put your content into "structural" tags
- For the purposes of CSC 170 lab assignments:
  - Use these structural elements...
    - <header>...</header>
    - <article>...</article>
    - <aside>...</aside>
    - <footer>...</footer>
  - ...just those, in that order
  - ...nothing in between
  - Try to balance content between the ARTICLE and the ASIDE



### The Semantic Web

- RULE: use HTML tags that describe the meaning of the content only (not the appearance)
- Separate: form from content
- See: The Machine is Us/ing Us (YouTube)
- One benefit (among many): find-ability...
  - Google scans webpages and indexes content
  - Google getting correct meaning out of words is hard
  - Tagged content (using the correct HTML tags) makes Google work better
  - YOU (the developer) pick the right HTML tags and your webpages will be found better in Google

### Markup

• A markup languages *enhances* the data – adds value

• E.g.

### 11201961

Eleven million, two hundred and one thousand, nine hundred sixty one

Data

# 11201961

### Information

# 11/20/1961

### Knowledge



### Progressive Enhancement

- Strategy for structured (web) development
- For building webpages in a layered fashion
- Each layer does not need more layers to be whole
- Each layer enhances (provides more value) to the layer below

## Progressive Enhancement for Web Development

- Content foundational layer
  - MS Word (?) ...anything

### 1. Structure

- HTML hypertext markup language
- Proper tags enable the "worldwide database" ...big data

#### 2. Presentation

- CSS cascading style sheets (next week)
- formatting and layout
- E.g. red = danger

### 3. Behavior

- JavaScript (and others)
- User interactions (clicking, tapping things move around on the screen)