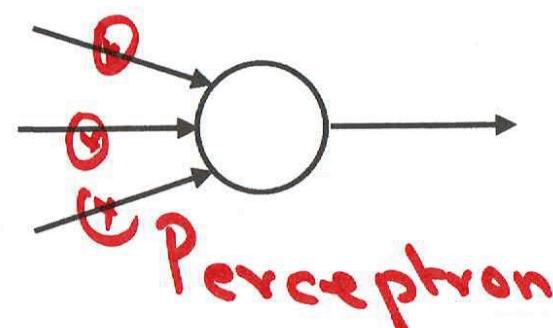
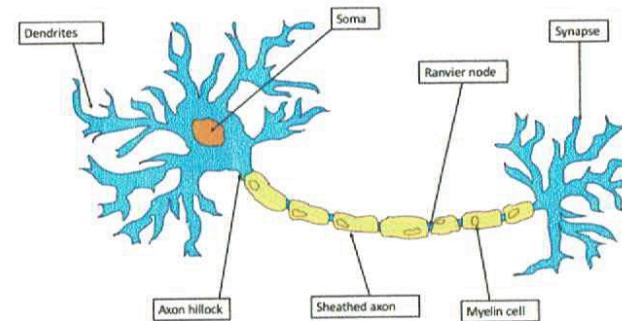
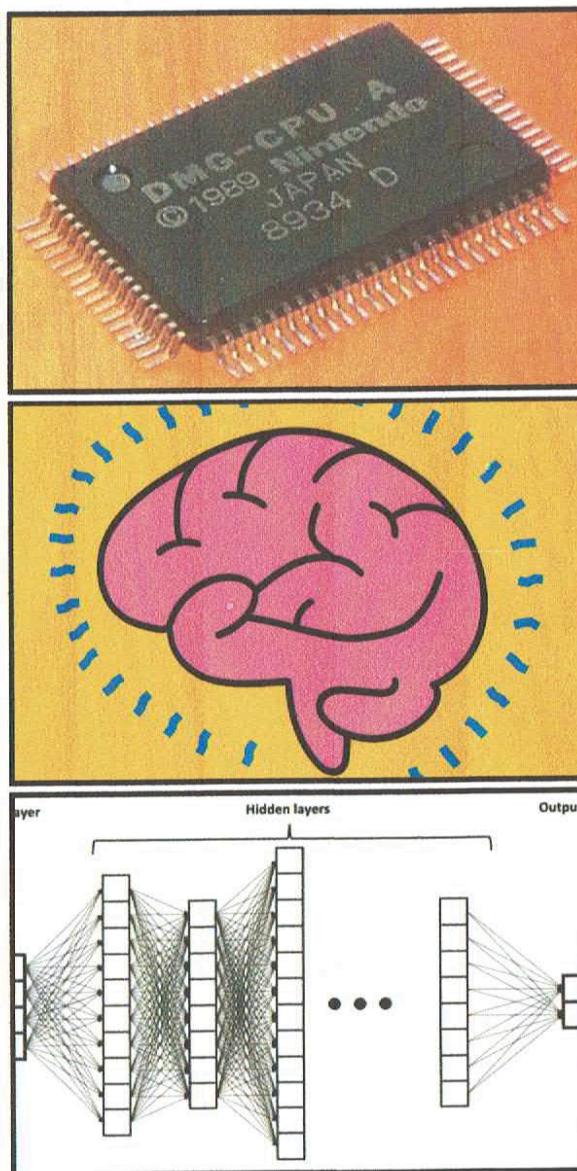


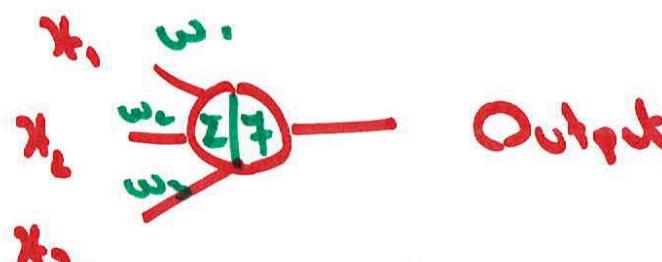
Building towards a complex task!



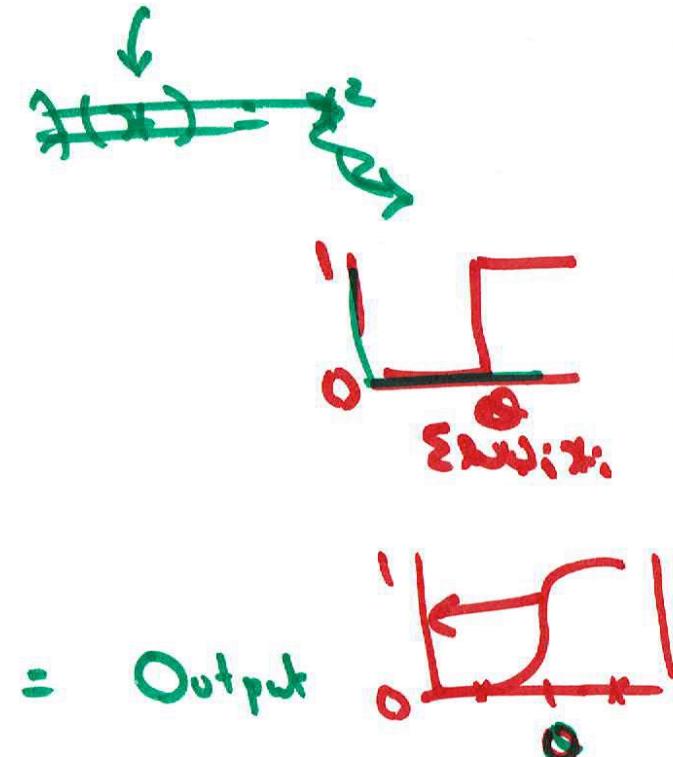
Perceptron!

- What does it do?

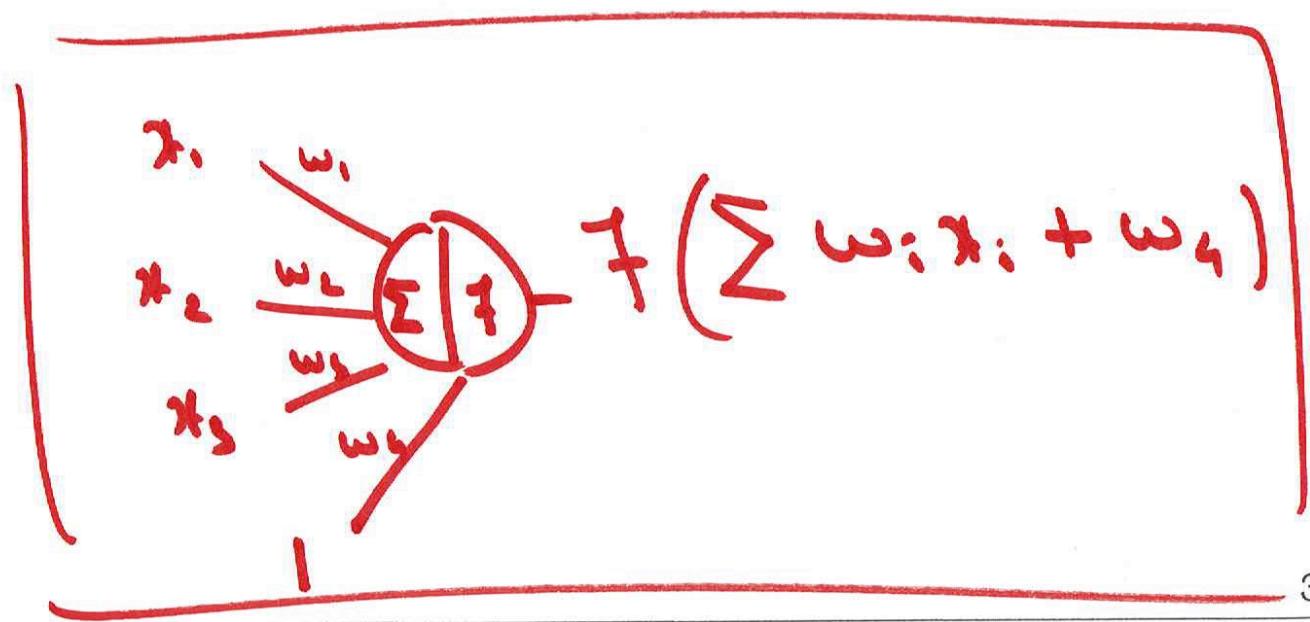
1958



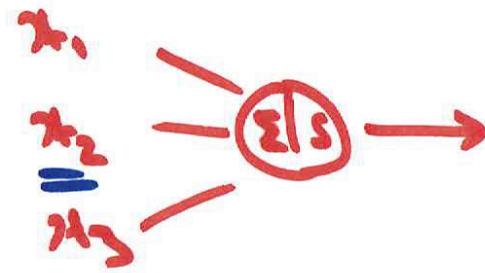
$$f(\sum w_i x_i) = \text{Output}$$



- Bias

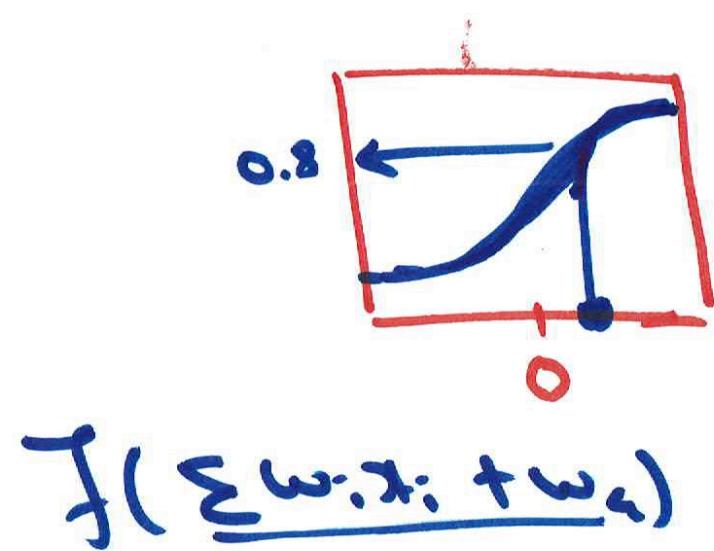
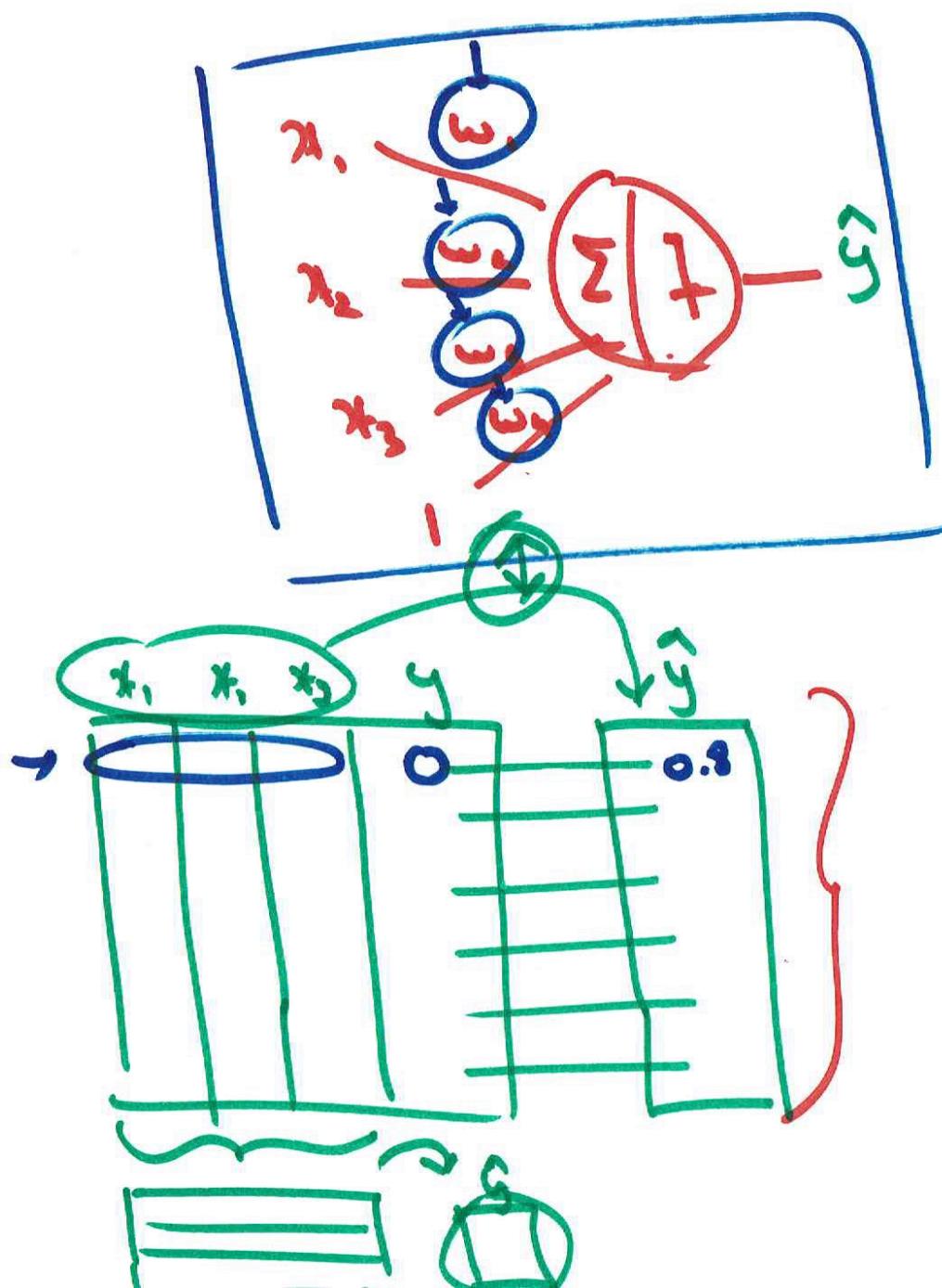


Perception



$$\theta = 1 \uparrow \text{OR} \\ \theta = 3 \uparrow \text{AND}$$

$$\sum x_i \geq \theta \quad \uparrow \quad 1 \\ \sum x_i < \theta \quad \uparrow \quad 0$$

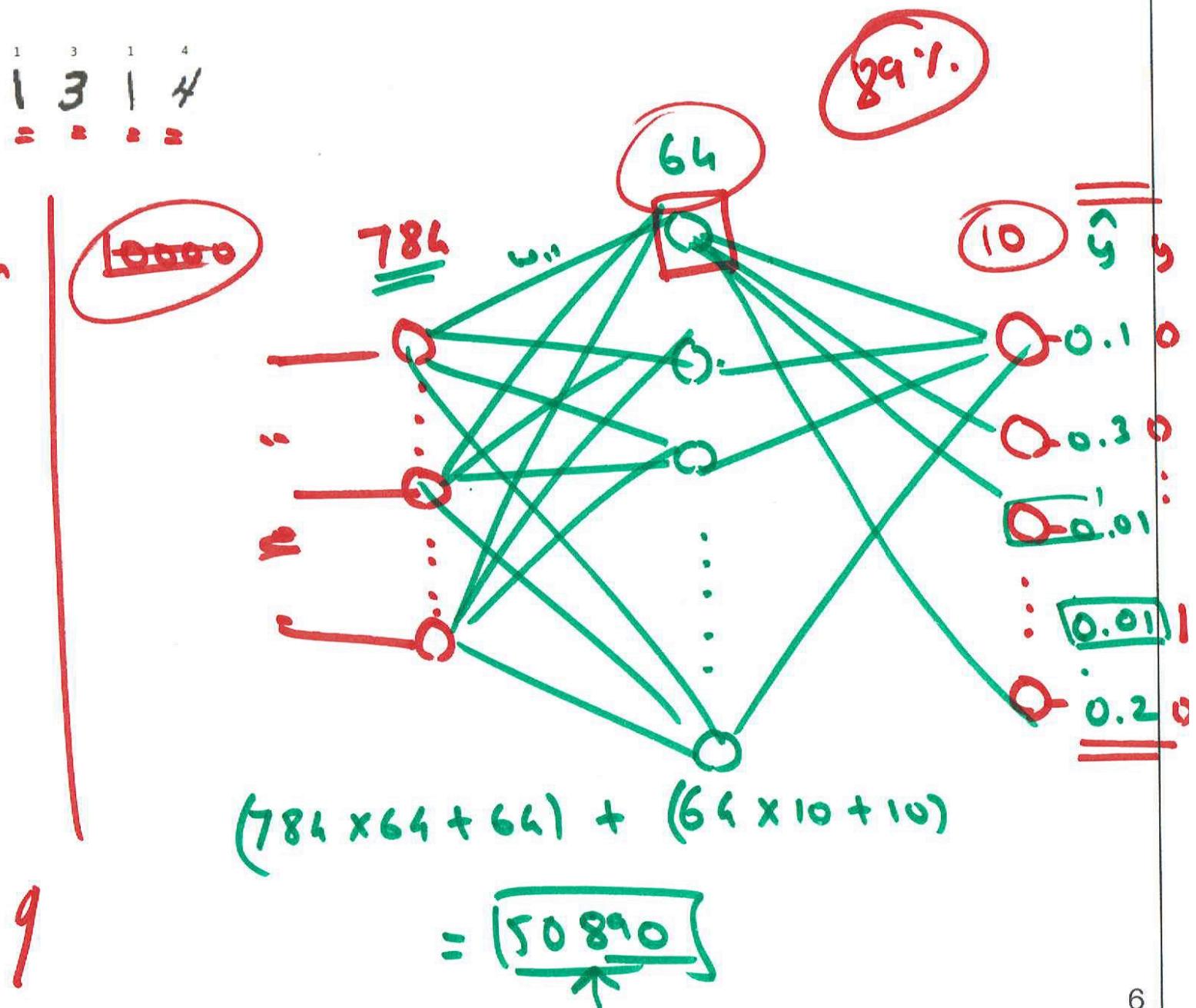
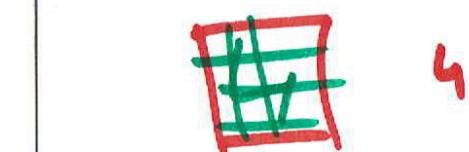
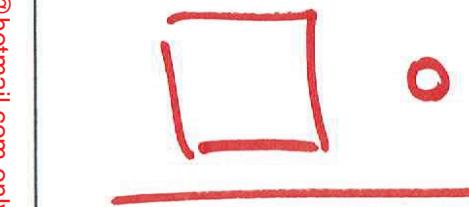
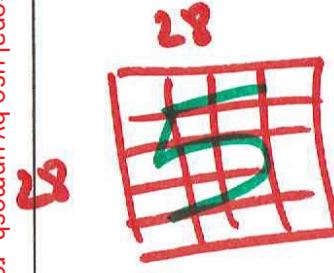


MNIST

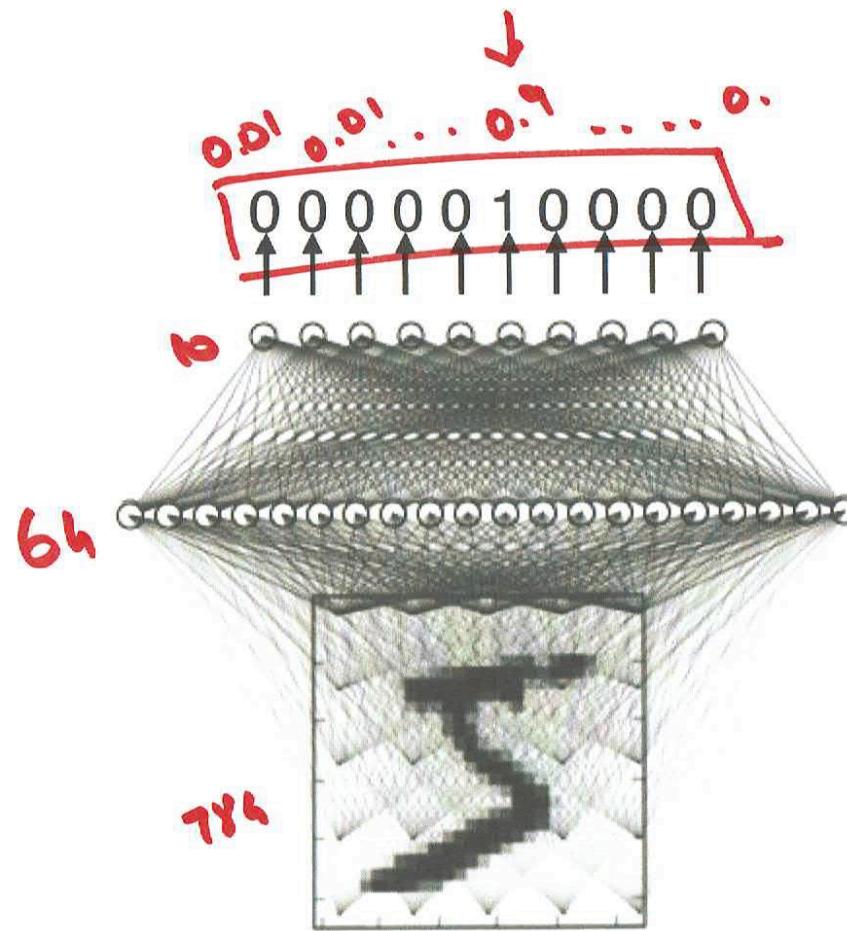
An Example

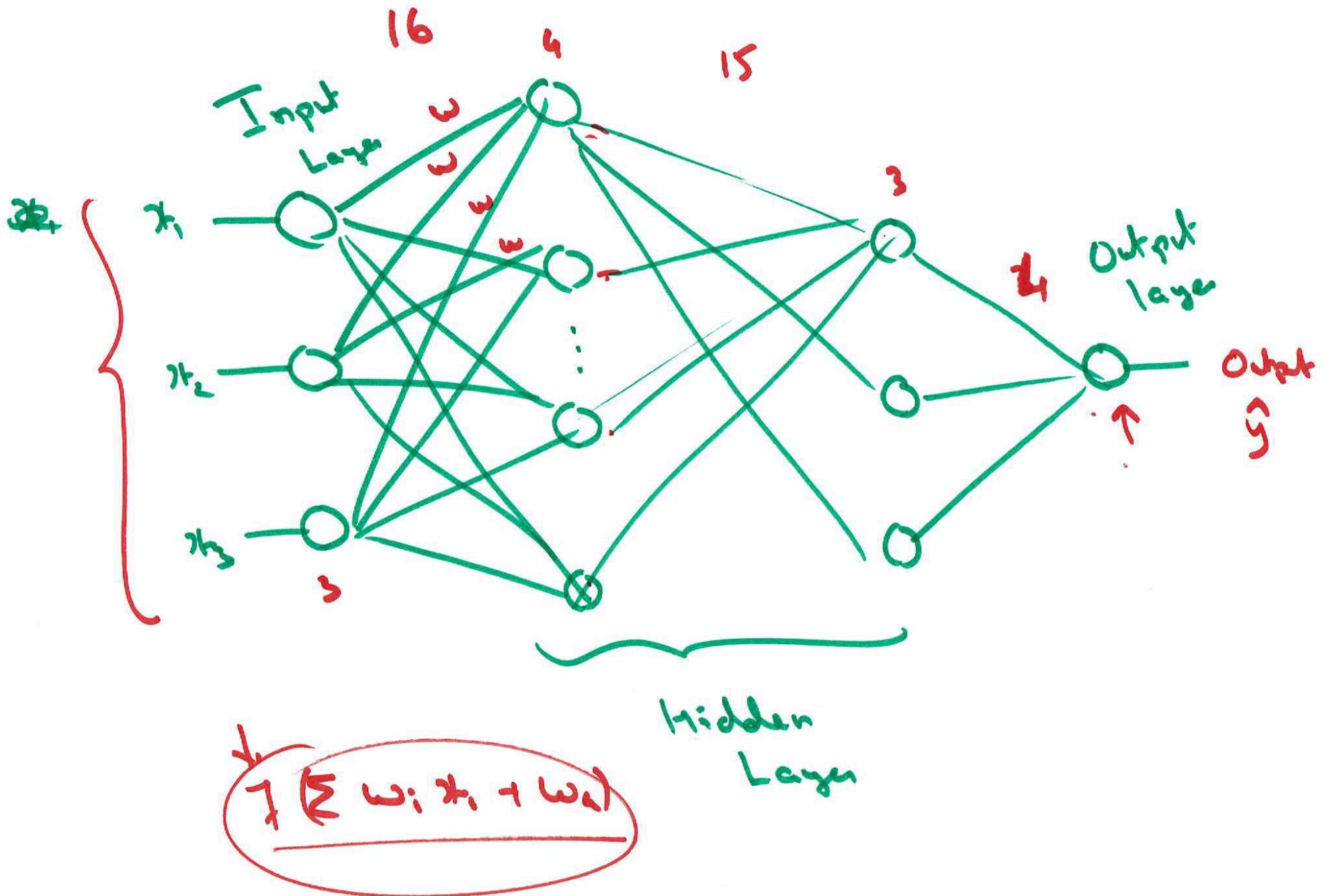
5 0 4 1 9 2 1 3 1 4
= = = = = = = = = =

60000 train

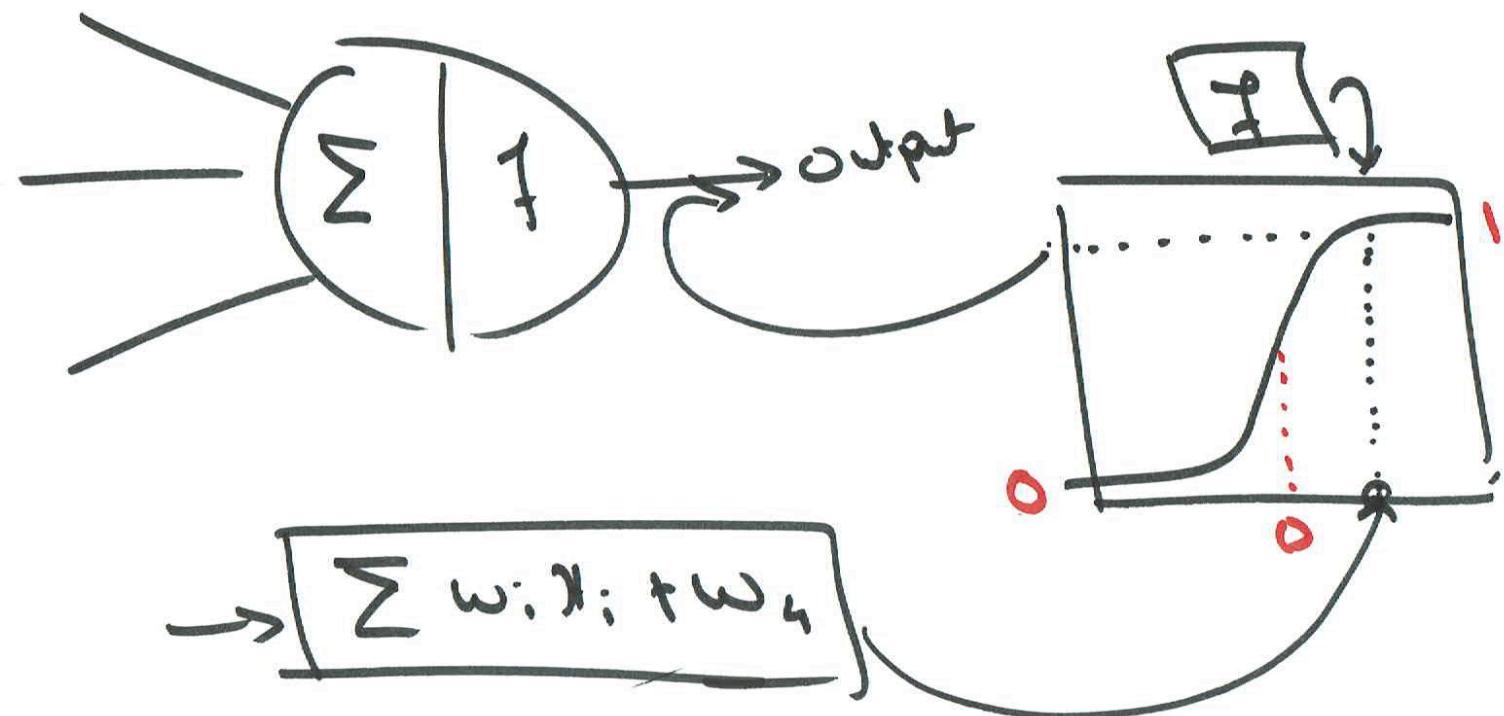


An Example

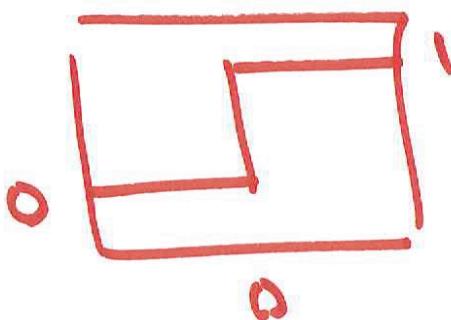




Sigmoid

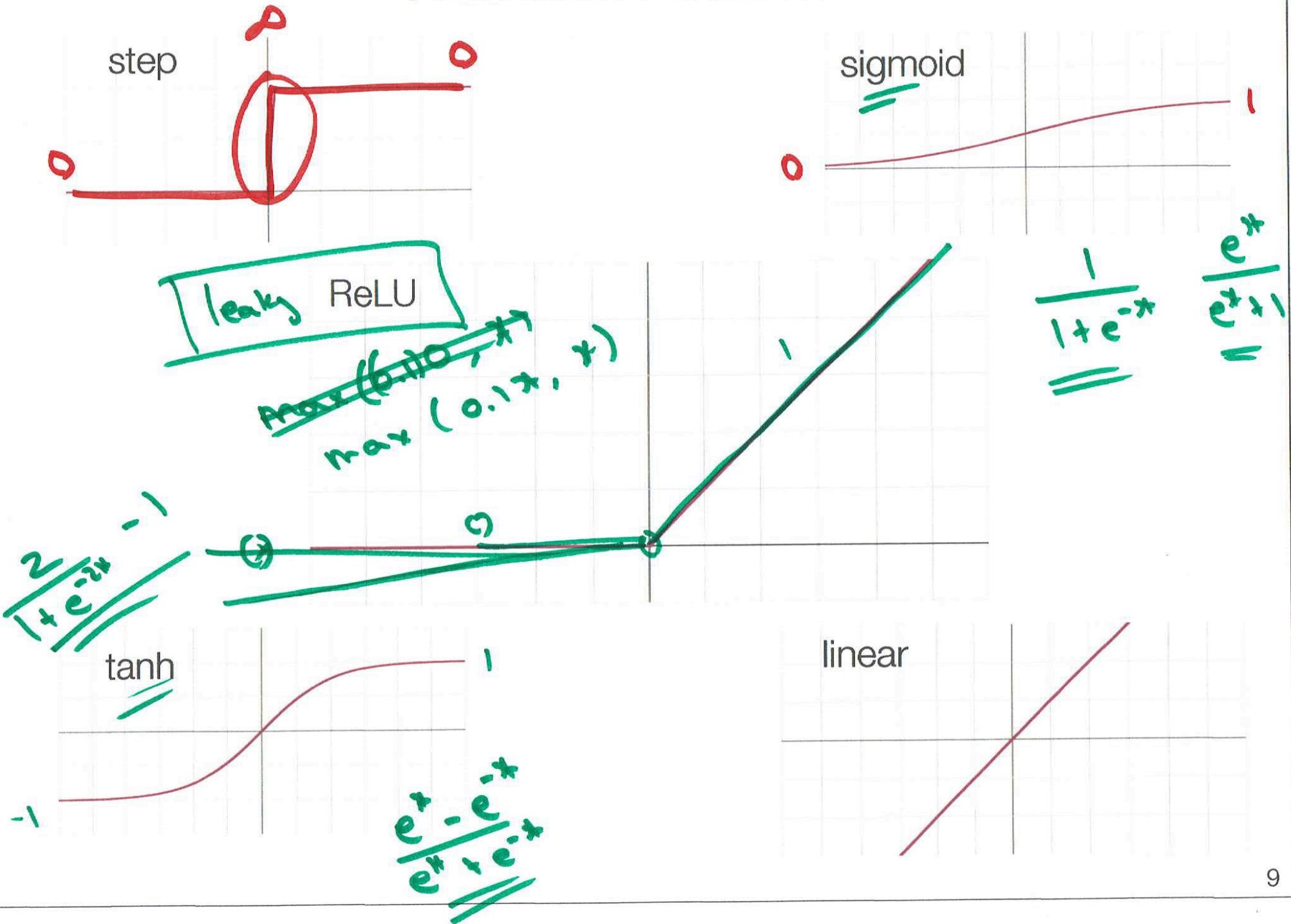


Step

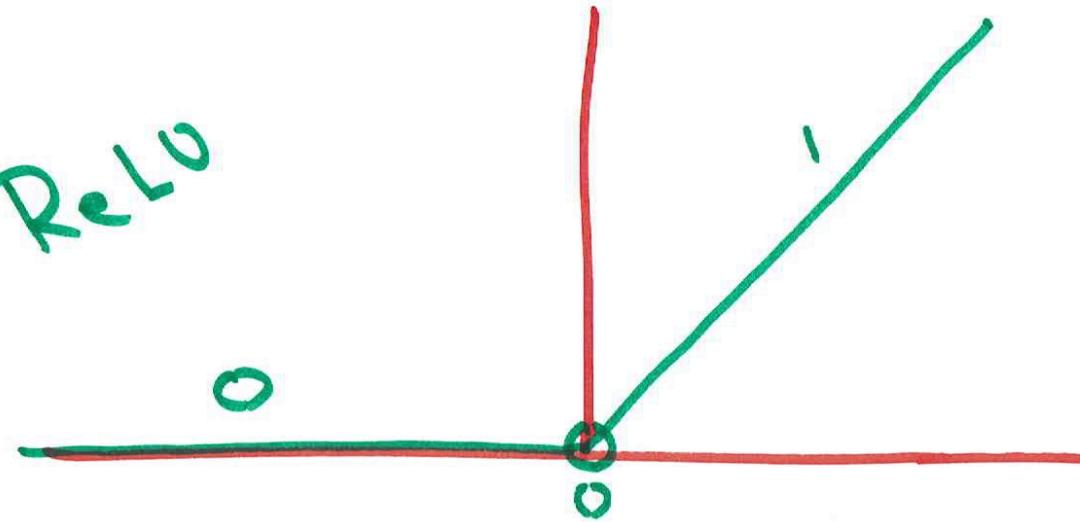


$$\text{Output} = \text{Step}(\Sigma w_i x_i + w_0)$$

Activation Functions

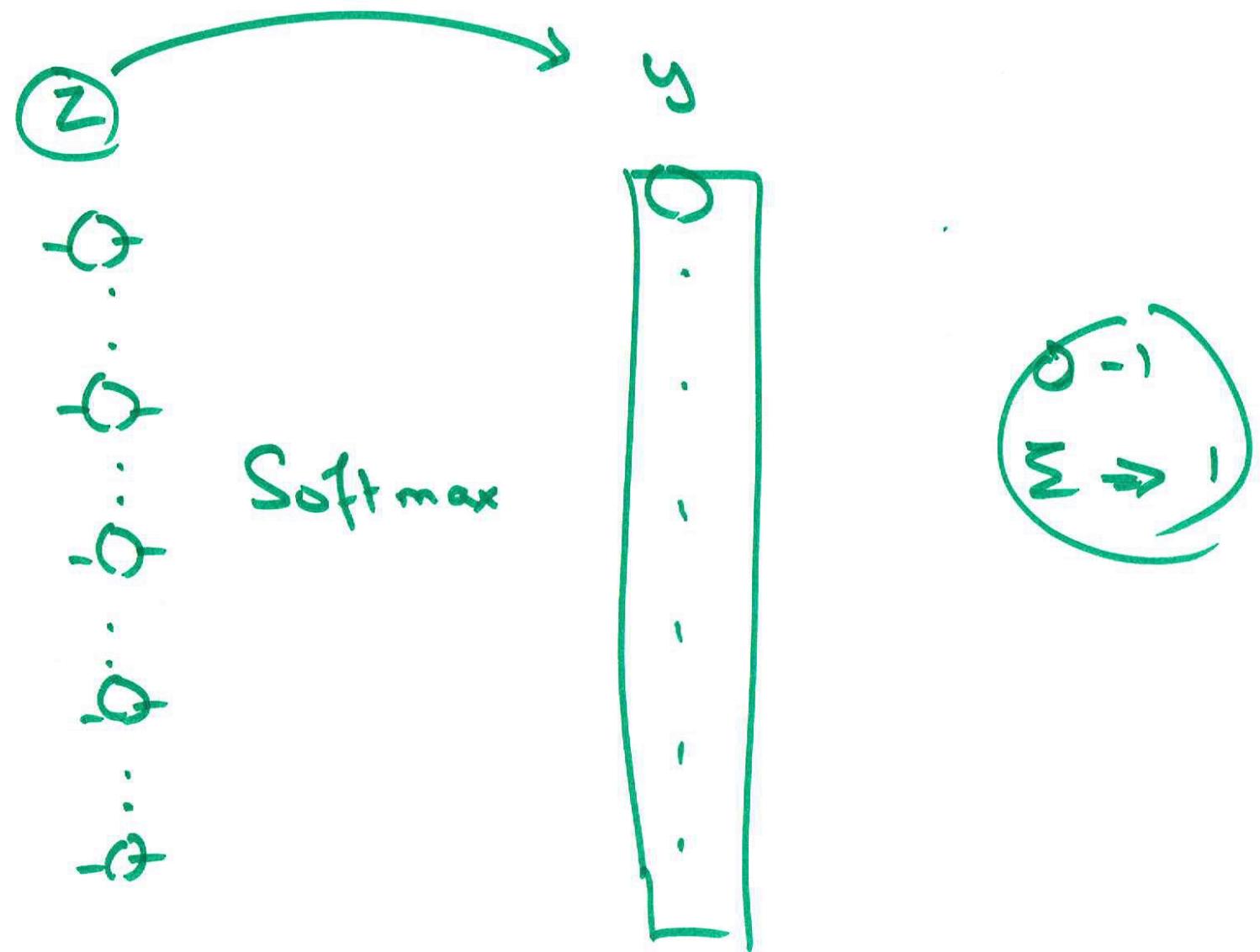


ReLU



$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x & x \geq 0 \\ 0 & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$f(x) = \max(0, x)$$



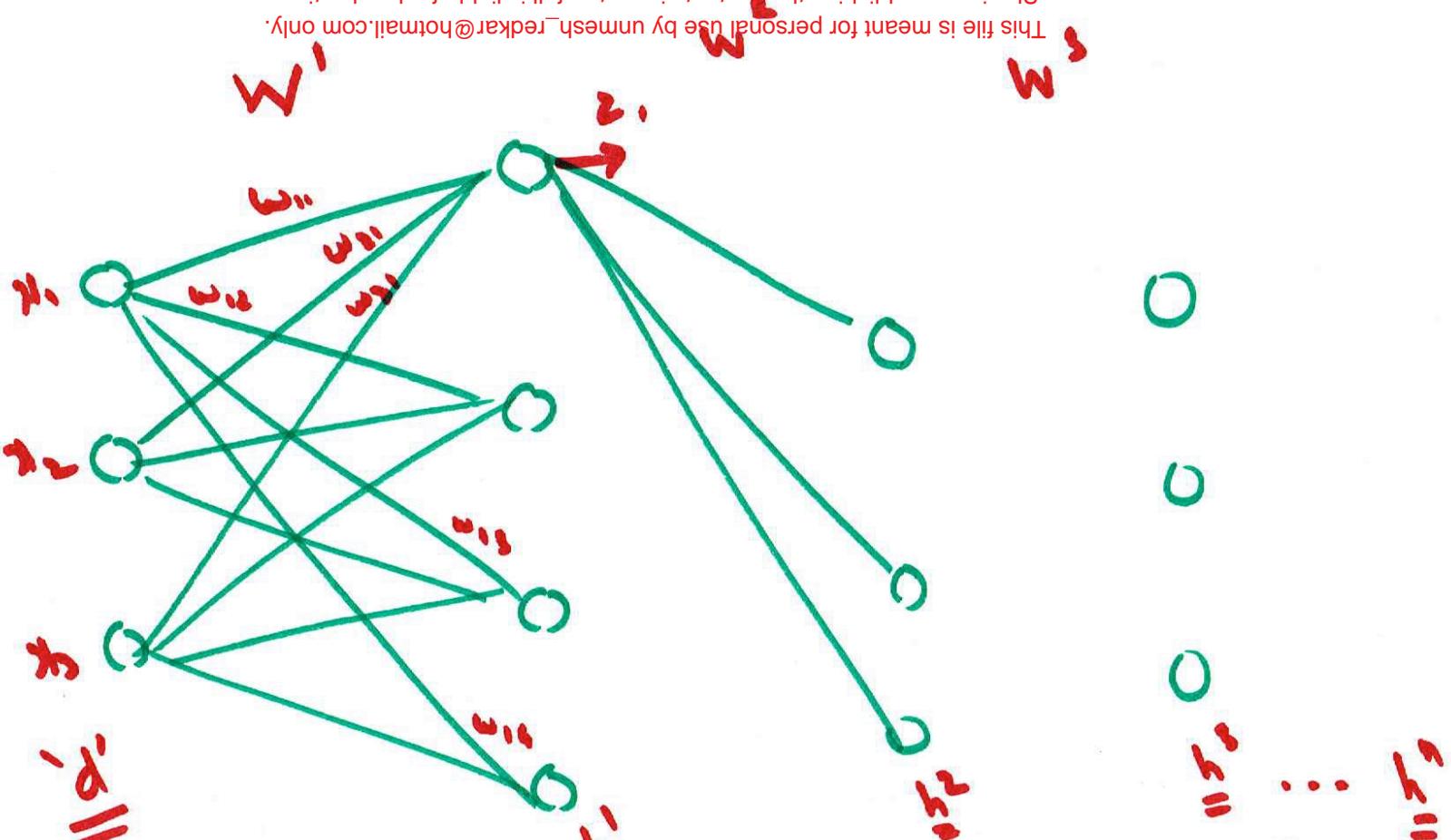
50

2

$$\sigma_i = \frac{e|v|}{m}$$

$$\mathbf{z}^{\text{new}} = \mathbf{z}^{\text{old}} - \eta \nabla_{\mathbf{z}} l(\mathbf{z})$$

$$= \mathbf{z}^{\text{old}} - \frac{1}{N} \eta \sum_i \nabla_{\mathbf{z}} l_i(\mathbf{z})$$



$$z_1 = f(w_{11}x_1 + w_{12}x_2 + w_{13}x_3 + b)$$

$$\boxed{z_j = f(\sum_i w_{ij}x_i + b)}$$

$$W' = \begin{pmatrix} w_{00} & w_{01} & w_{02} & \dots & w_{0n} \\ w_{10} & w_{11} & w_{12} & \dots & w_{1n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ w_{d0} & w_{d1} & w_{d2} & \dots & w_{dn} \end{pmatrix}$$

$x = \begin{pmatrix} x_0 \\ x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_d \end{pmatrix}$

$d \times d$ matrix

$$\hat{y} = f(-f(f(W^1)^T)(W^2)^T f(W' x + b') + b^2) + b^3 \dots$$

$\hat{y} = h^1 x_1$

$h^1 \times d$ $d \times 1$

$h^1 \times 1$

$h^2 \times h^1$

$h^2 \times 1$

$h^2 \times 1$

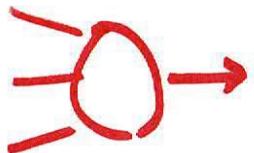
$h^3 \times 1$

$h^3 \times 1$

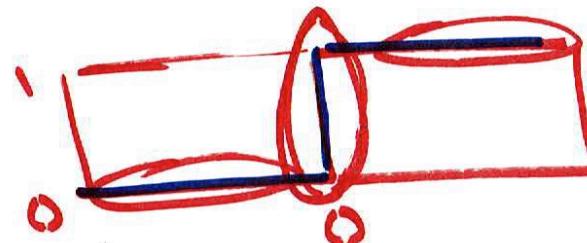
$h^3 \times 1$

$h^3 \times 1$

$\sqrt{\sum w_{ii} x_i} + b$

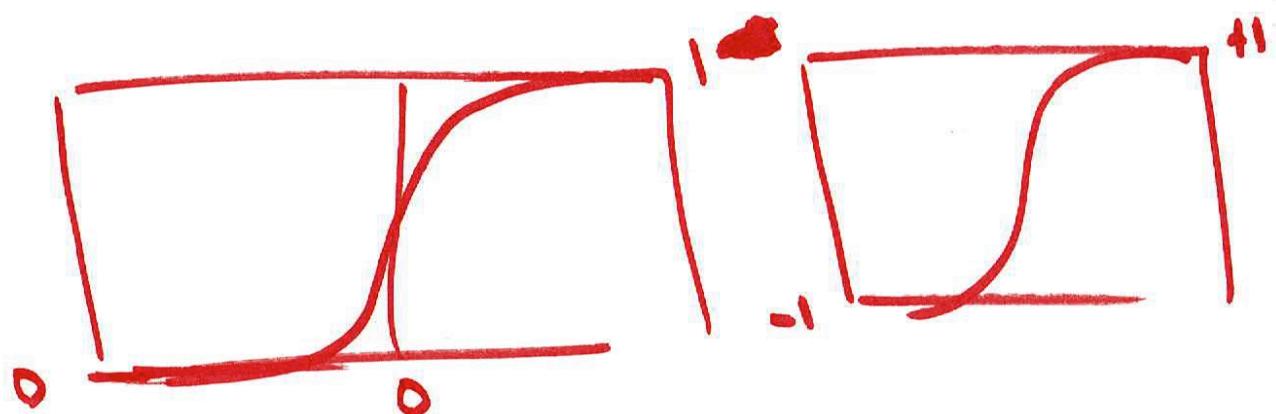


Step ($\omega_1 x_1 + \omega_2 x_2 + b$)



Sigmoid

$$\sigma(x) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}}$$
$$\therefore \frac{e^x}{e^x + 1}$$

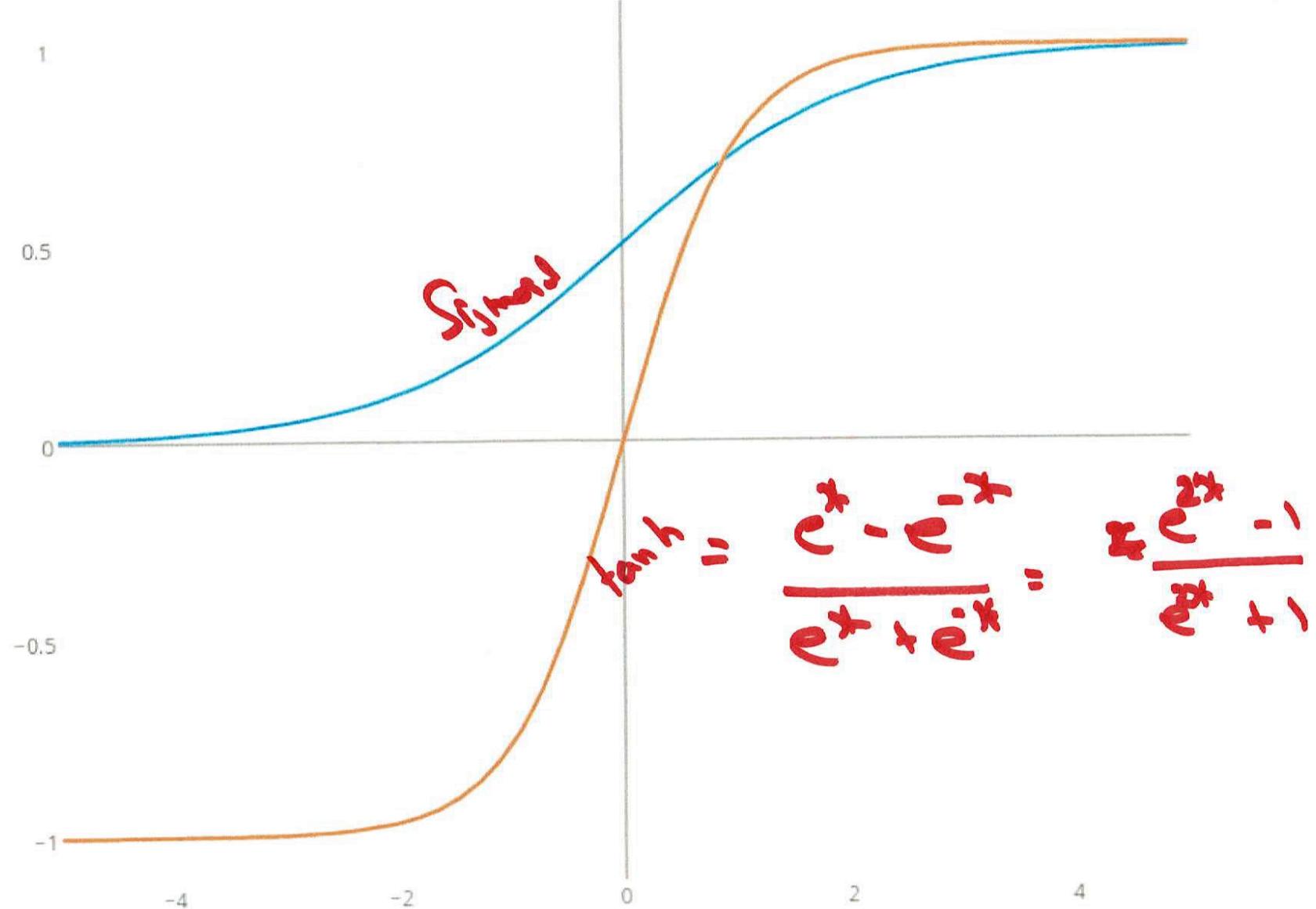


$$2\sigma(x) = 1$$

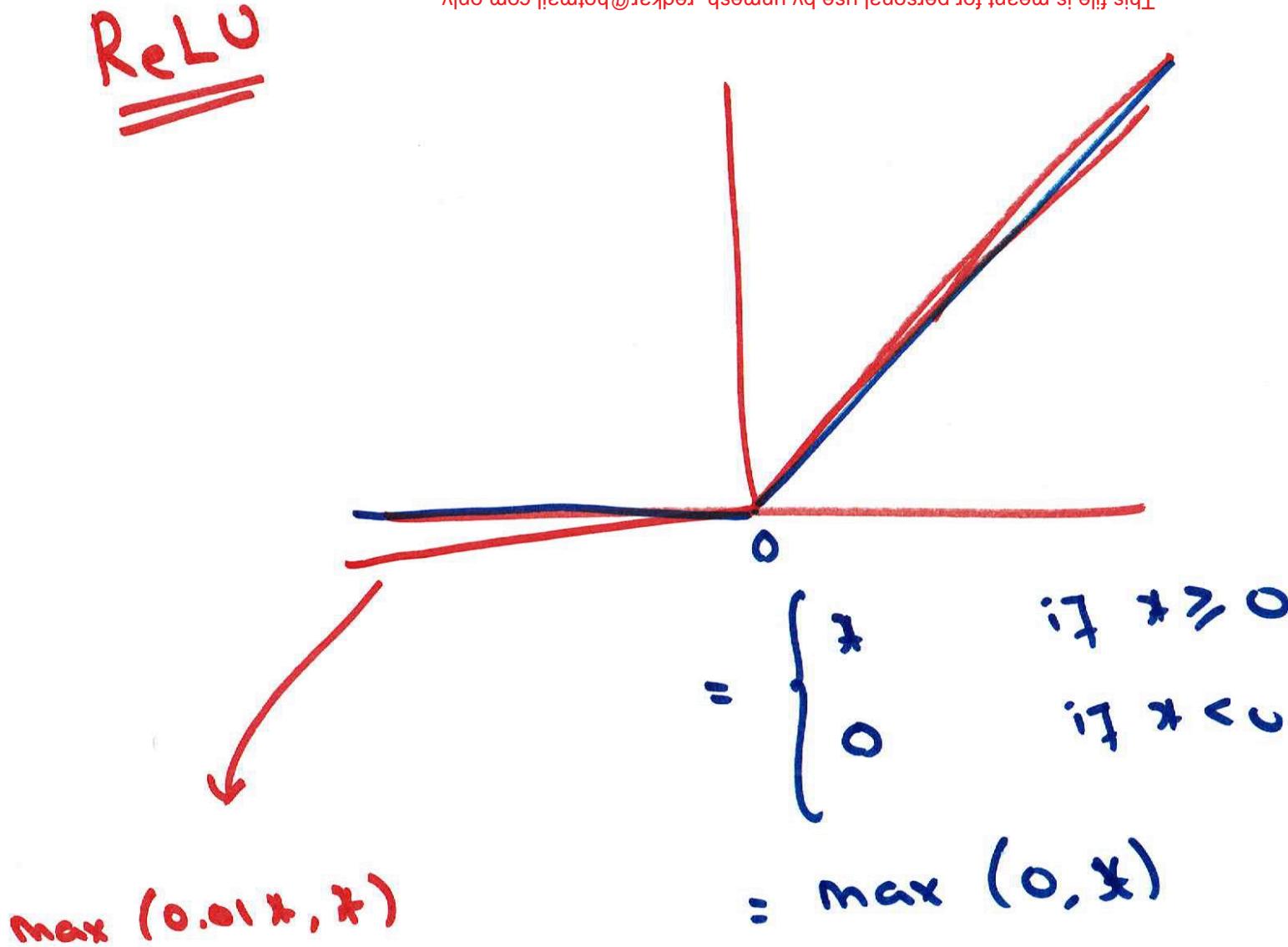
$$\tanh x = 2\sigma(2x) - 1$$

- Sigmoid function
- Tanh function

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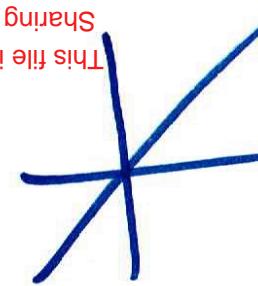


ReLU

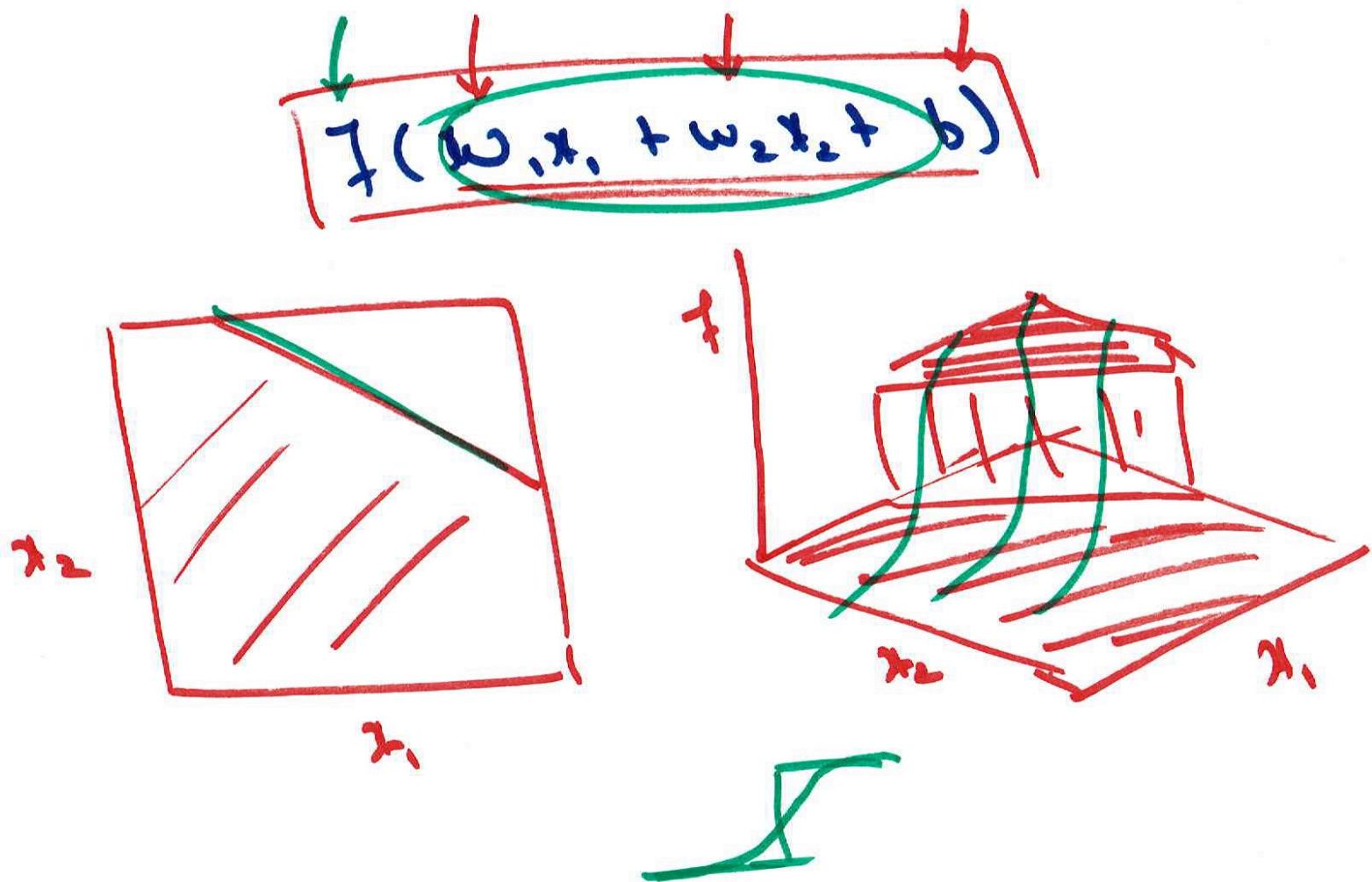


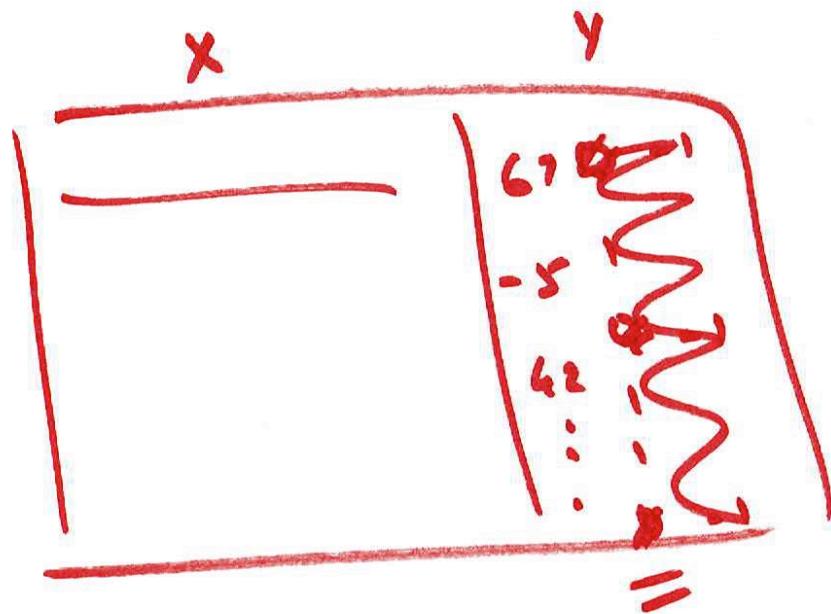
linear

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$$\text{Step } = \mathbb{I}(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & x \geq 0 \\ 0 & x < 0 \end{cases}$$



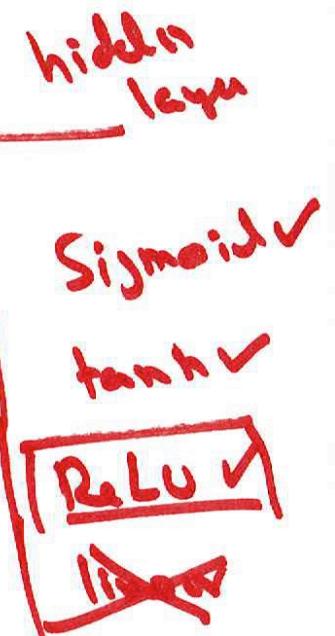


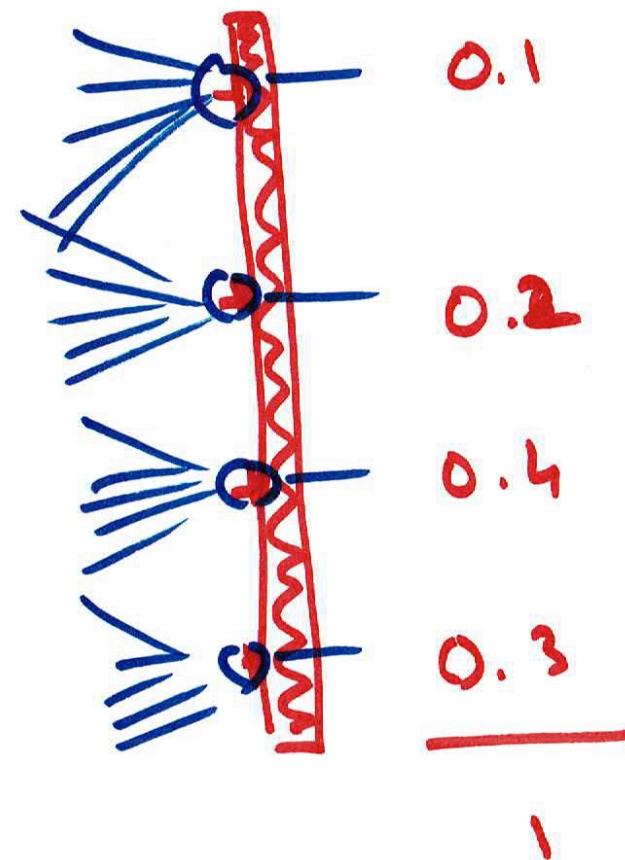
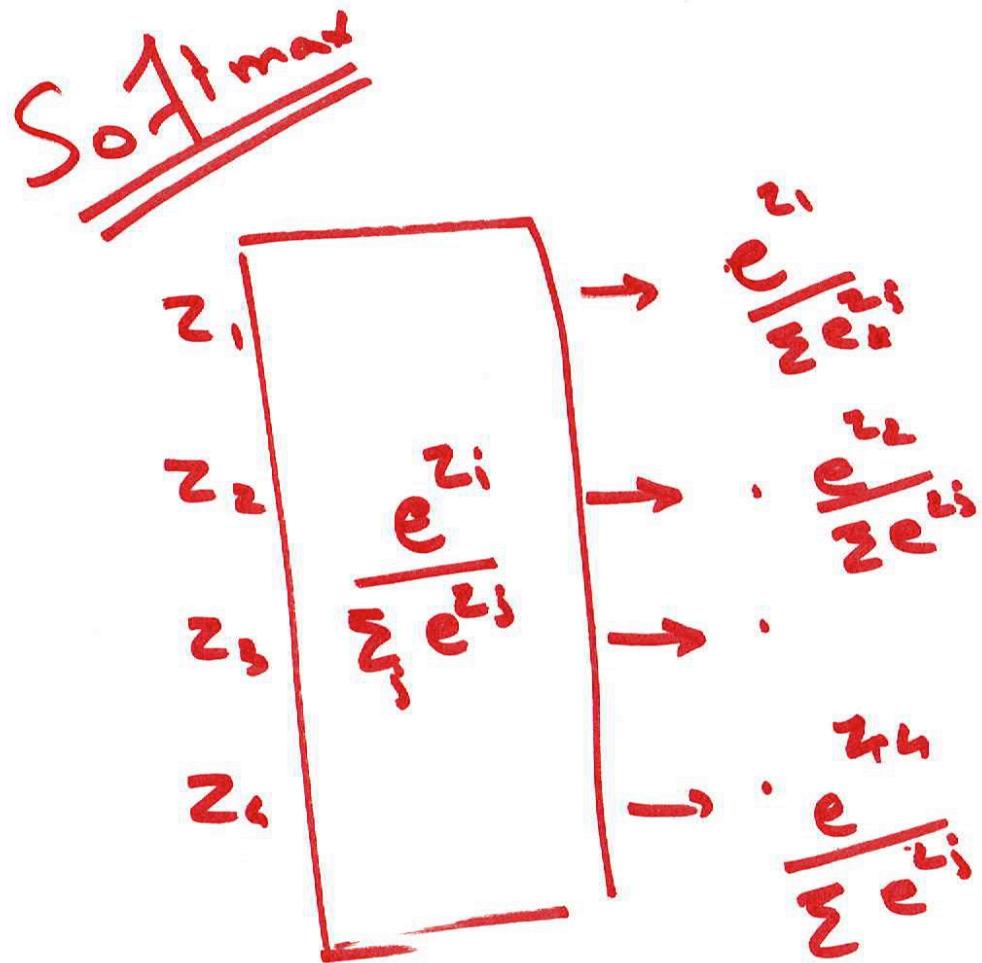
Classification

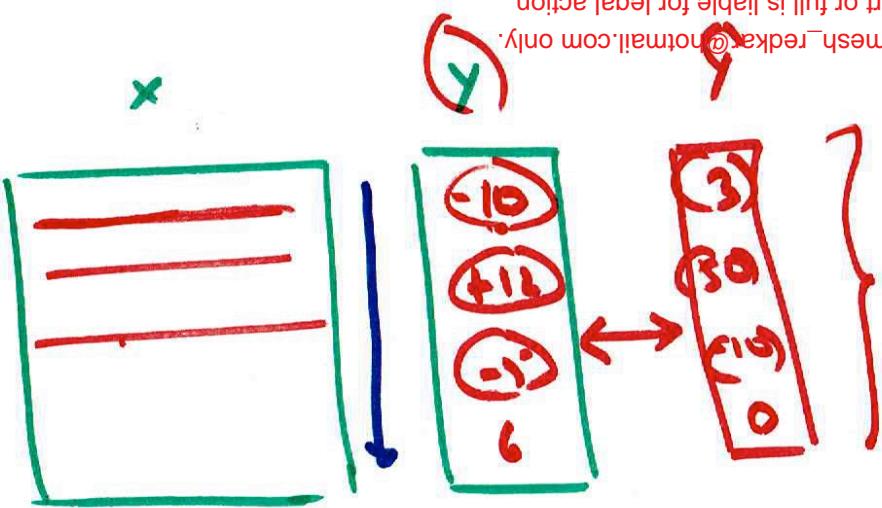
Sigmoid, tanh
Softmax

Reg \rightarrow linear

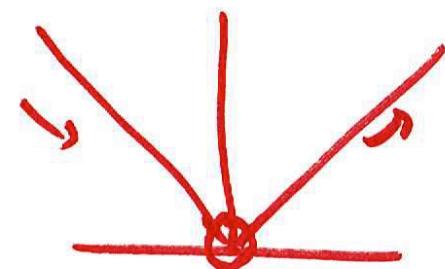
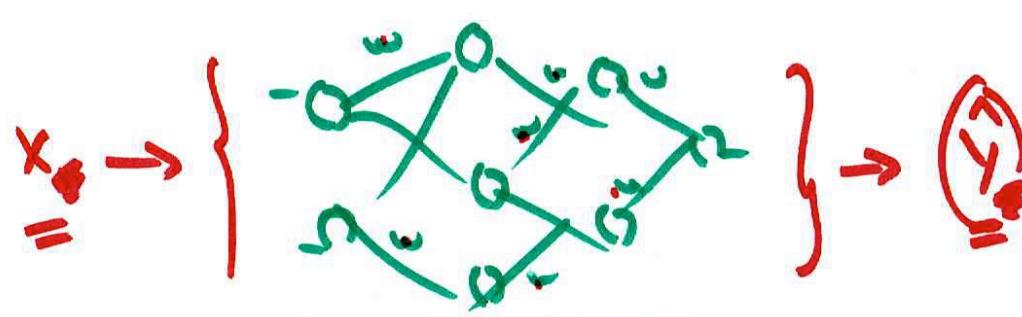
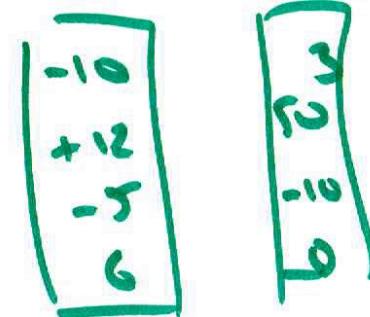
$$\hat{a} + \hat{b}(a + b x)$$







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Loss function

ReLU

$L(y, \hat{y})$

$$\frac{1}{N} \sum_i (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2$$

$$L(y, \hat{y}) = L(w)$$

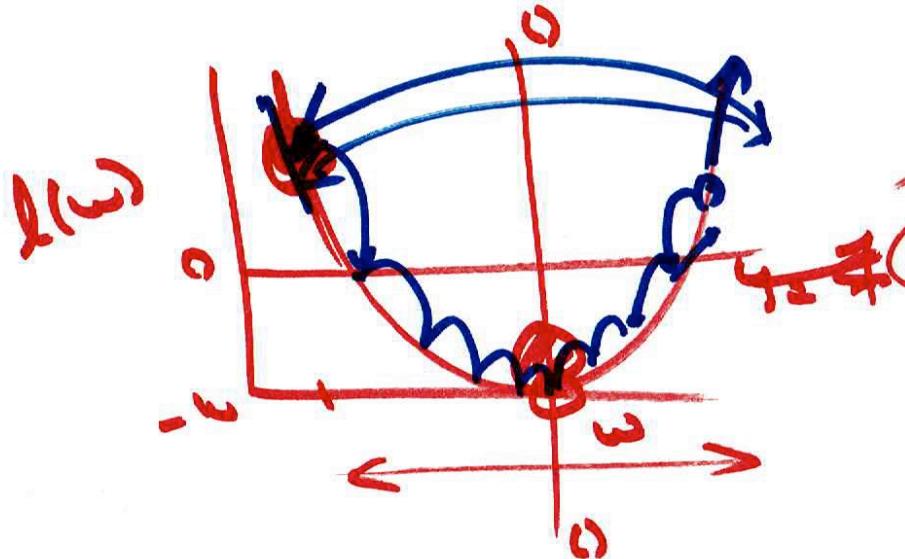
L_2 loss
MSE
SSE

Classification

$$L(y, \hat{y}) = -y \log(\hat{y}) + (1-y) \log(1-\hat{y})$$

Cross entropy loss

How $\min_{\underline{w}} \underline{L}(\underline{y}, \underline{\underline{w}})$ by changing w^1, w^2, \dots, w^n



$$J(w) = w^2 - 10 = -10$$

$$\frac{dJ}{dw} = 2w = 0$$

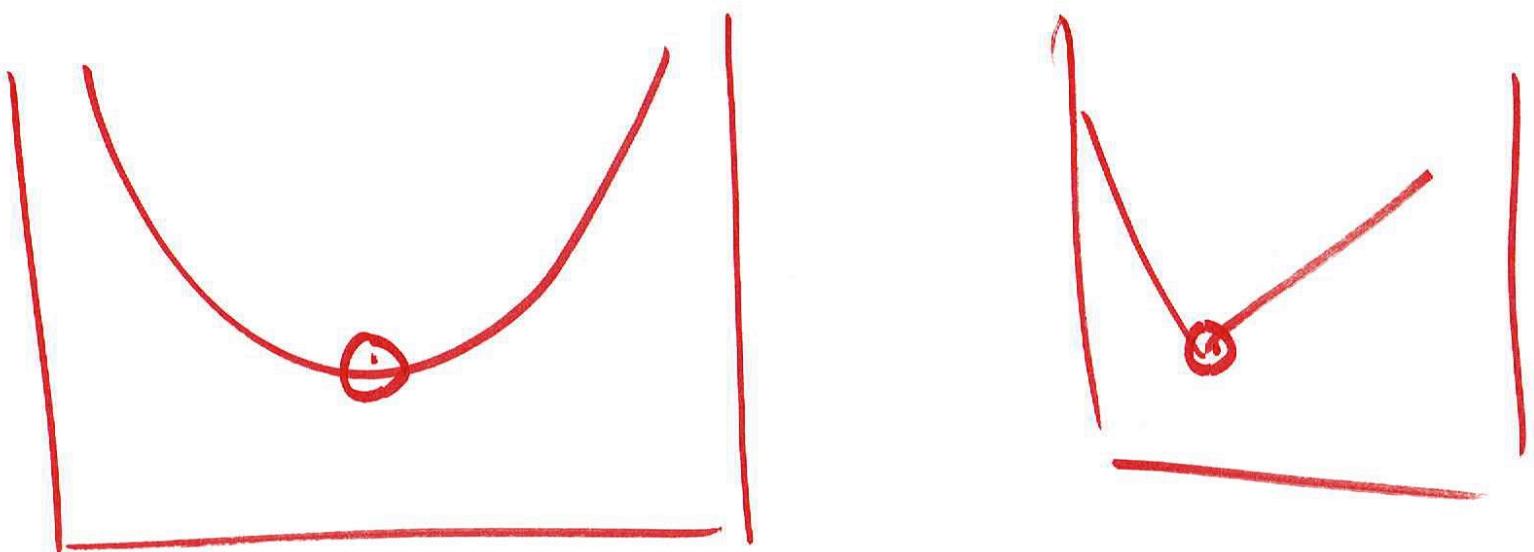
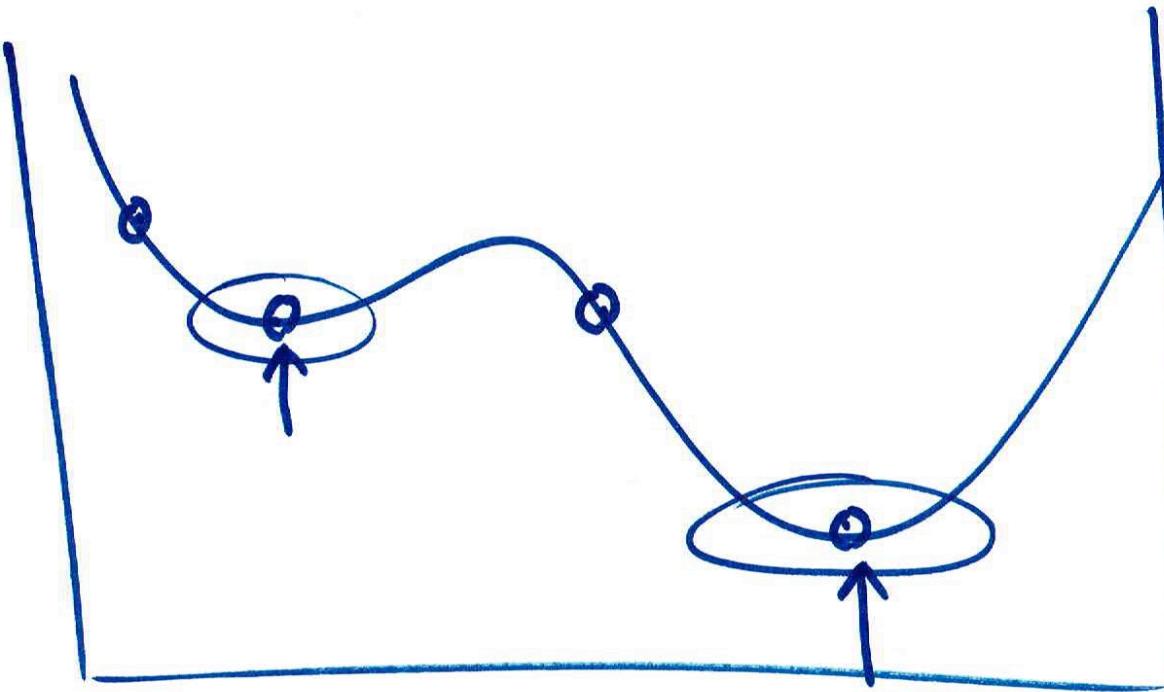
$$w = 0$$

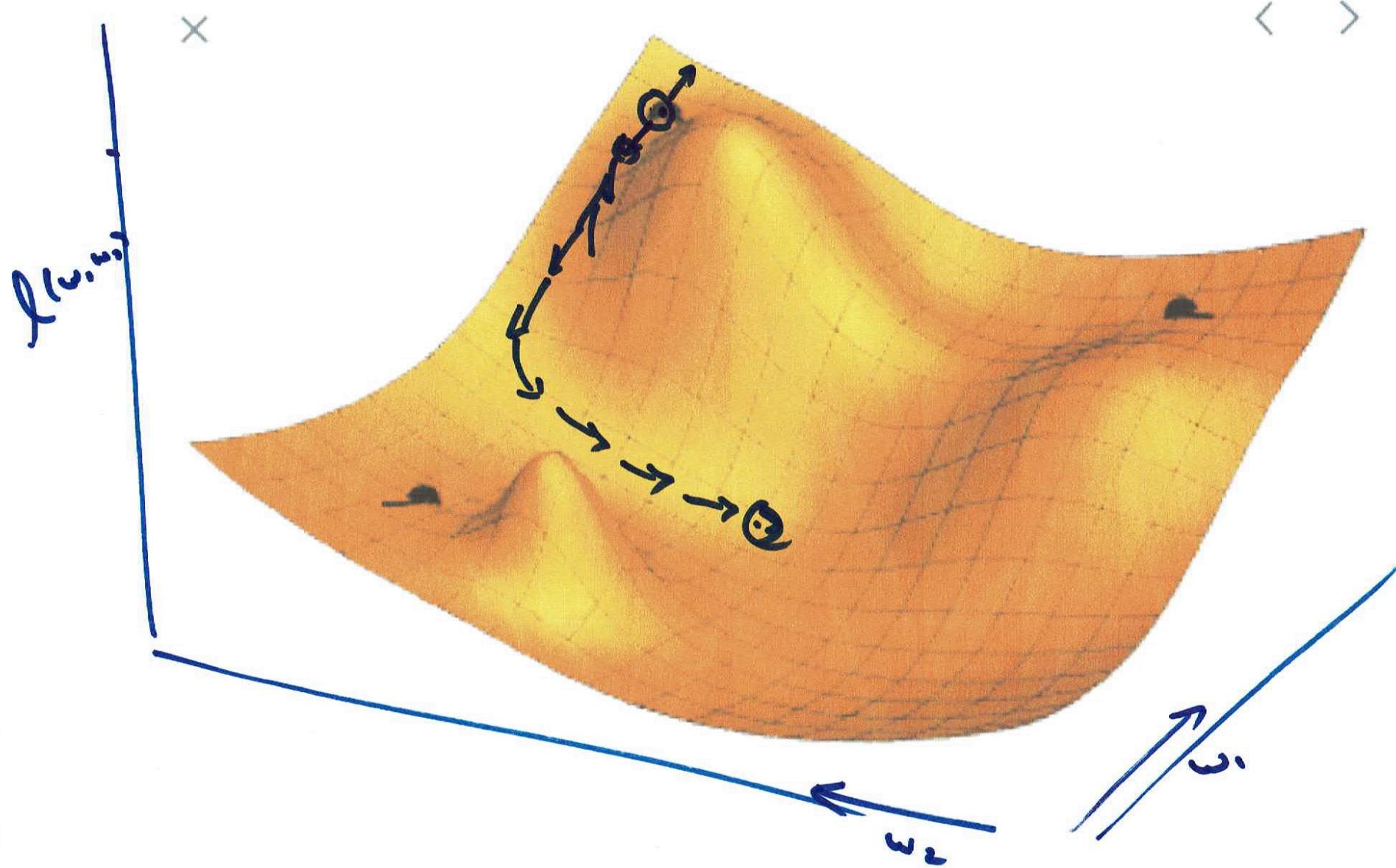
$$\frac{dL}{dw} = \boxed{\text{---}} = 0$$

$$\frac{dl}{dw}$$

$$w^{new} = w - \eta \nabla_w l$$

learning rate





~~old~~ $\hat{w} = w^{old} - \frac{\eta \nabla_w l(w)}{N}$

$= w^{old} - \frac{1}{N} \nabla_w \sum_i l_i(w)$ ←

(SAD)

$$\hat{w} = w^{old} - \eta \nabla_w l_i(w) \leftarrow$$

$$\boxed{w^{new} = w^{old} - \frac{1}{N} \eta \sum_{\text{over a min batch}} \nabla_w l_i(w)}$$

Loss

$$L = \frac{1}{N} \sum \text{Loss} (\text{y}_i - \hat{y}^n(\dots \cdot \hat{z}(w^2 \cdot \hat{x}(w_1 x + w_0) + w^2)))^2$$

Chain Rule

$$\hat{z}(g(h(x)))$$

$$\frac{d\hat{z}}{dx} = \boxed{\frac{d\hat{z}}{dg} \cdot \frac{dg}{dh} \cdot \frac{dh}{dx}}$$

