Maintaining "State"

HTTP is "stateless"

- Stateless protocol
- Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP)
 - A message is sent. That is all.
 - Data is received. That is all.
 - No "persistence"
- Example of "stateful" protocol: FTP
 - Interactive sessions
 - User authenticated
 - Variables set on the server: working directory; transfer mode

Ways to Maintain State in a Stateless Protocol

Cookies

- Client-side state
- Small file \rightarrow user's web browser
- Write user information to the file
- Send the file back to the server

PHP session

- Server-side state
- PHP function: session start() → PHP (on the server) remembers
- Session variables: \$ SESSION
- Until: session unset() and session destroy() or timeout

User Sessions using PHP and MySQL

- 1. User \rightarrow HTML form
 - username/password
- 2. Form captured \rightarrow PHP script; compared (MySQL)
- 3. Match? PHP session is started; session variables set
- 4. Page to page, each asks: session variable?
 - If yes, show this webpage
 - If not, redirect