The **download** package*†

Simon Sigurdhsson [sigurdhsson@gmail.com] Version 1.1

Abstract The download package allows LaTeX to download files using cURL, wget, aria2 or axel.

1 Introduction

This package, inspired by a question on TeX.SE¹, allows LaTeX to download files using one of four engines. Since it needs to run external commands, it requires unrestricted \write18 access (*Note:* do not indiscriminately run pdfLaTeX with the --shell-escape flag; using this package it would be possible to download malicious.tex that may abuse the \write18 access to harm your system).

2 Usage

The package is very simple to use, but requires a *nix platform with any of the engines installed and present in the PATH.

2.1 Options

engine

auto,curl,wget,aria2,axel

(auto)

The package only has one option, which controls what underlying software is used to download the file. As of version v1.1, the four engines

^{*}Available on http://www.ctan.org/pkg/download.

[†]Development version available on https://github.com/urdh/download.

¹Klinger 2012.

available are cURL, wget, aria2 and axel. The default, which is used when no option is supplied, is auto. In this mode, download will look for wget, cURL, aria2 and axel, in that order, and use the first one available.

2.2 Macros

\download

```
[\langle filename \rangle] \{\langle url \rangle\}
```

The only macro provided by download is \download. With it, you can download any file from any $\langle url \rangle$ supported by the underlying engine (wget supports http(s) and ftp, cURL supports a few more, aria2 supports torrent downloads and axel supports downloading from multiple mirrors at once²; for most cases wget should be enough). The optional argument $\langle filename \rangle$ makes the underlying engine save the file with the specified filename (*Note:* this also enables file existence checking; without it, the engine will attempt to download the file even if it exists — wget and aria2 see the existing file and do nothing, and axel probably replaces any existing file but cURL will download a new copy with a numeral suffix).

3 Implementation

Let's have a look at the simple implementation. The package is based on Lagrangian and should comply with the standards described i the expl3 manual. In any case, we begin by loading a few packages (expl3 for the Lagrangian Lagrangian package) and Lagrangian parsing, pdftexcmds for the \pdf@shellescape macro and xparse for the public API definitions).

²See the manpage of the respective command for more information.

3.1 Messages

We define a couple of messages using 13keys functionality.

The two first messages will be used as fatal errors, when we notice that functionality we absolutely *require* (*e.g.* either unrestricted \write18 or the specified engine) is missing.

We also have a message being displayed when \download is being used without its optional argument. This is a warning, since it may imply that cURL is creating a lot of unwanted files.

```
\lambda \text{\package} & \msg_new:nnnn{download}{no-name}{Using~\string\download\space~with~no~fraction of the content o
```

The last two messages are diagnostics written to the log when engine is set to auto.

```
\(\text{package}\) \in \msg_new:nnn{download}{use-curl}{Using~cURL.}
\in \msg_new:nnn{download}{use-wget}{Using~wget.}
\in \msg_new:nnn{download}{use-ariaII}{Using~aria2.}
\in \msg_new:nnn{download}{use-axel}{Using~axel.}
```

3.2 The \write18 test

We require unrestricted \write18 and as such we must test for it. Using the \pdf@shellescape macro from pdftexcmds, we can define a new conditional that decides if we have unrestricted \write18.

d_if_shellescape:F (no arguments)

If the command sequence exists (it really should), we test to see if it is equal to one. The \pdf@shellescape macro will be zero if no

\write18 access is available, two if we have restricted access and one if access is unrestricted.

```
\daggerightarrow \frac{\partial f_int_compare:w\pdf@shellescape=\c_one \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
```

If the command sequence doesn't exist, we assume that we have unrestricted \write18 access (we probably don't), and let MEX complain about it later.

3.3 Utility functions

The existence tests for cURL and wget, explained later, create a temporary file. We might as well clean that up at once, since the user probably won't do that after each run of LTEX, and an old file may break the check.

3.4 Testing for the applications

Testing for the existence of executables is done by calling the standard *nix which command. We define one conditional for all engines:

recutable_test:nTF #1: The executable to test the existence of

3.5 Using cURL and wget

Actually using cURL and wget for downloading is simple, issuing two different commands depending on wether we have the optional argument or not (i.e. it is \NoValue).

ownload_curl_do:nn

#1: Filename to save file to, or \NoValue

#2: URL to fetch the file from

When no optional argument is given, we just invoke cURL with the -s (silent) flag as well as the -L (follow redirects) flag.

When we do have an optional argument, we add the -o flag to specify the output file.

```
\(\text{package}\) \(\text{immediate\write18}\) \(\text{curl}\)\(\text{-L}\)\(\text{-s}\)\(\text{-o}\)\(\text{#1}\)\(\text{#2}\)\
```

```
43 }
pwnload_wget_do:nn #1: Filename to save file to, or \NoValue
                        #2: URL to fetch the file from
             \label{eq:package} $$ \arrow: Npn\__download\_wget\_do:nn#1#2{$} $$
                              \IfNoValueTF{#1}{
                          With wget, we pass the -q (quiet) flag as well as the -nc (no clobber)
                        flag, to avoid downloading files that already exist.
                                   \immediate\write18{wget~-q~-nc~#2}
             \langle package \rangle 46
                              }{
                           Again, when we have an optional argument we add the -0 flag to
                        specify the output file.
                                   \immediate\write18{wget~-q~-nc~-0~#1~#2}
             (package) 48
                              }
                      50 }
nload_ariaII_do:nn #1: Filename to save file to, or \NoValue
                        #2: URL to fetch the file from
             \(\text{package}\) 51 \cs_new:\(\text{Npn}\__download_ariaII_do:nn#1#2{\)
                              \IfNoValueTF{#1}{
                          With aria2, we pass the -q (quiet) flag as well as the --auto-file-renaming=false
                        (no clobber) flag, to avoid creating a lot of duplicate files.
                                   \immediate\write18{aria2c~-q~--auto-file-renaming=false~#2}
             ⟨package⟩ 53
                              }{
                           Again, when we have an optional argument we add the -o flag to
                        specify the output file.
                                   \immediate\write18{aria2c~-q~--auto-file-renaming=false~-o~#1~#2
             (package) 55
                              }
```

57 }

}

```
#1: Filename to save file to, or \NoValue
#2: URL to fetch the file from

\(\package\) 58 \cs_new:\Npn\__download_axel_do:\nn#1#2\{
\tag{IfNoValueTF\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf\{\pi\}}\{\tag{IfNoValueTf
```

3.6 The auto engine

The automatic engine uses the tests and macros of the other engines to provide functionality without selecting an engine. We first define a conditional that, in essence, steps through the available engines testing for their existence. If any of them exist, we're in business.

```
pad_if_auto_test:F (no arguments)
```

We also define an automatic equivalent of the engine _do macros, which selects the engines in the order wget, cURL, aria2 and axel.

```
#1: Filename to save file to, or \NoValue
ownload_auto_do:nn
                    #2: URL to fetch the file from
                    \cs_new:Npn\__download_auto_do:nn#1#2{
                         \__download_if_executable_test:nTF{wget}{
                             \msg_info:nn{download}{use-wget}
                             \__download_wget_do:nn{#1}{#2}
                         }{
                             \__download_if_executable_test:nTF{curl}{
                                 \msg_info:nn{download}{use-curl}
                                 \__download_curl_do:nn{#1}{#2}
                             }{
                                 \__download_if_executable_test:nTF{aria2c}{
                                     \msg_info:nn{download}{use-ariaII}
                                     \__download_ariaII_do:nn{#1}{#2}
                                 }{
                                     \msg_info:nn{download}{use-axel}
                                     \__download_axel_do:nn{#1}{#2}
                                 }
                             }
```

}

102 }

3.7 Package options

\(\text{package} \) \(\text{log} \) \\ \text{keys define:nn{download} \} \(\text{fine} \) \(\text{log} \) \(\text{l

As detailed earlier in the documentation, the only option of the package is engine. Here, we use the l3keys functionality to define a key-value system which we later use to read the package options.

```
engine .choice:,
                    #1: Filename to save file to, or \NoValue
\ download do:nn
                     #2: URL to fetch the file from
oad_if_auto_test:F
                    (no arguments)
                      First, the auto value. We globally define two macros as aliases to the
                    underlying _do and _if_test macros.
                         engine / auto .code:n =
           (package) 105
                             {\cs_gset_eq:NN\__download_do:nn\__download_auto_do:nn
                              \prg_set_conditional:Nnn\__download_if_test:{F}{
                                  \ download if auto test:TF
                                      {\prg_return_true:}{\prg_return_false:}}},
                      We do the same for the other options.
                         engine / curl .code:n =
           (package) 110
                             {\cs_gset_eq:NN\__download_do:nn\__download_curl_do:nn
                              \prg_set_conditional:Nnn\__download_if_test:{F}{
                                  \__download_if_executable_test:nTF{curl}
                                      {\prg_return_true:}{\prg_return_false:}}},
                         engine / wget .code:n =
                             {\cs_gset_eq:NN\__download_do:nn\__download_wget_do:nn
                              \prg_set_conditional:Nnn\__download_if_test:{F}{
                                  \__download_if_executable_test:nTF{wget}
                                      {\prg_return_true:}{\prg_return_false:}}},
                         engine / aria2 .code:n =
                             {\cs_gset_eq:NN\__download_do:nn\__download_ariaII_do:nn
                              \prg_set_conditional:Nnn\__download_if_test:{F}{
                                  \__download_if_executable_test:nTF{aria2c}
```

```
{\prg_return_true:}{\prg_return_false:}}},
engine / axel .code:n =
{\cs_gset_eq:NN\__download_do:nn\__download_axel_do:nn}
\prg_set_conditional:Nnn\__download_if_test:{F}{
\__download_if_executable_test:nTF{axel}
\__download_if_executable_test:nTF{axel}
\_prg_return_true:}{\prg_return_false:}}},

Lastly, we initialize the option with the auto value.

\(\package\) \(\
```

3.8 Performing the tests

Now that we know what engine we will be using, we can check for \write18 support and engine existence.

```
\label{eq:package} $$ \sum_{134} \_\download_if_shellescape:F{\msg_fatal:nn{download}{no-write18}} $$ \sum_{135} \_\download_if_test:F{\msg_fatal:nn{download}{no-engine}} $$
```

3.9 Public API

The public API consists of only one macro, \download. It simply calls the backend macro, unless the optional argument is given and the file exists. If the file doesn't exist, it also emits a friendly warning.

4 Installation

The easiest way to install this package is using the package manager provided by your LTEX installation if such a program is available. Failing that, provided you have obtained the package source (download.tex and Makefile) from either CTAN or Github, running make install inside the source directory works well. This will extract the documentation and code from download.tex, install all files into the TDS tree at TEXMFHOME and run mktexlsr.

If you want to extract code and documentation without installing the package, run make all instead. If you insist on not using make, remember that packages distributed using skdoc must be extracted using pdflatex, not tex or latex.

5 Changes

v1.0 : cURL now follows redirects.

General: Initial version. : Added aria2c and axel engines to

v1.1 stack.

General: Added aria2 and axel en- : Condensed test macros into one gines. macro with an argument.

6 Index

Numbers written in italic refer to the page where the corresponding entry is described; numbers underlined refer to the page were the implementation of the corresponding entry is discussed. Numbers in roman refer to other mentions of the entry.

```
Symbols
\__download_ariaII_do:nn \underline{6} engine (option) \underline{1}, \underline{3}, \underline{9}
\__download_auto_do:nn8
                                  expl3 (package) 2
\__download_curl_do:nn <u>5</u>
                                  L
\__download_do:nn 9
                                  13keys2e (package) 2
\ download if auto test:F
\__download_if_auto_test:TFMakefile (file) 11
\__download_if_executable_tqst:nF
                                  \NoValue 5-10
\__download_if_executable_test:nTF
\__download_if_executable_test#@Thellescape 2, 3
\frac{4}{2} polynomial properties \frac{4}{1} polynomial properties \frac{4}{1}
                                  pdftexcmds (package) 2, 3
\__download_rm:n4
                                  skdoc (package) 11
\__download_wget_do:nn 6
                                  W
                                  \write18 1, 3, 4, 10
\download 2, 3, \underline{10}
download.tex (file) 11
                                  Χ
                                  xparse (package) 2
```

7 Bibliography

Klinger, Max (2012). Creating a URL downloading command to be used with e.g. \includegraphics. URL: http://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/88430/creating-a-url-downloading-command-to-be-used-with-e-g-includegraphics.